

IGBT

Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ IGBT in TRENCHSTOP™ 5 technology copacked with RAPID 2 fast and soft antiparallel diode

IKW30N65NL5

650V DuoPack IGBT and diode
Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ series fifth generation

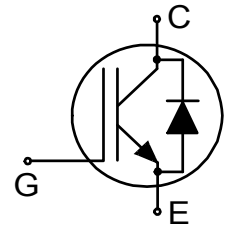
Data sheet

Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ IGBT in TRENCHSTOP™ 5 technology copacked with RAPID 2 fast and soft antiparallel diode

Features and Benefits:

Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ L5 technology offering

- Very low collector-emitter saturation voltage $V_{CE(sat)}$
- Best-in-Class tradeoff between conduction and switching losses
- 650V breakdown voltage
- Low gate charge Q_G
- Maximum junction temperature 175°C
- Qualified according to JEDEC for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating
- RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice models:
<http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>



Applications:

- Uninterruptible power supplies
- Solar photovoltaic inverters
- Welding machines



Key Performance and Package Parameters

Type	V_{CE}	I_C	$V_{CE(sat)}$, $T_{vj}=25^\circ\text{C}$	T_{vjmax}	Marking	Package
IKW30N65NL5	650V	30A	1.05V	175°C	K30ENL5	PG-TO247-3



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Maximum Ratings

For optimum lifetime and reliability, Infineon recommends operating conditions that do not exceed 80% of the maximum ratings stated in this datasheet.

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage, $T_{vj} \geq 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	V_{CE}	650	V
DC collector current, limited by T_{vjmax} $T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ value limited by bondwire $T_C = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$	I_C	85.0 62.0	A
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by $T_{vjmax}^{1)}$	I_{Cpuls}	120.0	A
Turn off safe operating area $V_{CE} \leq 650\text{V}$, $T_{vj} \leq 175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $t_p = 1\mu\text{s}^{1)}$	-	120.0	A
Diode forward current, limited by T_{vjmax} $T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ value limited by bondwire $T_C = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$	I_F	50.0 34.0	A
Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by $T_{vjmax}^{1)}$	I_{Fpuls}	120.0	A
Gate-emitter voltage Transient Gate-emitter voltage ($t_p \leq 10\mu\text{s}$, $D < 0.010$)	V_{GE}	± 20 ± 30	V
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ Power dissipation $T_C = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_{tot}	227.0 114.0	W
Operating junction temperature	T_{vj}	-40...+175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55...+150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Soldering temperature, ²⁾ wave soldering 1.6mm (0.063in.) from case for 10s		260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Mounting torque, M3 screw Maximum of mounting processes: 3	M	0.6	Nm

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{th(j-c)}$		0.66	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{th(j-c)}$		0.95	K/W
Thermal resistance junction - ambient	$R_{th(j-a)}$		40	K/W

¹⁾ Defined by design. Not subject to production test.

²⁾ Package not recommended for surface mount applications.

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, I_C = 0.20\text{mA}$	650	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CEsat}	$V_{GE} = 15.0\text{V}, I_C = 30.0\text{A}$ $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	- - -	1.05 1.05 1.04	1.35 - -	V
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, I_F = 30.0\text{A}$ $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	- - -	1.65 1.70 1.68	2.20 - -	V
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 0.40\text{mA}, V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	4.2	5.0	5.8	V
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = 650\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$ $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$	- - -	- 400.0 2000.0	40.0 - -	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0\text{V}, V_{GE} = 20\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE} = 20\text{V}, I_C = 30.0\text{A}$	-	65.0	-	S

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Dynamic Characteristic						
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$	-	4600	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}		-	64	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}		-	18	-	
Gate charge	Q_G	$V_{CC} = 520\text{V}, I_C = 30.0\text{A},$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$	-	168.0	-	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	L_E		-	13.0	-	nH

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C},$ $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}, I_C = 30.0\text{A},$ $V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V},$ $R_{G(on)} = 23.0\Omega, R_{G(off)} = 10.0\Omega,$ $L_{\sigma} = 60\text{nH}, C_{\sigma} = 30\text{pF}$ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	59	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	20	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	283	-	ns
Fall time	t_f		-	67	-	ns
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	0.56	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	1.35	-	mJ
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	1.91	-	mJ

Diode Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_R = 400\text{V}$, $I_F = 30.0\text{A}$, $di_F/dt = 1500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	59	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	0.48	-	μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	18.0	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	-2800	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

IGBT Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}$, $I_C = 30.0\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V}$, $R_{G(on)} = 23.0\Omega$, $R_{G(off)} = 10.0\Omega$, $L\sigma = 60\text{nH}$, $C\sigma = 30\text{pF}$ $L\sigma$, $C\sigma$ from Fig. E Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	54	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	22	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	345	-	ns
Fall time	t_f		-	169	-	ns
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	0.69	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	2.18	-	mJ
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	2.87	-	mJ

Diode Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_R = 400\text{V}$, $I_F = 30.0\text{A}$, $di_F/dt = 1500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	58	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	0.65	-	μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	24.0	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	-4970	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

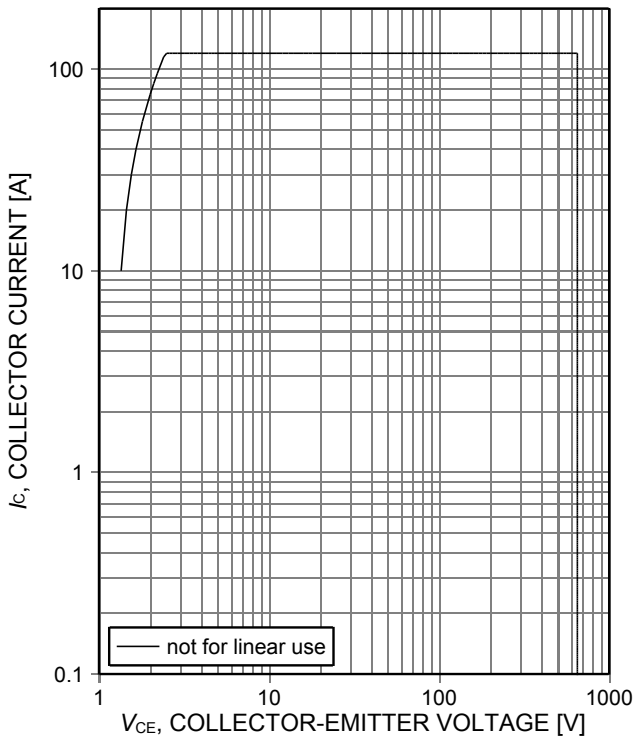


Figure 1. **Forward bias safe operating area**
 ($D=0$, $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{vj}\leq 175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$, $t_p=1\mu\text{s}$,
 I_{Cmax} defined by design - not subject to production test)

