

ADJUSTABLE PRECISION ZENER SHUNT REGULATOR

ISSUE 4 – SEPTEMBER 2000

ZR431

DEVICE DESCRIPTION

The ZR431 is a three terminal adjustable shunt regulator offering excellent temperature stability and output current handling capability up to 100mA. The output voltage may be set to any chosen voltage between 2.5 and 20 volts by selection of two external divider resistors.

The devices can be used as a replacement for zener diodes in many applications requiring an improvement in zener performance.

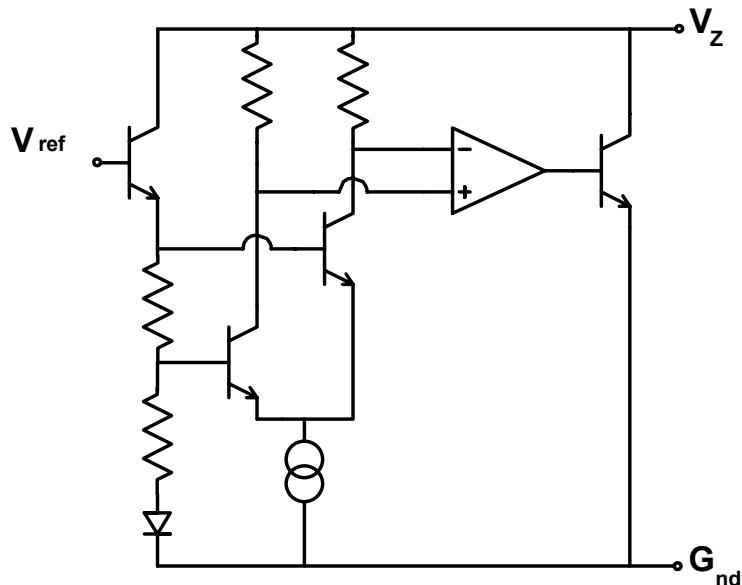
FEATURES

- Surface mount SO8, SOT223 and SOT23 packages
- TO92 package
- 2%, 1 % and 0.5% tolerance
- Max. temperature coefficient 55 ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C
- Temperature compensated for operation over the full temperature range
- Programmable output voltage
- 50 μ A to 100mA current sink capability
- Low output noise

APPLICATIONS

- Shunt regulator
- Series regulator
- Voltage monitor
- Over voltage/ under voltage protection
- Switch mode power supplies

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



 **ZETEX**

ZR431

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

Cathode Voltage (Vz)	20V	Power Dissipation ($T_{amb}=25^{\circ}C, T_{jmax}=150^{\circ}C$)		
Cathode Current	150mA	SOT23 330mW		
Operating Temperature	-40 to 85°C	TO92 780mW		
Storage Temperature	-55 to 125°C	SOT223 2W		
Recommended Operating Conditions				
	Min	Max		
Cathode Voltage	Vref	20V		
Cathode Current	50µA	100mA		

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS TEST CONDITIONS (Unless otherwise stated): $T_{amb}=25^{\circ}C$

