

# 5.9 GHz to 8.5 GHz, Low Noise Amplifier

### **Data Sheet**

#### FEATURES

Frequency range: 5.9 GHz to 8.5 GHz Typical gain of 25 dB Low noise input Noise figure: <1.7 dB typical from 5.9 GHz to 8.5 GHz High linearity input >4.0 dBm typical input third-order intercept (IIP3) >-10.6 dBm typical input 1 dB compression point (P1dB) Matched 50  $\Omega$  single-ended input Matched 100  $\Omega$  differential outputs 8-lead, 2.00 mm × 2.00 mm LFCSP microwave packaging

#### APPLICATIONS

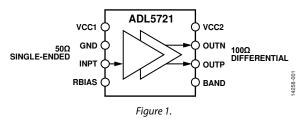
Point to point microwave radios Instrumentation Satellite communications (SATCOM) Phased arrays

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The ADL5721 is a narrow-band, high performance, low noise amplifier targeting microwave radio link receiver designs. The monolithic silicon germanium (SiGe) design is optimized for microwave radio link bands ranging from 5.9 GHz to 8.5 GHz. The unique design offers a single-ended 50  $\Omega$  input impedance and provides a 100  $\Omega$  balanced differential output that is ideal for driving Analog Devices, Inc., differential downconverters and radio frequency (RF) sampling analog-to-digital converters (ADCs). This low noise amplifier (LNA) provides noise figure

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

**ADL5721** 



performance that, in the past, required more expensive threefive (III-V) compounds process technology to achieve. This LNA uses a band switch feature to allow the input P1dB and noise figure to trade off for optimum system performance.

The ADL5721 and ADL5723 to ADL5726 family of narrowband LNAs are each packaged in a tiny, thermally enhanced, 2.00 mm  $\times$  2.00 mm LFCSP package. The ADL5721 and ADL5723 to ADL5726 family operates over the temperature range of -40°C to +85°C.

Rev. 0

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#### **REVISION HISTORY**

4/16—Revision 0: Initial Version

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

### AC SPECIFICATIONS

 $T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C, VCC1 = 1.8 \text{ V}, VCC2 = 3.3 \text{ V}, Z_{SOURCE} = 50 \Omega, Z_{LOAD} = 100 \Omega \text{ differential, unless otherwise noted.}$ 

Parameter	Test Conditions/Comments	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
FREQUENCY RANGE					
Low Band, $BAND = 0V$		5.9		7.2	GHz
High Band, BAND = 1.8 V		7.1		8.5	GHz
FREQUENCY = 5.9 GHz	Low band, BAND = 0 V				
Gain (S21)			25.0		dB
Noise Figure			1.7		dB
Input Third-Order Intercept (IIP3)	$\Delta f = 1$ MHz, input power (P <sub>IN</sub> ) = -30 dBm per tone		4.3		dBm
Input 1 dB Compression Point (P1dB)			-10.6		dBm
Input Return Loss (S11)			10		dB
Output Return Loss (S22)			9		dB
FREQUENCY = 7.2 GHz	Low band, $BAND = 0V$				
Gain (S21)			25.9		dB
Noise Figure			1.6		dB
Input Third-Order Intercept (IIP3)	$\Delta f = 1 \text{ MHz}, P_{IN} = -30 \text{ dBm per tone}$		4.0		dBm
Input 1 dB Compression Point (P1dB)			-9.3		dBm
Input Return Loss (S11)			10		dB
Output Return Loss (S22)			10		dB
FREQUENCY = 8.5 GHz	High band, BAND = 1.8 V				
Gain (S21)			24.6		dB
Noise Figure			1.5		dB
Input Third-Order Intercept (IIP3)	$\Delta f = 1 \text{ MHz}, P_{IN} = -30 \text{ dBm per tone}$		5.7		dBm
Input 1 dB Compression Point (P1dB)			-8.6		dBm
Input Return Loss (S11)			10		dB
Output Return Loss (S22)			10		dB

