Revised (2/15/2002)



### **Features**

• 6A Output Current

EXCALIBUR

- Input Voltage Range: 10.8 V to 13.2 V
- 90% Efficiency
- Adjustable Output Voltage
- Standby Function
- Short Circuit Protection
- Small Footprint (0.61 in<sup>2</sup>)
- Solderable Copper Case
- 8.8 106 Hours MTBF

### **Description**

The PT6340 Excalibur™ power modules are a series of high performance Integrated Switching Regulators (ISRs), housed in a thermally efficient solderable copper case. These modules operate from a 12V input voltage bus to produce a high-output low-voltage power source; ideal for powering the industry's latest DSP and microprocessors. The series includes standard output bus voltages ranging from 5VDC to 1.2VDC.

The innovative copper case construction provides superior thermal performance in a small footprint. Both through-hole and surface mount pin configurations are available. The PT6340 series operating features include external output voltage adjustment, an On/Off inhibit, and short-circuit protection. A 100µF input, and 330µF output capacitor are required for proper operation.

### **Ordering Information**

PT 6341□ = 5.0 Volts PT 6342□ = 3.3 Volts PT 6343□ = 2.5 Volts PT 6344□ = 1.8 Volts PT 6345□ = 1.5 Volts PT 6346□ = 1.2 Volts

### PT Series Suffix (PT1234x)

Case/Pin Configuration	Order Suffix	Package Code *
Vertical	N	(EPH)
Horizontal	A	(EPJ)
SMD	C	(EPK)

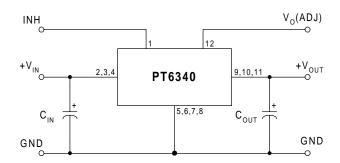
<sup>\*</sup> Previously known as package styles 1540/50. (Reference the applicable package code drawing for the dimensions and PC board layout)

#### **Pin-Out Information**

Pin	Function
1	Inhibit *
2	V <sub>in</sub>
3	V <sub>in</sub>
4	V <sub>in</sub>
-5	GND
6	GND
7	GND
8	GND
9	V <sub>out</sub>
10	V <sub>out</sub>
11	V <sub>out</sub>
12	V <sub>out</sub> Adj *

\* For further information, see application notes.

#### **Standard Application**



 $C_{in}$  = Required 100 $\mu$ F electrolytic  $C_{out}$  = Required 330 $\mu$ F electrolytic



#### 6-A 12-V Input Adjustable **Integrated Switching Regulator**

**Specifications** (Unless otherwise stated,  $T_a = 25^{\circ}$ C,  $V_{in} = 12$ V,  $C_{in} = 100 \mu$ F,  $C_{out} = 330 \mu$ F, and  $I_o = I_o max$ )

