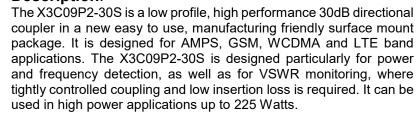




Description:

30 dB Directional Coupler



Parts have been subjected to rigorous qualification testing and they are manufactured using materials with coefficients of thermal expansion (CTE) compatible with common substrates such as FR4, G-10, RF-35, RO4003 and polyimide. Produced with 6 of 6 RoHS compliant tin immersion finish.



Features:

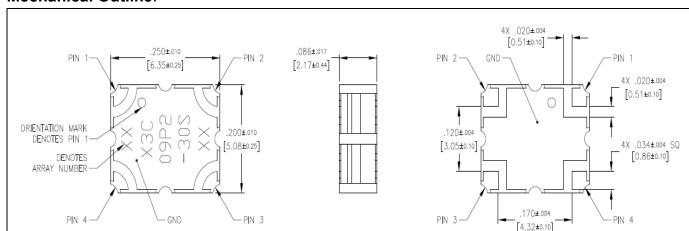
- 800 1000 MHz
- AMPS, GSM, WCDMA and LTE band
- High Power
- Very Low Loss
- Tight Coupling
- · High Directivity
- Production Friendly
- Tape and Reel
- Lead Free

Electrical Specifications**

Frequency	Mean Coupling	Insertion Loss	VSWR		
MHz	dB	dB Max	Max : 1		
800 - 1000	30.2 ± 1.50	0.10	1.15		
869 - 894	30.0 ± 1.50	0.075	1.12		
925 - 960	30.0 ± 1.50	0.075	1.12		
700 – 800	30.4 ± 1.50	0.10	1.22		
Directivity	Frequency Sensitivity	Power	Operating Temp.		
Directivity dB Min	•	Power Avg. CW Watts@95°C	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
•	Sensitivity	Avg. CW	Temp.		
dB Min	Sensitivity dB Max	Avg. CW Watts@95°C	Temp. °C		
dB Min 20	Sensitivity dB Max ± 0.40	Avg. CW Watts@95°C 225	Temp.		
dB Min 20 20	Sensitivity dB Max ± 0.40 ± 0.1	Avg. CW Watts@95°C 225 225	Temp.		

^{**}Specification based on performance of unit properly installed on TTM Test Board 61015-0001. Refer to Specifications subject to change without notice. Refer to parameter definitions for details

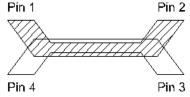
Mechanical Outline:





Directional Coupler Pin Configuration

The X3C09P2-30S has an orientation marker to denote Pin 1. Once port one has been identified the other ports are known automatically. Please see the chart below for clarification:



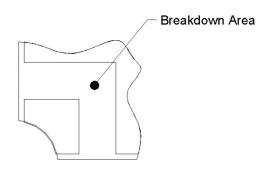
30dB Coupler Pin Configuration

Pin 1	Pin 2	Pin 3	Pin 4
Input	Direct	Isolated	Coupled
Direct	Input	Coupled	Isolated

Note: The direct port has a DC connection to the input port and the coupled port has a DC connection to the isolated port. For optimum IL and power handling performance, use Pin 1 or Pin 2 as inputs.

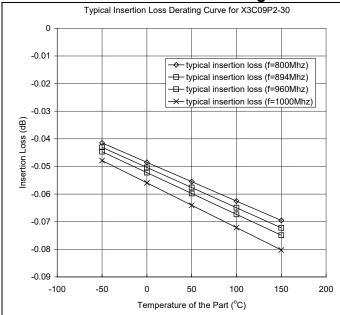
Peak Power Handling

High-Pot testing of these couplers during the qualification procedure resulted in a minimum breakdown voltage of 1.40 kV. This voltage level corresponds to a breakdown resistance capable of handling at least 12dB peaks over average power levels, for very short durations. The breakdown location consistently occurred across the air interface at the coupler contact pads (see illustration below). The breakdown levels at these points will be affected by any contamination in the gap area around these pads. These areas must be kept clean for optimum performance. It is recommended that the user test for voltage breakdown under the maximum operating conditions and over worst case modulation induced power peaking. This evaluation should also include extreme environmental conditions (such as high humidity).





