

## **Rochester Electronics Manufactured Components**

Rochester branded components are manufactured using either die/wafers purchased from the original suppliers or Rochester wafers recreated from the original IP. All recreations are done with the approval of the OCM.

Parts are tested using original factory test programs or Rochester developed test solutions to guarantee product meets or exceed the OCM data sheet.

# **Quality Overview**

- ISO-9001
- AS9120 certification
- Qualified Manufacturers List (QML) MIL-PRF-35835
  - Class Q Military
  - Class V Space Level
- Qualified Suppliers List of Distributors (QSLD)

• Rochester is a critical supplier to DLA and meets all industry and DLA standards.

Rochester Electronics, LLC is committed to supplying products that satisfy customer expectations for quality and are equal to those originally supplied by industry manufacturers.

The original manufacturer's datasheet accompanying this document reflects the performance and specifications of the Rochester manufactured version of this device. Rochester Electronics guarantees the performance of its semiconductor products to the original OEM specifications. 'Typical' values are for reference purposes only. Certain minimum or maximum ratings may be based on product characterization, design, simulation, or sample testing.

# **Retriggerable Monostable Multivibrators**

These dc triggered multivibrators feature pulse width control by three methods. The basic pulse width is programmed by selection of external resistance and capacitance values. The LS122 has an internal timing resistor that allows the circuits to be used with only an external capacitor. Once triggered, the basic pulse width may be extended by retriggering the gated low-level-active (A) or high-level-active (B) inputs, or be reduced by use of the overriding clear.

- Overriding Clear Terminates Output Pulse
- Compensated for V<sub>CC</sub> and Temperature Variations
- DC Triggered from Active-High or Active-Low Gated Logic Inputs
- Retriggerable for Very Long Output Pulses, up to 100% Duty Cycle
- Internal Timing Resistors on LS122



## **ON Semiconductor™**

http://onsemi.com

## LOW POWER SCHOTTKY

UARAN Symbol	TEED OPERATING RANG Parameter	ES Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Ambient Temperature Range	0	25	70	ŝ
I <sub>OH</sub>	Output Current – High			-0.4	mA
I <sub>OL</sub>	Output Current – Low			8.0	mA
R <sub>ext</sub>	External Timing Resistance	5.0		260	kΩ
C <sub>ext</sub>	External Capacitance		No Res	striction	
R <sub>ext</sub> /C <sub>ext</sub>	Wiring Capacitance at R <sub>ext</sub> /C <sub>ext</sub> Terminal		12	50	рF
	PLEA	RE	SPE	EN.	

PLASTIC **N SUFFIX** CASE 646 SOIC D SUFFIX CASE 751A PLASTIC **N SUFFIX CASE 648** SOIC **D SUFFIX** CASE 751B SOEIAJ **M SUFFIX CASE 966** 

### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

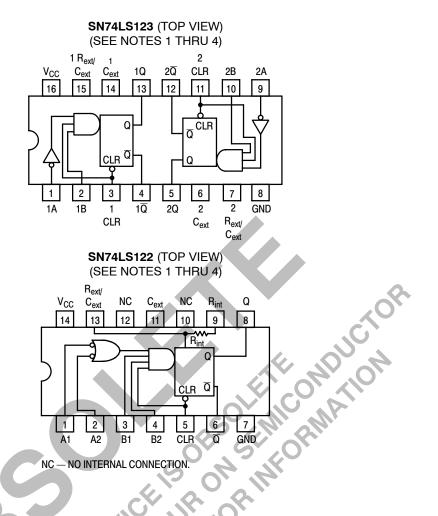
Device	Package	Shipping		
SN74LS122N	14 Pin DIP	2000 Units/Box		
SN74LS122D	SOIC-14	55 Units/Rail		
SN74LS122DR2	SOIC-14	2500/Tape & Reel		
SN74LS123N	16 Pin DIP	2000 Units/Box		
SN74LS123D	SOIC-16	38 Units/Rail		
SN74LS123DR2	SOIC-16	2500/Tape & Reel		
SN74LS123M	SOEIAJ-16	See Note 1		
SN74LS123MEL	SOEIAJ-16	See Note 1		

1. For ordering information on the EIAJ version of the SOIC package, please contact your local ON Semiconductor representative.

