

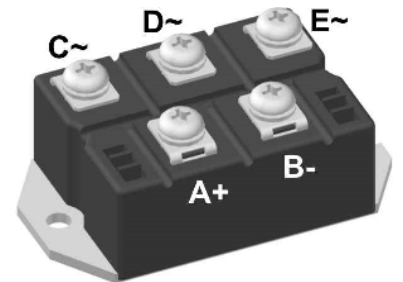
# Standard Rectifier Module


<b>3~ Rectifier</b>	
$V_{RRM} =$	800 V
$I_{DAV} =$	125 A
$I_{FSM} =$	1200 A

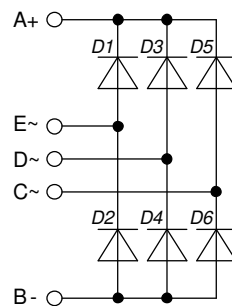
## 3~ Rectifier Bridge

Part number

**VUO110-08NO7**



 E72873



### Features / Advantages:

- Package with DCB ceramic
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Planar passivated chips
- Very low forward voltage drop
- Very low leakage current

### Applications:

- Diode for main rectification
- For three phase bridge configurations
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Package: PWS-E

- Isolation Voltage: 3000 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Easy to mount with two screws
- Base plate: Copper internally DCB isolated
- Advanced power cycling

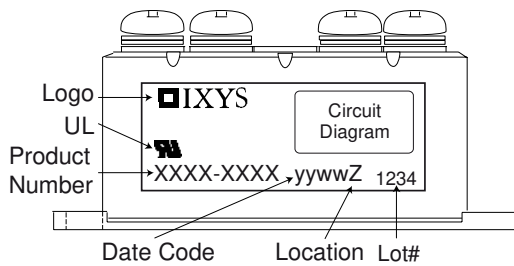
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Rectifier				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_{RSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage					900	V
$V_{RRM}$	max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage					800	V
$I_R$	reverse current	$V_R = 800\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$			100	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_R = 800\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$			2	mA
$V_F$	forward voltage drop	$I_F = 50\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$			1.13	V
		$I_F = 150\text{ A}$				1.46	V
		$I_F = 50\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$			1.04	V
		$I_F = 150\text{ A}$				1.47	V
$I_{DAV}$	bridge output current	$T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$ rectangular	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$			125	A
$V_{FO}$	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only				0.79	V
$r_F$	slope resistance					4.5	m $\Omega$
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case					0.7	K/W
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink				0.3		K/W
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation			$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		175	W
$I_{FSM}$	max. forward surge current	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$			1.20	kA
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			1.30	kA
		$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$			1.02	kA
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			1.10	kA
$I^2t$	value for fusing	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$			7.20	kA <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			6.98	kA <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$			5.20	kA <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			5.04	kA <sup>2</sup> s
$C_J$	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		37		pF



Package PWS-E			Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$I_{RMS}$	RMS current	per terminal			200	A
$T_{VJ}$	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
$T_{op}$	operation temperature		-40		125	°C
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-40		125	°C
<b>Weight</b>				284		g
$M_D$	mounting torque		4.25		5.75	Nm
$M_T$	terminal torque		4.25		5.75	Nm
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface   striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	12.0			mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	26.0			mm
$V_{ISOL}$	isolation voltage	t = 1 second	3000			V
		t = 1 minute	2500			V

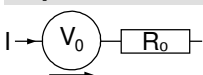


Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	VUO110-08NO7	VUO110-08NO7	Box	5	462365

