

# 74LV4020

## 14-stage binary ripple counter

Rev. 01 — 29 November 2005

Product data sheet

### 1. General description

---

The 74LV4020 is a low-voltage Si-gate CMOS device and is pin and function compatible with the 74HC4020 and 74HCT4020.

The 74LV4020 is a 14-stage binary ripple counter with a clock input ( $\overline{CP}$ ), an overriding asynchronous master reset input (MR) and 12 fully buffered parallel outputs (Q0, and Q3 to Q13).

The counter advances on the HIGH-to-LOW transition of  $\overline{CP}$ . A HIGH on MR clears all counter stages and forces all outputs LOW, independent of the state of  $\overline{CP}$ .

Each counter stage is a static toggle flip-flop.

### 2. Features

---

- Optimized for low-voltage applications: 1.0 V to 5.5 V
- Accepts TTL input levels between  $V_{CC} = 2.7$  V and  $V_{CC} = 3.6$  V
- Typical LOW-level output voltage (peak) or output ground bounce:  $V_{OL(p)} < 0.8$  V at  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C
- Typical HIGH-level output voltage (valley) or output  $V_{OH}$  undershoot:  $V_{OH(v)} > 2$  V at  $V_{CC} = 3.3$  V and  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C
- ESD protection:
  - ◆ HBM EIA/JESD22-A114-C exceeds 2000 V
  - ◆ MM EIA/JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V.
- Multiple package options
- Specified from  $-40$  °C to  $+80$  °C and from  $-40$  °C to  $+125$  °C.

### 3. Applications

---

- Frequency dividing circuits
- Time delay circuits
- Control counters

**PHILIPS**

## 4. Quick reference data

**Table 1: Quick reference data**

$GND = 0\text{ V}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$ ;  $t_r = t_f = 2.5\text{ ns}$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{PHL}$	propagation delay	$C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ ; $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$				
$t_{PLH}$	$\overline{CP}$ to Q0		-	12	-	ns
	Qn to Q(n+1)		-	7	-	ns
$t_{PHL}$	propagation delay	$C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ ; $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$				
	MR to Qn		-	16	-	ns
$f_{max}$	maximum input clock frequency	$C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ ; $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$	-	100	-	MHz
$C_i$	input capacitance		-	3.5	-	pF
$C_{PD}$	power dissipation capacitance	per gate; $V_I = GND$ to $V_{CC}$	[1]	20	-	pF

[1]  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_D$  in  $\mu\text{W}$ ).

$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \sum(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  where:

$f_i$  = input frequency in MHz;

$f_o$  = output frequency in MHz;

$C_L$  = output load capacitance in pF;

$V_{CC}$  = supply voltage in V;

$N$  = number of inputs switching;

$\sum(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  = sum of outputs.

## 5. Ordering information

**Table 2: Ordering information**

Type number	Package			
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74LV4020N	-40 °C to +125 °C	DIP16	plastic dual in-line package; 16 leads (300 mil)	SOT38-4
74LV4020D	-40 °C to +125 °C	SO16	plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm	SOT109-1
74LV4020DB	-40 °C to +125 °C	SSOP16	plastic shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 5.3 mm	SOT338-1
74LV4020PW	-40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP16	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm	SOT403-1

