

# TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1 Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SGLS182B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

- Qualified for Automotive Applications
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)
- Output Swing Includes Both Supply Rails
- Extended Common-Mode Input Voltage Range . . . 0 V to 4.5 V (Min) with 5-V Single Supply
- No Phase Inversion
- Low Noise . . . 18 nV/√Hz Typ at f = 1 kHz
- Low Input Offset Voltage  
950 μV Max at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C (TLV243xA)
- Low Input Bias Current . . . 1 pA Typ
- Very Low Supply Current . . . 125 μA Per Channel Max
- 600-Ω Output Drive
- Macromodel Included

## description

The TLV243x and TLV243xA are low-voltage operational amplifier from Texas Instruments. The common-mode input voltage range for each device is extended over the typical CMOS amplifiers making them suitable for a wide range of applications. In addition, these devices do not phase invert when the common-mode input is driven to the supply rails. This satisfies most design requirements without paying a premium for rail-to-rail input performance. They also exhibit rail-to-rail output performance for increased dynamic range in single- or split-supply applications. This family is fully characterized at 3-V and 5-V supplies and is optimized for low-voltage operation. The TLV243x only requires 100 μA (typ) of supply current per channel, making it ideal for battery-powered applications. The TLV243x also has increased output drive over previous rail-to-rail operational amplifiers and can drive 600-Ω loads for telecom applications.

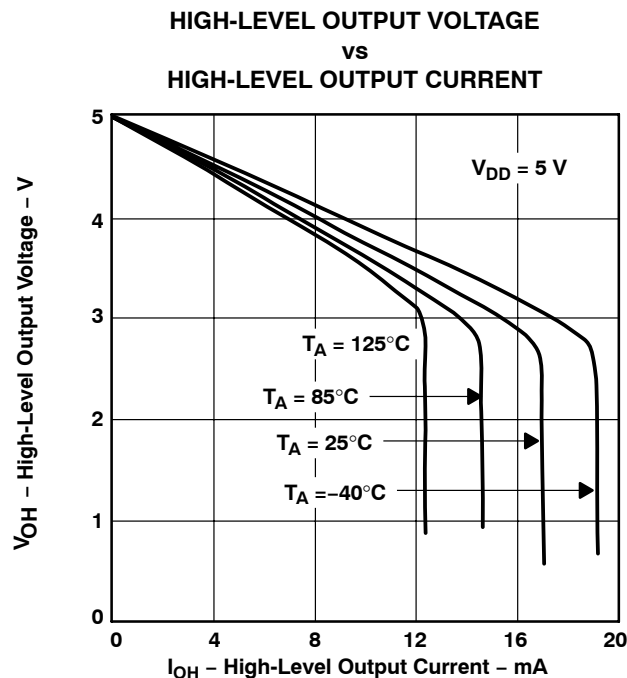


Figure 1

The other members in the TLV243x family are the high-power, TLV244x, and micro-power, TLV2422, versions.

The TLV243x, exhibiting high input impedance and low noise, is excellent for small-signal conditioning for high-impedance sources, such as piezoelectric transducers. Because of the micropower dissipation levels and low-voltage operation, these devices work well in hand-held monitoring and remote-sensing applications. In addition, the rail-to-rail output feature with single- or split-supplies makes this family a great choice when interfacing with analog-to-digital converters (ADCs). For precision applications, the TLV243xA is available and has a maximum input offset voltage of 950 μV.

If the design requires single operational amplifiers, see the TI TLV2211/21/31. This is a family of rail-to-rail output operational amplifiers in the SOT-23 package. Their small size and low power consumption, make them ideal for high density, battery-powered equipment.



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PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

 **TEXAS  
INSTRUMENTS**

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**TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1**  
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SGLS182B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

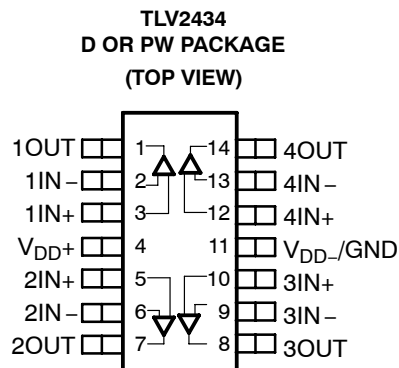
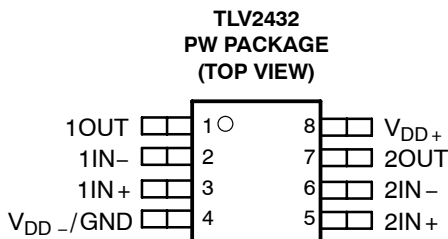
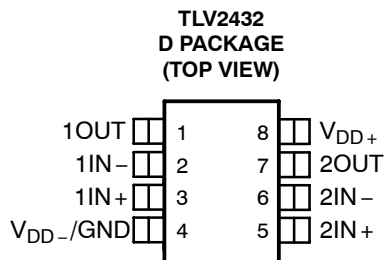
**ORDERING INFORMATION†**

| $T_A$          | $V_{IOmax}$<br>AT 25°C | PACKAGE‡   |               | ORDERABLE<br>PART NUMBER | TOP-SIDE<br>MARKING |
|----------------|------------------------|------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| -40°C to 125°C | 950 $\mu$ V            | SOIC (D)   | Tape and reel | TLV2432AQDRQ1            | 2432AQ              |
|                |                        | TSSOP (PW) | Tape and reel | TLV2432AQPWRQ1§          |                     |
|                | 2.5 mV                 | SOIC (D)   | Tape and reel | TLV2432QDRQ1             | 2432Q1              |
|                |                        | TSSOP (PW) | Tape and reel | TLV2432QPWRQ1§           |                     |
| -40°C to 125°C | 950 $\mu$ V            | SOIC (D)   | Tape and reel | TLV2434AQDRQ1            | 2434AQ              |
|                |                        | TSSOP (PW) | Tape and reel | TLV2434AQPWRQ1§          |                     |
|                | 2.5 mV                 | SOIC (D)   | Tape and reel | TLV2434QDRQ1§            |                     |
|                |                        | TSSOP (PW) | Tape and reel | TLV2434QPWRQ1§           |                     |

† For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at <http://www.ti.com>.

‡ Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at <http://www.ti.com/packaging>.

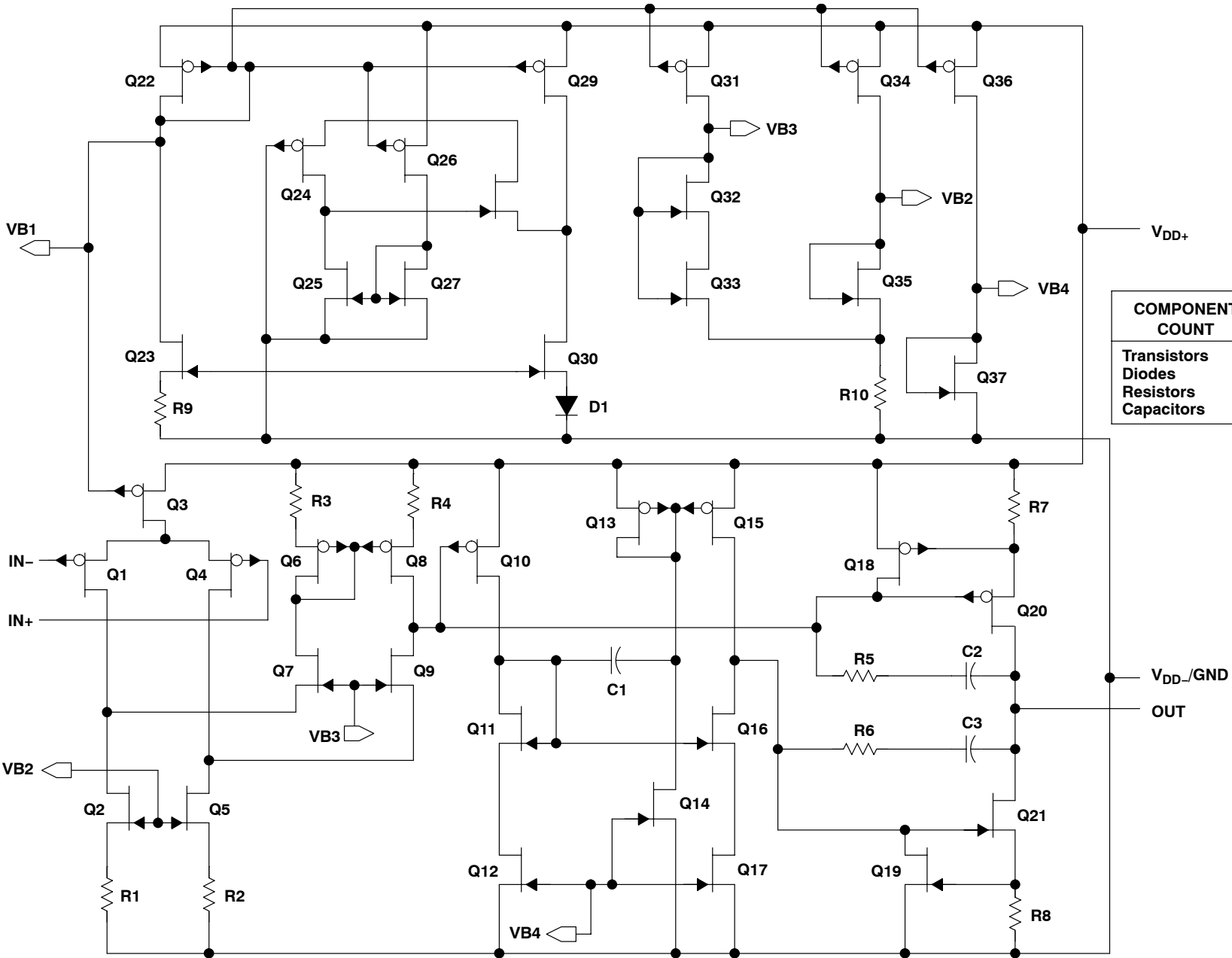
§ Product Preview.



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SLS182B - SEPTEMBER 2003 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

equivalent schematic (each amplifier)



| COMPONENT COUNT |    |
|-----------------|----|
| Transistors     | 69 |
| Diodes          | 5  |
| Resistors       | 26 |
| Capacitors      | 6  |

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SGLS182B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

**absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†**

|   |                              |
|---|------------------------------|
| Supply voltage, $V_{DD}$ (see Note 1)                             | 12 V                         |
| Differential input voltage, $V_{ID}$ (see Note 2)                 | $\pm V_{DD}$                 |
| Input current, $I_I$ (each input)                                 | $\pm 5$ mA                   |
| Output current, $I_O$   | $\pm 50$ mA                  |
| Total current into $V_{DD+}$                                      | $\pm 50$ mA                  |
| Total current out of $V_{DD-}$                                    | $\pm 50$ mA                  |
| Duration of short-circuit current at (or below) 25°C (see Note 3) | unlimited                    |
| Continuous total dissipation                                      | See Dissipation Rating Table |
| Operating free-air temperature range, $T_A$ : Q suffix            | -40°C to 125°C               |
| Storage temperature range, $T_{stg}$                              | -65°C to 150°C               |
| Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds      | 260°C                        |

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to the midpoint between  $V_{DD+}$  and  $V_{DD-}$ .  
 2. Differential voltages are at  $IN+$  with respect to  $IN-$ . Excessive current flows if input is brought below  $V_{DD-} - 0.3$  V.  
 3. The output may be shorted to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the maximum dissipation rating is not exceeded.

**DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

| PACKAGE | $T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$<br>POWER RATING | DERATING FACTOR<br>ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | $T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$<br>POWER RATING | $T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$<br>POWER RATING | $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$<br>POWER RATING |
|---------|---|---|--|--|---|
| D (8)   | 725 mW                                      | 5.8 mW/°C   | 464 mW                                   | 377 mW                                   | 145 mW                                    |
| D (14)  | 1022 mW                                     | 7.6 mW/°C   | 900 mW                                   | 777 mW                                   | 450 mW                                    |
| PW (8)  | 525 mW                                      | 4.2 mW/°C   | 336 mW                                   | 273 mW                                   | 105 mW                                    |
| PW (14) | 720 mW                                      | 5.6 mW/°C   | 634 mW                                   | 547 mW                                   | 317 mW                                    |

**recommended operating conditions**

|                                       | MIN       | MAX             | UNIT |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|------|
| Supply voltage, $V_{DD}$              | 2.7       | 10              | V    |
| Input voltage range, $V_I$            | $V_{DD-}$ | $V_{DD+} - 0.8$ | V    |
| Common-mode input voltage, $V_{IC}$   | $V_{DD-}$ | $V_{DD+} - 0.8$ | V    |
| Operating free-air temperature, $T_A$ | -40       | 125             | °C   |



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**WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS**

SGLS182B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

**electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 3\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)**

| PARAMETER  | TEST CONDITIONS   |                                   | $T_A^\dagger$ | TLV243x-Q1 |               |                              | UNIT |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|------------------------------|------|
|  |   |                                   |               | MIN        | TYP           | MAX                          |      |
| $V_{IO}$ Input offset voltage  | $V_{IC} = 0,$<br>$V_O = 0,$<br>$V_{DD} \pm = \pm 1.5\text{ V},$<br>$R_S = 50\ \Omega$ | TLV243x                           | 25°C          | 300        | 2000          | $\mu\text{V}$                |      |
|  |   |                                   | Full range    | 2500       |               |                              |      |
|  |   | TLV243xA                          | 25°C          | 300        | 950           |                              |      |
|  |   |                                   | Full range    | 2000       |               |                              |      |
| $\alpha_{V_{IO}}$ Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage          | $V_{IC} = 0,$<br>$V_O = 0,$<br>$V_{DD} \pm = \pm 1.5\text{ V},$<br>$R_S = 50\ \Omega$ |                                   | 25°C to 70°C  | 2          |               | $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ |      |
| Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)                          |   |                                   | 25°C          | 0.003      |               | $\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$      |      |
| $I_{IO}$ Input offset current  |   |                                   | 25°C          | 0.5        |               | $\text{pA}$                  |      |
|  |   |                                   | Full range    | 150        |               |                              |      |
| $I_{IB}$ Input bias current  |   |                                   | 25°C          | 1          |               | $\text{pA}$                  |      |
|  |   |                                   | Full range    | 300        |               |                              |      |
| $V_{ICR}$ Common-mode input voltage range                                  | $ V_{IO}  \leq 5\text{ mV},$  | $R_S = 50\ \Omega$                | 25°C          | 0 to 2.5   | -0.25 to 2.75 | V                            |      |
|  |   |                                   | Full range    | 0 to 2.2   |               |                              |      |
| $V_{OH}$ High-level output voltage   | $I_{OH} = -100\ \mu\text{A}$  |                                   | 25°C          | 2.98       |               | V                            |      |
|  |   |                                   | 25°C          | 2.5        |               |                              |      |
|  |   |                                   | Full range    | 2.25       |               |                              |      |
| $V_{OL}$ Low-level output voltage  | $V_{IC} = 1.5\text{ V},$  | $I_{OL} = 100\ \mu\text{A}$       | 25°C          | 0.02       |               | V                            |      |
|  |   |                                   | 25°C          | 0.83       |               |                              |      |
|  | $V_{IC} = 1.5\text{ V},$  | $I_{OL} = 3\text{ mA}$            | Full range    | 1          |               |                              |      |
| $A_{VD}$ Large-signal differential voltage amplification                   | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$<br>$V_O = 1\text{ V to }2\text{ V}$                          | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$ | 25°C          | 1.5        | 2.5           | V/mV                         |      |
|  |   |                                   | Full range    | 0.5        |               |                              |      |
|  |   | $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega^\ddagger$ | 25°C          | 750        |               |                              |      |
| $r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance                                   |   |                                   | 25°C          | 1000       |               | $\text{G}\Omega$             |      |
| $r_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input resistance                                    |   |                                   | 25°C          | 1000       |               | $\text{G}\Omega$             |      |
| $c_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance                                   | $f = 10\text{ kHz}$   |                                   | 25°C          | 8          |               | $\text{pF}$                  |      |
| $z_o$ Closed-loop output impedance   | $f = 100\text{ kHz},$   | $A_V = 10$                        | 25°C          | 130        |               | $\Omega$                     |      |
| CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio   | $V_{IC} = V_{ICR\text{ MIN}},$  | $V_O = 1.5\text{ V},$             | 25°C          | 70         | 83            | dB                           |      |
|  |   |                                   | Full range    | 70         |               |                              |      |
| $k_{SVR}$ Supply-voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$ ) | $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V to }8\text{ V},$  | $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,$              | 25°C          | 80         | 95            | dB                           |      |
|  |   |                                   | Full range    | 80         |               |                              |      |
| $I_{DD}$ Supply current  | $V_O = 1.5\text{ V},$   | No load                           | 25°C          | 195        | 250           | $\mu\text{A}$                |      |
|  |   |                                   | Full range    | 260        |               |                              |      |

$^\dagger$  Full range is  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$  for Q level part.

$^\ddagger$  Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at  $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$  extrapolated to  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



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SGLS182B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 3\text{ V}$

| PARAMETER   | TEST CONDITIONS   | $T_A^\dagger$                                | TLV243x-Q1,<br>TLV243xA-Q1 |        |      | UNIT                   |
|---|---|--|----------------------------|--------|------|------------------------|
|   |   |  | MIN                        | TYP    | MAX  |                        |
| SR Slew rate at unity gain                              | $V_O = 1\text{ V to }2\text{ V},$<br>$C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$   | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger,$           | 25°C                       | 0.15   | 0.25 | V/ $\mu$ s             |
|   |   |  | Full range                 | 0.1    |      |                        |
| $V_n$ Equivalent input noise voltage                    | $f = 10\text{ Hz}$  |  | 25°C                       | 120    |      | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
|   | $f = 1\text{ kHz}$  |  | 25°C                       | 22     |      |                        |
| $V_{N(PP)}$ Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage | $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$  |  | 25°C                       | 2.7    |      | $\mu$ V                |
|   | $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$   |  | 25°C                       | 4      |      |                        |
| $I_n$ Equivalent input noise current                    |   |  | 25°C                       | 0.6    |      | fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| THD + N Total harmonic distortion plus noise            | $V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V},$<br>$f = 1\text{ kHz},$<br>$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$             | $A_V = 1$                                    | 25°C                       | 0.065% |      |                        |
|   |   | $A_V = 10$                                   |                            | 0.5%   |      |                        |
| Gain-bandwidth product                                  | $f = 10\text{ kHz},$<br>$C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$  | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger,$           | 25°C                       | 0.5    |      | MHz                    |
| $B_{OM}$ Maximum output-swing bandwidth                 | $V_{O(PP)} = 1\text{ V},$<br>$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger,$   | $A_V = 1,$<br>$C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | 25°C                       | 220    |      | kHz                    |
| $t_s$ Settling time                                     | $A_V = -1,$<br>Step = 0.5 V to 2.5 V,<br>$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger,$<br>$C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | $T_o = 0.1\%$                                | 25°C                       | 6.4    |      | $\mu$ s                |
|   |   | $T_o = 0.01\%$                               |                            | 14.1   |      |                        |
| $\phi_m$ Phase margin at unity gain                     |   |  | 25°C                       | 62°    |      |                        |
| Gain margin   | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger,$  | $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$               | 25°C                       | 11     |      | dB                     |

$^\dagger$  Full range is  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$  for Q level part.

$^\ddagger$  Referenced to 2.5 V



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SGLS182B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

**electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)**

| PARAMETER  | TEST CONDITIONS   |  | $T_A^\dagger$ | TLV243x-Q1                        |               |                              | UNIT          |
|--|---|--|---------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|---------------|
|  |   |  |               | MIN                               | TYP           | MAX                          |               |
| $V_{IO}$ Input offset voltage  | $V_{IC} = 0,$<br>$V_O = 0,$<br>$V_{DD} \pm = \pm 2.5\text{ V},$<br>$R_S = 50\ \Omega$ | TLV243x  | 25°C          | 300                               | 2000          | $\mu\text{V}$                |               |
|  |   |  | Full range    | 2500                              |               |                              |               |
|  |   | TLV243xA   | 25°C          | 300                               | 950           |                              |               |
|  |   |  | Full range    | 2000                              |               |                              |               |
| $\alpha_{V_{IO}}$ Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage          |   |  | 25°C to 70°C  | 2                                 |               | $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ |               |
| Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)                          |   |  | 25°C          | 0.003                             |               | $\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$      |               |
| $I_{IO}$ Input offset current  | $V_{IC} = 0,$<br>$V_O = 0,$   | $V_{DD} \pm = \pm 2.5\text{ V},$<br>$R_S = 50\ \Omega$ | 25°C          | 0.5                               |               | pA                           |               |
|  |   |  | Full range    | 150                               |               |                              |               |
| $I_{IB}$ Input bias current  |   |  | 25°C          | 1                                 |               | pA                           |               |
|  |   |  | Full range    | 300                               |               |                              |               |
| $V_{ICR}$ Common-mode input voltage range                                  | $ V_{IO}  \leq 5\text{ mV},$  | $R_S = 50\ \Omega$                                     | 25°C          | 0 to 4.5                          | -0.25 to 4.75 | V                            |               |
|  |   |  | Full range    | 0 to 4.2                          |               |                              |               |
| $V_{OH}$ High-level output voltage   | $I_{OH} = -100\ \mu\text{A}$  |  | 25°C          | 4.97                              |               | V                            |               |
|  | $I_{OH} = -5\text{ mA}$   |  | 25°C          | 4                                 | 4.35          |                              |               |
|  |   |  | Full range    | 4                                 |               |                              |               |
| $V_{OL}$ Low-level output voltage  | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$  | $I_{OL} = 100\ \mu\text{A}$                            | 25°C          | 0.01                              |               | V                            |               |
|  | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$  | $I_{OL} = 5\text{ mA}$                                 | 25°C          | 0.8                               |               |                              |               |
|  |   |  | Full range    | 1.25                              |               |                              |               |
| $A_{VD}$ Large-signal differential voltage amplification                   | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V},$<br>$V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$                          | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$                      | 25°C          | 2.5                               | 3.8           | V/mV                         |               |
|  |   |  | Full range    | 0.5                               |               |                              |               |
|  |   |  |               | $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega^\ddagger$ | 25°C          |                              | 950           |
| $r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance                                   |   |  | 25°C          | 1000                              |               | G $\Omega$                   |               |
| $r_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input resistance                                    |   |  | 25°C          | 1000                              |               | G $\Omega$                   |               |
| $C_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance                                   | $f = 10\text{ kHz}$   |  | 25°C          | 8                                 |               | pF                           |               |
| $Z_o$ Closed-loop output impedance   | $f = 100\text{ kHz},$ $A_V = 10$  |  | 25°C          | 130                               |               | $\Omega$                     |               |
| CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio   | $V_{IC} = V_{ICR\text{ MIN}},$ $V_O = 2.5\text{ V},$<br>$R_S = 50\ \Omega$            |  |               | 25°C                              | 70            | 90                           | dB            |
|  |   |  |               | Full range                        | 70            |                              |               |
| $k_{SVR}$ Supply-voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$ ) | $V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to }8\text{ V},$<br>$V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2,$ No load                |  |               | 25°C                              | 80            | 95                           | dB            |
|  |   |  |               | Full range                        | 80            |                              |               |
| $I_{DD}$ Supply current  | $V_O = 2.5\text{ V},$ No load   |  |               | 25°C                              | 200           | 250                          | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|  |   |  |               | Full range                        | 270           |                              |               |

$^\dagger$  Full range is  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$  for Q level part.

$^\ddagger$  Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at  $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$  extrapolated to  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



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SGLS182B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

| PARAMETER   | TEST CONDITIONS   | $T_A^\dagger$  | TLV243x-Q1,<br>TLV243xA-Q1 |      |                        | UNIT |
|---|---|--|----------------------------|------|------------------------|------|
|   |   |  | MIN                        | TYP  | MAX                    |      |
| SR Slew rate at unity gain                              | $V_O = 1.5\text{ V to }3.5\text{ V},$<br>$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger,$<br>$C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | 25°C   | 0.15                       | 0.25 | V/ $\mu$ s             |      |
|   |   | Full range   | 0.1                        |      |                        |      |
| $V_n$ Equivalent input noise voltage                    | $f = 10\text{ Hz}$  | 25°C   | 100                        |      | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |      |
|   | $f = 1\text{ kHz}$  | 25°C   | 18                         |      |                        |      |
| $V_{N(PP)}$ Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage | $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$  | 25°C   | 1.9                        |      | $\mu$ V                |      |
|   | $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$   | 25°C   | 2.8                        |      |                        |      |
| $I_n$ Equivalent input noise current                    |   | 25°C   | 0.6                        |      | fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |      |
| THD + N Total harmonic distortion plus noise            | $V_O = 1.5\text{ V to }3.5\text{ V},$<br>$f = 1\text{ kHz},$<br>$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$             | $A_V = 1$  | 0.045%                     |      |                        |      |
|   |   | $A_V = 10$   | 0.4%                       |      |                        |      |
| Gain-bandwidth product                                  | $f = 10\text{ kHz},$<br>$C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$  | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger,$<br>25°C           | 0.55                       |      | MHz                    |      |
| $B_{OM}$ Maximum output-swing bandwidth                 | $V_{O(PP)} = 2\text{ V},$<br>$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger,$   | $A_V = 1,$<br>$C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$<br>25°C | 100                        |      | kHz                    |      |
| $t_s$ Settling time                                     | $A_V = -1,$<br>Step = 1.5 V to 3.5 V,<br>$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger,$<br>$C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | $T_o = 0.1\%$  | 6.4                        |      | $\mu$ s                |      |
|   |   | $T_o = 0.01\%$                                       | 13.1                       |      |                        |      |
| $\phi_m$ Phase margin at unity gain                     | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger,$<br>$C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$  | 25°C   | 66°                        |      |                        |      |
| Gain margin   |   | 25°C   | 11                         |      | dB                     |      |

$^\dagger$  Full range is  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$  for Q level part.

