80 mA CMOS Low Iq NOCAP™ Voltage Regulator

This series of fixed output NOCAP linear regulators are designed for handheld communication equipment and portable battery powered applications which require low quiescent. This series features an ultra–low quiescent current of 2.8 μ A. Each device contains a voltage reference unit, an error amplifier, a PMOS power transistor, resistors for setting output voltage, current limit, and temperature limit protection circuits. The NCP552 series provides an enable pin for ON/OFF control.

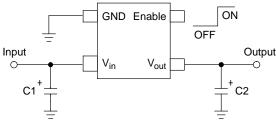
These voltage regulators have been designed to be used with low cost ceramic capacitors. The devices have the ability to operate without an output capacitor. The devices are housed in the micro-miniature SC82-AB surface mount package. Standard voltage versions are 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 2.7, 2.8, 3.0, 3.3, and 5.0 V. Other voltages are available in 100 mV steps.

Features

- Pb-Free Packages are Available*
- Low Quiescent Current of 2.8 μA Typical
- Low Output Voltage Option
- Output Voltage Accuracy of 2.0%
- Industrial Temperature Range of -40°C to 85°C (NCV553, T_A = -40°C to +125°C)
- NCP552 Provides an Enable Pin

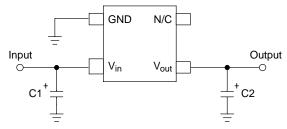
Typical Applications

- Battery Powered Consumer Products
- Hand-Held Instruments
- Camcorders and Cameras
- NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Site and Control Changes



This device contains 32 active transistors

Figure 1. NCP552 Typical Application Diagram



This device contains 32 active transistors

Figure 2. NCP553 Typical Application Diagram



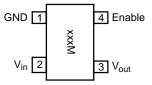
ON Semiconductor®

http://onsemi.com

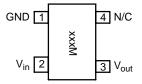


SC82-AB (SC70-4) SQ SUFFIX CASE 419C

PIN CONNECTIONS & MARKING DIAGRAMS



(NCP552 Top View)



(NCP553, NCV553 Top View)

xxx = Device Code M = Date Code

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 8 of this data sheet.

*For additional information on our Pb–Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

NCP552	NCP553	Pin Name	Description
1	1	GND	Power supply ground.
2	2	Vin	Positive power supply input voltage.
3	3	Vout	Regulated output voltage.
4	-	Enable	This input is used to place the device into low–power standby. When this input is pulled low, the device is disabled. If this function is not used, Enable should be connected to Vin.
_	4	N/C	No internal connection.

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input Voltage	V _{in}	12	V
Enable Voltage (NCP552 ONLY)	Enable	–0.3 to V _{in} +0.3	V
Output Voltage	V _{out}	–0.3 to V _{in} +0.3	V
Power Dissipation and Thermal Characteristics Power Dissipation Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	P _D R _{θJA}	Internally Limited 400	W °C/W
Operating Junction Temperature	TJ	+125	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature NCP552, NCP553 NCV553	T _A	-40 to +85 -40 to +125	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-55 to +150	°C

Maximum ratings are those values beyond which device damage can occur. Maximum ratings applied to the device are individual stress limit values (not normal operating conditions) and are not valid simultaneously. If these limits are exceeded, device functional operation is not implied, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. This device series contains ESD protection and exceeds the following tests:

This device series contains ESD protection and exceeds the following tests Human Body Model 2000 V per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015 Machine Model Method 200 V

^{2.} Latch up capability (85°C) \pm 200 mA DC with trigger voltage.