				PT6340 SERIES			
Characteristic	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	
Output Current	$I_{o}$	T <sub>a</sub> =+60°C, 200LFM T <sub>a</sub> =+25°C, natural convection	0.1 (1) 0.1 (1)		6 6	A	
Input Voltage Range	$V_{in}$	Over Io Range	10.8	_	13.2	VDC	
Set Point Voltage Tolerance	V <sub>o</sub> tol		_	±1	±2	$%V_{o}$	
Temperature Variation	Reg <sub>temp</sub>	$-40^{\circ} \le \Gamma_a \le +85^{\circ}\text{C}, I_o = I_o \text{min}$	_	±0.5	_	$%V_{o}$	
Line Regulation	Regline	Over V <sub>in</sub> range	_	±5	±10	mV	
Load Regulation	Reg <sub>load</sub>	Over I <sub>o</sub> range	_	±5	±15	mV	
Total Output Voltage Variation	$\Delta V_{o}$ tot	Includes set-point, line, load, $-40^{\circ} \le \Gamma_a \le +85^{\circ}C$	_	±2	±3	$%V_{o}$	
Efficiency	η	$\begin{array}{c} I_{o} = \! 4A & V_{o} = \! 5.0V \\ V_{o} = \! 3.3V \\ V_{o} = \! 2.5V \\ V_{o} = \! 1.5V \\ V_{o} = \! 1.5V \\ V_{o} = \! 1.2V \end{array}$		93 92 91 89 87 85		%	
V <sub>o</sub> Ripple (pk-pk)	$V_{r}$	20MHz bandwidth	_	20	_	$mV_{pp}$	
Transient Response	t <sub>tr</sub>	1A/µs load step, 50% to 100% I <sub>o</sub> max	_	50	_	μs	
	$\Delta V_{tr}$	V <sub>o</sub> over/undershoot	_	±60	_	mV	
Short Circuit Threshold	I <sub>sc</sub> threshold		_	8.5	_	A	
Switching Frequency	$f_{\mathrm{s}}$	Over V <sub>in</sub> and I <sub>o</sub> range	300	350	400	kHz	
Inhibit (Pin 1) High-Level Input Voltage Low-Level Input Voltage Low-Level Input Current	$V_{ m IH} \ V_{ m IL} \ I_{ m IL}$	Referenced to GND (pin 5)	V <sub>in</sub> -0.5 -0.2		Open (2) +0.5	V mA	
Standby Input Current	I <sub>in</sub> standby	pins 1 & 5 connected	_	+0.5	_	mA	
External Output Capacitance	C <sub>out</sub>	See application schematic	330	_	1,000	иF	
External Input Capacitance	Cin	See application schematic	100	_	_	μF	
Operating Temperature Range	T <sub>a</sub>	Over V <sub>in</sub> range	<b>-40</b> (3)	_	+85 (4)	°C	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>s</sub>	_	-40	_	+125	°C	
Reliability	MTBF	Per Bellcore TR-332 50% stress, T <sub>a</sub> =40°C, ground benign	8.8	_	_	106 Hrs	
Mechanical Shock	_	Per Mil-Std-883D, method 2002.3, 1ms, half-sine, mounted to a fixture	_	500	_	G's	
Mechanical Vibration	_	Mil-Std-883D, Method 2007.2, 20-2000Hz, soldered in PCB	_	20 (5)	_	G's	
Weight	_		_	23	_	grams	
Flammability	_	Materials meet UL 94V-0				_	

Notes: (1) The ISR will operate at no load with reduced specifications.

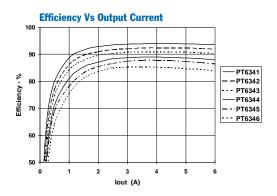
- (1) The Inhibit control (pin 1) has an internal pull-up and if it is left open circuit the module will operate when input power is applied. The open-circuit voltage is the input voltage V<sub>in</sub>. Use a discrete MOSFET to control the Inhibit pin, and ensure a transitioin time of less than ≤10µs. Consult the related application note for other interface considerations.
   (3) For operation below 0°C, Cin and Cout must have stable characteristics. Use either low ESR tantalum or Oscon® capacitors.

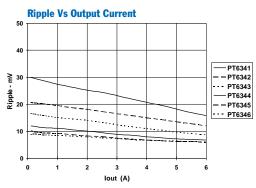
- (4) See Safe Operating Area curves or contact the factory for the appropriate derating.
   (5) The case pins on through-hole package types (suffixes N & A) must be soldered. For more information consult the applicable package outline drawing.

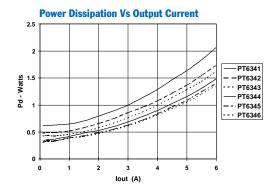
Input/Output Capacitors: The PT6340 regulator series requires a 100 $\mu$ F electrolytic (or tantalum) capacitor at the input and 330 $\mu$ F at the output for proper operation in all applications. In addition, the input capacitance,  $C_{im}$  must be rated for a minimum of 740mArms of ripple current, and the ESR of the output capacitor,  $C_{out}$ , must less than  $50m\Omega$ @100kHz. For transient or dynamic load applications additional output capacitance may be necessary. For more information consult the related application note on capacitor recommendations.

