

EL7155

High Performance Pin Driver

FN7279 Rev 3.00 October 24, 2014

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The EL7155 high performance pin driver with 3-state is suited to many ATE and level-shifting applications. The 3.5A peak drive capability makes this part an excellent choice when driving high capacitance loads.

Output pins OUT $_{H}$ and OUT $_{L}$ are connected to input pins V_{H} and V_{L} respectively, depending on the status of the IN pin. One of the output pins is always in tri-state, except when the OE pin is low, in which case both outputs are in tri-state mode. The isolation of the output FETs from the power supplies enables V_{H} and V_{L} to be set independently, enabling level-shifting to be implemented.

This pin driver has improved performance over existing pin drivers. It is specifically designed to operate at voltages down to OV across the switch elements while maintaining good speed and ON-resistance characteristics.

Available in an 8 Ld SOIC package, the EL7155 is specified for operation over the full - 40° C to + 85° C temperature range.

Features

- · Clocking speeds up to 40MHz
- 15ns tr/tf at 2000pF C_{LOAD}
- · 0.5ns rise and fall times mismatch
- 0.5ns t_{ON}-t_{OFF} prop delay mismatch
- · 3.5pF typical input capacitance
- · 3.5A peak drive
- Low ON-resistance of 3.5Ω
- · High capacitive drive capability
- Operates from 4.5V up to 16.5V
- Pb-free (RoHS compliant)

Applications

- · ATE/burn-in testers
- · Level shifting
- · IGBT drivers
- CCD drivers

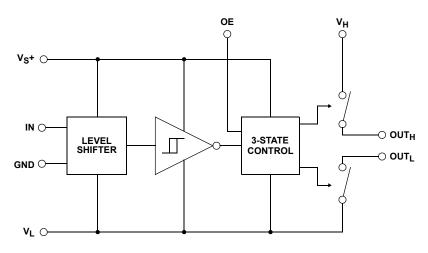
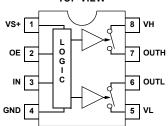


FIGURE 1. BLOCK DIAGRAM

Pin Configuration

EL7155 (8 LD SOIC) TOP VIEW



Pin Descriptions

PIN #	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT
1	VS+	Positive Supply Voltage	
2	OE	Output Enable	INPUT O VLO
3	IN	Input	Reference Circuit 1
4	GND	Ground	
5	VL	Negative Supply and Lower Output Voltage	
6	OUTL	Lower Switch Output	OUT _L Circuit 2
7	OUTH	Upper Switch Output	V _L OUT _H Circuit 3
8	VH	Upper Output Voltage	

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER (Notes 1, 2)	PART MARKING	PACKAGE (Pb-Free)	PKG. DWG. #
EL7155CSZ	7155CSZ	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15E
EL7155CSZ-T7 (Note 3)	7155CSZ	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15E
EL7155CSZ-T7A (Note 3)	7155CSZ	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15E
EL7155CSZ-T13 (Note 3)	7155CSZ	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15E

NOTE:

- 1. Intersil Pb-free plus anneal products employ special Pb-free material sets; molding compounds/die attach materials and 100% matte tin plate termination finish, which are RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.
- For Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL), please see product information page for <u>EL7155</u>. For more information on MSL, please see tech brief <u>TB363</u>.
- 3. Please refer to TB347 for details on reel specifications.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A = +25°C)

Thermal Information

Supply Voltage (V _S + to V _I)	+18V
V_{H} - V_{L} , V_{H} to GND, V_{S} + to V_{H}	16.5V
Input Voltage	0.3V below V _L to +0.3V above V _S
Continuous Output Current	200mA
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C

Ambient Operating Temperature	40°C to +85°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+125°C
Power Dissipation	see curves
Pb-Free Reflow Profile	see <u>TB493</u>

CAUTION: Do not operate at or near the maximum ratings listed for extended periods of time. Exposure to such conditions may adversely impact product reliability and result in failures not covered by warranty.