### DC SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	<b>Test Conditions/Comments</b>	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
POWER INTERFACE					
VCC1 Voltage		1.65	1.8	1.95	V
VCC2 Voltage		3.1	3.3	3.5	V
Quiescent Current vs. Temperature					
VCC1	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		11.6		mA
	$-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +85^{\circ}C$		12.1		mA
VCC2	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		74.1		mA
	$-40^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le +85^{\circ}C$		74.4		mA

# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

#### Table 3

Tuble 5.	
Parameter	Rating
Supply Voltages	
VCC1	2.25 V
VCC2	4.1 V
Maximum Junction Temperature	150°C
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	–55°C to +125°C
Lead Temperature Range (Soldering 60 sec)	–65°C to +150°C

Stresses at or above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the product. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the product at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Operation beyond the maximum operating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

#### THERMAL RESISTANCE

 $\theta_{JA}$  is thermal resistance, junction to ambient (°C/W),  $\theta_{JB}$  is thermal resistance, junction to board (°C/W), and  $\theta_{JC}$  is thermal resistance, junction to case (°C/W).

#### Table 4. Thermal Resistance

Package Type	$\theta_{JA}^{1}$	$\theta_{JB}^{1}$	θ <sub>JC</sub> <sup>1</sup>	Unit
8-Lead LFCSP	39.90	23.88	3.71	°C/W

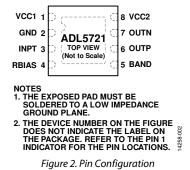
 $^1$  See JEDEC standard JESD51-2 for additional information on optimizing the thermal impedance for a printed circuit board (PCB) with 3  $\times$  4 vias.

#### **ESD CAUTION**



**ESD** (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

# **PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS**



#### Table 5. Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.	Mnemonic	Description
1	VCC1	1.8 V Power Supply. It is recommended to place the decoupling capacitors as close to this pin as possible.
2	GND	Ground.
3	INPT	RF Input. This pin is a 50 $\Omega$ single-ended input.
4	RBIAS	Resistor Bias. For typical operation, connect a 442 $\Omega$ resistor from RBIAS to GND. It is recommended to place the RBIAS resistor as close to the pin as possible.
5	BAND	Band Select Control. Select a logic low of 0 V for the lower frequency range from 5.9 GHz to 7.2 GHz. Select a logic high of 1.8 V for the higher frequency range from 7.1 GHz to 8.5 GHz.
6, 7	OUTP, OUTN	RF Outputs. These pins are 100 $\Omega$ differential outputs.
8	VCC2	3.3 V Power Supply. It is recommended to place the decoupling capacitors as close to this pin as possible.
	EPAD (EP)	Exposed Pad. The exposed pad must be soldered to a low impedance ground plane.

# **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, VCC1 = 1.8 V, VCC2 = 3.3 V,  $Z_{SOURCE} = 50 \Omega$ ,  $Z_{LOAD} = 100 \Omega$  differential, unless otherwise noted.

