

## **Stereo Audio Codec**

## with USB Interface, Single-Ended Analog Input/Output, and S/PDIF

Check for Samples: PCM2906C

#### **FEATURES**

- On-Chip USB Interface:
  - With Full-Speed Transceivers
  - Fully Compliant with USB 2.0 Specification
  - Certified by USB-IF
  - USB Adaptive Mode for Playback
  - USB Asynchronous Mode for Record
  - Bus Powered
- 16-Bit Delta-Sigma ADC and DAC
- Sampling Rate:
  - DAC: 32, 44.1, 48 kHz
  - ADC: 8, 11.025, 16, 22.05, 32, 44.1, 48 kHz
- On-Chip Clock Generator with Single 12-MHz Clock Source
- S/PDIF Input/Output
- Single Power Supply:
  - 5 V Typical (V<sub>BUS</sub>)
- Stereo ADC:
  - Analog Performance at V<sub>BUS</sub> = 5 V:
    - THD+N = 0.01%
    - SNR = 89 dB
    - Dynamic Range = 89 dB
  - Decimation Digital Filter:
    - Passband Ripple = ±0.05 dB
    - Stop-Band Attenuation = -65 dB
  - Single-Ended Voltage Input
  - Antialiasing Filter Included
  - Digital HPF Included

#### Stereo DAC:

- Analog Performance at V<sub>BUS</sub> = 5 V:
  - THD+N = 0.005%
  - SNR = 96 dB
  - Dynamic Range = 93 dB
- Oversampling Digital Filter:
  - Passband Ripple = ±0.1 dB
  - Stop-Band Attenuation = -43 dB
- Single-Ended Voltage Output
- Analog LPF Included
- Multifunctions:
  - Human Interface Device (HID) Function:
    - Volume and Mute Controls
  - Suspend Flag Function
- 28-Pin SSOP Package

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- USB Audio Speaker
- USB Headset
- USB Monitor
- USB Audio Interface Box

#### DESCRIPTION

The PCM2906C is Texas Instruments' single-chip, USB, stereo audio codec with a USB-compliant full-speed protocol controller and S/PDIF. The USB protocol controller requires no software code. The PCM2906C employs SpAct™ architecture, Tl's unique system that recovers the audio clock from USB packet data. On-chip analog PLLs with SpAct enable playback and record with low clock jitter, as well as independent playback and record sampling rates.

Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

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System Two, Audio Precision are trademarks of Audio Precision, Inc. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.





This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

#### PACKAGING/ORDERING INFORMATION(1)

| PRODUCT    | PACKAGE-LEAD | PACKAGE<br>DESIGNATOR | SPECIFIED<br>TEMPERATURE<br>RANGE | PACKAGE<br>MARKING | ORDERING<br>NUMBER | TRANSPORT<br>MEDIA,<br>QUANTITY |
|------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
|            |              |                       |                                   |                    | PCM2906CDB         | Rails, 47                       |
| PCM2906CDB | SSOP-28      | DB                    | –25°C to +85°C                    | PCM2906C           | PCM2906CDBR        | Tape and Reel,<br>2000          |

<sup>(1)</sup> For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**(1)

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|  | PARAMETER  | PCM2906C                         | UNIT |  |
|--|--|----------------------------------|------|--|
| Supply voltage, V <sub>BUS</sub> –0.3 to 6.5 |  |                                  | V    |  |
| Ground voltage difference                    | s, AGNDC, AGNDP, AGNDX, DGND, DGNDU  | ±0.1                             | V    |  |
| Digital input valtage                        | SEL0, SEL1, DIN  | -0.3 to 6.5                      | V    |  |
| Digital input voltage                        | D+, D-, HID0, HID1, HID2, XTI, XTO, DOUT, SSPND  | $-0.3$ to $(V_{DDI} + 0.3) < 4$  | 7 V  |  |
| Analas issuet valtass                        | V <sub>IN</sub> L, V <sub>IN</sub> R, V <sub>COM</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> R, V <sub>OUT</sub> L    | $-0.3$ to $(V_{CCCI} + 0.3) < 4$ | V    |  |
| Analog input voltage                         | V <sub>CCCI</sub> , V <sub>CCP1I</sub> , V <sub>CCP2I</sub> , V <sub>CCXI</sub> , V <sub>DDI</sub> | -0.3 to 4                        | V    |  |
| Input current (any pins exc                  | cept supplies)   | ±10                              | mA   |  |
| Ambient temperature unde                     | er bias  | -40 to +125                      | °C   |  |
| Storage temperature, T <sub>stg</sub>        |  | -55 to +150                      | °C   |  |
| Junction temperature, T <sub>J</sub>         |  | +150                             | °C   |  |
| Lead temperature (soldering, 5s)             |  | +260                             | °C   |  |
| Package temperature (IR                      | reflow, peak)  | +250                             | °C   |  |

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### THERMAL INFORMATION

|                  |  | PCM2906C  |        |
|------------------|--|-----------|--------|
|                  | THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>                | DB (SSOP) | UNITS  |
|                  |  | 28 PINS   |        |
| $\theta_{JA}$    | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance       | 64.5      |        |
| $\theta_{JCtop}$ | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance    | 24.5      |        |
| $\theta_{JB}$    | Junction-to-board thermal resistance         | 25.4      | °C /// |
| Ψлт              | Junction-to-top characterization parameter   | 2.0       | °C/W   |
| ΨЈВ              | Junction-to-board characterization parameter | 25.0      |        |
| $\theta_{JCbot}$ | Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance | N/A       |        |

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

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#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

All specifications at  $T_A = +25$ °C,  $V_{BUS}$ , = 5 V,  $f_S = 44.1$  kHz,  $f_{IN} = 1$  kHz, and 16-bit data (unless otherwise noted).

|                                       |                                    | PC     | M2906C |        |      |  |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|------|--|
| PARAMETER                             | TEST CONDITIONS                    | MIN    | TYP    | MAX    | UNIT |  |
| DIGITAL INPUT/OUTPUT                  |                                    |        |        |        |      |  |
| Host interface                        | Apply USB Revision 2.0, full speed |        |        |        |      |  |
| Audio data format                     | USB isochronous data format        |        |        |        |      |  |
| NPUT LOGIC                            |                                    |        |        | ·      |      |  |
| V <sub>IH</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>        |                                    | 2      |        | 3.3    |      |  |
| V <sub>IL</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>        |                                    |        |        | 0.8    |      |  |
| V <sub>IH</sub> <sup>(2)(3)</sup>     |                                    | 2.52   |        | 3.3    |      |  |
| / <sub>IL</sub> (2) (3)               |                                    |        |        | 0.9    | VDC  |  |
| / <sub>IH</sub> (4) Input logic level |                                    | 2      |        | 5.25   | VDC  |  |
| / <sub>IL</sub> <sup>(4)</sup>        |                                    |        |        | 0.8    |      |  |
| / <sub>IH</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>        |                                    | 2.52   |        | 5.25   |      |  |
| / <sub>IL</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>        |                                    |        |        | 0.9    |      |  |
| H <sup>(1)</sup> (2)(4)               | V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3 V            |        |        | ±10    |      |  |
| L <sup>(1)</sup> (2)(4)               | V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V              |        |        | ±10    |      |  |
| H (3)                                 | V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3 V            |        | 50     | 80     |      |  |
| Input logic current                   | V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V              |        |        | ±10    | μA   |  |
| H <sup>(5)</sup>                      | V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3 V            |        | 65     | 100    |      |  |
| IL <sup>(5)</sup>                     | V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V              |        |        | ±10    |      |  |
| DUTPUT LOGIC                          |                                    |        |        |        |      |  |
| / <sub>OH</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>        |                                    | 2.8    |        |        |      |  |
| / <sub>OL</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>        |                                    |        |        | 0.3    |      |  |
| /OH <sup>(6)</sup> Output logic lovel | $I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$           | 2.8    |        |        | VDC  |  |
| Output logic level                    | I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA             |        |        | 0.5    | VDC  |  |
| / <sub>OH</sub> <sup>(7)</sup>        | $I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$           | 2.8    |        |        |      |  |
| / <sub>OL</sub> <sup>(7)</sup>        | I <sub>OL</sub> = 2 mA             |        |        | 0.5    |      |  |
| CLOCK FREQUENCY                       |                                    |        |        |        |      |  |
| Input clock frequency, >              | (TI                                | 11.994 | 12     | 12.006 | MHz  |  |

<sup>(1)</sup> Pins 1, 2: D+, D-.