**Equivalent Circuits for Simulation**

\* on die level

$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$

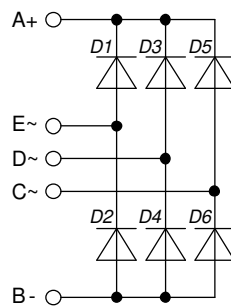
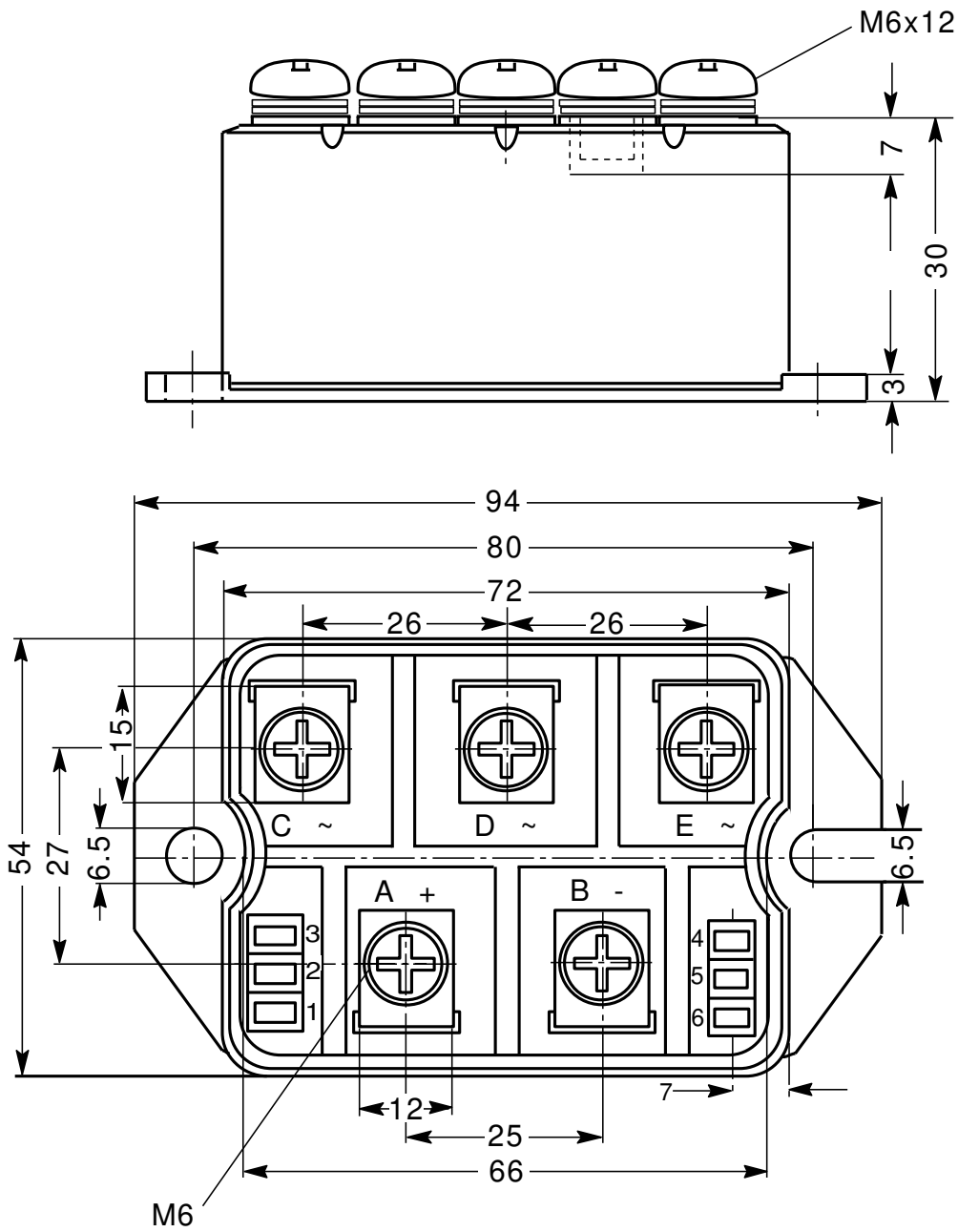


