



6A, High-Efficiency, Synchronous, Step-Down Switcher with I²C Interface

The Future of Analog IC Technology

DESCRIPTION

The MP8848 is a highly integrated, highfrequency, synchronous, step-down switcher with an I^2C control interface. The MP8848 can support up to 6A of load current over an input supply range from 2.7V to 6V with excellent load and line regulation.

Constant-frequency hysteretic mode provides an extremely fast transient response without loop compensation to achieve high efficiency easily under light-load condition.

The output voltage level can be controlled onthe-fly through a 3.4Mbps I^2C serial interface. The voltage range can be adjusted from 0.6V to 1.235V in 5mV steps. The voltage slew rate, switching frequency, and power-saving mode are also selectable through the I^2C interface.

Full protection features include internal soft start, over-current protection (OCP), and over-temperature protection (OTP).

The MP8848 requires a minimal number of readily available, standard, external components and is available in a compact QFN-15 (2mmx3mm) package.

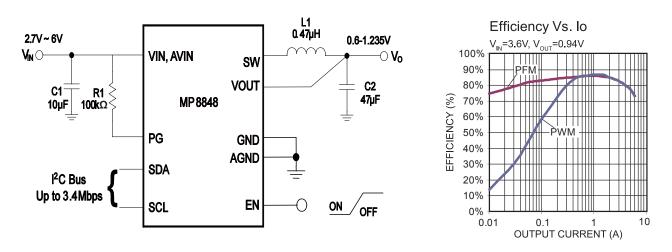
FEATURES

- 2.7V to 6V Input Voltage Range
- Up to 6A Load Current
- Internal 32m Ω High-Side and 15m Ω Low-Side Power MOSFETs
- I²C-Compatible Interface up to 3.4Mbps
- I²C-Programmable Output Range from 0.6V to 1.235V in 5mV Steps
- Factory Adjustable Switching Frequency from 0.85MHz to 2.2MHz
- Power-Saving Mode Selectable via I²C
- Internal 1ms Soft Start
- Power Good Indicator
- Current Overload and Thermal Shutdown
 Protection
- Available in a QFN-15 (2mmx3mm) Package

APPLICATIONS

- Processor Core Supplies
- Micro Converters

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TYPICAL APPLICATION



ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number*	Package	Top Marking
MP8848GD	QFN-15 (2mmx3mm)	See Below

* For Tape & Reel, add suffix –Z (e.g. MP8848GD–Z)

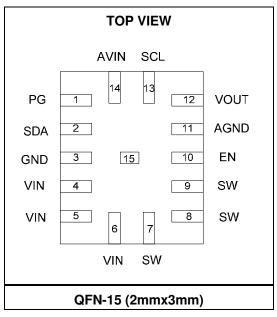
TOP MARKING

AVV

YWW

LLL

AVV: Product code of MP8848GD Y: Year code WW: Week code LLL: Lot number



PACKAGE REFERENCE

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)

Supply voltage (VIN)	0.3V to 7V
V _{SW}	0.3V (-5V for <10ns) to
6.5V (8V for	<10ns or 10V for <3ns)
All other pins	0.3V to 6.5V
Junction temperature	150°C
Lead temperature	
Continuous power dissipa	ation (T _A = +25°C) ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾
QFN-15 (2mmx3mm)	3.5W
Storage temperature	65°C to 150°C

Recommended Operating Conditions ⁽³⁾ Supply voltage (VIN).....2.7V to 6V Output voltage (VOUT).....0.6V to 1.235V Operating junction temp. (T₁)... -40°C to +125°C

Thermal Resistance	$\boldsymbol{\theta}_{JA}$	$\boldsymbol{\theta}_{JC}$	
QFN-15 (2mmx3mm)			
EV8848-D-00A ⁽⁴⁾		-	-
JESD51-7 ⁽⁵⁾	. 70	. 15	°C/W

NOTES:

- 2) The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature T_J (MAX), the junction-toambient thermal resistance θ_{JA} , and the ambient temperature T_A. The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by P_D (MAX) = (T_J (MAX)-T_A)/ θ_{JA} . Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation produces an excessive die temperature, causing the regulator to go into thermal shutdown. Internal thermal shutdown circuitry protects the device from permanent damage.
- The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 4) Measured on EV8848-D-00A, 4-layer PCB.
- 5) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.