Pin 21: XTI.

<sup>(2)</sup> (3) (4) (3) Pins 5, 6, 7: HID0, HID1, HID2. (4) Pins 8, 9: SEL0, SEL1. (5) Pin 24: DIN.

<sup>(6)</sup> Pin 25: DOUT. (7) Pin 28: SSPND.

STRUMENTS



### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

All specifications at  $T_A = +25$ °C,  $V_{BUS}$ , = 5 V,  $f_S = 44.1$  kHz,  $f_{IN} = 1$  kHz, and 16-bit data (unless otherwise noted).

|                |                                      |   | PC                   | PCM2906C                |                      |                 |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
|                | PARAMETER                            | TEST CONDITIONS   | MIN                  | MIN TYP MAX             |                      |                 |
| ADC CH         | ARACTERISTICS                        |   |                      |                         |                      |                 |
|                | Resolution                           |   |                      | 8, 16                   |                      | Bits            |
|                | Audio data channel                   |   |                      | 1, 2                    |                      | Channel         |
| ADC Clo        | ck Frequency                         |   | ,                    |                         |                      |                 |
| f <sub>s</sub> | Sampling frequency                   |   | 8, 11.025, 16,       | 22.05, 32, 44           | 1.1, 48              | kHz             |
| ADC DC         | Accuracy                             |   | <u> </u>             |                         |                      |                 |
|                | Gain mismatch, channel-to-channel    |   |                      | ±1                      | ±5                   | % of FSR        |
|                | Gain error                           |   |                      | ±2                      | ±10                  | % of FSR        |
|                | Bipolar zero error                   |   |                      | ±0                      |                      | % of FSR        |
| ADC Dyr        | namic Performance <sup>(8)</sup>     |   |                      |                         | "                    |                 |
|                |                                      | $V_{IN} = -1 \text{ dB}^{(9)}, V_{CCCI} = 3.67 \text{ V}$ |                      | 0.01                    | 0.02                 | %               |
| THD+N          | Total harmonic distortion plus noise | $V_{IN} = -1 dB^{(10)}$                                   |                      | 0.1                     |                      | %               |
|                |                                      | V <sub>IN</sub> = -60 dB                                  |                      | 5                       |                      | %               |
|                | Dynamic range                        | A-weighted  | 81                   | 89                      |                      | dB              |
| SNR            | Signal-to-noise ratio                | A-weighted  | 81                   | 89                      |                      | dB              |
|                | Channel separation                   |   | 80                   | 85                      |                      | dB              |
| Analog I       | nput                                 |   | <u>.</u>             |                         |                      |                 |
|                | Input voltage                        |   |                      | 0.6 V <sub>CCCI</sub>   |                      | V <sub>PP</sub> |
|                | Center voltage                       |   |                      | 0.5 V <sub>CCCI</sub>   |                      | V               |
|                | Input impedance                      |   |                      | 30                      |                      | kΩ              |
|                | Antialiasing filter frequency        | –3 dB   |                      | 150                     |                      | kHz             |
|                | response                             | f <sub>IN</sub> = 20 kHz                                  |                      | -0.08                   |                      | dB              |
| ADC Dig        | ital Filter Performance              |   |                      |                         |                      |                 |
|                | Passband                             |   |                      |                         | 0.454 f <sub>s</sub> | Hz              |
|                | Stop band                            |   | 0.583 f <sub>s</sub> |                         |                      | Hz              |
|                | Passband ripple                      |   |                      |                         | ±0.05                | dB              |
|                | Stop-band attenuation                |   | -65                  |                         |                      | dB              |
| t <sub>d</sub> | Delay time                           |   |                      | 17.4/f <sub>s</sub>     |                      | S               |
|                | HPF frequency response               | -3 dB   | 0.0                  | 078f <sub>s</sub> /1000 |                      | Hz              |

<sup>(8)</sup> f<sub>IN</sub> = 1 kHz, using the System Two™ audio measurement system by Audio Precision™ in RMS mode with 20-kHz LPF, 400-Hz HPF in calculation.

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<sup>(9)</sup> Using external voltage regulator for V<sub>CCCI</sub> (see Figure 36).

<sup>(10)</sup> Using internal voltage regulator for V<sub>CCCI</sub> (see Figure 37).



#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

All specifications at  $T_A = +25$ °C.  $V_{PUS} = 5$  V.  $f_S = 44.1$  kHz.  $f_{IN} = 1$  kHz. and 16-bit data (unless otherwise noted)

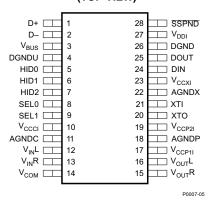
|                  |                                       |                              | P                    | CM2906C               |                      |          |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------|
|                  | PARAMETER                             | TEST CONDITIONS              | MIN                  | TYP                   | MAX                  | UNIT     |
| DAC CH           | ARACTERISTICS                         |                              | -                    |                       |                      |          |
|                  | Resolution                            |                              |                      | 8, 16                 |                      | Bits     |
|                  | Audio data channel                    |                              |                      | 1, 2                  |                      | Channel  |
| DAC Clo          | ck Frequency                          |                              | •                    |                       |                      |          |
| f <sub>s</sub>   | Sampling frequency                    |                              | ;                    | 32, 44.1, 48          |                      | kHz      |
|                  | Accuracy                              |                              | -                    |                       |                      |          |
|                  | Gain mismatch, channel-to-channel     |                              |                      | ±1                    | ±5                   | % of FSR |
|                  | Gain error                            |                              |                      | ±2                    | ±10                  | % of FSF |
|                  | Bipolar zero error                    |                              |                      | ±2                    |                      | % of FSF |
| DAC Dyr          | namic Performance <sup>(11)</sup>     |                              | •                    |                       |                      |          |
| TUD.N            | Total harmonic distortion             | V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 dB      |                      | 0.005                 | 0.016                | %        |
| THD+N            | plus noise                            | $V_{OUT} = -60 \text{ dB}$   |                      | 3                     |                      | %        |
|                  | Dynamic range                         | EIAJ, A-weighted             | 87                   | 93                    |                      | dB       |
| SNR              | Signal-to-noise ratio                 | EIAJ, A-weighted             | 90                   | 96                    |                      | dB       |
|                  | Channel separation                    |                              | 86                   | 92                    |                      | dB       |
| Analog C         | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                              | <u> </u>             |                       | -                    |          |
| Vo               | Output voltage                        |                              |                      | 0.6 V <sub>CCCI</sub> |                      | $V_{PP}$ |
|                  | Center voltage                        |                              |                      | 0.5 V <sub>CCCI</sub> |                      | V        |
|                  | Load impedance                        | AC coupling                  | 10                   |                       |                      | kΩ       |
|                  | 1 DE (                                | –3 dB                        |                      | 250                   |                      | kHz      |
|                  | LPF frequency response                | f = 20 kHz                   |                      | -0.03                 |                      | dB       |
| DAC Dig          | ital Filter Performance               |                              |                      |                       |                      |          |
|                  | Passband                              |                              |                      |                       | 0.445 f <sub>s</sub> | Hz       |
|                  | Stop band                             |                              | 0.555 f <sub>s</sub> |                       |                      | Hz       |
|                  | Passband ripple                       |                              |                      |                       | ±0.1                 | dB       |
|                  | Stop-band attenuation                 |                              | -43                  |                       |                      | dB       |
| t <sub>d</sub>   | Delay time                            |                              |                      | 14.3 f <sub>s</sub>   |                      | S        |
| POWER-           | SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS                   |                              | 1                    |                       |                      |          |
| V <sub>BUS</sub> | Voltage range                         |                              | 4.35                 | 5                     | 5.25                 | VDC      |
|                  | Complex grows of                      | ADC, DAC operation           |                      | 56                    | 67                   | mA       |
|                  | Supply current                        | Suspend mode <sup>(12)</sup> |                      | 250                   |                      | μA       |
| _                | Б                                     | ADC, DAC operation           |                      | 280                   | 352                  | mW       |
| $P_D$            | Power dissipation                     | Suspend mode <sup>(12)</sup> |                      | 1.25                  |                      | mW       |
|                  | Internal power-supply voltage (13)    |                              | 3.1                  | 3.3                   | 3.5                  | VDC      |
| TEMPER           | ATURE RANGE                           |                              |                      |                       |                      |          |
| -                | Operating temperature rang            | e                            | -25                  |                       | +85                  | °C       |

