





## SD085-23-21-021

#### Silicon Photodiode

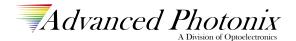
The SD085-23-21-021 is quadrant silicon photodiode used for nulling, centering, or measuring accurate positional changes packaged in a hermetic TO-5 metal package. These detectors exhibit excellent stability over time and temperature, fast response times necessary for high speed or pulse operation, and position resolutions of better than 0.1 µm.

### **Applications**

# Machine Tool Alignment Position Measurement Beam Centering Surface Profiling Targeting Guidance Systems

#### **Features**

High Accuracy
Excellent Resolution
High-Speed Response
Ultra Low Dark Current
Excellent Response Match
High Stability over Time and Temperature





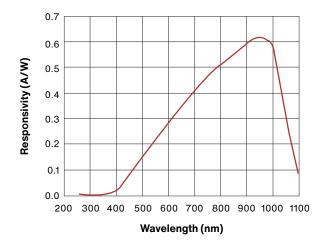
#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit			
Reverse Voltage	$V_{_{\mathrm{R}}}$	-	50	V			
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	-40	+125	°C			
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55	+150	°C			
Package	TO-5						

#### Typical Electro-Optical Specifications at T<sub>△</sub>=23 °C Per Element

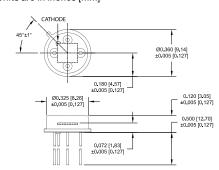
Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Active Area	Each Element	A.A.	-	2.25	-	mm²
Element Gap	-	-	-	10	-	μm
Spectral Range	Spot Scan	Δλ	350	-	1100	nm
Responsivity	λ= 633nm, V <sub>R</sub> =0V	R	0.32	0.36	-	A/W
	λ= 900nm, V <sub>R</sub> =0V	R	0.50	0.55	-	A/W
Junction Capacitance	V <sub>R</sub> =0V, F=1MHz	CJ	-	45	-	pF
	V <sub>R</sub> =5V, F=1MHz	CJ	-	9	-	pF
Shunt Resistance	V <sub>R</sub> =10mV	R <sub>sh</sub>	350	-	-	ΜΩ
Dark Current	V <sub>R</sub> =5V	I <sub>D</sub>	-	0.6	3.5	nA
Noise Equivalent Power	$V_R=5V$ , $\lambda_p=950$ nm	NEP	-	6.8x10 <sup>-14</sup>	-	W/ √ HZ
Response Time	$R_L$ =50 $\Omega$ , $V_R$ =0 $V$	t <sub>R</sub>	-	65	-	ns
	$R_L=50\Omega$ , $V_R=10V$	t <sub>R</sub>	-	4	-	ns

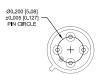
#### **Spectral Response**

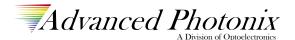


#### **Mechanical Specifications**

Units are in inches [mm]









#### **Care and handling instructions**

Your optoelectronic components are packaged and shipped in opaque, padded containers to avoid ambient light exposure and damage due to shock from dropping or jarring.

Care must be taken to avoid exposure to high ambient light levels, particularly from tungsten sources or sunlight.

- These components can be rendered inoperable
  if dropped or sharply jarred. The wire bonds are
  delicate and can become separated from the
  bonding pads when the component is dropped or
  otherwise receives a sharp physical blow.
- Most windows on photodiodes are either silicon or quartz. They should be cleaned with isopropyl alcohol and a soft (optical grade) pad.
- Photodiode exposure to extreme high or low storage temperatures can affect the subsequent performance. Maintain a non-condensing environment for optimum performance and lifetime.
- All devices are considered ESD sensitive.
   The photodiodes are shipped in ESD protective packaging. When unpacking and using these products, anti-ESD precautions should be observed.
- Photodiode packages and/or operation may be impaired if exposed to CHLOROETHENE, THINNER, ACETONE, TRICHLOROETHYLENE or any harsh chemicals.
- **Legal Disclaimer**

Information in this data sheet is believed to be correct and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed for possible inaccuracies or omission. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



Most of our standard catalog products are RoHS Compliant. Please contact us for details.

- Optoelectronic components in plastic packages should be given special care. Clear plastic packages are more sensitive to environmental stress than those of black plastic. Storing devices in high humidity can present problems when soldering. Since the rapid heating during soldering stresses the wire bonds and can cause wire to bonding pad separation, it is recommended that devices in plastic packages to be baked for 24 hours at 85°C.
- The leads on the photodiode SHOULD NOT BE FORMED. If your application requires lead spacing modification, please contact Advanced Photonix Applications group at Techsupport@advancedphotonix.com before forming a product's leads. Product warranties could be voided.
- Most devices are provided with wire or pin leads for installation in circuit boards or sockets. Observe the soldering temperatures and conditions specified below:
  - Soldering Iron: Soldering 30 W or less
  - Temperature at tip of iron 300°C or lower.
  - Dip Soldering: Bath Temperature: 260±5°C.
  - Immersion Time: within 5 Sec.
  - Soldering Time: within 3 Sec.
  - Vapor Phase Soldering, Reflow Soldering: DO NOT USE