¹⁾ Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

VIN = 5V, T_J = -40°C to +125°C ⁽⁶⁾, typical value is tested at T_J = +25°C. The limit over temperature is guaranteed by characterization, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Input voltage range	V _{IN}		2.7		6	V
Quiescent current	Ι _Q	EN = 1.8V, no switching, PFM mode		300		μA
Shutdown current	I _S	$EN = GND, T_J = 25^{\circ}C$			1	μA
Internal reference veltage	VREF	T _J = 25°C	0.591	0.600	0.609	V
Internal reference voltage	VKEF	-40°C < T _J < 125°C	0.585	0.600	0.615	V
Lowest output voltage	V	Register = 00h, T_J = 25°C	0.591	0.600	0.609	V
Lowest output voltage	V _{LOW}	-40°C < T _J < 125°C	0.585	0.600	0.615	V
Lighaat autaut valtaga	V	Register = 7Fh, T _J = 25°C	1.216	1.235	1.254	V
Highest output voltage	V _{HIGH}	-40°C < T _J < 125°C	1.204	1.235	1.266	V
Output voltage step	V _{STEP}			5		mV
High-side switch on resistance	R _{HSON}			32		mΩ
Low-side switch on resistance	R _{LSON}			15		mΩ
UVLO rising threshold	V _{UVLOR}			2.55	2.7	V
UVLO hysteretic	V _{UVLOHY}			150		mV
Switching frequency	F _{SW}		0.85		2.2	MHz
Frequency variation	F _{SW}				25%	
Minimum on time (7)	T _{MINON}			60		ns
Switch leakage	I _{SW}	V_{EN} = 0V, VIN = 5V, V_{SW} = 0V and 5V, T_J = 25°C			1	μA
EN input current	I _{EN}	V _{EN} = 5V		4		μA
EN logic low voltage	V _{ENL}				0.4	V
EN logic high voltage	V _{ENH}		1.8			V
Power good UV threshold rising	PGVth-Hi	Good		0.9		VOUT
Power good UV threshold falling	PGVth-Lo	Fault		0.85		VOUT
Power good OV threshold rising	PGVth-Hi	Fault		1.1		VOUT
Power good OV threshold falling	PGVth-Lo	Good		1.05		VOUT
Power good pull-down voltage	V _{PGL}	I _{SINK} = 1mA			0.4	V
Power good delay	T _{PGd}			30		μs
Power good leakage	I _{PGd}				1	μA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)* VIN = 5V, $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C^{(6)}$, typical value is tested at $T_J = +25^{\circ}C$. The limit over temperature is guaranteed by characterization, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
VOUT OVP threshold		Rising edge		+10%		V _{TARGET}
High-side switch peak current limit (source)	I _{peak}		7	11		А
High-side switch valley current limit ⁽⁷⁾	I _{valley}			5.8		A
Low-side switch current		PFM mode		0		Α
limit (sink)		PWM mode ⁽⁷⁾		-5		Α
Soft-start time	T _{SS-ON}		0.4	1	1.6	ms
Discharge resistor				500		Ω
Thermal warning (6)				130		°C
Thermal shutdown ⁽⁶⁾				150		°C
DAC resolution ⁽⁷⁾				7		bits

NOTE:

6) Not tested in production, guaranteed by over-temperature correlation.

7) Guaranteed by engineering sample characterization.

I/O LEVEL CHARACTERISTICS

Devenenter	Ourseland	Oanditian	HS-	Mode	LS-	Mode	11
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
Low-level input voltage	VIL		-0.5	0.3Vcc	-0.5	0.3V _{CC}	V
High-level input voltage	V _{IH}		0.7V _{CC}	V _{CC} + 0.5	$0.7V_{CC}$	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
Hysteresis of Schmitt	V _{HYS}	V _{CC} > 2V	$0.05V_{\text{CC}}$	-	$0.05V_{CC}$	-	V
trigger inputs	• 113	$V_{CC} < 2V$	0.1V _{CC}	-	$0.1V_{CC}$	-	
Low-level output voltage (open drain) at 3mA sink	V _{OL}	$V_{CC} > 2V$	0	0.4	0	0.4	v
current	VOL	$V_{CC} < 2V$	0	$0.2V_{CC}$	0	$0.2V_{CC}$	v
Low-level output current	I _{OL}		-	3	-	3	mA
Transfer gate on resistance for currents between SDA and SCAH, or SCL and SCLH	R _{onL}	VOL level, IOL = 3mA	-	50	-	50	Ω
Transfer gate on resistance between SDA and SCAH, or SCL and SCLH	R _{onH}	Both signals (SDA and SDAH, or SCL and SCLH) at V_{CC} level	50	-	50	-	kΩ
Pull-up current of the SCLH current source	I _{cs}	SCLH output levels between $0.3V_{CC}$ and $0.7V_{CC}$	2	6	2	6	mA
Rise time of the SCLH	t _{rCL}	Output rise time (current source enabled) with an external pull-up current source of 3mA					
or SCL signal	102	Capacitive load from 10pF to 100pF	10	40			ns
		Capacitive load of 400pF	20	80			ns
Fall time of the SCLH or	t _{fCL}	Output fall time (current source enabled) with an external pull-up current source of 3mA					
SCL signal	102	Capacitive load from 10pF to 100pF	10	40			ns
		Capacitive load of 400pF	20	80	20	250	ns
Rise time of SDAH	t _{rDA}	Capacitive load from 10pF to 100pF	10	80	-	-	ns
signal	-10/1	Capacitive load of 400pF	20	160	20	250	ns
Fall time of SDAH signal	t _{fDA}	Capacitive load from 10pF to 100pF	10	80	-	-	ns
		Capacitive load of 400pF	20	160	20	250	ns
Input current for each I/O pin	li	Input voltage between $0.1V_{CC}$ and $0.9V_{CC}$	-	10	-10	+10	μA
Capacitance for each I/O pin	Ci		-	10	-	10	pF