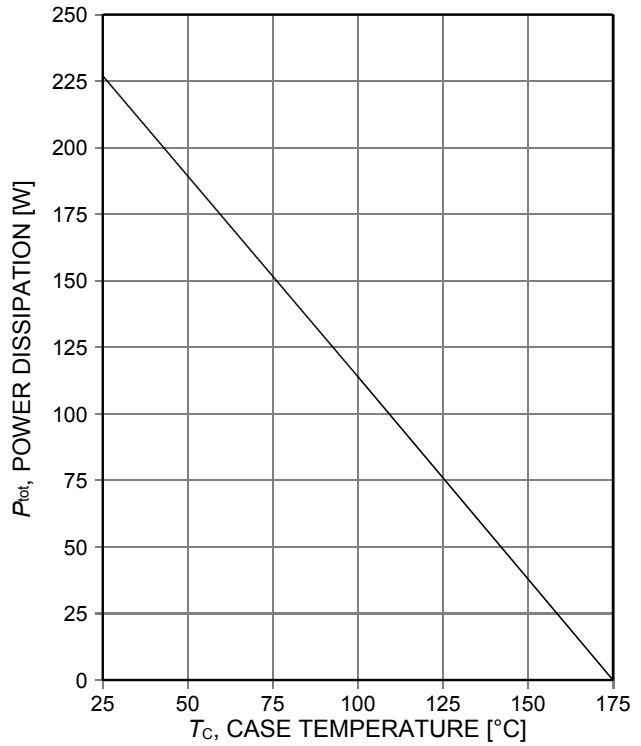


Figure 2. **Power dissipation as a function of case temperature**
 ($T_{vj}\leq 175^\circ\text{C}$)

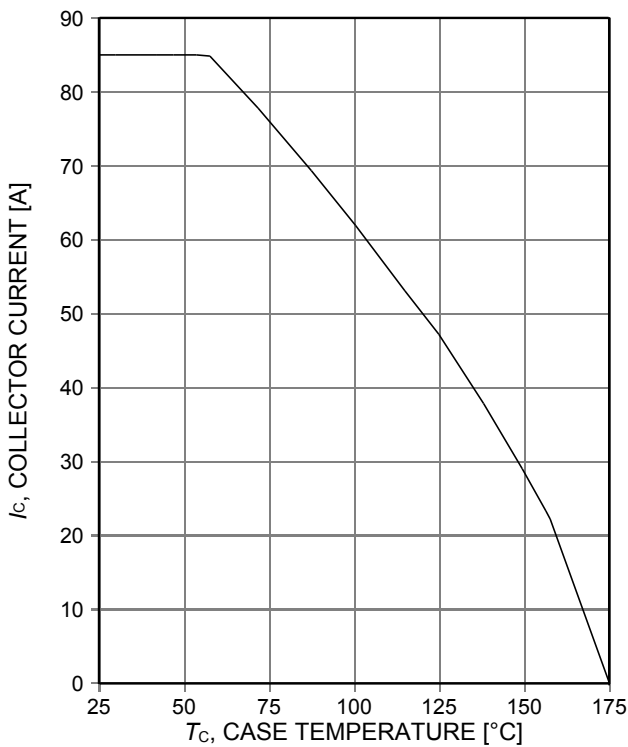


Figure 3. **Collector current as a function of case temperature**
 ($V_{GE}\geq 15\text{V}$, $T_{vj}\leq 175^\circ\text{C}$)

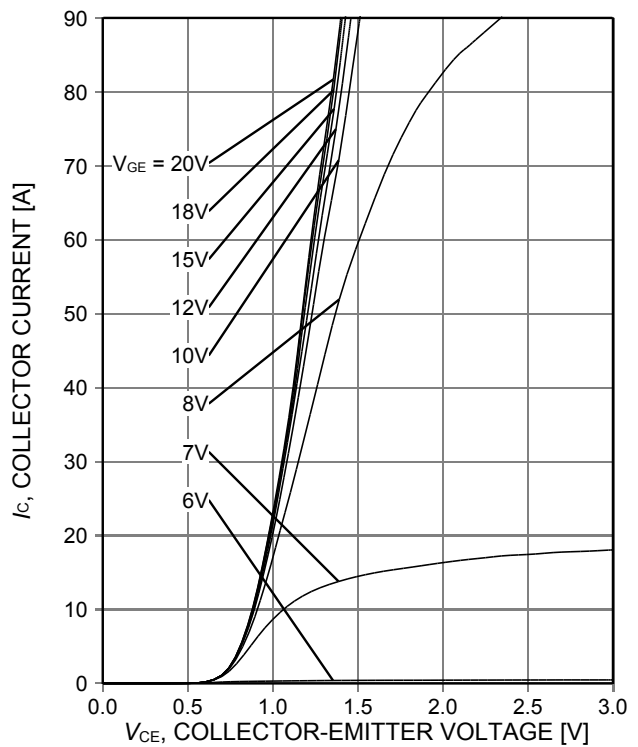


Figure 4. **Typical output characteristic**
 ($T_{vj}=25^\circ\text{C}$)

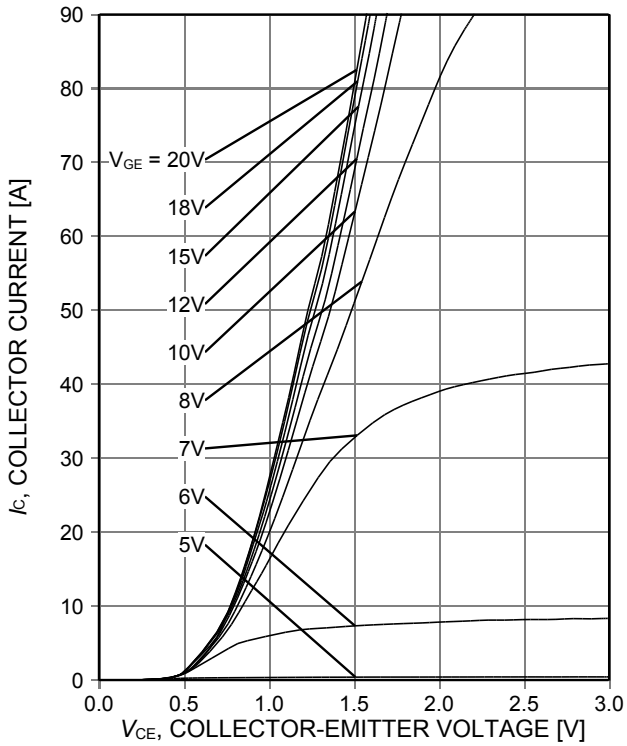


Figure 5. **Typical output characteristic**
($T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$)

