



EZ-USB AT2™ USB 2.0 To ATA/ATAPI Bridge

1.0 Features

- Complies with USB-IF specifications for USB 2.0, the USB Mass Storage Class, and the USB Mass Storage Class Bulk-Only Transport Specification
- Operates at high (480-Mbps) or full (12-Mbps) speed
- Complies with T13's ATA/ATAPI-6 Draft Specification
- Supports 48-bit addressing for large hard drives
- Supports PIO modes 0, 3, 4, and UDMA modes 2, 4
- Uses one external serial EEPROM containing the USB device serial number, vendor and product identification data, and device configuration data
- ATA interface IRQ signal support
- Support for a single ATA/ATAPI device configured either as master or slave
- "ATA-Enable" input signal, which three-states all signals on the ATA interface in order to allow sharing of the bus with another controller (e.g., an IEEE-1394 to ATA bridge chip)

- Support for board-level manufacturing test via USB interface
- 3.3V operation for self-powered devices
- 56-pin SSOP and 56-pin QFN packages.

2.0 Introduction

The CY7C68300A implements a fixed-function bridge between one USB port and one ATA- or ATAPI-based mass storage device port. This bridge adheres to the *Mass Storage Class Bulk-Only Transport Specification* and is intended for self-powered devices.

The USB port of the CY7C68300A is connected to a host computer directly or via the downstream port of a USB hub. Host software issues commands and data to the CY7C68300A and receives status and data from the CY7C68300A using standard USB protocol.

The ATA/ATAPI port of the CY7C68300A is connected to a mass storage device. A 4-Kbyte buffer maximizes ATA/ATAPI

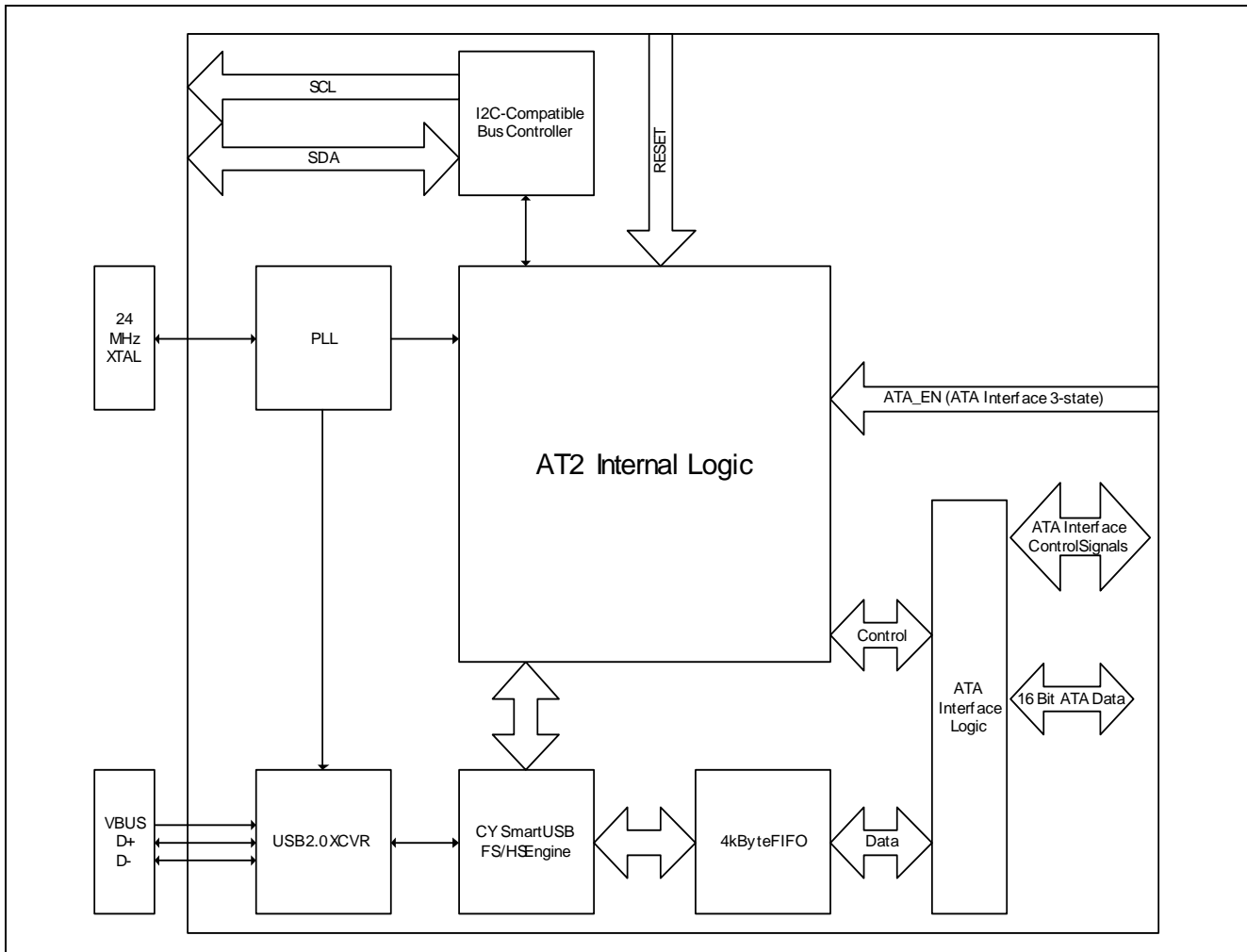


Figure 2-1. Block Diagram

data transfer rates by minimizing losses due to device seek times. The ATA interface supports ATA PIO modes 0, 3, and 4, and Ultra DMA modes 2 and 4.

The device initialization process is configurable, enabling the CY7C68300A to initialize ATA/ATAPI devices without software intervention.