6-A 12-V Input Adjustable Integrated Switching Regulator

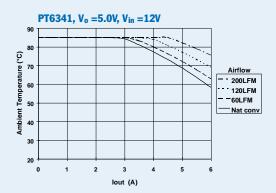
### PT6340 Series Performance; @V<sub>IN</sub> =12.0V (See Note A)

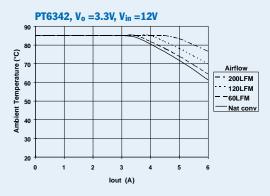


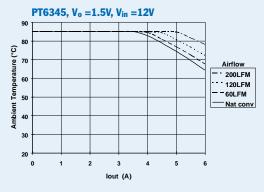




#### **Safe Operating Area** (See Note B)







Note A: Characteristic data has been developed from actual products tested at 25°C. This data is considered typical data for the Converter.

Note B: SOA curves represent the conditions at which internal components are at or below the manufacturer's maximum operating temperatures

PT6340 Series

# Using the Inhibit Function on the PT6340 12V Bus Excalibur™ Series Converters

The PT6340 series are high efficiency regulators that are designed to operate off a 12V input bus. These devices incorporate an inhibit function, which may be used in applications that require a power-up/shutdown feature.

The inhibit function is provided by the *Inhibit\** control, pin 1. If pin 1 is left open-circuit the regulator operates normally, and provides a regulated output whenever a valid supply voltage is applied to  $V_{\rm in}$  (pins 2– 4) with respect to GND (pins 5–8). If a low voltage  $^2$  is then applied to pin 1 the regulator output will be disabled and the input current drawn by the ISR will typically drop to 0.5mA <sup>4</sup>. The standby control may also be used to hold-off the regulator output during the period that input power is applied.

The *Inhibit\** input can be controlled with an open-collector (or open-drain) discrete transistor (See Figure 1). The input is internally pulled-up to the input voltage,  $V_{\rm in}$  <sup>1</sup>. Table 1 gives the control voltage requirements.

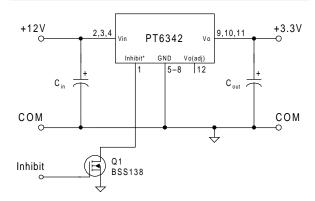
Table 1 Inhibit Control Requirements 3

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	
$ m V_{IL}$	-0.1V		0.6V	
$ m V_{IH}$	2.0V		$V_{in}$	
$I_{\rm IL}$		0.5mA		

#### **Notes:**

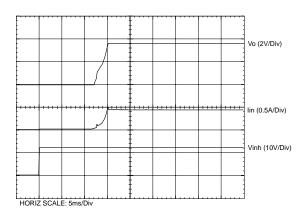
- The inhibit control input <u>requires no external pull-up</u> <u>resistor</u>. The open-circuit voltage of the *Inhibit\** input is typically the input voltage, V<sub>in</sub>.
- 2. The inhibit control input is <u>Not</u> compatible with TTL devices. An open-collector device, preferably a discrete bipolar transistor (or MOSFET) is recommended. To ensure the regulator output is disabled, the control pin must be pulled to less than 0.6Vdc with a low-level 0.5mA sink to ground.
- 3. An external source voltage can be used to control the *Inhibit\** pin. To guarantee the inhibit and enable status of the regulator, the source must be capable of meeting the voltage requirements in Table 1.
- 4. When the regulator output is disabled the current drawn from the input source is typically reduced to 0.5mA.

Figure 1



**Turn-On Time:** In the circuit of Figure 1, turning  $Q_1$  on applies a low voltage to the  $Inhihit^*$  control (pin 1) and disables the regulator ouput. Correspondingly, turning  $Q_1$  off removes the low-voltage signal and enables the output. Once enabled, the output will typically experience a 10–15ms delay followed by a predictable ramp-up of voltage. The regulator should provide a fully regulated output voltage within 30ms. The waveform of Figure 2 shows the output voltage response of a PT6342 (3.3V) following the turn-off of  $Q_1$ . The turn off of  $Q_1$  corresponds to the rise in  $V_{inh}$ . The waveforms were measured with a 12Vdc input voltage, and  $2V_2$  Adc load.

