

QUICK START GUIDE FOR DEMONSTRATION CIRCUIT 1080A

TRIPLE OUTPUT, HIGH POWER, HIGH EFFICIENCY POE PD

LTC4268DKD-1

DESCRIPTION

Demonstration circuit 1080A is a high-power triple output supply featuring the LTC[®]4268-1. This board acts as a pre-standard high power Power-over-Ethernet (PoE) Powered Device (PD) and connects at the RJ45 to a compatible high power Power Sourcing Equipment (PSE) device. The LTC4268-1 provides IEEE802.3af standard PoE PD interfacing. When the PD is fully powered, the PD interface switches power over to the switcher through an on-board high power MOSFET.

The highly-integrated LTC4268-1, small supply utilizes an isolated flyback topology with synchronous

rectification that requires no opto-isolator allowing for low-parts count. The DC1080A output supplies are 5V @ 2.4A, 11.8V @ 0.27A, and 3.3V @ 2.5A.

DC1080A also demonstrates the use of an auxiliary 24V wall adapter. When present, the auxiliary supply becomes the dominant supply over PoE to provide power.

Design files for this circuit board are available. Call the LTC factory.

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Table 1. Typical Performance Summary (T_A = 25°C)

PARAMETER	CONDITION	VALUE
PoE Input Voltage	In from PSE	37V to 57V
PoE Input High Current Limit	I _{LIM_EN} Enabled, Nominal Current	750mA
	I _{LIM_EN} Disabled, Nominal Current	1.45A
PoE Signature Resistance	SHDN Enabled	23.25kΩ to 26.00kΩ
	SHDN Disabled, Maximum Value	11.8kΩ
24V Auxiliary Input Voltage	In from Auxiliary Supply	22.8V to 57V
Output Voltage V _{OUT} (NOTE)	V _{PORTN} from PoE	5V ±2.5% @ 2.4A 11.8V ±2% @ 0.27A 3.3V ±3% @ 2.5A
	V _{PORTN} from 24V ±5% Auxiliary Supply	5V ±2.5% @ 2.4A 11.8V ±2% @ 0.27A 3.3V ±3% @ 2.5A
Typical Output Ripple V _{NEG}	V _{PORTN} = 54V	5V: < 20mVpp @ 2.4A
		11.8V: < 100mVpp @ 0.27A
		3.3V: < 20mVpp @ 2.5A
Nominal Switching Frequency		250kHz
Isolation Voltage		1500VDC

NOTE: Output power is rated to not exceed PoE maximum input power with I_{LIM_EN} Enabled.

QUICK START PROCEDURE

DC1080A is easy to set up to evaluate the performance of the LTC4268-1 in a high power PD application. Refer to Figure 1 and Figure 2 for proper measurement equipment setup and follow the procedure below:

1. Place test equipment (voltmeters, ammeters, and loads) across outputs 5V, 11.8V, and 3.3V.
2. Input Supply Options:
 - a) PoE: Connect a high power PSE with a CAT5 cable to RJ45 connector J1 or 37V to 57V option applied across V+ and POE- if PSE is not available (diode bridge is bypassed).
 - b) Auxiliary: Connect a 24V Auxiliary Supply at J3 or 22.8V to 57V option applied across AUX+ and AUX- if wall adapter is not available.
3. Check for the proper output voltages 5V, 11.8V, and 3.3V.
4. Once the proper output voltages are established, adjust the loads within the operating range and observe the output voltage regulation, ripple voltage, efficiency and other parameters.

OPERATING PRINCIPLES

A compatible high power PSE is connected to the DC1080A at the RJ45 connector J1. A diode bridge is required by IEEE802.3af across the data pairs and spare pairs. Schottky diodes are used at the input to improve efficiency over standard diode bridges. A high power specific Ethernet transformer is used on the data pairs. The LTC4268-1 provides IEEE802.3af standard PoE 25k signature resistance and has the option of displaying a power class through jumper JP3. When the PD is fully powered, the LTC4268-1 limits the inrush current. When voltage is above the turn on UVLO, the PD interface signals a power good to the switcher to begin operation and switches power through its onboard power MOSFET. The LTC4268-1 implements a high current limit of 750mA. Higher currents are allowed by disabling the current limit through JP2 on the DC1080A. The LTC4268-1 can also be shutdown through JP1 to disable the functions including turning off the internal MOSFET and presenting an invalid signature resistance to a PSE.