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#### NOTES:

- ected betv. .e LS122, conn. .y connect an external var. 1. An external timing capacitor may be connected between  $C_{ext}$  and  $R_{ext}/C_{ext}$  (positive).
- 2. To use the internal timing resistor of the LS122, connect  $R_{int}$  to  $V_{CC}$ . 3. For improved pulse width accuracy connect an external resistor between  $R_{ext}/C_{ext}$  and  $V_{CC}$  with  $R_{int}$  open-circuited.
- 4. To obtain variable pulse widths, connect an external variable resistance between Rint/Cext and V<sub>CC</sub>.

#### LS122 FUNCTIONAL TABLE

	INPUTS								
CLEAR	A1	A2	B1	B2	Q	Q			
L	Х	Х	Х	Х	L	Н			
Х	н	Н	Х	Х	L	Н			
Х	Х	Х	L	Х	L	Н			
Х	Х	Х	Х	L	L	Н			
Н	L	Х	ſ	н	л	ъ			
Н	L	Х	н	↑	л	ч			
Н	Х	L	ſ	Н	л	ъ			
Н	Х	L	Н	↑	л	υ			
Н	Н	Ļ	Н	Н	л	υ			
Н	¥	Ļ	Н	Н	л	ъ			
Н	¥	Н	Н	Н	л	υ			
1	L	Х	Н	Н	л	ъ			
î	Х	L	Н	Н	л	U			

#### **TYPICAL APPLICATION DATA**

The output pulse  $t_W$  is a function of the external components,  $C_{ext}$  and  $R_{ext}$  or  $C_{ext}$  and  $R_{int}$  on the LS122. For values of  $C_{ext} \ge 1000$  pF, the output pulse at  $V_{CC} = 5.0$  V and  $V_{RC} = 5.0$  V (see Figures 1, 2, and 3) is given by

 $t_W = K R_{ext} C_{ext}$  where K is nominally 0.45

If  $C_{ext}$  is on pF and  $R_{ext}$  is in k $\Omega$  then t<sub>W</sub> is in nanoseconds.

The  $C_{ext}$  terminal of the LS122 and LS123 is an internal connection to ground, however for the best system performance  $C_{ext}$  should be hard-wired to ground.

Care should be taken to keep  $R_{ext}$  and  $C_{ext}$  as close to the monostable as possible with a minimum amount of inductance between the  $R_{ext}/C_{ext}$  junction and the  $R_{ext}/C_{ext}$  pin. Good groundplane and adequate bypassing should be designed into the system for optimum performance to ensure that no false triggering occurs.

It should be noted that the  $C_{ext}$  pin is internally connected to ground on the LS122 and LS123, but not on the LS221. Therefore, if  $C_{ext}$  is hard-wired externally to ground, substitution of a LS221 onto a LS123 socket will cause the LS221 to become non-functional.

The switching diode is not needed for electrolytic capacitance application and should not be used on the LS122 and LS123.

To find the value of K for  $C_{ext} \ge 1000$  pF, refer to Figure 4. Variations on  $V_{CC}$  or  $V_{RC}$  can cause the value of K to change, as can the temperature of the LS123, LS122.

#### **LS123 FUNCTIONAL TABLE**

INF	INPUTS						
CLEAR	Α	В	Q	Q			
L	х	х	L	Н			
Х	Н	Х	L	н			
х	Х	L	L	н			
Н	L	1	л	പ			
Н	Ļ	Н	л	പ			
↑	L	Н	л	പ			

Figures 5 and 6 show the behavior of the circuit shown in Figures 1 and 2 if separate power supplies are used for  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{RC}$ . If  $V_{CC}$  is tied to  $V_{RC}$ , Figure 7 shows how K will vary with  $V_{CC}$  and temperature. Remember, the changes in  $R_{ext}$  and  $C_{ext}$  with temperature are not calculated and included in the graph.