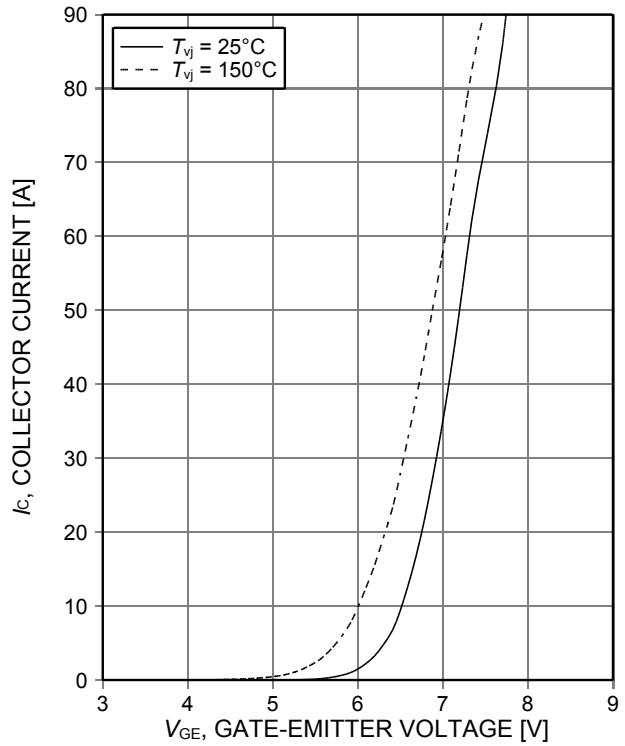


Figure 6. **Typical transfer characteristic**
($V_{CE}=20\text{V}$)

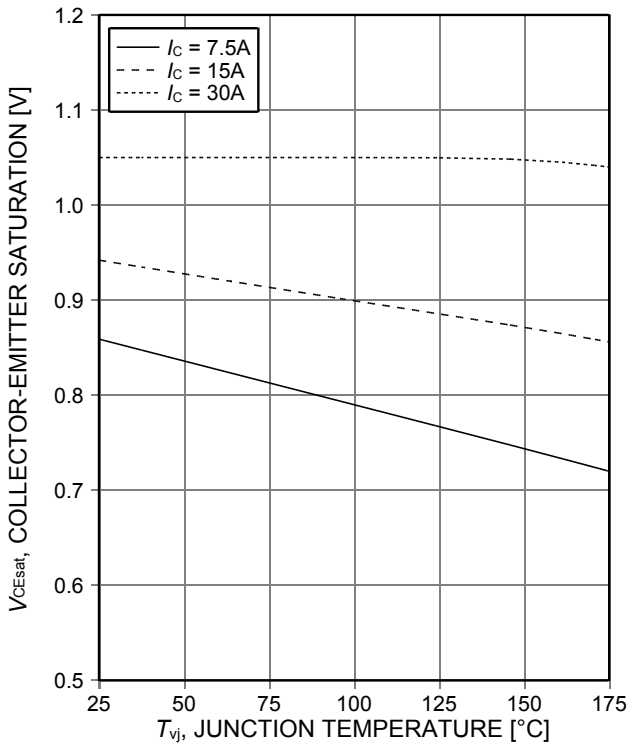


Figure 7. **Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature**
($V_{GE}=15\text{V}$)

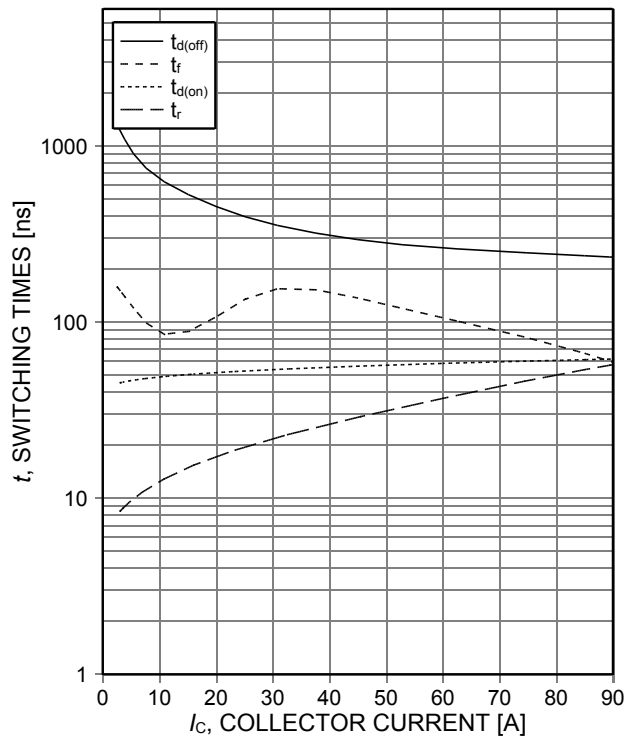


Figure 8. **Typical switching times as a function of collector current**
(inductive load, $T_{vj}=150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_{G(on)}=23\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=10\Omega$, dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

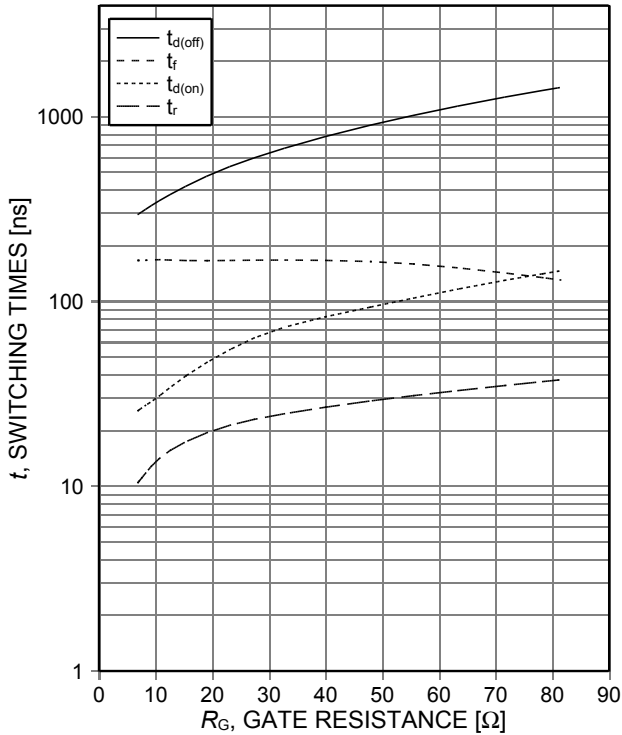


Figure 9. **Typical switching times as a function of gate resistance**
 (inductive load, $T_{vj}=150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