Electrical Specifications $V_S+=+15V$, $V_H=+15V$, $V_L=0V$, $T_A=+25^{\circ}C$, all tests are at the specified temperature and are pulsed tests, therefore: $T_J=T_C=T_A$, unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN (Note 4)	TYP (Note 5)	MAX (Note 4)	UNITS
INPUT				1	'	I
v_{IH}	Logic '1' Input Voltage		2.4			V
I _{IH}	Logic '1' Input Current	V _{IH} = V _S +		0.1	10	μΑ
V _{IL}	Logic '0' Input Voltage				0.8	V
I _{IL}	Logic '0' Input Current	V _{IL} = OV		0.1	10	μΑ
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance			3.5		pF
R _{IN}	Input Resistance			50		МΩ
OUTPUT						
R _{OVH}	ON-Resistance V _H to OUT _H	I _{OUT} = -200mA		2.7	4.5	Ω
R _{OVL}	ON-Resistance V _L to OUT _L	I _{OUT} = +200mA		3.5	5.5	Ω
l _{OUT}	Output Leakage Current	$OE = OV$, $OUT_H = V_L$, $OUT_L = V_S +$		0.1	10	μΑ
I _{PK}	Peak Output Current (linear resistive operation)	Source		3.5		Α
		Sink		3.5		Α
I _{DC}	Continuous Output Current	Source/Sink	200			mA
POWER SUP	PLY		•	1	1	11
Is	Power Supply Current	Inputs = V _S +		1.3	3	mA
l _{VH}	Off Leakage at V _H	V _H = OV		4	10	μΑ
SWITCHING	CHARACTERISTICS		•	1	1	11
t _R	Rise Time	C _L = 2000pF		14.5		ns
t _F	Fall Time	C _L = 2000pF		15		ns
$t_{RF\Delta}$	t _R , t _F Mismatch	C _L = 2000pF		0.5		ns
t _{D-1}	Turn-Off Delay Time	C _L = 2000pF		9.5		ns
t _{D-2}	Turn-On Delay Time	C _L = 2000pF		10		ns
t _D Δ	t _{D-1} - t _{D-2} Mismatch	C _L = 2000pF		0.5		ns
t _{D-3}	3-state Delay Enable			10		ns
t _{D-4}	3-state Delay Disable			10		ns



Electrical Specifications $V_S+=+5V$, $V_H=+5V$, $V_L=-5V$, $T_A=+25$ °C, all tests are at the specified temperature and are pulsed tests, therefore: $T_J=T_C=T_A$, unless otherwise specified.

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	CONDITION	MIN (Note 4)	TYP (Note 5)	MAX (Note 4)	UNIT
INPUT	1		•			
V _{IH}	Logic '1' Input Voltage		2.0			٧
l _{IH}	Logic '1' Input Current	V _{IH} = V _S +		0.1	10	μΑ
V _{IL}	Logic '0' Input Voltage				0.8	٧
I _{IL}	Logic '0' Input Current	V _{IL} = OV		0.1	10	μΑ
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance			3.5		pF
R _{IN}	Input Resistance			50		МΩ
OUTPUT						
R _{OVH}	ON-Resistance V _H to OUT _H	I _{OUT} = -200mA		3.4	5	Ω
R _{OVL}	ON-Resistance V _L to OUT _L	I _{OUT} = +200mA		4	6	Ω
l _{OUT}	Output Leakage Current	$OE = OV, OUT_H = V_L, OUT_L = V_S +$		0.1	10	μΑ
I _{РК}	Peak Output Current (linear resistive operation)	Source		3.5		Α
		Sink		3.5		Α
I _{DC}	Continuous Output Current	Source/Sink	200			mA
POWER SUPP	LY	,	-	II.		
I _S	Power Supply Current	Inputs = V _S +		1	2.5	mA
I _{VH}	Off Leakage at V _H	V _H = OV		4	10	μΑ
SWITCHING C	HARACTERISTICS	,				
t _R	Rise Time	C _L = 2000pF		17		ns
t _F	Fall Time	C _L = 2000pF		17		ns
$t_{RF\Delta}$	t _R , t _F Mismatch	C _L = 2000pF		0		ns
t _{D-1}	Turn-Off Delay Time	C _L = 2000pF		11.5		ns
t _{D-2}	Turn-On Delay Time	C _L = 2000pF		12		ns
$t_{D\Delta}$	t _{D-1} - t _{D-2} Mismatch	C _L = 2000pF		0.5		ns
t _{D-3}	3-state Delay Enable			11		ns
t _{D-4}	3-state Delay Disable			11		ns

NOTES:

- 4. Compliance to datasheet limits is assured by one or more methods: production test, characterization and/or design.
- 5. Typical values are for information purposes only.