3.0 Pin Assignments

3.1 Pin Diagram

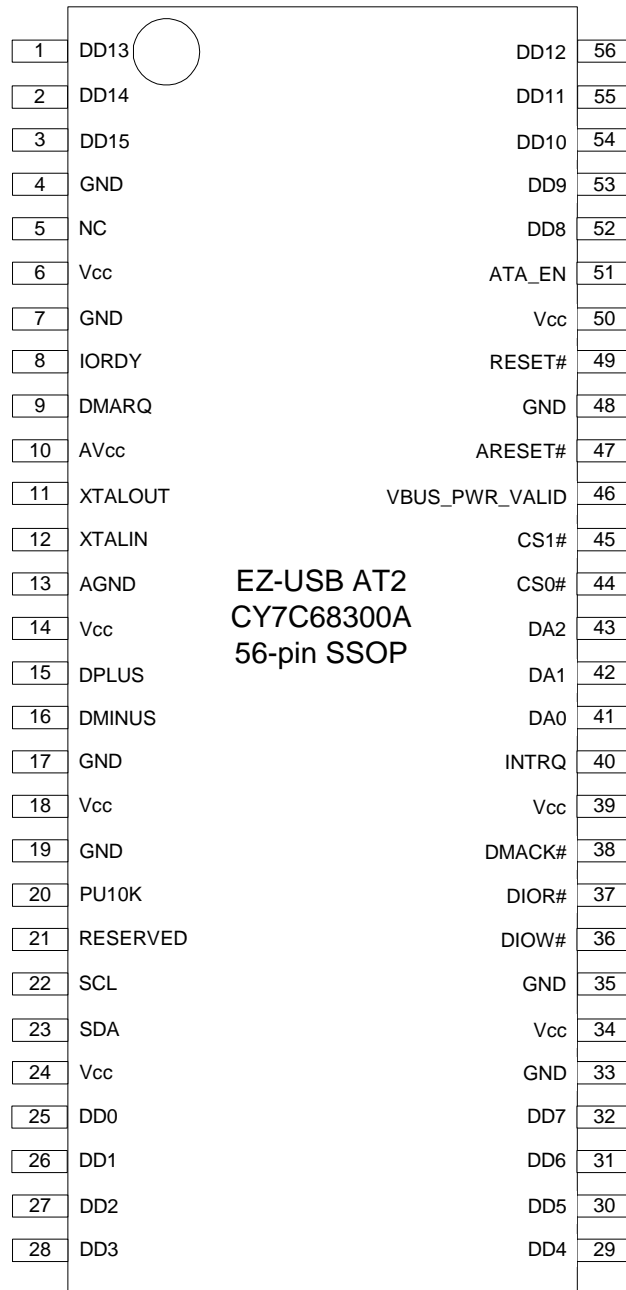
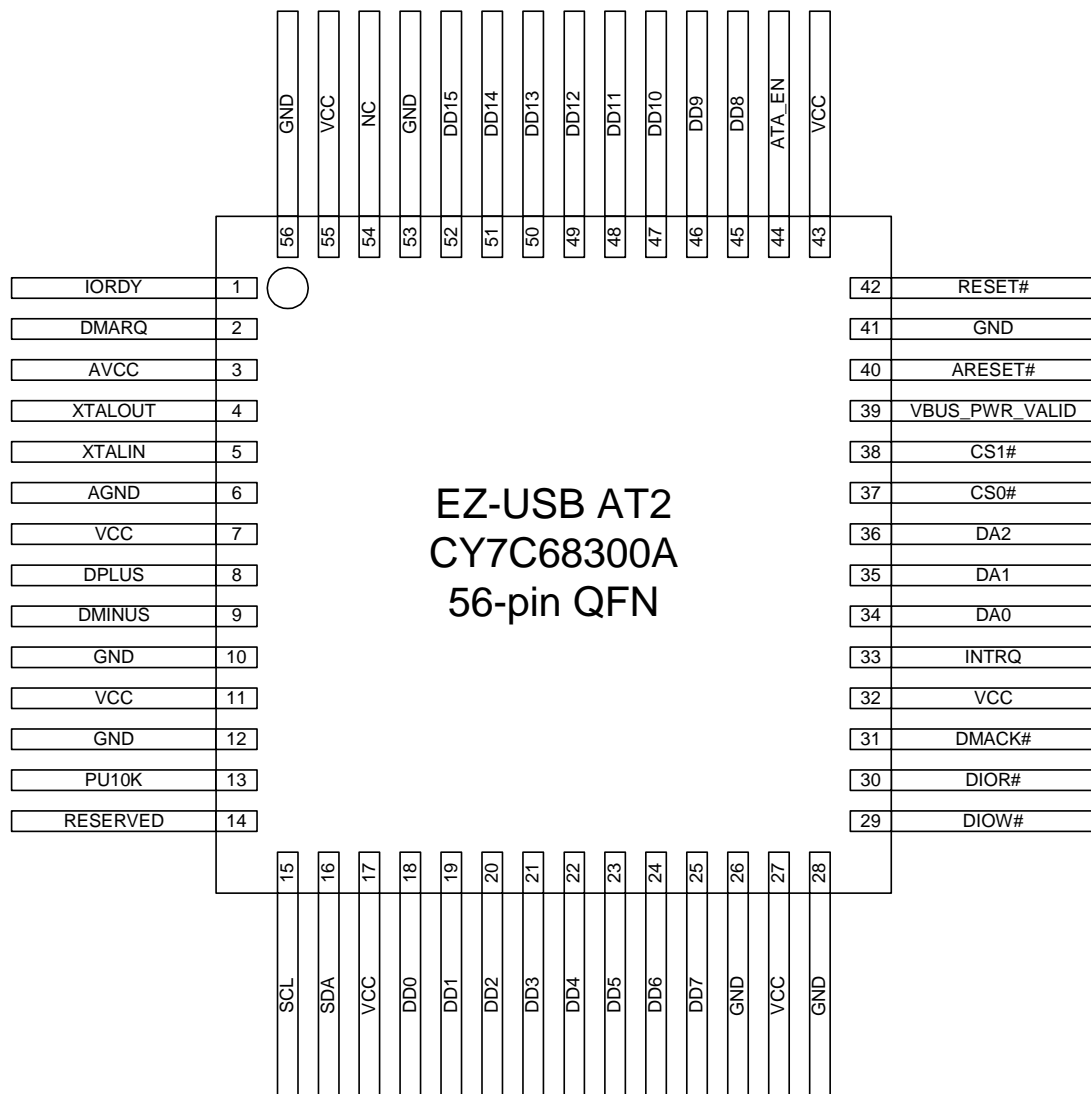


Figure 3-1. 56-pin SSOP


Figure 3-2. 56-pin QFN
Pin Descriptions

SSOP Pin	QFN Pin	Pin Name	Pin Type	Default State at Start-up	Pin Description
1	50	DD13	I/O ^[1]	Hi-Z	ATA Data bit 13.
2	51	DD14	I/O ^[1]	Hi-Z	ATA Data bit 14.
3	52	DD15	I/O ^[1]	Hi-Z	ATA Data bit 15.
4	53	GND	GND		Ground.
5	54	NC		Hi-Z	Reserved. This pin should remain a no-connect.
6	55	V _{CC}	PWR		V_{CC}. Connect to 3.3V power source.
7	56	GND	GND		Ground.
8	1	IORDY	I ^[1]	I	ATA Control.
9	2	DMARQ	I ^[1]	I	ATA Control.
10	3	AV _{CC}	PWR		Analog V_{CC}. Connect the V _{CC} through the shortest path possible.

Note:

- ATA interface pins are not active when ATA_EN is not asserted.