<sup>(11)</sup> f<sub>OUT</sub> = 1 kHz, using the System Two audio measurement system by Audio Precision in RMS mode with 20-kHz LPF, 400-Hz HPF.
(12) In USB suspend state.
(13) Pins 10, 17, 19, 23, 27: V<sub>CCCI</sub>, V<sub>CCP1I</sub>, V<sub>CCP2I</sub>, V<sub>CCXI</sub>, V<sub>DDI</sub>.



#### **PIN ASSIGNMENTS**

#### DB PACKAGE SSOP-28 (TOP VIEW)

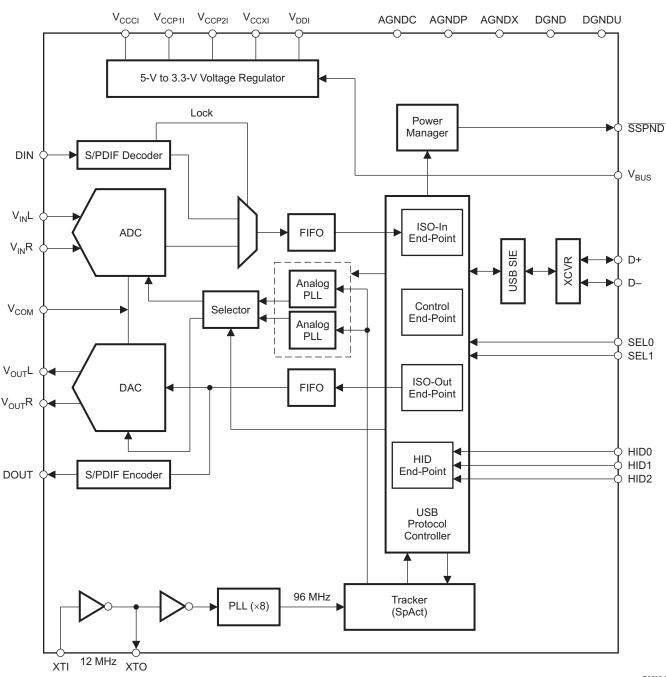


#### **Table 1. TERMINAL FUNCTIONS**

| NAME               | NO. | I/O | DESCRIPTION   |
|--------------------|-----|-----|---|
| AGNDC              | 11  | _   | Analog ground for codec                                       |
| AGNDP              | 18  | _   | Analog ground for PLL   |
| AGNDX              | 22  | _   | Analog ground for oscillator                                  |
| D-                 | 2   | I/O | USB differential input/output minus <sup>(1)</sup>            |
| D+                 | 1   | I/O | USB differential input/output plus <sup>(1)</sup>             |
| DGND               | 26  | _   | Digital ground  |
| DGNDU              | 4   | _   | Digital ground for USB transceiver                            |
| DIN                | 24  | ı   | S/PDIF input <sup>(2)</sup>                                   |
| DOUT               | 25  | 0   | S/PDIF output   |
| HID0               | 5   | ı   | HID key state input (mute), active-high (3)                   |
| HID1               | 6   | ı   | HID key state input (volume up), active-high <sup>(3)</sup>   |
| HID2               | 7   | 1   | HID key state input (volume down), active-high <sup>(3)</sup> |
| SEL0               | 8   | I   | Must be set to high <sup>(4)</sup>                            |
| SEL1               | 9   | ı   | Must be set to high <sup>(4)</sup>                            |
| SSPND              | 28  | 0   | Suspend flag, active-low (Low: suspend, High: operational)    |
| V <sub>BUS</sub>   | 3   | _   | Connect to USB power (V <sub>BUS</sub> )                      |
| V <sub>CCCI</sub>  | 10  | _   | Internal analog power supply for codec <sup>(5)</sup>         |
| V <sub>CCP1I</sub> | 17  | _   | Internal analog power supply for PLL <sup>(5)</sup>           |
| V <sub>CCP2I</sub> | 19  | _   | Internal analog power supply for PLL <sup>(5)</sup>           |
| V <sub>CCXI</sub>  | 23  | _   | Internal analog power supply for oscillator <sup>(5)</sup>    |
| V <sub>COM</sub>   | 14  | _   | Common for ADC/DAC (V <sub>CCCI</sub> /2) <sup>(5)</sup>      |
| $V_{DDI}$          | 27  | _   | Internal digital power supply <sup>(5)</sup>                  |
| V <sub>IN</sub> L  | 12  | I   | ADC analog input for L-channel                                |
| V <sub>IN</sub> R  | 13  | I   | ADC analog input for R-channel                                |
| V <sub>OUT</sub> L | 16  | 0   | DAC analog output for L-channel                               |
| $V_{OUT}R$         | 15  | 0   | DAC analog output for R-channel                               |
| XTI                | 21  | I   | Crystal oscillator input <sup>(6)</sup>                       |
| XTO                | 20  | 0   | Crystal oscillator output                                     |

- (1) LV-TTL level.
- (2) 3.3-V CMOS-level input with internal pulldown, 5-V tolerant.
- (3) 3.3-V CMOS-level input with internal pulldown. This pin informs the PC of serviceable control signals such as mute, volume up, or volume down, which have no direct connection with the internal DAC or ADC. See the *Interface* #3 and *End-Points* sections.
- TTL Schmitt trigger, 5-V tolerant.
- (5) Connect a decoupling capacitor to GND.
- (6) 3.3-V CMOS-level input.

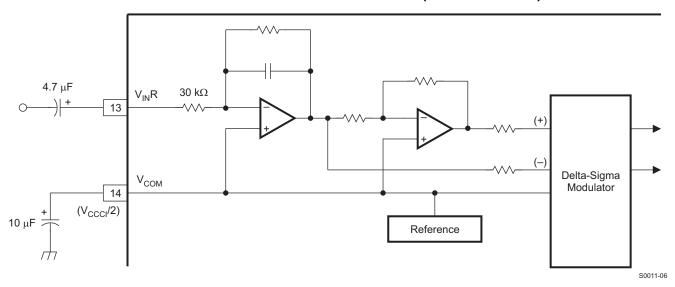
#### **FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**



B0239-01



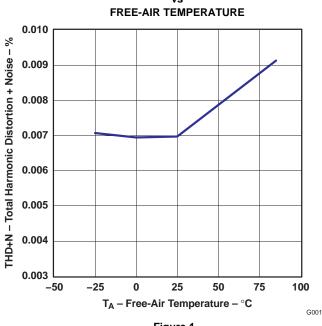
#### **BLOCK DIAGRAM OF ANALOG FRONT-END (RIGHT CHANNEL)**



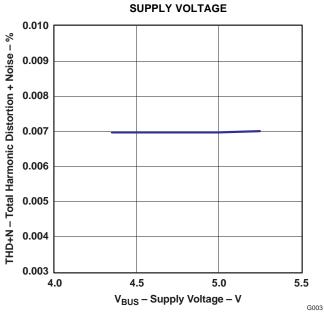
#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: ADC

All specifications at  $T_A = +25$ °C,  $V_{BUS} = 5$  V,  $f_s = 44.1$  kHz,  $f_{IN} = 1$  kHz, 16-bit data, using REG103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.

## TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE AT -1 dB



## Figure 1. TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE AT -1 dB



#### Figure 3.

## **DYNAMIC RANGE and SNR** FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

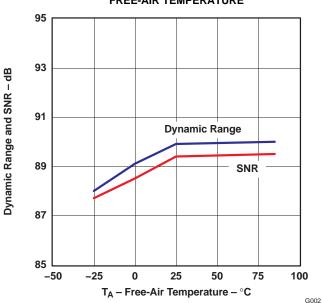


Figure 2.

## **DYNAMIC RANGE and SNR**

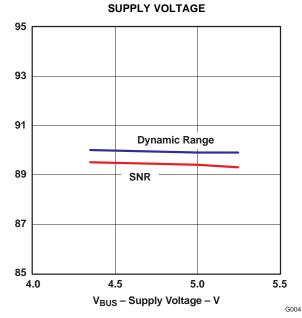


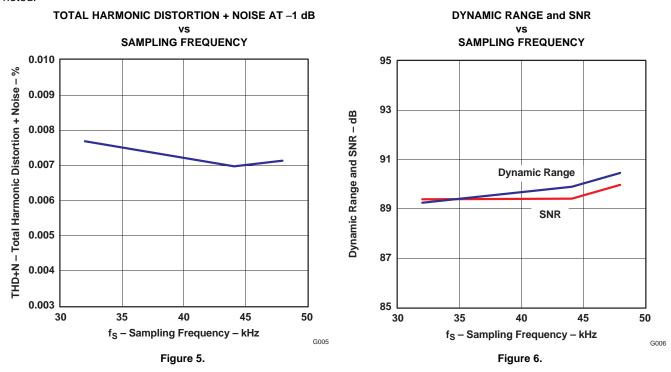
Figure 4.

Dynamic Range and SNR - dB

## TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

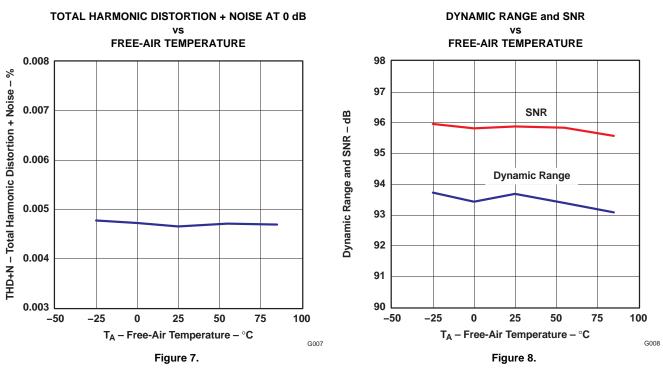
### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: ADC (continued)**

All specifications at  $T_A = +25$ °C,  $V_{BUS} = 5$  V,  $f_s = 44.1$  kHz,  $f_{IN} = 1$  kHz, 16-bit data, using REG103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.



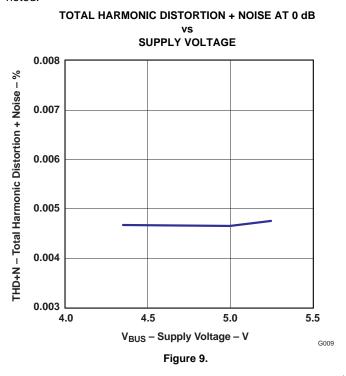
#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: DAC

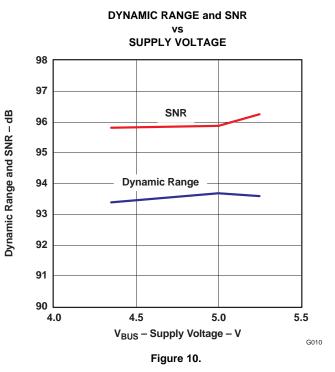
All specifications at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{BUS} = 5$  V,  $f_s = 44.1$  kHz,  $f_{IN} = 1$  kHz, 16-bit data, using REG103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.

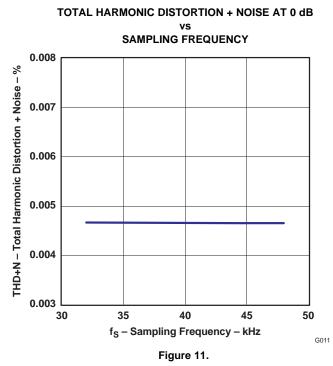


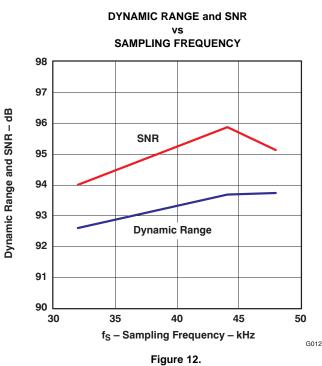
### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: DAC (continued)**

All specifications at  $T_A = +25$ °C,  $V_{BUS} = 5$  V,  $f_s = 44.1$  kHz,  $f_{IN} = 1$  kHz, 16-bit data, using REG103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.









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#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: SUPPLY CURRENT

All specifications at  $T_A = +25$ °C,  $V_{BUS} = 5$  V,  $f_s = 44.1$  kHz,  $f_{IN} = 1$  kHz, 16-bit data, using REG103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.

#### OPERATIONAL and SUSPEND SUPPLY CURRENT

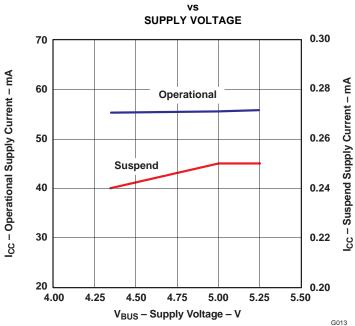
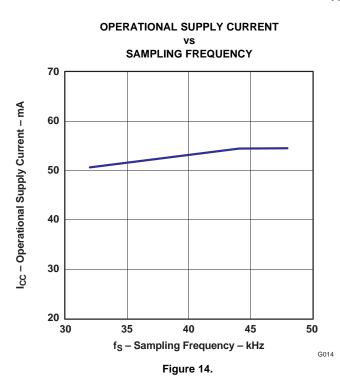
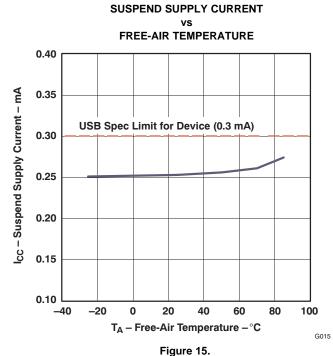


Figure 13.



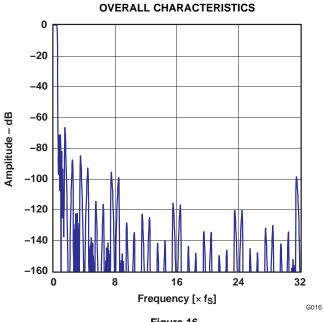


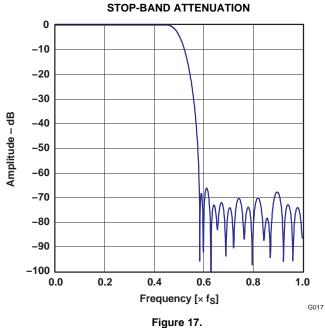
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#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: ADC DIGITAL DECIMATION FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

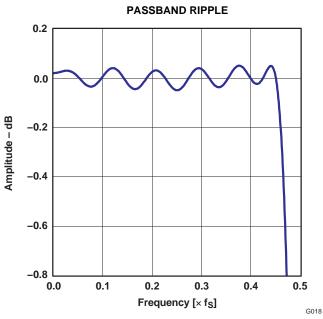
All specifications at  $T_A = +25$ °C,  $V_{BUS} = 5$  V,  $f_s = 44.1$  kHz,  $f_{IN} = 1$  kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.











