

# TDA7462

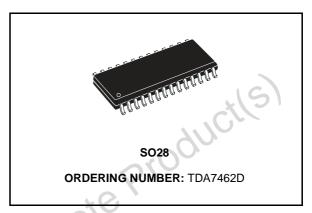
# DUAL AUDIOPROCESSOR WITH COMPANDER AND SUBWOOFER OUTPUT

- FULLY INTEGRATED AUDIOPROCESSOR
- 5 STEREO + 1 MONO INPUTS
- FOUR INDEPENDENT SPEAKER OUTPUTS
- DYNAMIC COMPRESSION STAGE FOR CD
- SUBWOOFER OUTPUT
- SOFTSTEP FEATURE FOR VOLUME
- VOICE-BAND FILTER
- DIRECT MUTE AND SOFTMUTE
- PAUSE DETECTOR
- FULLY PROGRAMMABLE BY I<sup>2</sup>C BUS IN-TERFACE

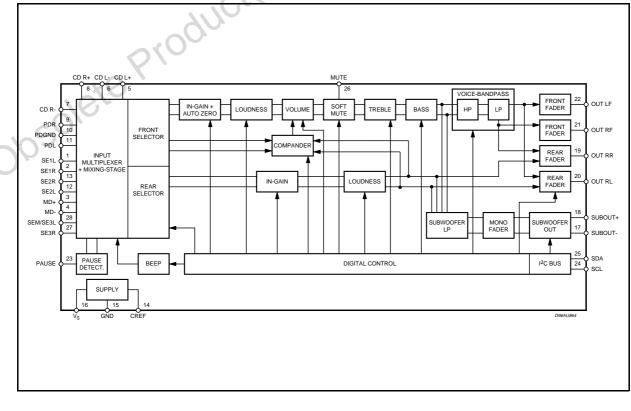
#### DESCRIPTION

The TDA7462 is a high performance audioprocessor with fully integrated audio filters. The digital control allows the programming of all filter characteristics in a wide range without the need of external components. New innovative features are included , a dynamic compression stage to

#### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



optimize audio response of CD sources an additional output channel for subwoofer and a separate source selector for rear channel. The use of a dedicated BICMOS process makes signal processing very linear thus achieving low distortion and low noise figures.



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#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
Vs	Operating Supply Voltage	10.5	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	Operating Ambient Temperature Range	-40 to 85	°C
Tstg	Operating Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C

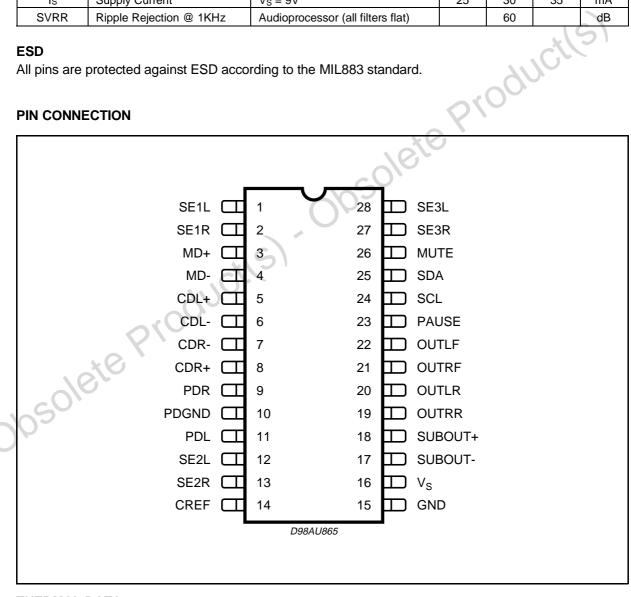
#### SUPPLY

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vs	Supply Voltage		7.5	9	10.2	V
ls	Supply Current	$V_{\rm S} = 9V$	25	30	35	mA
SVRR	Ripple Rejection @ 1KHz	Audioprocessor (all filters flat)		60		dB

### ESD

All pins are protected against ESD according to the MIL883 standard.

#### **PIN CONNECTION**



## THERMAL DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
Rth-j pins	Thermal Resistance Junction-pins Max	85	°C/W

#### **PIN DESCRIPTION**

N.	Name	Function	Туре
1	SE1L	Single Ended Input 1 Left Channel	I
2	SE1R	Single Ended Input 1 Right Channel	I
3	MD+	Mono Differenzial Input +	I
4	MD-	Mono Differenzial Input -	I
5	CDL+	CD Input Left Channel +	I
6	CDL-	CD Input Left Channel -	I
7	CDR-	CD Input Right Channel -	
8	CDR+	CD Input Right Channel +	G
9	PDR	Pseudo Differential Input Left	5
10	PDGND	Pseudo Differential Common Ground	I
11	PDL	Pseudo Differential Input Right	I
12	SE2L	Single Ended Input 2 Left Channel	I
13	SE2R	Single Ended Input 2 Right Channel	I
14	CREF	Stabilizer Capacitor Pin	S
15	GND	Supply Ground	S
16	VS	Supply Voltage	S
17	SUBOUT-	Subwoofer Output -	0
18	SUBOUT+	Subwoofer Output +	0
19	OUTRR	Speaker Output Right Rear	0
20	OUTLR	Speaker Output Left Rear	0
21	OUTRF	Speaker Output Right Front	0
22	OUTLF	Speaker Output Left Front	0
23	PAUSE	Pause Detector Output	0
24	SCL	I <sup>2</sup> C bus clock	1
25	SDA	I <sup>2</sup> C bus data	I/O
26	MUTE	Softmute drive	1
27	SE3R	Single Ended Input 3 Right Channel	I
28	SE3L	Single Ended Input 3 Left Channel	I

Pin type legenda:

I = Input

O = Output

I/O = Input/Output

S = Supply

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (Vs = 9V; T<sub>amb</sub> = 25°C; R<sub>L</sub> = 10K $\Omega$ ; all gains = 0dB; f = 1KHz; unless otherwise specified).