$^\ddagger$  Referenced to 2.5 V



**TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1**  
**Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT**  
**WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS**

SGLS182B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

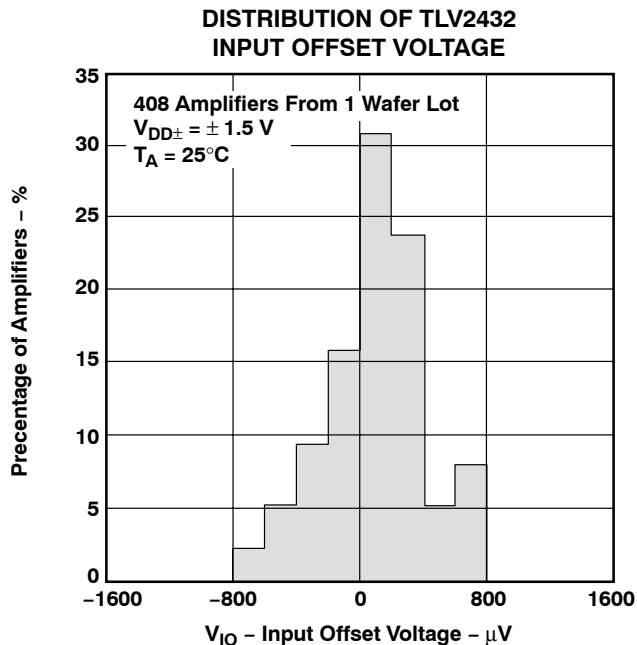
**Table of Graphs**

|                 |   |  | FIGURE     |
|-----------------|---|--|------------|
| $V_{IO}$        | Input offset voltage                            | Distribution<br>vs Common-mode input voltage | 2,3<br>4,5 |
| $\alpha_{VIO}$  | Temperature coefficient                         | Distribution                                 | 6,7        |
| $I_{IB}/I_{IO}$ | Input bias and input offset currents            | vs Free-air temperature                      | 8          |
| $V_{OH}$        | High-level output voltage                       | vs High-level output current                 | 9,11       |
| $V_{OL}$        | Low-level output voltage                        | vs Low-level output current                  | 10,12      |
| $V_{O(PP)}$     | Maximum peak-to-peak output voltage             | vs Frequency                                 | 13         |
| $I_{OS}$        | Short-circuit output current                    | vs Supply voltage                            | 14         |
|                 |   | vs Free-air temperature                      | 15         |
| $V_{ID}$        | Differential input voltage                      | vs Output voltage                            | 16,17      |
|                 |   | Differential gain                            | 18         |
| $A_{VD}$        | Large-signal differential voltage amplification | vs Frequency                                 | 19,20      |
| $A_{VD}$        | Differential voltage amplification              | vs Free-air temperature                      | 21,22      |
| $z_o$           | Output impedance                                | vs Frequency                                 | 23,24      |
| CMRR            | Common-mode rejection ratio                     | vs Frequency                                 | 25         |
|                 |   | vs Free-air temperature                      | 26         |
| $k_{SVR}$       | Supply-voltage rejection ratio                  | vs Frequency                                 | 27,28      |
|                 |   | vs Free-air temperature                      | 29         |
| $I_{DD}$        | Supply current                                  | vs Supply voltage                            | 30         |
| SR              | Slew rate                                       | vs Load capacitance                          | 31         |
|                 |   | vs Free-air temperature                      | 32         |
| $V_O$           | Inverting large-signal pulse response           |  | 33,34      |
| $V_O$           | Voltage-follower large-signal pulse response    |  | 35,36      |
| $V_O$           | Inverting small-signal pulse response           |  | 37,38      |
| $V_O$           | Voltage-follower small-signal pulse response    |  | 39,40      |
| $V_n$           | Equivalent input noise voltage                  | vs Frequency                                 | 41, 42     |
|                 |   | Noise voltage (referred to input)            | 43         |
| THD + N         | Total harmonic distortion plus noise            | vs Frequency                                 | 44,45      |
|                 |   | Gain-bandwidth product                       | 46<br>47   |
| $\phi_m$        | Phase margin                                    | vs Frequency                                 | 19,20      |
|                 |   | vs Load capacitance                          | 48         |
| $B_1$           | Unity-gain bandwidth                            | vs Load capacitance                          | 49         |
|                 |   |  | 50         |

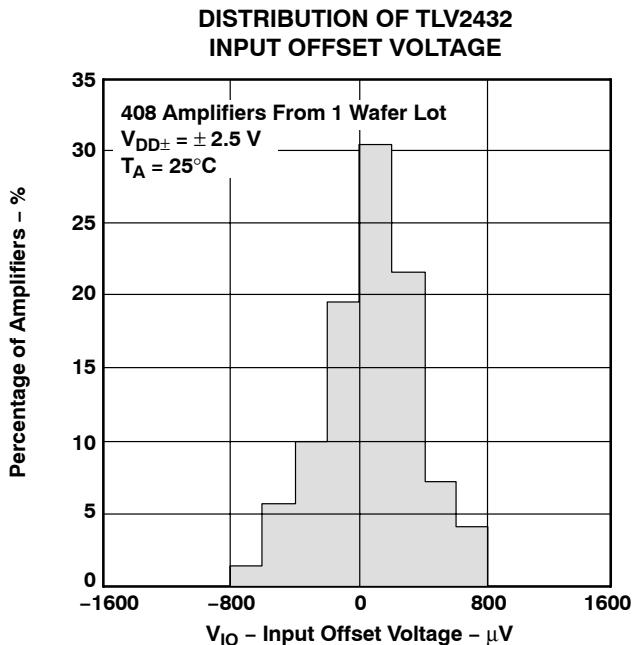
**TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1**  
**Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT**  
**WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS**

SGLS182B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

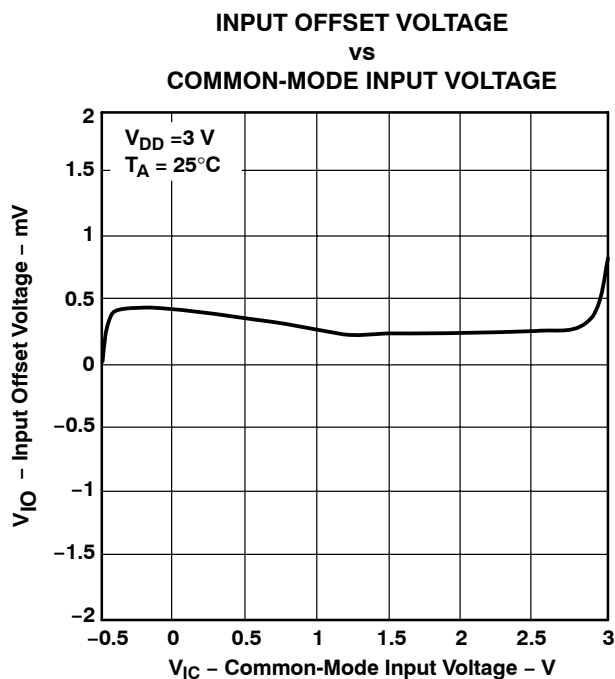
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



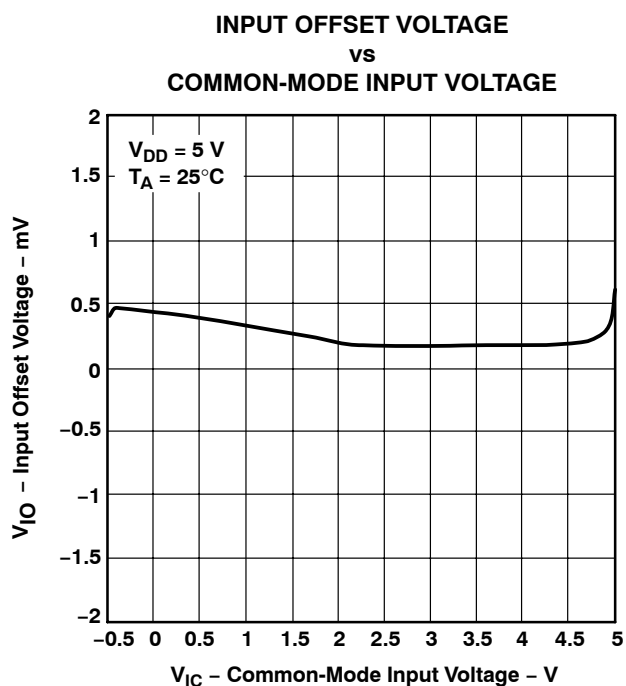
**Figure 2**



**Figure 3**



**Figure 4**



**Figure 5**



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DISTRIBUTION OF TLV2432 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT

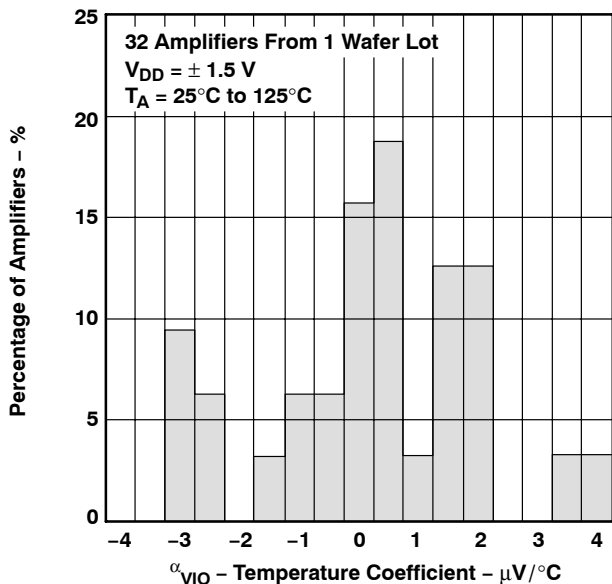


Figure 6

DISTRIBUTION OF TLV2432 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT

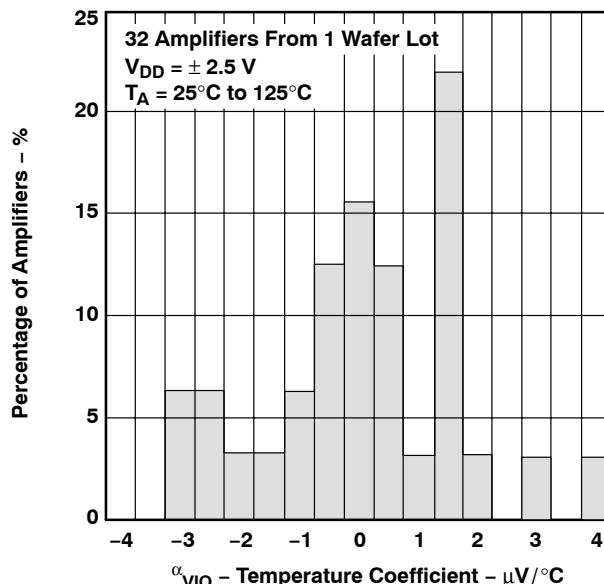


Figure 7

INPUT BIAS AND INPUT OFFSET CURRENTS vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

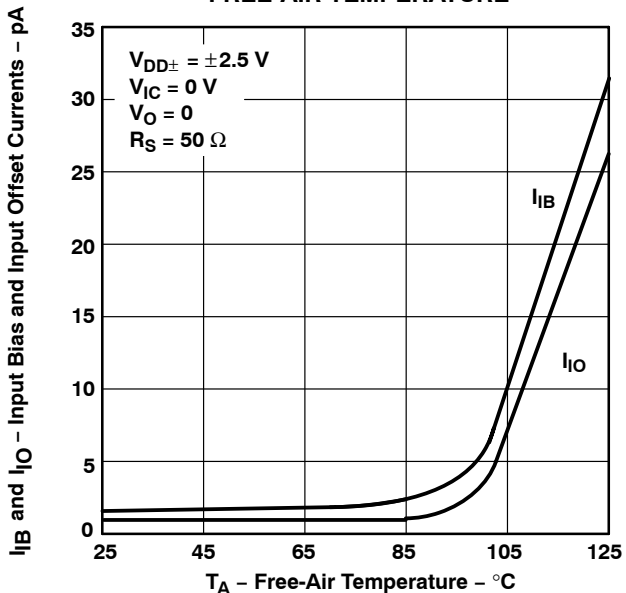


Figure 8

HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

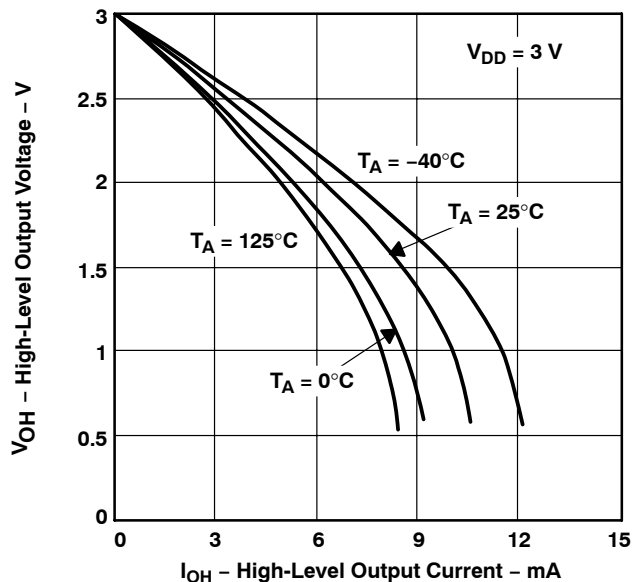
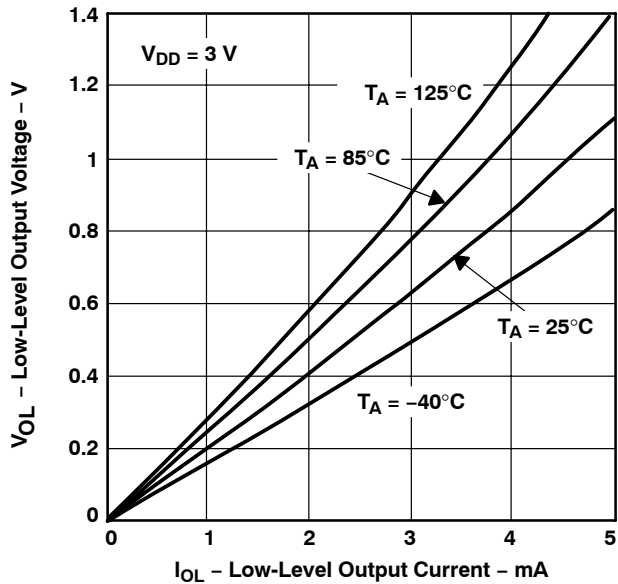