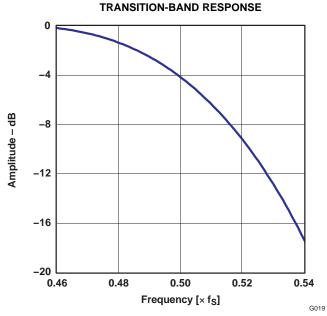


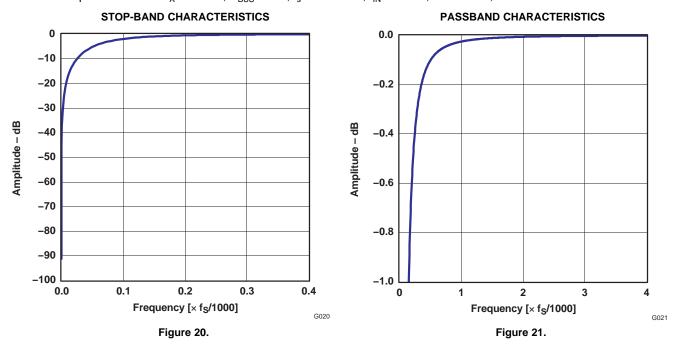
Figure 18.



#### TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

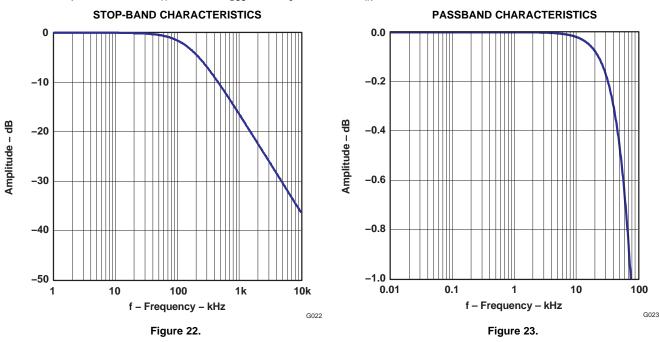
#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: ADC DIGITAL HIGH-PASS FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

All specifications at  $T_A = +25$ °C,  $V_{BUS} = 5$  V,  $f_s = 44.1$  kHz,  $f_{IN} = 1$  kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



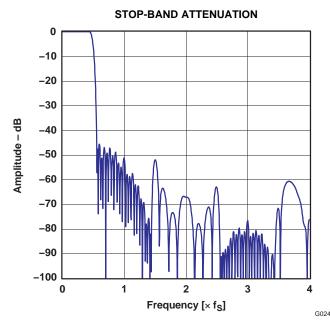
#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: ADC ANALOG ANTIALIASING FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

All specifications at  $T_A = +25$ °C,  $V_{BUS} = 5$  V,  $f_s = 44.1$  kHz,  $f_{IN} = 1$  kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: DAC DIGITAL INTERPOLATION FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

All specifications at  $T_A = +25$ °C,  $V_{BUS} = 5$  V,  $f_s = 44.1$  kHz,  $f_{IN} = 1$  kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



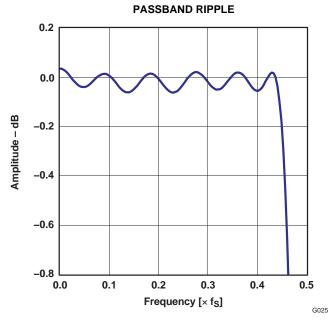
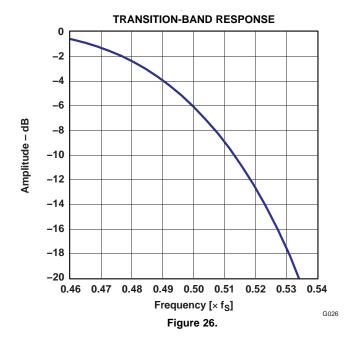


Figure 24.

Figure 25.



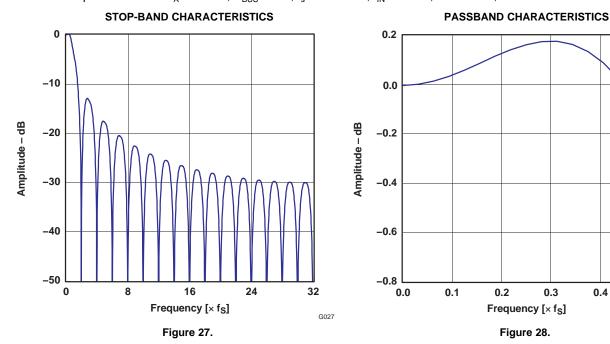
# TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

0.5

G028

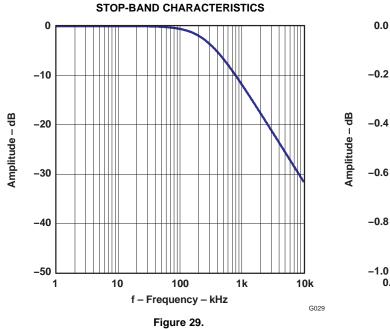
#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: DAC ANALOG FIR FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

All specifications at  $T_A = +25$ °C,  $V_{BUS} = 5$  V,  $f_s = 44.1$  kHz,  $f_{IN} = 1$  kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: DAC ANALOG LOW-PASS FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

All specifications at  $T_A = +25$ °C,  $V_{BUS} = 5$  V,  $f_s = 44.1$  kHz,  $f_{IN} = 1$  kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



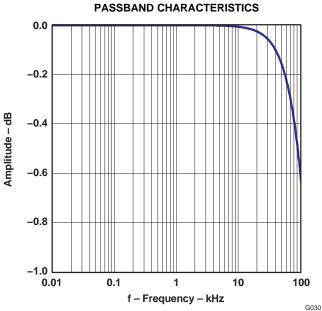


Figure 30.

#### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

#### **USB INTERFACE**

Control data and audio data are transferred to the PCM2906C via D+ (pin 1) and D- (pin 2). All data to/from the PCM2906C are transferred at full speed. The device descriptor contains the information described in Table 2.

**Table 2. Device Descriptor** 

| USB revision                    | 2.0 compliant                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Device class                    | 0x00 (device defined interface level) |
| Device sub class                | 0x00 (not specified)                  |
| Device protocol                 | 0x00 (not specified)                  |
| Max packet size for end-point 0 | 8 byte                                |
| Vendor ID                       | 0x08BB                                |
| Product ID                      | 0x29C6                                |
| Device release number           | 1.0 (0x0100)                          |
| Number of configurations        | 1                                     |
| Vendor string                   | String #1 (see Table 4)               |
| Product string                  | String #2 (see Table 4)               |
| Serial number                   | Not supported                         |

The configuration descriptor contains the information described in Table 3.

**Table 3. Configuration Descriptor** 

| Interface       | Four interfaces                      |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Power attribute | 0x80 (Bus powered, no remote wakeup) |
| Max power       | 0xFA (500 mA)                        |

The string descriptor contains the information described in Table 4.

#### **Table 4. String Descriptor**

| #0 | 0x0409                           |
|----|----------------------------------|
| #1 | BurrBrown from Texas Instruments |
| #2 | USB AUDIO CODEC                  |



#### **DEVICE CONFIGURATION**

Figure 31 illustrates the USB audio function topology. The PCM2906C has four interfaces. Each interface consists of alternative settings.

