



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR

AO4710

N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

SRFET™



General Description

SRFET™ The AO4710/L uses advanced trench technology with a monolithically integrated Schottky diode to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$, and low gate charge. This device is suitable for use as a low side FET in SMPS, load switching and general purpose applications. AO4710 and AO4710L are electrically identical.

-RoHS Compliant

-AO4710L is Halogen Free

Features

V_{DS} (V) = 30V

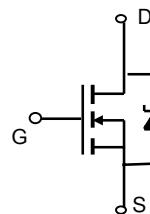
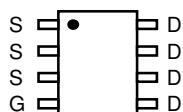
I_D = 12.7A (V_{GS} = 10V)

$R_{DS(ON)} < 11.8\text{m}\Omega$ (V_{GS} = 10V)

$R_{DS(ON)} < 14.2\text{m}\Omega$ (V_{GS} = 4.5V)

UIS TESTED!

$R_g, C_{iss}, C_{oss}, C_{rss}$ Tested



SRFET™
Soft Recovery MOSFET:
Integrated Schottky Diode

Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 12	V
Continuous Drain Current ^{AF}	I_{DSM}	12.7	A
$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$		10	
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$			
Pulsed Drain Current ^B	I_{DM}	60	A
Avalanche Current ^C	I_{AR}	22	A
Repetitive avalanche energy $L=0.3\text{mH}$ ^C	E_{AR}	73	mJ
$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{DSM}	3.1	
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		2.0	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	°C

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	32	40	°C/W
Steady-State		60	75	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead ^C	$R_{\theta JL}$	17	24	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=1\text{mA}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=30\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		0.02	0.1	mA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS} = \pm 12\text{V}$			0.1	μA
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.5	1.9	2.3	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	60			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=12.7\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		9.8	11.8	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=11\text{A}$		15.2	19.0	$\text{m}\Omega$
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=12.7\text{A}$		78		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.38	0.5	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode + Schottky Continuous Current				5	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		1980	2376	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			317		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			111		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		1.3	2.0	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=12.7\text{A}$		33	43	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			15.0	20	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			5.3		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			6.0		nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, R_L=1.2\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		5.5		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			5.5		ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			27.0		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			4.3		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=12.7\text{A}, dI/dt=300\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		11.2	13	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=12.7\text{A}, dI/dt=300\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		7		nC

A: The value of $R_{\theta JA}$ is measured with the device mounted on 1 in ² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$.

C. The $R_{\theta JA}$ is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead $R_{\theta JL}$ and lead to ambient.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