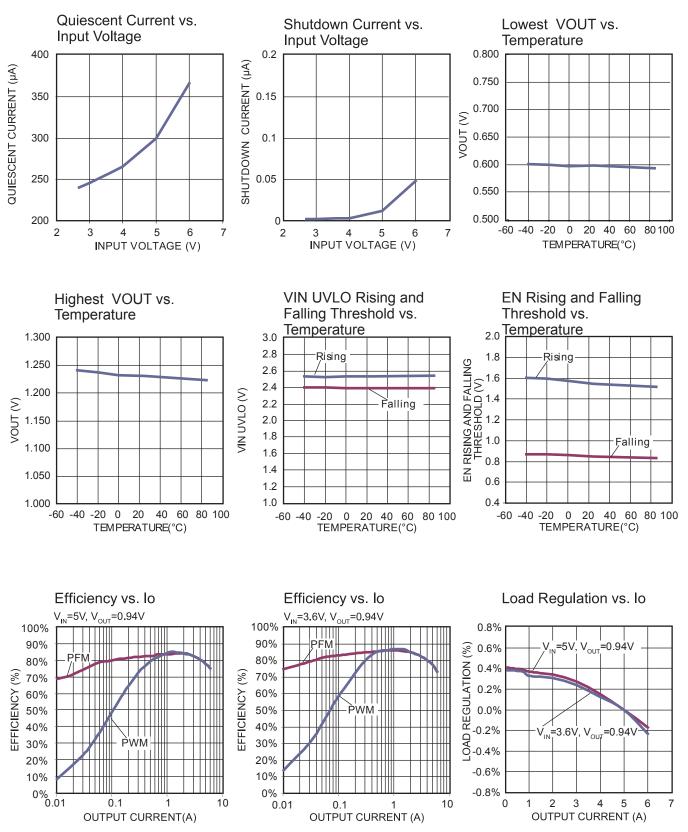
I²C PORT SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS

				100pF	Cb = 40		
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
SCLH and SCL clock frequency	f _{SCHL}		0	3.4	0	0.4	MHz
Set-up time for a repeated start condition	T _{SU;STA}		160	-	600	-	ns
Hold time (repeated) start condition	T _{HD;STA}		160	-	600	-	ns
Low period of the SCL clock	t _{LOW}		160	-	1300	-	ns
High period of the SCL clock	t _{HIGH}		60	-	600	-	ns
Data set-up time	T _{SU:DAT}		10	-	100	-	ns
Data hold time	T _{HD;DAT}		0	70	0	-	ns
Rise time of SCLH signal	t _{rCL}		10	40	20*0.1Cb	300	ns
Rise time of SCLH signal after a repeated start condition and after an acknowledge bit	t _{fCL1}		10	80	20*0.1Cb	300	ns
Fall time of SCLH signal	T _{fCL}		10	40	20*0.1Cb	300	ns
Rise time of SDAH signal	t _{fDA}		10	80	20*0.1Cb	300	ns
Fall time of SDAH signal	T _{fDA}		10	80	20*0.1Cb	300	ns
Set-up time for a stop condition	T _{SU;STO}		160	-	600	-	ns
Bus free time between a stop and start condition	T _{BUF}		160	-	1300	-	ns
Data valid time	T _{VD;DAT}		-	16	-	90	ns
Data valid acknowledge time	T _{VD;ACK}		-	160	-	900	ns
O an a sitis a la sal fan a sala		SDAH and SCLH line	-	100	-	400	pF
Capacitive load for each bus line	C _b	SDAH + SDA line and SCLH + SCL line	-	400	-	400	pF
Noise margin at the low level	V _{nL}	For each connected device	-	0.1V _{cc}	0.1V _{CC}	-	V
Noise margin at the high level	V _{nH}	For each connected device	-	$0.2V_{CC}$	0.2V _{CC}	-	V

NOTE: V_{CC} is the l^2C bus voltage in the 1.5V to 3.3V range.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

VIN = 5V, VOUT = 0.94V, L = 0.47 μ H, T_A = 25 $^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted.

