

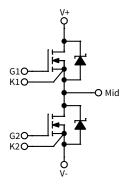
1200 V, 175 A, Silicon Carbide, Half-Bridge Module

V <sub>DS</sub>	1200 V
I <sub>DS</sub>	175 A

#### **Technical Features**

- Industry Standard 62mm Footprint
- High Humidity Operation THB-80 (HV-H3TRB)
- Ultra Low Loss, High-Frequency Operation
- Zero Reverse Recovery from Diodes
- Zero Turn-off Tail Current from MOSFET
- Normally-off, Fail-safe Device Operation
- Copper Baseplate and Aluminum Nitride Insulator





### **Applications**

- Induction Heating
- Motor Drives
- Renewables
- Railway Auxiliary & Traction
- EV Fast Charging
- UPS and SMPS

#### **System Benefits**

- 62mm Form Factor Enables System Retrofit
- Increased System Efficiency, due to Low Switching & Conduction Losses of SiC

## **Maximum Parameters (Verified by Design)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	Note	
Drain-Source Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>			1200				
Gate-Source Voltage, Maximum Value	V <sub>GS max</sub>	-8		+19	V	Transient, <100 ns	F: 00	
Gate-Source Voltage, Recommended	V <sub>GS op</sub>	-4		+15		Static	Fig. 33	
DC Continuous Drain Current	I <sub>D</sub>		228			$V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}, \ T_C = 25 \text{ °C}, T_{VJ} \le 175 \text{ °C}$	Fig. 21	
			175			$V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}, \ T_C = 90 \text{ °C}, T_{VJ} \le 175 \text{ °C}$		
			236		A	$V_{GS} = -4 \text{ V}, \ T_C = 25 \text{ °C}, T_{VJ} \le 175 \text{ °C}$		
DC Source-Drain Current (Diode)	I <sub>SD</sub>		169			$V_{GS} = -4 \text{ V}, \ T_C = 90 \text{ °C}, T_{VJ} \le 175 \text{ °C}$		
Pulsed Drain Current	I <sub>D (pulsed)</sub>			350		$t_{Pmax}$ limited by $T_{VJmax}$ $V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}, \ T_{C} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		
Virtual Junction Temporature	т т	-40		150	°C	Operation		
Virtual Junction Temperature	T <sub>VJ op</sub>	-40		175		Intermittent with Reduced Life		

## MOSFET Characteristics (Per Position) ( $T_{vJ}$ = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	Note	
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>(BR)DSS</sub>	1200				$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V, T}_{VJ} = -40 \text{ °C}$		
		1.8	2.5	3.6	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_{D} = 43 \text{ mA}$		
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$		2.0			$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 43$ mA, $T_{VJ} = 175$ °C		
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>		4.1	564	μΑ	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 1200 V		
Gate-Source Leakage Current	I <sub>GSS</sub>		20	200	nA	V <sub>GS</sub> = 15 V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V		
Drain-Source On-State Resistance			8.0	10.4	0	$V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 175 \text{ A}$	Fig. 2 Fig. 3	
(Devices Only)	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>		12.9		mΩ	$V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 175 \text{ A}, T_{VJ} = 150 \text{ °C}$		
			156			$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 175 \text{ A}$		
Transconductance	<b>g</b> fs		146		S	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 175 \text{ A}, T_{VJ} = 150 \text{ °C}$	Fig. 4	
Turn-On Switching Energy, $T_{VJ}$ = 25 °C $T_{VJ}$ = 125 °C $T_{VJ}$ = 150 °C	Eon		2.7 2.5 2.4			$V_{DD} = 600 \text{ V},$ $I_D = 175 \text{ A},$	Fig. 11 Fig. 13	
Turn-Off Switching Energy, $T_{VJ} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 150 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	E <sub>Off</sub>		1.9 2.0 2.0		mJ	$\begin{aligned} &V_{GS}=-4 \text{ V/15 V,} \\ &R_{G(OFF)}=0.0 \Omega,  R_{G(ON)}=0.0 \Omega, \\ &L=42 \mu\text{H} \end{aligned}$		
Internal Gate Resistance	R <sub>G(int)</sub>		5.05		Ω	f = 100 kHz, V <sub>AC</sub> = 25 mV		
Input Capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>		12.9		nF		Fig. 9	
Output Capacitance	C <sub>oss</sub>		942		_	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 800 \text{ V},$ $V_{AC} = 25 \text{ mV}, f = 100 \text{ kHz}$		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>rss</sub>		26.4		pF	VAC 25 IIIV, I 100 KII2		
Gate to Source Charge	Q <sub>GS</sub>		134			$V_{DS} = 800 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -4 \text{ V}/15 \text{ V},$		
Gate to Drain Charge	$Q_{GD}$		122		nC	$I_D = 175 \text{ A},$		
Total Gate Charge	Q <sub>G</sub>		422			Per IEC60747-8-4 pg 21		
FET Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	R <sub>th JC</sub>		0.190		°C/W		Fig. 17	