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
INPUT SEL						
Rin	Input Resistance	all inputs except Phone	70	100	130	KΩ
Vcl	Clipping Level	· · · ·	2.2	2.6		Vrms
SIN	Input Separation		80	100		dB
GIN MIN	Min. Input Gain		-1	0	1	dB
GIN MAX	Max. Input Gain		13	15	17	dB
GSTEP	Step Resolution		0.5	1	1.5	dB
VDC	DC Steps	Adjacent Gain Step	-5	1	5	mV
		GMIN to GMAX	-10	6	10	mV
Voffset	Remaining offset with AutoZero			0.5		mV
	TIAL CD STEREO INPUT			0.0	17	<u></u>
Rin	Input Resistance	Differential	70	100	130	KΩ
G <sub>CD</sub>	Gain	only at true differential input	-1	0	100	dB
CCD	Gain	only at the differential input	-5	-6	-7	dB
			-11	-12	-13	dB
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	Vcm = 1Vrms @ 1KHz	40	70		dB
		Vсм = 1Vrмs @ 10KHz	40	60		dB
θN	Output Noise @ Speaker Output	20Hz to 20KHz flat; all stages 0dB		9		μV
	TIAL MD INPUT					
Rin	Input Resistance	Differential	40	55	70	KΩ
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	V <sub>CM</sub> = 1V <sub>RMS</sub> @ 1KHz	40	70		dB
•		$V_{CM} = 1V_{RMS} @ 10KHz$	40	60		dB
еN	Output Noise @ Speaker Output	20Hz to 20KHz flat; all stages 0dB	10	9		μV
	TIAL PHONE INPUT			5		μν
Rin	Input Resistance	Differential	70	100	130	KΩ
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	Vcm = 1vrms @ 1KHz	35	70	150	dB
CIVILAT	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = 1_{VRMS} @ 10KHz$	35	60		dB
BEEP CON			55	00		uD
VRMS	Beep Level		250	350	500	mV
	Lower Beep Frequency		740	780	820	Hz
fBMIN farwy			1.48	1.56	1.64	KHz
fBMAX MIXING CO	Higher Beep Frequency		1.40	1.50	1.04	ΝΠΖ
		Main/Mix-Source		0/		٩D
Mlevel	Mixing Level	Main/Mix-Source		0/∞		dB
S		-		-3.5/-9.6		dB
0		-		-6/-6		dB
				-12/-2.5		dB
VOLUME C			0.2		0.1	
<u> </u>	Max Gain		30	32	34	dB
Амах	Max Attenuation		-83	-79.5	-75	dB
ASTEP	Step Resolution		0	0.5	1	dB
EA	Attenuation Set Error	G = -20 to 20dB	-0.75	0	0.75	dB
		G = -80 to -20dB	-4	0	3	dB
Ет	Tracking Error				2	dB
Vdc	DC Steps	Adjacent Attenuation Steps		0.1	3	mV
		From 0dB to GMIN		0.5	5	mV
LOUDNESS	S CONTROL					•
ASTEP	Step Resolution		0.5	1	1.5	dB
Амах	Max. Attenuation		13	15	17	dB
fcmin	Lower Center Frequency		360	400	440	Hz
fсмах	Higher Center Frequency		720	800	880	Hz

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
SOFT MUT	Ē				•	
Amute	Mute Attenuation		80	100		dB
TD	Delay Time	T1		0.48	1	ms
		T2		0.96	2	ms
		Т3	20	30.7	50	ms
		T4	70	123	170	ms
VTHIow	Low Threshold for SM Pin <sup>1</sup>				1	V
VTHhigh	High Threshold for SM Pin		2.5			V
Rpd	Internal Pull-up Resistor		70	100	130	KΩ
SOFT STEI	P				1%	
Tsw	Switch Time	T <sub>SM</sub>	/1	0.16	C'	ms
		T <sub>SW</sub>	/2	0.32	)	ms
		Tsw		0.64		ms
		T <sub>SM</sub> T <sub>SM</sub>		1.28 2.56		ms ms
		Tsw		5.12		ms
		T <sub>SM</sub>		10.2		ms
		Tsw		20.4		ms
BASS CON	ITROL					
CRANGE	Control Range	S	±14	±15	±16	dB
ASTEP	Step Resolution		0.5	1	1.5	dB
fc	Center Frequency	fc1	54	60	66	Hz
		fc2	63	70	77	Hz
	10	fсз	72	80	88	Hz
		fC4	90	100	110	Hz
QBASS	Quality Factor	Q1	0.9	1	1.1	
	AV -	Q2	1.1	1.25	1.4	
		Q3	1.3	1.5	1.7	
		Q4	1.8	2	2.2	
	Bass-Dc-Gain	DC = off	-1	0	+1	dB
	XU	DC = on	4	4.4	6	dB
TREBLE C	ONTROL					
CRANGE	Control Range		±13	±14	±15	dB
ASTEP	Step Resolution		1	2	3	dB
fc	Center Frequency	fc1	8	10	12	KHz
		fc2	10	12.5	15	KHz
		fсз	12	15	18	KHz
		fc4	14	17.5	21	KHz
SPEAKER	ATTENUATORS		-			
CRANGE	Control Range		-53	50	-47	dB
ASTEP	Step Resolution		0.5	1	2	dB
Амите	Output Mute Attenuation		80	90		dB
EE	Attenuation Set Error		-2		2	dB
VDC	DC Steps	Adjacent Attenuation Steps	1	0.1	5	mV