Once the switcher turns on, the device regulates the output voltages by sensing the average of all the output voltages via a transformer winding during the fly-back time. This allows for tight output regulation without the use of an opto-isolator, providing improved dynamic response and reliability. Synchronous rectification increases the conversion efficiency and cross-regulation effectiveness above a conventional flyback topology. No external driver ICs or delay circuits are needed to achieve synchronous rectification; a single resistor is all that is needed to program the synchronous rectifier's timing.

The DC1080A also demonstrates accepting input power from a 24V auxiliary supply (wall wart) connected at J3. When present, the LTC4268-1 is disabled through Q5 to give the auxiliary supply priority over supplying power to the output and not require power from a PSE. In a high power PD application that does not use the auxiliary supply, D15 can be shorted for higher efficiency in the PD.

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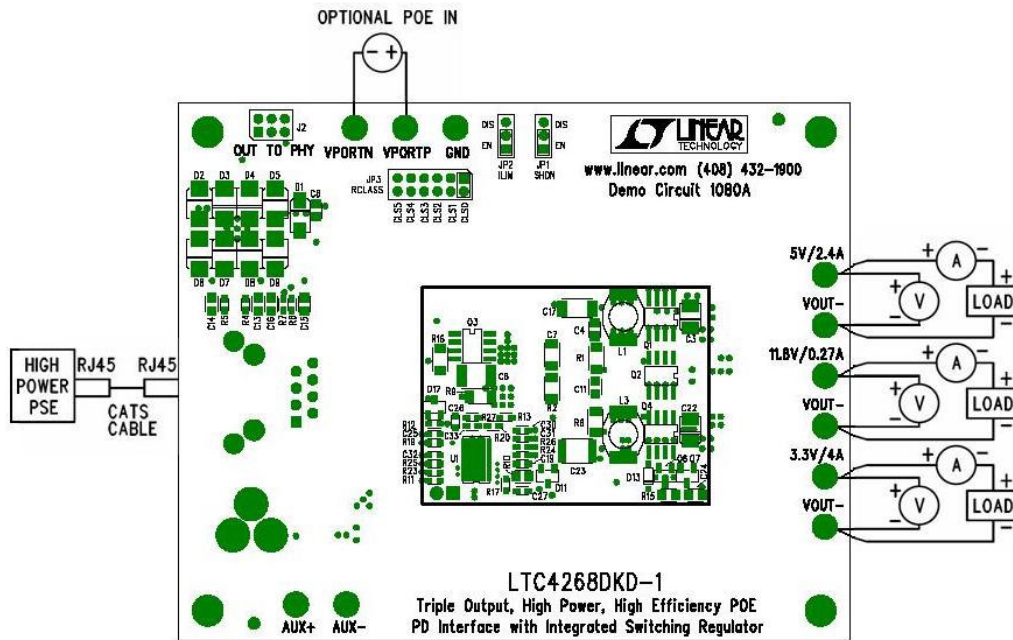