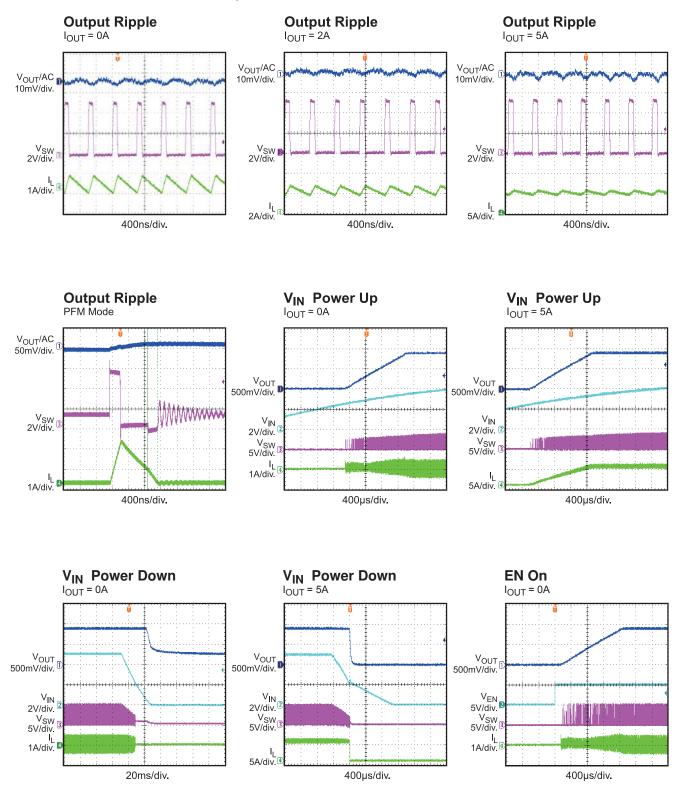


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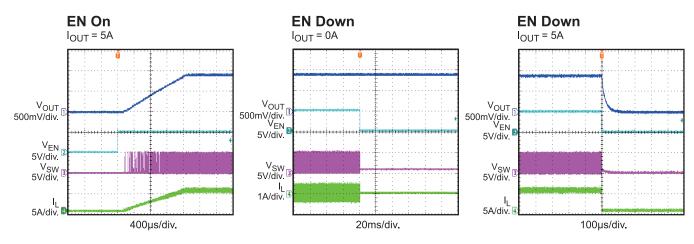
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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)* VIN = 5V, VOUT = 0.94V, L = 0.47μ H, T_A = 25° C, unless otherwise noted.



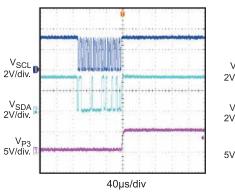
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

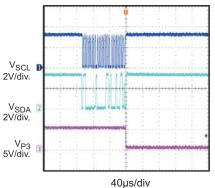
VIN = 5V, VOUT = 0.94V, L = 0.47 μ H, T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.



P3 Pull Up P3 Set=0

P3 Pull Down P3 Set=1







PIN FUNCTIONS

Package Pin #	Name	Description
1	PG	Power good output.
2	SDA	I ² C serial data.
3, thermal pad	GND	Power ground.
4, 5, 6	VIN	Input supply voltage.
7, 8, 9	SW	Switch note.
10	EN	On and off control.
11	AGND	Analog ground.
12	VOUT	Output voltage sensing.
13	SCL	I ² C serial clock.
14	AVIN	Analog input supply voltage and multi-usage of P3 function.

REGISTERS AND DESCRIPTION

Register Map

•	-									
ADD	NAME	R/W	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
00	Status	R	ILIM	UVLO	OVP	VoOV	VoUV	PGOOD	OTW	EN stat
01	VSEL	R/W	EN							
02	SysCntlreg1	R/W	Swite	Switching frequency			sient onse	Pglohi	Vinovp	Mode
03	SysCntlreg2	R/W	Rese	Reserved Go		Out-dis	GI_filt	Slew rate	P3 Enable	P3 Set
04	ID1	R	Vendor ID					Die I	D	
05	ID2	R		Rese	erved			Die r	ev	

NOTE: The burst write cannot be on Reg 03.