Pin Descriptions (continued)

SSOP Pin	QFN Pin	Pin Name	Pin Type	Default State at Start-up	Pin Description
11	4	XTALOUT	Xtal	Xtal	24-MHz Crystal Output (see section 3.2.3).
12	5	XTALIN	Xtal	Xtal	24-MHz Crystal Input (see section 3.2.3).
13	6	AGND	GND		Analog Ground. Connect to ground with as short a path as possible.
14	7	V _{CC}	PWR		V_{CC}. Connect to 3.3V power source.
15	8	DPLUS	I/O	Pulled high when Reset is active. When Reset is released, the pull-up is controlled by pin 46(SSOP)/39(QFN). When VBUS_PWR_VALID is high, the line is pulled up. VBUS_PWR_VALID is pulled at start-up and then every 20 ms.	USB D+ Signal (see section 3.2.1).
16	9	DMINUS	I/O	Hi-Z	USB D- Signal (see section 3.2.1).
17	10	GND	GND		Ground.
18	11	V _{CC}	PWR		V_{CC}. Connect to 3.3V power source.
19	12	GND	GND		Ground.
20	13	PU10K		Hi-Z	Tied to 10k ± 5% pull-up resistor.
21	14	RESERVE D			Reserved. Tie to GND.
22	15	SCL	O	SCL/SDA will be active for several ms at start-up. Then driven high.	Clock signal for I²C-compatible interface (see section 3.2.2).
23	16	SDA	I/O		Data signal for I²C-compatible interface (see section 3.2.2).
24	17	V _{CC}	PWR		V_{CC}. Connect to 3.3V power source.
25	18	DD0	I/O	Hi-Z	ATA Data bit 0.
26	19	DD1	I/O	Hi-Z	ATA Data bit 1.
27	20	DD2	I/O	Hi-Z	ATA Data bit 2.
28	21	DD3	I/O	Hi-Z	ATA Data bit 3.
29	22	DD4	I/O	Hi-Z	ATA Data bit 4.
30	23	DD5	I/O	Hi-Z	ATA Data bit 5.
31	24	DD6	I/O	Hi-Z	ATA Data bit 6.
32	25	DD7	I/O	Hi-Z	ATA Data bit 7.
33	26	GND	GND		Ground.
34	27	V _{CC}	PWR		V_{CC}. Connect to 3.3V power source.
35	28	GND	GND		Ground.
36	29	DIOW# ^[2]	O/Z ^[1]	Driven high (CMOS)	ATA Control.
37	30	DIOR#	O/Z ^[1]	Driven high (CMOS)	ATA Control.
38	31	DMACK#	O/Z ^[1]	Driven high (CMOS)	ATA Control.
39	32	V _{CC}	PWR		V_{CC}. Connect to 3.3V power source.
40	33	INTRQ	I ^[1]	Input	IDE ATA Interrupt request.
41	34	DA0	O/Z ^[1]	Driven high after 2 ms delay	ATA Address.
42	35	DA1	O/Z ^[1]	Driven high after 2 ms delay	ATA Address.
43	36	DA2	O/Z ^[1]	Driven high after 2 ms delay	ATA Address.
44	37	CS0#	O/Z ^[1]	Driven high after 2 ms delay	ATA Chip Select.
45	38	CS1#	O/Z ^[1]	Driven high after 2 ms delay	ATA Chip Select.

Pin Descriptions (continued)

SSOP Pin	QFN Pin	Pin Name	Pin Type	Default State at Start-up	Pin Description
46	39	VBUS_PW R_VALID	I	Input	VBUS detection. Indicates to the CY7C68300A that VBUS power is present.
47	40	ARESET#	O/Z ^[1]		ATA Reset.
48	41	GND	GND		Ground.
49	42	RESET#	I		Active LOW Reset. Resets the entire chip. This pin is normally tied to VCC through a 100K resistor, and to GND through a 0.1- μ F capacitor, supplying a 10-ms reset.
50	43	V _{CC}	PWR		V_{CC}. Connect to 3.3V power source.
51	44	ATA_EN	I	Input – If CY7C68300A is not in mfg mode, polled every 20 ms after start-up. If LOW, SSOP pins 36–38, 41–45 and 47 or QFN pins 29–31, 34–38 and 40 are three-stated.	Active HIGH. ATA interface enable. Allows ATA bus sharing with other host devices. Setting ATA_EN=1 enables the ATA interface for normal operation. Disabling ATA_EN three-states (High-Z) the ATA interface and halts the ATA interface state machine logic.
52	45	DD8	I/O ^[1]	Hi-Z	ATA Data bit 8.
53	46	DD9	I/O ^[1]	Hi-Z	ATA Data bit 9.
54	47	DD10	I/O ^[1]	Hi-Z	ATA Data bit 10.
55	48	DD11	I/O ^[1]	Hi-Z	ATA Data bit 11.
56	49	DD12	I/O ^[1]	Hi-Z	ATA Data bit 12.

3.2 Additional Pin Descriptions

3.2.1 DPLUS, DMINUS

DPLUS and DMINUS are the USB signaling pins, and they should be tied to the D+ and D– pins of the USB connector. Because they operate at high frequencies, the USB signals require special consideration when designing the layout of the PCB.

3.2.2 SCL, SDA

The clock and data pins for the I²C-compatible port should be connected to your configuration EEPROM and to V_{CC} through 2.2k resistors.

3.2.3 XTALIN, XTALOUT

The CY7C68300A requires a 24-MHz signal to derive internal timing. Typically a 24-MHz parallel-resonant fundamental mode crystal is used, but a 24-MHz square wave from another source can also be used. If a crystal is used, connect the pins to XTALIN and XTALOUT, and also through 20-pF capacitors to GND. If an alternate clock source is used, apply it to XTALIN and leave XTALOUT open.

3.2.4 ATA_EN

ATA_EN allows bus sharing with other host devices. Setting ATA_EN = 1 enables the ATA interface for normal operation. Setting ATA_EN = 0 disables (High-Z) the ATA interface pins and removes the CY7C68300A from the USB. Because the CY7C68300A supports a true low-power USB suspend state, new functionality was added to ensure that transitions of the

Note:

1. A # sign after the signal name indicates that it is an active LOW signal.

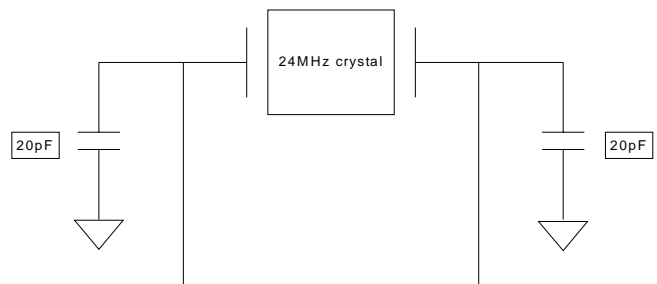


Figure 3-3. XTALIN, XTALOUT Diagram

ATA_EN signal could be detected properly under all circumstances. The CY7C68300A will behave in the following manner:

- If ATA_EN transitions to '0' during normal operation, the CY7C68300A will disconnect from the USB and drop to a low-power mode.
- If ATA_EN transitions to '1' when in low-power mode and no other condition is causing the low-power state, the CY7C68300A will return to a post-reset state and reconnect to the USB.
- If the CY7C68300A is already in suspend and ATA_EN transitions to '0', the CY7C68300A will resume only long enough to stop driving the ATA interface (High-Z) and drop back to low-power again.
- If the CY7C68300A is already in suspend and ATA_EN transitions to '1', the CY7C68300A will resume only long enough to start driving the ATA interface and drop to low-power again.