Figure 1. Proper high power PoE measurement equipment setup

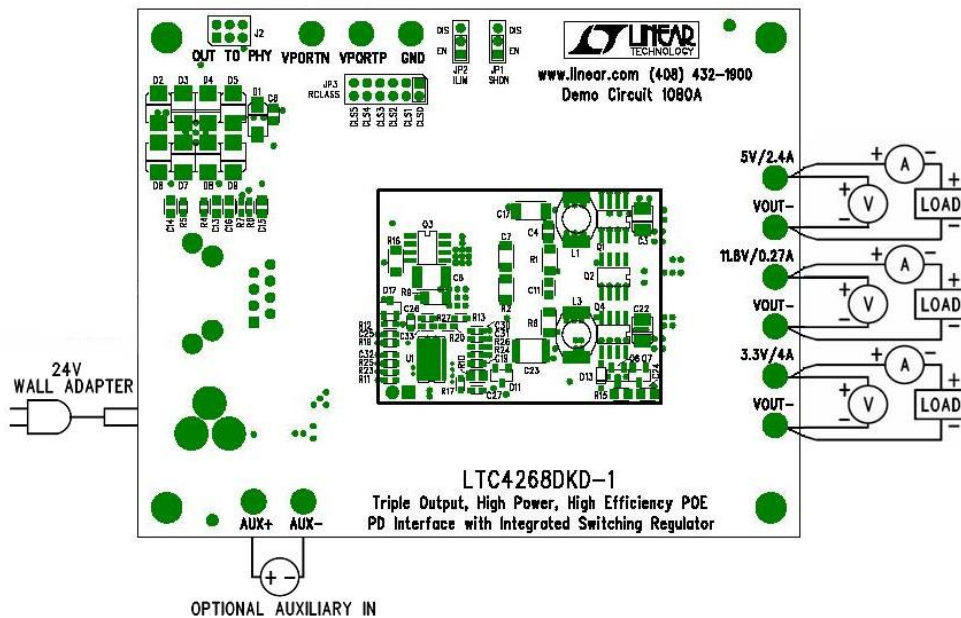


Figure 2. Proper auxiliary supply measurement equipment setup

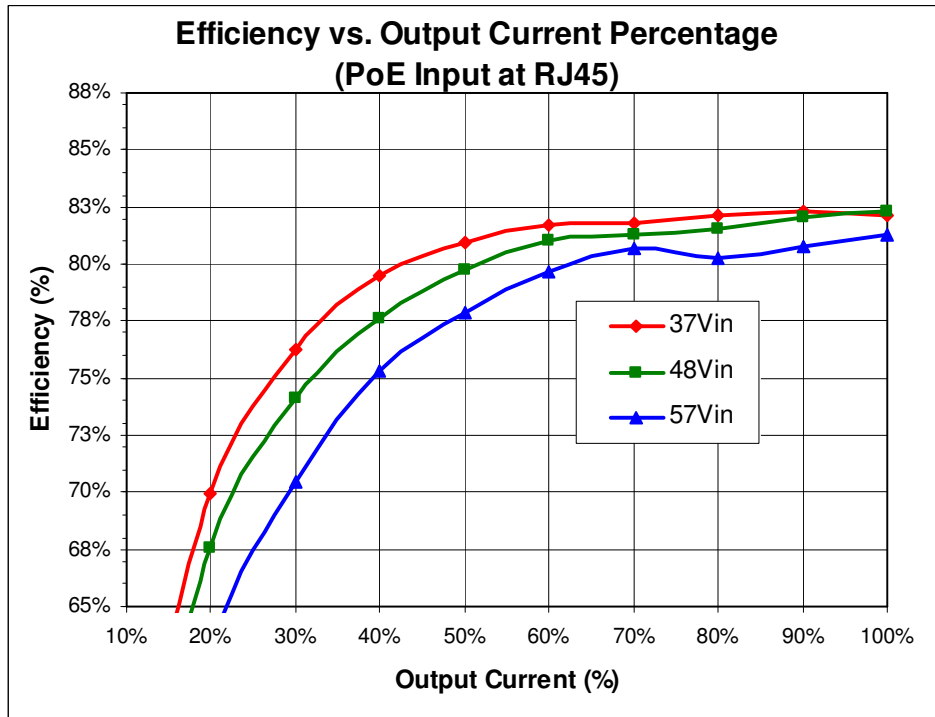


Figure 3. Efficiency curves for different input voltages for PoE in.