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

1) The SM pin is active low (Mute = 0)

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
FADER OU	TPUTS					
VCLIP	Clipping Level	d = 0.3%	2.2	2.6		Vrms
R∟	Output Load Resistance		2			KΩ
CL	Output Load Capacitance				10	nF
Rout	Output Impedance			30	100	Ω
Vdc	DC Voltage Level		4.3	4.5	4.7	V
PAUSE DE	TECTOR	·				
V <sub>TH</sub>	Zero Crossing Threshold	Window 1		20		mV
		Window 2		40		mV
		Window 3		80		ΜV
		Window 4		160		mV
IDELAY	Pull-Up Current		15	25	35	μΑ
VTHP	Pause Threshold		-	3.0		V
VOICE BAN	NDPASS	•				
f <sub>HP</sub>	Highpass corner frequency	f <sub>HP1</sub>	81	90	99	Hz
-111	· ····································	f <sub>HP2</sub>	162	180	198	Hz
		f <sub>HP3</sub>	117	130	143	Hz
		f <sub>HP4</sub>	234	260	286	Hz
f <sub>LP</sub>	Lowpass corner frequency	fLP1	2.7	3	3.3	kHz
·LF		f <sub>LP2</sub>	5.4	6	6.6	kHz
SUBWOOF	ER ATTENUATORS		0.1	Ŭ	0.0	1012
CRANGE	Control Range		-53	-50	-47	dB
	Step Resolution <sup>2</sup>		0.5	1	1.5	dB
A <sub>MUTE</sub>	Output Mute Attenuation		80	90	1.0	dB
EE	Attenuation Set Error		00		2	dB
V <sub>DC</sub>	DC Steps	Adjacent Attenuation Steps		1	5	mV
	TIAL OUTPUTS	Aujacent Attendation Oteps			0	IIIV
RL	Load resistance at each output	1V <sub>RMS</sub> ; AC coupled; THD = 1%	1			kΩ
IXL	Load resistance at each output	$2V_{RMS}$ ; AC coupled; THD = 1%	2			kΩ
P	Load resistance differential	1VRMS; AC coupled; THD = 1%	2			kΩ
$R_{DL}$	Load resistance differentiar	$2V_{RMS}$ ; AC coupled; THD = 1%	4			kΩ
CL	Capacitive load at each output	CLMIN at each Output to	4		470	pF
		Ground			470	'
C <sub>LMAX</sub>	Capacitive load at each output	C <sub>LMAX</sub> at each Output to Ground			10	nF
C <sub>DLMAX</sub>	Capacitive load differential	CLMAX between Output terminals			5	nF
V <sub>Offset</sub>	DC Offset at pins	Output muted	-10		10	
ROUT	Output Impedance	ouput matou	10	30	100	Ω
VDC	DC Voltage Level		4.3	4.5	4.7	V
eno	Output Noise	Output muted	<del>т.</del> 0	6	15	μV
COMPAND		Output mateu			10	μν
G <sub>MAX</sub>	Max. Compander Gain	V <sub>i</sub> < -40dB		19		dB
				23		dB
t	Attack time	tana		6		ms
t <sub>ATT</sub>		t <sub>Att1</sub> t <sub>Att2</sub>		12		ms
				24		
		t <sub>Att3</sub>				ms
<b>+</b> _	Pologog time	t <sub>Att4</sub>		49		ms
t <sub>Rel</sub>	Release time	t <sub>Rel1</sub>		195		ms
		t <sub>Rel2</sub>		390		ms
		t <sub>Rel3</sub>		780		ms
.,		t <sub>Rel4</sub>		1.56		S
$V_{REF}$	Compander Reference Input- Level (equals 0dB)	1kHz sine-wave		0.5		V <sub>RMS</sub>
CF	Compression Factor	Output Signal/Input Signal		0.5		

2) Steps are increasing if the attenuation is higher than 24dB.



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
GENERAL						
e <sub>NO</sub>	Output Noise	BW = 20 Hz to 20 KHz output muted		3	15	μV
		BW = 20 Hz to 20 KHz all gain = 0dB single ended inputs		10	20	μV
S/N	Signal to Noise Ratio	all gains = 0dB flat; Vo = 2VRMS		106		dB
		bass treble at 12dB; a-weighted; Vo = 2.6V <sub>RMS</sub>		100		dB
d	Distortion	VIN = 1VRMS; all stages 0dB		0.005	0.1	%
		VIN = 1VRMS; Bass & Treble = 12dB		0.05	0.1	2%
Sc	Channel separation Left/Right		80	100	5	dB
Eτ	Total Tracking Error	$A_V = 0$ to -20dB	-1	0	1	dB
		A <sub>V</sub> = -20 to -60dB	-2	0	2	dB

## MAIN FEATURES SUMMARY

#### **Input Multiplexer**

- One fully differential CD stereo input with switchable attenuation
- One quasi-differential stereo input
- Three single-ended stereo inputs
- One1 differential mono input
- In-Gain 0..15dB, 1dB step
- Internal Offsetcancellation (AutoZero)
- Separate source selector for rear channel

#### Beep

Internal beep with 2 frequencies

#### Mixing stage

 4 step-mixing stage with phone or rear-selector as mix-signals

#### Loudness

- Second order frequency response
- Programmable center frequency and quality factor
- 15 x 1dB attenuation steps
- Selectable flat-mode (constant attenuation)