The ATA_EN pin is sampled at a rate of 50 times per second by the CY7C68300A internal logic. This pin should be set to a HIGH at start-up. Note that disabling the ATA bus with the ATA_EN pin during the middle of a data transfer will result in data loss and can cause the operating system on the Host computer to crash.

3.2.5 ATA Interface Pins

If a cable is used to connect the CY7C68300A to a UDMA device, the cable must be an 80-pin cable as shown in the ATA-6 spec, Annex A.

3.2.6 VBUS_PWR_VALID

VBUS_PWR_VALID indicates to the CY7C68300A that power is present on VBUS. This pin is polled by the CY7C68300A at start-up and then every 20ms thereafter. If this pin is '1', the 1.5K pull-up is attached to D+. If this pin is '0', the CY7C68300A will release the pullup on D+ as required by the USB specification.

3.2.7 RESET#

Asserting RESET# for 10 ms will reset the entire chip. This pin is normally tied to V_{CC} through a 100k resistor, and to GND through a 0.1-μF capacitor.

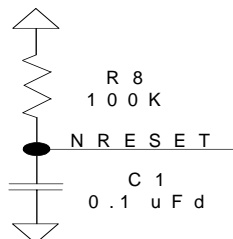


Figure 3-4. Typical Reset Circuit

4.0 Applications

The CY7C68300A is a high-speed USB 2.0 peripheral device that connects a single ATA or ATAPI storage device to a USB host using the USB *Mass Storage Class* protocol.

4.1 Additional Resources

- CY4615 EZ-USB AT2 Reference Design Kit
- USB Specification version 2.0
- ATA Specification T13/1410D Rev 3B
- USB *Mass Storage Class Bulk Only Transport Specification*, http://www.usb.org/developers/data/devclass/usbmassbulk_10.pdf.

5.0 Functional Overview

5.1 USB Signaling Speed

CY7C68300A operates at two of the three rates defined in the USB Specification Revision 2.0 dated April 27, 2000:

- Full speed, with a signaling bit rate of 12 Mbits/sec

- High speed, with a signaling bit rate of 480 Mbits/sec.

CY7C68300A does not support the low-speed signaling rate of 1.5 Mbits/sec.

5.2 ATA Interface

The ATA/ATAPI port on the CY7C68300A is compliant with the Information Technology AT Attachment with Packet Interface 6 (ATA/ATAPI-6) Specification, T13/1410D Rev 3B. The CY7C68300A supports ATAPI packet commands over USB. Additionally, the CY7C68300A translates ATAPI SFF-8070i commands to ATA commands for seamless integration of ATA devices with generic *Mass Storage Class Bulk Only Transport* drivers.

6.0 Enumeration

During the power-up sequence, internal logic checks the I²C-compatible port for an EEPROM whose first two bytes are both 0x4D. If a valid signature is found, the CY7C68300A uses the values stored in the EEPROM to configure the USB descriptors for normal operation. If an invalid EEPROM signature is read, or if no EEPROM is detected, the CY7C68300A defaults into Board Manufacturing Test Mode. The two modes of operation are described in subsections 6.1 and 6.2, below.

6.1 Board Manufacturing Test Mode

In Board Manufacturing Test Mode, the chip behaves as a USB 2.0 device but the ATA/ATAPI interface is not active. The CY7C68300A allows for reading and writing an EEPROM and for board level testing through vendor specific ATAPI commands utilizing the CBW Command Block as described in the USB *Mass Storage Class Bulk-Only Transport Specification*. There is a vendor-specific ATAPI command for the EEPROM access (CfgCB) and one for the board level testing (MfgCB).

6.1.1 CfgCB

The `cfg_load` and `cfg_read` vendor-specific commands are passed down through the bulk pipe in the CBWCB portion of the CBW. The format of this CfgCB is shown below. Byte 0 will be a vendor-specific command designator whose value is configurable and set in the configuration data (EEPROM address 0x04). Byte 1 must be set to 0x26 to identify CfgCB. Byte 2 is reserved and must be set to zero. Byte 3 is used to determine the memory source to write/read. For the CY7C68300A, this byte must be set to 0x02, meaning the EEPROM. Bytes 4 and 5 will be used to determine the start address. For the CY7C68300A, this must always be 0x0000. Bytes 6 through 15 are reserved and should be set to zero.

The data transferred to the EEPROM must be in the format specified in *Table 6-6* of this data sheet. Maximum data transfer size is 255 bytes.

The data transfer length is determined by the CBW Data Transfer Length specified in bytes 8 through 11 (`dCBWDataTransferLength`) of the CBW. The type/direction of the command will be determined by the direction bit specified in byte 12, bit 7 (`bmCBWFlags`) of the CBW.

Table 6-1. Command Block Wrapper

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0–3	DCBWSignature							
4–7	dCBWTag							
8–11 (08h-0Bh)	dCBWDataTransferLength							
12 (0Ch)	bwCBWFLAGS							
	Dir	Obsolete	Reserved (0)					
13 (0Dh)	Reserved (0)				bCBWLUN			
14 (0Eh)	Reserved (0)			bCBWCBLength				
15–30 (0Fh1Eh)	CBWCB (CfgCB or MfgCB)							

Table 6-2. Example CfgCB

CfgCB Byte Descriptions	Bits							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 bVSCBSignature (set in configuration bytes)	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
1 bVSCBSubCommand (must be 0x26)	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
2 Reserved (must be set to zero)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3 Data Source (must be set to 0x02)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
4 Start Address (LSB) (must be set to zero)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 Start Address (MSB) (must be set to zero)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6–15 Reserved (must be set to zero)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

6.1.2 MfgCB

The `mfg_load` and `mfg_read` vendor-specific commands will be passed down through the bulk pipe in the CBWCB portion of the CBW. The format of this MFGCB is shown below. Byte 0 is a vendor-specific command designator whose value is configurable and set in the configuration data. Byte 1 must be

0x27 to identify MfgCB. Byte 2–15 are reserved and must be set to zero.