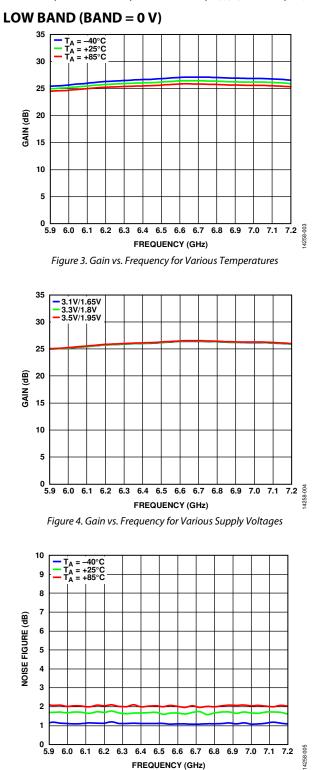


Figure 5. Nosie Figure vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

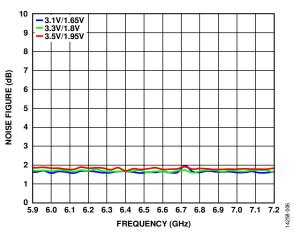


Figure 6. Noise Figure vs. Frequency for Various Supply Voltages

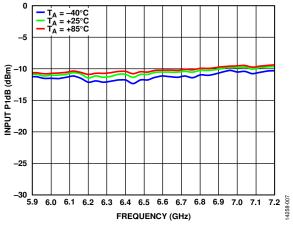


Figure 7. Input P1dB vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

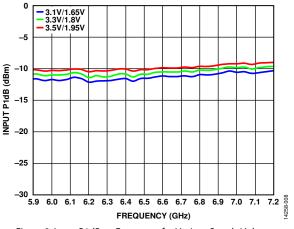
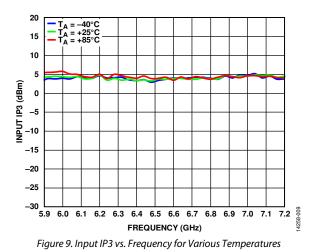


Figure 8. Input P1dB vs. Frequency for Various Supply Voltages

# **Data Sheet**



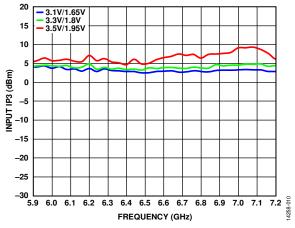


Figure 10. Input IP3 vs. Frequency for Various Supply Voltages

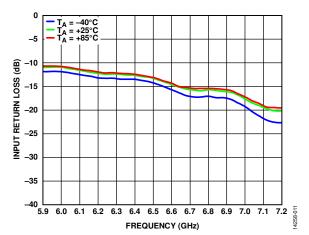


Figure 11. Input Return Loss vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

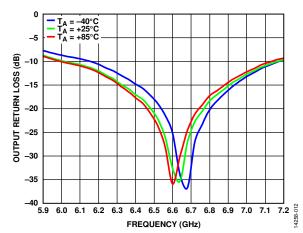


Figure 12. Output Return Loss vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

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### ADL5721

# ADL5721

#### HIGH BAND (BAND = 1.8 V)

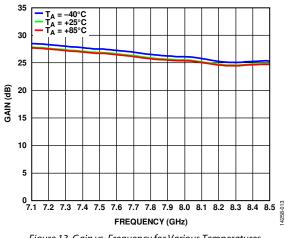


Figure 13. Gain vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

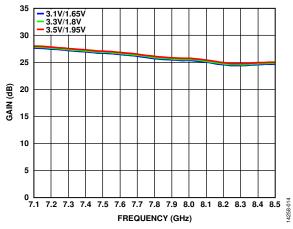


Figure 14. Gain vs. Frequency for Various Supply Voltages

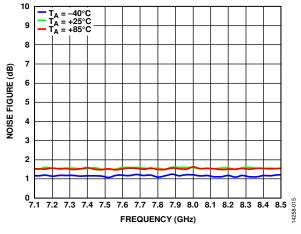


Figure 15. Nosie Figure vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

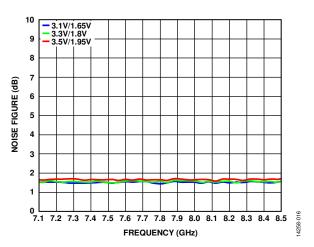
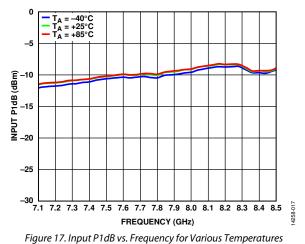
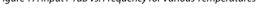


Figure 16. Noise Figure vs. Frequency for Various Supply Voltages





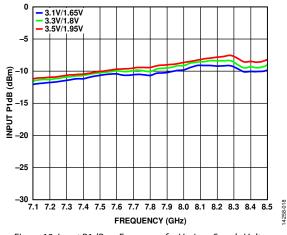
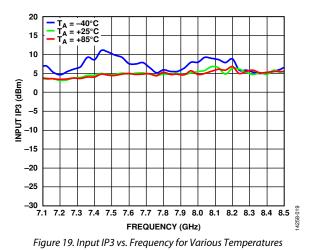