Figure 9

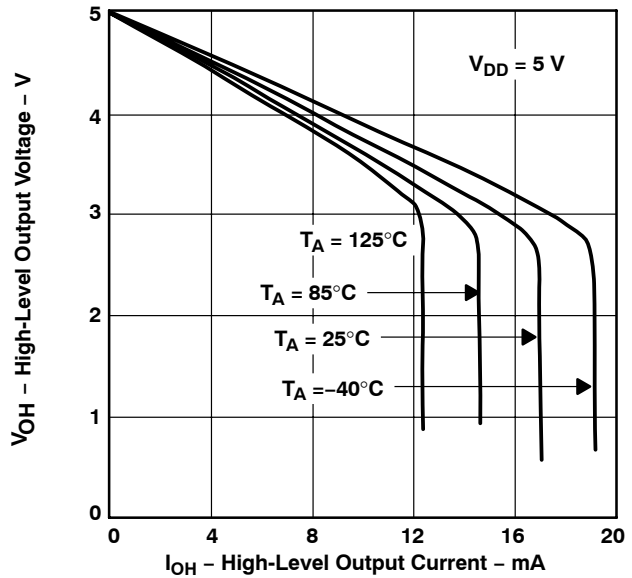
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE  
vs  
LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT**



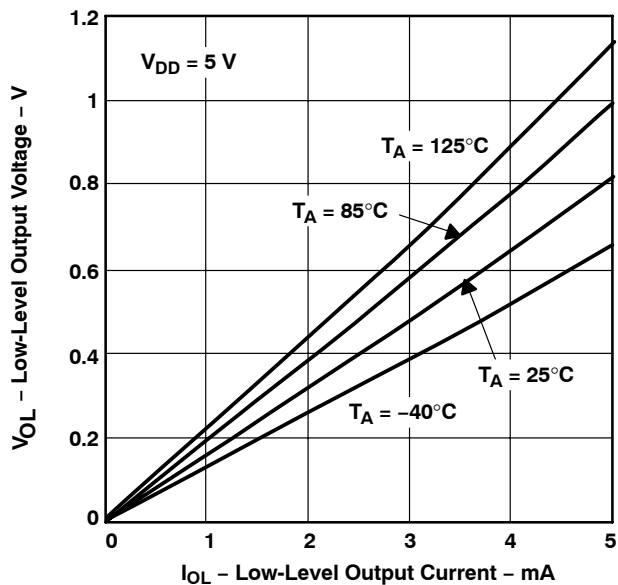
**Figure 10**

**HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE  
vs  
HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT**



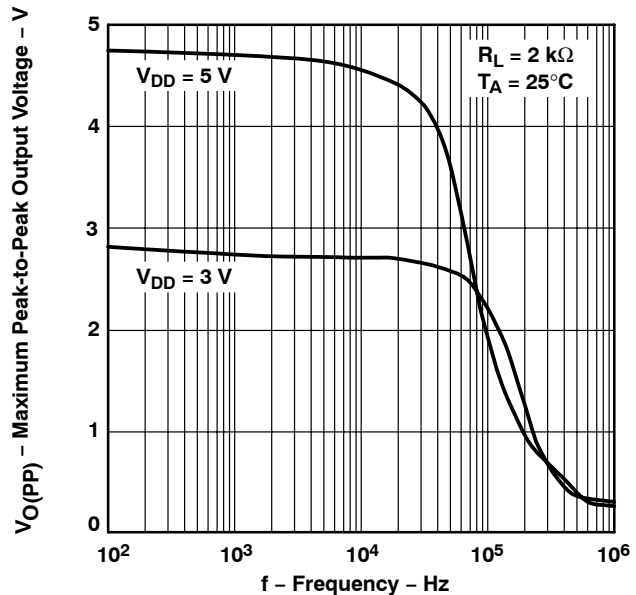
**Figure 11**

**LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE  
vs  
LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT**



**Figure 12**

**MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE  
vs  
FREQUENCY**



**Figure 13**

TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1  
 Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT  
 WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SGLS182B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

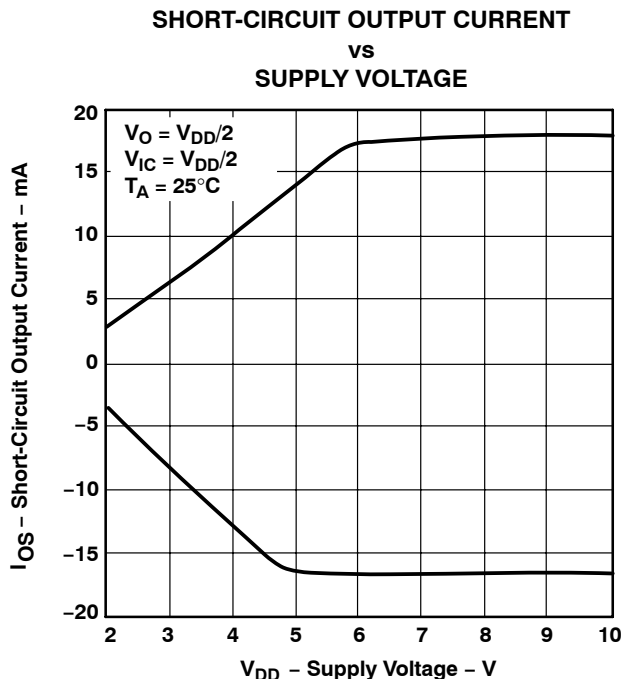


Figure 14

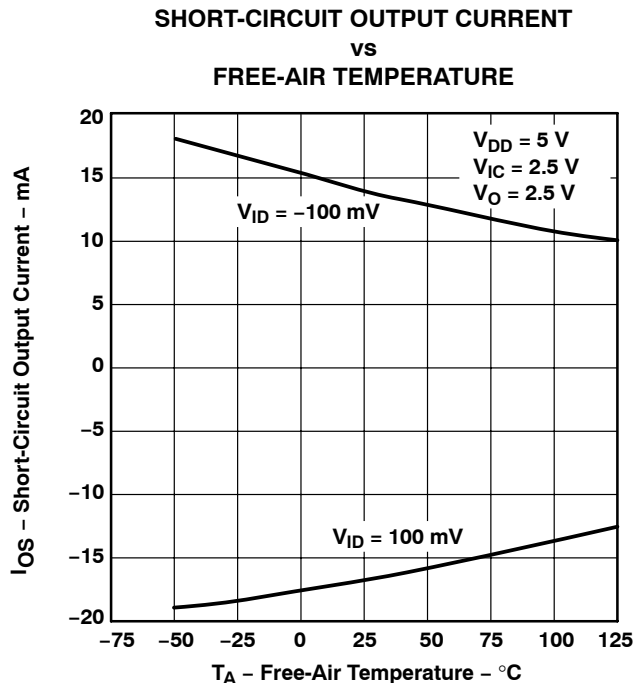


Figure 15

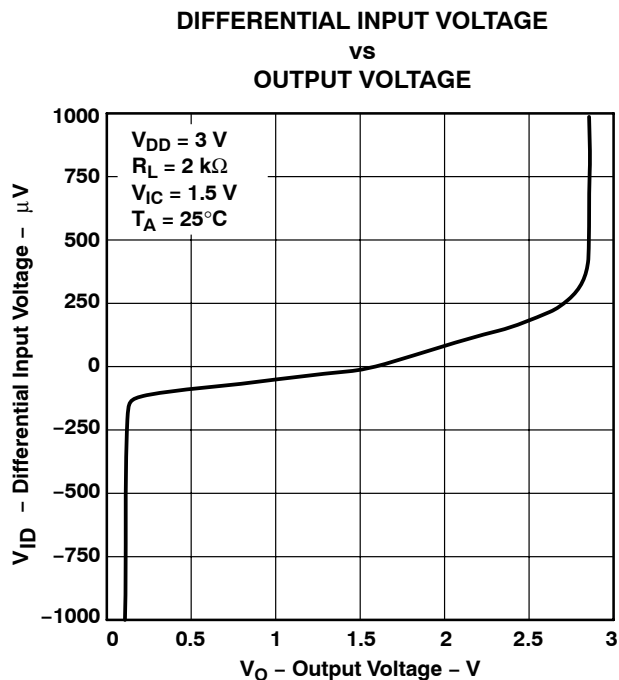


Figure 16

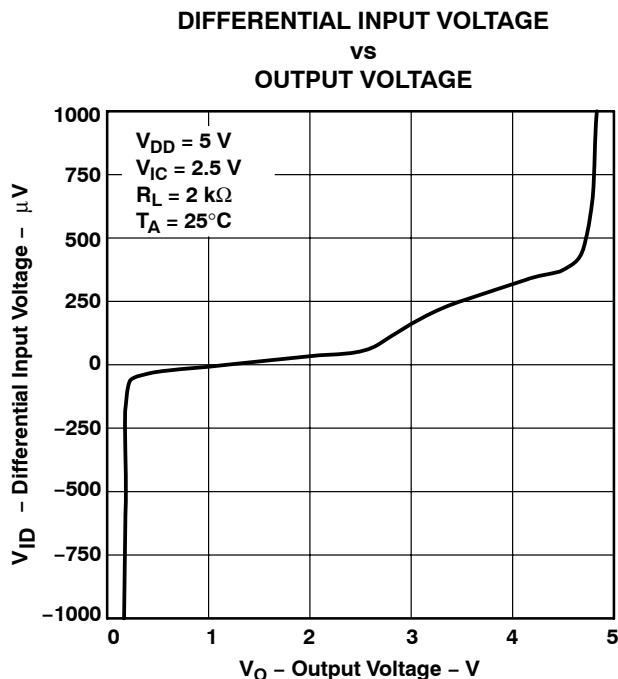
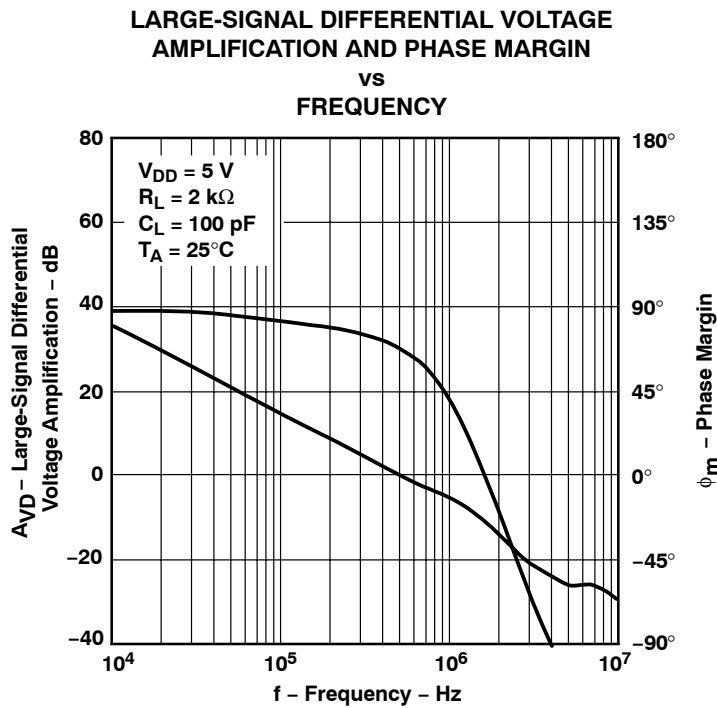
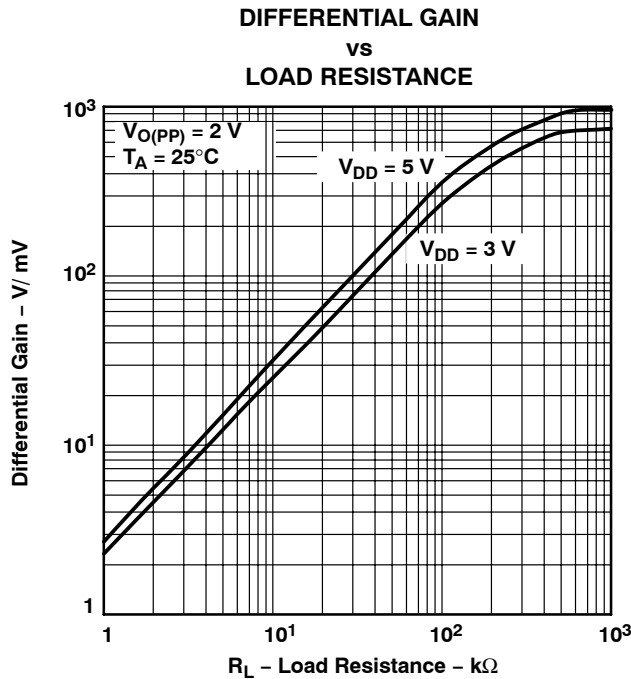