#### Volume

- 0.5dB attenuion step
- 80dB control range
- Soft-step control with programmable times

#### Compander

Dynamic range compression for use with CD source

- 2:1 compression rate
- Max. gain 15dB

### Bass

- 2nd order frequency response
- Center frequency programmable in 4 steps
- DC gain programmable
- 15 x 1dB steps

#### Treble

- 2nd order frequency response
- Center frequency programmable in 4 steps
- 7 x 2dB steps

#### Voice Bandpass

- 2nd order Butterworth highpass filter with programmable cut-off frequency
- 2nd order butterworth lowpass filter with programmable cut-off frequency

#### Speaker

- Four independent speaker controls in 1dB steps
- Control range 50dB
- Separate Mute drive

#### Subwoofer

- Differential mono output
- Control range 50dB
- 2nd order lowpass filter

#### **Mute Functions**

Direct mute

#### **Mute Functions**

- Direct mute
- Digitally controlled softmute with 4 program-mable mute times

#### **Pause Detector**

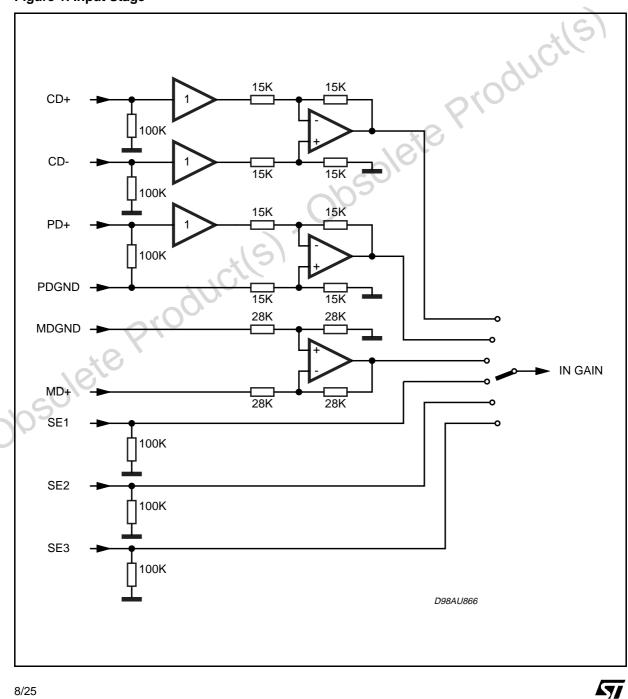
- Programmable threshold
- Delay time defined by external capacitor

## Figure 1. Input Stage

#### **FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

#### **Input Stages**

Most of the input stages are similar to the others ST audioprocessors with exception of the CD inputs (see Figure 1). In fact there are some CD players in the market having a significant high source impedance which affects strongly on the common-mode rejection (CHRR) of the normal differential input stage. The additional buffer of the TDA7462 CD input avoids this drawback and



offers the full common-mode rejection even with those CD players.

#### AutoZero Stage

In order to reduce the number of pins there is no AC coupling between the In-Gain and the following stage, so that any offset generated by or before the stage would be transferred or even amplified to the output. To avoid that effect, a special offset cancellation stage called AutoZero is implemented. This stage is located before the mixing block to eliminate all offsets generated by the input and the In-Gain (notice that externally generated offsets, e.g. generated through the leakage current of the coupling capacitors, are not cancelled).

The auto-zeroing is started every time the databyte 0 is selected and takes a time of max. 0.3ms. To avoid audible clicking the audioprocessor is muted before the loudness stage during this time.

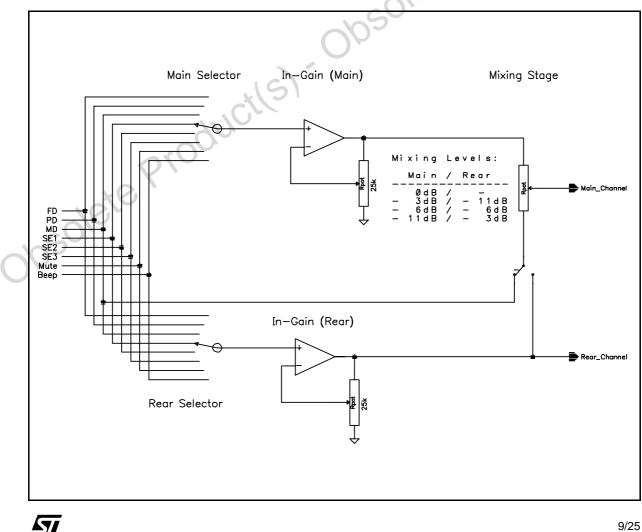
#### Figure 2. Signal Flow of Mixing Stage.

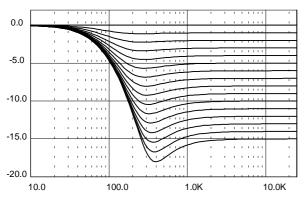
#### AutoZero Remain

In some cases, for example if the  $\mu P$  is executing a refresh cycle of the I<sup>2</sup>C bus programming, it is not useful to start a new AutoZero action because no new source is selected and an undesired mute would appear at the outputs. For such applications the TDA7462 could be switched in the AutoZeroRemain mode. If this bit is set to high, the databyte 0 could be loaded without invoking the AutoZero and the old adjustment value remains.

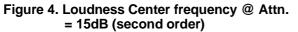
#### **Full Mixing Stage**

The four-level mixing stage offers the possibility to mix the rear selector signal or the phone signal to any other source. Due to the fact that the mixing stage is located after the In-Gain stage fine adjustments of the main source level could be done in this way.