Figure 18. Input P1dB vs. Frequency for Various Supply Voltages

### **Data Sheet**



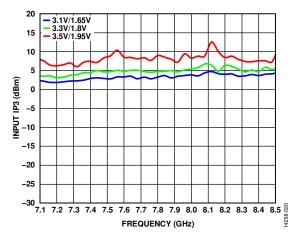


Figure 20. Input IP3 vs. Frequency for Various Supply Voltages

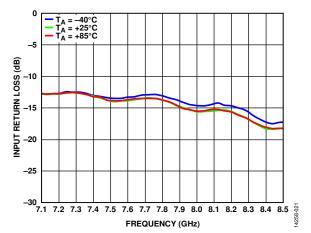


Figure 21. Input Return Loss vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

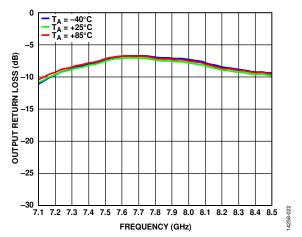


Figure 22. Output Return Loss vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

# ADL5721

# THEORY OF OPERATION

The ADL5721 is a narrow-band, high performance, low noise amplifier targeting microwave radio link receiver designs. The monolithic SiGe design is optimized for microwave radio link bands ranging from 5.9 GHz to 8.5 GHz.

The unique design of the ADL5721 offers a single-ended 50  $\Omega$  input impedance and provides a 100  $\Omega$  balanced differential output. This LNA is ideal for driving Analog Devices differential downconverters and RF sampling ADCs.

The ADL5721 provides cost-effective noise figure performance without requiring more expensive III-V compounds process technology.

This LNA uses a band switch feature to allow the input P1dB and noise figure to trade off for optimum system performance. The BAND pin allows the user to select between two frequency ranges. A logic low of 0 V on the BAND pin selects the lower frequency range from 5.9 GHz to 7.2 GHz, whereas a logic high of 1.8 V selects the higher frequency range from 7.1 GHz to 8.5 GHz.

The ADL5721 is available in an 8-lead, 2.00 mm  $\times$  2.00 mm LFCSP package, and operates over the temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+85^{\circ}$ C.

# APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Solder the exposed pad on the underside of the ADL5721 to a low thermal and electrical impedance ground plane. This pad is typically soldered to an exposed opening in the solder mask on the evaluation board. Connect these ground vias to all other ground layers on the evaluation board to maximize heat dissipation from the device package.

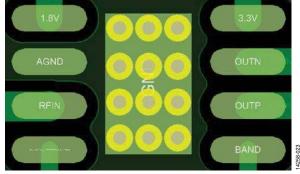
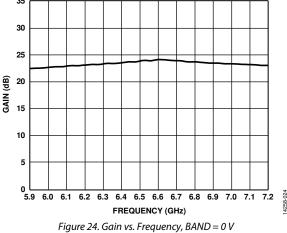


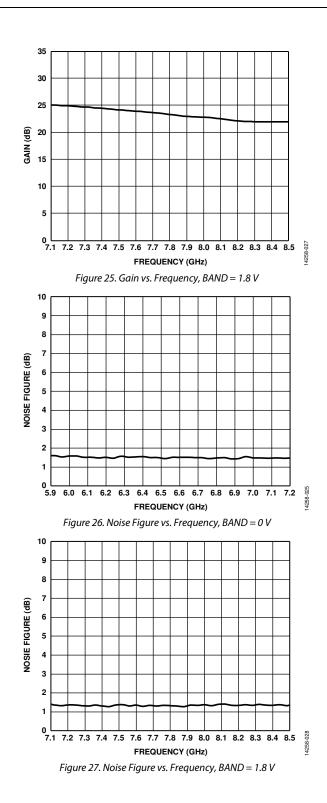
Figure 23. Evaluation Board Layout for the ADL5721 Package

