

### FDS6984S

### Dual Notebook Power Supply N-Channel PowerTrench® SyncFET™

### **General Description**

The FDS6984S is designed to replace two single SO-8 MOSFETs and Schottky diode in synchronous DC:DC power supplies that provide various peripheral voltages for notebook computers and other battery powered electronic devices. FDS6984S contains two unique 30V, N-channel, logic level, PowerTrench MOSFETs designed to maximize power conversion efficiency.

The high-side switch (Q1) is designed with specific emphasis on reducing switching losses while the low-side switch (Q2) is optimized to reduce conduction losses. Q2 also includes an integrated Schottky diode using Fairchild's monolithic SyncFET technology.

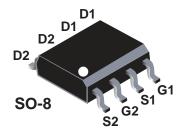
#### **Features**

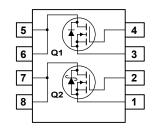
 Q2: Optimized to minimize conduction losses Includes SyncFET Schottky diode

8.5A, 30V 
$$R_{DS(on)} = 19 \text{ m}\Omega @ V_{GS} = 10V$$
  $R_{DS(on)} = 28 \text{ m}\Omega @ V_{GS} = 4.5V$ 

 Q1: Optimized for low switching losses Low gate charge ( 5 nC typical)

5.5A, 30V 
$$R_{DS(on)} = 0.040\Omega$$
 @  $V_{GS} = 10V$   $R_{DS(on)} = 0.055\Omega$  @  $V_{GS} = 4.5V$ 





### **Absolute Maximum Ratings** $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter		Q2	Q1	Units
V <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Voltage		30	30	V
V <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Source Voltage		±20	±20	V
I <sub>D</sub>	Drain Current - Continuous	(Note 1a)	8.5	5.5	Α
	- Pulsed		30	20	
P <sub>D</sub>	Power Dissipation for Dual Operation		2		W
	Power Dissipation for Single Operation	(Note 1a)	1.0	6	
		(Note 1b)	1		
		(Note 1c)	0.0	9	
T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range		-55 to	+150	°C

### **Thermal Characteristics**

$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	(Note 1a)	78	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	(Note 1)	40	°C/W

**Package Marking and Ordering Information** 

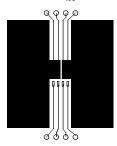
Device Marking	Device	Reel Size	Tape width	Quantity
FDS6984S	FDS6984S FDS6984S		12mm	2500 units

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Type	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Off Char	racteristics						
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 1 \text{ mA}$	Q2	30			V
	Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{DS} = 24 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$	Q1	30			
DSS	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> = 24 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V	Q2 Q1			500 1	μА
GSSF	Gate-Body Leakage, Forward	V <sub>GS</sub> = 20 V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V	All			100	nA
I <sub>GSSR</sub>	Gate-Body Leakage, Reverse	V <sub>GS</sub> = -20 V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V	All			-100	nA
On Char	acteristics (Note 2)						
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$	Q2	1		3	V
43.7	Cata Threahald Valtage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	Q1	1		3	> //00
$\frac{\Delta V_{GS(th)}}{\Delta T_{,J}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I <sub>D</sub> = 1 mA, Referenced to 25°C	Q2		-6		mV/°C
ΔΙΙ	Temperature decinolent	I <sub>D</sub> = 250 uA, Referenced to 25°C	Q1		-4		
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-Source	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 8.5 \text{ A}$	Q2		16	19	mΩ
	On-Resistance	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 8.5 \text{ A}, T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 7 \text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 5.5 \text{ A}$			24 23	32 28	
			Q1		35	40	
		$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 5.5 \text{ A}, T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$			53 48	60 55	
I <sub>D(on)</sub>	On-State Drain Current	$V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 4.6 \text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 5 \text{ V}$	Q2	30	40	55	Α
'D(on)	on state Brain surrent	VGS 10 V, VDS 0 V	Q1	20			/ /
<b>g</b> FS	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 8.5 \text{ A}$ $V_{DS} = 5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 5.5 \text{ A}$	Q2 Q1		26 40		S
Dvnami	Characteristics	, == , =	1			,	
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V,	Q2		1233		pF
	•	f = 1.0 MHz	Q1		462		,
Coss	Output Capacitance		Q2		344		pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		Q1 Q2		113 106		pF
Orss	Treverse Transfer Capacitance		Q1		40		ρı
Switchir	ng Characteristics (Note 2	2)					
$t_{\text{d(on)}} \\$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 1 \text{ A},$	Q2 Q1		8 10	16 18	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ = 10V, $R_{GEN}$ = 6 $\Omega$	Q2		5	10	ns
			Q1		14	25	
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		Q2 Q1		25 21	40 34	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time	1	Q2		11	20	ns
7			Q1		7	14	
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	Q2 $V_{DS}$ = 15 V, $I_{D}$ = 8.5 A, $V_{GS}$ =5V	Q2 Q1		11 8.5	16 12	nC
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate-Source Charge	V <sub>DS</sub> = 13 V, 1 <sub>D</sub> = 0.3 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 3 V	Q2		5	12	nC
		Q1	Q1		2.4		
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-Drain Charge	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 5.5 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}$	Q2 Q1		4 3.1		nC