 $\textbf{ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS} \hspace{0.2cm} (V_{in} = V_{out(nom.)} \hspace{0.2cm} + \hspace{0.2cm} 1.0 \hspace{0.2cm} V, \hspace{0.2cm} V_{enable} = V_{in}, \hspace{0.2cm} C_{in} = \hspace{0.2cm} 1.0 \hspace{0.2cm} \mu\text{F}, \hspace{0.2cm} C_{out} = \hspace{0.2cm} 1.0 \hspace{0.2cm} \mu\text{F}, \hspace{0.2cm} T_{J} = \hspace{0.2cm} 25^{\circ}\text{C}, \hspace{0.2cm} unless = \hspace{0.2cm} 1.0 \hspace{0.2cm} \mu\text{F}, \hspace{0.2cm} C_{out} = \hspace{0.2cm} 1.0 \hspace{0.2cm} \mu\text{F}, \hspace{0.2cm$ otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output Voltage (T _A = 25°C, I _{out} = 10 mA)	V _{out}				V
1.5 V	54.	1.455	1.5	1.545	
1.8 V		1.746	1.8	1.854	
2.5 V		2.425	2.5	2.575	
2.7 V		2.646	2.7	2.754	
2.8 V		2.744	2.8	2.856	
3.0 V		2.94	3.0	3.06	
3.3 V		3.234	3.3	3.366	
5.0 V		4.900	5.0	5.100	
Output Voltage ($T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 85°C, $I_{out} = 10 \text{ mA}$)	V _{out}				V
1.5 V	out	1.455	1.5	1.545	
1.8 V		1.746	1.8	1.854	
2.5 V		2.425	2.5	2.575	
2.7 V		2.619	2.7	2.781	
2.8 V		2.716	2.8	2.884	
3.0 V		2.910	3.0	3.09	
3.3 V		3.201	3.3	3.399	
5.0 V		4.900	5.0	5.100	
Output Voltage ($T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_{out} = 10 \text{ mA}$)	V _{out}	4.900	5.0	5.100	V
NCV553 –5.0 V	M	4.950	F 0	F 1F0	\/
Output Voltage ($T_A = +125$ °C, $I_{out} = 10$ mA) NCV553 –5.0 V	V_{out}	4.850	5.0	5.150	V
Line Regulation ($V_{in} = V_{out} + 1.0 \text{ V}$ to 12 V, $I_{out} = 10 \text{ mA}$)	Reg _{line}	_	2.0	4.5	mV/V
Load Regulation (I_{out} = 1.0 mA to 80 mA, V_{in} = V_{out} + 2.0 V)	Reg _{load}	-	0.3	0.8	mV/mA
Output Current (V _{out} = (V _{out} at I _{out} = 80 mA) -3.0%)	I _{o(nom.)}				mA
$1.5 \text{ V} - 3.9 \text{ V} (V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{out(nom.)}} + 2.0 \text{ V})$, ,	80	180	_	
$4.0 \text{ V} - 5.0 \text{ V} (\text{V}_{in} = 6.0 \text{ V})$		80	180	-	
Dropout Voltage ($T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C, $I_{out} = 80$ mA, Measured at	V _{in} –V _{out}				mV
V _{out} -3.0%)					
1.5 V		_	1300	1800	
1.8 V		_	1100	1600	
2.5 V		_	800	1400	
2.7 V		_	750	1200	
2.8 V		_	730	1200	
3.0 V		_	680	1000	
3.3 V		_	650	1000	
5.0 V		-	470	800	
Quiescent Current	IQ				μΑ
(Enable Input = 0 V)	•	_	0.1	1.0	1 .
(Enable Input = V_{in} , I_{out} = 1.0 mA to $I_{o(nom.)}$, V_{in} = V_{out} +2.0 V)		_	2.8	6.0	
Output Short Circuit Current (V _{out} = 0 V)	I _{out(max)}				mA
1.5 V-3.9 V ($V_{in} = V_{out(nom.)} + 2.0 \text{ V}$)	·out(IIIax)	100	300	450	""
$4.0 \text{ V} - 5.0 \text{ V (V}_{\text{in}} = 0.0 \text{ V})$		100	300	450	
				-	. \ /
Output Voltage Noise (f = 20 Hz to 100 kHz, l_{out} = 10 mA) (C_{out} = 1.0 μF)	V _n	_	90	_	μVrms
Enable Input Threshold Voltage (NCP552 ONLY)	17				V
	V _{th(en)}				
(Voltage Increasing, Output Turns On, Logic High)	V _{th(en)}	1.3	_	_	
(Voltage Increasing, Output Turns On, Logic High) (Voltage Decreasing, Output Turns Off, Logic Low)	V _{th(en)}	1.3 -	- -	- 0.3	

^{3.} Maximum package power dissipation limits must be observed.

$$PD = \frac{TJ(max) - TA}{Re IA}$$

 $PD = \frac{TJ(max) - TA}{R\theta JA}$ 4. Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during testing to maintain the junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.

DEFINITIONS

Load Regulation

The change in output voltage for a change in output current at a constant temperature.

Dropout Voltage

The input/output differential at which the regulator output no longer maintains regulation against further reductions in input voltage. Measured when the output drops 3.0% below its nominal. The junction temperature, load current, and minimum input supply requirements affect the dropout level.

Maximum Power Dissipation

The maximum total dissipation for which the regulator will operate within its specifications.

Quiescent Current

The quiescent current is the current which flows through the ground when the LDO operates without a load on its output: internal IC operation, bias, etc. When the LDO becomes loaded, this term is called the Ground current. It is actually the difference between the input current (measured through the LDO input pin) and the output current.

Line Regulation

The change in output voltage for a change in input voltage. The measurement is made under conditions of low dissipation or by using pulse technique such that the average chip temperature is not significantly affected.

Line Transient Response

Typical over and undershoot response when input voltage is excited with a given slope.

Thermal Protection

Internal thermal shutdown circuitry is provided to protect the integrated circuit in the event that the maximum junction temperature is exceeded. When activated at typically 160°C, the regulator turns off. This feature is provided to prevent failures from accidental overheating.