Figure 17

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1  
 Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT  
 WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SGLS182B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE  
 AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE MARGIN

vs  
 FREQUENCY

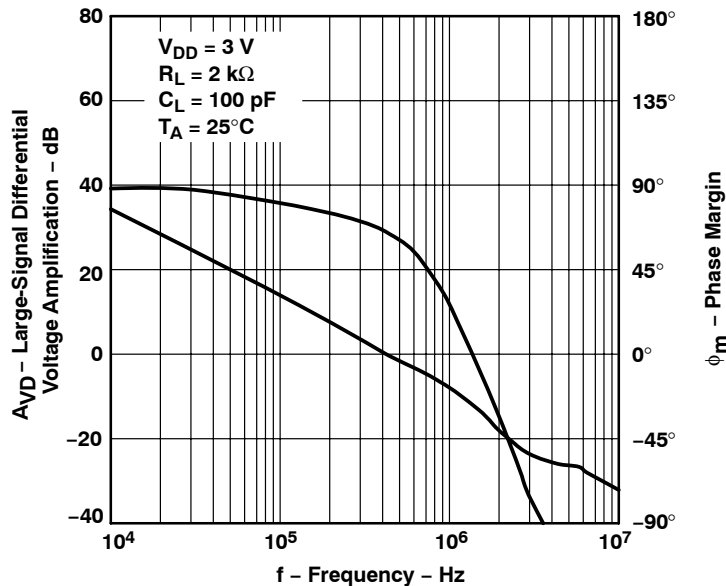


Figure 20

DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION  
 vs  
 FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

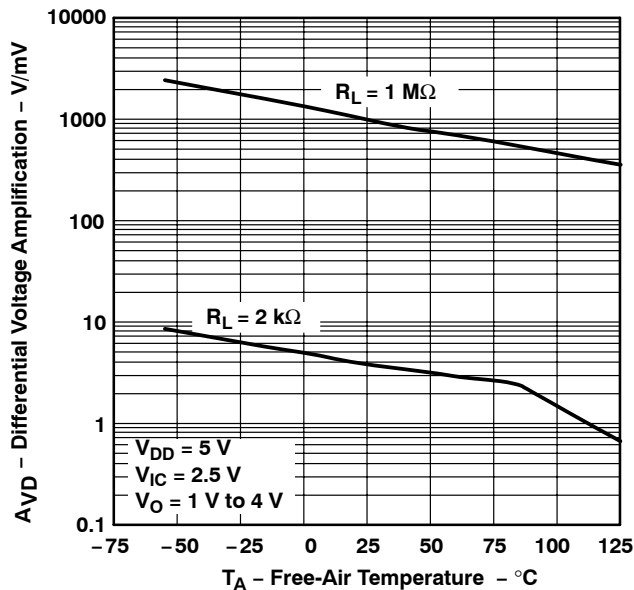


Figure 21

DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION  
 vs  
 FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

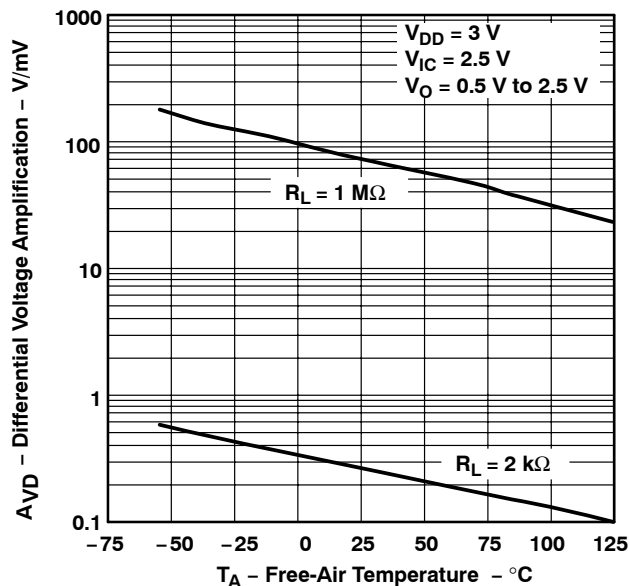
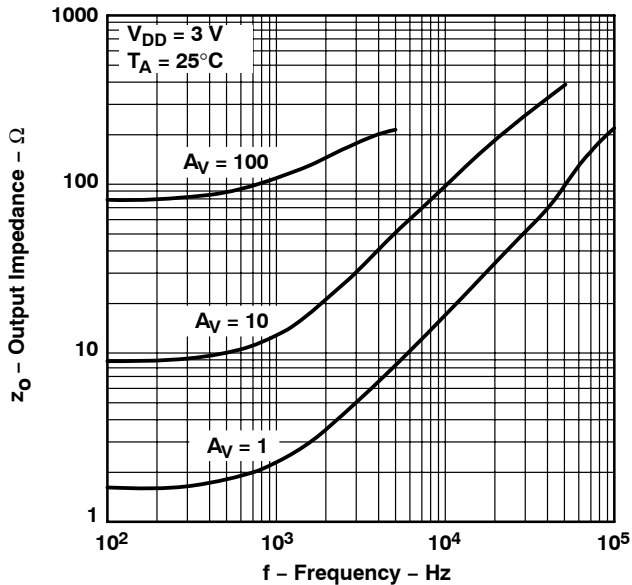


Figure 22



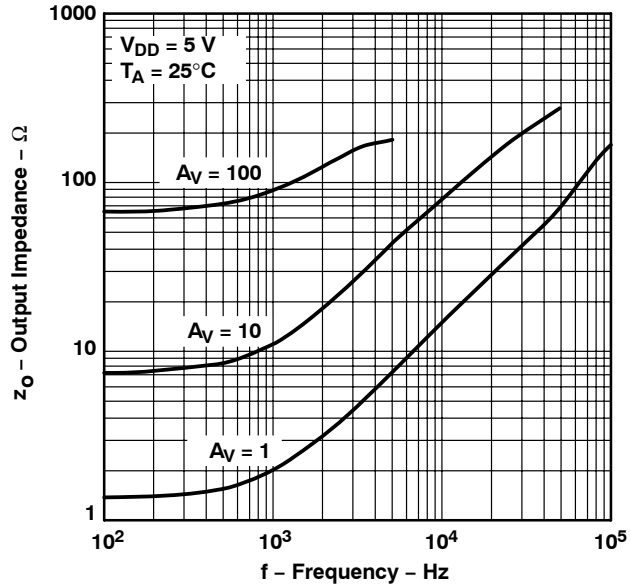
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**OUTPUT IMPEDANCE  
vs  
FREQUENCY**



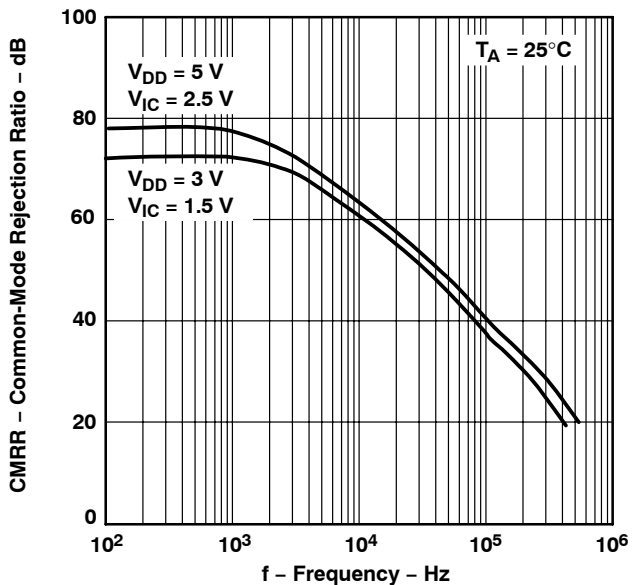
**Figure 23**

**OUTPUT IMPEDANCE  
vs  
FREQUENCY**



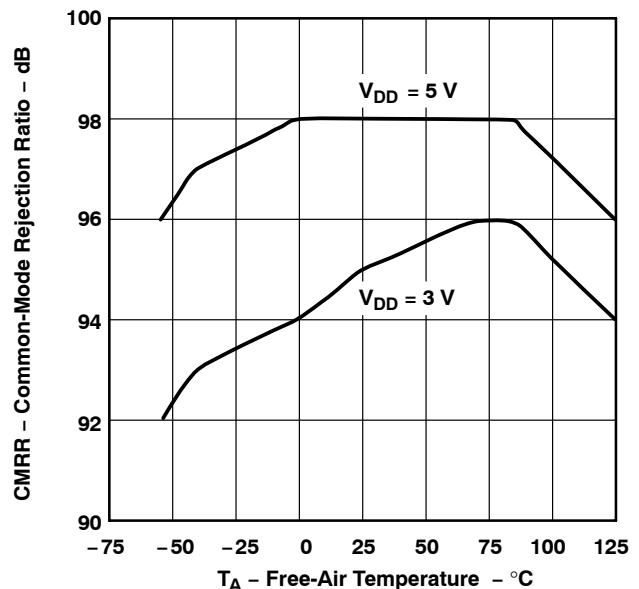
**Figure 24**

**COMMON-MODE REJECTION RATIO  
vs  
FREQUENCY**



**Figure 25**

**COMMON-MODE REJECTION RATIO  
vs  
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE**



**Figure 26**



TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1  
 Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT  
 WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SGLS182B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