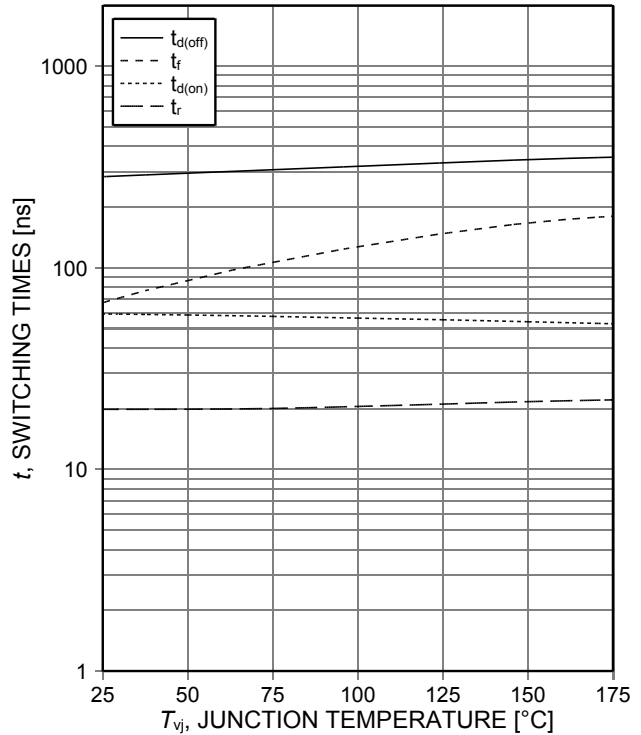


Figure 10. **Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature**
 (inductive load, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, $R_{G(on)}=23\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=10\Omega$, dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

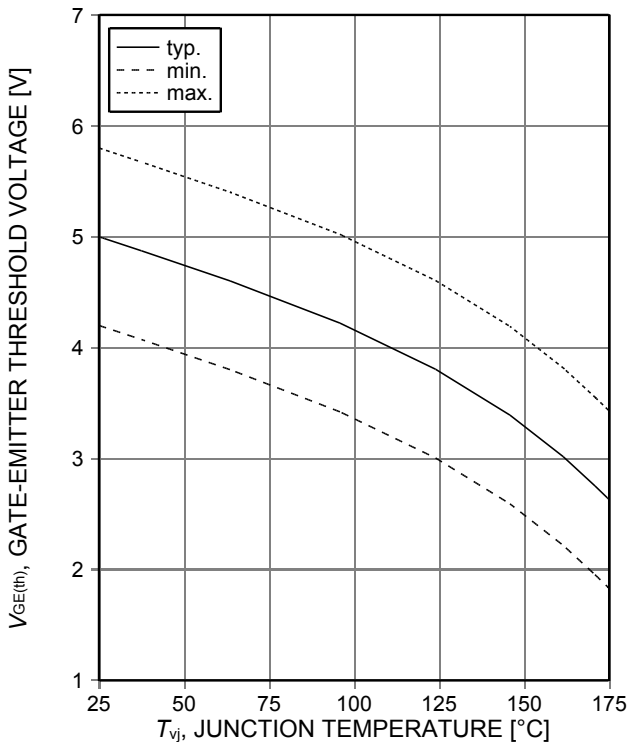


Figure 11. **Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature**
 ($I_C=0.4\text{mA}$)

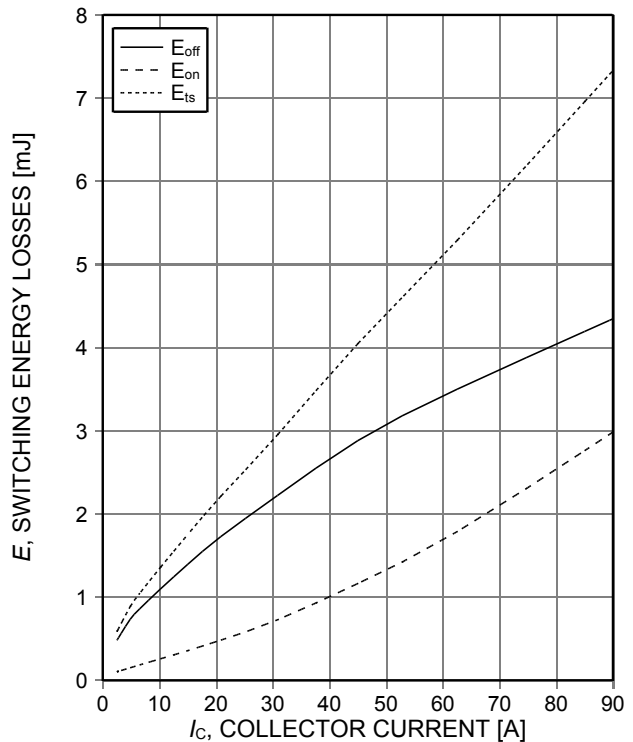


Figure 12. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current**
 (inductive load, $T_{vj}=150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_{G(on)}=23\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=10\Omega$, dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

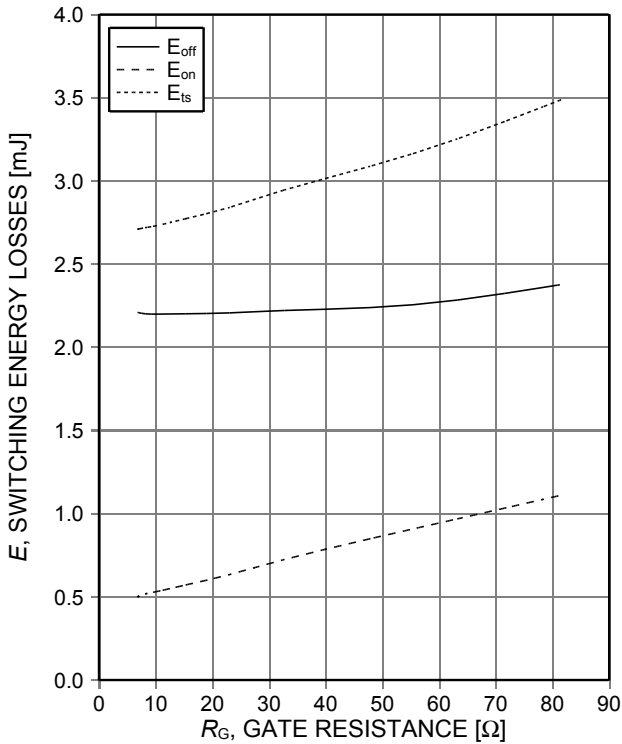


Figure 13. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistance**
(inductive load, $T_{vj}=150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

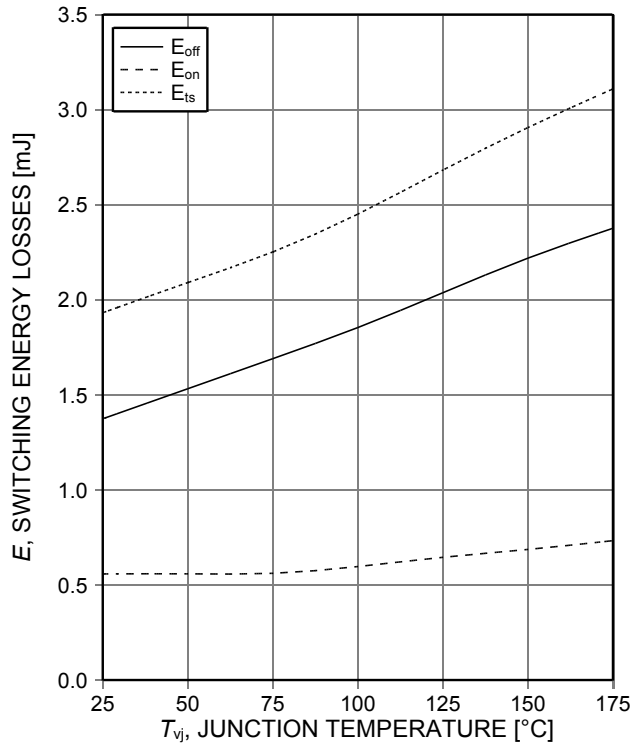


Figure 14. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature**
(inductive load, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, $R_{G(on)}=23\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=10\Omega$, dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