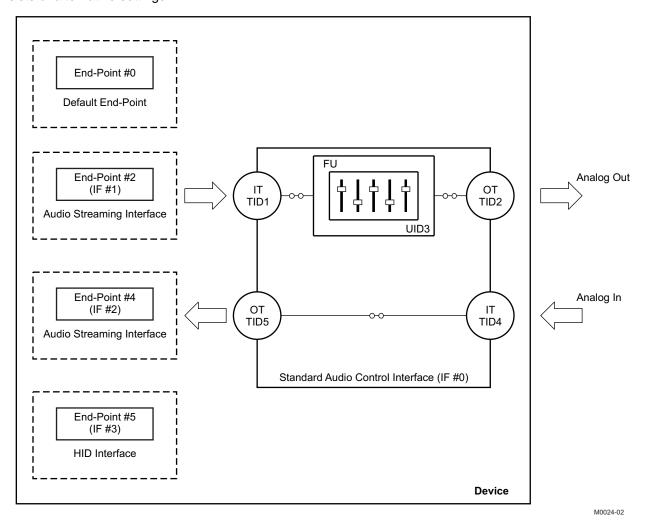


Figure 31. USB Audio Function Topology

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#### Interface #0

Interface #0 is the control interface. Alternative setting #0 is the only possible setting for interface #0. Alternative setting #0 describes the standard audio control interface. The audio control interface consists of a single terminal. The PCM2906C has the following five terminals:

- Input terminal (IT #1) for isochronous-out stream
- Output terminal (OT #2) for audio analog output
- Feature unit (FU #3) for DAC digital attenuator
- Input terminal (IT #4) for audio analog input
- Output terminal (OT #5) for isochronous-in stream

Input terminal #1 is defined as a USB stream (terminal type 0x0101). Input terminal #1 can accept two-channel audio streams consisting of left and right channels. Output terminal #2 is defined as a speaker (terminal type 0x0301). Input terminal #4 is defined as a line connector (terminal type 0x0603). Output terminal #5 is defined as a USB stream (terminal type 0x0101). Output terminal #5 can generate two-channel audio streams composed of left and right channel data. Feature unit #3 supports the following sound control features:

- Volume control
- Mute control

The built-in digital volume controller can be manipulated by an audio-class-specific request from 0 dB to -64 dB in 1-dB steps. Changes are made by incrementing or decrementing by one step (1 dB) for every 1/f<sub>S</sub> time interval until the volume level has reached the requested value. Each channel can be set for different values. The master volume control is not supported. A request to the master volume is stalled and ignored. The built-in digital mute controller can be manipulated by audio-class-specific request. A master mute control request is acceptable. A request to an individual channel is stalled and ignored.

#### Interface #1

Interface #1 is the audio streaming data-out interface. Interface #1 has the five alternative settings listed in Table 5. Alternative setting #0 is the zero-bandwidth setting. All other alternative settings are operational settings.

Table 5. Interface #1 Alternative Settings

| ALTERNATIVE<br>SETTING | DATA FORMAT |                |                       | TRANSFER<br>MODE | SAMPLING RATE<br>(kHz) |  |
|------------------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------------|--|
| 00                     |             | Zero bandwidth |                       |                  |                        |  |
| 01                     | 16-bit      | Stereo         | Twos complement (PCM) | Adaptive         | 32, 44.1, 48           |  |
| 02                     | 16-bit      | Mono           | Twos complement (PCM) | Adaptive         | 32, 44.1, 48           |  |
| 03                     | 8-bit       | Stereo         | Twos complement (PCM) | Adaptive         | 32, 44.1, 48           |  |
| 04                     | 8-bit       | Mono           | Twos complement (PCM) | Adaptive         | 32, 44.1, 48           |  |



#### Interface #2

Interface #2 is the audio streaming data-in interface. Interface #2 has the 19 alternative settings listed in Table 6. Alternative setting #0 is the zero-bandwidth setting. All other alternative settings are operational settings.

Table 6. Interface #2 Alternative Settings

| ALTERNATIVE<br>SETTING |        | DAT    | A FORMAT              | TRANSFER<br>MODE | SAMPLING RATE<br>(kHz) |
|------------------------|--------|--------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| 00                     |        |        | Zero Bandwidth        | -                |                        |
| 01                     | 16-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 48                     |
| 02                     | 16-bit | Mono   | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 48                     |
| 03                     | 16-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 44.1                   |
| 04                     | 16-bit | Mono   | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 44.1                   |
| 05                     | 16-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 32                     |
| 06                     | 16-bit | Mono   | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 32                     |
| 07                     | 16-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 22.05                  |
| 08                     | 16-bit | Mono   | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 22.05                  |
| 09                     | 16-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 16                     |
| 0A                     | 16-bit | Mono   | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 16                     |
| 0B                     | 8-bit  | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 16                     |
| 0C                     | 8-bit  | Mono   | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 16                     |
| 0D                     | 8-bit  | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 8                      |
| 0E                     | 8-bit  | Mono   | Twos complement (PCM) | Asynchronous     | 8                      |
| 0F                     | 16-bit | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Synchronous      | 11.025                 |
| 10                     | 16-bit | Mono   | Twos complement (PCM) | Synchronous      | 11.025                 |
| 11                     | 8-bit  | Stereo | Twos complement (PCM) | Synchronous      | 11.025                 |
| 12                     | 8-bit  | Mono   | Twos complement (PCM) | Synchronous      | 11.025                 |

#### Interface #3

Interface #3 is the interrupt data-in interface. Alternative setting #0 is the only possible setting for interface #3. Interface #3 consists of the HID consumer control device and reports the status of these three key parameters:

- Mute (0xE209)
- Volume up (0xE909)
- Volume down (0xEA09)

#### **End-Points**

The PCM2906C has the following four end-points:

- Control end-point (EP #0)
- Isochronous-out audio data stream end-point (EP #2)
- Isochronous-in audio data stream end-point (EP #4)
- HID end-point (EP #5)

The control end-point is a default end-point. The control end-point is used to control all functions of the PCM2906C by the standard USB request and USB audio class specific request from the host. The isochronous-out audio data stream end-point is an audio sink end-point, which receives the PCM audio data. The isochronous-out audio data stream end-point accepts the adaptive transfer mode. The isochronous-in audio data stream end-point is an audio source end-point that transmits the PCM audio data. The isochronous-in audio data stream end-point uses the asynchronous transfer mode. The HID end-point is an interrupt-in end-point. The HID end-point reports HID0, HID1, and HID2 pin status every 32 ms.

The human interface device (HID) pins are defined as consumer control devices. The HID function is designed as an independent end-point from both isochronous-in and -out end-points. Therefore, the result obtained from the HID operation depends on the host software. Typically, the HID function is used as the primary audio-out device.

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#### **Clock and Reset**

The PCM2906C requires a 12-MHz ( $\pm 500$  ppm) clock for the USB and audio functions. The clock can be generated by a built-in oscillator with a 12-MHz crystal resonator. The 12-MHz crystal resonator must be connected to XTI (pin 21) and XTO (pin 20) with one high-value (1-M $\Omega$ ) resistor and two small capacitors, the capacitance of which depends on the load capacitance of the crystal resonator. An external clock can be supplied to XTI (pin 21). If an external clock is used, XTO (pin 20) must be left open. Because there is no clock disabling signal, use of the external clock supply is not recommended. SSPND (pin 28) is unable to use clock disabling.

The PCM2906C has an internal power-on reset circuit, which triggers automatically when  $V_{BUS}$  (pin 3) exceeds 2.5 V typical (2.7 V to 2.2 V). Approximately 700  $\mu$ s is required until internal reset release.

#### **Digital Audio Interface**

The PCM2906 employs S/PDIF for both input and output. Isochronous-out data from the host are encoded to the S/PDIF output and the DAC analog output. Input data are selected from either the S/PDIF or ADC analog input. When the device detects S/PDIF input and successfully locks the received data, the isochronous-in transfer data source automatically selected is S/PDIF; otherwise, the data source selected is the ADC analog input.

This feature is a customer option. It is the responsibility of the user to implement this feature.

#### Supported Input/Output Data

The following data formats are accepted by S/PDIF for input and output. All other data formats are unusable as S/PDIF.

- 48-kHz 16-bit stereo
- 44.1-kHz 16-bit stereo
- 32-kHz 16-bit stereo

Any mismatch of the sampling rate between the input S/PDIF signal and the host command is not acceptable. Any mismatch of the data format between the input S/PDIF signal and the host command may cause unexpected results, with the following exceptions:

- Recording in monaural format from stereo data input at the same data rate
- Recording in 8-bit format from 16-bit data input at the same data rate

A combination of these two conditions is not acceptable.