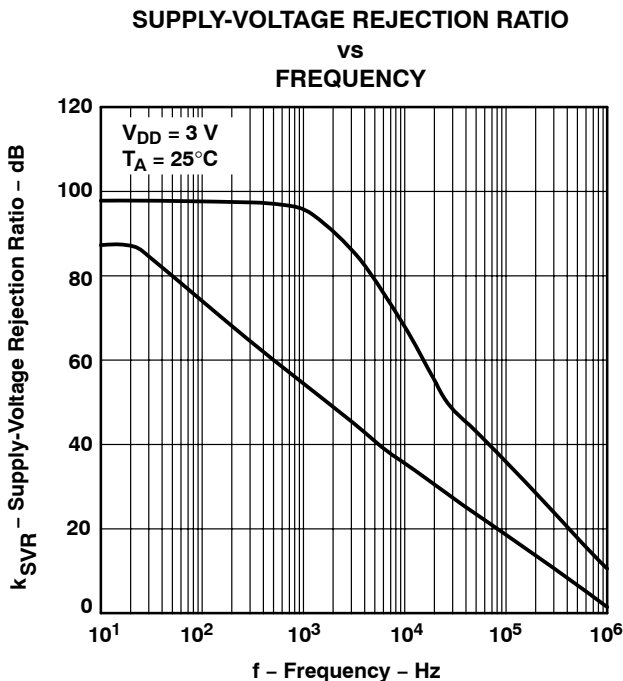


Figure 27

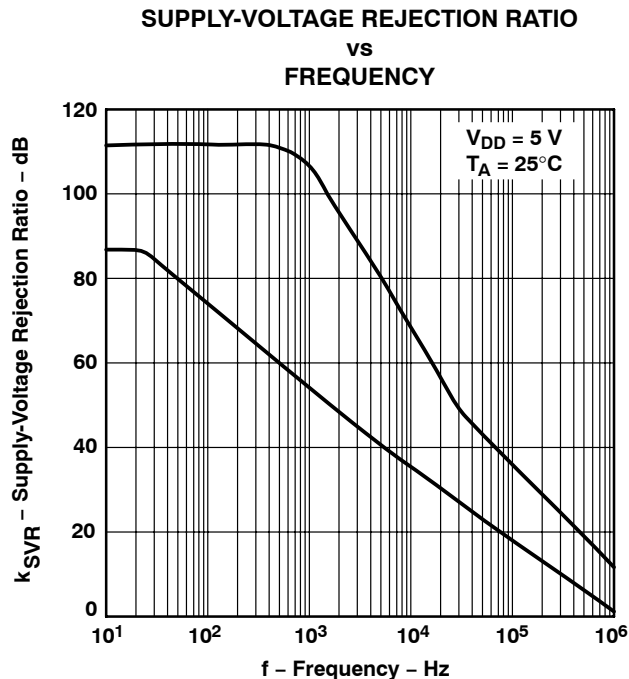


Figure 28

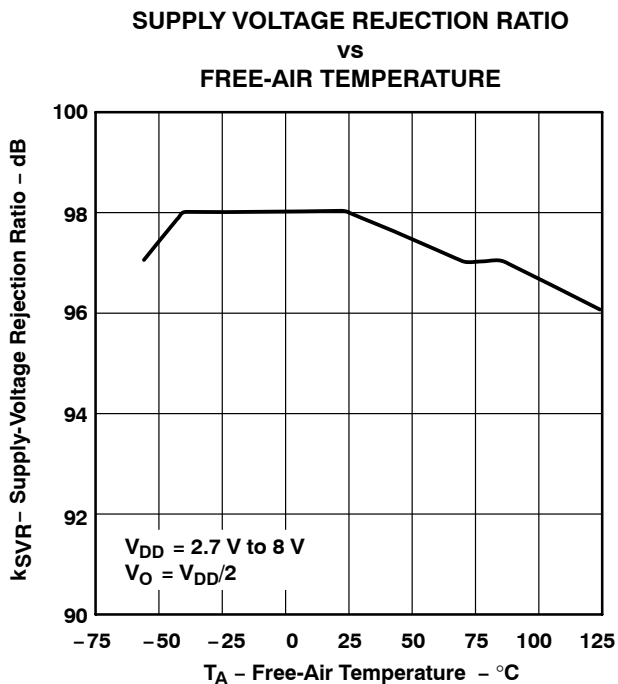


Figure 29

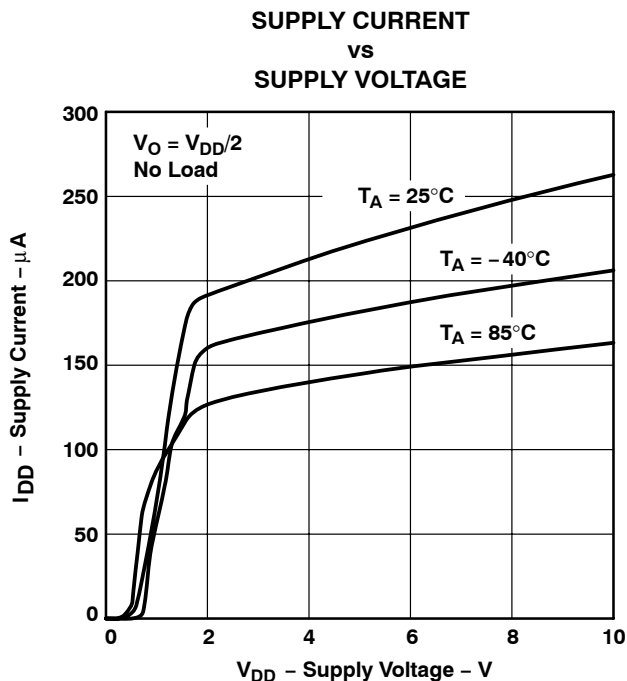
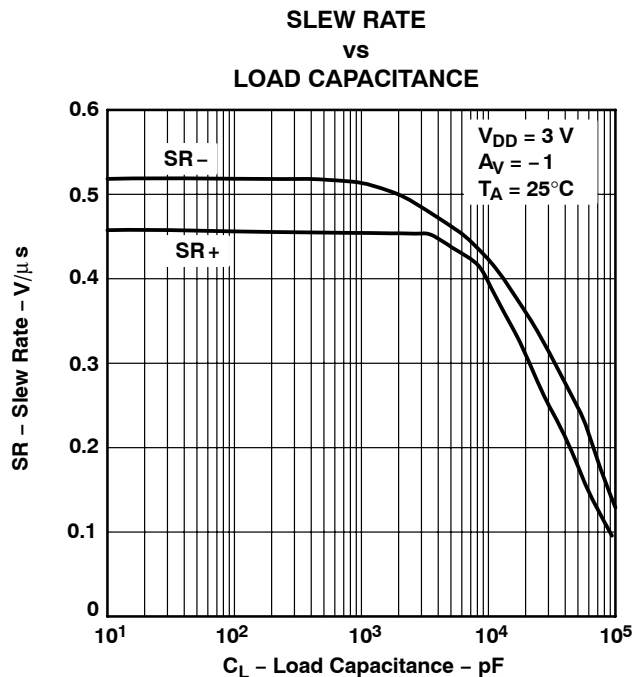


Figure 30

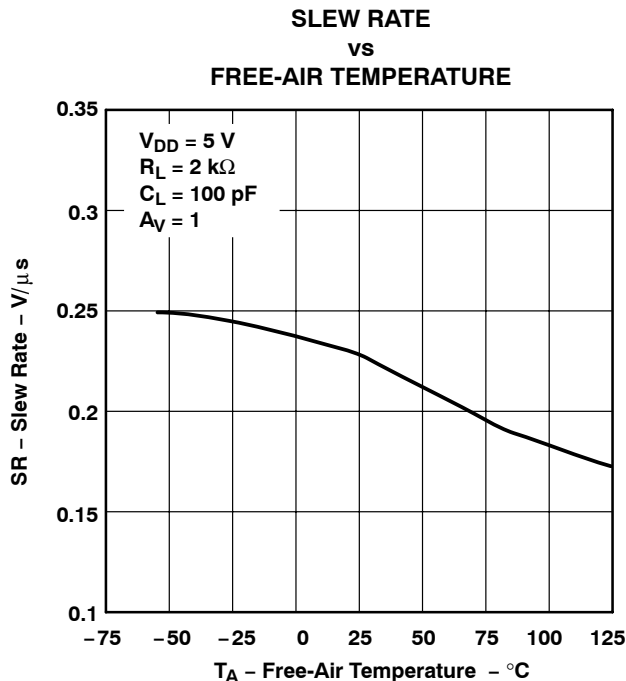
**TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1**  
**Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT**  
**WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS**

SGLS182B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

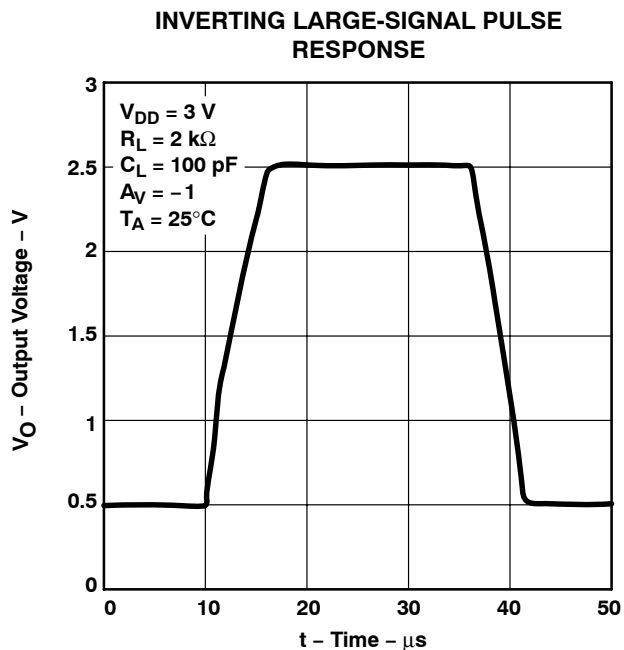
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



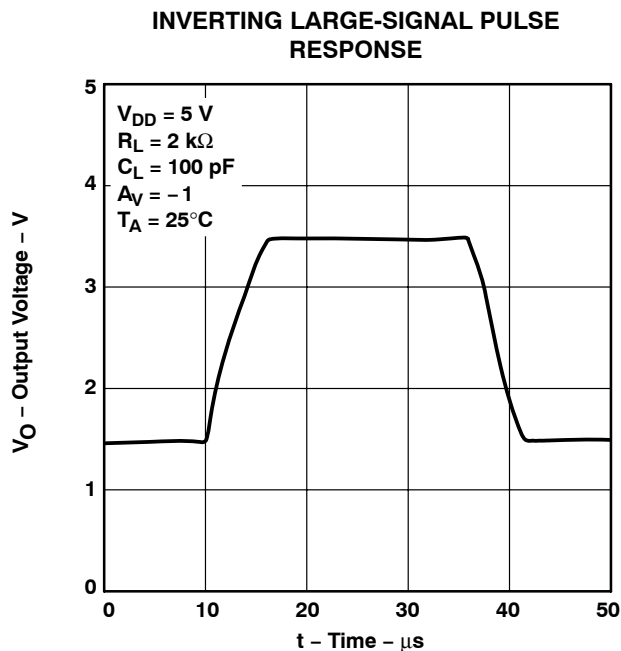
**Figure 31**



**Figure 32**



**Figure 33**



**Figure 34**



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

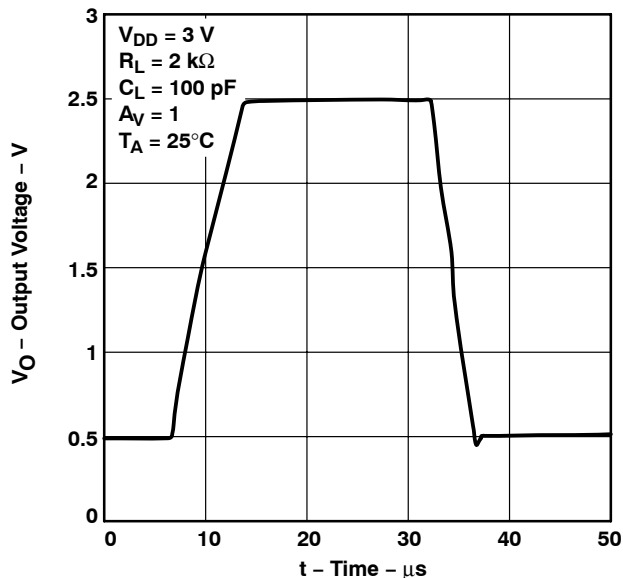


Figure 35

VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

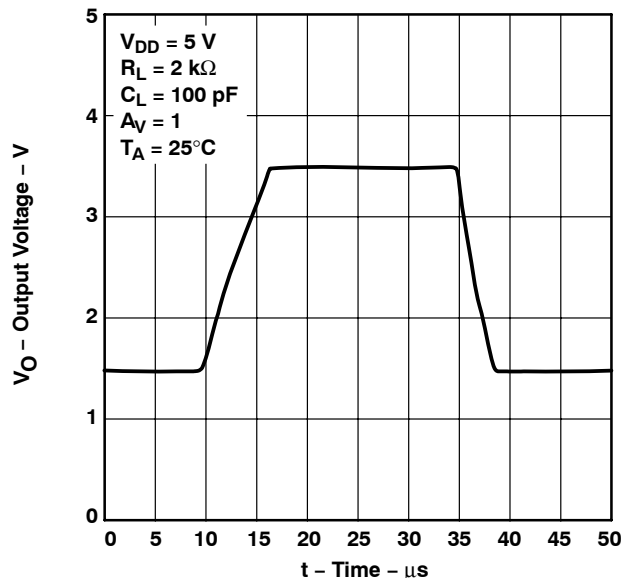


Figure 36

INVERTING SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

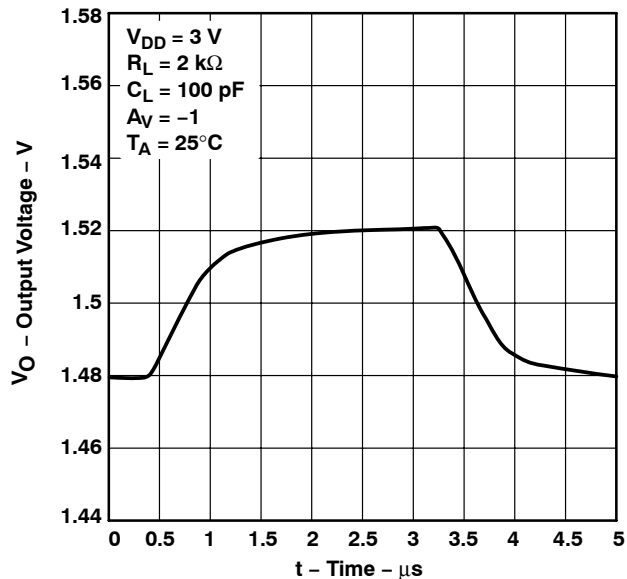


Figure 37

INVERTING SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

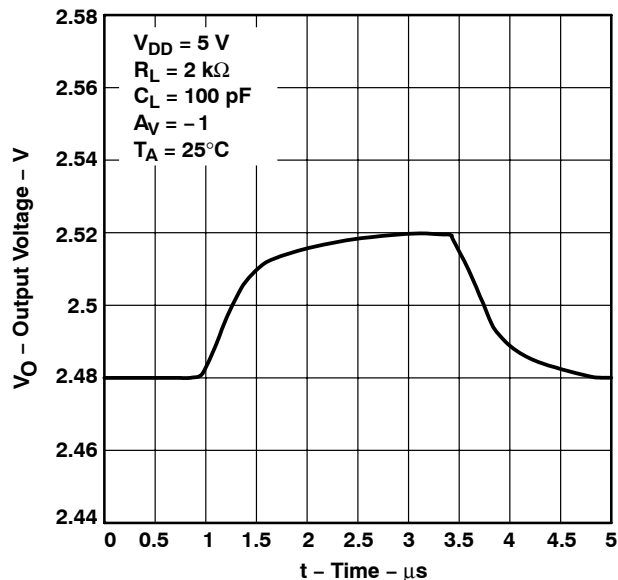


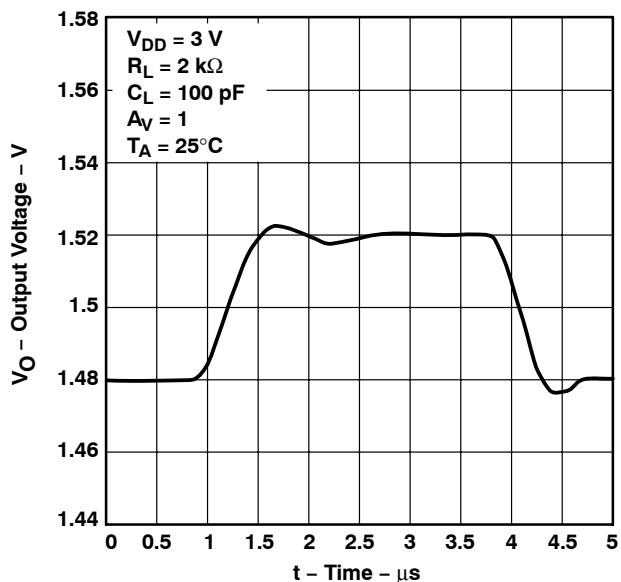
Figure 38

**TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1**  
**Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT**  
**WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS**