6. Functional diagram

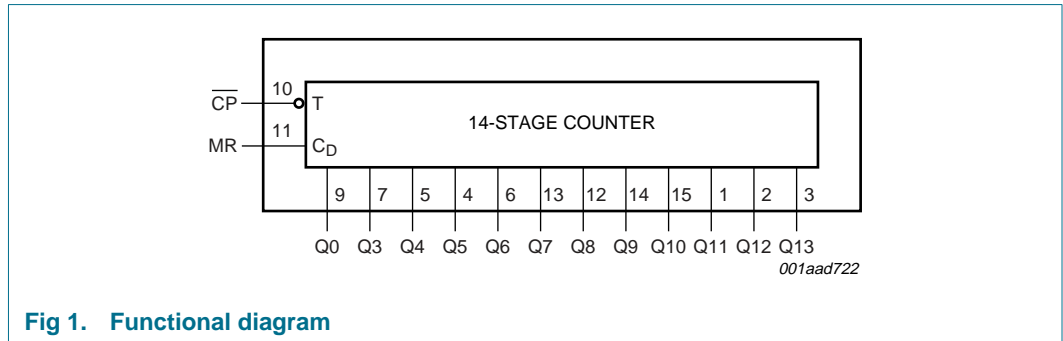


Fig 1. Functional diagram

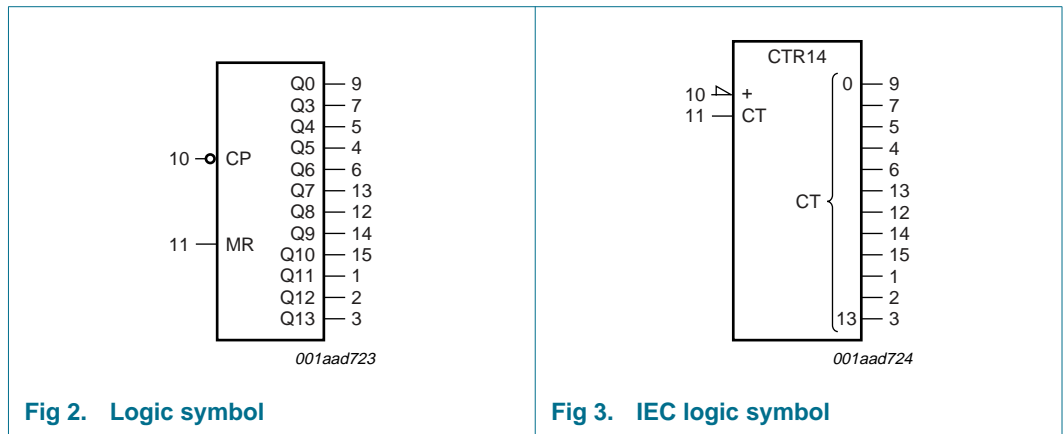


Fig 2. Logic symbol

Fig 3. IEC logic symbol

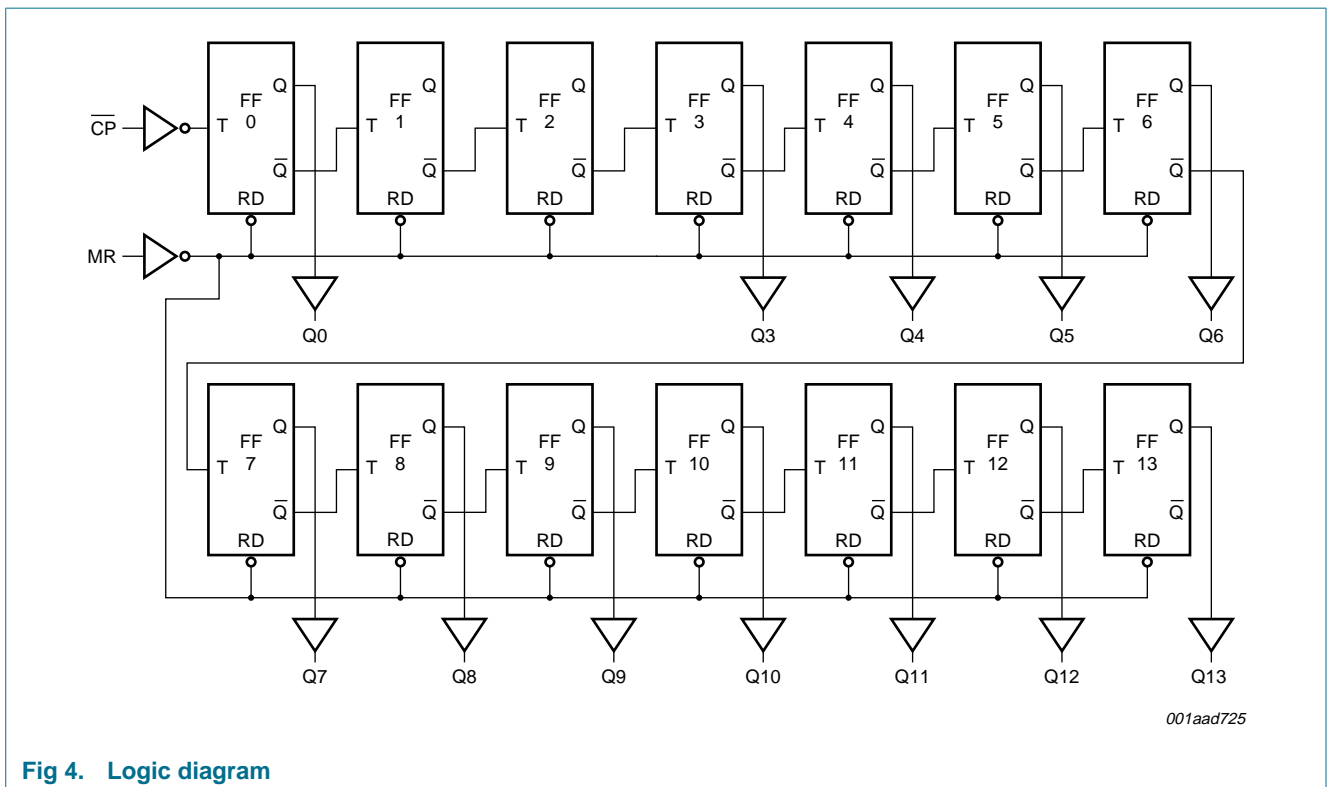
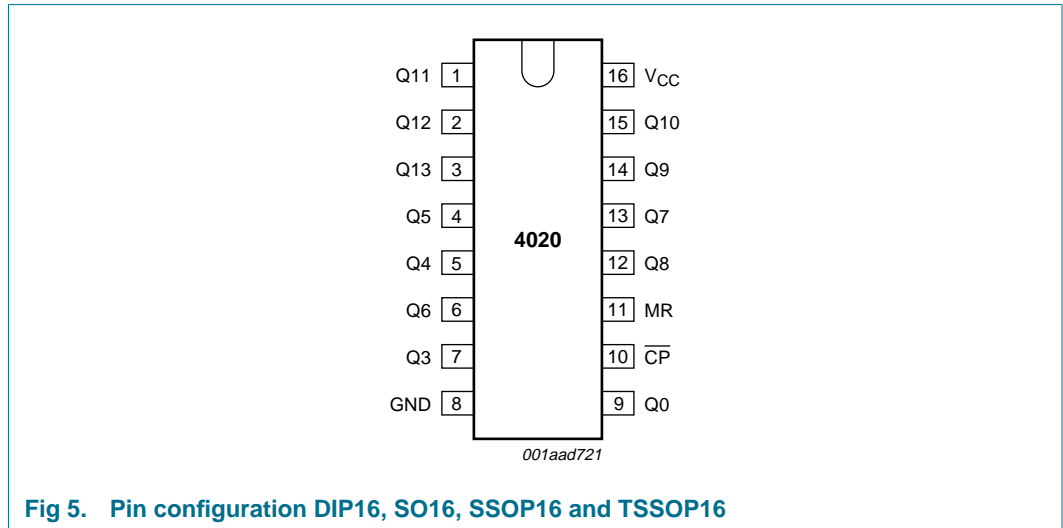


Fig 4. Logic diagram

## 7. Pinning information

### 7.1 Pinning



### 7.2 Pin description

Table 3: Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
Q11	1	parallel output 11
Q12	2	parallel output 12
Q13	3	parallel output 13
Q5	4	parallel output 5
Q4	5	parallel output 4
Q6	6	parallel output 6
Q3	7	parallel output 3
GND	8	ground (0 V)
Q0	9	parallel output 0
$\overline{CP}$	10	clock input (HIGH-to-LOW, edge-triggered)
MR	11	master reset input (active HIGH)
Q8	12	parallel output 8
Q7	13	parallel output 7
Q9	14	parallel output 9
Q10	15	parallel output 10
V <sub>CC</sub>	16	supply voltage

## 8. Functional description

### 8.1 Function table

Table 4: Function table [1]

Input		Output
CP	MR	Q0, Q3 to Q13
↑	L	no change
↓	L	count
X	H	L

- [1] H = HIGH voltage level;  
 L = LOW voltage level;  
 X = don't care;  
 ↑ = LOW-to-HIGH clock transition;  
 ↓ = HIGH-to-LOW clock transition.

