OP140 Series, OP145C

Obsolete (OP145A)

Features:

- IR-transmissive plastic package
- Side-looking package for space-limited applications
- Wide irradiance pattern
- Mechanically and spectrally matched to other OPTEK products





Description:

Each device in this series is a high intensity gallium arsenide infrared emitting diode that is suited for use as a PCBoard mounted slotted switch or an easy mount PCBoard interrupter.

Each **OP140** (A, B, C, D) and **OP145C** device is a domed-lens 935 nm diode that is molded in an IR-transmissive plastic side-looking package.

OP140 is mechanically and spectrally matched to the OP550 series of phototransistors and the OP560 series of photodarlingtons. OP145 is mechanically and spectrally matched to the OP555 and OP565 series devices.

Please refer to Application Bulletins 208 and 210 for additional design information and reliability (degradation) data.

Applications:

- Space-limited applications
- PCBoard mounted slotted switch
- PCBoard interrupter

Ordering Information					
Part Number	LED Peak Wavelength	Lens Type	Total Beam Angle	Lead Length	
OP140A					
OP140B					
OP140C			40°	min of 0.50"	
OP140D	935 nm	Domed			
OP145A (Obsolete)					
OP145C					

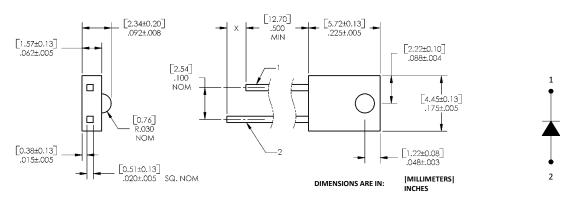


OP140 Series, OP145C

Obsolete (OP145A)



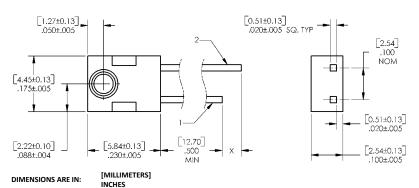
OP140 (A, B, C, D)



Pin#	LED	Sensor
1	Cathode	Emitter/Anode
2	Anode	Collector/Cathode

OP145C





Pin#	LED	Sensor	
1	Cathode	Emitter/Anode	
2	Anode	Collector/Cathode	

CONTAINS POLYSULFONE

To avoid stress cracking, we suggest using ND Industries' **Vibra-Tite** for thread-locking. **Vibra-Tite** evaporates fast without causing structural failure in OPTEK'S molded plastics.

OP140 Series, OP145C

Obsolete (OP145A)



Electrical Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A = 25° C unless otherwise noted)

Storage and Operating Temperature Range	-40° C to +100° C
Reverse Voltage	2.0 V
Continuous Forward Current	50 mA
Peak Forward Current	3.0 A
Lead Soldering Temperature [1/16 inch (1.6 mm) from case for 5 seconds with soldering iron] ⁽¹⁾	260° C
Power Dissipation ⁽²⁾	100 mW

Electrical Characteristics (T_A = 25° C unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
Input Diode							
Е _{Е (АРТ)}	Apertured Radiant Incidence OP140A OP140B OP140C, OP145C OP140D	0.40 0.30 0.20 0.10	- - -	- 0.55 0.40 -	mW/cm²	I _F = 20 mA ⁽³⁾	
V _F	Forward Voltage	-	-	1.60	V	I _F = 20 mA	
I _R	Reverse Current	-	-	100	μΑ	V _R = 2.0 V	
λ_{P}	Wavelength at Peak Emission	-	935	-	nm	I _F = 10 mA	
В	Spectral Bandwidth between Half Power Points	-	50	-	nm	I _F = 10 mA	
$\lambda_P/\Delta T$	Spectral Shift with Temperature	-	±0.30	-	nm/° C	I _F = Constant	
θ_{HP}	Emission Angle at Half Power Points	-	40	-	Degree	I _F = 20 mA	
t _r	Output Rise Time	-	1000	-	ns	I _{F(PK)} = 100 mA, PW = 10 μs, and	
t _f	Output Fall Time	-	500	-	ns	D.C. = 10.0 %	

Notes:

- 1. RMA flux is recommended. Duration can be extended to 10 seconds maximum when flow soldering. A maximum of 20 grams force may be applied to the leads when soldering.
- 2. Derate linearly 1.33 mW/° C above 25° C.
- 3. E_{E(APT)} is a measurement of the average apertured radiant energy incident upon a sensing area 0.180" (4.57 mm) in diameter perpendicular to and centered on the mechanical axis of the lens and 0.653" (6.60 mm) from the lens tip. E_{E(APT)} is not necessarily uniform within the measured area.

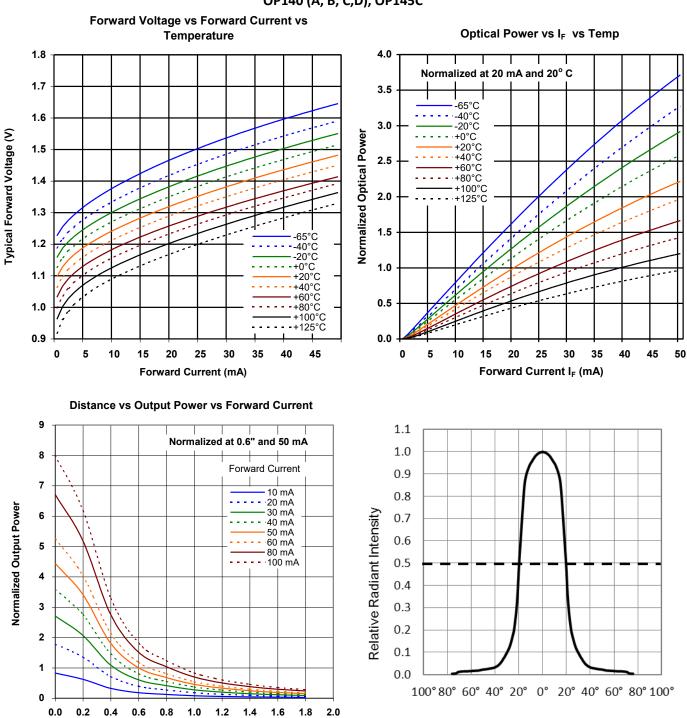
OP140 Series, OP145C

Obsolete (OP145A)



Performance

OP140 (A, B, C,D), OP145C



General Note

TT Electronics reserves the right to make changes in product specification without notice or liability. All information is subject to TT Electronics' own data and is considered accurate at time of going to print.

Distance (inches)

θ - Angular Displacement - Degrees

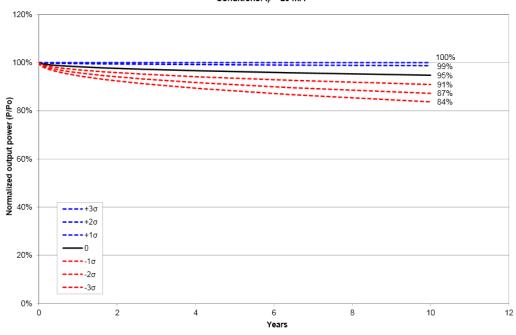
OP140 Series, OP145C

Obsolete (OP145A)



Performance

Degradation curves of OP140 +/- 3 standard deviations Conditions: I_F = 20 mA



Spectral Response