Typical Performance Curves

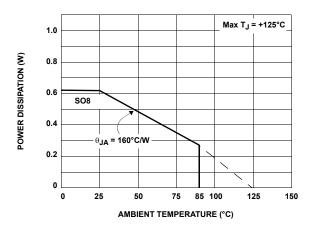


FIGURE 2. PACKAGE POWER DISSIPATION VS AMBIENT
TEMPERATURE JEDEC JESD51-3 LOW EFFECTIVE
THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY TEST BOARD

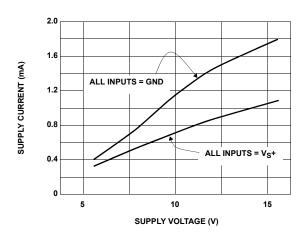


FIGURE 4. QUIESCENT SUPPLY CURRENT vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE, $T = +25 \degree C$

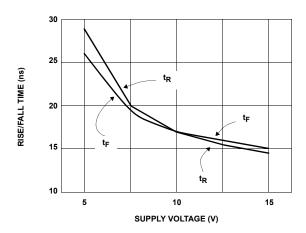


FIGURE 6. RISE/FALL TIME vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE $\label{eq:cl} \textbf{C}_L = 2000 pF, \, \textbf{T} = +25\,^{\circ} \textbf{C}$

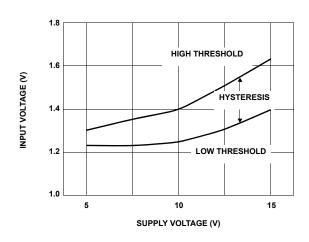


FIGURE 3. INPUT THRESHOLD vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE, T = 25°C

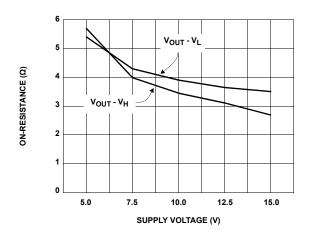


FIGURE 5. ON-RESISTANCE vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE, I_{OUT} = 200mA, T = +25 ° C, V_{S} + = V_{H} , V_{L} = 0V

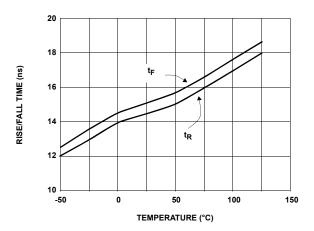


FIGURE 7. RISE/FALL TIME vs TEMPERATURE $C_L = 2000PF, V_S + = 15V$



Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

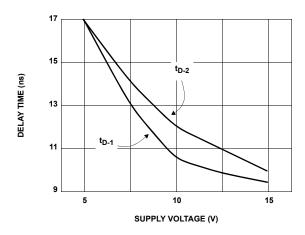


FIGURE 8. PROPAGATION DELAY vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE $\label{eq:cl} \textbf{C}_L = 2000 p \textbf{F}, \, \textbf{T} = +25\,^{\circ} \textbf{C}$