#### 8.1.1 Timing diagram

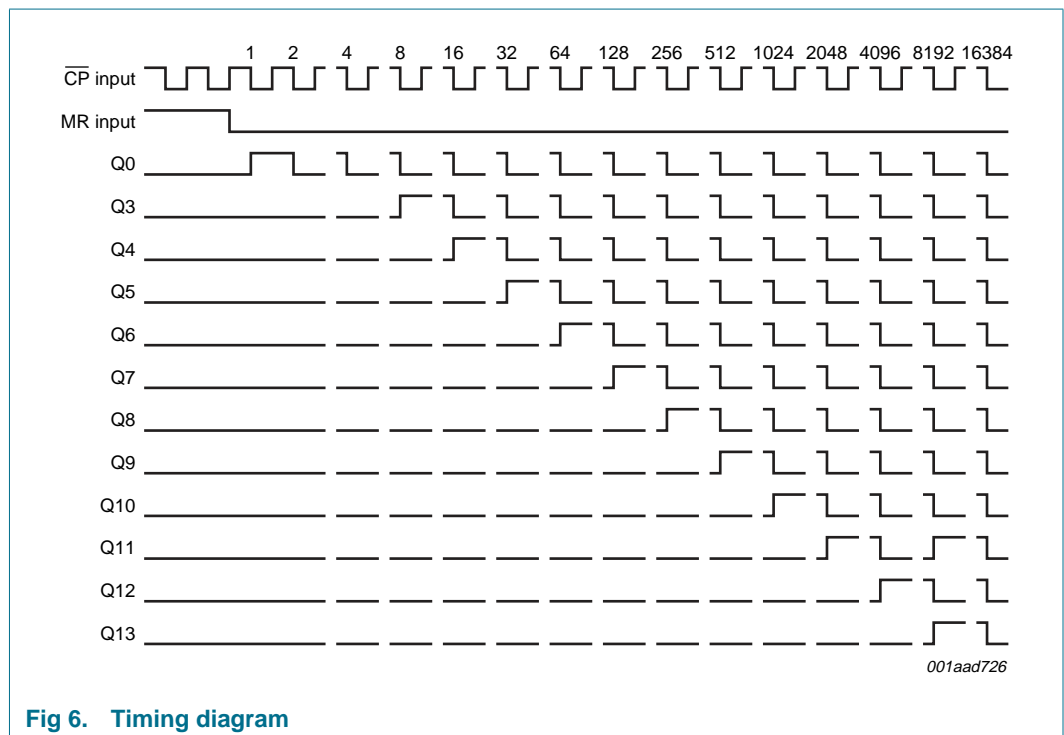


Fig 6. Timing diagram

## 9. Limiting values

**Table 5: Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	supply voltage		-0.5	+7	V
$I_{IK}$	input clamping current	$V_I < -0.5\text{ V}$ or $V_I > V_{CC} + 0.5\text{ V}$	-	$\pm 20$	mA
$I_{OK}$	output clamping current	$V_O < -0.5\text{ V}$ or $V_O > V_{CC} + 0.5\text{ V}$	-	$\pm 50$	mA
$I_O$	output current	$V_O = -0.5\text{ V}$ to $V_{CC} + 0.5\text{ V}$	-	$\pm 25$	mA
$I_{CC}$	quiescent supply current		-	50	mA
$I_{GND}$	ground current		-	-50	mA
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C}$ to $+125\text{ °C}$			
	DIP16 package		[1] -	750	mW
	SO16 package		[2] -	500	mW
	SSOP16 and TSSOP16 packages		[3] -	400	mW

[1] Above  $T_{amb} = 70\text{ °C}$ :  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 12 mW/K.

[2] Above  $T_{amb} = 70\text{ °C}$ :  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 8 mW/K.

[3] Above  $T_{amb} = 60\text{ °C}$ :  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 5.5 mW/K.

## 10. Recommended operating conditions

**Table 6: Recommended operating conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	supply voltage		[1] 1.0	3.3	5.5	V
$V_I$	input voltage		0	-	$V_{CC}$	V
$V_O$	output voltage		0	-	$V_{CC}$	V
$T_{amb}$	ambient temperature		-40	-	+125	°C
$\Delta t/\Delta V$	input transition rise and fall rate	$V_{CC} = 1.0\text{ V}$ to $2.0\text{ V}$	-	-	500	ns/V
		$V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$ to $2.7\text{ V}$	-	-	200	ns/V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ to $3.6\text{ V}$	-	-	100	ns/V
		$V_{CC} = 3.6\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$	-	-	50	ns/V

[1] The static characteristics are guaranteed from  $V_{CC} = 1.2\text{ V}$  to  $V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$ , but LV devices are guaranteed to function down to  $V_{CC} = 1.0\text{ V}$  (with input levels GND or  $V_{CC}$ ).

## 11. Static characteristics

**Table 7: Static characteristics**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b><math>T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C to }+85\text{ °C}</math> [1]</b>						
$V_{IH}$	HIGH-state input voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.2\text{ V}$	0.9	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$	1.4	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$	2.0	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$	$0.7 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
$V_{IL}$	LOW-state input voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.2\text{ V}$	-	-	0.3	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$	-	-	0.6	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$	-	-	0.8	V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$	-	-	$0.3 \times V_{CC}$	V
$V_{OH}$	HIGH-state output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}\text{ or }V_{IL}$				
		$I_O = -100\text{ }\mu\text{A}; V_{CC} = 1.2\text{ V}$	-	1.2	-	V
		$I_O = -100\text{ }\mu\text{A}; V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$	1.8	2.0	-	V
		$I_O = -100\text{ }\mu\text{A}; V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$	2.5	2.7	-	V
		$I_O = -100\text{ }\mu\text{A}; V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$	2.8	3.0	-	V
		$I_O = -100\text{ }\mu\text{A}; V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	4.3	4.5	-	V
		$I_O = -6\text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$	2.40	2.82	-	V
		$I_O = -12\text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	3.60	4.20	-	V
$V_{OL}$	LOW-state output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}\text{ or }V_{IL}$				
		$I_O = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}; V_{CC} = 1.2\text{ V}$	-	0	-	V
		$I_O = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}; V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$	-	0	0.2	V
		$I_O = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}; V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$	-	0	0.2	V
		$I_O = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}; V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$	-	0	0.2	V
		$I_O = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}; V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	-	0	0.2	V
		$I_O = 6\text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$	-	0.25	0.40	V
		$I_O = 12\text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	-	0.35	0.55	V
$I_{LI}$	input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}\text{ or GND}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$	-	-	1.0	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{CC}$	quiescent supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}\text{ or GND}; I_O = 0\text{ A}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$	-	-	20.0	$\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta I_{CC}$	additional quiescent supply current	per input; $V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6\text{ V}; V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$	-	-	500	$\mu\text{A}$
$C_i$	input capacitance		-	3.5	-	pF
<b><math>T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C to }+125\text{ °C}</math></b>						
$V_{IH}$	HIGH-state input voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.2\text{ V}$	0.9	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$	1.4	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$	2.0	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$	$0.7 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V

**Table 7: Static characteristics ...continued**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-state input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V	-	-	0.3	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	-	-	0.6	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.8	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	-	0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-state output voltage	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>				
		I <sub>O</sub> = -100 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V	-	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -100 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	1.8	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -100 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	2.5	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -100 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.8	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -100 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	4.3	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -6 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.20	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -12 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	3.50	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-state output voltage	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>				
		I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V	-	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	-	-	0.2	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	-	-	0.2	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.2	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	-	-	0.2	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 6 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.50	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 12 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	-	-	0.65	V
I <sub>LI</sub>	input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	-	-	1.0	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	quiescent supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	-	-	160	μA
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional quiescent supply current	per input; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	-	-	850	μA

[1] All typical values are measured at T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C.