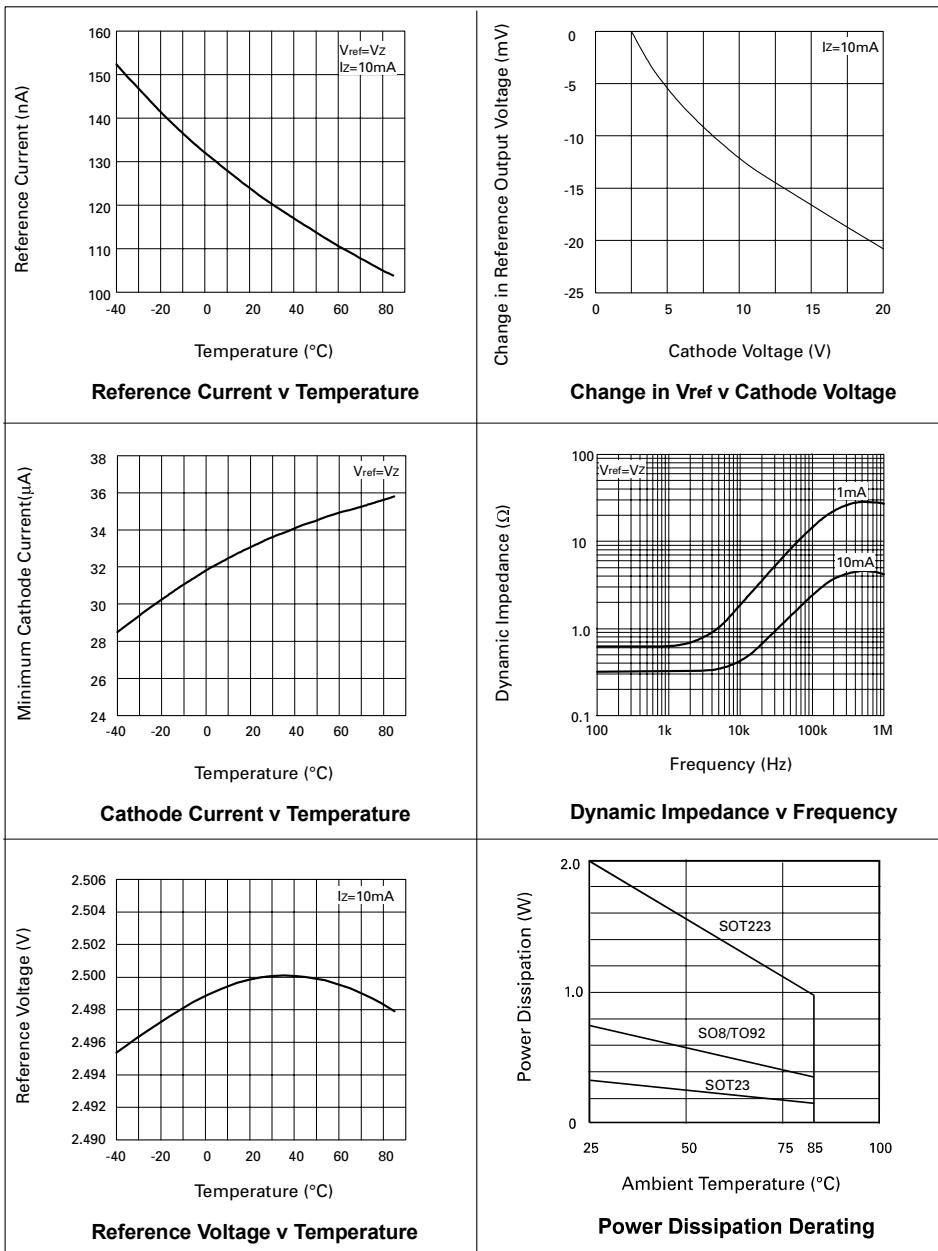
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	VALUE			UNITS	CONDITIONS
		MIN	_TYP	MAX		
Reference Voltage ⁽¹⁾ 0.5%	V _{ref}	2.45	2.50	2.55	V	$I_L=10mA$ (Fig1), $V_Z=V_{ref}$
		2.475	2.50	2.525		
		2.489	2.50	2.513		
Deviation of Reference Input Voltage over Temperature	V _{dev}		8.0	17	mV	$I_L=10mA$, $V_Z=V_{ref}$ $T_a=$ full range (Fig1)
Ratio of the change in Reference Voltage to the Change in Cathode Voltage	$\frac{\Delta V_{ref}}{\Delta V_Z}$		-1.85	-2.7	mV/V	V_Z from V_{ref} to 10V $I_Z=10mA$ (Fig2)
			-1.0	-2.0	mV/V	V_Z from 10V to 20V $I_Z=10mA$ (Fig2)
Reference Input Current	I _{ref}		0.12	1.0	µA	R1=10k, R2=O/C, $I_L=10mA$ (Fig2)
Deviation of Reference Input Current over Temperature	ΔI_{ref}		0.04	0.2	µA	R1=10k, R2=O/C, $I_L=10mA$ $T_a=$ full range (Fig2)
Minimum Cathode Current for Regulation	I _{Zmin}		35	50	µA	$V_Z=V_{ref}$ (Fig1)
Off-state Current	I _{Zoff}			0.1	µA	$V_Z=20V$, $V_{ref}=0V$ (Fig3)
Dynamic Output Impedance	R _Z			0.75	Ω	$V_Z=V_{ref}$ (Fig1), f=0Hz

⁽¹⁾ 0.5% SOT23 only.