Default Value of Registers

ADD	NAME	R/W	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
00	Status	R	N/A							
01	VSEL	R/W	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
02	SysCntlreg1	R/W	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
03	SysCntlreg2	R/W	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
04	ID1	R	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
05	ID2	R	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Register Description

1. Reg00 Status

NAME	BITS	DESCRIPTION
ILIM	D7	When the bit is high, IC is in the current limit.
UVLO	D6	When the bit is high, VIN is less than the UVLO threshold.
OVP	D5	When the bit is high, VIN is greater than the OVP threshold.
VoOV	D4	When the bit is high, a voltage higher than 110% of the regulation voltage is presented.
VoUV	D3	When the bit is high, a voltage lower than 90% of the regulation voltage is presented.
PGOOD	D2	When the bit is high, the output is in regulation; otherwise, the output voltage is out of
		the ±10% regulation window.
OTW	D1	When the junction temperature is higher than 130°C, the bit is high; otherwise, the bit
0100		is low.
En Stat	D0	When the bit is high, the SMPS is enabled; when the bit is low, the SMPS is disabled.

2. Reg01 VSEL

NAME	BITS	DESCRIPTION
EN	D7	I ² C controlled enable. When EN is low, the converter is off. When EN is high, the EN bit takes over.
Output Reference	D[6:0]	Sets the output voltage from 0.6V to 1.235V (see Table 1).



D[6:0]	VOUT	D[6:0]	VOUT	D[6:0]	VOUT	D[6:0]	VOUT	
000 0000	0.600	010 0000	0.760	100 0000	0.920	110 0000	1.080	
000 0001	0.605	010 0001	0.765	100 0001	0.925	110 0001	1.085	
000 0010	0.610	010 0010	0.770	100 0010	0.930	110 0010	1.090	
000 0011	0.615	010 0011	0.775	100 0011	0.935	110 0011	1.095	
000 0100	0.620	010 0100	0.780	100 0100	0.940	110 0100	1.100	
000 0101	0.625	010 0101	0.785	100 0101	0.945	110 0101	1.105	
000 0110	0.630	010 0110	0.790	100 0110	0.950	110 0110	1.110	
000 0111	0.635	010 0111	0.795	100 0111	0.955	110 0111	1.115	
000 1000	0.640	010 1000	0.800	100 1000	0.960	110 1000	1.120	
000 1001	0.645	010 1001	0.805	100 1001	0.965	110 1001	1.125	
000 1010	0.650	010 1010	0.810	100 1010	0.970	110 1010	1.130	
000 1011	0.655	010 1011	0.815	100 1011	0.975	110 1011	1.135	
000 1100	0.660	010 1100	0.820	100 1100	0.980	110 1100	1.140	
000 1101	0.665	010 1101	0.825	100 1101	0.985	110 1101	1.145	
000 1110	0.670	010 1110	0.830	100 1110	0.990	110 1110	1.150	
000 1111	0.675	010 1111	0.835	100 1111	0.995	110 1111	1.155	
001 0000	0.680	011 0000	0.840	101 0000	1.000	111 0000	1.160	
001 0001	0.685	011 0001	0.845	101 0001	1.005	111 0001	1.165	
001 0010	0.690	011 0010	0.850	101 0010	1.010	111 0010	1.170	
001 0011	0.695	011 0011	0.855	101 0011	1.015	111 0011	1.175	
001 0100	0.700	011 0100	0.860	101 0100	1.020	111 0100	1.180	
001 0101	0.705	011 0101	0.865	101 0101	1.025	111 0101	1.185	
001 0110	0.710	011 0110	0.870	101 0110	1.030	111 0110	1.190	
001 0111	0.715	011 0111	0.875	101 0111	1.035	111 0111	1.195	
001 1000	0.720	011 1000	0.880	101 1000	1.040	111 1000	1.200	
001 1001	0.725	011 1001	0.885	101 1001	1.045	111 1001	1.205	
001 1010	0.730	011 1010	0.890	101 1010	1.050	111 1010	1.210	
001 1011	0.735	011 1011	0.895	101 1011	1.055	111 1011	1.215	
001 1100	0.740	011 1100	0.900	101 1100	1.060	111 1100	1.220	
001 1101	0.745	011 1101	0.905	101 1101	1.065	111 1101	1.225	
001 1110	0.750	011 1110	0.910	101 1110	1.070	111 1110	1.230	
001 1111	0.755	011 1111	0.915	101 1111	1.075	111 1111	1.235	