## 12. Dynamic characteristics

**Table 8: Dynamic characteristics**

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V);  $C_L = 50$  pF; for test circuit see [Figure 9](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b><math>T_{amb} = -40</math> °C to <math>+85</math> °C <a href="#">[1]</a></b>						
$t_{PHL}$ , $t_{PLH}$	propagation delay CP to Q0	see <a href="#">Figure 7</a>				
		$V_{CC} = 1.2$ V	-	60	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	-	27	43	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	-	19	31	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	-	16	26	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V to 5.5 V	-	11	17	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.3$ V; $C_L = 15$ pF	-	12	-	ns
	Qn to Q(n+1)	see <a href="#">Figure 7</a>				
		$V_{CC} = 1.2$ V	-	40	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	-	18	29	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	-	13	21	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	-	11	18	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V to 5.5 V	-	7	12	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.3$ V; $C_L = 15$ pF	-	7	-	ns
$t_{PHL}$	propagation delay MR to Qn	see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>				
		$V_{CC} = 1.2$ V	-	55	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	-	27	44	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	-	19	31	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	-	16	26	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V to 5.5 V	-	11	17	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.3$ V; $C_L = 15$ pF	-	16	-	ns
$t_w$	pulse width CP (HIGH and LOW)	see <a href="#">Figure 7</a>				
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	35	7	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	25	5	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	20	4	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V to 5.5 V	15	3	-	ns
	MR (HIGH)	see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>				
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	35	11	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	25	9	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	20	8	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V to 5.5 V	15	7	-	ns

**Table 8: Dynamic characteristics ...continued**

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V);  $C_L = 50$  pF; for test circuit see [Figure 9](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
$t_{rec}$	recovery time MR to $\overline{CP}$	see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>					
		$V_{CC} = 1.2$ V	-	10	-	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	22	5	-	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	16	4	-	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	13	3	-	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V to 5.5 V	10	2	-	ns	
$f_{max}$	maximum input clock frequency	see <a href="#">Figure 7</a>					
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	14	60	-	MHz	
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	19	76	-	MHz	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	24	94	-	MHz	
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V to 5.5 V	36	112	-	MHz	
		$V_{CC} = 3.3$ V; $C_L = 15$ pF	-	100	-	MHz	
$C_{PD}$	power dissipation capacitance	per gate; $V_I = GND$ to $V_{CC}$	<a href="#">2</a> -	20	-	pF	
<b><math>T_{amb} = -40</math> °C to <math>+125</math> °C</b>							
$t_{PHL}$ , $t_{PLH}$	propagation delay $\overline{CP}$ to Q0	see <a href="#">Figure 7</a>					
		$V_{CC} = 1.2$ V	-	-	-	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	-	-	54	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	-	-	38	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	32	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V to 5.5 V	-	-	22	ns	
	Qn to Q(n+1)	see <a href="#">Figure 7</a>					
		$V_{CC} = 1.2$ V	-	-	-	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	-	-	37	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	-	-	26	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	22	ns	
$t_{PHL}$	propagation delay MR to Qn	see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>					
		$V_{CC} = 1.2$ V	-	-	-	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	-	-	55	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	-	-	39	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	32	ns	
$t_{PHL}$	propagation delay MR to Qn	see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>					
		$V_{CC} = 1.2$ V	-	-	-	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	-	-	55	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	-	-	39	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	32	ns	
$t_{PHL}$	propagation delay MR to Qn	see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>					
		$V_{CC} = 1.2$ V	-	-	-	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	-	-	55	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	-	-	39	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	32	ns	
$t_{PHL}$	propagation delay MR to Qn	see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>					
		$V_{CC} = 1.2$ V	-	-	-	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	-	-	55	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	-	-	39	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	32	ns	
$t_{PHL}$	propagation delay MR to Qn	see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>					
		$V_{CC} = 1.2$ V	-	-	-	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	-	-	55	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	-	-	39	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	32	ns	
$t_{PHL}$	propagation delay MR to Qn	see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>					
		$V_{CC} = 1.2$ V	-	-	-	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	-	-	55	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	-	-	39	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	32	ns	
$t_{PHL}$	propagation delay MR to Qn	see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>					
		$V_{CC} = 1.2$ V	-	-	-	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	-	-	55	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	-	-	39	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	32	ns	
$t_{PHL}$	propagation delay MR to Qn	see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>					
		$V_{CC} = 1.2$ V	-	-	-	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	-	-	55	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	-	-	39	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	32	ns	

**Table 8: Dynamic characteristics ...continued**

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V);  $C_L = 50$  pF; for test circuit see [Figure 9](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
$t_W$	pulse width						
		$\overline{CP}$ (HIGH and LOW)	see <a href="#">Figure 7</a>				
			$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	41	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	30	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	24	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V to 5.5 V	18	-	-	ns
		MR (HIGH)	see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>				
			$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	41	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	30	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	24	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V to 5.5 V	18	-	-	ns	
$t_{rec}$	recovery time						
		MR to $\overline{CP}$	see <a href="#">Figure 8</a>				
			$V_{CC} = 1.2$ V	-	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	26	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	19	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	15	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V to 5.5 V	12	-	-	ns	
$f_{max}$	maximum input clock frequency	see <a href="#">Figure 7</a>					
			$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	12	-	-	MHz
			$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	16	-	-	MHz
			$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	20	-	-	MHz
			$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V to 5.5 V	30	-	-	MHz

[1] Typical values are measured at nominal  $V_{CC}$  and  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C.

[2]  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_D$  in  $\mu$ W).