As long as  $C_{ext} \ge 1000$  pF and  $5K \le R_{ext} \le 260K$ , the change in K with respect to  $R_{ext}$  is negligible.

If  $C_{ext} \le 1000$  pF the graph shown on Figure 8 can be used to determine the output pulse width. Figure 9 shows how K will change for  $C_{ext} \le 1000$  pF if  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{RC}$  are connected to the same power supply. The pulse width  $t_W$  in nanoseconds is approximated by

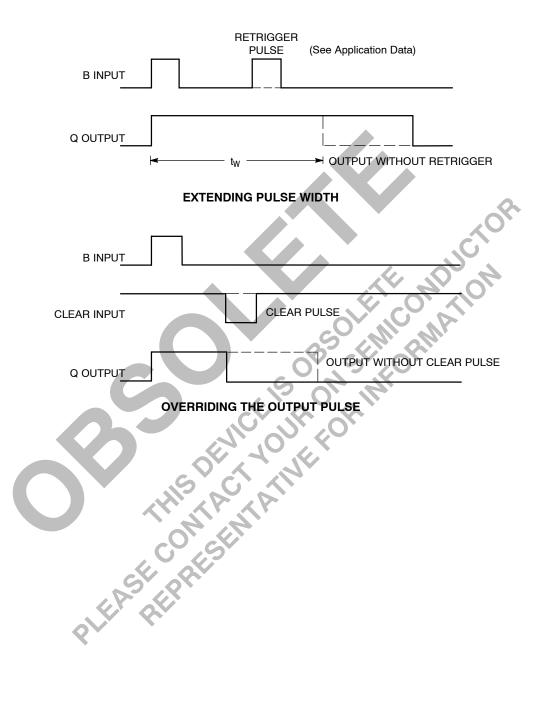
 $t_W = 6 + 0.05 C_{ext} (pF) + 0.45 R_{ext} (k\Omega) C_{ext} + 11.6 R_{ext}$ 

In order to trim the output pulse width, it is necessary to include a variable resistor between  $V_{CC}$  and the  $R_{ext}/C_{ext}$  pin or between  $V_{CC}$  and the  $R_{ext}/C_{ext}$  pin of between  $V_{CC}$  and the  $R_{ext}$  pin of the LS122. Figure 10, 11, and 12 show how this can be done.  $R_{ext}$  remote should be kept as close to the monostable as possible.

Retriggering of the part, as shown in Figure 3, must not occur before  $C_{ext}$  is discharged or the retrigger pulse will not have any effect. The discharge time of  $C_{ext}$  in nanoseconds is guaranteed to be less than 0.22  $C_{ext}$  (pF) and is typically 0.05  $C_{ext}$  (pF).

For the smallest possible deviation in output pulse widths from various devices, it is suggested that  $C_{ext}$  be kept  $\ge 1000 \text{ pF}.$ 

### WAVEFORMS



DC CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE (unless otherwise specified)
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			Limits					
Symbol	Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test C	onditions
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0			V	Guaranteed Input HIGH Voltage	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Voltage				0.8	V	Guaranteed Input LOW Voltage	
V <sub>IK</sub>	Input Clamp Diode Voltage			-0.65	-1.5	V	$V_{CC} = MIN, I_{IN} = -18 \text{ mA}$	
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage		2.7	3.5		V	V <sub>CC</sub> = MIN, I <sub>OH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> per Truth	= MAX, V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> Table
.,	/ <sub>OL</sub> Output LOW Voltage			0.25	0.4	V		$V_{CC} = V_{CC} MIN,$
VOL				0.35	0.5	V	l <sub>OL</sub> = 8.0 mA	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub> per Truth Table
	Input HIGH Current				20	μΑ	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, V <sub>IN</sub>	<sub>1</sub> = 2.7 V
IIH					0.1	mA	$V_{CC} = MAX, V_{IN}$	<sub>1</sub> = 7.0 V
IIL	Input LOW Current				-0.4	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, V <sub>IN</sub>	J = 0.4 V
I <sub>OS</sub>	Short Circuit Current (Note 2	2)	-20		-100	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX	
	Power Supply Current	LS122			11		V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX	
I <sub>CC</sub>		LS123			20	mA	VCC = MAA	2
	e than one output should be since $ACTERISTICS$ (T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, T			r more than	1 second.	E.C	ON TIO	•
				Limite				