#### Figure 3. Loudness Attenuation @ fc = 400Hz (second order)



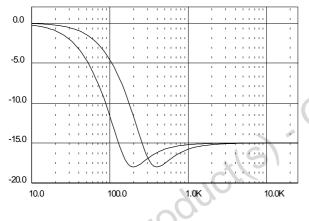
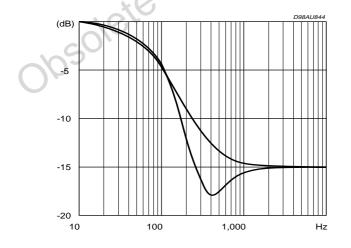


Figure 5. Loudness @ Attn. = 15dB, fc = 400Hz



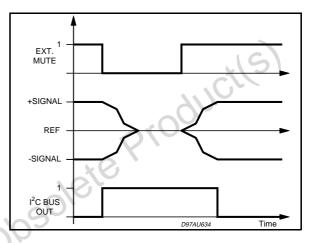
#### **SoftMute**

The digitally controlled SoftMute stage allows muting/de-muting the signal with a I<sup>2</sup>C bus pro-

grammable slope. The mute process can either be activated by the SoftMute pin(SM) or by the  $I^2C$  bus. This slope is realized in a special Sshaped curve to mute slow in the critical regions (see Figure 6).

For timing purposes the Bit 3 of the  $I^2C$  bus output register is set to 1 from the start of muting until the end of de-muting.

#### Figure 6. Softmute Timing

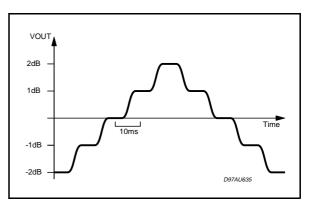


Note: Please notice that a started Mute action is always terminated and could not be interrupted by a change of the mute signal.

#### SoftStep Volume

When the volume level is changed audible clicks could appear at the output. The root cause of those clicks could either be a DC offset before the volume stage or the sudden change of the envelope of the audio signal. With the SoftStep feature both kinds of clicks could be reduced to a minimum and are no more audible. The blend time from one step to the next is programmable in four steps.

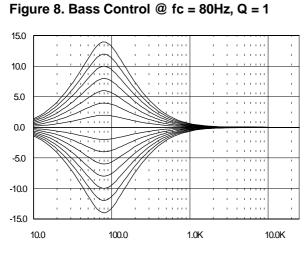
#### Figure 7. Soft Step Timing



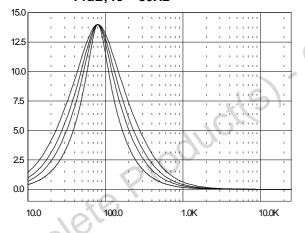
Note: For steps more than 1dB the softstep mode should be deactivated because it could generate a 1dB error during the blend-time

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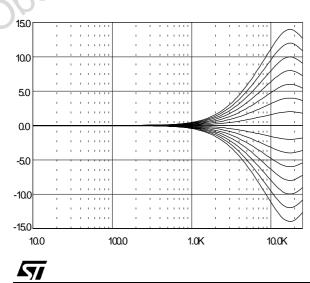
## FILTER CHARACTERISTICS (BASS, TREBLE, VOICE-BAND)



# Figure 10. Bass Quality factors @ Gain = 14dB, fc = 80Hz







#### Figure 9. Bass Center @ Gain = 14dB, Q = 1

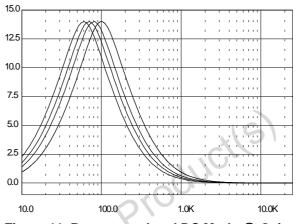
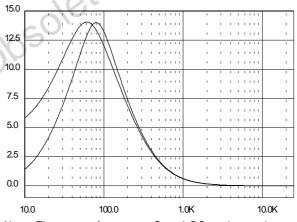
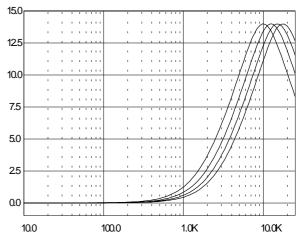


Figure 11. Bass normal and DC Mode @ Gain = 14dB, fc = 80Hz

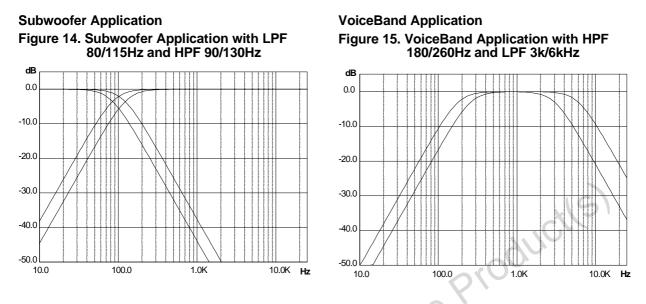


Note: The center frequency,  ${\sf Q}$  and DC-mode can be set independently.

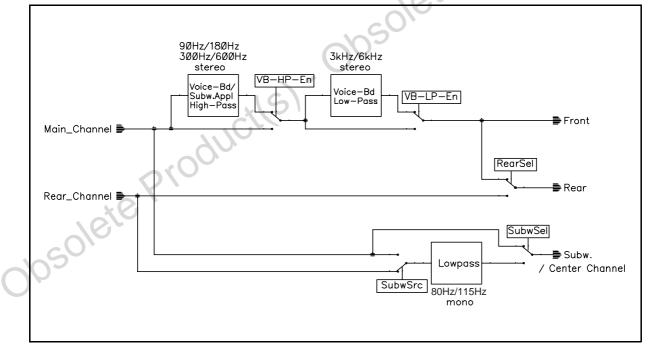
Figure 13. Treble Center Frequencies @ Gain = 14dB



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#### **Speaker Attenuator**

Due to practical aspects the steps in the speakerattenuators are not linear over the full range. At attenuations more than 24dB the steps increase from 1.5dB to 10dB (see data byte specification).