Insertion Loss and Power Derating Curves





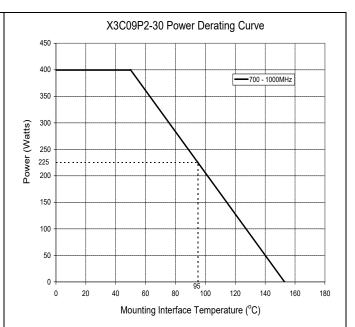
The power handling and corresponding power derating plots are a function of the thermal resistance, mounting surface temperature (base plate temperature), maximum continuous operating temperature of the coupler, and the thermal insertion loss. The thermal insertion loss is defined in the Power Handling section of the data sheet.

As the mounting interface temperature approaches the maximum continuous operating temperature, the power handling decreases to zero.

If mounting temperature is greater than 95°C, Xinger coupler will perform reliably as long as the input power is derated to the curve above.

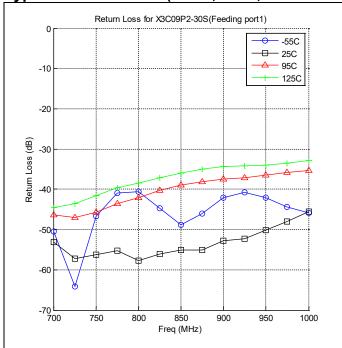
Insertion Loss Derating

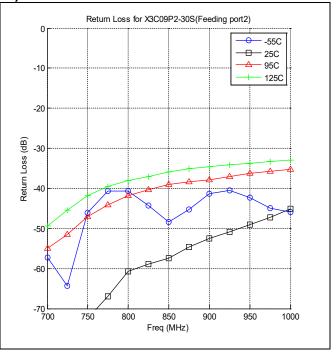
The insertion loss, at a given frequency, of a group of couplers is measured at 25°C and then averaged. The measurements are performed under small signal conditions (i.e. using a Vector Network Analyzer). The process is repeated at 85°C and 150°C. A best-fit line for the measured data is computed and then plotted from -55°C to 150°C.