#### Electrical Characteristics (continued) T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditi	ions	Туре	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Drain-S	Drain-Source Diode Characteristics and Maximum Ratings							
Is	Maximum Continuous Drain-Source Diode Forward Current			Q2 Q1			3.0 1.3	А
t <sub>rr</sub>	,	I <sub>F</sub> = 10A,		Q2		17		ns
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse Recovery Charge	$d_{iF}/d_t = 300 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}$	(Note 3)			12.5		nC
$V_{SD}$	Drain-Source Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_{S} = 3.5 \text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_{S} = 1.3 \text{ A}$	(Note 2) (Note 2)	Q2 Q1		0.5 0.74	0.7 1.2	V

1. R<sub>8JA</sub> is the sum of the junction-to-case and case-to-ambient thermal resistance where the case thermal reference is defined as the solder mounting surface of the drain pins.  $\rm\,R_{\theta JC}$  is guaranteed by design while  $\rm\,R_{\theta CA}$  is determined by the user's board design.



78°C/W when mounted on a 0.5in<sup>2</sup> pad of 2 oz copper



125°C/W when mounted on a 0.02 in<sup>2</sup> pad of 2 oz copper

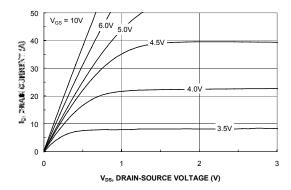


135°C/W when mounted on a minimum pad.

Scale 1:1 on letter size paper

- See "SyncFET Schottky body diode characteristics" below.
   Pulse Test: Pulse Width < 300μs, Duty Cycle < 2.0%</li>

### Typical Characteristics: Q2



2.6
V<sub>GS</sub> = 4.0V

2.2
V<sub>GS</sub> = 4.0V

4.5V

5.0V

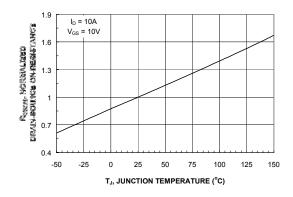
6.0V

1.0
0
10
20
30
40
50

I<sub>o</sub>, DRAIN CURRENT (A)

Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics.

Figure 2. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Gate Voltage.



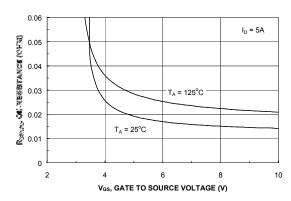
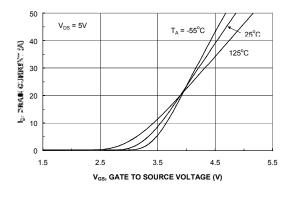


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature.

Figure 4. On-Resistance Variation with Gate-to-Source Voltage.



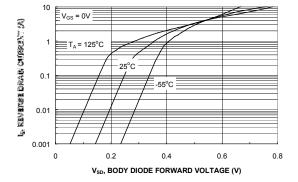
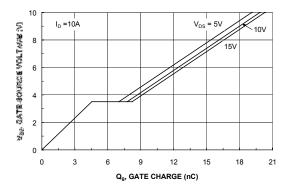


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics.

Figure 6. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature.

## Typical Characteristics: Q2



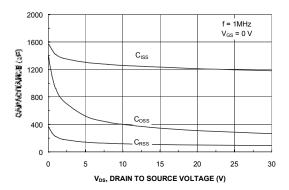
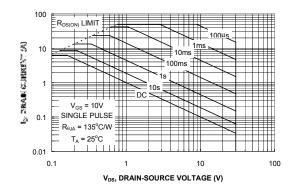


Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics.





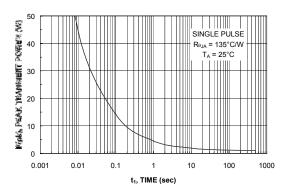
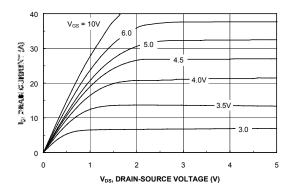


Figure 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area.

