



## Surge arrester

2-electrode arrester

**Series/Type:** M51-C90XF  
**Ordering code:** B88069X2351C102  
Version/Date: Issue 01 / 2012-04-12

**Features**

- Very small size
- High current rating
- Fast response time
- Stable performance over life
- Very low capacitance
- High insulation resistance
- RoHS-compatible

**Applications**

- Branch exchange (MDF)
- Subscriber protection
- Line protection
- Consumer electronics
- Alarm systems

**Electrical specifications**

DC spark-over voltage <sup>1) 2)</sup>	90 ± 20	V %
Impulse spark-over voltage at 100 V/μs - for 99% of measured values - typical values of distribution at 1 kV/μs - for 99% of measured values - typical values of distribution	< 550 < 500 < 600 < 550	V V V V
Service life 10 operations 50 Hz, 1 s 5 operations 50 Hz, 1 s 1 operation 50 Hz, 0.18 s (9 cycles) 10 operations 8/20 μs 1 operation 8/20 μs	2.5 5 10 5 7.5	A A A kA kA
Insulation resistance at 50 V <sub>DC</sub>	> 1	GΩ
Capacitance at 1 MHz	< 1	pF
Arc voltage at 1 A Glow to arc transition current Glow voltage	~ 15 ~ 0.8 ~ 60	V A V
Weight	~ 1	g
Storage temperature	-40 ... +90	°C
Climatic category (IEC 60068-1)	40 / 90 / 21	
Marking, blue negative	<b>EPCOS 90 YY O</b> 90 - Nominal voltage YY - Year of production O - Non radioactive	

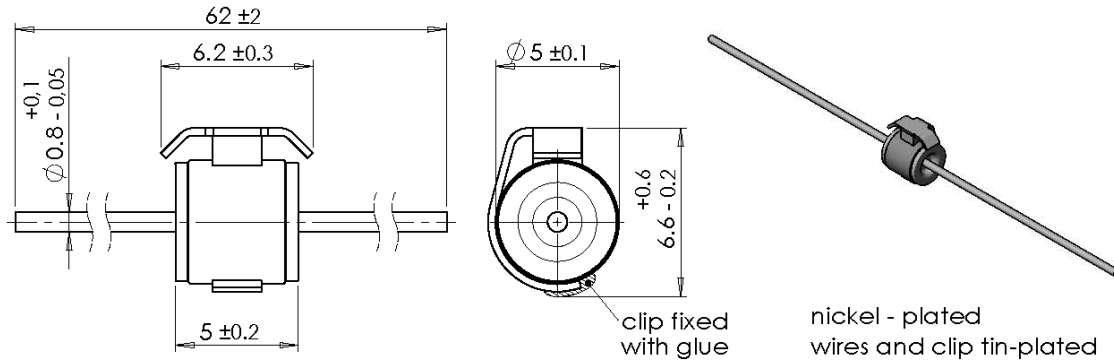
<sup>1)</sup> At delivery AQL 0.65 level II, DIN ISO 2859

<sup>2)</sup> In ionized mode

Terms in accordance with ITU-T Rec. K.12, IEC 61663-2 and IEC 61643-311.

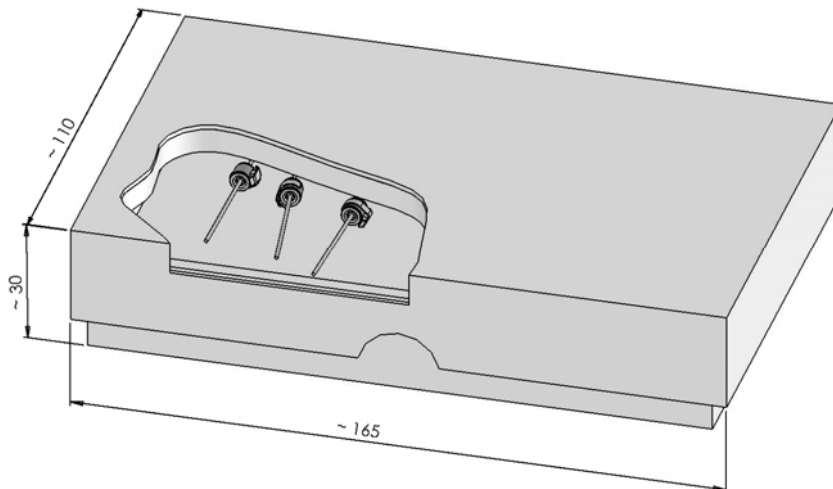
The arrester failsafe mechanism contains a solder pellet with a melting temperature between 193 and 203 °C.

**Dimensional drawing in mm**



**Ordering code and packing advice**

*B88069X2351C102 = 100 pcs. in container*



**Cautions and warnings**

- The short circuit spring does not trigger until  $180\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  is reached depending on the material. Care must be taken to limit the thermal radiation onto adjacent parts to safe values.
- Surge arresters must not be operated directly in power supply networks.
- Surge arresters may become hot in the event of longer periods of current stress (danger of burning).
- Surge arresters may be used only within their specified values. In the event of overload, the head contacts may fail or the component may be destroyed.
- Damaged surge arresters must not be re-used.

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