Figure 2



PT6340 Series

# Capacitor Recommendations for the PT6340 6A Excalibur™ Regulator Series

#### **Input Capacitors:**

#### Output Current ≤4A Continuous (Table 1)

The recommended input capacitance is determined by 740 milli-amperes (rms) minimum ripple current rating, less than  $100 \text{m}\Omega$  ESR (equivalent series resistance), and  $100 \text{\mu}\text{F}$  minimum capacitance. The ripple current rating, ESR, and operating temperature are the major considerations when selecting the input capacitor.

It is recommended that tantalum capacitors have a minimum voltage rating of twice (2×) the maximum dc voltage, plus the ac ripple. This is necessary to insure reliability with 12V input voltage bus applications. None of the  $100\mu F$  tantalum capacitors were found to meet this requirement.

## Input Capacitors: Output Current >4A Continuous (Table 2)

The recommended input capacitance is determined by 1.0 amperes (rms) minimum ripple current rating and  $100\mu F$  minimum capacitance. The ripple current rating, combined with less than  $100m\Omega$  ESR (equivalent series resistance) value are the major considerations, along with temperature, when selecting the input capacitor.

It is recommended that tantalum capacitors have a minimum voltage rating of twice (2×) the maximum dc voltage, plus the ac ripple. This is necessary to insure reliability for 12V input voltage bus applications. None of the  $100\mu F$  tantalum capacitors were found to meet this requirement.

# Output Capacitors: Output Current 0–6A (Table 1 & Table 2)

The ESR of the required capacitor must be less than, or equal to  $50m\Omega$ . Electrolytic capacitors have poor ripple performance at frequencies greater than 400kHz but excellent low frequency transient response. Above the ripple frequency, ceramic decoupling capacitors are necessary to improve the transient response and reduce any high frequency noise components apparent during higher current excursions. Preferred low ESR type capacitor's part numbers are identified in the capacitor tables.

#### **Tantalum Capacitors**

Tantalums are acceptable on the output bus but only the AVX TPS series, Sprague 593D/594/595 series or Kemet T495/T510 series. These capacitors are recommended over many other types due to their higher rated surge, power dissipation, and ripple current capability. As a caution, the TAJ series by AVX is not recommended. This series exhibits considerably higher ESR and lower ripple current capability. The TAJ series is also less reliable than the TPS series when determining power dissipation capability. Tantalum or Oscon capacitor types are recommended for applications where ambient temperatures fall below 0°C.

#### **Capacitor Tables**

Table 1 and Table 2 identify the vendors with acceptable ESR and maximum allowable ripple current (rms) ratings. The output capacitors are identified in both tables under the "Output Bus" column with the required quantity.

The input capacitors are listed in both tables. Table 1 has the recommended input capacitors when operating the ISR at a load current of 4Adc or less, and Table 2 identifies input capacitors for ISR load currents greater than 4Adc.

This is not an extensive capacitor list. Capacitors from other vendors are available with comparable specifications. Those listed are for guidance. The RMS ripple current rating and ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance at 100kHz) are critical parameters necessary to insure both optimum regulator performance and long capacitor life.



Table 1: Input/Output Capacitors (Output Current ≤4 Amperes Continuous)