SGLS182B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

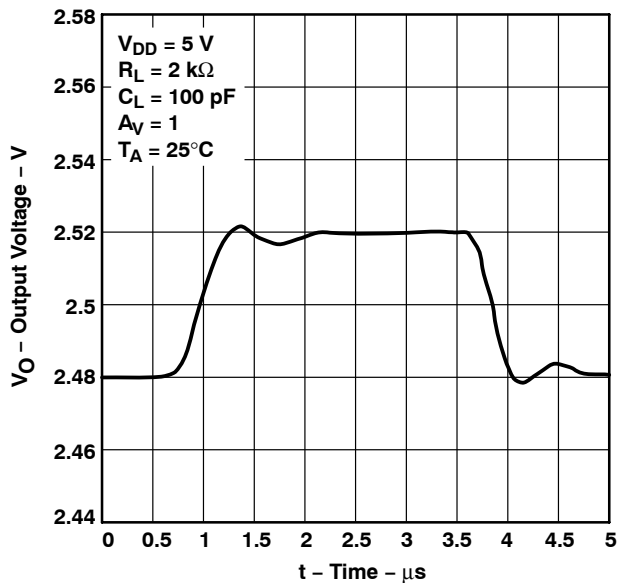
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE**



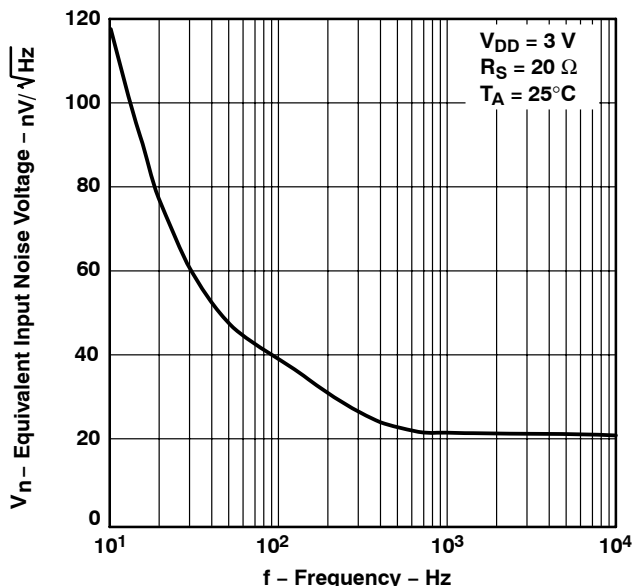
**Figure 39**

**VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE**



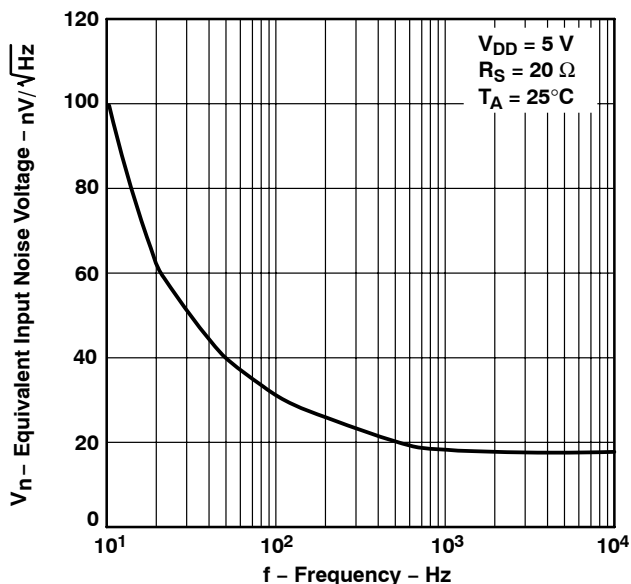
**Figure 40**

**EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE VS FREQUENCY**



**Figure 41**

**EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE VS FREQUENCY**



**Figure 42**



TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1  
 Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT  
 WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SGLS182B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

NOISE VOLTAGE OVER A 10-SECOND PERIOD

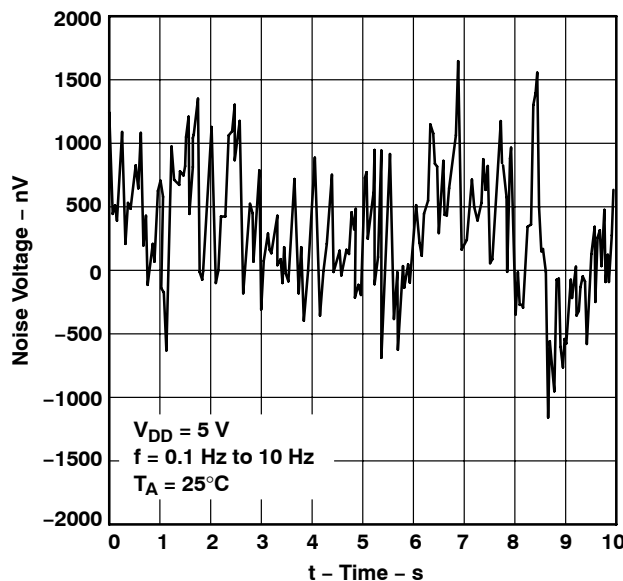


Figure 43

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE  
 vs  
 FREQUENCY

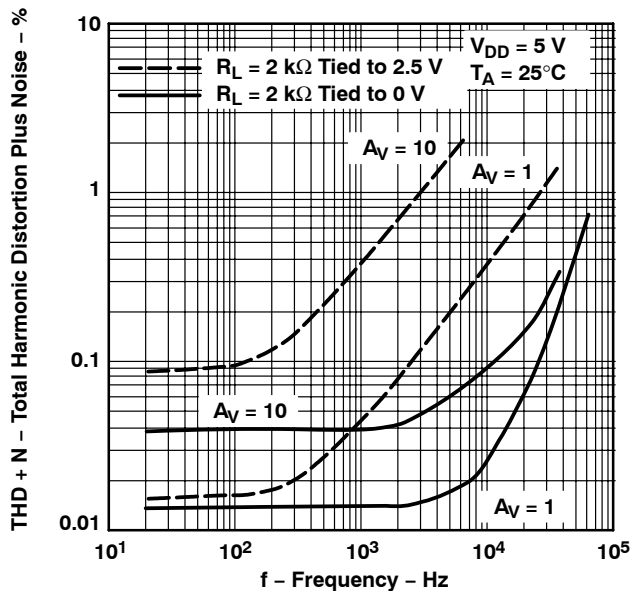


Figure 44

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE  
 vs  
 FREQUENCY

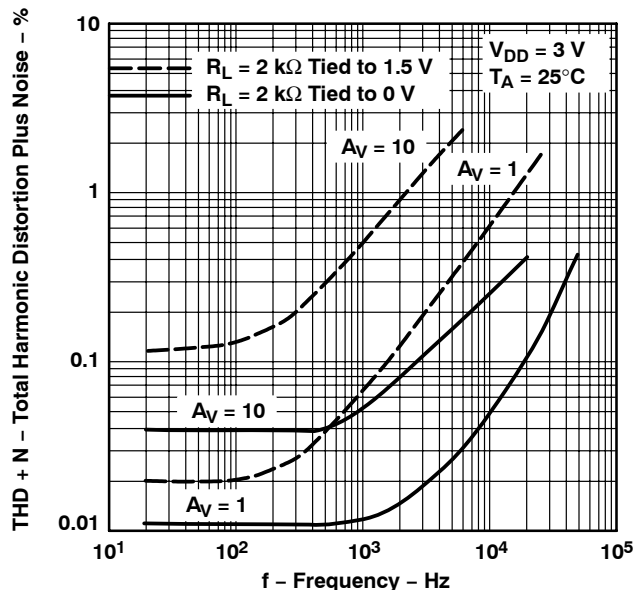
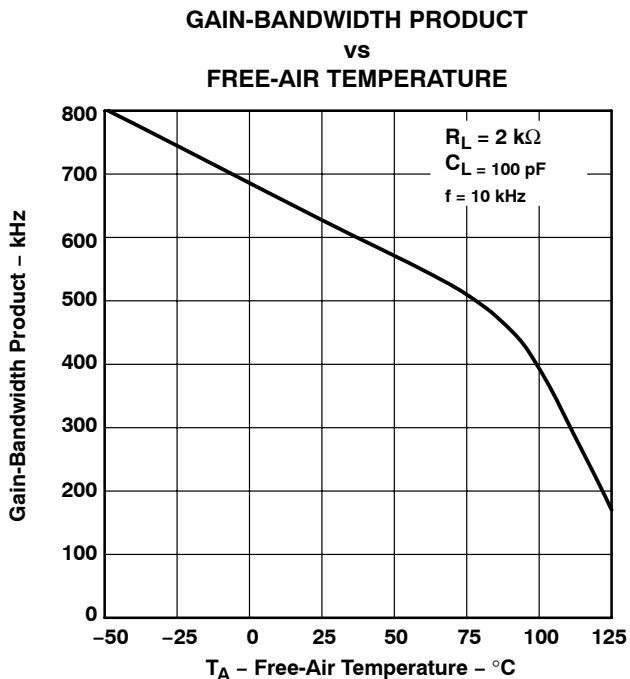
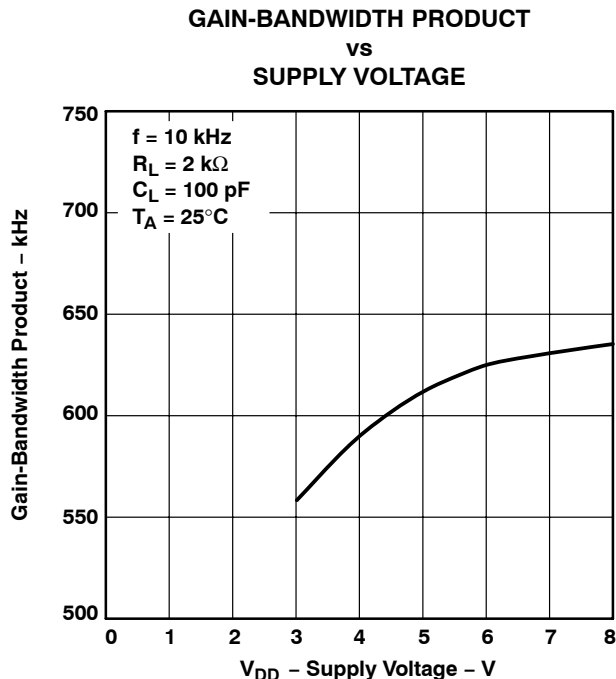


Figure 45

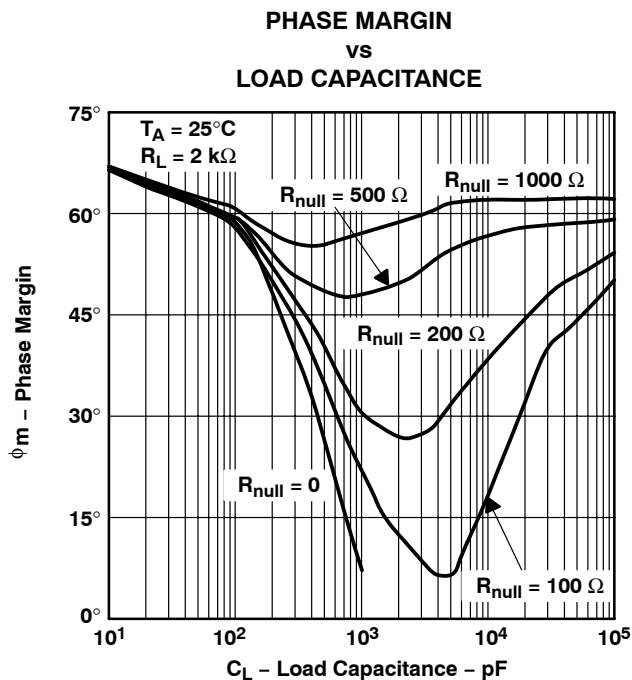
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