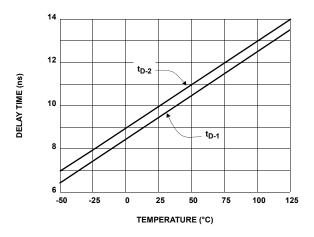


FIGURE 9. PROPAGATION DELAY vs TEMPERATURE $C_L = 2000 pF$, $V_S + = 15 V$

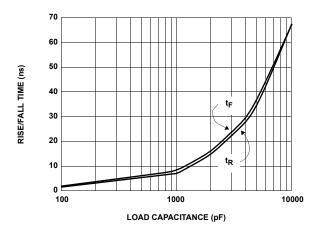


FIGURE 10. RISE/FALL TIME vs LOAD CAPACITANCE $V_S + = +15V, \, T = +25\,^{\circ}C$

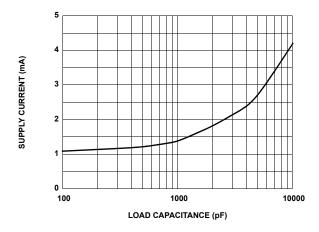


FIGURE 11. SUPPLY CURRENT vs LOAD CAPACITANCE, $V_S+=V_H=15 V, V_L=0 V, T=+25\,^{\circ}C, f=20 kHz$

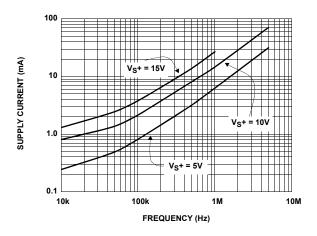


FIGURE 12. SUPPLY CURRENT vs FREQUENCY, $C_L = 1000 pF$, T = +25 °C

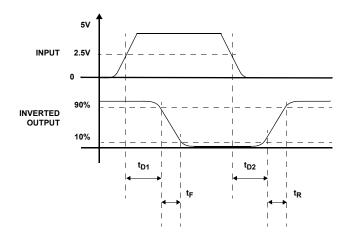
TABLE 1. TRUTH TABLE

OE	IN	V _H to OUT _H	OUT _L to V _L
0	0	Open	Open
0	1	Open	Open
1	0	Closed	Open
1	1	Open	Closed

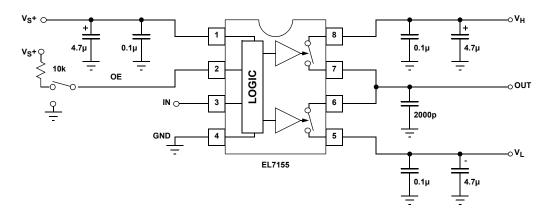
TABLE 2. OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE

PIN	MIN (V)	MAX (V)
V _L - GND	-5	0
V _S + - V _L	5	16.5
V _H - V _L	0	16.5
V _S + - V _H	0	16.5
V _S + - GND	5	16.5
3-State Output	V _L	V _H

TimingDiagrams



Standard Test Configuration



Applications Information

Product Description

The EL7155 is a high performance 40MHz pin driver. It contains two analog switches connecting V_H to OUT_H and V_L to OUT_L . Depending on the value of the IN pin, one of the two switches will be closed and the other switch open. An output enable (OE) is also supplied, which opens both switches simultaneously.

Due to the topology of the EL7155, $\rm V_L$ should always be connected to a voltage equal to or lower than GND. $\rm V_H$ can be connected to any voltage between $\rm V_L$ and the positive supply, $\rm V_S+$.

The EL7155 is available in the 8 Ld SOIC package. Application dependent power dissipation should be calculated to ensure that the maximum junction temperature isn't violated.

3-state Operation

When the OE pin is low, the output is 3-state (floating.) The disabled output voltage is the parasitic capacitance's voltage. It can be any voltage between V_H and V_L , depending on the previous state. At 3-state, the output voltage can be driven to any voltage between V_H and V_L . The output voltage can't be driven higher than V_H or lower than V_L since the body diode at the output stage will turn on.

Supply Voltage Range and Input Compatibility

The EL7155 is designed for operation on supplies from 5V to 15V (4.5V to 16.5V maximum). Table 2 on page 7 shows the specifications for the relationship between the V_S +, V_H , V_L , and GND pins.

All input pins are compatible with both 3V and 5V CMOS signals. With a positive supply (V_S+) of 5V, the EL7155 is also compatible with TTL inputs.

Power Supply Bypassing

When using the EL7155, it is very important to use adequate power supply bypassing. The high switching currents developed by the EL7155 necessitate the use of a bypass capacitor between the V_S+ and GND pins. It is recommended that a 2.2µF tantalum capacitor be used in parallel with a 0.1µF low-inductance ceramic MLC capacitor. These should be placed as close to the supply pins as possible. It is also recommended that the V_H and V_L pins have some level of bypassing, especially if the EL7155 is driving highly capacitive loads.