For playback, all possible data-rate sources are converted to the 16-bit stereo format at the same source data rate.

#### **Channel Status Information**

The channel status information is fixed as consumer application, PCM mode, copyright, and digital/digital converter. All other bits are fixed as 0's except for the sample frequency, which is set automatically according to the data received through the USB.

#### **Copyright Management**

Isochronous-in data are affected by the serial copy management system (SCMS). When the control bit indicates that the received digital audio data are original, the input digital audio data are transferred to the host. If the data are indicated as first generation or higher, the transferred data are routed to the analog input.

Digital audio data output is always encoded as original with SCMS control.



#### INTERFACE SEQUENCE

#### Power-On, Attach, and Playback Sequence

The PCM2906C is ready for setup when the reset sequence has finished and the USB device is attached. After a connection has been established by setup, the PCM2906C is ready to accept USB audio data. While waiting for the audio data (idle state), the analog output is set to bipolar zero (BPZ).

When receiving the audio data, the PCM2906C stores the first audio packet, which contains 1-ms audio data, into the internal storage buffer. The PCM2906C starts playing the audio data when detecting the next start-of-frame (SOF) packet, as illustrated in Figure 32.

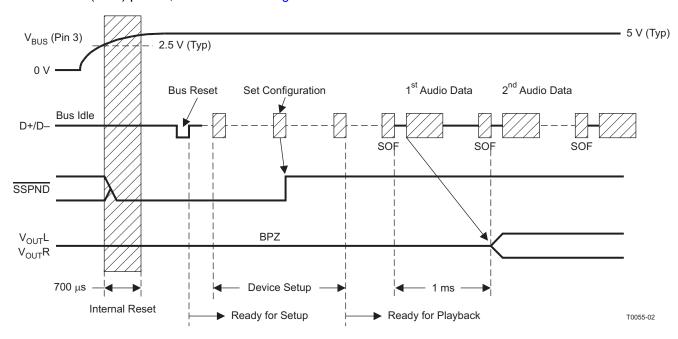


Figure 32. Initial Sequence

#### Play, Stop, and Detach Sequence

When the host finishes or aborts the playback, the PCM2906C stops playing after the last audio data have played, as shown in Figure 33.

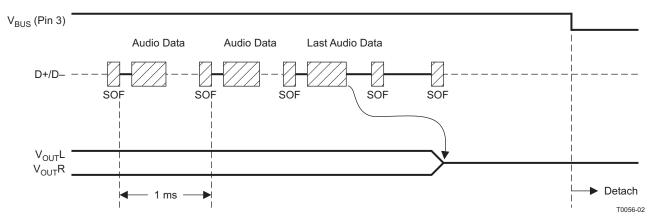


Figure 33. Play, Stop, and Detach Sequence

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#### **Record Sequence**

The PCM2906C starts audio capture into the internal memory after receiving the SET\_INTERFACE command, as shown in Figure 34.

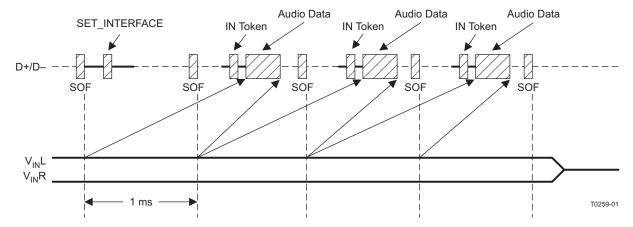


Figure 34. Record Sequence

#### **Suspend and Resume Sequence**

The PCM2906C enters the suspend state after a constant idle state on the USB bus (approximately 5 ms), as shown in Figure 35. While the PCM2906C enters the suspend state, the SSPND flag (pin 28) is asserted. The PCM2906C wakes up immediately upon detecting a non-idle state on the USB.

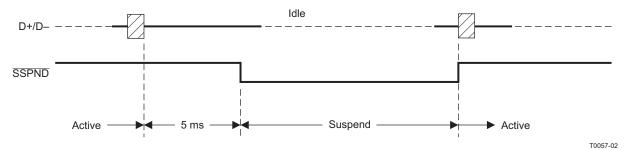


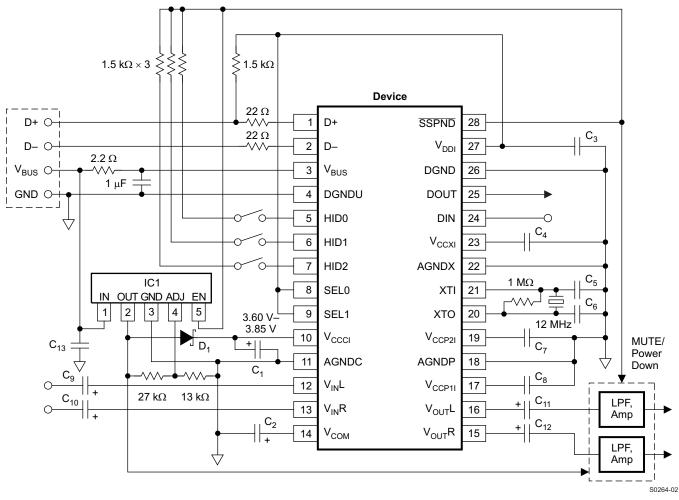
Figure 35. Suspend and Resume Sequence



#### APPLICATION INFORMATION

#### **TYPICAL CIRCUIT CONNECTION 1**

Figure 36 illustrates a typical circuit connection for a simple application. The circuit illustrated is for information only. The entire board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB-compliant product.



NOTE: C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>: 10 μF

 $C_3,\,C_4,\,C_7,\,C_8,\,C_{13}\!\colon$  1  $\mu F$  (These capacitors must be less than 2  $\mu F.)$ 

C<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>: 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)

 $C_9,\,C_{10},\,C_{11},\,C_{12}$ : The capacitance may vary depending on design.

IC1: REG103xA-A (TI) or equivalent. Analog performance may vary depending on IC1.

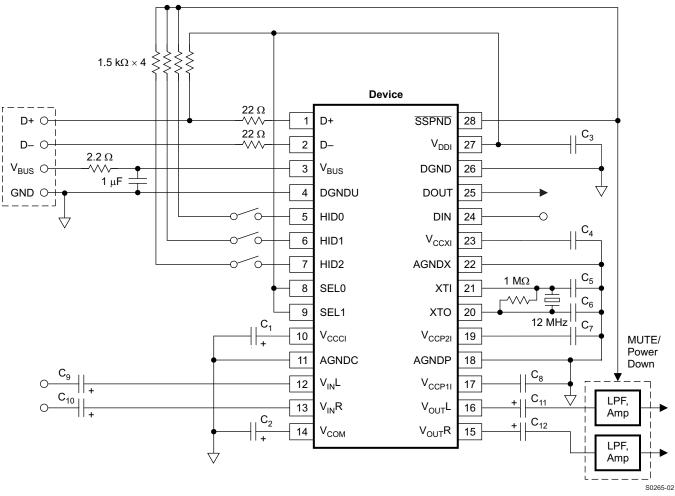
 $D_1$ : Schottky barrier diode ( $V_F \le 350 \text{ mV}$  at 10 mA,  $I_R \le 2 \mu A$  at 4 V)

Figure 36. Bus-Powered Configuration for High-Performance Application

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#### **TYPICAL CIRCUIT CONNECTION 2**

Figure 37 illustrates a typical circuit connection for a simple application. The circuit illustrated is for information only. The entire board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB-compliant product.



NOTE: C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>: 10 μF

 $C_3,\,C_4,\,C_7,\,C_8{:}$  1  $\mu F$  (These capacitors must be less than 2  $\mu F.)$ 

C<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>: 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)

C<sub>9</sub>, C<sub>10</sub>, C<sub>11</sub>, C<sub>12</sub>: The capacitance may vary depending on design. In this case, the analog performance of the ADC may be degraded.

