

IRFI4410ZGPbF

HEXFET® Power MOSFET

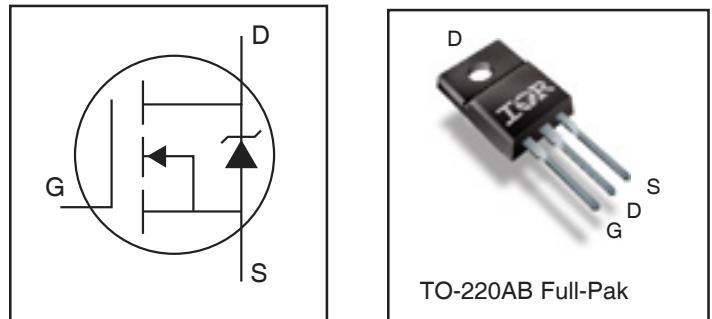
Applications

- High Efficiency Synchronous Rectification in SMPS
- Uninterruptible Power Supply
- High Speed Power Switching
- Hard Switched and High Frequency Circuits

V_{DSS}	100V
R_{DS(on)} typ.	7.9mΩ
	9.3mΩ
I_D	43A

Benefits

- Improved Gate, Avalanche and Dynamic dV/dt Ruggedness
- Fully Characterized Capacitance and Avalanche SOA
- Enhanced body diode dV/dt and di/dt Capability
- Lead-Free
- Halogen-Free



G	D	S
Gate	Drain	Source

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
I _D @ T _C = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V	43	A
I _D @ T _C = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V	30	
I _{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	170	
P _D @ T _C = 25°C	Maximum Power Dissipation	47	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.3	
V _{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±30	V
E _{AS} (Thermally limited)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	310	mJ
T _J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds (1.6mm from case)	300	
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10lb·in (1.1N·m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
R _{θJC}	Junction-to-Case ④	—	3.2	°C/W
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-Ambient ④	—	65	

Static @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	100	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}} / T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	95	—	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 5\text{mA}$ ③
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	7.9	9.3	m	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 26\text{A}$ ③
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 150\mu\text{A}$
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	20	μA	$V_{DS} = 100V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	250		$V_{DS} = 100V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -20V$
$R_{G(\text{int})}$	Internal Gate Resistance	—	0.9	—		

Dynamic @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	80	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 50V, I_D = 26\text{A}$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	81	110	nC	$I_D = 26\text{A}$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	18	—		$V_{DS} = 50V$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	23	—		$V_{GS} = 10V$ ③
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	15	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 65V$
t_r	Rise Time	—	27	—		$I_D = 26\text{A}$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	43	—		$R_G = 2.7$
t_f	Fall Time	—	30	—		$V_{GS} = 10V$ ③
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	4910	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	330	—		$V_{DS} = 50V$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	150	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{oss \text{ eff. (ER)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related)	—	420	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 80V$ ⑥, See Fig.11
$C_{oss \text{ eff. (TR)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Time Related)	—	680	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 80V$ ⑦