For definitions of reference voltage temperature coefficient and dynamic output impedance see NOTES following DC TEST CIRCUITS

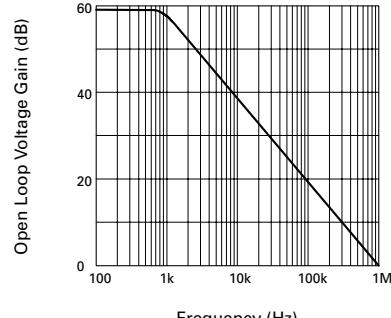


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

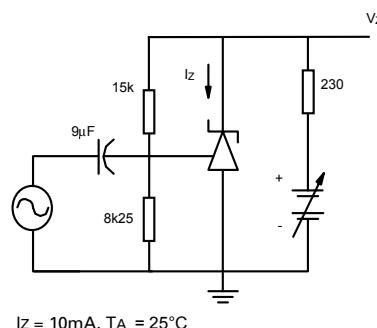


ZR431

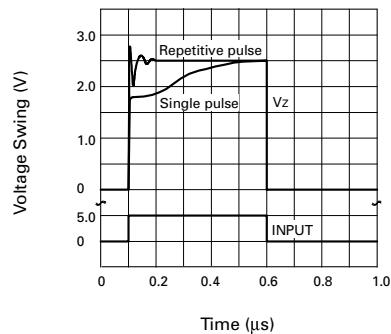
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



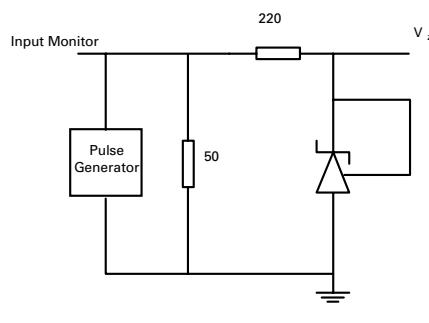
Gain v Frequency



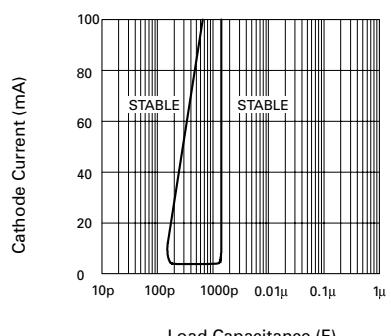
Test Circuit for Open Loop Voltage Gain



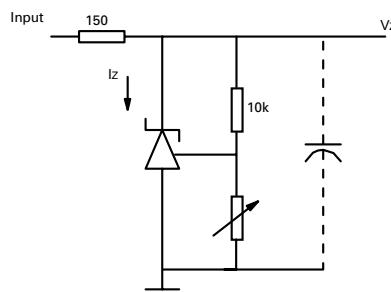
Pulse Response



Test Circuit for Pulse Response



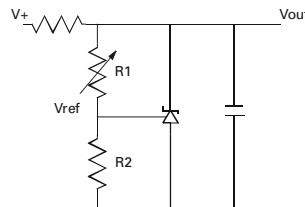
Stability Boundary Conditions



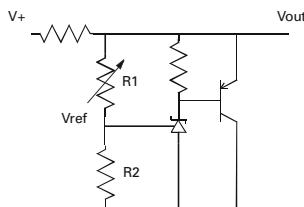
$V_{ref} < V_Z < 20$, $I_Z = 10\text{mA}$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$

 **ZETEX**

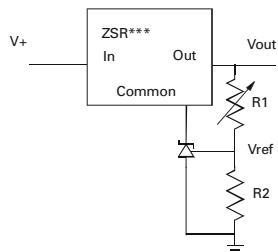
APPLICATION CIRCUITS



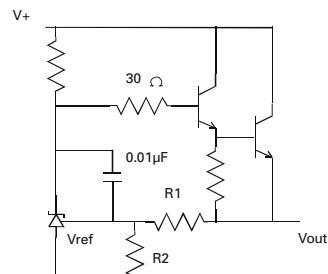
SHUNT REGULATOR



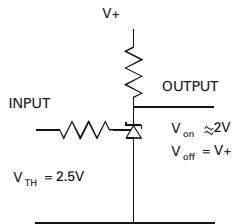
HIGHER CURRENT SHUNT REGULATOR



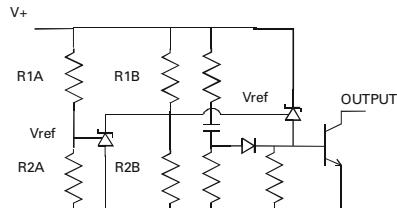
OUTPUT CONTROL OF A THREE TERMINAL FIXED REGULATOR