The data transfer length will be determined by the CBW Data Transfer Length specified in bytes 8 through 11 (`dCBWDataTransferLength`) of the CBW. The type/direction of the command is determined by the direction bit specified in byte 12, bit 7 (`bmCBWFlags`) of the CBW.

Table 6-3. Example MfgCB

MfgCB Byte Description	Bits							
0 bVSCBSignature (set in configuration bytes)	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
1 bVSCBSubCommand (hardcoded 0x27)	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1
2–15 Reserved (must be zero)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

6.1.2.1 Mfg_load

During a `mfg_load`, the CY7C68300A goes into Manufacturing Test Mode. Manufacturing Test Mode is provided as a means to implement board or system level interconnect tests. During Manufacturing Test Mode operation, all outputs not directly associated with USB operation are controllable. Normal control of the output pins are disabled. Control of the select

CY7C68300A IO pins and their three-state controls are mapped to the ATAPI data packet associated with this request. (See the following table for explanation of the required `mfg_load` data format.) This requires a write of seven bytes. To exit Manufacturing Test Mode, a hard reset (`#RESET`) is required.

Table 6-4. Mfg_load Data Format

Byte	Bit(s)	Test/Three-state Control Function
0	0	Reserved
0	3:1	DA[2:0]
0	5:4	CS#[1:0]
0	6	Reserved
0	7	ARESET#
1	0	NDIOW
1	1	NDIOR
1	2	NDMACK
1	3:6	Reserved
1	7	DD[15:0] Three-state (0 = three-state DD pins, 1 = enable DD pins).
2	7:0	DD[7:0]
3	7:0	DD[15:8]
4	7:0	Reserved
5	7:0	Reserved
6	7:0	Reserved

6.1.2.2 Mfg_read

This USB request returns a “snapshot in time” of select CY7C68300A input pins. The input pin states are bit-wise mapped to the ATAPI data associated with this request. CY7C68300A input pins not directly associated with USB

operation can be sampled at any time during Manufacturing Test Mode operation. See the following table for an explanation of the mfg_read data format. The data length shall always be eight bytes.

Table 6-5. Mfg_read Data Format

Byte	Bit(s)	Test/Three-state Control Function
0	0	INTRQ
0	5:1	Reserved. This data should be ignored.
0	6	VBUS_PWR_VALID
0	7	ARESET# (output value only)
1	2:0	Reserved. This data should be ignored.
1	3	IORDY
1	4	DMARQ
1	5	ATA_EN
1	6	Reserved. This data should be ignored.
1	7	DD[15:0] Three-state
2	7:0	DD[7:0]
3	7:0	DD[15:8]
4	7:0	Reserved. This data should be ignored.
5	7:0	Reserved. This data should be ignored.
6	7:0	Reserved. This data should be ignored.
7	7:0	Reserved. This data should be ignored.

6.2 Normal Operation Mode

In Normal Operation Mode, the chip behaves as a USB 2.0 to ATA/ATAPI bridge. This includes all typical USB device states (powered, configured, etc.). The USB descriptors are returned according to the values stored in the external EEPROM. An

external EEPROM is required for Mass Storage Class Bulk-Only Transport compliance, since a unique serial number is required for each device. Also, Cypress requires customers to use their own Vendor and Product IDs for final products.

6.3 EEPROM Organization

The contents of the 256-byte (2048-bit) two-wire serial EEPROM are arranged as follows. The column labeled "Required Contents" contains the values that must be used for proper operation of the CY7C68300A. The column labeled "Suggested Contents" contains suggested values for the bytes that are defined by the manufacturer. Some values, such as

the Vendor ID and device and device serial number, must be customized to meet USB compliance. See section 6.1 for details on how to use vendor-specific ATAPI commands to read and program the EEPROM. The serial EEPROM must be hard-wired to address 0x04. This means that A0 and A1 of the serial EEPROM must be tied to ground and that A2 must be tied to 3.3V.

Table 6-6. EEPROM Organization

EEPROM Address	Field Name	Field Description	Required Contents	Suggested Contents
Configuration				
0x00	I ² C-compatible memory device signature (LSB)	LSB I ² C-compatible memory device signature byte.	0x4D	
0x01	I ² C-compatible memory device signature (MSB)	MSB I ² C-compatible memory device signature byte.	0x4D	
0x02	APM Value	ATA Device Automatic Power Management Value. If an attached ATA device supports APM and this field contains other than 0x00, the CY7C68300A will issue a SET_FEATURES command to Enable APM with this value during the drive initialization process. Setting APM Value to 0x00 disables this functionality. This value is ignored with ATAPI devices.		0x00
0x03	ATA Initialization Timeout	Time in 128-ms granularity before the CY7C68300A stops polling the ALT STAT register for reset complete and restarts the reset process (0x80 = 16.4 seconds).		0x80
0x04	ATA Command Designator	Value in the first byte of the CBW CB field that designates that the CB is to be decoded as vendor specific ATA commands instead of the ATAPI command block. See section 5.0 for more detail on how this byte is used.		0x24
0x05	Reserved BUSY Bit Delay Short Packet Before Stall SRST Enable Skip Pin Reset	Bits(7:4) Set to 0 Bit (3) Enables a delay of up to 120 ms at each read of the DRQ bit where the device data length does not match the host data length. This allows the CY7C68300A to work with most devices that incorrectly clear the BUSY bit before a valid status is present. Bit (2) Determines if a short packet is sent prior to the STALL of an IN endpoint. The USB <i>Mass Storage Class Bulk-Only Specification</i> allows a device to send a short or zero-length IN packet prior to returning a STALL handshake for certain cases. Certain host controller drivers may require a short packet prior to STALL. 1 = Force a short packet before STALL. 0 = Don't force a short packet before STALL. Bit (1) Determines if the CY7C68300A is to do a SRST reset during drive initialization. ^[3] 1 = Perform SRST during initialization. 0 = Don't perform SRST during initialization. Bit (0) Skip ATA_NRESET assertion. ^[4] 0 = Allow ARESET# assertion for all resets. 1 = Disable ARESET# assertion except for power-on reset cycles.		0x07

Notes:

3. At least one reset must be enabled. Do not set SRST to 0 and Skip Pin Reset to 1 at the same time.
4. SRST Enable must be set in conjunction with Skip Pin Reset. Setting this bit causes the CY7C68300A to bypass ARESET# during initialization. All reset events except a power-on reset utilize SRST as the drive mechanism.