Capacitor Vendor/	Capacitor Characteristics						ntity	
Series	Working Voltage	Value(µF)	(ESR) Equivalent Series Resistance	Max Ripple Current @85°C (Irms)	Physical Size (mm)	Input Bus	Output Bus	Vendor Number
Panasonic FC (Radial)	35V 35V 50V	220µF 180µF 680µF	$0.09\Omega +2$ $0.09\Omega +2$ $0.048\Omega$	755mA 755mA 1835mA	10 ×12.5 10 ×12.5 16 ×20	1 1 1	2 2 1	EEUFC1V221 EEUFC1V181 EEUFC1H681
FC (Surface Mount)	63V 35V 35V	220µF 330µF 470µF	0.09Ω ÷2 0.12Ω ÷3 0.043Ω	1410mA 1205mA 1690mA	16 ×16.5 12.5 ×16 16 ×16.5	1 1 1	2 3 1	EEVFC1J221N EEVFC1V331LQ EEVFC1V471N
United Chemi-Con, LXV/LXZ	50V 35V	120µF 220µF	0.12Ω +3 0.09Ω +2	755mA 760mA	10×16 10×12.5	1 1	3 2	LXV50VB121M10X16LL LXZ35VB221M10X12LL
FS	10V 20V	330μF 150μF	0.025Ω 0.03Ω ÷2	3500mA 3200mA	10 ×10.5 10 ×10.5	N/R 1	1 2	10FS330M 20FS150M
Nichicon, PL	35V 35V	560μF 330μF	0.048Ω 0.065Ω +2	1360mA 1020mA	16 ×15 12.5 ×15	1 1	1 2	UPL1V561MHH6 UPL1V331MHH6
PM	50V	470μF	0.046Ω	1470mA	18 ×15	1	1	UPM1H4711MHH6
Oscon, SS (Radial)	10V	330μF	0.025Ω	>3500mA	10.0 ×10.5	N/R	1	10SS330M
SV (Surface Mount)	10V 20V	330μF 150μF	0.025Ω 0.024Ω ÷2	>3800mA 3600mA	10.3 ×10.3 10.3 ×10.3	N/R 1	1 2	10SV300M 20SV150M
AVX Tantalum TPS	10V 10V 25V	330µF 330µF 68µF	0.1Ω +2 0.1Ω +2 0.095Ω	>2500mA >3000mA >2000mA	7.3L ×4.3W ×4.1H	N/R N/R 2	2 2 N/R	TPSV337M010R0100 TPSV337M010R0060 TPSV686M025R0095
Kemet, T510 T495	10V 10V	330μF 220μF	0.033Ω 0.07Ω +2	1400mA >2000mA	7.3L ×5.7W ×4.0H	N/R N/R	1 2	T510X337M010AS T495X227M010AS
Sprague, 594D	10V 25V	330μF 68μF	0.0450Ω 0.095Ω	2350mA 1600mA	7.3L × 6.0W ×4.1H	N/R 2	1 N/R	594D337X0010R2T 594D686X0025R2T

 $\ensuremath{\mathrm{N/R}}$  –Not recommended. The voltage rating does not meet the minimin operating limits.

Table 2: Input/Output Capacitors (Output Current >4 Amperes Continuous)

Capacitor Vendor/	Capacitor Characteristics						ntity	
Series	Working Voltage Value(μF)		(ESR) Equivalent Series Resistance	Max Ripple Current Physical @85°C (Irms) Size (mm)		Input Bus	Output Bus	Vendor Number
Panasonic, FC (Radial)	35V	680µF	0.043Ω	1655mA	12.5 ×20	1	1	EEUFC1V681
	35V	560µF	0.038Ω	1655mA	12.5 ×20	1	1	EEUFC1V561S
	50V	680µF	0.048Ω	1835mA	16 ×20	1	1	EEUFC1H681
FC (Surface Mount)	63V	220µF	$0.09 \div 2\Omega$	1410mA	16 ×16.5	1	2	EEVFC1J221N
	35V	330µF	$0.12 \div 3\Omega$	1205mA	12.5 ×16	1	3	EEVFC1V331LQ
	35V	470µF	$0.043\Omega$	1690mA	16 ×16.5	1	1	EEVFC1V471N
Un ited	35V	330μF	0.068Ω	1050mA	10 ×16	1	2	LXZ35VB331M110X16LL
Chemi-con	25V	820μF	0.046Ω	1340mA	12 ×20	1	1	LXV25VB820M12X20LL
LXV/LXZ/	10V	390μF	0.030Ω	3080mA	8 ×10.5	N/R	1	10FX390M
FX/FS	20V	150μF	0.024Ω	3200mA	8 ×10.5	1	2	20FX150M
Nichicon, PL	35V 35V	560μF 330μF	0.048Ω 0.06÷2Ω	1360mA 1020mA	16 ×15 12.5 ×15	1 1	1 2	UPL1V561MHH6 UPL1V331MHH6
PM	35V	560μF	$0.0048\Omega$	1360mA	16 ×15	1	1	UPM1V561MHH6
Oscon, SS (Radial)	10V	330µF	0.025Ω	>3500mA	10.0 ×10.5	N/R	1	10SS330M
SV (Surface Mount)	10V 20V	330μF 150μF	0.025Ω 0.02÷2Ω	>3800mA 3600mA	10.3 ×10.3 10.3 ×10.3	N/R 1	1 2	10SV330M 20SV150M
AVX Tantalum, TPS	10V	330µF	0.1÷2Ω	>2500mA	7.3L	N/R	2	TPSV337M010R0100
	10V	330µF	0.1÷2Ω	>3000mA	×4.3W	N/R	2	TPSV337M010R0060
	25V	68µF	0.095Ω	>2000mA	×4.1H	2	N/R	TPSV686M025R0095
Kemet, T510	10V	330μF	0.033Ω	1400mA	7.3L x5.7W	N/R	1 2	T510X337M010AS
T495	10V	220μF	0.07Ω÷2	>2000mA	×4.0H	N/R		T495X227M010AS
Sprague, 594D	10V	330μF	0.045Ω	2350mA	7.3L ×6.0W	N/R	1	594D337X0010R2T
	25V	68μF	0.095Ω	1600mA	×4.1H	2	N/R	594D686X0025R2T