$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  where:

$f_i$  = input frequency in MHz;

$f_o$  = output frequency in MHz;

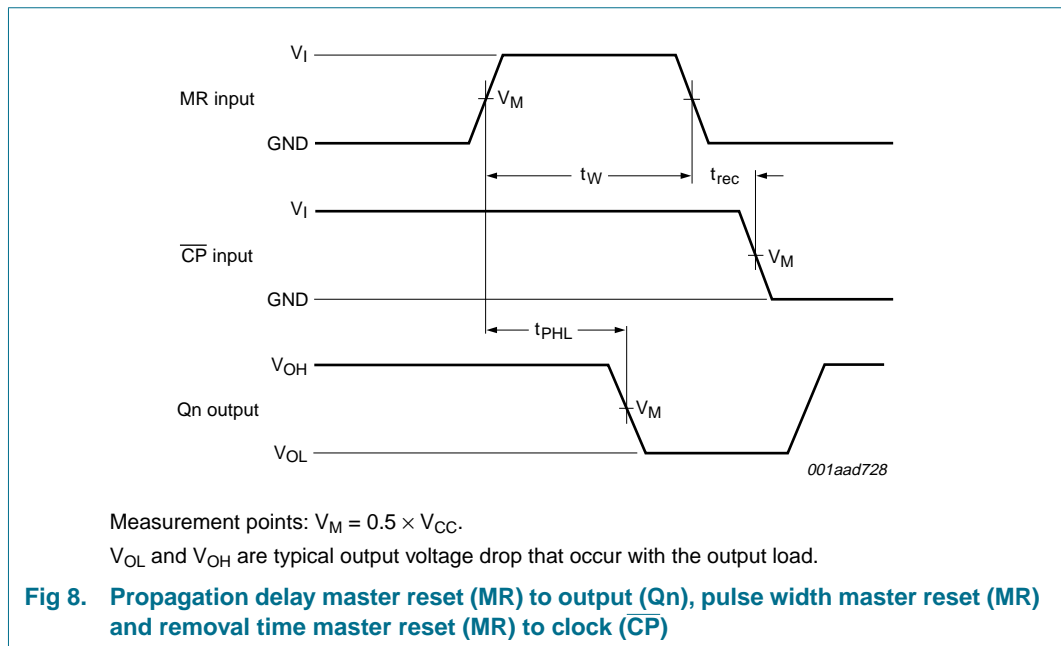
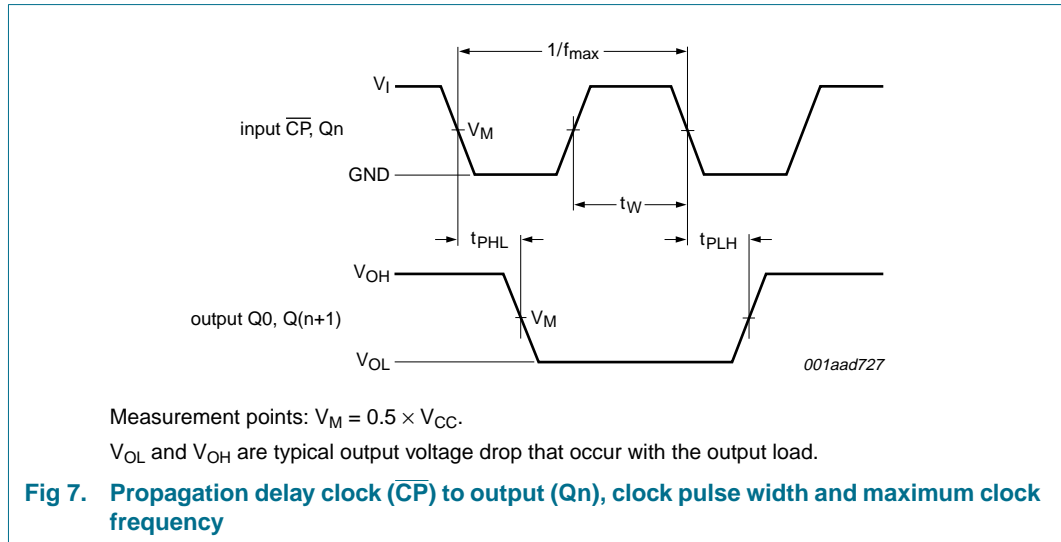
$C_L$  = output load capacitance in pF;

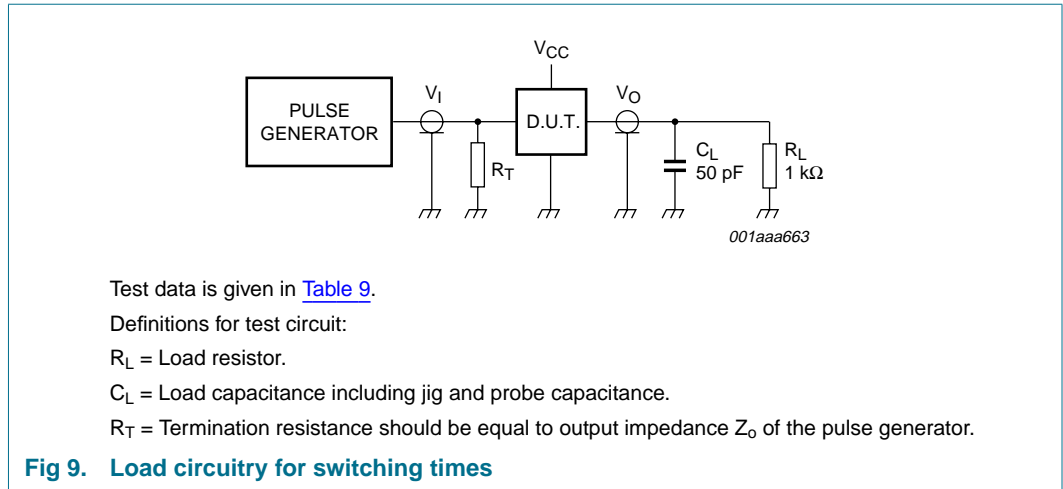
$V_{CC}$  = supply voltage in V;

$N$  = number of inputs switching;

$\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  = sum of the outputs.