### AC CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V)

		Limits			N.	0
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay, A to Q Propagation Delay, A to Q		23 32	33 45	ns	C <sub>ext</sub> = 0
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay, B to Q Propagation Delay, B to Q	1	23 34	44 56	ns	$C_{L} = 15 \text{ pF}$ $R_{ext} = 5.0 \text{ k}\Omega$
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay, Clear to $\overline{Q}$ Propagation Delay, Clear to Q		28 20	45 27	ns	$R_L = 2.0 \text{ k}\Omega$
t <sub>W min</sub>	A or B to Q		116	200	ns	C <sub>ext</sub> = 1000 pF, R <sub>ext</sub> = 10 kΩ,
t <sub>W</sub> Q	A to B to Q	4.0	4.5	5.0	μs	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_L = 2.0 \text{ k}\Omega$

# AC SETUP REQUIREMENTS (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V)

	Limits					
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
t <sub>W</sub>	Pulse Width	40			ns	
	<b>Q</b> *					

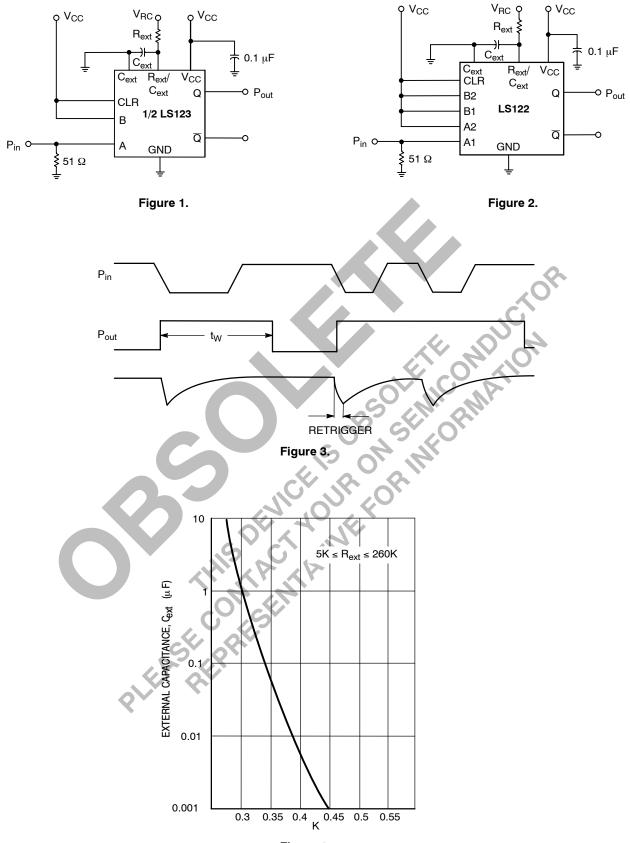


Figure 4.