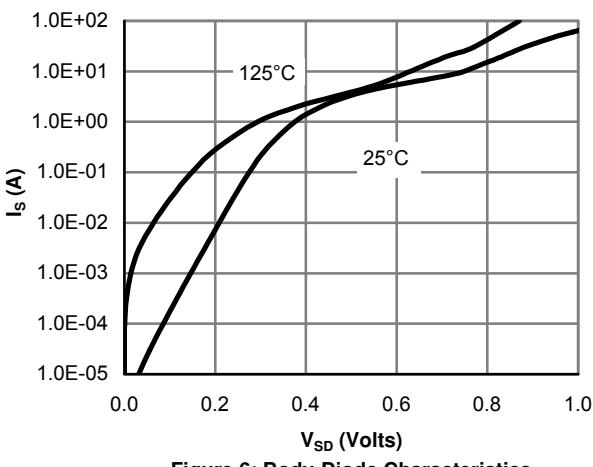
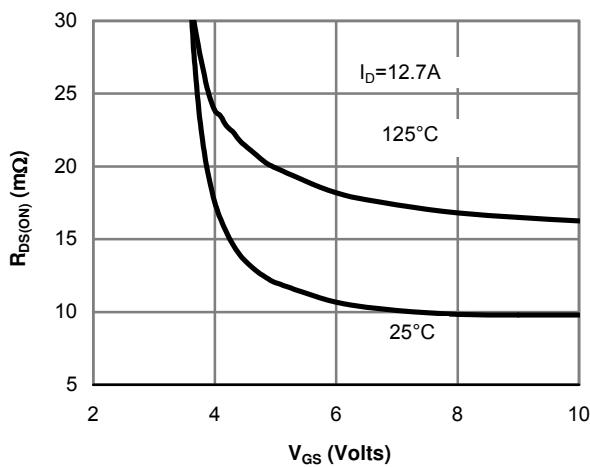
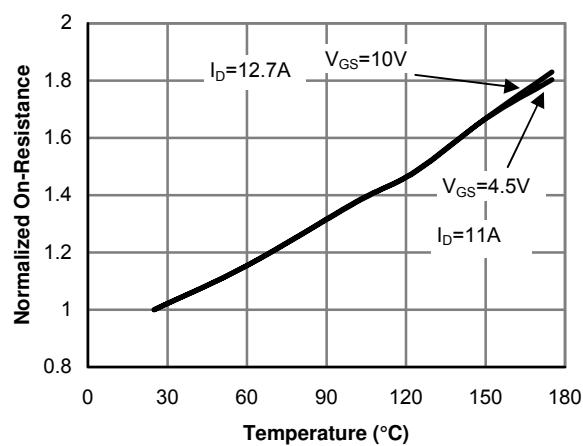
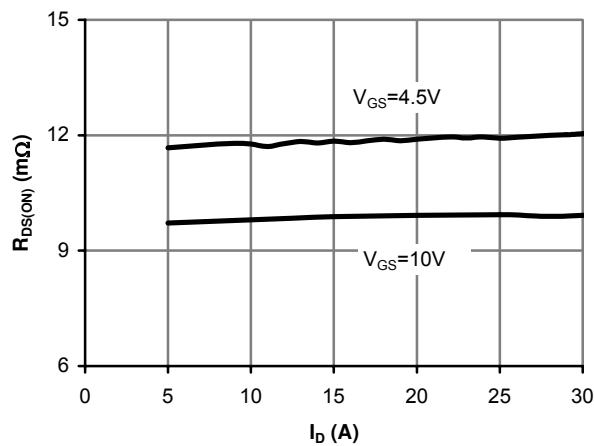
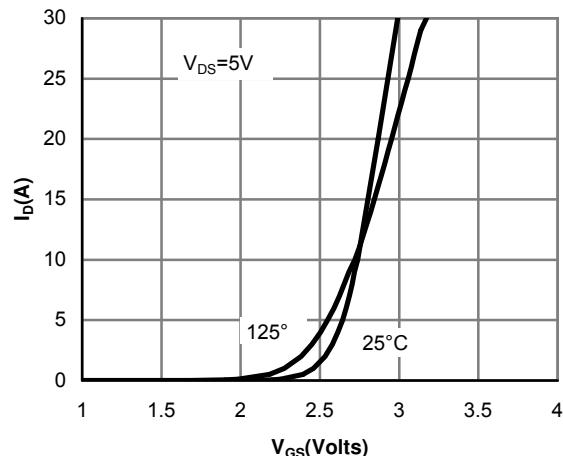
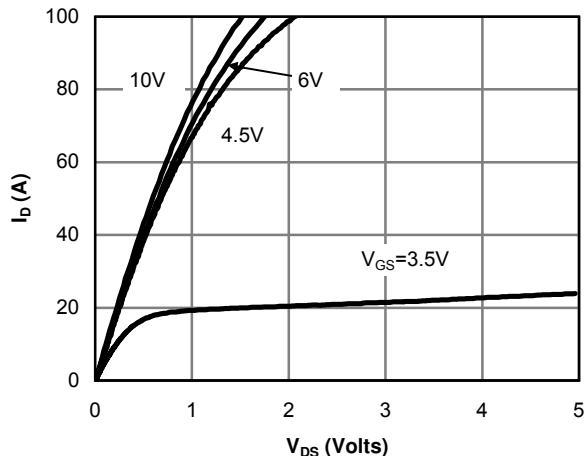
E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in ² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