13. Waveforms





**Table 9: Test data**

Supply voltage	Input		Load		Test
$V_{CC}$	$V_I$	$t_r, t_f$	$C_L$	$R_L$	
1.2 V	$V_{CC}$	$\leq 2.5$ ns	50 pF	1 kΩ	$t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}$
2.0 V	$V_{CC}$	$\leq 2.5$ ns	50 pF	1 kΩ	$t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}$
2.7 V	2.7 V	$\leq 2.5$ ns	50 pF	1 kΩ	$t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}$
3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.7 V	$\leq 2.5$ ns	50 pF, 15 pF	1 kΩ	$t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}$
4.5 V to 5.5 V	$V_{CC}$	$\leq 2.5$ ns	50 pF	1 kΩ	$t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}$

14. Package outline

DIP16: plastic dual in-line package; 16 leads (300 mil)

SOT38-4

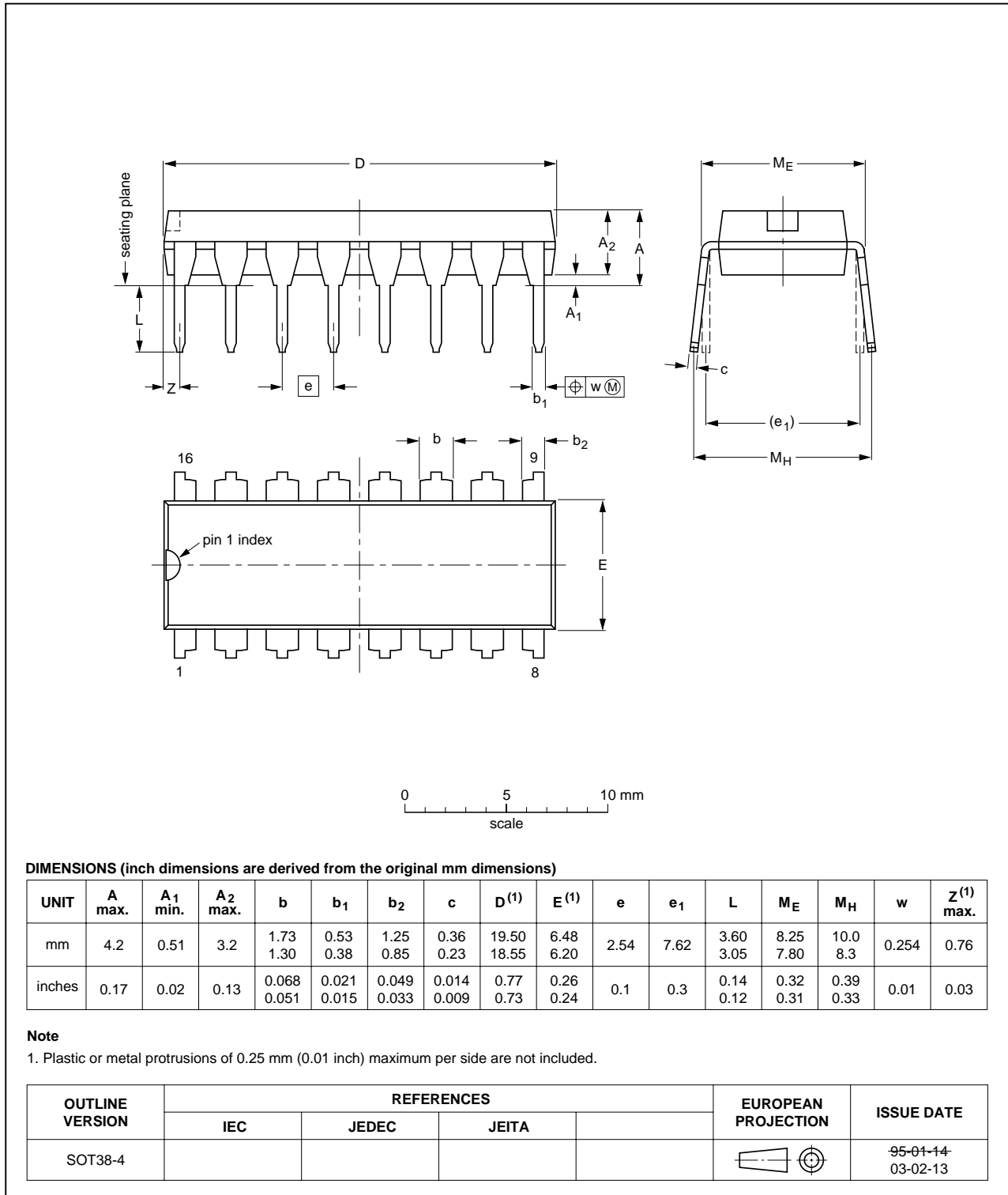


Fig 10. Package outline SOT38-1 (DIP16)