### DIFFERENTIAL vs. SINGLE-ENDED OUTPUT

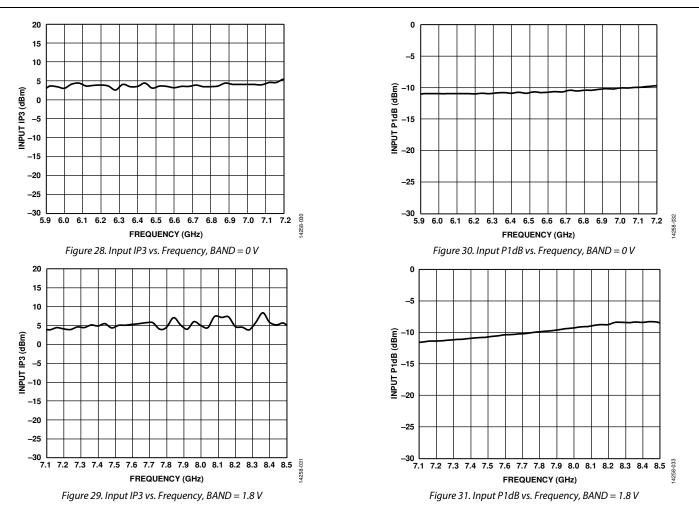
This section provides the test results that compare the ADL5721 using a differential vs. a single-ended output. When using the device as a single-ended output, use the RFOP output of the evaluation board and terminate RFON to 50  $\Omega$ . Note that the converse can be done as well; however, doing so produces slightly different results from the plots shown in this section, caused by some amplitude imbalance between the two differential ports, RFOP and RFON. The output trace and connector loss were not deembedded for these measurements.

Note that this performance is typical and not guaranteed.





# ADL5721



### **EVALUATION BOARD**

The ADL5721-EVALZ comes with an ADL5721 chip. It supports a single 5 V supply for ease of use. For 5 V operation, the 3.3 V and 1.8 V test loops are for evaluation purposes only. When the 3.3 V and 1.8 V supply is used, remove the R1 and R2 resistors from the evaluation board. Figure 34 shows a picture of the ADL5721-EVALZ lab bench setup.

The band switch feature allows the input P1dB and noise figure to trade off for optimum system performance. For the lower frequency band (BAND = 0 V), short Pin 1 and Pin 2 of the P1 connector. For the higher frequency band (BAND = 1.8 V), open Pin 1 and Pin 2 of the P1 connector to obtain better system performance.

### **INITIAL SETUP**

To set up the ADL5721-EVALZ, take the following steps:

- 1. Power up the ADL5721-EVALZ with a 5 V dc supply. The supply current of the evaluation board is approximately 88 mA, which is a combination of the VCC1 (1.8 V) and the VCC2 (3.3 V) currents.
- 2. Connect the signal generator to the input of the ADL5721-EVALZ.
- 3. Connect RFOP and RFON to a 180° hybrid that can work within the 5.9 GHz to 8.5 GHz frequency range.
- 4. Connect the difference output of the hybrid to the spectrum analyzer. Terminate the sum port of the hybrid to 50  $\Omega$ .

See Figure 34 for the ADL5721-EVALZ lab bench setup.

### RESULTS

Figure 32 and Figure 33 show the expected results when testing the ADL5721-EVALZ using the Rev. A version of the evaluation board and its software. Note that future iterations of the software may produce different results. See the ADL5721 product page for the most recent software version.

Figure 32 shows the results of the differential output for an input of 7.2 GHz at -15 dBm with a BAND = 0 V, with Pin 1 and Pin 2 of the P1 connector shorted. The hybrid and board loss were not deembedded.

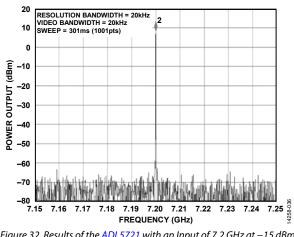


Figure 32. Results of the ADL5721 with an Input of 7.2 GHz at -15 dBm, BAND = 0 V

Figure 33 shows the results of the differential output for an input of 8.5 GHz at -15 dBm with a BAND = 1.8 V, with Pin 1 and Pin 2 of the P1 connector open. The hybrid and board loss were not deembedded.