Maximum Package Power Dissipation

The maximum power package dissipation is the power dissipation level at which the junction temperature reaches its maximum operating value, i.e. 125°C. Depending on the ambient power dissipation and thus the maximum available output current.

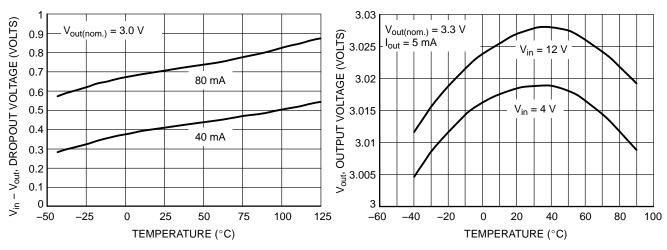


Figure 3. Dropout Voltage versus Temperature

Figure 4. Output Voltage versus Temperature

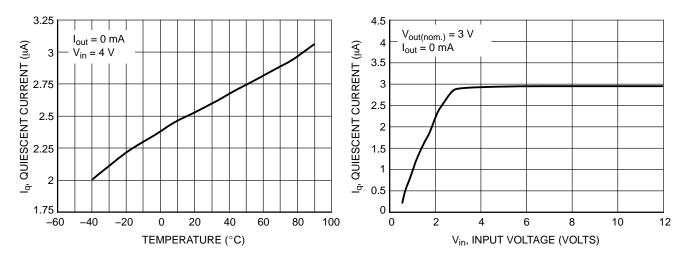


Figure 5. Quiescent Current versus Temperature

Figure 6. Quiescent Current versus Input Voltage

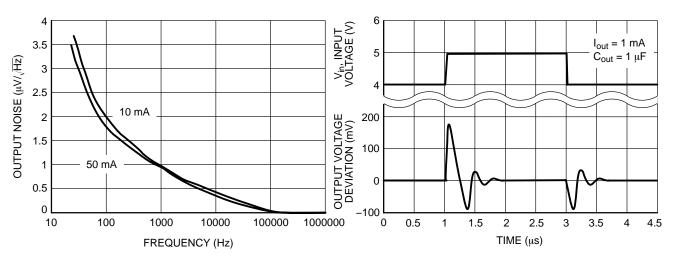


Figure 7. Output Noise Density

Figure 8. Line Transient Response

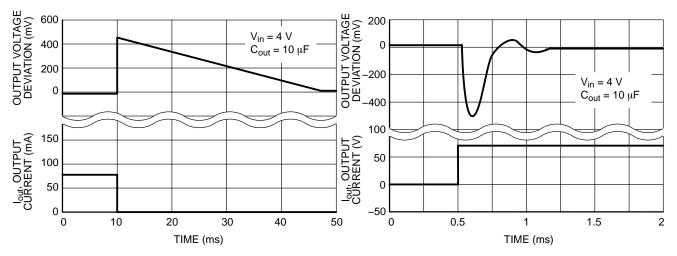


Figure 9. Load Transient Response

Figure 10. Load Transient Response

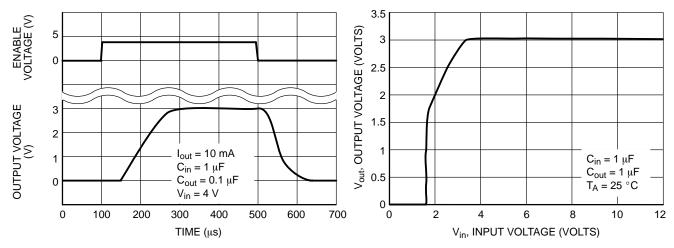


Figure 11. Turn-On Response (NCP552 ONLY)

Figure 12. Output Voltage versus Input Voltage

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

A typical application circuit for the NCP552 series and NCP553 series is shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2, front page.

Input Decoupling (C1)

A 1.0 μF capacitor either ceramic or tantalum is recommended and should be connected close to the package. Higher values and lower ESR will improve the overall line transient response. If large line or load transients are not expected, then it is possible to operate the regulator without the use of a capacitor.

TDK capacitor: C2012X5R1C105K, or C1608X5R1A105K

Output Decoupling (C2)

The NCP552 and NCP553 are very stable regulators and do not require any specific Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) or a minimum output current. If load transients are not to be expected, then it is possible for the regulator to operate with no output capacitor. Otherwise, capacitors exhibiting ESRs ranging from a few m Ω up to $10~\Omega$ can thus safely be used. The minimum decoupling value is $0.1~\mu F$ and can be augmented to fulfill stringent load transient requirements. The regulator accepts ceramic chip capacitors as well as tantalum devices. Larger values improve noise rejection and load regulation transient response.