## Diode Characteristics (Per Position) (T<sub>VJ</sub> = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	Notes
Diode Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>		1.8		V	V <sub>GS</sub> = -4 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 175 A, T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25 °C	F:- 7
			2.3			V <sub>GS</sub> = -4 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 175 A, T <sub>VJ</sub> = 150 °C	− Fig. 7
Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>rr</sub>		20.8		ns		Fig. 32
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>		1.8		μС	$V_{GS} = -4 \text{ V}, I_{SD} = 175 \text{ A}, V_{R} = 800 \text{ V}$ $di/dt = 6.9 \text{ A/ns}, T_{VJ} = 150 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Peak Reverse Recovery Current	I <sub>rrm</sub>		143		А	1 di/dt = 0.5 A/113, 1 1/1 = 150 C	
Reverse Recovery Energy, $T_{VJ}$ = 25 °C $T_{VJ}$ = 125 °C $T_{VJ}$ = 150 °C	E <sub>rr</sub>		0.5 0.6 0.6		mJ	$V_{DS} = 600 \text{ V}, \ I_D = 175 \text{ A}, \ V_{GS} = -4 \text{ V}/15 \text{ V}, \ R_{G(ext)} = 0.0 \ \Omega, \ L = 42 \ \mu H$	Fig. 14 Note 1
Diode Thermal Resistance, JCT. to Case	R <sub>th JC</sub>		0.216		°C/W		Fig. 18

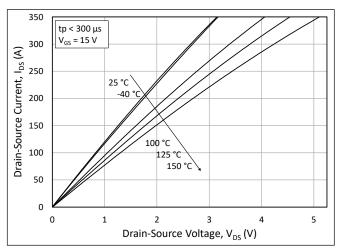
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>SiC Schottky diodes do not have reverse recovery energy but still contribute capacitive energy.

## **Module Physical Characteristics**

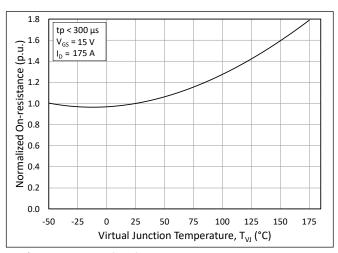
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
- 1			2.30		mΩ	$T_{c} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}, I_{SD} = 175 \text{A}, \text{Note 2}$
Package Resistance, M1 (High-Side)	R <sub>3-1</sub>		3.22			T <sub>C</sub> = 125 °C, I <sub>SD</sub> = 175 A, Note 2
Package Resistance, M2 (Low-Side)	В		2.12			$T_c = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}, I_{SD} = 175 \text{A}, \text{Note 2}$
	R <sub>1-2</sub>		2.97			$T_c = 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}, I_{SD} = 175 \text{A}, \text{ Note 2}$
Stray Inductance	L <sub>Stray</sub>		11.1		nH	Between DC- and DC+, f = 10 MHz
Case Temperature	T <sub>c</sub>	-40		125	°C	
Mounting Torque	M	4	5	5.5	N-m	Baseplate, M6-1.0 bolts
	Ms	4	4 5	5.5		Power Terminals, M6-1.0 bolts
Weight	W		300		g	
Case Isolation Voltage	V <sub>isol</sub>	5			kV	AC, 50 Hz, 1 minute
Clearance Distance		9				Terminal to Terminal
		30				Terminal to Baseplate
Creepage Distance		30			mm	Terminal to Terminal
		40				Terminal to Baseplate