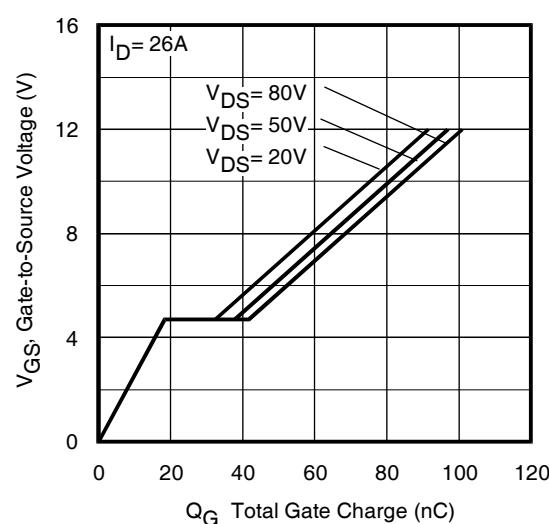
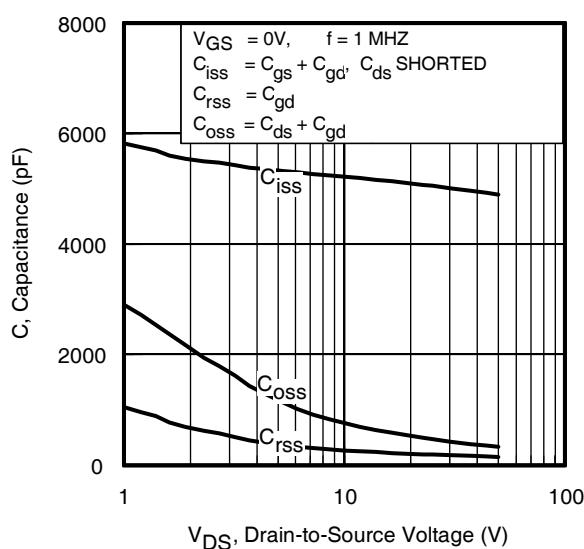
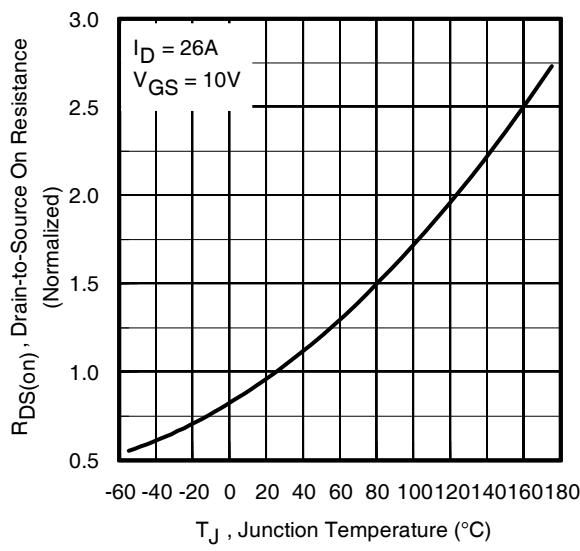
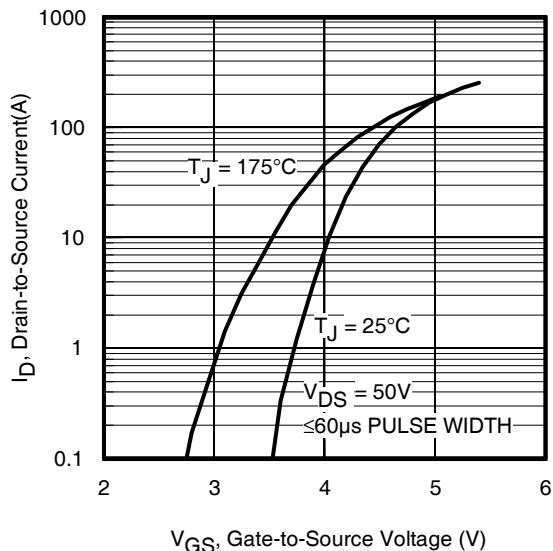
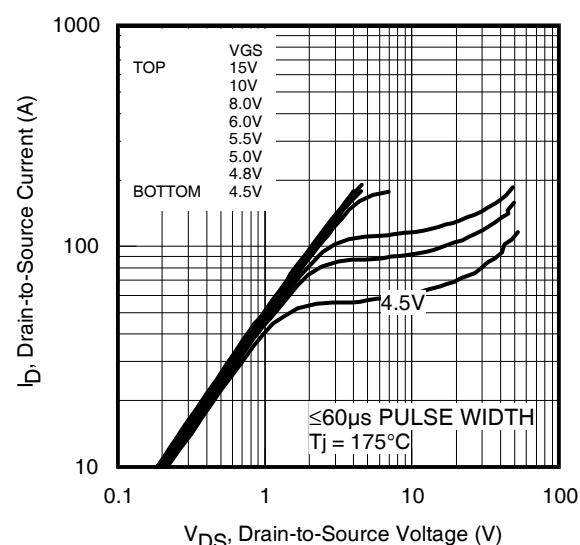
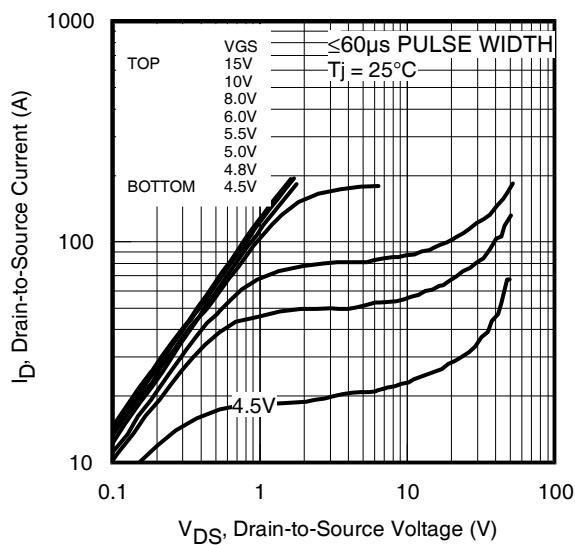
Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_s	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	43	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	170	A	
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 26\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0V$ ③
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	47	71	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 85V$,
		—	54	81		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $I_F = 26A$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	110	160	nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $dI/dt = 100A/\mu\text{s}$ ③
		—	140	210		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{RRM}	Reverse Recovery Current	—	2.5	—	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD)				

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
 ② Limited by $T_{J\text{max}}$, starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 0.91\text{mH}$
 $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 26\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 10V$. Part not recommended for use above this value.