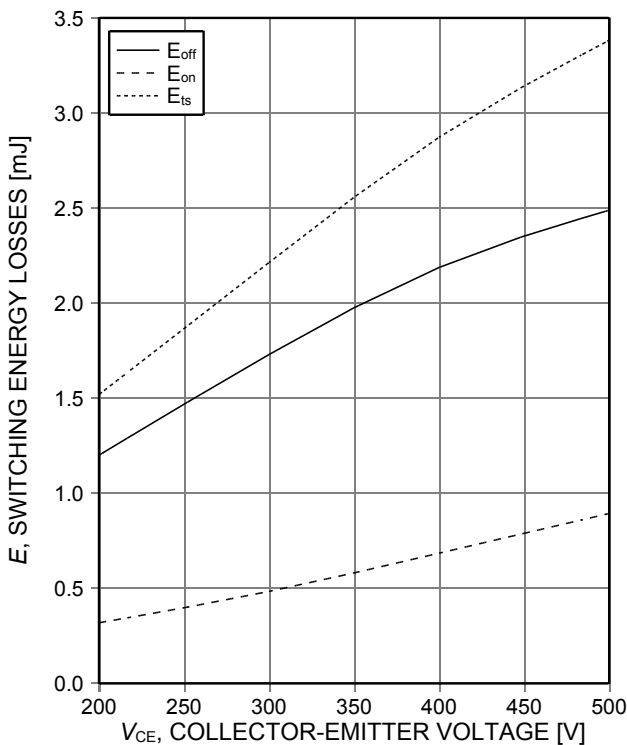


Figure 15. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector emitter voltage**
(inductive load, $T_{vj}=150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, $R_{G(on)}=23\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=10\Omega$, dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

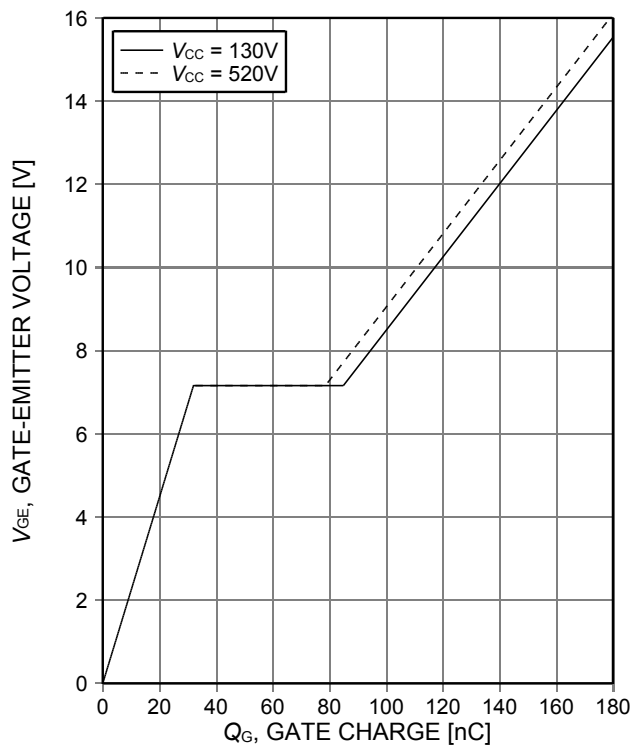


Figure 16. **Typical gate charge**
($I_C=30\text{A}$)

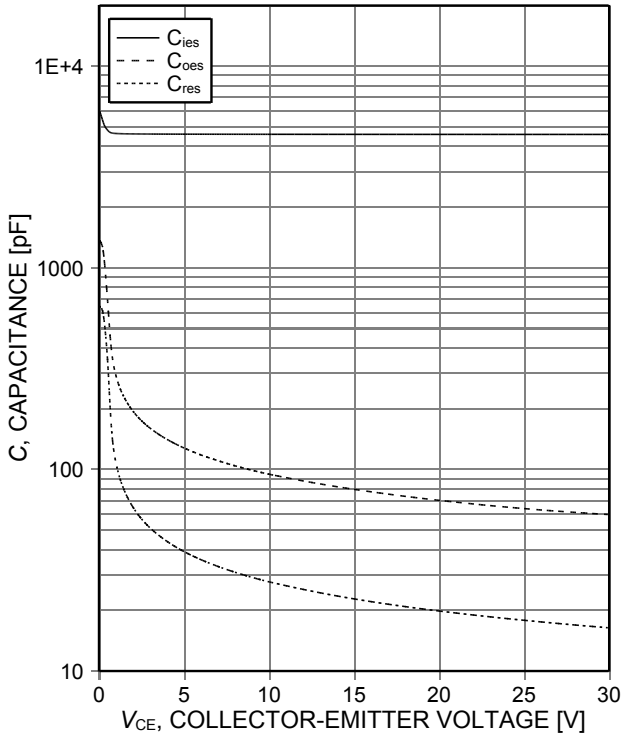


Figure 17. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage ($V_{GE}=0V, f=1MHz$)

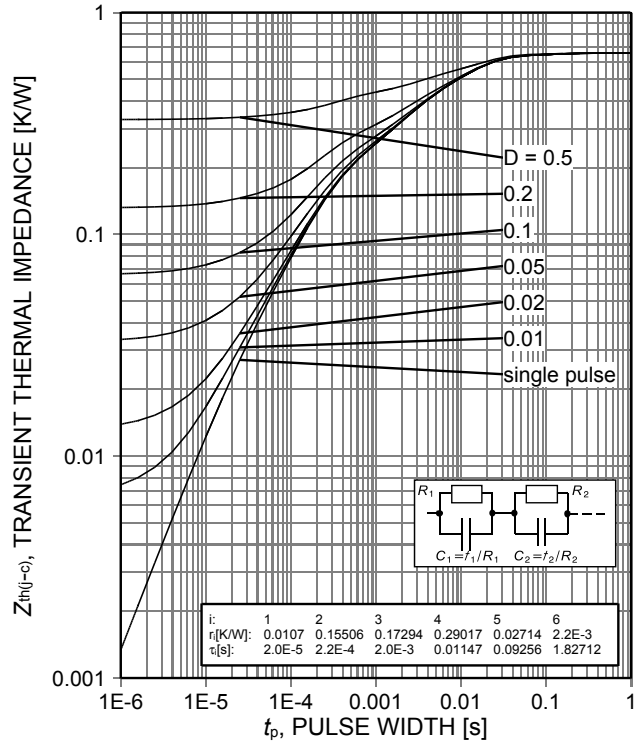


Figure 18. IGBT transient thermal impedance ($D=t_p/T$)