TDK capacitor: C2012X5R1C105K, C1608X5R1A105K, or C3216X7R1C105K

Enable Operation (NCP552 ONLY)

The enable pin will turn on the regulator when pulled high and turn off the regulator when pulled low. These limits of threshold are covered in the electrical specification section of this data sheet. If the enable is not used then the pin should be connected to $V_{\rm in}$.

Hints

Please be sure the Vin and GND lines are sufficiently wide. When the impedance of these lines is high, there is a

chance to pick up noise or cause the regulator to malfunction.

Set external components, especially the output capacitor, as close as possible to the circuit, and make leads as short as possible.

Thermal

As power across the NCP552 and NCP553 increases, it might become necessary to provide some thermal relief. The maximum power dissipation supported by the device is dependent upon board design and layout. Mounting pad configuration on the PCB, the board material and also the ambient temperature effect the rate of temperature rise for the part. This is stating that when the devices have good thermal conductivity through the PCB, the junction temperature will be relatively low with high power dissipation applications.

The maximum dissipation the package can handle is given by:

$$PD = \frac{TJ(max) - TA}{R_{\theta}JA}$$

If junction temperature is not allowed above the maximum 125°C, then the NCP552 and NCP553 can dissipate up to 250 mW @ 25°C.

The power dissipated by the NCP552 and NCP553 can be calculated from the following equation:

$$P_{tot} = [V_{in} * I_{gnd} (I_{out})] + [V_{in} - V_{out}] * I_{out}$$

or

$$V_{inMAX} = \frac{P_{tot} + V_{out} * I_{out}}{I_{gnd} + I_{out}}$$

If an 80 mA output current is needed then the ground current from the data sheet is 2.8 μ A. For an NCP552 or NCP553 (3.0 V), the maximum input voltage will then be 6.12 V.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Nominal Output Voltage (Note 5)	Marking	Package	Shipping [†]
NCP552SQ15T1 NCP552SQ18T1 NCP552SQ25T1 NCP552SQ27T1 NCP552SQ28T1 NCP552SQ30T1 NCP552SQ33T1 NCP552SQ50T1 NCP553SQ15T1 NCP553SQ15T1 NCP553SQ25T1 NCP553SQ25T1 NCP553SQ27T1 NCP553SQ30T1 NCP553SQ30T1 NCP553SQ33T1 NCP553SQ33T1	1.5 1.8 2.5 2.7 2.8 3.0 3.3 5.0 1.5 1.8 2.5 2.7 2.8 3.0 3.3	LAW LAX LAY LAZ LBA LBB LBC LBD LBE LBF LBG LBH LBI LBJ LBK LBL	SC82-AB (SC70-4)	3000 Units/ 8″ Tape & Reel
NCP553SQ15T1G NCP553SQ30T1G	1.5 3.0	LBE LBJ	(Pb-Free)	
NCV553SQ50T1 (Note 6)	5.0	LFT	SC82-AB (SC70-4)	

[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

5. Additional voltages in 100 mV steps are available upon request by contacting your ON Semiconductor representative.

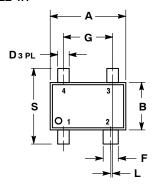
^{6.} Automotive qualified.

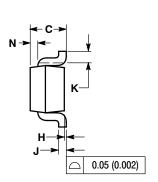


SC-82AB CASE 419C-02 ISSUE F

DATE 22 JUN 2012

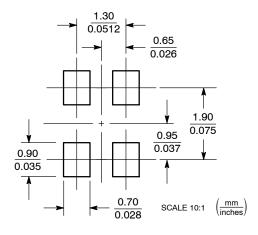
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SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

- NOTES:

 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.

 3. 419C-01 OBSOLETE. NEW STANDARD IS 419C-02.

 4. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE RI IRRS.

	MILLIN	IETERS	INCHES		
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	1.80	2.20	0.071	0.087	
В	1.15	1.35	0.045	0.053	
С	0.80	1.10	0.031	0.043	
D	0.20	0.40	0.008	0.016	
F	0.30	0.50	0.012	0.020	
G	1.10	1.50	0.043	0.059	
Н	0.00	0.10	0.000	0.004	
J	0.10	0.26	0.004	0.010	
K	0.10		0.004		
L	0.05 BSC		0.002 BSC		
N	0.20 REF		0.008 REF		
S	1.80 2.40		0.07	0.09	

GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM*



XXX = Specific Device Code

= Month Code Μ

= Pb-Free Package

*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot " ■", may or may not be present.

DOCUMENT NUMBER:	T NUMBER: 98ARB18939C Electronic versions are uncontrolled except when accessed of Printed versions are uncontrolled except when stamped "CON"			
DESCRIPTION:	SC-82AB		PAGE 1 OF 1	

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