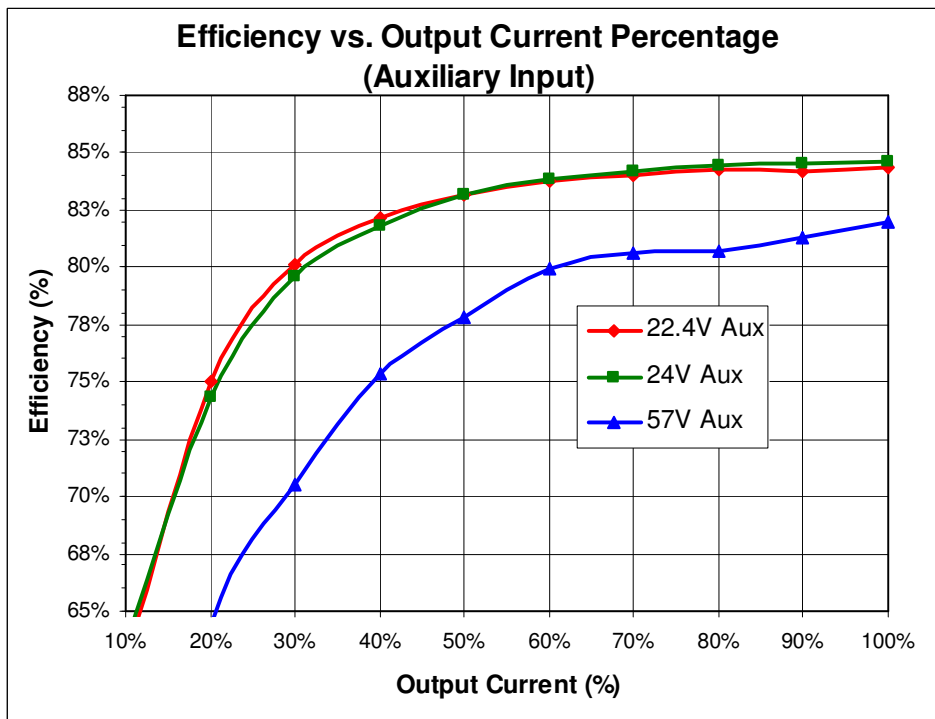


Figure 4. Efficiency curves for different input voltages for auxiliary in.