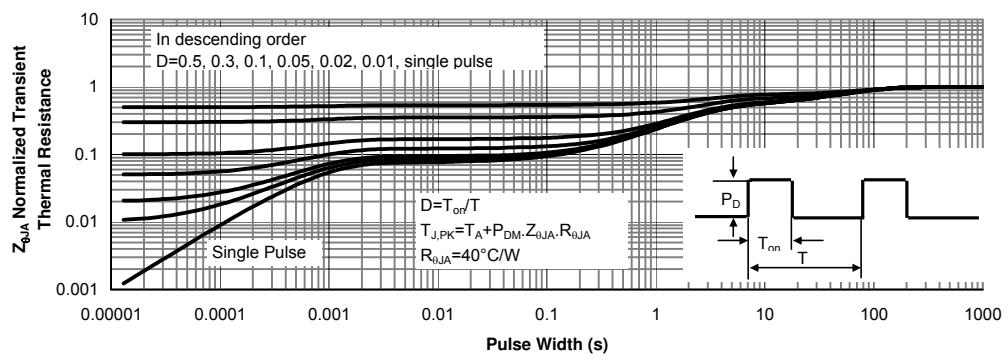
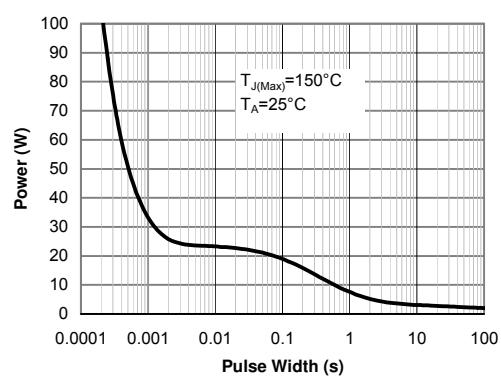
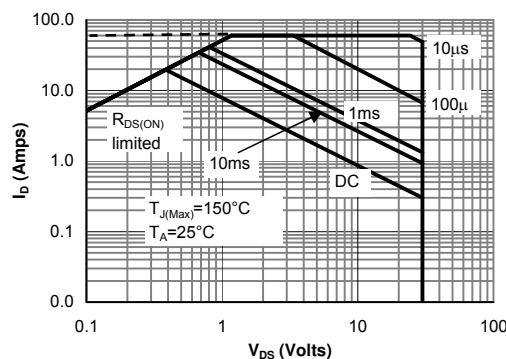
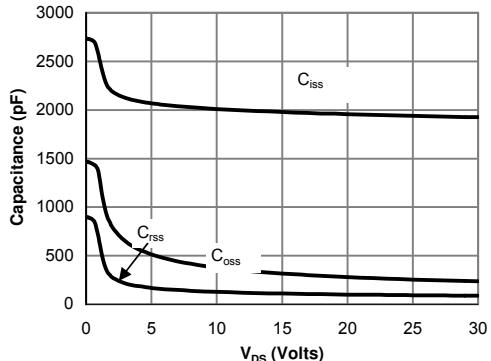
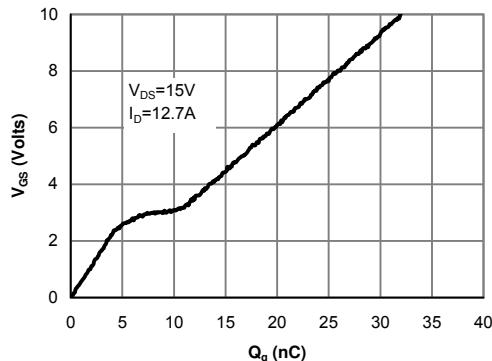
F. The current rating is based on the $t \leq 10\text{s}$ thermal resistance rating.