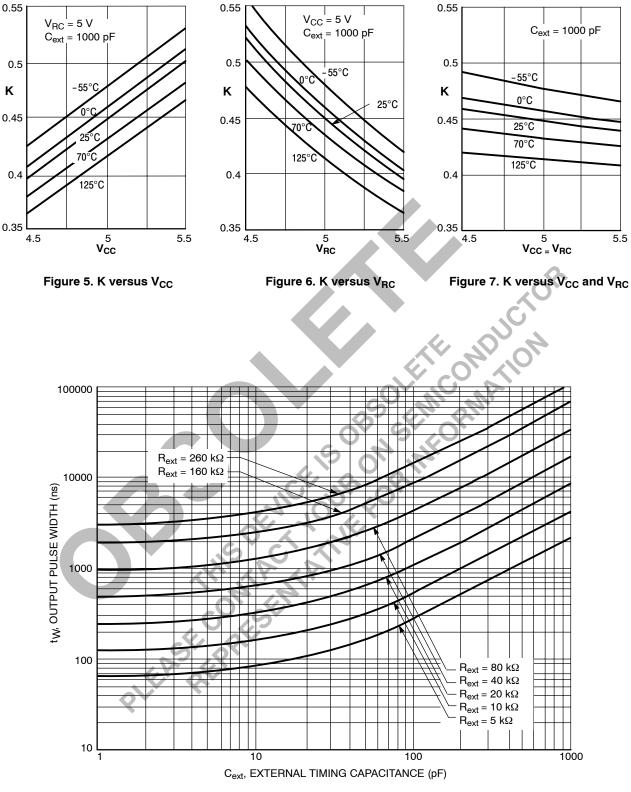
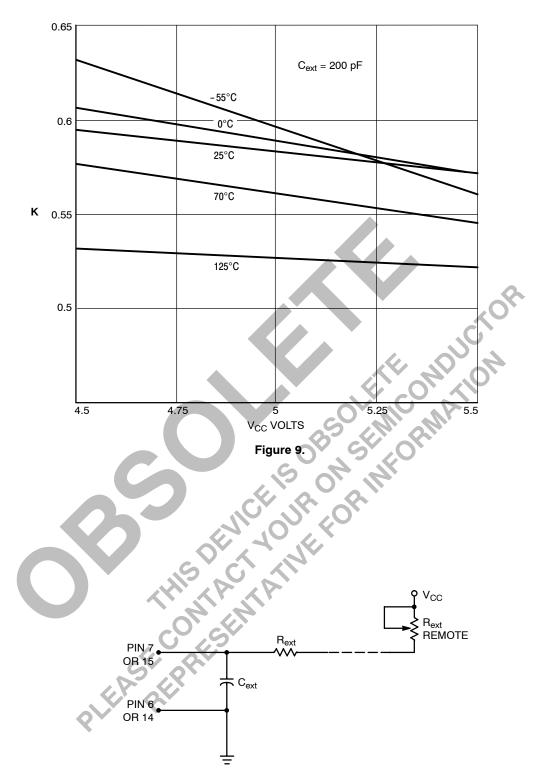


Figure 8.





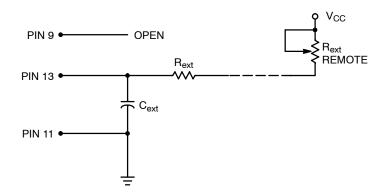
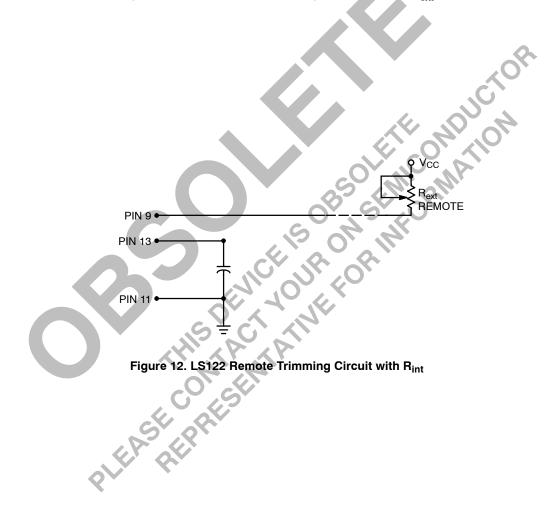
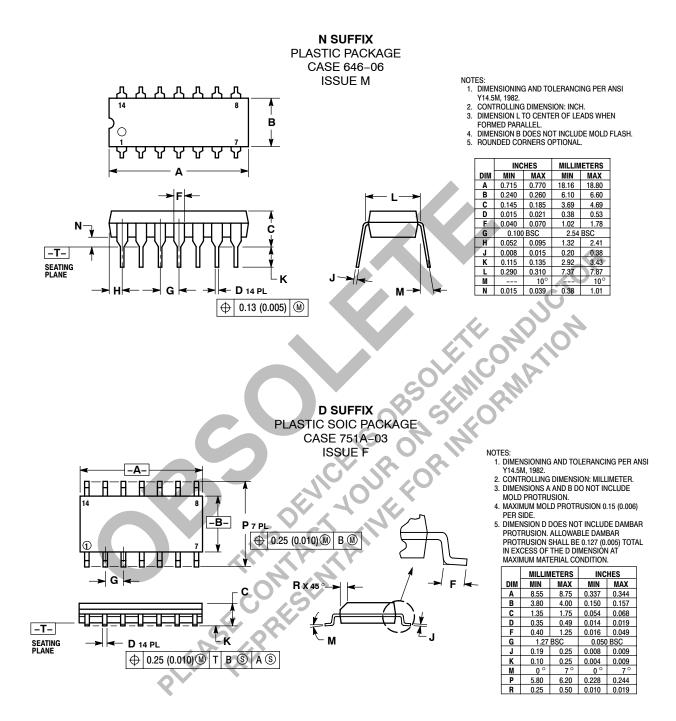