#### Subwoofer

The Subwoofer output is a differential mono output with 6dB gain. The outgoing signal generated

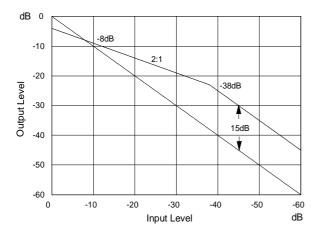
by adding the left and the right channel. The attenuator is exactly the same like the other speakers.

In some applications it could be helpful to change the phase of this output by software. For this purpose a bit is available in the subwoofer byte to change the phase from  $0^{\circ}$  to  $180^{\circ}$ .

#### **Compander Stage**

To achieve the desired compression characteristic like shown below the volume has to be decreased by 4dB.

Figure 17. Compander Characteristics



When the compander is working a volume word coming from this stage is added to the I<sup>2</sup>C bus volume word and the volume is changed with a soft slope between adjacent steps. As mentioned in the description of this stage it is not recommended to change the volume during this slope. The compander-hold bit (Bit 7 in the subaddressbyte) is present to implement the volume change more easily. The recommended sequence for changing the volume level when compander feature is on is the following:

- 1. Set the compander-hold bit
- 2. Wait the actual SoftStep time
- 3. Change the volume
- 4. Reset the compander-hold bit

The SoftStep times are (in compander ON condition) automatically adapted to the attach time of the Compander. In the following table the related SoftStep times are shown:

Attack-Time	SoftStep Time
6ms	0.16ms
12ms	0.32ms
24ms	0.64ms
48ms	1.28ms

## I<sup>2</sup>C BUS INTERFACE DESCRIPTION Interface Protocol

The interface protocol comprises:

- a start condition (S)
- a chip address byte (the LSB bit determines

read / write transmission)

- a subaddress byte
- a sequence of data (N-bytes + acknowledge)
- a stop condition (P)
- the max. Clock Speed is 500kbits/s

i	CHIP ADDRES	S			DDRE	SS		Г	DATA	1 DAT	Ā n
	8 Bit			8	Bit					8 Bit	
MS	SB	LSB	MSB				LSB	MS	BB		LSB
S 1	0 0 0 1 0 0	R/W ACK		$_{2}$ $I_{1}$ $I_{0}$ A	A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>2</sub>	$A_1$	$A_0$	ACK		DATA	ACK P

## S = Start

R/W = "0" -> Receive Mode (Chip could be programmed by μP) "1" -> Transmission Mode (Data could be received by μP)

ACK = Acknowledge

P = Stop

#### TRANSMITTED DATA (send mode)

SM - Soft mut					Х
	e activated	b	ć	11	
ST = Stereo		2			
K = Not Used		AC C			
	~	$\mathbf{O}$			
	0.				

The transmitted data is automatic updated after each ACK. Transmission can be repeated without new chipaddress.

#### **Reset Condition**

A Power On reset (POR) is invoked if the supply voltage is below than 3.5V. After that the following data is written automatically into the registers of all subaddresses:

MSB							LSB
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

The programming after POR is marked bold-face / underlined in the programming tables.

With this programming all the outputs are muted to  $V_{REF}$  ( $V_{OUT} = V_{DD}/2$ ).

**۲7/** 

### SUBADDRESS (receive mode)

MSB							LSB	FUNCTION
13	12	l1	10	A3	A2	A1	A0	
								Compander Hold <sup>1</sup>
0								off
1								on
								AutoZero Remain <sup>2</sup>
	0							off
	1							on
								Testmode <sup>3</sup>
		0						off
		1						on
								Auto-Increment Mode <sup>4</sup>
			0					off
			1					on
				0	0	0	0	Main Selector
				0	0	0	1	Main Loudness
				0	0	1	0	Volume
				0	0	1	1	Bass-Config./Treble
				0	1	0	0	Bass
				0	1	0	1	Speaker attenuator LF
				0	1		0	Speaker attenuator RF
				0	0	1 0		Rear Selector Rear Loudness
				1	0	0	1	
				1	0	1	0	Speaker attenuator RR
				1	0	1	1	Subwoofer
				1	1	0	0	SoftMute/Mixing
				1	1	Õ	1	Compander
				1 🔺	1	1	0	Configuration
				1	1	້ 1	1	Testing

<sup>1</sup>For more information see Compander section <sup>2</sup>For more information see AutoZero section <sup>3</sup>For more information see Test Programming block <sup>4</sup>If this bit is set to "1", the subaddress is automatically incremented after the transmission of a data-byte. Therefore a transmission of more than one byte without sending the new subaddress is possible.

obsolete

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# DATA BYTE SPECIFICATION

# **Main Selector**

MSB							LSB	FUNCTION				
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0					
					0 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 1 1 0 0 1	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	Source Selector Mono Differential Single Ended 1 Full Differential Single Ended 2 Pseudo Differential Single Ended 3 Mute beep				
	1 1 : 0 0	1 1 : 0 0	1 1 : 0 0	1 0 : 1 0				Input Gain 15dB 14dB : 1dB 0dB				
0 1								Pause Source Selector Single Ended 3 Pseudo Differential				
Main Loudness												

	MSB					10		LSB	LOUDNESS
	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3 💧	D2	D1	D0	
			9	,0 <sup>0</sup>	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 1 1	0 1 : 0 1	Attenuation OdB -1dB : -14dB -15dB
		10	Ø,	0 1					Filter on off (flat)
1	05	)	0 1						Center Frequency 400Hz 800Hz
		0 1							<b>Loudness Q</b> First order Second order
	0 1								SoftStep Volume off on

Note: The attenuation is specified at high frequencies. Around the center frequency the value is different depending on the programmed attenuation (see Loudness frequency response).