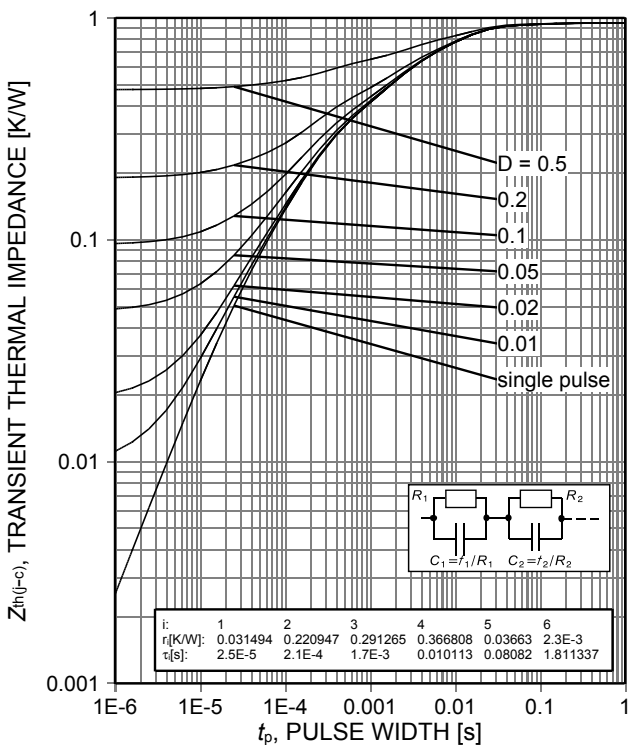


Figure 19. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width ($D=t_p/T$)

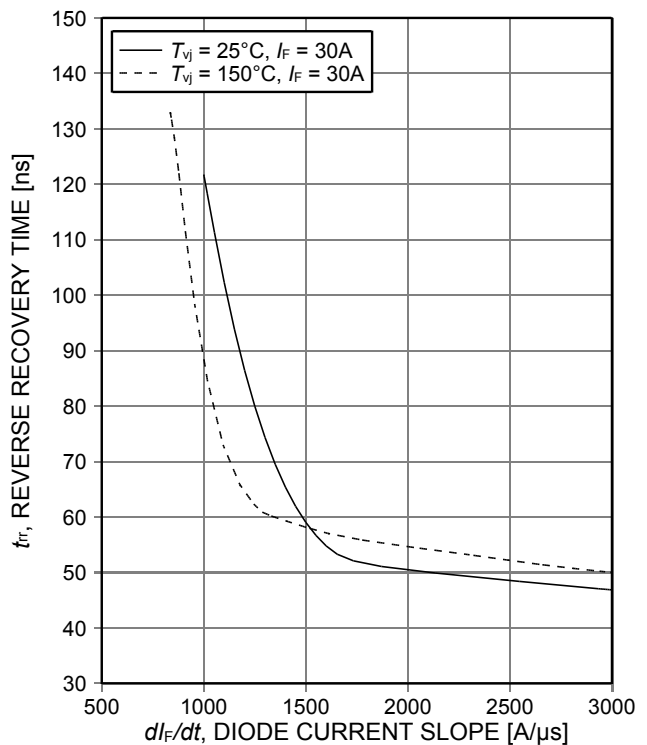


Figure 20. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope ($V_R=400V$)

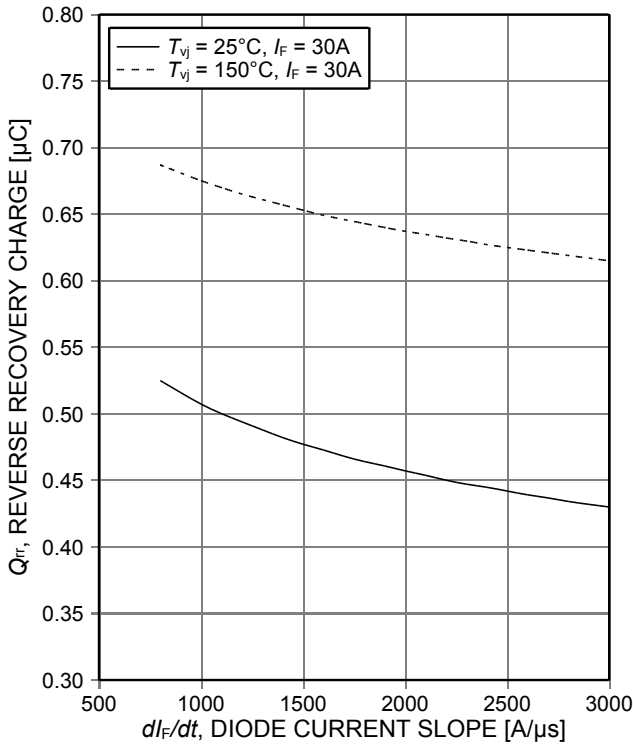


Figure 21. **Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope** ($V_R=400V$)

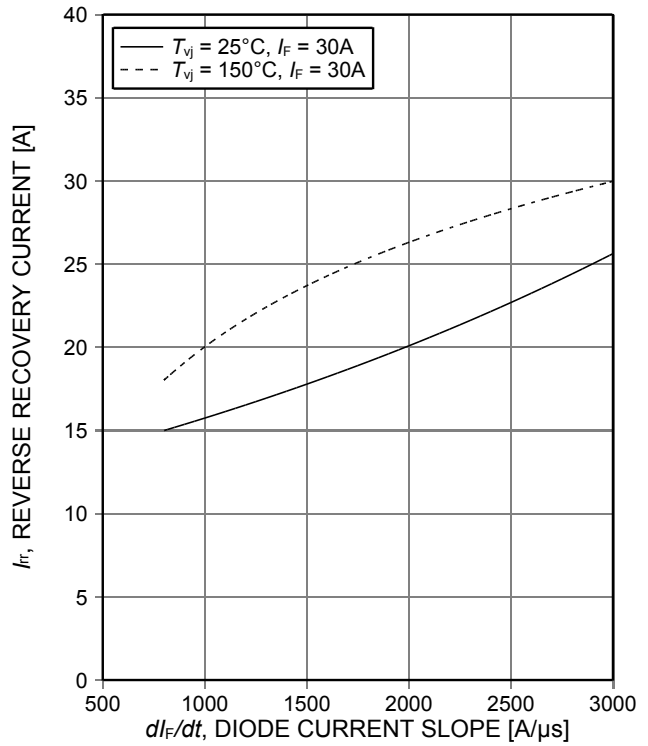


Figure 22. **Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope** ($V_R=400V$)