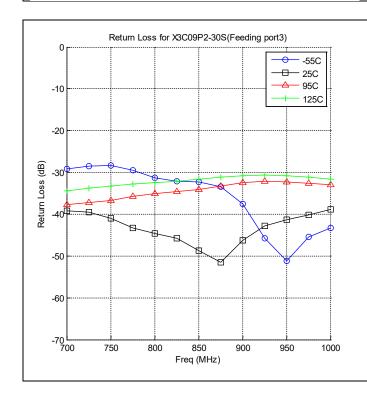


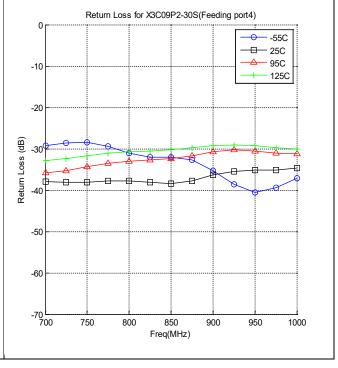


Typical Performance (-55°C, 25°C, 95°C & 125°C): 700-1000 MHz

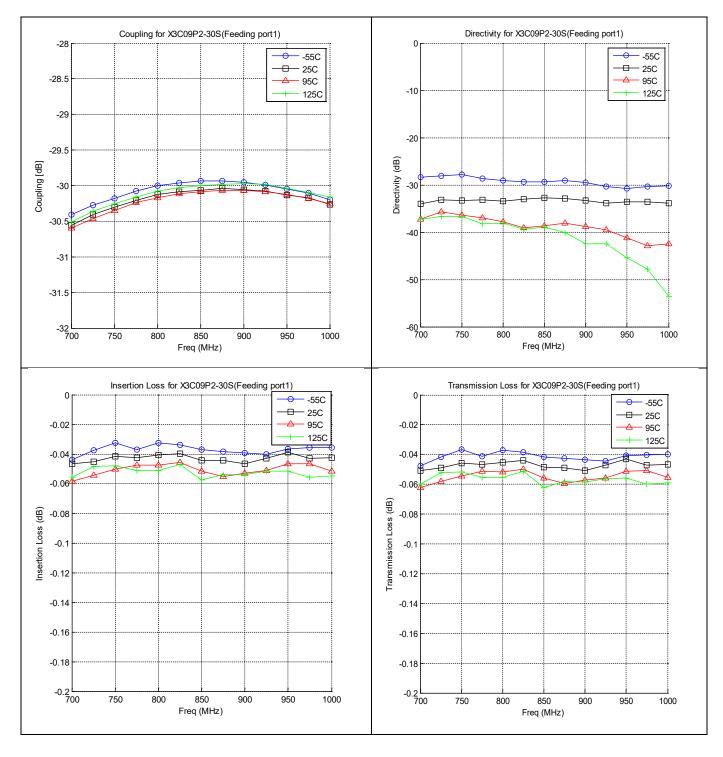














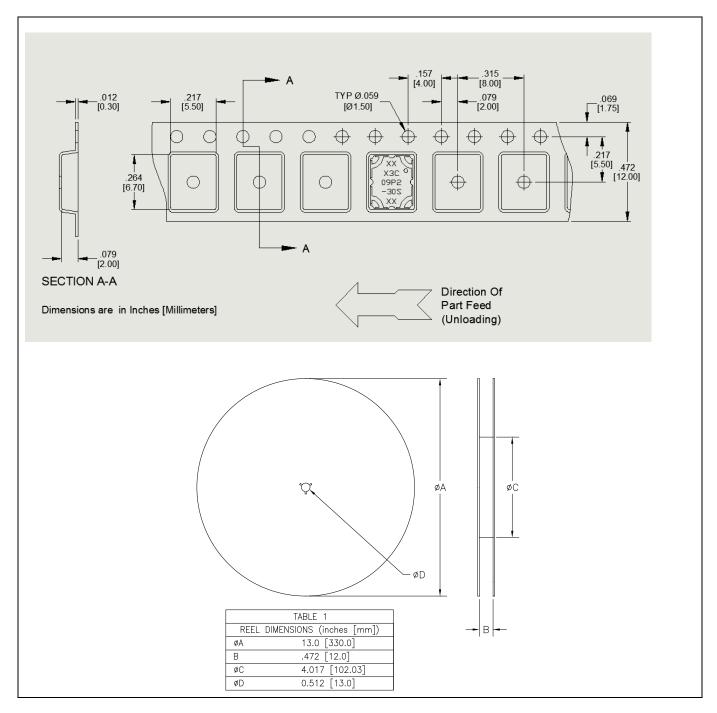
Definition of Measured Specifications

Parameter	Definition	Mathematical Representation
VSWR (Voltage Standing Wave Ratio)	The impedance match of the coupler to a 50Ω system. A VSWR of 1:1 is optimal.	$VSWR = \frac{V_{max}}{V_{min}}$ Vmax = voltage maxima of a standing wave Vmin = voltage minima of a standing wave
Return Loss	The impedance match of the coupler to a 50Ω system. Return Loss is an alternate means to express VSWR.	$Return Loss(dB) = 20log \frac{VSWR + 1}{VSWR - 1}$
Mean Coupling	At a given frequency (ωn), coupling is the input power divided by the power at the coupled port. Mean coupling is the average value of the coupling values in the band. N is the number of frequencies in the band.	$Coupling(dB) = C(\omega_n) = 10log rac{P_{in}(\omega_n)}{P_{cpl}(\omega_n)}$ $Mean Coupling(dB) = rac{\sum_{n=1}^{N} C(\omega_n)}{N}$
Insertion Loss	The input power divided by the sum of the power at the two output ports.	Insertion Loss(dB) = $10log \frac{P_{in}}{P_{cpl} + P_{direct}}$
Transmission Loss	The input power divided by the power at the direct port.	$10log \; \frac{P_{in}}{P_{direct}}$
Directivity	The power at the coupled port divided by the power at the isolated port.	$10log \; \frac{P_{cpl}}{P_{iso}}$
Frequency Sensitivity	The decibel difference between the maximum in band coupling value and the mean coupling, and the decibel difference between the minimum in band coupling value and the mean coupling.	Max Coupling (dB) – Mean Coupling (dB) and Min Coupling (dB) – Mean Coupling (dB)



Packaging and Ordering Information:

Parts are available in a reel and as loose parts in a bag. Packaging follows EIA 481-D for reels. Parts are oriented in tape and reel as shown below. Minimum order quantities are 2000 per reel. See Model Numbers below for further ordering information.



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