#### Main Loudness



#### Volume

MSB							LSB	ATTENUATION
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
0 0 : 0 0 : 0 0 : 1	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1	0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 : 1	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 : 1	0 0 0 1 : 1 0 0 : 1	0 1 : 0 1 0 : 1 0 1 : 0	Gain/Attenuation +32.0dB (Note) +31.5dB : +20.0dB +19.5dB +19.0dB : +0.5dB 0.0dB - 0.5dB : -79.0dB -79.5dB

Note: It is not recommended to use a gain more than 20dB for system performance reason. In general, the max. gain should be limited by software to the maximum value, which is needed for the system.

# **Bass Configuration. & Treble Programming**

MSB				BASS & TREBLE ATTENUATION				
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
	20	R	,00	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0	0 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0	0 1 : 0 1 0 : 1 0	<b>Treble Steps</b> -14dB -12dB : -2dB 0dB 0dB +2dB : +12dB +14dB
05	961	0 0 1 1	0 1 0 1					Treble Center Frequency 10.kHz 12.5kHz 15.0kHz 17.5kHz
0 0 1 1	0 1 0 1		<u> </u>					Bass Center Frequency 60Hz 70Hz 80Hz 100Hz

## **Bass Programming**

MSB							LSB	BASS ATTENUATION					
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0						
			0 0 0 1 1 : 1	0 0 1 1 1 1 : 0	0 0 1 1 1 1 : 0	0 0 1 1 1 1 : 0	0 0 1 1 0 : 1 0	Bass Steps -15dB -14dB : -1 dB 0 dB 0 dB +1 dB : +14dB +15dB					
0	0 0 1 1	0 1 0 1						Bass Q Factor 1 1.25 1.5 2 Bass DC-Mode off					
	1     on       Note: For more information please refer to section Bass description       Speaker Attenuation Front (left & right channel)												

	MSB							LSB	ATTENUATION/BASS CF
	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
0	050	blet	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1	0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	Attenuation           OdB           -1dB           :           -23dB           -24.5dB           -26dB           -28dB           -30dB           -32dB           -30dB           -35dB           -40dB           -50dB           Speaker Mute
		0 1							Bass Center-Frequency (only Speaker LF) <sup>1)</sup> Bass 150Hz Bass 100Hz

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# Speaker Attenuation Front (left & right channel)

For this Bass Center-Frequency must be programmed to 100 Hz

#### **Rear Selector**

MSB							LSB	FUNCTION
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
					0 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 1 1 0 0 1	0 1 0 1 0 1 0	Source Selector Mono Differential Single Ended 1 Full Differential Single Ended 2 Pseudo Differential Single Ended 3 Mute Beep
	1 1 : 0 0	1 1 : 0 0	1 1 : 0 0	1 0 : 1 0				Input Gain 15dB 14dB : 1dB 0dB
1								must be "1"
Rear Lo	oudnes	S					olete	
MSB							LSB	FUNCTION

#### **Rear Loudness**

MSB						(	LSB	FUNCTION
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
				0 0 : 1	0 0 1 1	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 1 1	Attenuation OdB -1dB : -14dB -15dB
		2	0					Filter on off
	le'	0 1						Center Frequency 400Hz 800Hz
0S'	0 1							Loudness Order First Order Second Order
0 1								<b>Beep Frequency</b> 781Hz 1.56kHz

Note: The programming of the Main- and Rear-Selector as well as the Main- and Rear-Loudness is exactly the same, except the MSB's.

MSB							LSB	FUNCTION
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
		0	0	0	0	0	0	Atenuation 0dB
		0 :	0 :	0	0	0 :	1	-1dB -
		0	1	0	1	1	1	-23dB
		0	1	1	0	0	0	-24.5dB
		0 0	1	1 1	0	0	1 0	-26dB -28dB
		0	1	1	0	1	1	-30dB
		0	1	1	1	0	0	-32dB
		0	1	1 1	1	0	1	-35dB -40dB
		0 0	1	1	1	1 1	0	-40dB -50dB
		1		•	•	•	•	Speaker Mute
	0							Input Signal for Rear Speaker (only Spkr LR) Rear Channel
	1							Main Channel
	0							Subw. Low-Pass Frequency (only Spkr RR) 80Hz
	1							115Hz
_							C	Input Signal for Subwoofer (only Spkr RR) <sup>2)</sup>
0 1						C	70-	Rear Channel Main Channel
							9	Main Onannei
see Figu see Figu	ure 16 Swi	tch RearS tch SubwS	el Sel		10	-		
					5)	1		
				11				
			'Or					
		0,`						
	10							
- (								
S								
$\mathbf{y}_{\mathbf{z}}$								

#### Speaker Attenuation Rear (left & right channel)



#### Subwoofer

MSB							LSB	FUNCTION
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 : 1 0 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1	0 1 : 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	Attenuation OdB -1dB : -23dB -24.5dB -26dB -26dB -28dB -30dB -32dB -35dB -40dB -50dB Speaker Mute
	0 1							Subwoofer Phase 180° 0°
0 1								Subwoofer Low-Pass Filter off on
SoftMu	te and	Mixing						