N/R –Not recommended. The voltage rating does not meet the minimin operating limits.



#### PT6340 Series

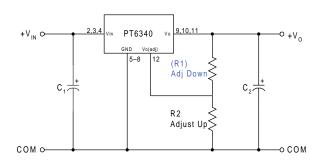
# Adjusting the Output Voltage of the PT6340 Excalibur™ 6 A, 12 V Bus Step-Down ISRs

The output voltage of the PT6340 Series ISRs may be adjusted higher or lower than the factory trimmed preset voltage with the addition of a single external resistor. Table 1 accordingly gives the allowable adjustment range for each model for either series as  $V_a$  (min) and  $V_a$  (max).

**Adjust Up:** An increase in the output voltage is obtained by adding a resistor  $R_2$ , between pin 12 ( $V_0$  adj) and pins 5-8 (GND).

**Adjust Down:** Add a resistor ( $R_1$ ), between pin 12 ( $V_0$  adj) and pins 9-11 ( $V_0$ ).

Figure 1



The values of  $(R_1)$  [adjust down], and  $R_2$  [adjust up], can also be calculated using the following formulas. Refer to Figure 1 and Table 2 for both the placement and value of the required resistor; either  $(R_1)$  or  $R_2$  as appropriate.

$$(R_{l}) \hspace{1cm} = \hspace{1cm} \frac{R_{o} \left(V_{a} - V_{r}\right)}{V_{o} - V_{a}} \hspace{1cm} - R_{s} \hspace{1cm} k\Omega \label{eq:local_eq}$$

$$R_2 = \frac{V_r \cdot R_o}{V_c - V_c} - R_s \quad k\Omega$$

Where: V<sub>o</sub> = Original output voltage

V<sub>a</sub> = Adjusted output voltage

V<sub>r</sub> = Reference voltage (Table 1)

R<sub>o</sub> = Resistance constant (Table 1)

R<sub>s</sub> = Internal series resistance (Table 1)

#### **Notes:**

- 1. Use only a single 1% resistor in either the (R<sub>1</sub>) or R<sub>2</sub> location. Place the resistor as close to the ISR as possible.
- 2. Never connect capacitors from  $V_o$  adj to either GND or  $V_{out}$ . Any capacitance added to the  $V_o$  adjust pin will affect the stability of the ISR.