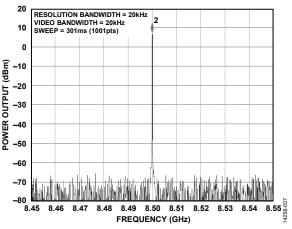


Figure 33. Results of the ADL5721 with an Input of 8.5 GHz at -15 dBm, BAND = 1.8 V

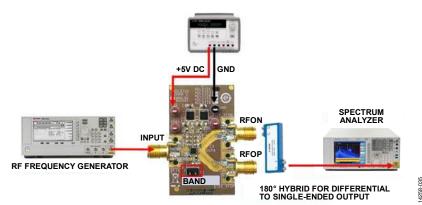
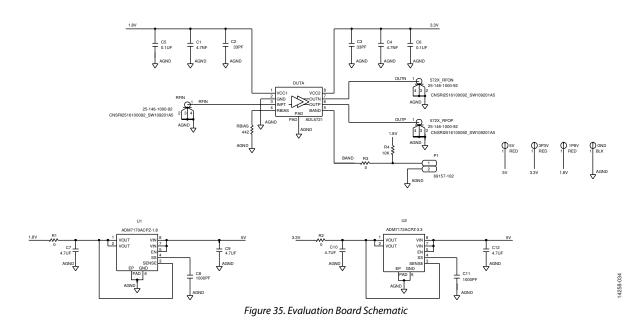


Figure 34. ADL5721-EVALZ Lab Bench Setup

### **BASIC CONNECTIONS FOR OPERATION**

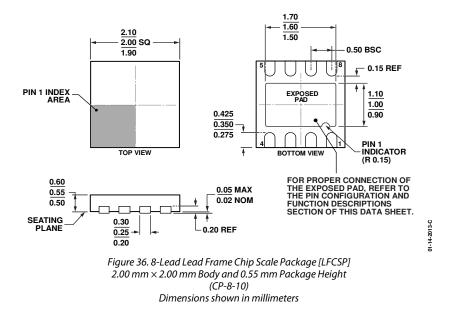
Figure 35 shows the basic connections for operating the ADL5721 as it is implemented on the evaluation board of the device.



#### **Table 6. Evaluation Board Configuration Options**

Component	Function	Default Condition
3P3V, 1P8V, GND, 5V	Power supplies and ground.	Not applicable
RFIN, 572X_RFOP, 572x_RFON, BAND	Input, output, and data.	Not applicable
RBIAS	442 $\Omega$ for RBIAS.	RBIAS = 442 $\Omega$ (0402)
R1, R2	1.8 V and 3.3 V regulator connections.	R1, R2 = $0 \Omega$ (0402)
R3	Band select.	$R3 = 0 \Omega (0603)$
R4	Pull-up or pull-down resistor.	R4 = 10 kΩ (0402)
C1 to C12	The capacitors provide the required decoupling of the supply related pins.	C1, C4 = 4.7 nF (0402), C2, C3 = 33 pF (0402), C5, C6 = 0.1 $\mu$ F (0402), C7, C9, C10, C12 = 4.7 $\mu$ F (0603), C8, C11 = 1000 pF (0603)
P1	Jumper to change bands, 2-pin jumper.	Not applicable
U1	ADM7170ACPZ-1.8 1.8 V regulator.	Not applicable
U2	ADM7172ACPZ-3.3 3.3 V regulator.	Not applicable
DUTA	ADL5721 device under test (DUT).	Not applicable

# **OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**



#### **ORDERING GUIDE**

Model <sup>1</sup> Temperature Range		Package Description	Package Option
ADL5721ACPZN	-40°C to +85°C	8-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP]	CP-8-10
ADL5721ACPZN-R7	-40°C to +85°C	8-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP]	CP-8-10
ADL5721-EVALZ		Evaluation Board	

<sup>1</sup> Z = RoHS-Compliant Part.

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