Figure 37. Bus-Powered Configuration

#### **OPERATING ENVIRONMENT**

For current information on the PCM2906C operating environment, see the Updated Operating Environments for PCM270X, PCM290X Applications application report, SLAA374.



#### PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

10-Dec-2020

#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

www.ti.com

| Orderable Device | Status | Package Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan     | Lead finish/<br>Ball material | MSL Peak Temp      | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking<br>(4/5) | Samples |
|------------------|--------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|--------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|-------------------------|---------|
| PCM2906CDB       | ACTIVE | SSOP         | DB                 | 28   | 50             | RoHS & Green | NIPDAU                        | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -25 to 85    | PCM2906C                | Samples |
| PCM2906CDBR      | ACTIVE | SSOP         | DB                 | 28   | 2000           | RoHS & Green | NIPDAU                        | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -25 to 85    | PCM2906C                | Samples |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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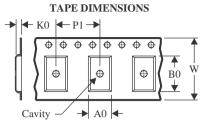
10-Dec-2020

## **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

www.ti.com 3-Jun-2022

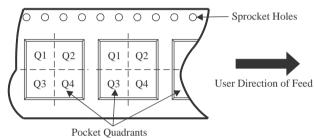
#### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





| A0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component width     |
|----|---|
| В0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component length    |
| K0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness |
| W  | Overall width of the carrier tape                         |
| P1 | Pitch between successive cavity centers                   |

#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

| Device      | U    | Package<br>Drawing |    | SPQ  | Reel<br>Diameter<br>(mm) | Reel<br>Width<br>W1 (mm) | A0<br>(mm) | B0<br>(mm) | K0<br>(mm) | P1<br>(mm) | W<br>(mm) | Pin1<br>Quadrant |
|-------------|------|--------------------|----|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| PCM2906CDBR | SSOP | DB                 | 28 | 2000 | 330.0                    | 16.4                     | 8.2        | 10.5       | 2.5        | 12.0       | 16.0      | Q1               |

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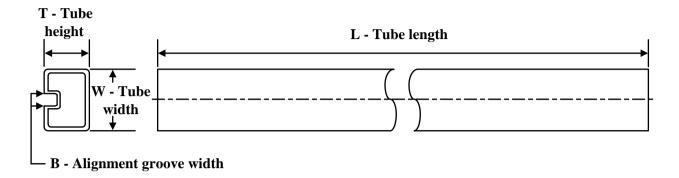
#### \*All dimensions are nominal

|   | Device      | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |  |
|---|-------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|--|
| ſ | PCM2906CDBR | SSOP         | DB              | 28   | 2000 | 356.0       | 356.0      | 35.0        |  |

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#### **TUBE**

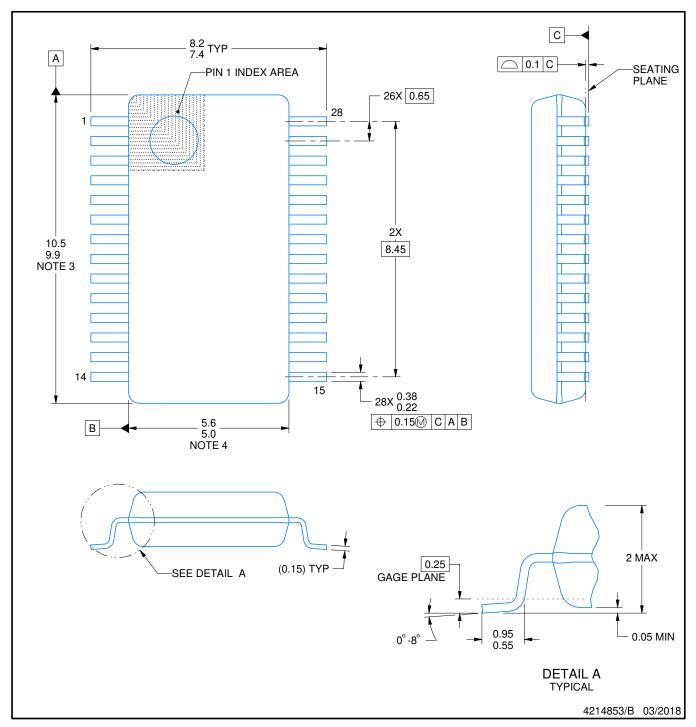


#### \*All dimensions are nominal

| Device     | Package Name | Package Type | Pins | SPQ | L (mm) | W (mm) | T (µm) | B (mm) |  |
|------------|--------------|--------------|------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|
| PCM2906CDB | DB           | SSOP         | 28   | 50  | 530    | 10.5   | 4000   | 4.1    |  |



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



#### NOTES:

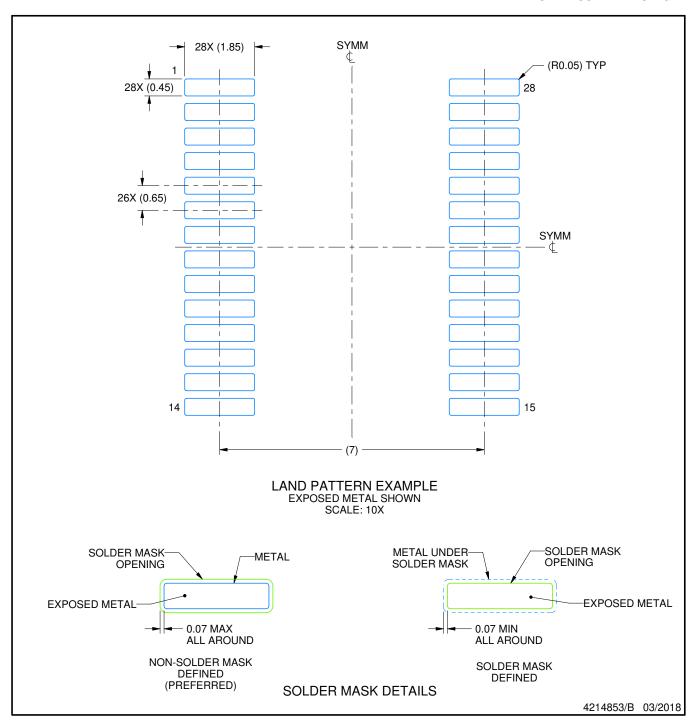
- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-150.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



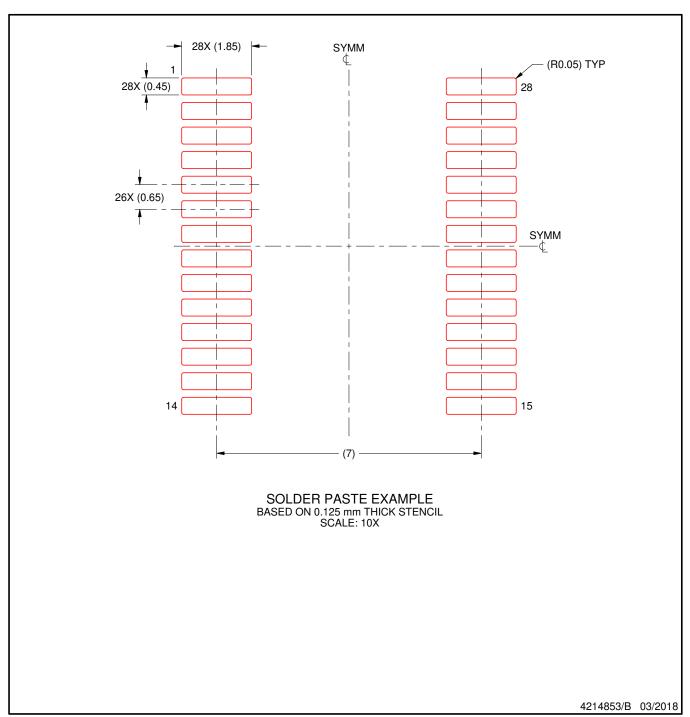
NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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