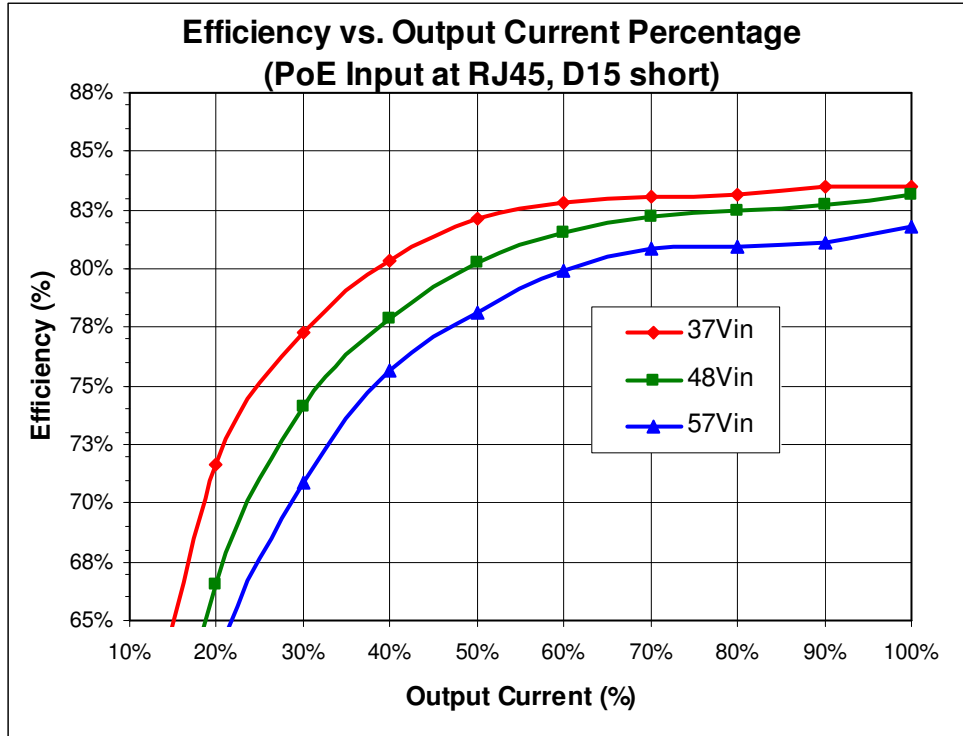


Figure 5. Efficiency curves for different input voltages for PoE in with D15 short.

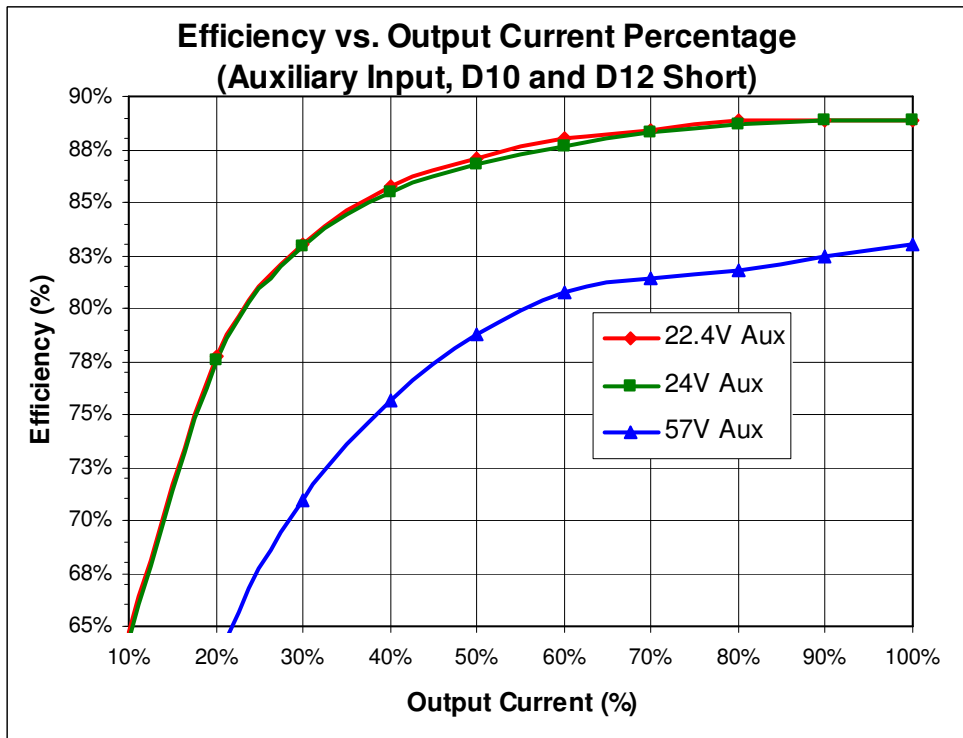
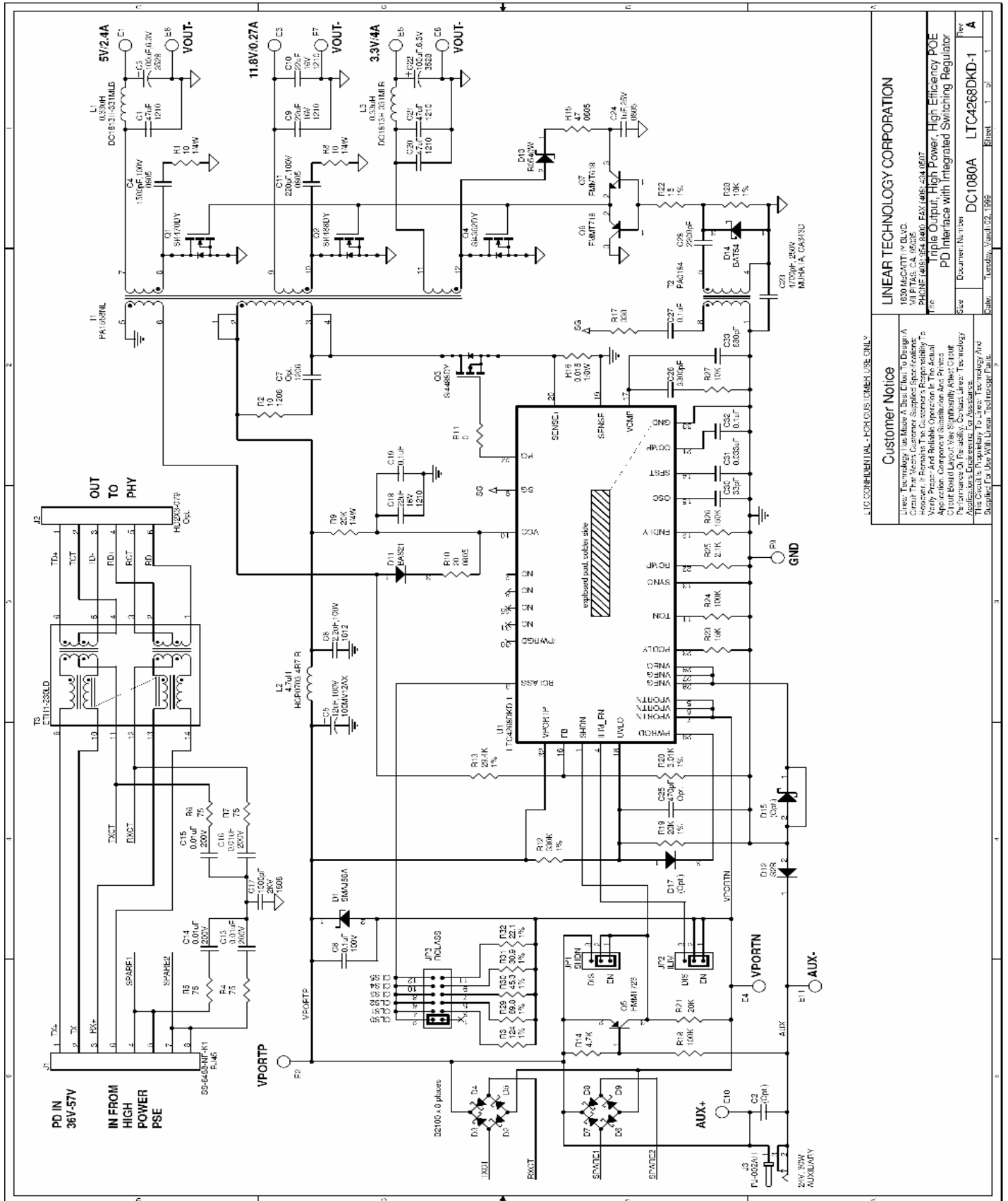


Figure 6. Efficiency curves for different input voltages for auxiliary in with D10 and D12 short.

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LEGEND: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, ALL COMPONENTS ARE TO BE USED AS SHOWN.

Customer Notice	
Linear Technology has made a Best Effort To Design A Circuit That Meets Customer Specifications. Customers Must Verify Proper And Reliable Operation In The Actual Application. Component Substitution And Pin-to-Pin Board Layout May Significantly Affect Circuit Performance. On The Whole, Consult Linear Technology For Detailed Information On Reliability, Test Methods, Standards, Etc. Use Will Linear Technology Parts.	Linear Technology Corporation 1630 Alcott Dr. BLVD. Folsom, CA 95630 916-977-1000 FAX: 916-977-1007 www.linear.com
DC1080A	High Power, High Efficiency POE PD Interface with Integrated Switching Regulator
DC1080A	LTC4268DK-1
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