#### Note

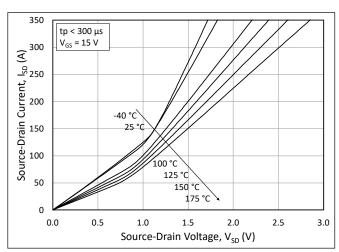
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Total Effective Resistance (Per Switch Position) = MOSFET R<sub>DS(on)</sub> + Switch Position Package Resistance



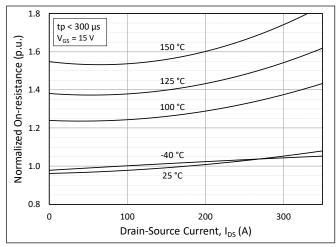
**Figure 1.** Output Characteristics for Various Junction Temperatures



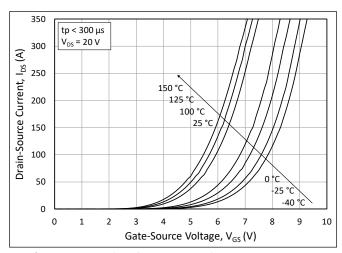
**Figure 3.** Normalized On-State Resistance vs. Junction Temperature



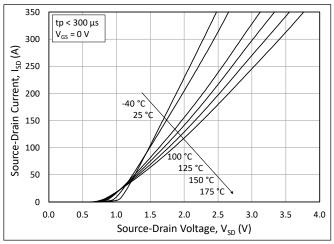
**Figure 5.**  $3^{rd}$  Quadrant Characteristic vs. Junction Temperatures at  $V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}$ 



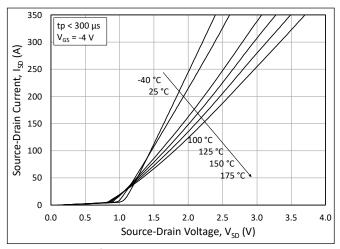
**Figure 2.** Normalized On-State Resistance vs. Drain Current for Various Junction Temperatures



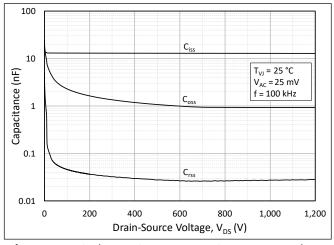
**Figure 4.** Transfer Characteristic for Various Junction Temperatures



**Figure 6.**  $3^{rd}$  Quadrant Characteristic vs. Junction Temperatures at  $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V (Diode)}$ 



**Figure 7.**  $3^{rd}$  Quadrant Characteristic vs. Junction Temperatures at  $V_{GS} = -4 \text{ V (Diode)}$ 



**Figure 9.** Typical Capacitances vs. Drain to Source Voltage (0 - 1200V)

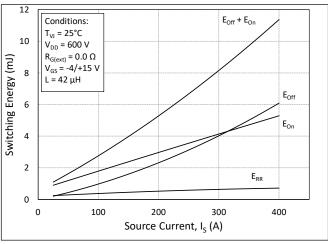
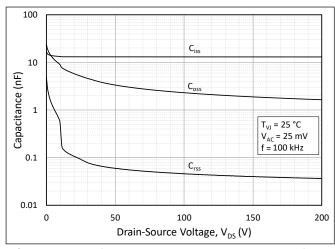


Figure 11. Switching Energy vs. Drain Current (V<sub>DS</sub> = 600 V)