Table 6-6. EEPROM Organization (continued)

EEPROM Address	Field Name	Field Description	Required Contents	Suggested Contents
0x06	ATA UDMA Enable ATAPI UDMA Enable UDMA Modes	Bit (7) Enable Ultra DMA data transfer support for ATAPI devices. If enabled, and if the ATAPI device reports UDMA support for the indicated modes, the CY7C68300A will utilize UDMA data transfers at the highest negotiated rate possible. 0 = Disable ATA device UDMA support. 1 = Enable ATA device UDMA support. Bit (6) Enable Ultra DMA data transfer support for ATAPI devices. If enabled, and if the ATAPI device reports UDMA support for the indicated modes, the CY7C68300A will utilize UDMA data transfers at the highest negotiated rate possible. 0 = Disable ATAPI device UDMA support. 1 = Enable ATAPI device UDMA support. Bit (5:0) These bits select which UDMA modes, if supported, are enabled. Setting to 1 enables. Multiple bits may be set. The CY7C68300A will operate in the highest enabled UDMA mode supported by the device. The CY7C68300A supports UDMA modes 2 and 4 only. Bit Descriptions 5 Reserved. Must be set to 0. 4 Enable UDMA mode 4. 3 Reserved. Must be set to 0. 2 Enable UDMA mode 2. 1 Reserved. Must be set to 0. 0 Reserved. Must be set to 0.		0xD4
0x07	Reserved PIO Modes	Bits(7:2) Bits(1:0) These bits select which PIO modes, if supported, are enabled. Setting to 1 enables. Multiple bits may be set. The CY7C68300A will operate in the highest enabled PIO mode supported by the device. The CY7C68300A supports PIO modes 0, 3, and 4 only. PIO mode 0 is always enabled by internal logic. Bit Descriptions 1 Enable PIO mode 4. 0 Enable PIO mode 3.		0x03
0x08	Reserved	Must be set to 0x00.	0x00	
0x09	Reserved	Must be set to 0x00.	0x00	
0x0A	Reserved	Must be set to 0x00.	0x00	
0x0B	Reserved	Must be set to 0x00.	0x00	
0x0C	Reserved	Must be set to 0x00.	0x00	
0x0D	Reserved	Must be set to 0x00.	0x00	
0x0E	Reserved	Must be set to 0x00.	0x00	
0x0F	Reserved	Must be set to 0x00.	0x00	
Device Descriptor				
0x10	bLength	Length of device descriptor in bytes.	0x12	
0x11	bDescriptor Type	Descriptor type.	0x01	
0x12	bcdUSB (LSB)	USB Specification release number in BCD.	0x00	
0x13	bcdUSB (MSB)		0x02	
0x14	bDeviceClass	Device class.	0x00	
0x15	bDeviceSubClass	Device subclass.	0x00	

Table 6-6. EEPROM Organization (continued)

EEPROM Address	Field Name	Field Description	Required Contents	Suggested Contents
0x16	bDeviceProtocol	Device protocol.	0x00	
0x17	bMaxPacketSize0	USB packet size supported for default pipe.	0x40	
0x18	idVendor (LSB)	Vendor ID. Cypress's Vendor ID may only be used for evaluation purposes, and not in released products.		0xB4
0x19	idVendor (MSB)			0x04
0x1A	idProduct (LSB)	Product ID.		0x30
0x1B	idProduct (MSB)			0x68
0x1C	bcdDevice (LSB)	Device release number in BCD LSB (product release number).		0x01
0x1D	bcdDevice (MSB)	Device release number in BCD MSB (silicon release number).		0x00
0x1E	iManufacturer	Index to manufacturer string. This entry must equal half of the address value where the string starts or 0x00 if the string does not exist.		0x38
0x1F	iProduct	Index to product string. This entry must equal half of the address value where the string starts or 0x00 if the string does not exist.		0x4E
0x20	iSerialNumber	Index to serial number string. This entry must equal half of the address value where the string starts or 0x00 if the string does not exist. The <i>USB Mass Storage Class Bulk-Only Transport Specification</i> requires a unique serial number (in upper case, hexadecimal characters) for each device.		0x64
0x21	bNumConfigurations	Number of configurations supported.	0x01	
Device Qualifier				
0x22	bLength	Length of device descriptor in bytes.	0x0A	
0x23	bDescriptor	Type Descriptor type.	0x06	
0x24	bcdUSB (LSB)	USB Specification release number in BCD.	0x00	
0x25	bcdUSB (MSB)	USB Specification release number in BCD.	0x02	
0x26	bDeviceClass	Device class.	0x00	
0x27	bDeviceSubClass	Device subclass.	0x00	
0x28	bDeviceProtocol	Device protocol.	0x00	
0x29	bMaxPacketSize0	USB packet size supported for default pipe.	0x40	
0x2A	bNumConfigurations	Number of configurations supported.	0x01	
0x2B	bReserved	Reserved for future use. Must be set to zero.	0x00	
High-speed Configuration Descriptor				
0x2C	bLength	Length of configuration descriptor in bytes.	0x09	
0x2D	bDescriptorType	Descriptor type.	0x02	
0x2E	bTotalLength (LSB)	Number of bytes returned in this configuration. This includes the configuration descriptor plus all the interface and endpoint descriptors.	0x20	
0x2F	bTotalLength (MSB)		0x00	
0x30	bNumInterfaces	Number of interfaces supported.	0x01	
0x31	bConfiguration Value	The value to use as an argument to Set Configuration to select the configuration. This value must be set to 0x01.	0x01	
0x32	iConfiguration	Index to the configuration string. This entry must equal half of the address value where the string starts or 0x00 if the string does not exist.		0x00

Table 6-6. EEPROM Organization (continued)