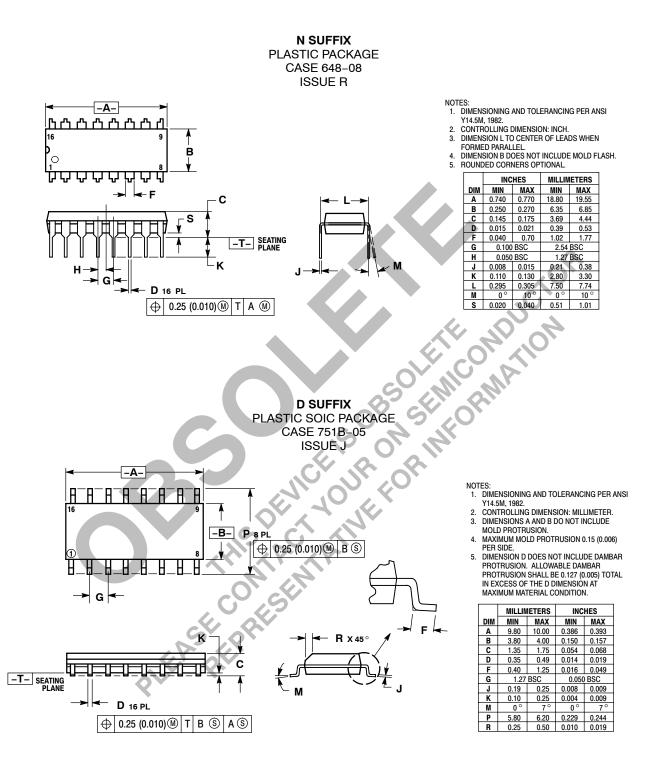
Figure 11. LS122 Remote Trimming Circuit Without Rext



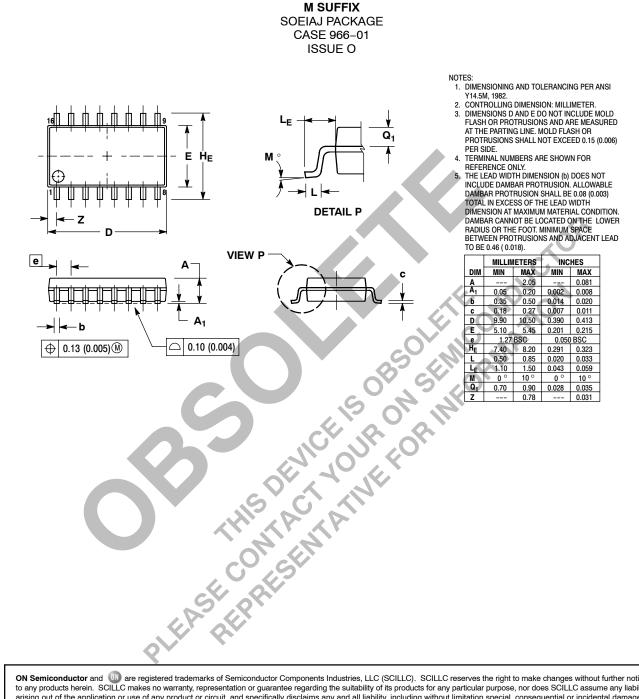
### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



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#### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



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