- ③ Pulse width $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
 ④ R_θ is measured at T_J approximately 90°C
 ⑤ $C_{oss \text{ eff. (TR)}}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .
 ⑥ $C_{oss \text{ eff. (ER)}}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .



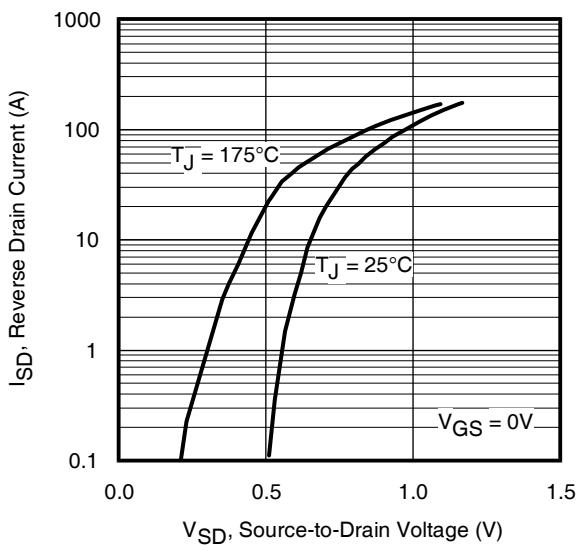


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

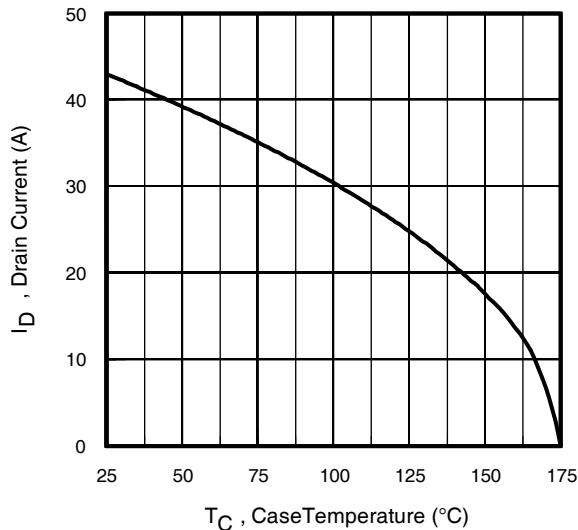


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