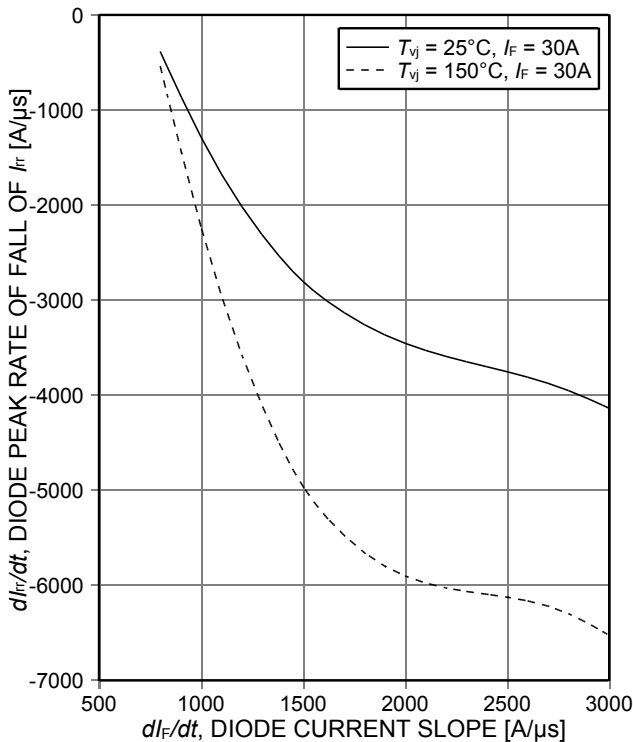


Figure 23. **Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope** ($V_R=400V$)

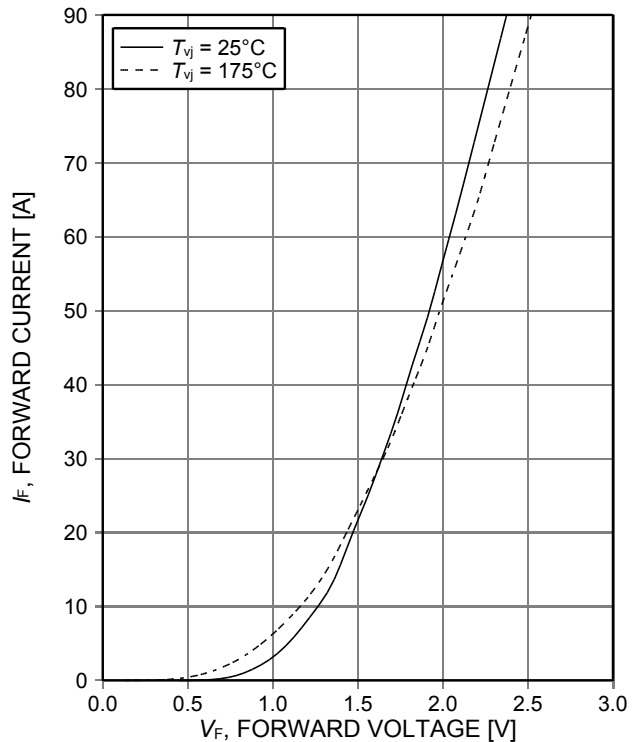


Figure 24. **Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage**

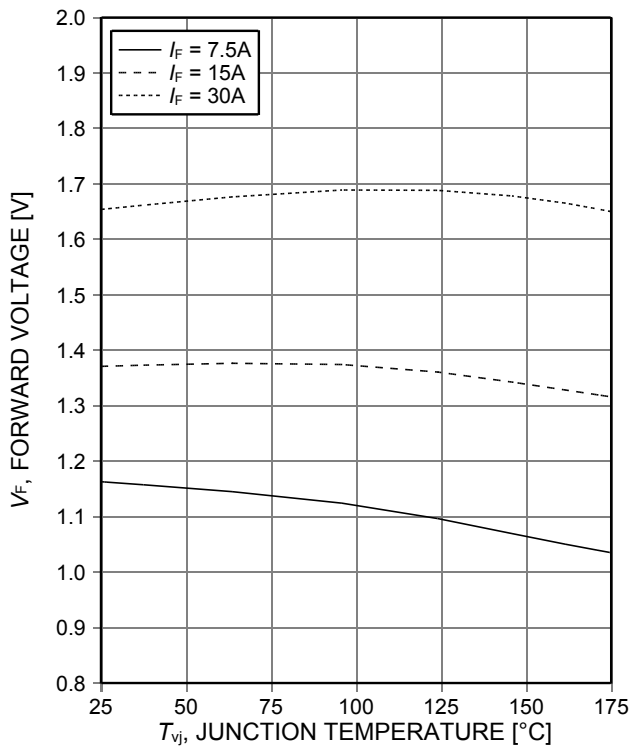
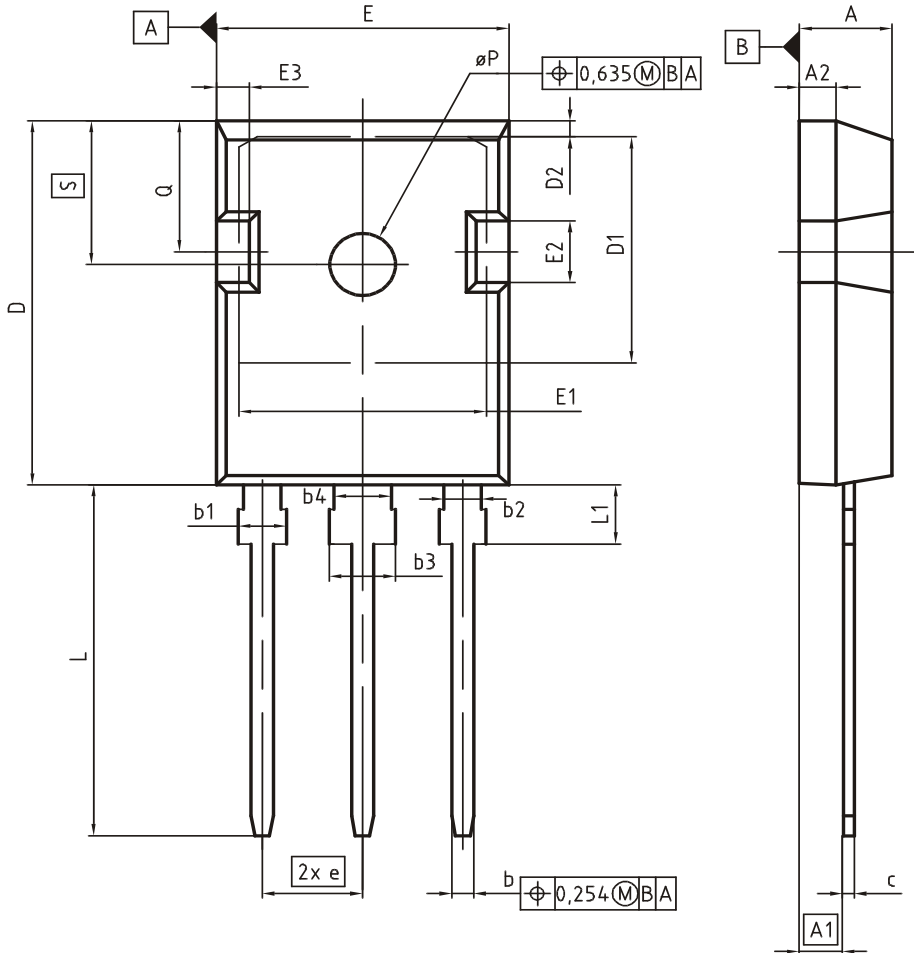