Table 1: Output Voltage Chart



3. Reg02 SysCntIreg1

NAME	BITS	DESCRIPTION				
		D[7:5]	Switching Frequency	D[7:5]	Switching Frequency	
Switching	tabiaa	000	2.2MHz	100	1.25MHz (default)	
Switching Frequency	D[7:5]	001	2MHz	101	1.11MHz	
Frequency		010	1.67MHz	110	0.85MHz	
		011	1	111		
Transient		D[4:3]	Response Speed	D[4:3]	Response Speed	
Response	D[4:3]	00	Ultra-fast	01	Fast (default)	
Response		10	Normal	11	Slow	
PG_LOHI	D2	A "0" here sets PG to sense only a negative voltage excursion of Vo from the reference. A "1" (default) sets PG to detect both a positive and negative excursion of Vo from the reference.				
VIN_OVP	D1	A "1" disables the VIN OVP function. The converter continues operating. A "0" (default) turns off the converter when VIN reaches VIN MAX.				
Mode	D0	A "0" enables PFM	mode; a high disables PF	M mode.		

4. Reg03 SysCntlreg2

NAME	BITS	DESCRIPTION			
Reserved	D[7:6]	Reserved.			
Go	D5	Writing to this bit sta	arts a VOUT transition	n regardless of its init	tial value.
Output Discharge	D4	A "0" disables the output discharge. The output voltage must be discharged by the load. A high enables the internal pull-down.			
GI_filt	D3	A "0" disables the PG delay.			
Slew Rate	Slew Rate D2	D2	Slew Rate	D2	Slew Rate
	DZ	0	32mV/µs	1	8mV/µs
P3 Enable	D1	A "1" enables the P3 set function. Only a "1" can make the P3 Set bit control the AVIN voltage.			
P3 Set	D0	When the P3 Enable bit = 1, the AVIN voltage is pulled high if P3 Set = 0; otherwise, the AVIN voltage is pulled low.			

5. Reg04 ID1

NAME	BITS	DESCRIPTION
Vendor ID	D[7:4]	Vendor ID.
Die ID	D[3:0]	IC type.

6. Reg05 ID2

NAME	BITS	DESCRIPTION
Reserved	D[7:4]	Reserved.
Die Rev	D[3:0]	Die revision.

Operation Status

CONDITION	PG	REGULATION	LATCH-OFF	STATUS BIT
VIN over-voltage	Low	Off	No	OVP
VIN under-voltage	Low	Off	N/A	UVLO
Thermal warning	Low	On	No	OTW
Thermal shutdown	Low	Off	Yes	N/A
Current limit	High	On	No	ILIM
Output under-voltage	Low	Off	Yes	VoUV
Output over voltage (>110% of target output)	Low	On	No	VoOV



BLOCK DIAGRAM

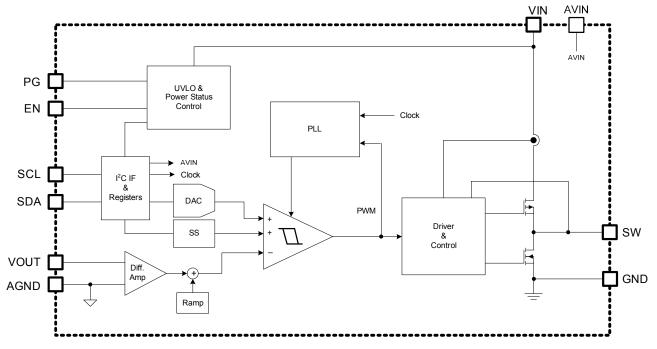


Figure 1: Functional Block Diagram



OPERATION

The MP8848 is a low-voltage, 6A, synchronous, step-down converter with a controllable I^2C interface. The MP8848 applies MPS's patented constant-frequency hysteretic control to utilize fast transient response of the hysteretic control and keep the switching frequency constant. No compensation is required, which simplifies the design procedure.

The MP8848 integrates an I^2C -compatible interface that allows transfers of up to 3.4Mbps. This communication interface can be used for dynamic voltage scaling with voltage steps down to 5mV with the output voltage from 0.6V to 1.235V. The voltage transition slew rate can be controlled as well.

Light-Load Operation

In light-load condition, the MP8848 uses a proprietary control scheme to save power and improve efficiency. The MP8848 turns off the low-side switch when the inductor current begins reversing. The MP8848 then works in discontinuous conduction mode (DCM) operation.