Table 1

ISR ADJUSTMENT RANGE AND FORMULA PARAMETERS								
Series Pt #	PT6341	PT6342	PT6343	PT6244	PT6345	PT6346		
V <sub>O</sub> (nom)	5.0	3.3	2.5	1.8	1.5	1.2		
Va (min)	4.0	2.8	2.2	1.7	1.45	1.1		
Va (max)	5.5	3.8	3.0	2.3	2.0	1.45		
V <sub>r</sub> (V)	1.27	1.27	1.27	1.27	1.27	0.8		
R <sub>o</sub> (kΩ)	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0		
$R_S$ (k $\Omega$ )	24.9	24.9	24.9	24.9	24.9	24.9		

## **Application Notes**

### PT6340 Series

Table 2

NT RESISTOR VALUE		DT0045	DTCC 40	Caulas Dt #	DTC244	DTCC40
						PT6342
2.5	1.8	1.5	1.2V		5.0	3.3V
			(5.1)kO			(5.7)kΩ
						(3.7)ks2 $(10.2)$ k $\Omega$
			(±3.1)K22	-		$(15.8)$ k $\Omega$
			125 Ol-O			$(22.9)$ k $\Omega$
				-		$(32.8)$ k $\Omega$
						$(46.3)$ k $\Omega$
						(66.6)kΩ
		(11.1)1-0				$(00.0)$ k $\Omega$
		(11.1)KS2	/.1852			
		220.01-0		-		(168.0)kΩ $(371.0)$ kΩ
						(3/1.0)K <u>2</u> 2
						220.01.0
	(10.1)1.0					229.0kΩ
						102.0kΩ
	(/1.1)kΩ2					59.8kΩ
	220.01.0					38.6kΩ
						17.4κΩ
						6.9kΩ
					(2.01.0	0.5kΩ
		0.5kΩ		-		
	0.5kΩ					
(206.0)kΩ				-	(338.0)kΩ	
				5.0		
229.0kΩ				5.1	102kΩ	
102.0kΩ				5.2	38.6kΩ	
59.8kΩ				5.3	17.4kΩ	
38.6kΩ				5.4	$6.9 \mathrm{k}\Omega$	
25.9kΩ				5.5	$0.5 \mathrm{k}\Omega$	
17.4kΩ						
11.4kΩ						
$6.9 \mathrm{k}\Omega$						
$3.4 \mathrm{k}\Omega$						
$0.5 \mathrm{k}\Omega$						
	(0.0)kΩ (6.1)kΩ (6.1)kΩ (14.3)kΩ (26.6)kΩ (47.1)kΩ (88.1)kΩ (206.0)kΩ 229.0kΩ 102.0kΩ 59.8kΩ 38.6kΩ 25.9kΩ 17.4kΩ 11.4kΩ 6.9kΩ 3.4kΩ	PT6343         PT6344           2.5         1.8           (18.1)kΩ         (71.1)kΩ           229.0kΩ         102.0kΩ           59.8kΩ         38.6kΩ           25.9kΩ         17.4kΩ           (0.0)kΩ         11.4kΩ           (6.1)kΩ         6.9kΩ           (14.3)kΩ         3.3kΩ           (26.6)kΩ         0.5kΩ           (47.1)kΩ         (88.1)kΩ           (206.0)kΩ         229.0kΩ           102.0kΩ         59.8kΩ           38.6kΩ         25.9kΩ           17.4kΩ         11.4kΩ           6.9kΩ         3.4kΩ           0.5kΩ         3.4kΩ           0.5kΩ         0.5kΩ	PT6343         PT6344         PT6345           2.5         1.8         1.5           229.0kΩ           102.0kΩ         59.8kΩ           (18.1)kΩ         38.6kΩ           (71.1)kΩ         25.9kΩ           17.4kΩ         122.0kΩ           6.9kΩ         3.3kΩ           38.6kΩ         0.5kΩ           25.9kΩ         17.4kΩ           (0.0)kΩ         11.4kΩ           (6.1)kΩ         6.9kΩ           (14.3)kΩ         3.3kΩ           (26.6)kΩ         0.5kΩ           (47.1)kΩ         (88.1)kΩ           (206.0)kΩ         17.4kΩ           102.0kΩ         59.8kΩ           38.6kΩ         25.9kΩ           17.4kΩ         11.4kΩ           6.9kΩ         3.4kΩ           0.5kΩ         3.4kΩ           0.5kΩ         3.4kΩ	