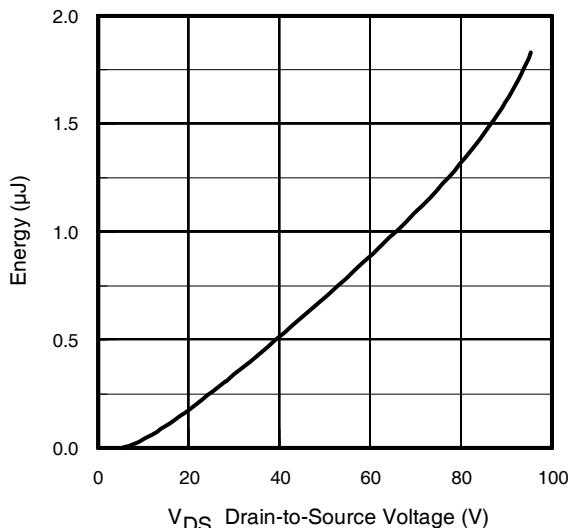


Fig 11. Typical C_{oss} Stored Energy

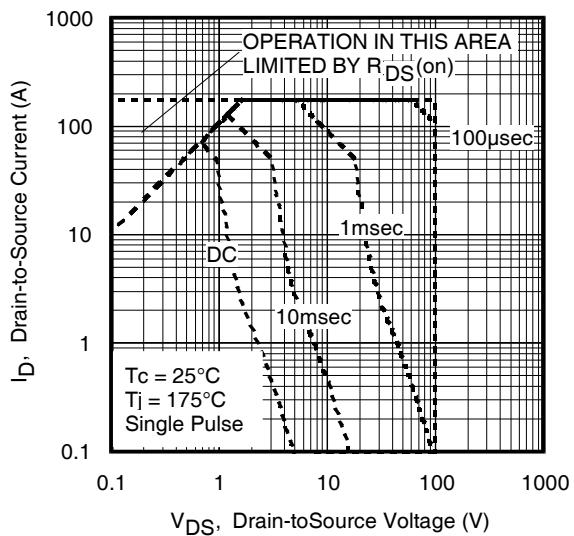


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

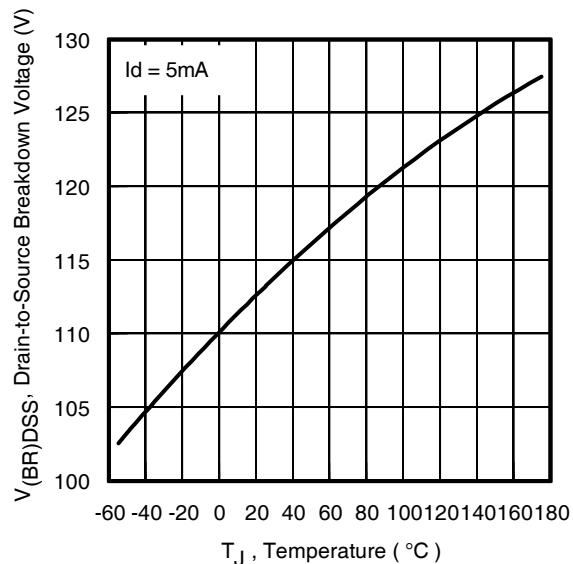


Fig 10. Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage

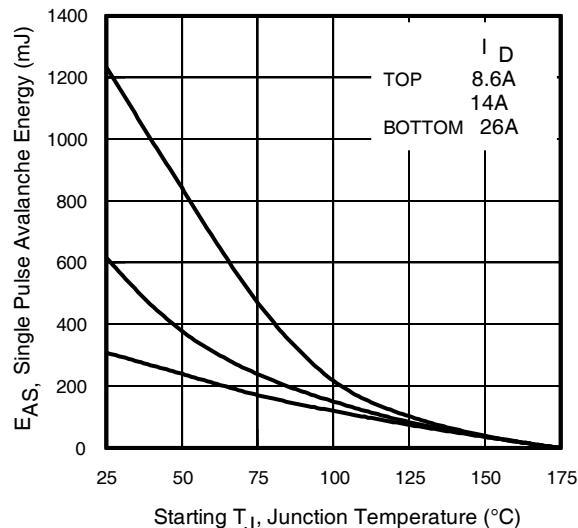


Fig 12. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current
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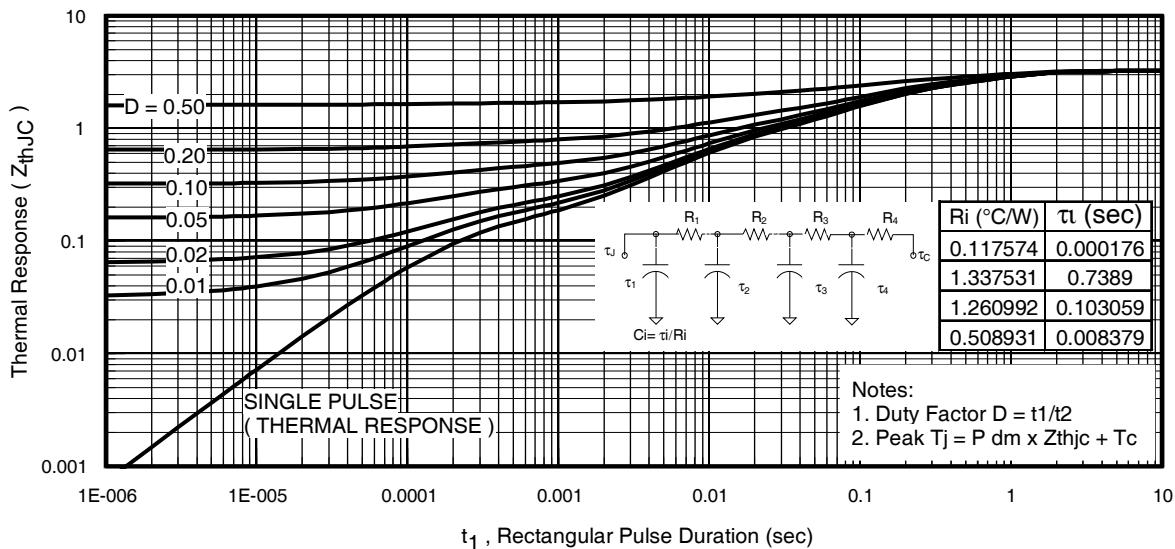