Enable (EN)

When the input voltage is greater than the under-voltage lockout (UVLO) threshold (typically 2.55V), the MP8848 can be enabled by pulling EN above 1.8V. Pull EN down to ground to disable the MP8848. The IC can also be disabled by floating EN. There is an internal $1M\Omega$ resistor from EN to ground.

Soft Start (SS)

The MP8848 has a built-in soft start that ramps up the output voltage at a controlled slew rate, preventing inrush current and output voltage overshoot at start-up. The soft-start time is about 1ms.

Power Good (PG) Indicator

The MP8848 has an open-drain output for power good (PG) indication. When the output voltage is within $\pm 10\%$ of the regulation voltage, PG is pulled up to VIN by the external resistor.

Current Limit

The MP8848 has a typical 11A current limit for the high-side switch. When the high-side switch reaches the current limit, the MP8848 expands the minimum off time until the current drops to 5.8A before the high-side switch is turned on for the next switching cycle. This prevents the inductor current from continuing to build up and damaging the components.

Thermal Protection

The MP8848 employs thermal shutdown by monitoring the junction temperature of the IC internally. If the junction temperature exceeds the thermal warning threshold (around 130°C), OTW is set. If there is no action or response from the system, the junction temperature continues rising until it exceeds the thermal shutdown threshold (typically 150°C). After thermal shutdown, a new power start-up cycle is needed to turn on the MP8848 again.



I²C INTERFACE

The MP8848 can communicate with the core and the I^2C for smart design. MPS has a GUI control interface (see Figure 2). The installation process and usage can be found in the MP884x Family Software Guide.

I²C Address

The I^2C slave address of the MP8848 is 0xC0H/0xC1H internally (see Table 2). If other slave addresses are needed, please contact the factory.

Table 2: I²C Slave Address

Hex	A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0
W 0xC0 R 0xC1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	R/W
Address				0:	x60			

I²C Enable

The MP8848's EN pin can start up and shut down the converter, and the I^2C EN pin can control the converter as well. The Reg01 VSEL D7 bit is I^2C -controlled enabled. When writing D7 = 0, the converter is off. When writing D7 = 1, the converter is on. Both the external EN and I^2C EN can control the converter. The converter works only when both EN pins are high.

Output Voltage Select

MP8848 I²C-The output voltage is programmable. There is no need to set feedback resistors to achieve different output voltages. The default output voltage is 0.94V but can be set from 0.6V to 1.235V in 5mV steps via the I²C. To change the output voltage, write the Go bit (Reg03 Syscntlreg2 [D5]) to 1. This action means that the output voltage can be set to another value that is not the default Vo voltage. Then write the Output Reference bit (Reg01 VSEL [D6:D0]). The output voltage can be changed according to Table 1.

To guarantee a normal output voltage, the input voltage is suggested to be 1.5V higher than the pre-set output voltage.

Switching Frequency

The default switching frequency of the MP8848 is 1.25MHz. However, the frequency can also be changed based on the application. By writing the Switching Frequency bits (Reg02 SysCntlreg1 [D7:D5], the switching frequency can be programmed to one of six possible values. Their corresponding data can be found in Reg02 SysCntlreg1.

Slave Address 00 Check Address	MRS	
Output Voltage Setting	Reg02 SysCntlreg2	
EN=1 I2C Controlled Enable	GO=0 GO=1: Starts a Vout Transition Regardless of its Initial Value	
VSEL	Output Discharged By Load Output Discharged By Load	
0.9031 V 🚽 Output Voltage	64mWus v Slew Rate	
WRITE	WRITE	
Reg01 SysCntlreg1	Read Registers	
1.67MHz Switching Frequency	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	2
1.67MHz Switching Frequency	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 VSEL (0x00) 1 <td< td=""><td></td></td<>	
Disable PGood Delay		
Disable PGood Delay	VSEL (0x00) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 READ	
Disable PGood Delay	VSEL (0x00) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 READ SysCntireg1 (0x01) 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 READ	
Disable PGood Delay	VSEL (0x00) 1 <th1< th=""> 1 <th1< td=""><td></td></th1<></th1<>	
Disable PGood Delay	VSEL (0x00) 1 <th1< th=""> 1 <th1< td=""><td></td></th1<></th1<>	
Disable PGood Delay Set rates to normal for higher efficiency Set PGOOD to detect positive and negative excursi Disable VIN OVP, Converter continues to operate	VSEL (0x00) 1 <th1< th=""> 1 <th1< td=""><td></td></th1<></th1<>	

Figure 2: MP884x Family Control Interface



PG Configuration

The MP8848 has an option to use the PG_LOHI function. This function can be written in the PG_LOHI bit (Reg02 Syscntlreg1 [D2]). The default value is 1, where PG senses both a positive and negative excursion of Vo from the reference. If writing this bit to 0, PG only senses a negative voltage excursion of Vo from the reference.