Figure 25. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

PG-TO247-3



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.83	5.21	0.190	0.205
A1	2.27	2.54	0.089	0.100
A2	1.85	2.16	0.073	0.085
b	1.07	1.33	0.042	0.052
b1	1.90	2.41	0.075	0.095
b2	1.90	2.16	0.075	0.085
b3	2.87	3.38	0.113	0.133
b4	2.87	3.13	0.113	0.123
c	0.55	0.68	0.022	0.027
D	20.80	21.10	0.819	0.831
D1	16.25	17.65	0.640	0.695
D2	0.95	1.35	0.037	0.053
E	15.70	16.13	0.618	0.635
E1	13.10	14.15	0.516	0.557
E2	3.68	5.10	0.145	0.201
E3	1.00	2.60	0.039	0.102
e	5.44 (BSC)		0.214 (BSC)	
N	3		3	
L	19.80	20.32	0.780	0.800
L1	4.10	4.47	0.161	0.176
ϕP	3.50	3.70	0.138	0.146
Q	5.49	6.00	0.216	0.236
S	6.04	6.30	0.238	0.248

DOCUMENT NO.
Z8B00003327

SCALE
0 5 5 7.5mm

EUROPEAN PROJECTION

ISSUE DATE
09-07-2010

REVISION
05

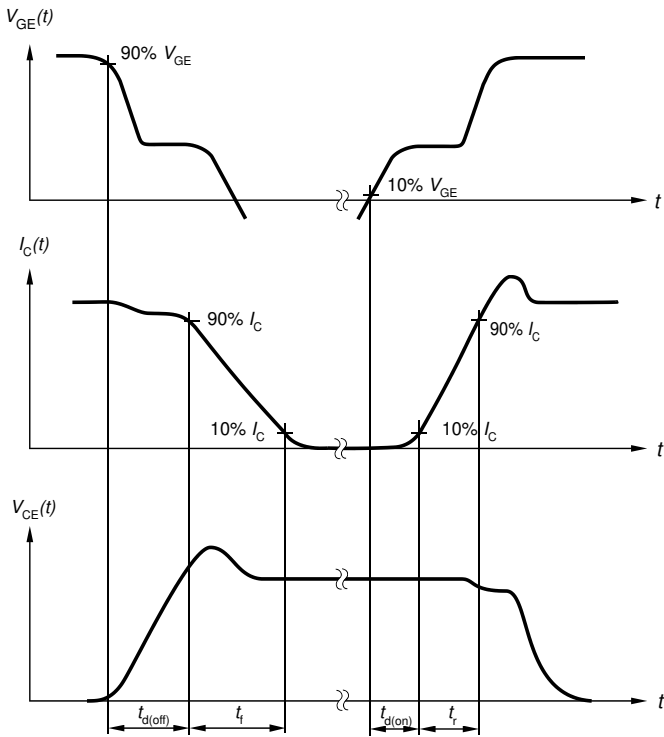


Figure A. Definition of switching times

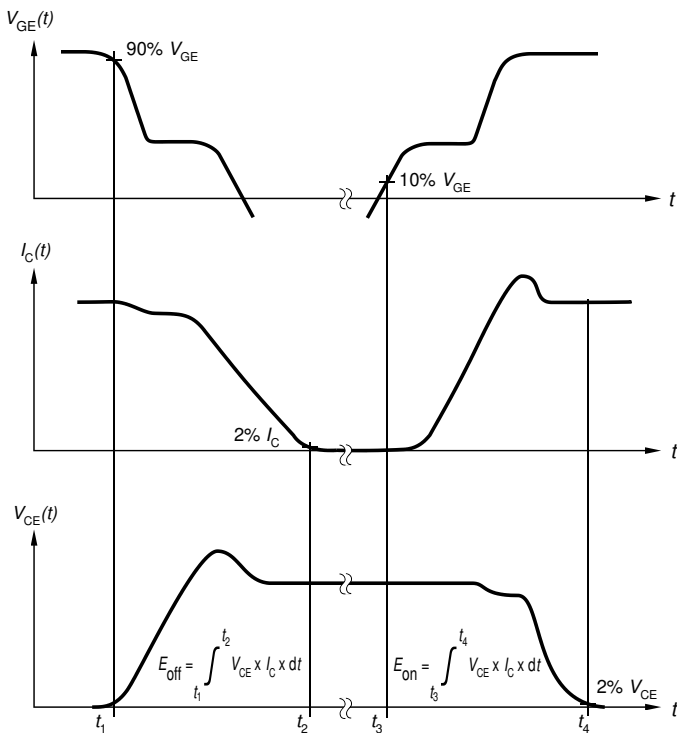


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

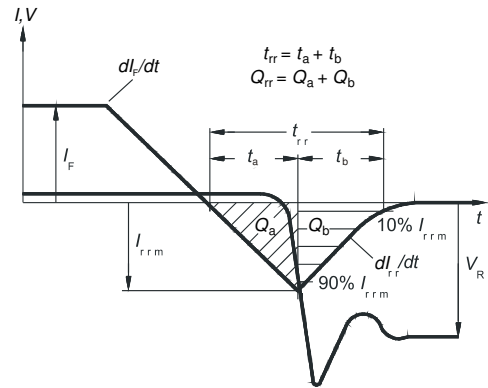


Figure C. Definition of diode switching characteristics

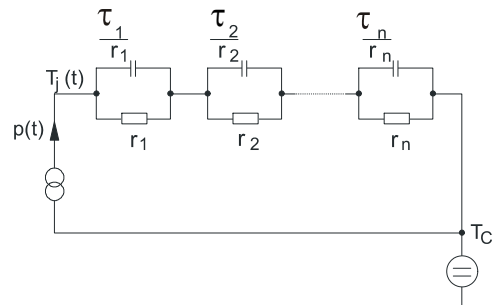


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

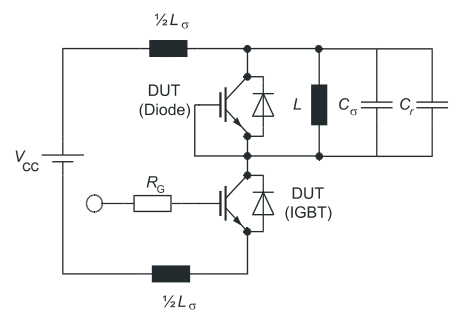


Figure E. **Dynamic test circuit**
Parasitic inductance L_{σ} ,
parasitic capacitor C_{σ} ,
relief capacitor C_r ,
(only for ZVT switching)

Revision History

IKW30N65NL5

Revision: 2014-12-10, Rev. 2.1

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.1	2014-12-10	Final data sheet

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