**Rectifier**

$V_{0\ max}$	threshold voltage	0.79	V
$R_{0\ max}$	slope resistance *	3.3	mΩ



Outlines PWS-E



**Rectifier**

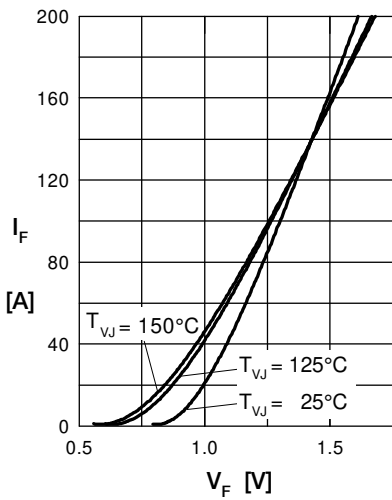


Fig. 1 Forward current vs. voltage drop per diode

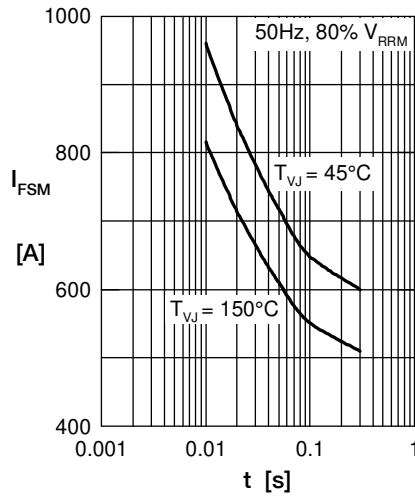


Fig. 2 Surge overload current vs. time per diode

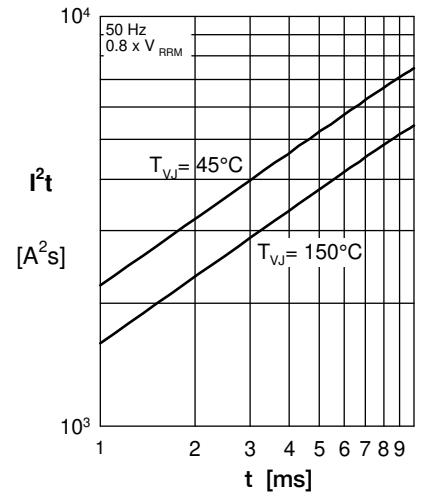


Fig. 3  $I^2t$  vs. time per diode

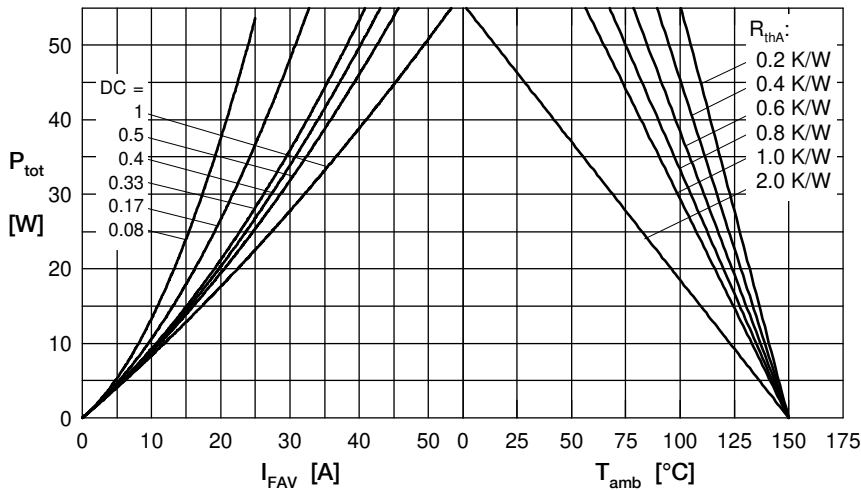


Fig. 4 Power dissipation vs. forward current and ambient temperature per diode

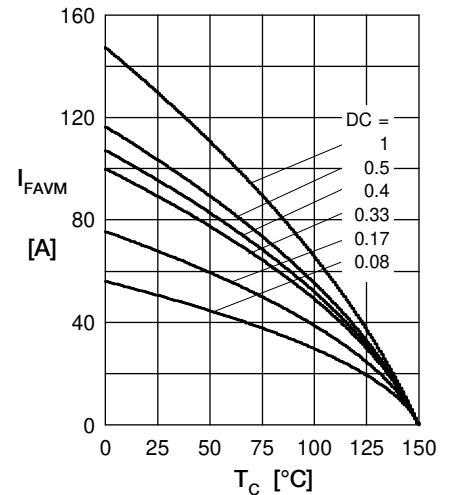


Fig. 5 Max. forward current vs. case temperature per diode

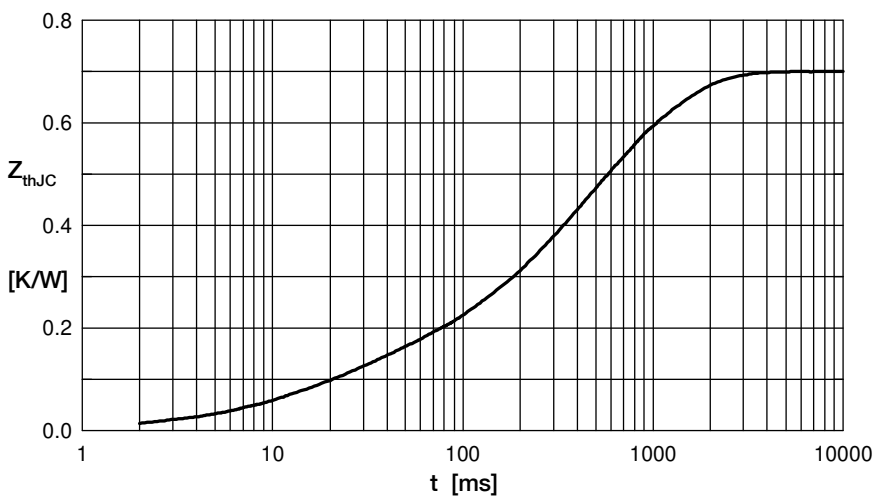


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case vs. time per diode