Power Dissipation Calculation

When switching at high speeds, or driving heavy loads, the EL7155 drive capability is limited by the rise in die temperature brought about by internal power dissipation. For reliable operation die temperature must be kept below T_{JMAX} (+125°C). It is necessary to calculate the power dissipation for a given application prior to selecting the package type.

Power dissipation may be calculated:

$$PD = (V_{S} \times I_{S}) + (C_{INT} \times V_{S}^{2} \times f) + (C_{L} \times V_{OUT}^{2} \times f)$$
 (EQ. 1)

where:

V_S is the total power supply to the EL7155 (from V_S+ to GND)

 V_{OUT} is the swing on the output (V_H - V_L)

C_L is the load capacitance

CINT is the internal load capacitance (100pF max)

Is is the quiescent supply current (3mA max)

f is frequency

Having obtained the application's power dissipation, a maximum package thermal coefficient may be determined, to maintain the internal die temperature below T_{JMAX} :

$$\theta_{JA} = \frac{(T_{JMAX} - T_{MAX})}{PD}$$
 (EQ. 2)

where:

T_{JMAX} is the maximum junction temperature (+125°C)

T_{MAX} is the maximum operating temperature

PD is the power dissipation calculated above

 θ_{IA} thermal resistance on junction to ambient

 θ_{JA} is 160°C/W for the SO8 package when using a standard JEDEC JESD51-3 single-layer test board. If T_{JMAX} is greater than +125°C when calculated using the Equation 2, then one of the following actions must be taken:

- 1. Reduce θ_{JA} the system by designing more heatsinking into the PCB (as compared to the standard JEDEC JESD51-3).
- Derate the application either by reducing the switching frequency, the capacitive load, or the maximum operating (ambient) temperature (T_{MAX}).



Revision History

The revision history provided is for informational purposes only and is believed to be accurate, but not warranted. Please go to the web to make sure that you have the latest revision.

DATE	REVISION	CHANGE
October 24, 2014	FN7279.3	Updated datasheet to new Intersil template. Updated the Ordering Information table on page 2 by removing the obsolete products and adding the -T7A part. Added revision history and about Intersil.

About Intersil

Intersil Corporation is a leading provider of innovative power management and precision analog solutions. The company's products address some of the largest markets within the industrial and infrastructure, mobile computing and high-end consumer markets.

For the most updated datasheet, application notes, related documentation and related parts, please see the respective product information page found at www.intersil.com.

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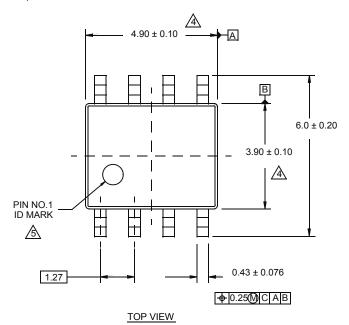
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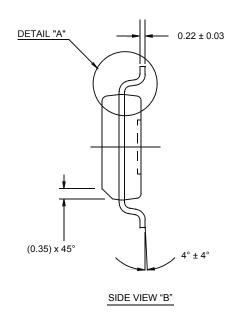


Package Outline Drawing

M8.15E

8 LEAD NARROW BODY SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE Rev 0, 08/09

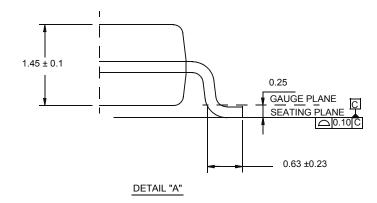


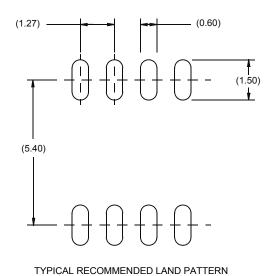


1.75 MAX

0.175 ± 0.075

SIDE VIEW "A





NOTES:

- Dimensions are in millimeters.
 Dimensions in () for Reference Only.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to AMSE Y14.5m-1994.
- 3. Unless otherwise specified, tolerance : Decimal ± 0.05
- Dimension does not include interlead flash or protrusions.
 Interlead flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm per side.
- 5. The pin #1 identifier may be either a mold or mark feature.
- 6. Reference to JEDEC MS-012.