EEPROM Address	Field Name	Field Description	Required Contents	Suggested Contents
0x33	bmAttributes	Device attributes for this configuration. Bit Descriptions 7 Reserved. Must be set to 1. 6 Self-powered. Must be set to 1. 5 Remote wake-up. Must be set to 0. 4–0 Reserved. Must be set to 0.	0xC0	
0x34	bMaxPower	Maximum power consumption for this configuration. Units used are mA*2 (i.e., 0x31 = 98 mA, 0xF9 = 498 mA). 0x00 reported for self-powered devices.		0x00
High-speed Interface and Endpoint Descriptors				
Interface Descriptor				
0x35	bLength	Length of interface descriptor in bytes.	0x09	
0x36	bDescriptorType	Descriptor type.	0x04	
0x37	bInterfaceNumber	Interface number.	0x00	
0x38	bAlternateSetting	Alternate setting.	0x00	
0x39	bNumEndpoints	Number of endpoints.	0x02	
0x3A	bInterfaceClass	Interface class.	0x08	
0x3B	bInterfaceSubClass	Interface subclass.		0x06
0x3C	bInterfaceProtocol	Interface protocol.	0x50	
0x3D	iInterface	Index to first interface string. This entry must equal half of the address value where the string starts or 0x00 if the string does not exist.		0x00
USB Bulk In Endpoint				
0x3E	bLength	Length of this descriptor in bytes.	0x07	
0x3F	bDescriptorType	Endpoint descriptor type.	0x05	
0x40	bEndpointAddress	This is an In endpoint, endpoint number 8.	0x88	
0x41	bmAttributes	This is a bulk endpoint.	0x02	
0x42	wMaxPacketSize (LSB)	Max data transfer size.	0x00	
0x43	wMaxPacketSize (MSB)		0x02	
0x44	bInterval	HS interval for polling (max. NAK rate).	0x00	
USB Bulk Out Endpoint				
0x45	bLength	Length of this descriptor in bytes.	0x07	
0x46	bDescriptorType	Endpoint descriptor type.	0x05	
0x47	bEndpointAddress	This is an Out endpoint, endpoint number 2.	0x02	
0x48	bmAttributes	This is a bulk endpoint.	0x02	
0x49	wMaxPacketSize (LSB)	Max data transfer size.	0x00	
0x4A	wMaxPacketSize (MSB)		0x02	
0x4B	bInterval	HS interval for polling (max. NAK rate).	0x00	
Full-speed Configuration Descriptor				
0x4C	bLength	Length of configuration descriptor in bytes.	0x09	
0x4D	bDescriptorType	Descriptor type.	0x02	
0x4E	bTotalLength (LSB)	Number of bytes returned in this configuration. This includes the configuration descriptor plus all the interface and endpoint descriptors.	0x20	
0x4F	bTotalLength (MSB)		0x00	
0x50	bNumInterfaces	Number of interfaces supported.	0x01	
0x51	bConfiguration Value	The value to use as an argument to Set Configuration to select the configuration.	0x01	

Table 6-6. EEPROM Organization (continued)

EEPROM Address	Field Name	Field Description	Required Contents	Suggested Contents
0x52	iConfiguration	Index to configuration string. This entry must equal half of the address value where the string starts or 0x00 if the string does not exist.		0x00
0x53	bmAttributes	Device attributes for this configuration. Bit Descriptions 7 Reserved. Must be set to 1. 6 Self-powered. Must be set to 1. 5 Remote wake-up. Must be set to 0. 4–0 Reserved. Must be set to 0.	0xC0	
0x54	bMaxPower	Maximum power consumption for the second configuration. Units used are mA*2 (i.e., 0x31 = 98 mA, 0xF9 = 498 mA).		0x00
Full-speed Interface and Endpoint Descriptors				
Interface Descriptor				
0x55	bLength	Length of interface descriptor in bytes.	0x09	
0x56	bDescriptorType	Descriptor type.	0x04	
0x57	bInterfaceNumber	Interface number.	0x00	
0x58	bAlternateSettings	Alternate settings.	0x00	
0x59	bNumEndpoints	Number of endpoints.	0x02	
0x5A	bInterfaceClass	Interface class.	0x08	
0x5B	bInterfaceSubClass	Interface subclass.		0x06
0x5C	bInterfaceProtocol	Interface protocol.	0x50	
0x5D	iInterface	Index to first interface string. This entry must equal half of the address value where the string starts or 0x00 if the string does not exist.	0x00	
USB Bulk InEndpoint				
0x5E	bLength	Length of this descriptor in bytes.	0x07	
0x5F	bDescriptorType	Endpoint descriptor type.	0x05	
0x60	bEndpointAddress	This is an In endpoint, endpoint number 8.	0x88	
0x61	bmAttributes	This is a bulk endpoint.	0x02	
0x62	wMaxPacketSize (LSB)	Max data transfer size.	0x40	
0x63	wMaxPacketSize (MSB)		0x00	
0x64	bInterval	Does not apply to FS bulk endpoints. Must be set to 0.	0x00	
USB Bulk Out Endpoint				
0x65	bLength	Length of this descriptor in bytes.	0x07	
0x66	bDescriptorType	Endpoint descriptor type.	0x05	
0x67	bEndpointAddress	This is an Out endpoint, endpoint number 2.	0x02	
0x68	bmAttributes	This is a bulk endpoint.	0x02	
0x69	wMaxPacketSize (LSB)	Max data transfer size.	0x40	
0x6A	wMaxPacketSize (MSB)		0x00	
0x6B	bInterval	Does not apply to FS bulk endpoints. Must be set to 0.	0x00	
String Descriptor Examples (Note: The values in these strings are given as examples only and should not be used in final products. Designers are encouraged to modify the string values to reflect the final product, since they are what users will see with their operating systems.)				
USB String Descriptor–Index 0 (LANGID)				
0x6C	bLength	LANGID string descriptor length in bytes.	0x04	
0x6D	bDescriptorType	Descriptor type.	0x03	

Table 6-6. EEPROM Organization (continued)

EEPROM Address	Field Name	Field Description	Required Contents	Suggested Contents
0x6E	LANGID (LSB)	Language supported. ^[5]		0x09
0x6F	LANGID (MSB)			0x04
USB String Descriptor–Manufacturer				
0x70	bLength	String descriptor length in bytes (including bLength).		0x2C
0x71	bDescriptorType	Descriptor type.	0x03	
0x72	bString	Unicode character.		“C” 0x43
0x73	bString	(“NUL”)		0x00
0x74	bString	Unicode character.		“y” 0x79
0x75	bString	(“NUL”)		0x00
0x76	bString	Unicode character.		“p” 0x70
0x77	bString	(“NUL”)		0x00
0x78	bString	Unicode character.		“r” 0x72
0x79	bString	(“NUL”)		0x00
0x7A	bString	Unicode character.		“e” 0x65
0x7B	bString	(“NUL”)		0x00
0x7C	bString	Unicode character.		“s” 0x73
0x7D	bString	(“NUL”)		0x00
0x7E	bString	Unicode character.		“s” 0x73
0x7F	bString	(“NUL”)		0x00
0x80	bString	Unicode character.		“ ” 0x20
0x81	bString	(“NUL”)		0x00
0x82	bString	Unicode character.		“S” 0x53
0x83	bString	(“NUL”)		0x00
0x84	bString	Unicode character.		“e” 0x65
0x85	bString	(“NUL”)		0x00
0x86	bString	Unicode character.		“n” 0x6D
0x87	bString	(“NUL”)		0x00
0x88	bString	Unicode character.		“i” 0x69
0x89	bString	(“NUL”)		0x00
0x8A	bString	Unicode character.		“c” 0x63
0x8B	bString	(“NUL”)		0x00
0x8C	bString	Unicode character.		“o” 0x6F
0x8D	bString	(“NUL”)		0x00
0x8E	bString	Unicode character.		“n” 0x6E
0x8F	bString	(“NUL”)		0x00
0x90	bString	Unicode character.		“d” 0x64
0x91	bString	(“NUL”)		0x00
0x92	bString	Unicode character.		“u” 0x75
0x93	bString	(“NUL”)		0x00
0x94	bString	Unicode character.		“c” 0x63
0x95	bString	(“NUL”)		0x00
0x96	bString	Unicode character.		“t” 0x74