Fig 13. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

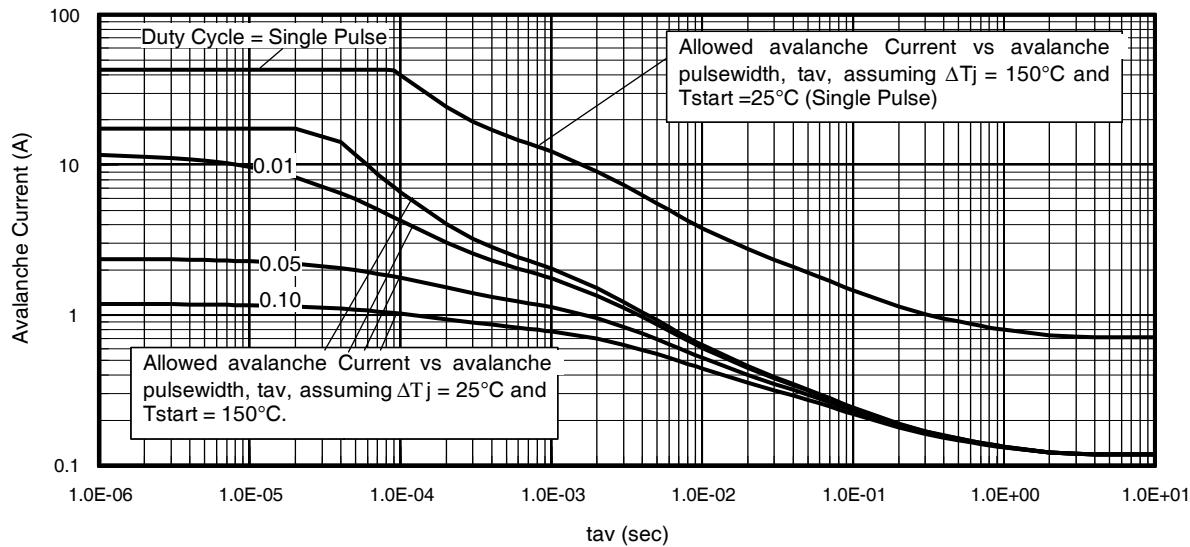


Fig 14. Typical Avalanche Current vs.Pulsewidth

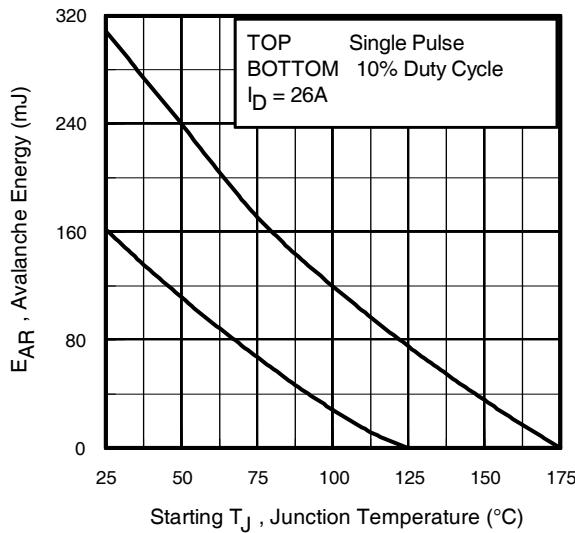


Fig 15. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature

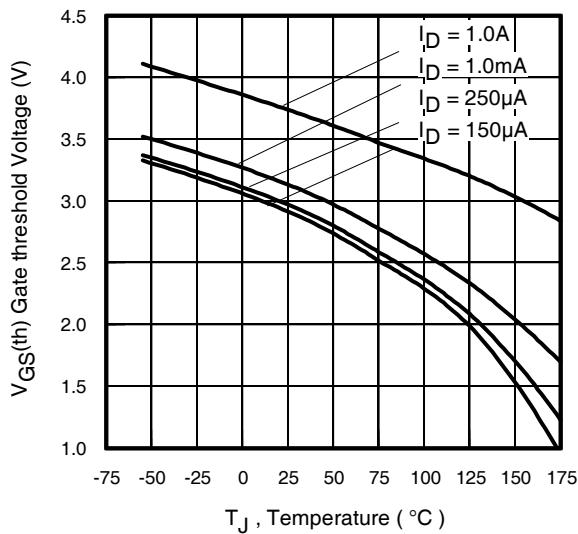
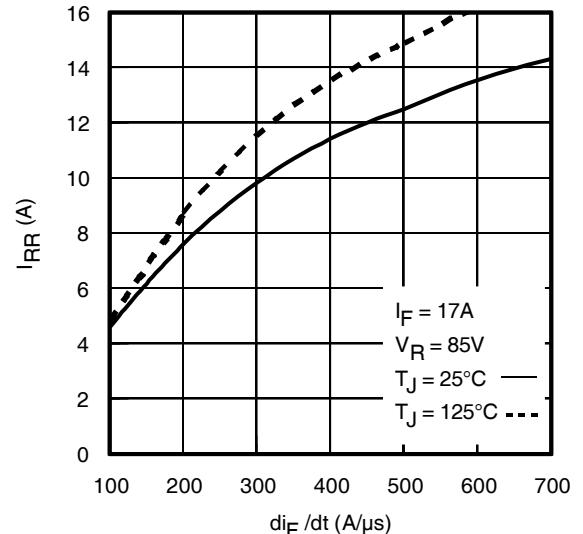
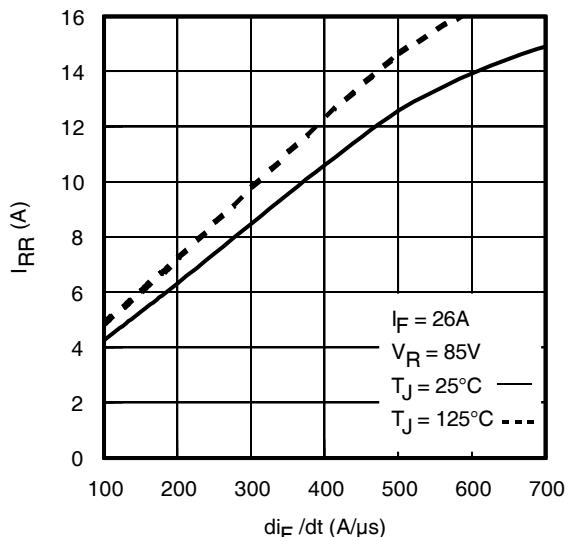
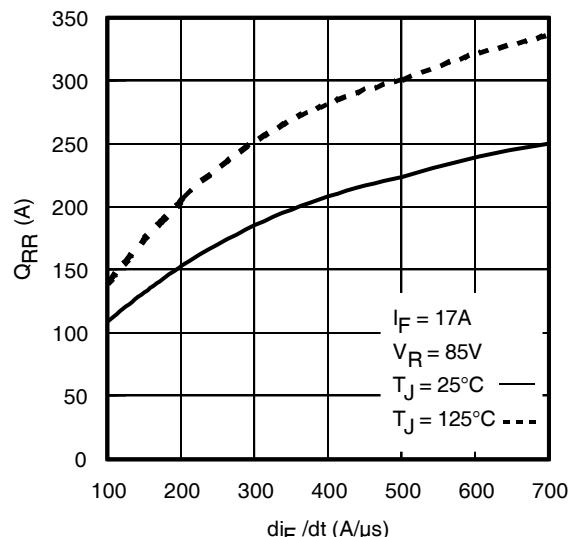
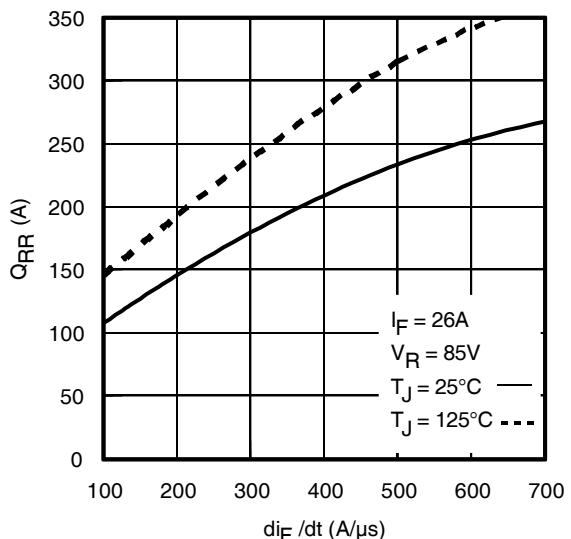
Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 14, 15:
 (For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)

1. Avalanche failures assumption:
 Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax} . This is validated for every part type.
 2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as T_{jmax} is not exceeded.
 3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 22a, 22b.
 4. $P_{D(ave)}$ = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
 5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
 6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.
 7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 14, 15).
- t_{av} = Average time in avalanche.
 D = Duty cycle in avalanche = $t_{av} \cdot f$
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$ = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 13

$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$

**Fig. 16.** Threshold Voltage Vs. Temperature**Fig. 17 -** Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt **Fig. 18 -** Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt **Fig. 19 -** Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt **Fig. 20 -** Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt

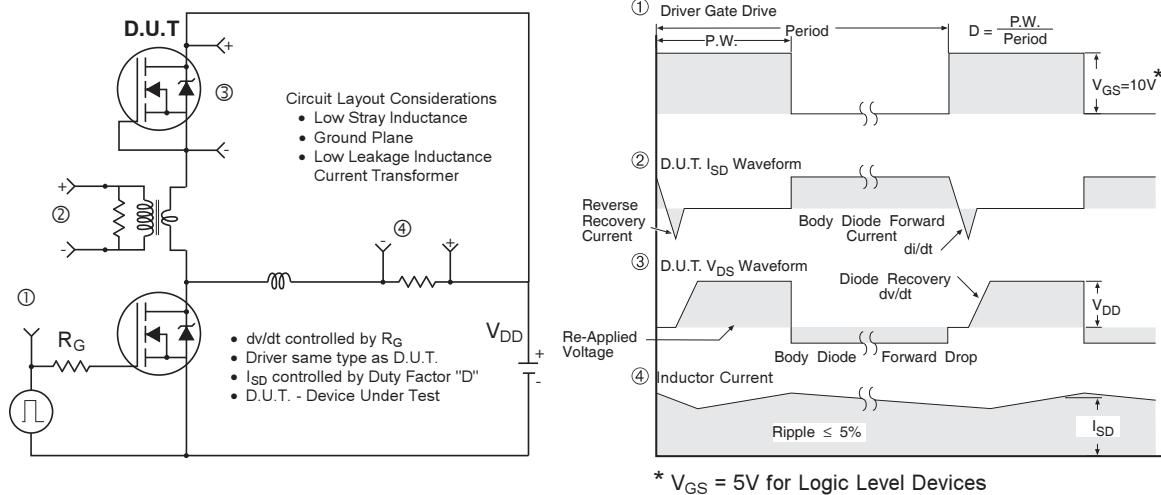


Fig 21. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

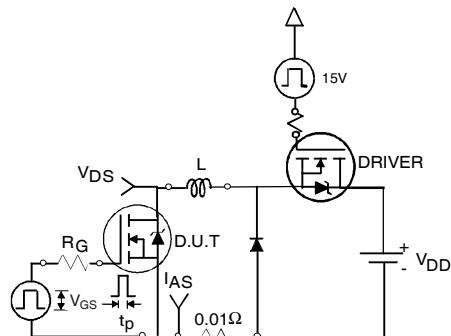


Fig 22a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

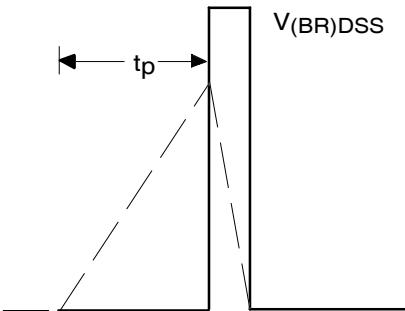


Fig 22b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

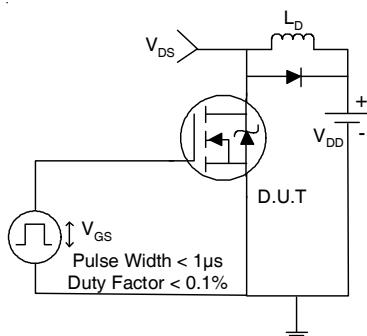


Fig 23a. Switching Time Test Circuit

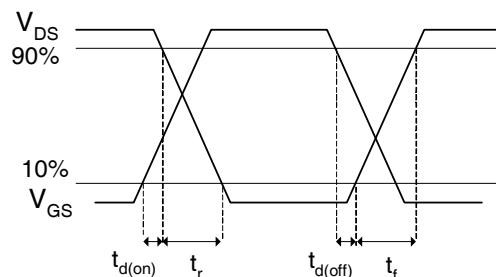


Fig 23b. Switching Time Waveforms

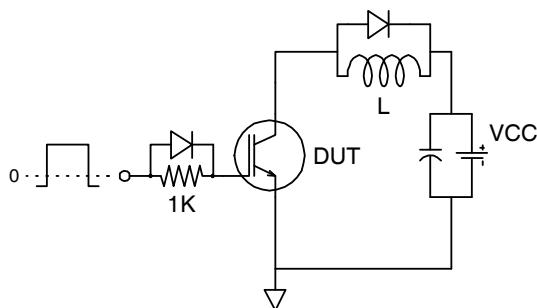


Fig 24a. Gate Charge Test Circuit
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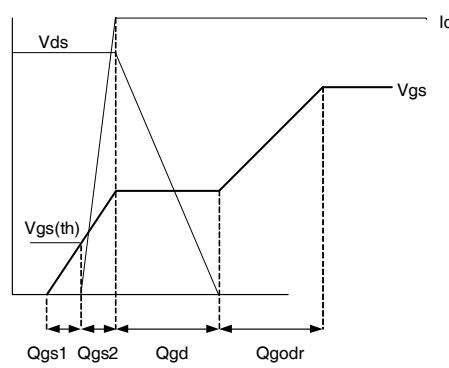
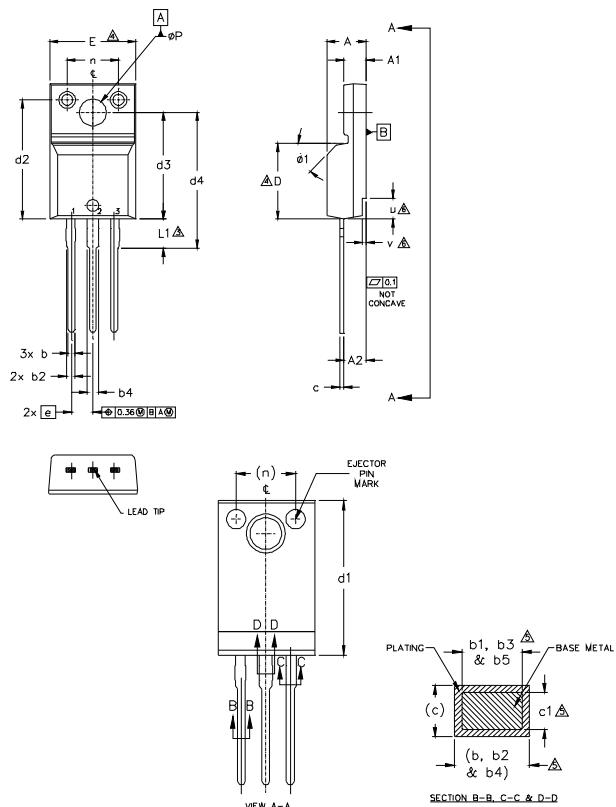


Fig 24b. Gate Charge Waveform

TO-220AB Full-Pak Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))



SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES	
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES			
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
A	4.57	4.83	.180	.190		
A1	2.57	2.83	.101	.111		
A2	2.41	2.92	.095	.115		
b	0.62	.094	.024	.037		
b1	0.62	0.89	.024	.35	5	
b2	0.76	1.27	.030	.50		
b3	0.76	1.22	.030	.48	5	
b4	1.02	1.52	.040	.60		
b5	1.02	1.47	.040	.58	5	
c	0.33	0.63	.013	.025		