# SoftMute and Mixing

MSB					16		LSB	FUNCTION
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
					1		0 1	Mute enable SoftMute disable SoftMute
	et	PO.	2		0 0 1	0 1 0 1		Mute Times 0.48ms 0.96ms 30.7ms <u>122.8ms</u>
S	5			0 1				Mixing Source <u>Rear-Selector</u> Phone
1		0 0 1 1	0 1 0 1					Mixing Level (Main/Mix-Source) -12/-2.5dB -6/-6dB -3.5/-9.6dB <u>0/∞</u>
0 0 1 1	0 1 0 1							<b>CD Full-Differential Gain</b> -12dB -6dB -6dB <u>0dB</u>

# TDA7462

# Compander

MSB							LSB	FUNCTION
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	I GRETION
								Activity
							0	off
							1	on
								Attack Times
					0	0		6ms
					0	1		12ms
					1	0		24ms
					1	1		49ms
								Release Times
			0	0				195ms
			0	1				390ms
			1	0				780ms
			1	1				1.56s
								SoftStep Time <sup>1)</sup>
0					0	0		160µs
0					0	1		320µs
0 0					1	0 1		640μs 1.28ms
1			0	0	1	I		2.56ms
1			0	0				5.12ms
1			1	0				10.2ms
1			1	1				20.4ms
-							C	Max. Compander Gain
		0					5	23dB
		1					Y	19dB
								Compander Input
	0							Rear Selector (after Rear InGain)
	1				IG			Front Selector (after Front InGain)

1) Only possible if the Compander is off (Bit D0 set to 0)

# Configuration

	MSB		0	(0)				LSB	FUNCTION		
	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0			
		NO.	V.					0 1	Pause Detector off on		
0	S					0 0 1	0 1 0 1		Pause ZC Window 160mV 80mV 40mV 20mV		
					0 1				Voice-Band Low-Pass Enable Filter off Filter on		
				0 1					Voice-Band Low-Pass Frequency 3kHz 6kHz		
			0 1						Voice-Band High-Pass Enable Filter off Filter on		
	0 0 1 1	0 1 0 1							High-Pass Cut-Off-Frequency 90Hz 180Hz 130Hz 260Hz		

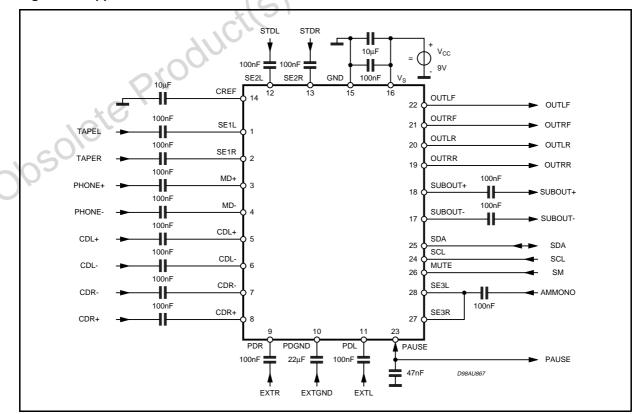
MSB							LSB	FUNCTION	
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0		
							0 1	Main Testmode Switch <sup>1)</sup> off on	
				0 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 1 1 0 0 1	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1		Test Multiplexer Compander Log-Amp. Output Compander Low-Pass Output Compander DAC Output internal 200kHz Clock not allowed internal Bandgap Voltage not allowed	
			0 1					Compander Testmode off on	
		0 1						Clock external internal	
1	1							must be "1"	

#### Testing

1) To avoid inadvertently programming of the Main-Testmode as well the Compander testmode it is mandatory to set the Bit 5 in the subaddress-byte to high at the same time.



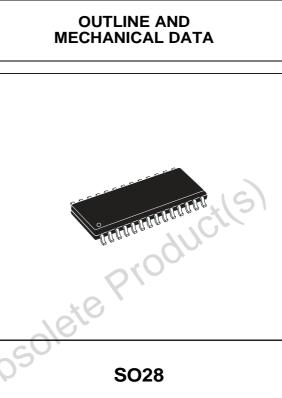
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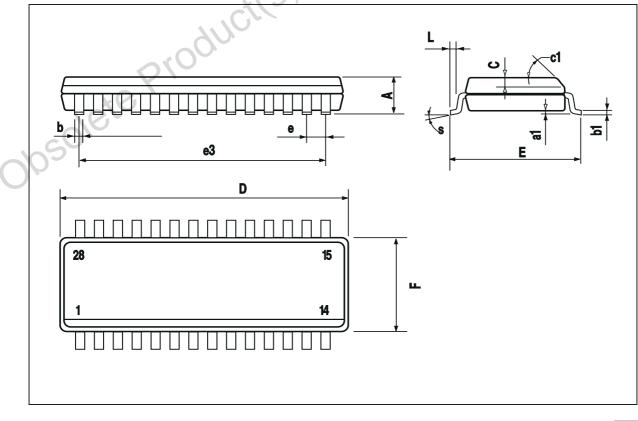


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# TDA7462

		mm								
DIM.										
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.				
А			2.65			0.104				
a1	0.1		0.3	0.004		0.012				
b	0.35		0.49	0.014		0.019				
b1	0.23		0.32	0.009		0.013				
С		0.5			0.020					
c1			45° (	(typ.)						
D	17.7		18.1	0.697		0.713				
Е	10		10.65	0.394		0.419				
е		1.27			0.050					
e3		16.51			0.65					
F	7.4		7.6	0.291		0.299				
L	0.4		1.27	0.016		0.050				
S	8 ° (max.)									





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