Rev3: July 2008

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



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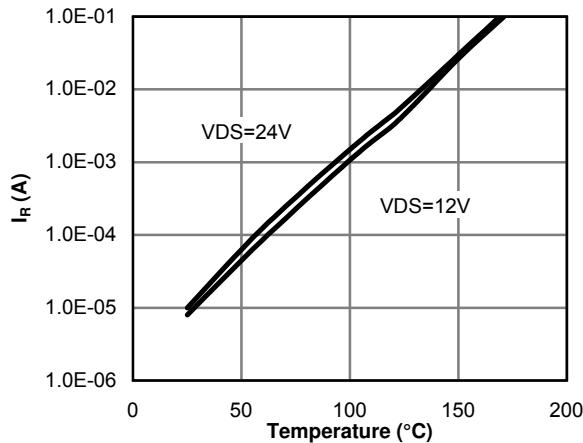


Figure 12: Diode Reverse Leakage Current vs. Junction Temperature

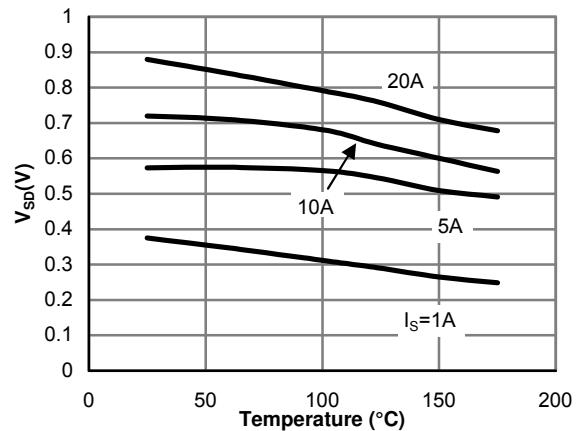


Figure 13: Diode Forward voltage vs. Junction Temperature

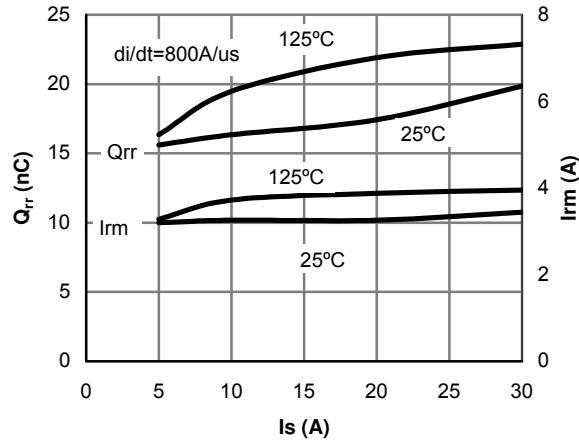


Figure 14: Diode Reverse Recovery Charge and Peak Current vs. Conduction Current

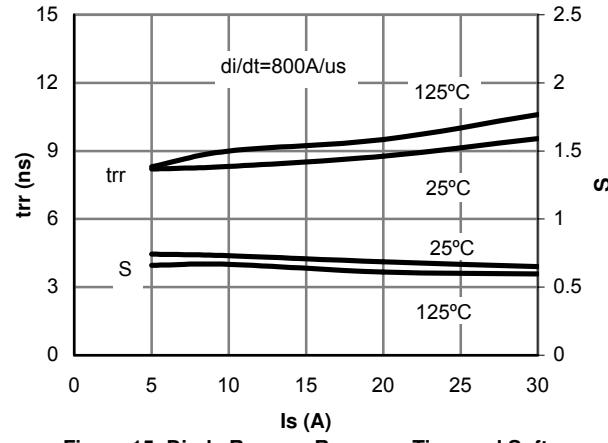


Figure 15: Diode Reverse Recovery Time and Soft Coefficient vs. Conduction Current