**Figure 8.** Typical Capacitances vs. Drain to Source Voltage (0 - 200V)

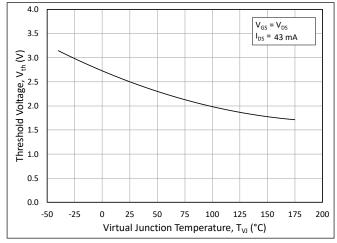
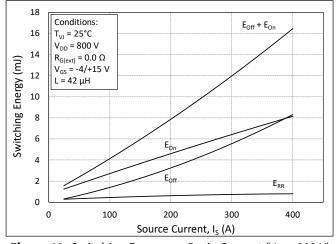
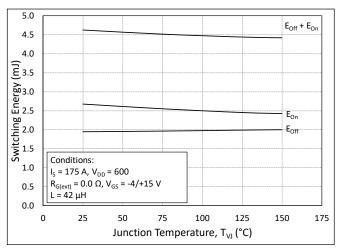


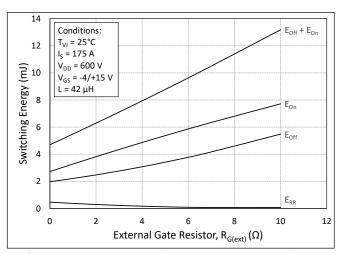
Figure 10. Threshold Voltage vs. Junction Temperature



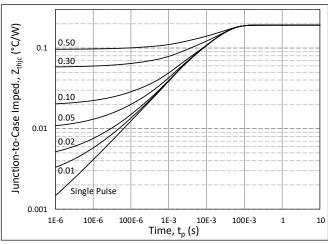
**Figure 12.** Switching Energy vs. Drain Current (V<sub>DS</sub> = 800 V)



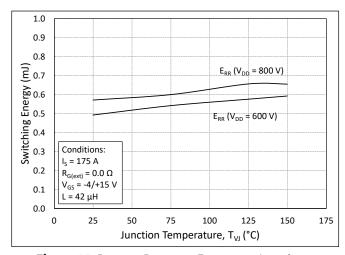
**Figure 13.** MOSFET Switching Energy vs. Junction Temperature



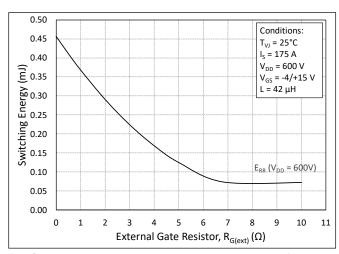
**Figure 15.** MOSFET Switching Energy vs. External Gate Resistance



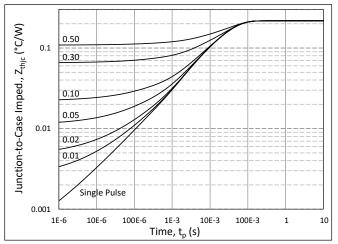
**Figure 17.** MOSFET Junction to Case Transient Thermal Impedance,  $Z_{th,jc}$  (°C/W)



**Figure 14.** Reverse Recovery Energy vs. Junction Temperature



**Figure 16.** Reverse Recovery Energy vs. External Gate Resistance



**Figure 18.** Diode Junction to Case Transient Thermal Impedance,  $Z_{th,jc}$  (°C/W)

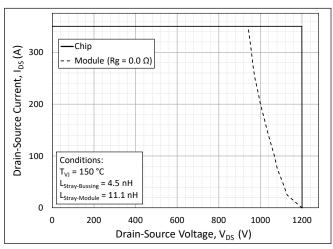
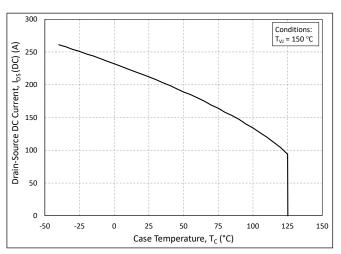
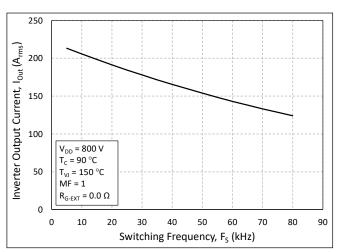