c1	0.33	0.58	.013	.023	5	
D	8.65	9.80	.341	.386	4	
d1	15.80	16.12	.622	.635		
d2	13.97	14.22	.550	.560		
d3	12.30	12.92	.484	.509		
d4	8.64	9.91	.340	.390		
E	9.63	10.63	.379	.419	4	
e	2.54	BSC	.100 BSC			
L	13.20	13.72	.520	.540		
L1	3.10	2.31	.122	.138	3	
n	6.05	6.15	.238	.242		
øP	3.05	3.45	.120	.136		
u	2.40	2.50	.094	.098	6	
v	0.40	0.50	.016	.020	6	
ø1	—	45°	—	45°		

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET

- 1.- GATE
-
- 2.- DRAIN
-
- 3.- SOURCE

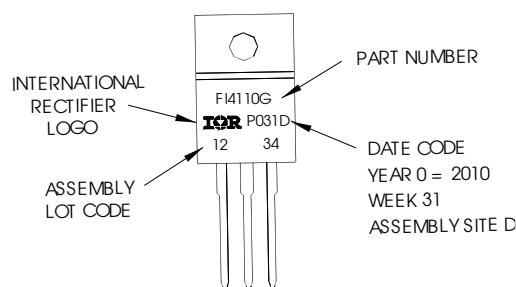
IGBTs_CoPACK

- 1.- GATE
-
- 2.- COLLECTOR
-
- 3.- Emitter

TO-220AB Full-Pak Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFI4110G
 WTH ASSEMBLY
 LOT CODE 1234
 ASSEMBLED ON WW 31, 2010

Notes: - "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead-Free"
 - "G" suffix in part number indicates "Halogen-Free"



TO-220AB Full-Pak packages are not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at: <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
 This product has been designed and qualified for the Industrial market.
 Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

International
 Rectifier

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