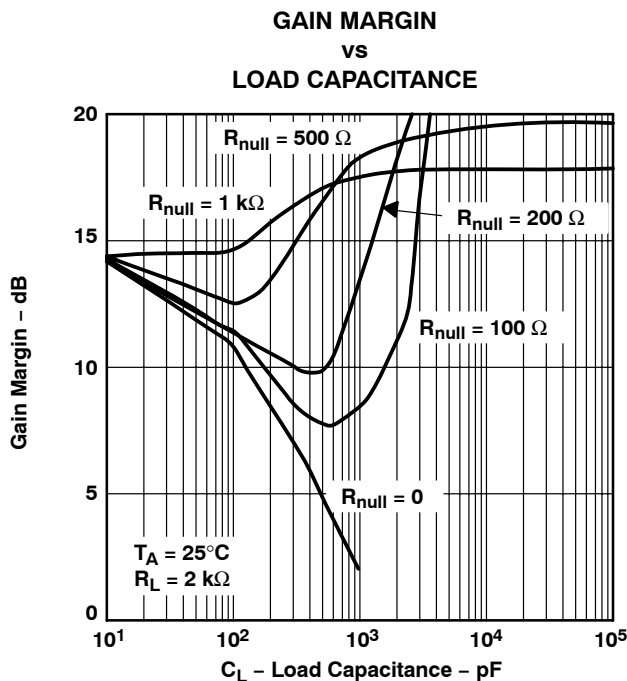
**Figure 46**



**Figure 47**



**Figure 48**



**Figure 49**

TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1  
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT  
WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SGLS182B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

UNITY-GAIN BANDWIDTH  
vs  
LOAD CAPACITANCE

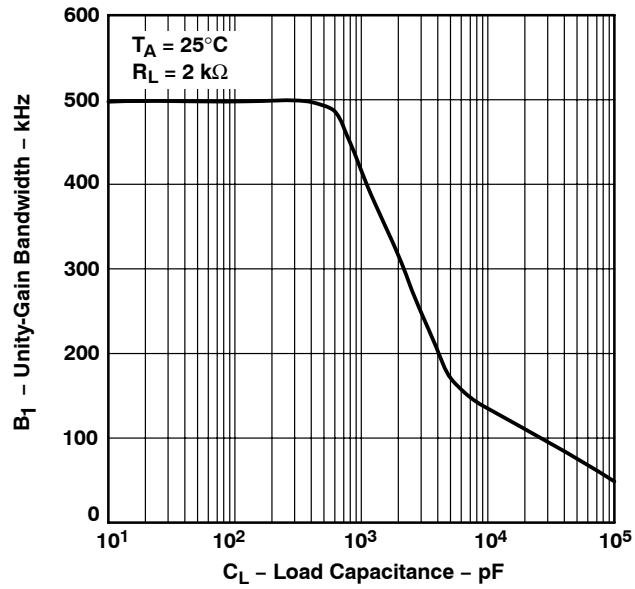


Figure 50

# TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1

## Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT

### WIDE-INPUT-VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SGLS182B – SEPTEMBER 2003 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### macromodel information

Macromodel information provided was derived using Microsim *Parts*™, the model generation software used with Microsim *PSpice*™. The Boyle macromodel (see Note 5) and subcircuit in Figure 51 are generated using the TLV243x typical electrical and operating characteristics at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ . Using this information, output simulations of the following key parameters can be generated to a tolerance of 20% (in most cases):

- Maximum positive output voltage swing
- Maximum negative output voltage swing
- Slew rate
- Quiescent power dissipation
- Input bias current
- Open-loop voltage amplification
- Unity-gain frequency
- Common-mode rejection ratio
- Phase margin
- DC output resistance
- AC output resistance
- Short-circuit output current limit

NOTE 4: G. R. Boyle, B. M. Cohn, D. O. Pederson, and J. E. Solomon, "Macromodeling of Integrated Circuit Operational Amplifiers", *IEEE Journal of Solid-State Circuits*, SC-9, 353 (1974).

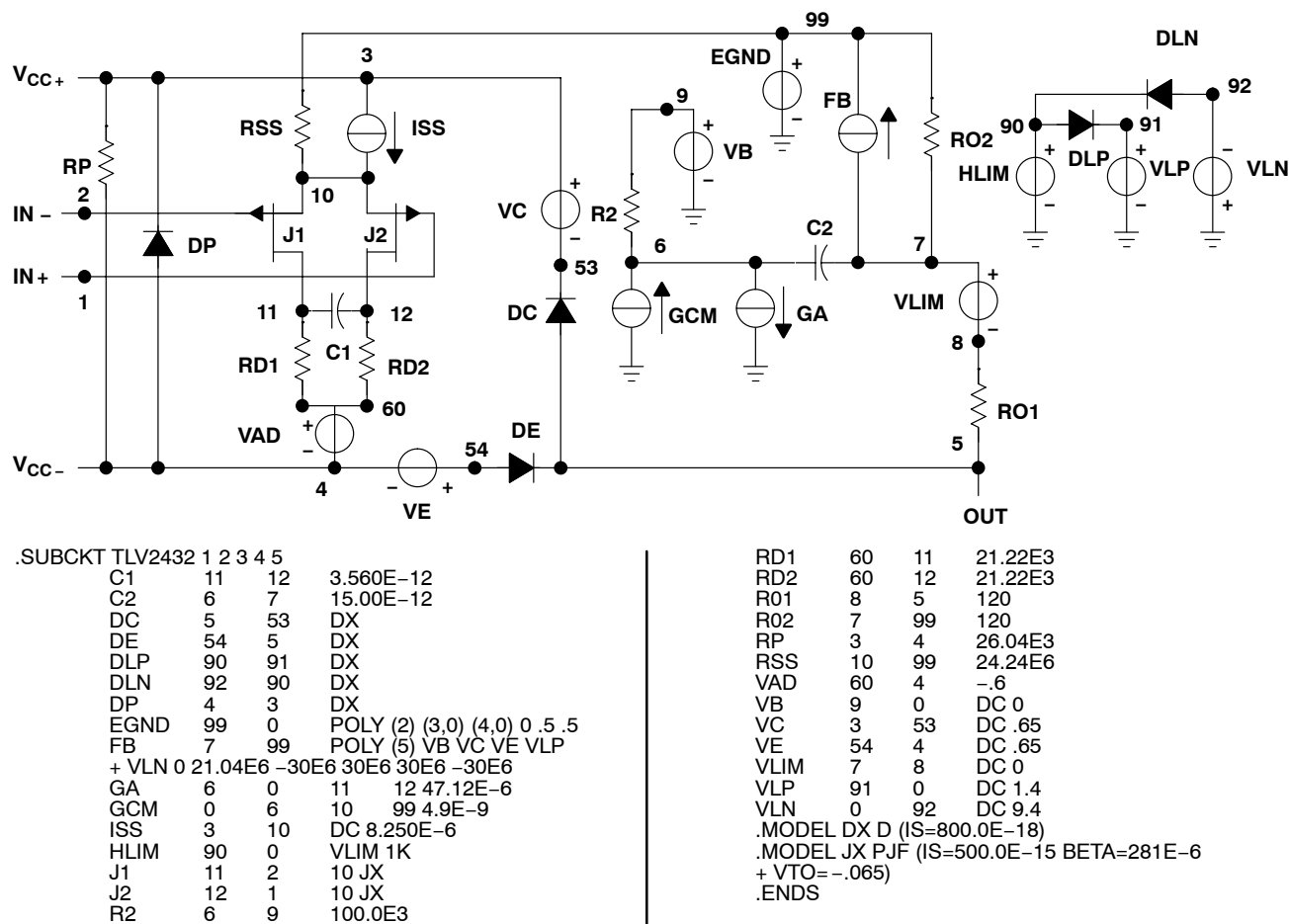


Figure 51. Boyle Macromodel and Subcircuit

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## PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status<br>(1) | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan<br>(2) | Lead finish/<br>Ball material<br>(6) | MSL Peak Temp<br>(3) | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking<br>(4/5) | Samples |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|---------|
| TLV2432AQDRQ1    | LIFEBUY       | SOIC         | D               | 8    | 2500        | RoHS & Green    | NIPDAU                               | Level-1-260C-UNLIM   | -40 to 125   | 2432AQ                  |         |
| TLV2432QDRG4Q1   | ACTIVE        | SOIC         | D               | 8    | 2500        | RoHS & Green    | NIPDAU                               | Level-1-260C-UNLIM   | -40 to 125   | 2432Q1                  | Samples |
| TLV2434AQDRQ1    | ACTIVE        | SOIC         | D               | 14   | 2500        | RoHS & Green    | NIPDAU                               | Level-1-260C-UNLIM   | -40 to 125   | 2434AQ                  | Samples |
| TLV2434AQPWRQ1   | ACTIVE        | TSSOP        | PW              | 14   | 2000        | RoHS & Green    | NIPDAU                               | Level-3-260C-168 HR  | -40 to 125   | 2434AQ                  | Samples |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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**OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TLV2432-Q1, TLV2432A-Q1, TLV2434A-Q1 :**

- Catalog : [TLV2432](#), [TLV2432A](#), [TLV2434A](#)

**NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:**

- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**

**QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE**


\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device         | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|----------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| TLV2434AQPWRQ1 | TSSOP        | PW              | 14   | 2000 | 330.0              | 12.4               | 6.9     | 5.6     | 1.6     | 8.0     | 12.0   | Q1            |

**TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS**


\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device         | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|----------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| TLV2434AQPWRQ1 | TSSOP        | PW              | 14   | 2000 | 356.0       | 356.0      | 35.0        |

D (R-PDSO-G14)

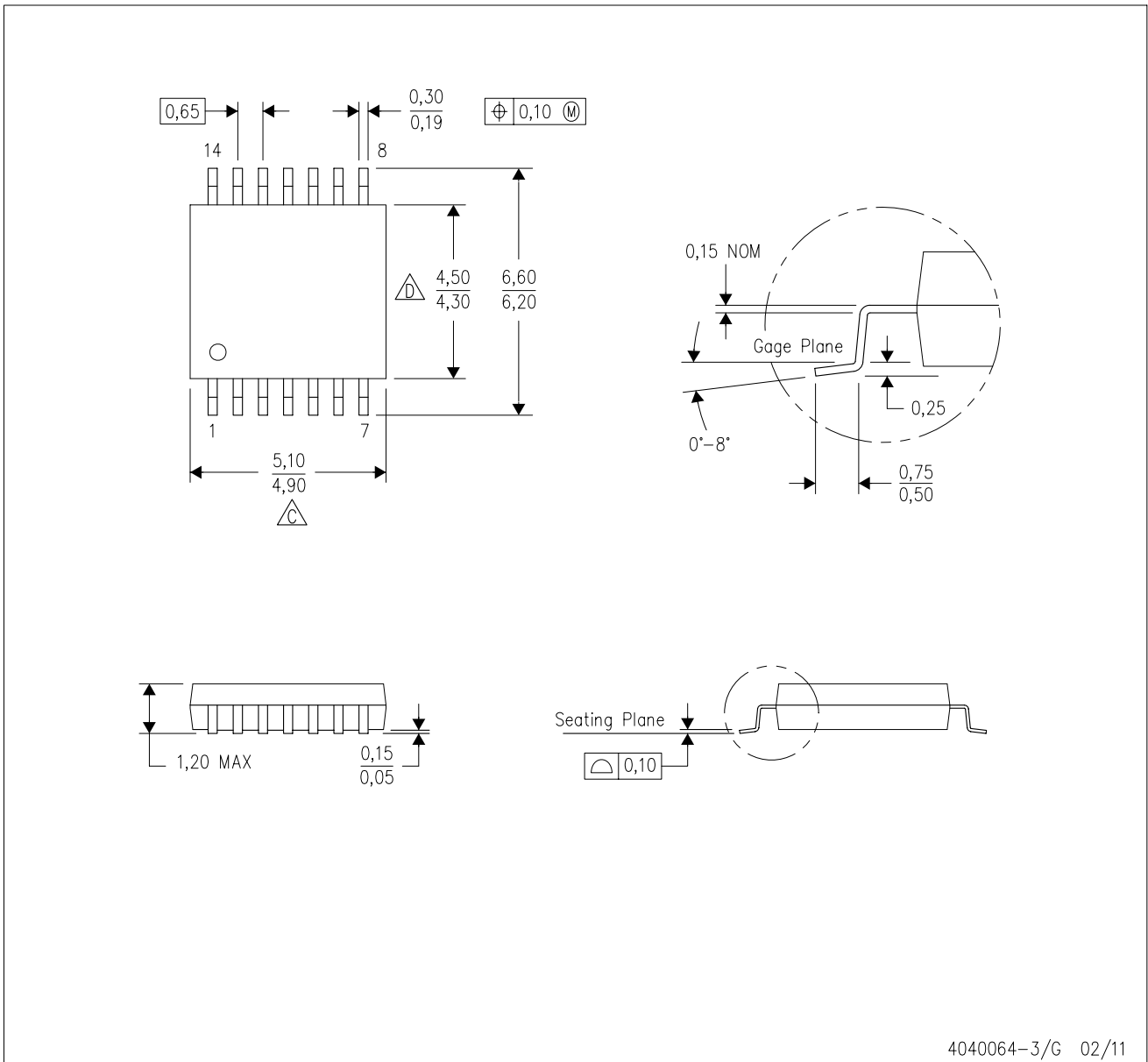
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
  - Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
  - E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AB.

PW (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



4040064-3/G 02/11

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.
  - Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.
  - E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

PW (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
  - Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
  - Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



D0008A

# PACKAGE OUTLINE

SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



NOTES:

1. Linear dimensions are in inches [millimeters]. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Controlling dimensions are in inches. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 [0.15] per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AA.



# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

D0008A

SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN  
SCALE:8X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214825/C 02/2019

NOTES: (continued)

- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

# EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

D0008A

SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON .005 INCH [0.125 MM] THICK STENCIL  
SCALE:8X

4214825/C 02/2019

NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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