Figure 19. Switching Safe Operating Area



**Figure 21.** Continuous Drain Current Derating vs. Case Temperature



**Figure 23.** Typical Output Current Capability vs. Switching Frequency (Inverter Application)

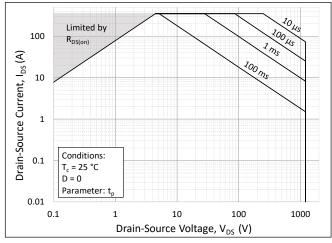
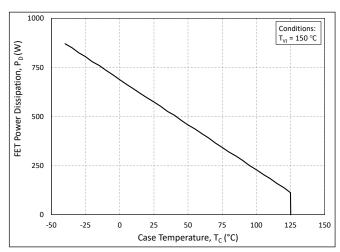


Figure 20. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area (FBSOA)



**Figure 22.** Maximum Power Dissipation Derating vs. Case Temperature

### **Timing Characteristics**

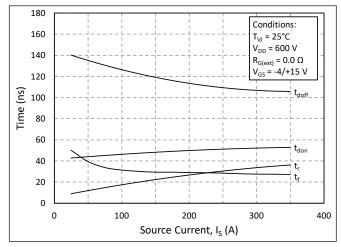


Figure 24. Timing vs. Source Current

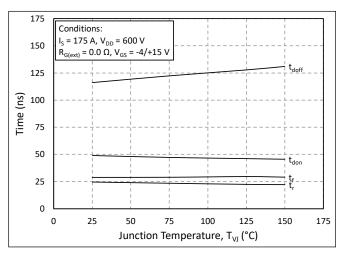


Figure 26. Timing vs. Junction Temperature

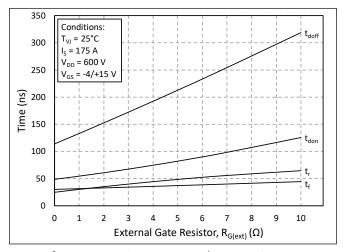


Figure 28. Timing vs. External Gate Resistance

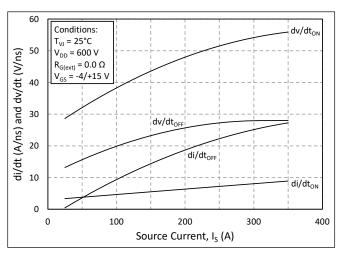


Figure 25. dv/dt and di/dt vs. Source Current

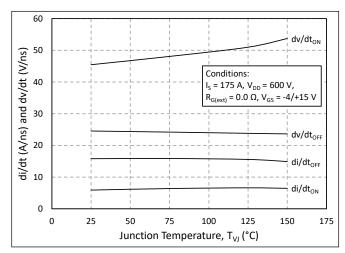


Figure 27. dv/dt and di/dt vs. Junction Temperature

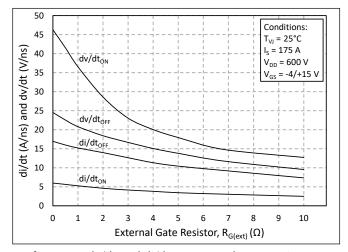


Figure 29. dv/dt and di/dt vs. External Gate Resistance

#### **Definitions**

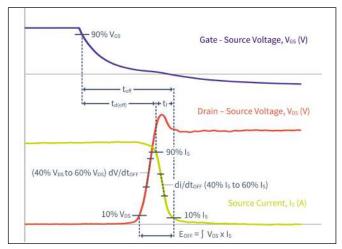


Figure 30. Turn-off Transient Definitions

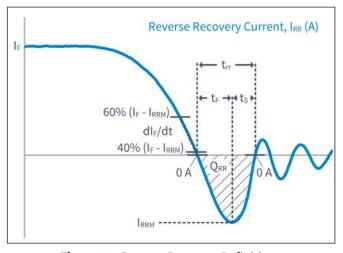


Figure 32. Reverse Recovery Definitions

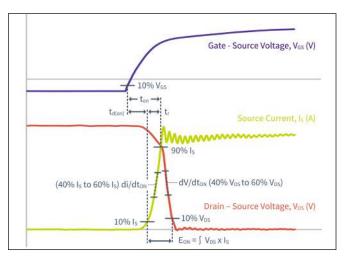
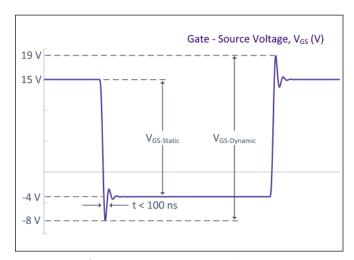
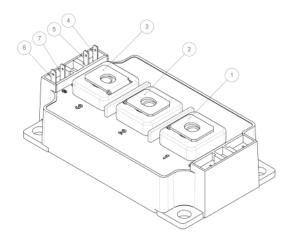


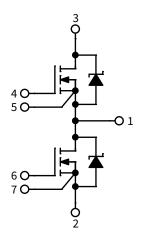
Figure 31. Turn-on Transient Definitions



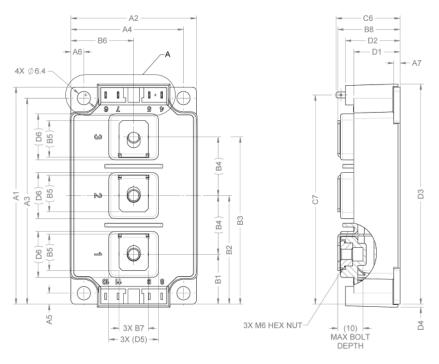