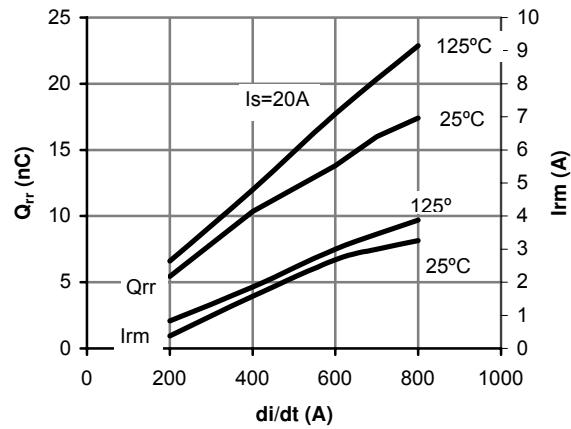


Figure 16: Diode Reverse Recovery Charge and Peak Current vs. di/dt

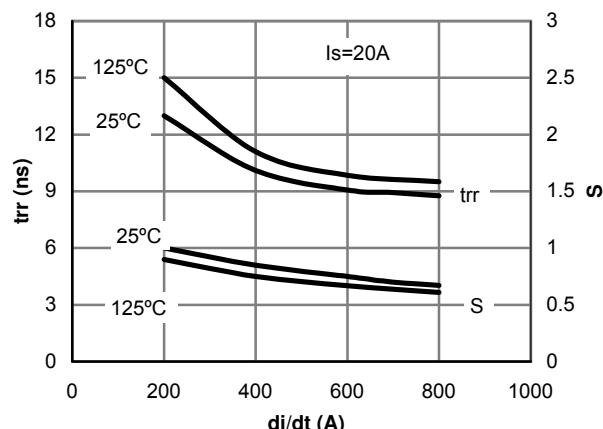
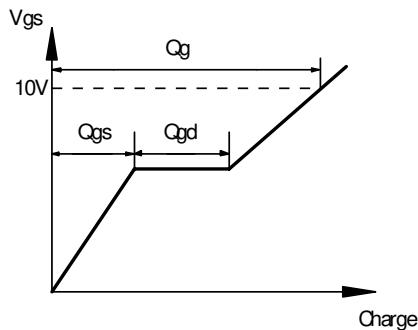
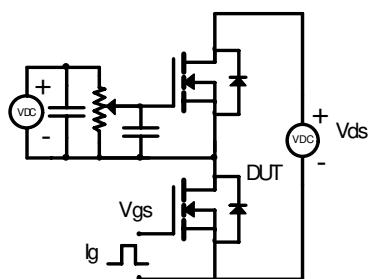
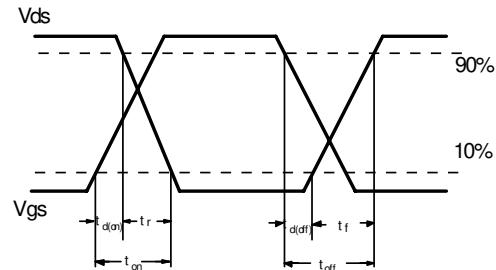
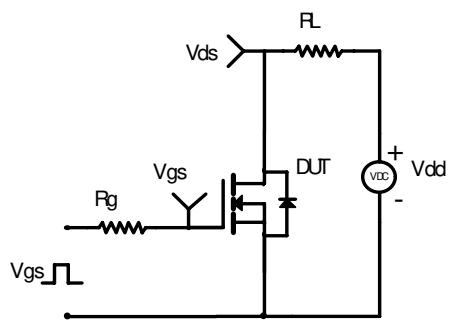


Figure 17: Diode Reverse Recovery Time and Soft Coefficient vs. di/dt

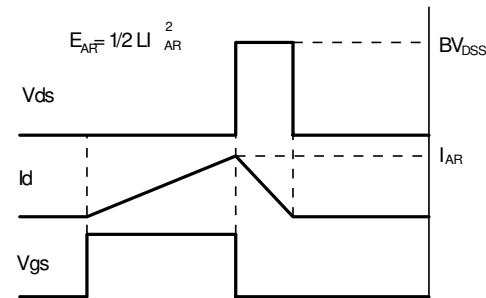
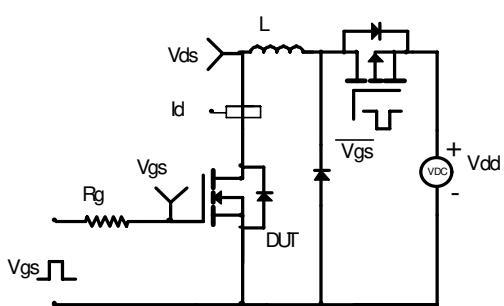
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

