

August 1991

Features

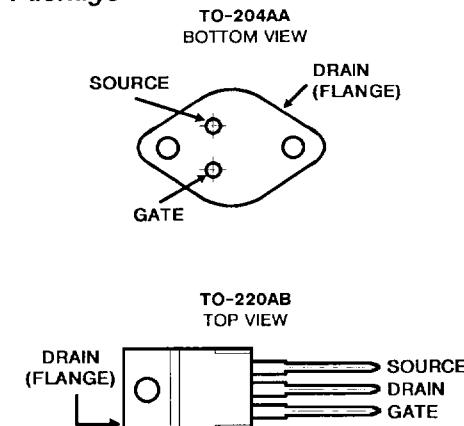
- 10A, 120V and 150V
- $r_{DS(ON)} = 0.3\Omega$
- Design Optimized for 5V Gate Drives
- Can be Driven Directly from QMOS, NMOS, TTL Circuits
- Compatible with Automotive Drive Requirements
- SOA is Power-Dissipation Limited
- Nanosecond Switching Speeds
- Linear Transfer Characteristics
- High Input Impedance
- Majority Carrier Device

Description

The RFM10N12L and RFM10N15L and the RFP10N12L and RFP10N15L are N-channel enhancement-mode silicon-gate power field-effect transistors designed for applications such as switching regulators, switching converters, motor drivers, relay drivers and drivers for high-power bipolar switching transistors requiring high speed and low gate-drive power. These types can be operated directly from integrated circuits.

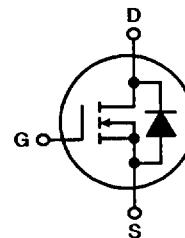
The RFM series types are supplied in the JEDEC TO-204AA steel package and the RFP series types in the JEDEC TO-220AB plastic package.

Package



Terminal Diagram

N-CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT MODE



Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_C = +25^\circ C$) Unless Otherwise Specified

	RFM10N12L	RFM10N15L	RFP10N12L	RFP10N15L	UNITS
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	120	150	120	150
Drain-Gate Voltage ($R_{GS} = 1M\Omega$)	V_{DGR}	120	150	120	150
Continuous Drain Current					
RMS Continuous	I_D	10	10	10	A
Pulsed Drain Current	I_{DM}	25	25	25	A
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 10	± 10	± 10	V
Maximum Power Dissipation					
$T_C = +25^\circ C$	P_D	75	75	60	W
Above $T_C = +25^\circ C$, Derate Linearly		0.6	0.6	0.48	W/ $^\circ C$
Operating and Storage Junction	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	$^\circ C$
Temperature Range					

Specifications RFM10N12L, RFM10N15L, RFP10N12L, RFP10N15L

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS, At Case Temperature ($T_c = 25^\circ C$) unless otherwise specified

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LOGIC LEVEL
POWER MOSFETS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS				UNITS	
			RFM10N12L RFP10N12L		RFM10N15L RFP10N15L			
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	BV_{DSS}	$I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{GS} = 0$	120	—	150	—	V	
Gate-Threshold Voltage	V_{GTH}	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}$ $I_D = 2 \text{ mA}$	1	2	1	2	V	
Zero-Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS} = 100 \text{ V}$	—	1	—	—	μA	
		$V_{DS} = 120 \text{ V}$	—	—	—	1		
		$T_c = 125^\circ C$	—	50	—	—		
		$V_{DS} = 100 \text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = 120 \text{ V}$	—	—	—	50		
Gate-Source Leakage Current	I_{GS}	$V_{GS} = \pm 10 \text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = 0$	—	100	—	100	nA	
Drain-Source On Voltage	$V_{DS(on)}^a$	$I_D = 5 \text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}$	—	1.5	—	1.5	V	
		$I_D = 10 \text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}$	—	4	—	4		
		$I_D = 5 \text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}$	—	0.3	—	0.3		
Static Drain-Source On Resistance	$r_{DS(on)}$ ^a	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_D = 5 \text{ A}$	4.0	—	4.0	—	mho	
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V}$	—	1200	—	1200	pF	
		$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$	—	250	—	250		
		$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	—	120	—	120		
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 75 \text{ V}$	15(typ)	60	15(typ)	60	ns	
Rise Time	t_r	$I_D = 5 \text{ A}$	50(typ)	135	50(typ)	135		
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$	$R_{gen} = \infty$	90(typ)	135	90(typ)	135		
Fall Time	t_f	$R_{gs} = 6.25 \Omega$ $V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}$	90(typ)	135	90(typ)	135		
Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	RFM10N12L, RFM10N15L	—	1.67	—	1.67	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	
		RFP10N12L, RFP10N15L	—	2.083	—	2.083		

SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS				UNITS	
			RFM10N12L RFP10N12L		RFM10N15L RFP10N15L			
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
Diode Forward Voltage	V_{SD} ^a	$I_{SD} = 5 \text{ A}$	—	1.4	—	1.4	V	
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$I_F = 4 \text{ A}$, $d_I/d_t = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	150 (typ.)	150 (typ.)	150 (typ.)	150 (typ.)	ns	

^a Pulse Test: Width $\leq 300 \mu\text{s}$, Duty cycle $\leq 2\%$

RFM10N12L, RFM10N15L, RFP10N12L, RFP10N15L

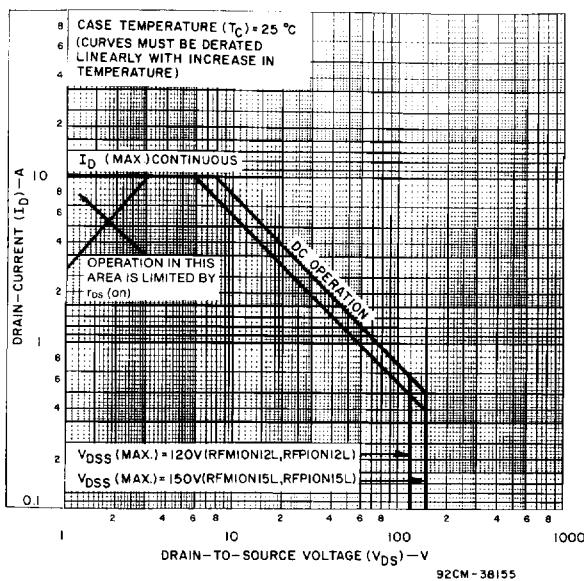


Fig. 1 - Maximum safe operating areas for all types.

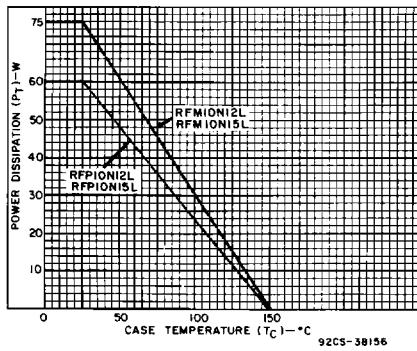


Fig. 2 - Power vs. temperature derating curve for all types.

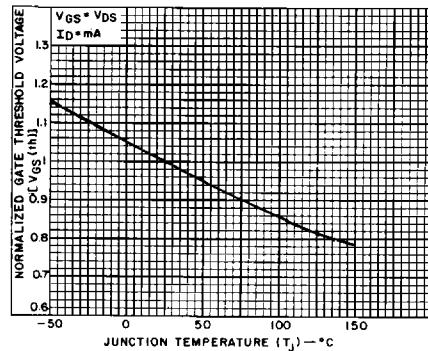


Fig. 3 - Typical normalized gate threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature for all types.

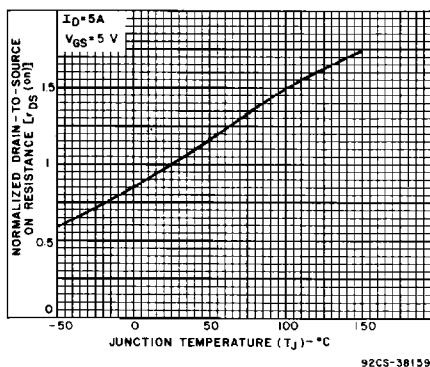


Fig. 4 - Normalized drain-to-source on resistance vs. junction temperature for all types.

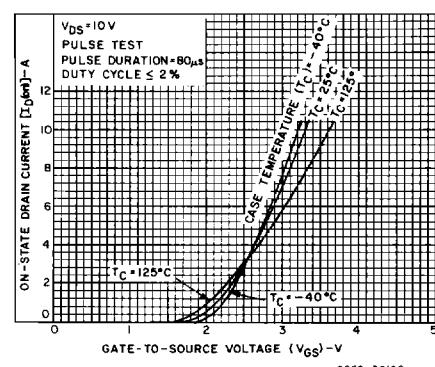


Fig. 5 - Typical transfer characteristics for all types.

RFM10N12L, RFM10N15L, RFP10N12L, RFP10N15L