SERIES REGULATOR



SINGLE SUPPLY COMPARATOR WITH TEMPERATURE COMPENSATED THRESHOLD



OVER VOLTAGE / UNDER VOLTAGE PROTECTION CIRCUIT

ZR431

DC TEST CIRCUITS

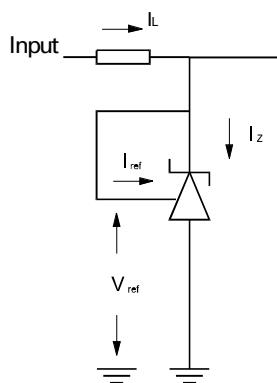


Fig 1 – Test Circuit for $V_z = V_{\text{ref}}$

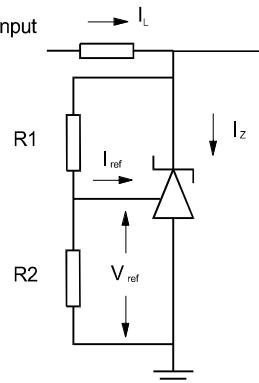


Fig 2 – Test Circuit for $V_z > V_{\text{ref}}$

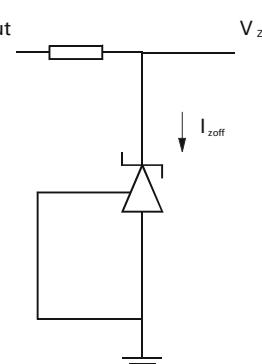
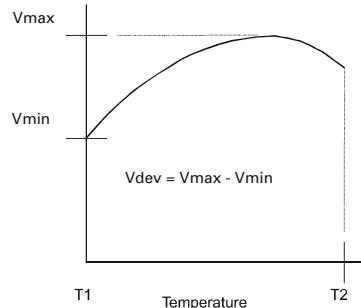


Fig 3 – Test Circuit for Off State current

NOTES

Deviation of reference input voltage, V_{dev} , is defined as the maximum variation of the reference input voltage over the full temperature range.

The average temperature coefficient of the reference input voltage, V_{ref} is defined as:



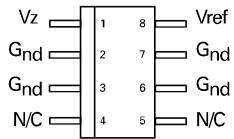
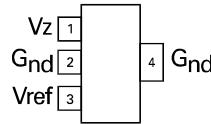
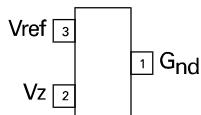
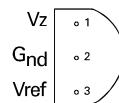
$$V_{\text{ref}} (\text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}) = \frac{V_{\text{dev}} \times 1000000}{V_{\text{ref}} (T_1 - T_2)}$$

The dynamic output impedance, R_Z , is defined as:

$$R_Z = \frac{\Delta V_Z}{\Delta I_Z}$$

When the device is programmed with two external resistors, R_1 and R_2 , (fig 2) , the dynamic output impedance of the overall circuit, R' , is defined as:

$$R' = R_Z \left(1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2}\right)$$

CONNECTION DIAGRAMS**SO8 Package Suffix – N8***Top View***SOT223 Package Suffix – G***Top View – Pin 4 floating or connected to pin 2***SOT23 Package Suffix – F***Top View***TO92 Package Suffix – C***Bottom View***ORDERING INFORMATION**

Part Number	Package	Tol. %	Part Mark
ZR431C01	TO92	1.0	ZR43101
ZR431C	TO92	2.0	ZR431
ZR431G01	SOT223	1.0	ZR43101
ZR431G	SOT223	2.0	ZR431
ZR431F005	SOT23	0.5	43R
ZR431F01	SOT23	1.0	43B
ZR431F	SOT23	2.0	43A
ZR431N801	SO8	1.0	ZR43101
ZR431N8	SO8	2.0	ZR431