**Figure 33.**  $V_{\rm GS}$  Transient Definitions

#### **Schematic and Pin Out**



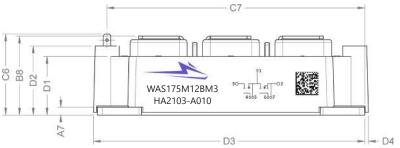


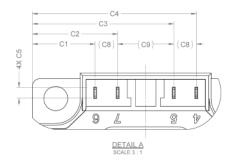
## **Package Dimension (mm)**



SYMBOL	DIMENSION	TOLERANCE
A1	103.5	±0.30
A2	60.44	±0.30
A3	98.25	±0.30
A4	54.22	±0.30
A5	5.25	±0.30
A6	6.22	±0.30
A7	3	±0.30
B1	23.75	±0.40
B2	51.75	±0.40
B3	79.75	±0.40
B4	(28)	REF.
B5	(17.43)	REF.
B6	30.23	±0.40
B7	(14)	REF.
B8	30.03	±0.40
C1	16.73	±0.40
C2	22.73	±0.40
C3	37.73	±0.40
C4	43.73	±0.40
C5	2.8	±0.40
C6	30.8	±0.50
C7	99.75	±0.40
C8	(6)	REF.
C9	(15)	REF.
D1	22.3	±0.30
D2	26.3	±0.30
D3	104.95	±0.30
D4	1.45	±0.40
D5	(24)	REF.
D6	(22)	REF.

DIMENSION TABLE





WAS175M12BM3 1.

#### **Supporting Links & Tools**

#### **Evaluation Tools & Support**

- WAS175M12BM3 PLECS Model
- KIT-CRD-CIL12N-BM: Dynamic Performance Evaluation Board for the BM2 and BM3 Module
- SpeedFit 2.0 Design Simulator™
- Technical Support Forum

#### **Dual-Channel Gate Driver Board**

- CGD1200HB2P-BM3: Dual Channel Differential Isolated Half Bridge Gate Driver Board
- CGD12HB00D: Differential Transceiver Daughter Board Companion Tool for Differential Gate Drivers

#### **Application Notes**

- CPWR-AN35: 62mm Module Thermal Interface Material Application Note
- CPWR-AN34: 62mm Module Mounting Guide Application Note
- CPWRAN12: Understanding the Effects of Parasitic Inductance Part 1.
- CPWRAN13: Understanding the Effects of Parasitic Inductance Part 2.

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#### **Contact info:**

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