Input Over-Voltage Protection (OVP)

The MP8848 has an option to use the VIN_OVP function. This function can be written in the VIN_OVP bit (Reg02 Syscntlreg1 [D1]). The default value is 0, where the VIN_OVP function is enabled. When VIN is higher than 6.3V, the converter is disabled. After VIN recovers to 6.2V, the converter restarts. If the VIN_OVP bit is set to 1, VIN OVP is disabled. The converter will not stop, even if VIN exceeds its safe range.

Forced Continuous Conduction Mode (CCM)

The MP8848 has auto-pulse-frequency modulation (PFM) mode and forced continuous conduction mode (CCM). This function can be written in the Mode bit (Reg02 Syscntlreg1 [D0]). The default value is 0, where auto-PFM mode is selected. Considering a smaller Vo ripple and regulation for a full load range, forced CCM is recommended. Set this bit to 1 to disable PFM mode.

Output Discharge

The MP8848 has an output discharge function. Writing the Out-dis bit (Reg03 SysCntIreg2 [D4]) can change the output discharge mode. The default value is 1. Discharge the internal Vo resistance when EN is low. Writing D4 = 1 can enable the function, and then the output voltage can be discharged by the internal pull-down resistance.

Output Voltage Transition Slew Rate

When the output voltage switches from low to high or from high to low, the transition slew rate can differ. There are two possible values for selection. Through writing the Slew Rate bits (Reg03 Syscntlreg2 D2), the transition slew rate can be set at one possible value based on the application. The internal reference follows the set slew rate, but the output voltage slew rate does not always follow the internal reference. Considering the output capacitor and inductor, the actual output voltage slew rate should be a little slower.

AVIN Multi-Use

The MP8848's AVIN pin has multi-usage. When the P3 Enable bit (Reg03 SysCntIreg2 D1) is 0, AVIN is an internal analog supply. When the P3 Control bit (Reg03 sysCntIrge2 D1) is 1, the P3 voltage is controlled by the P3 Set bit (Reg03 sysCntIrge2 D0). The P3 voltage is high if D0 = 0; otherwise, the P3 voltage is low (see Table 3).

Table 3: AVIN Multi-Use

D1	D0	AVIN	
0	0	Internal analog supply	
0	1	Internal analog supply	
1	0	Forced to 1	
1	1	Forced to 0	

I²C Register Hold On

The MP8848 has a special function: the l^2C register can hold on after EN changes low. The updated register can be held for later application conditions, even if the external EN pulls low.

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS

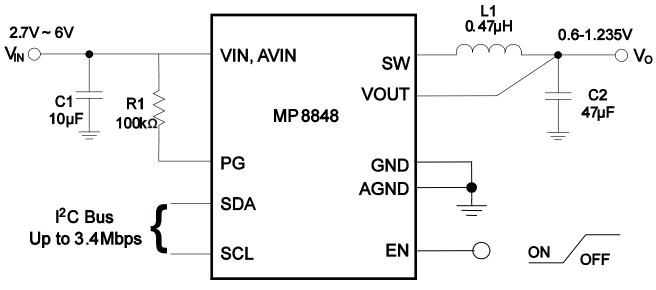
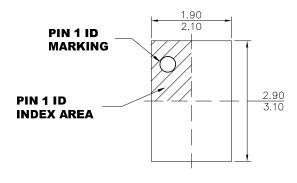


Figure 3: Application Circuit

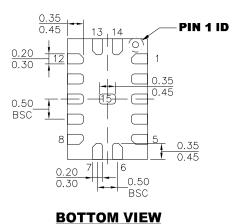


PACKAGE INFORMATION

QFN-15 (2mmx3mm)

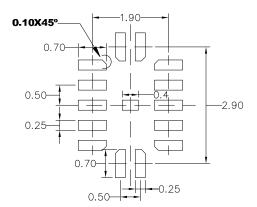


TOP VIEW



0.20 REF

SIDE VIEW



NOTE:

ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
 LEAD COPLANARITY SHALL BE 0.10
 MILLIMETERS MAX.
 JEDEC REFERENCE IS MO-220.
 DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE.

RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

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