SO16: plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm

SOT109-1

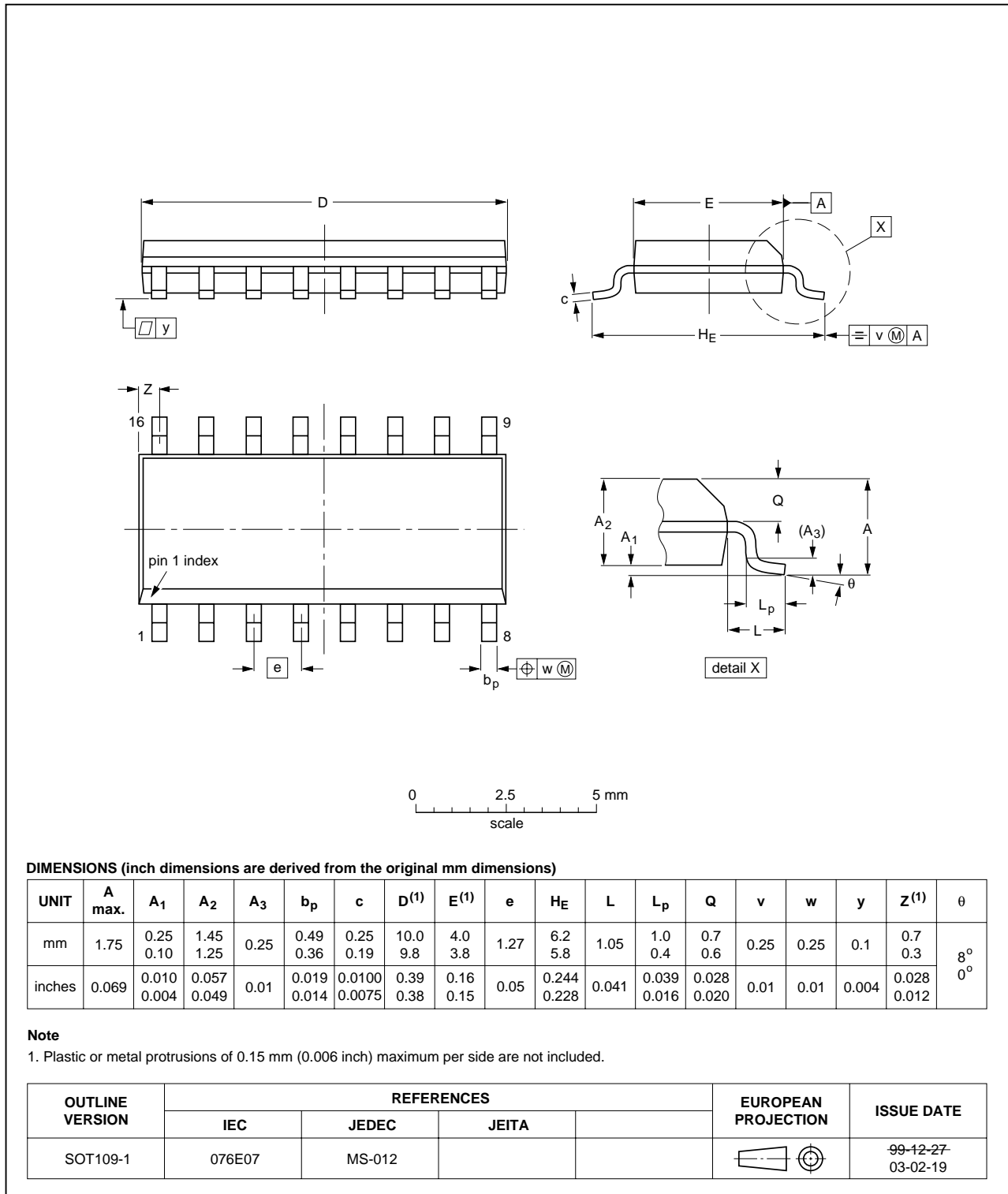


Fig 11. Package outline SOT109-1 (SO16)

SSOP16: plastic shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 5.3 mm

SOT338-1

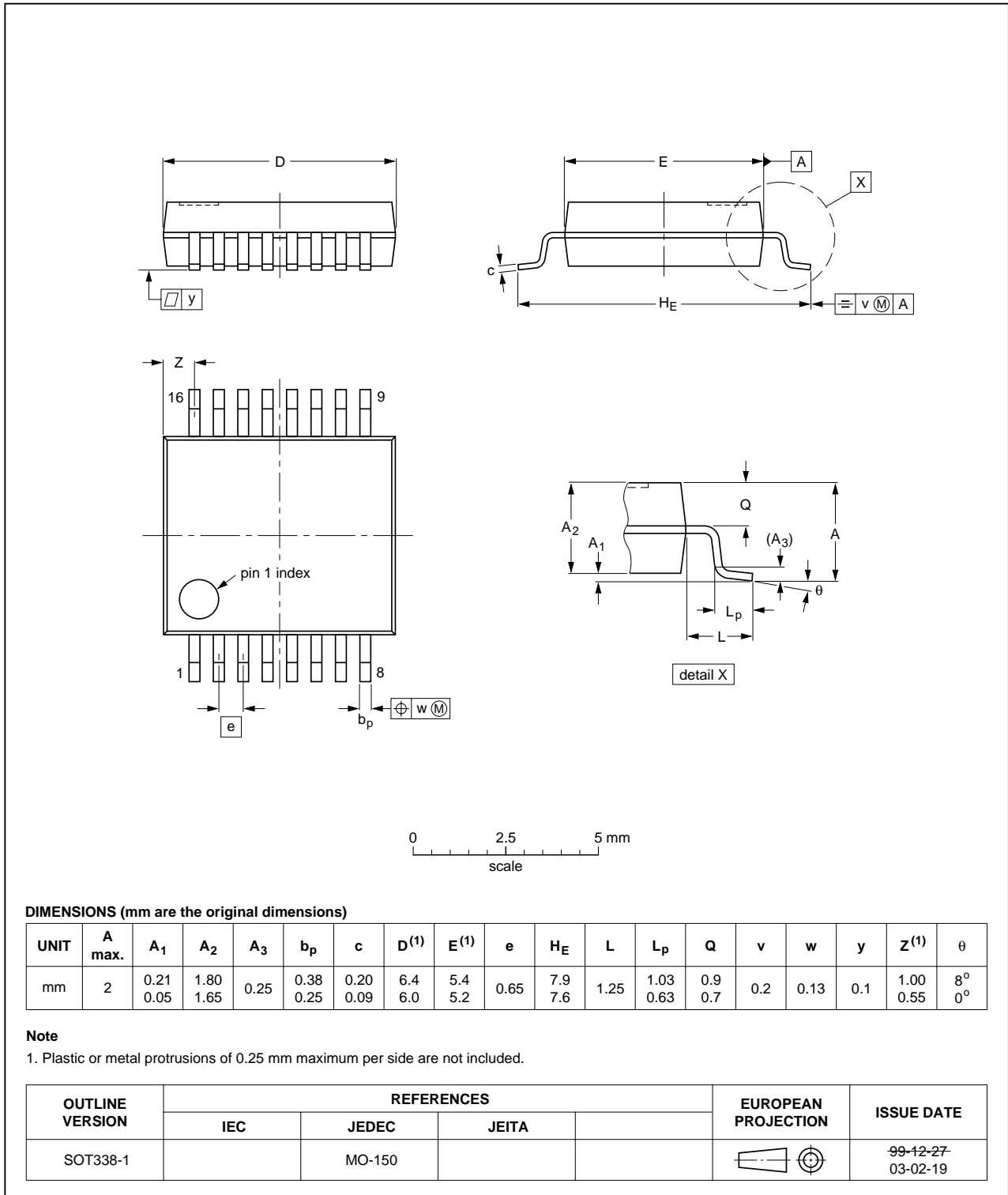


Fig 12. Package outline SOT338-1 (SSOP16)