PT6343         PT6344         PT6345         PT6346           2.5         1.8         1.5         1.2V           (5.1)kΩ           (45.1)kΩ         (45.1)kΩ         55.1kΩ           28.4kΩ         15.1kΩ         7.1kΩ           102.0kΩ         59.8kΩ         (18.1)kΩ         38.6kΩ           (71.1)kΩ         25.9kΩ         17.4kΩ           229.0kΩ         11.4kΩ         102.0kΩ         6.9kΩ           59.8kΩ         3.3kΩ         38.6kΩ         0.5kΩ           25.9kΩ         17.4kΩ         (6.1)kΩ         6.9kΩ           17.4kΩ         0.5kΩ         (6.1)kΩ         6.9kΩ           (14.3)kΩ         3.3kΩ         (6.6)kΩ         (7.1)kΩ           (88.1)kΩ         (206.0)kΩ         (229.0kΩ         102.0kΩ           59.8kΩ         33.6kΩ         (25.9kΩ         17.4kΩ           11.4kΩ         (6.0)kΩ         (6.0)kΩ         (6.0)kΩ	PT6343         PT6344         PT6345         PT6346         Series Pt # V <sub>0</sub> (nom)           2.5         1.8         1.5         1.2V         V <sub>0</sub> (nom)           (45.1)kΩ         2.85         2.95         2.95           (45.1)kΩ         2.85         2.95         3.0           2.9         135.0kΩ         2.95         3.0           2.84kΩ         3.05         15.1kΩ         3.0           2.84kΩ         3.05         15.1kΩ         3.1           3.1         (11.1)kΩ         7.1kΩ         3.15           3.2         229.0kΩ         3.25         3.25           102.0kΩ         38.6kΩ         3.35         3.35           (18.1)kΩ         38.6kΩ         3.4         3.4           (71.1)kΩ         25.9kΩ         3.45         3.4           (71.1)kΩ         25.9kΩ         3.35         3.5           102.0kΩ         6.9kΩ         3.7         3.6           102.0kΩ         6.9kΩ         3.7         3.8           229.0kΩ         11.4kΩ         4.0         4.2           (0.0)kΩ         11.4kΩ         4.2         4.0           (6.1)kΩ         6.9kΩ         4.4         4.5	PT6343   PT6344   PT6345   PT6346   2.5   1.8   1.5   1.2V   V <sub>s</sub> (ren'd)   5.0   V <sub>s</sub> (ren'd)   2.8   (45.1)kΩ   2.85   2.9   (45.1)kΩ   2.85   2.95   (45.1)kΩ   3.05   (11.1)kΩ   7.1kΩ   3.15   (11.1)kΩ   7.1kΩ   3.15   (11.1)kΩ   3.15   (11.1)kΩ   3.15   (11.1)kΩ   3.15   (11.1)kΩ   3.25   (12.0)kΩ   3.35   (18.1)kΩ   38.6kΩ   3.4   (71.1)kΩ   25.9kΩ   3.35   (18.1)kΩ   38.6kΩ   3.4   (71.1)kΩ   25.9kΩ   3.35   (10.0)kΩ   6.9kΩ   3.7   (10.0)kΩ   6.9kΩ   3.7   (10.0)kΩ   6.9kΩ   3.7   (10.0)kΩ   6.9kΩ   3.8   (10.0)kΩ   3.8   (10.0)kΩ   3.8   (10.0)kΩ   (1.4)kΩ   4.0   (2.4)kΩ   (4.1)   (6.5)kΩ   (4.1)   (6.5)kΩ   (4.1)   (4.2)   (4.1)   (6.5)kΩ   (4.1)   (4.2)   (4.1)   (6.5)kΩ   (4.1)   (4.2)   (4.1)   (4.3)kΩ   (4.1)   (4

R1 = (Blue) R2 = Black

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