Figure 10. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation.

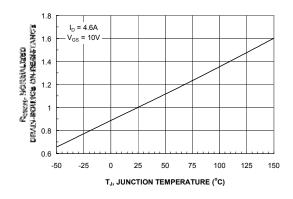
### **Typical Characteristics Q1**



3 V<sub>GS</sub> = 3.0V 3.5V 4.0V 4.5V 5.0V 6.0V 10 10 20 30 I<sub>D</sub>, DRAIN CURRENT (A)

Figure 11. On-Region Characteristics.

Figure 12. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Gate Voltage.



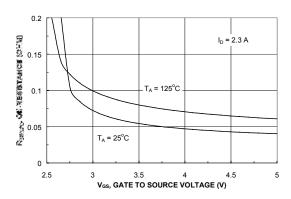
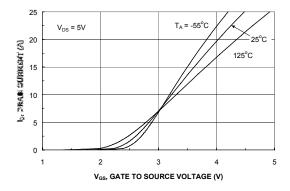


Figure 13. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature.

Figure 14. On-Resistance Variation with Gate-to-Source Voltage.



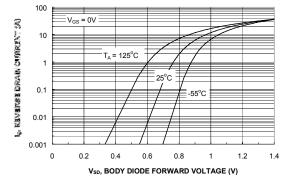
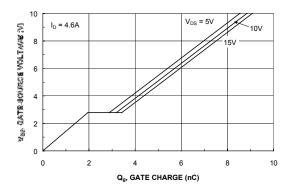


Figure 15. Transfer Characteristics.

Figure 16. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature.

### Typical Characteristics Q1



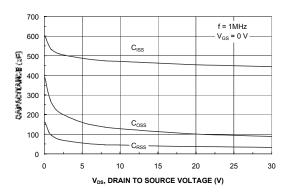


Figure 17. Gate Charge Characteristics.

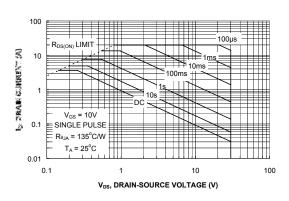


Figure 18. Capacitance Characteristics.

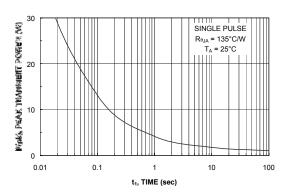


Figure 19. Maximum Safe Operating Area.



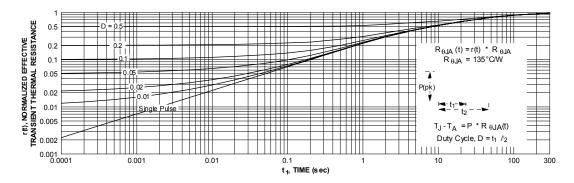


Figure 21. Transient Thermal Response Curve.

Thermal characterization performed using the conditions described in Note 1c. Transient thermal response will change depending on the circuit board design.

### **Typical Characteristics** (continued)

# SyncFET Schottky Body Diode Characteristics

Fairchild's SyncFET process embeds a Schottky diode in parallel with PowerTrench MOSFET. This diode exhibits similar characteristics to a discrete external Schottky diode in parallel with a MOSFET. Figure 22 shows the reverse recovery characteristic of the FDS6984S.

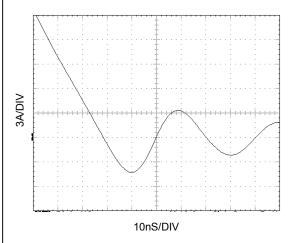


Figure 22. FDS6984S SyncFET body diode reverse recovery characteristic.

For comparison purposes, Figure 23 shows the reverse recovery characteristics of the body diode of an equivalent size MOSFET produced without SyncFET (FDS6690A).

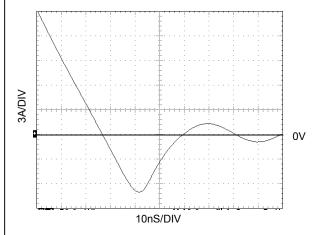


Figure 23. Non-SyncFET (FDS6690A) body diode reverse recovery characteristic.

Schottky barrier diodes exhibit significant leakage at high temperature and high reverse voltage. This will increase the power in the device.

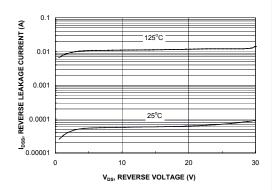


Figure 24. SyncFET body diode reverse leakage versus drain-source voltage and temperature.

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Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition				
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