TSSOP16: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm

SOT403-1

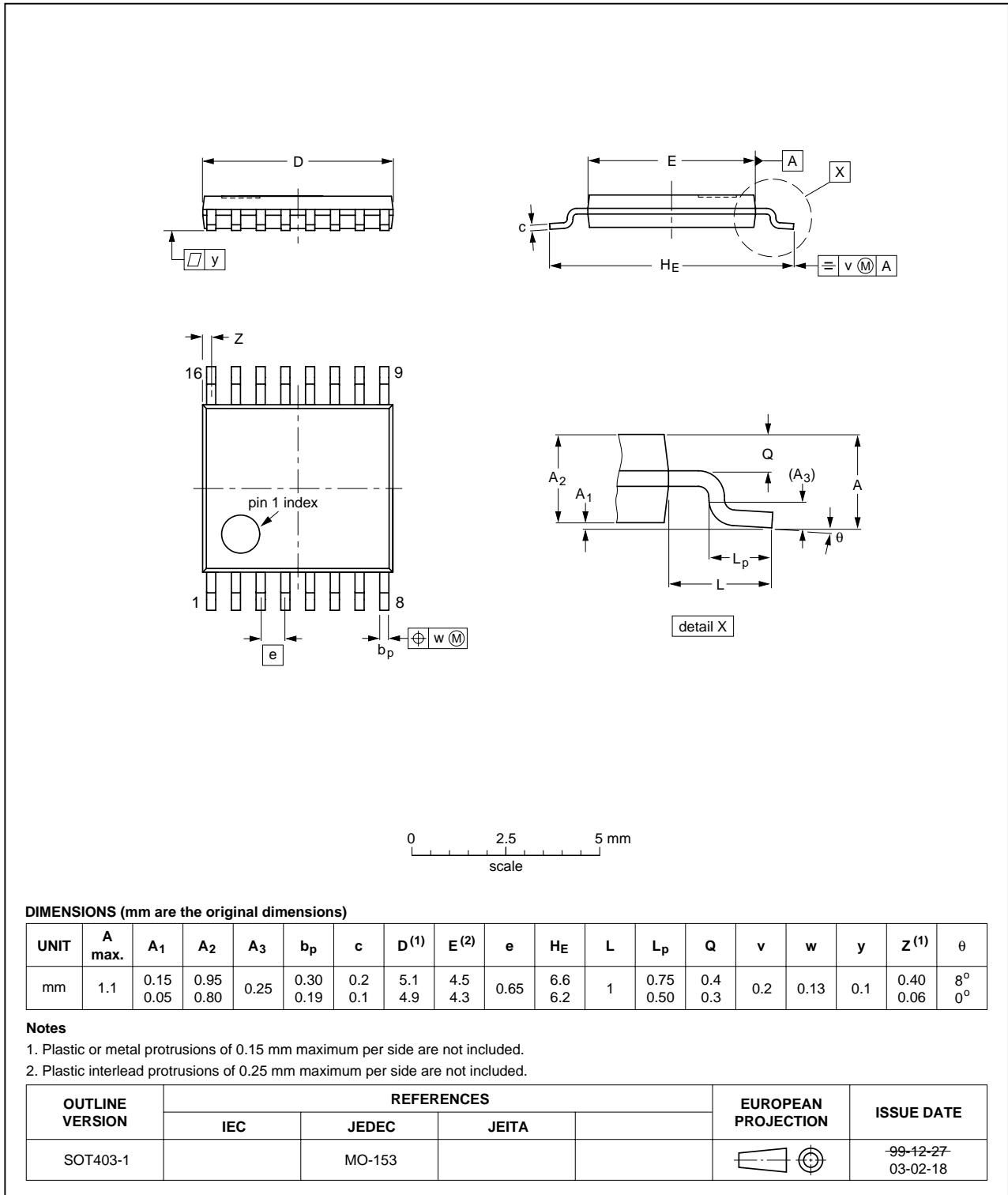


Fig 13. Package outline SOT403-1 (TSSOP16)

## 15. Abbreviations

Table 10: Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
TTL	Transistor Transistor Logic
HBM	Human Body Model
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
MM	Machine Model

## 16. Revision history

Table 11: Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Doc. number	Supersedes
74LV4020_1	20051129	Product data sheet	-	-	-

## 17. Data sheet status

Level	Data sheet status <sup>[1]</sup>	Product status <sup>[2] [3]</sup>	Definition
I	Objective data	Development	This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice.
II	Preliminary data	Qualification	This data sheet contains data from the preliminary specification. Supplementary data will be published at a later date. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification without notice, in order to improve the design and supply the best possible product.
III	Product data	Production	This data sheet contains data from the product specification. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes at any time in order to improve the design, manufacturing and supply. Relevant changes will be communicated via a Customer Product/Process Change Notification (CPCN).

[1] Please consult the most recently issued data sheet before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The product status of the device(s) described in this data sheet may have changed since this data sheet was published. The latest information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.semiconductors.philips.com>.

[3] For data sheets describing multiple type numbers, the highest-level product status determines the data sheet status.

## 18. Definitions

**Short-form specification** — The data in a short-form specification is extracted from a full data sheet with the same type number and title. For detailed information see the relevant data sheet or data handbook.

**Limiting values definition** — Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**Application information** — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. Philips Semiconductors make no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

## 19. Disclaimers

**Life support** — These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Philips Semiconductors

## 21. Contact information

For additional information, please visit: <http://www.semiconductors.philips.com>

For sales office addresses, send an email to: [sales.addresses@www.semiconductors.philips.com](mailto:sales.addresses@www.semiconductors.philips.com)

customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips Semiconductors for any damages resulting from such application.

**Right to make changes** — Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes in the products - including circuits, standard cells, and/or software - described or contained herein in order to improve design and/or performance. When the product is in full production (status 'Production'), relevant changes will be communicated via a Customer Product/Process Change Notification (CPCN). Philips Semiconductors assumes no responsibility or liability for the use of any of these products, conveys no license or title under any patent, copyright, or mask work right to these products, and makes no representations or warranties that these products are free from patent, copyright, or mask work right infringement, unless otherwise specified.

## 20. Trademarks

**Notice** — All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

## 22. Contents

1	General description . . . . .	1
2	Features . . . . .	1
3	Applications . . . . .	1
4	Quick reference data . . . . .	2
5	Ordering information . . . . .	2
6	Functional diagram . . . . .	3
7	Pinning information . . . . .	4
7.1	Pinning . . . . .	4
7.2	Pin description . . . . .	4
8	Functional description . . . . .	5
8.1	Function table . . . . .	5
8.1.1	Timing diagram . . . . .	5
9	Limiting values . . . . .	6
10	Recommended operating conditions . . . . .	6
11	Static characteristics . . . . .	7
12	Dynamic characteristics . . . . .	9
13	Waveforms . . . . .	12
14	Package outline . . . . .	14
15	Abbreviations . . . . .	18
16	Revision history . . . . .	18
17	Data sheet status . . . . .	19
18	Definitions . . . . .	19
19	Disclaimers . . . . .	19
20	Trademarks . . . . .	19
21	Contact information . . . . .	19



© Koninklijke Philips Electronics N.V. 2005

All rights are reserved. Reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without the prior written consent of the copyright owner. The information presented in this document does not form part of any quotation or contract, is believed to be accurate and reliable and may be changed without notice. No liability will be accepted by the publisher for any consequence of its use. Publication thereof does not convey nor imply any license under patent- or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Date of release: 29 November 2005  
Document number: 74LV4020\_1

Published in The Netherlands