Note:

5. See <http://www.usb.org> for LANGID documentation (the code for English is 0x0409).

Table 6-6. EEPROM Organization (continued)

EEPROM Address	Field Name	Field Description	Required Contents	Suggested Contents
0x97	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0x98	bString	Unicode character.		"o" 0x6F
0x99	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0x9A	bString	Unicode character.		"r" 0x72
0x9B	bString	("NUL")		0x00
USB String Descriptor–Product				
0x9C	bLength	String descriptor length in bytes (including bLength).		0x2C
0x9D	bDescriptorType	Descriptor type.	0x03	
0x9E	bString	Unicode character.		"U" 0x55
0x9F	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xA0	bString	Unicode character.		"S" 0x53
0xA1	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xA2	bString	Unicode character.		"B" 0x42
0xA3	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xA4	bString	Unicode character.		"2" 0x32
0xA5	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xA6	bString	Unicode character.		"." 0x2E
0xA7	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xA8	bString	Unicode character.		"0" 0x30
0xA9	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xAA	bString	Unicode character.		" " 0x20
0xAB	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xAC	bString	Unicode character.		"S" 0x53
0xAD	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xAE	bString	Unicode character.		"t" 0x74
0xAF	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xB0	bString	Unicode character.		"o" 0x6F
0xB1	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xB2	bString	Unicode character.		"r" 0x72
0xB3	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xB4	bString	Unicode character.		"a" 0x61
0xB5	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xB6	bString	Unicode character.		"g" 0x67
0xB7	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xB8	bString	Unicode character.		"e" 0x65
0xB9	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xBA	bString	Unicode character.		" " 0x20
0xBB	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xBC	bString	Unicode character.		"D" 0x44
0xBD	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xBE	bString	Unicode character.		"e" 0x65
0xBF	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xC0	bString	Unicode character.		"v" 0x76

Table 6-6. EEPROM Organization (continued)

EEPROM Address	Field Name	Field Description	Required Contents	Suggested Contents
0xC1	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xC2	bString	Unicode character.		"i" 0x69
0xC3	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xC4	bString	Unicode character.		"c" 0x63
0xC5	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xC6	bString	Unicode character.		"e" 0x65
0xC7	bString	("NUL")		0x00
USB String Descriptor–Serial Number (Note: The USB Mass Storage Class requires a unique serial number in each device. Not providing a unique serial number will crash the operating system. The serial number must be at least a minimum size of 12 characters. Some hosts will only treat the last 12 characters of the serial number as unique.)				
0xC8	bLength	String descriptor length in bytes (including bLength).		0x22
0xC9	bDescriptor Type	Descriptor type.	0x03	
0xCA	bString	Unicode character.		"1" 0x31
0xCB	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xCC	bString	Unicode character.		"2" 0x32
0xCD	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xCE	bString	Unicode character.		"3" 0x33
0xCF	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xD0	bString	Unicode character.		"4" 0x34
0xD1	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xD2	bString	Unicode character.		"5" 0x35
0xD3	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xD4	bString	Unicode character.		"6" 0x36
0xD5	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xD6	bString	Unicode character.		"7" 0x37
0xD7	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xD8	bString	Unicode character.		"8" 0x38
0xD9	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xDA	bString	Unicode character.		"9" 0x39
0xDB	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xDC	bString	Unicode character.		"0" 0x30
0xDD	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xDE	bString	Unicode character.		"A" 0x41
0xDF	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xE0	bString	Unicode character.		"B" 0x42
0xE1	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xE2	bString	Unicode character.		"C" 0x43
0xE3	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xE4	bString	Unicode character.		"D" 0x44
0xE5	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xE6	bString	Unicode character.		"E" 0x45
0xE7	bString	("NUL")		0x00
0xE8	bString	Unicode character.		"F" 0x46
0xE9	bString	("NUL")		0x00

Table 6-6. EEPROM Organization (continued)

EEPROM Address	Field Name	Field Description	Required Contents	Suggested Contents
0xEA to 0xFF	Unused ROM Space	Amount of unused ROM space will vary depending on strings.		0xFF

7.0 PCB Layout Recommendations

The following recommendations should be followed to ensure reliable high-performance operation.

- At least a four-layer impedance controlled boards are required to maintain signal quality.
- Specify impedance targets (ask your board vendor what they can achieve).
- To control impedance, maintain trace widths and trace spacing.
- Minimize stubs to minimize reflected signals.
- Connections between the USB connector shell and signal ground must be done near the USB connector.
- Bypass/flyback caps on VBus, near connector, are recommended.
- DPLUS and DMINUS trace lengths should be kept to within 2 mm of each other in length, with preferred length of 20-30mm.
- Maintain a solid ground plane under the DPLUS and DMINUS traces. Do not allow the plane to be split under these traces.
- It is preferred is to have no vias placed on the DPLUS or DMINUS trace routing.
- Isolate the DPLUS and DMINUS traces from all other signal traces by no less than 10 mm.

Source for recommendations:

- EZ-USB FX2 PCB Design Recommendations, http://www.cypress.com/cfuploads/support/app_notes/FX2_PCB.pdf.
- High-speed USB Platform Design Guidelines, http://www.usb.org/developers/data/hs_usb_pdg_r1_0.pdf.

8.0 Quad Flat Package No Leads (QFN) Package Design Notes

Electrical contact of the part to the Printed Circuit Board (PCB) is made by soldering the leads on the bottom surface of the package to the PCB. Hence, special attention is required to the heat transfer area below the package to provide a good thermal bond to the circuit board. A Copper (Cu) fill is to be designed into the PCB as a thermal pad under the package. Heat is transferred from the CY7C68300A through the device's metal paddle on the bottom side of the package. Heat from here is conducted to the PCB at the thermal pad. It is then conducted from the thermal pad to the PCB inner ground plane by a 5 x 5 array of Via. A Via is a plated through-hole in the PCB with a finished diameter of 13 mil. The QFN's metal die paddle must be soldered to the PCB's thermal pad. Solder mask is placed on the board top side over each Via to resist solder flow into the Via. The mask on the top side also minimizes outgassing during the solder reflow process.

For further information on this package design please refer to the application note "Surface Mount Assembly of AMKOR's MicroLeadFrame (MLF) Technology." This application note can be downloaded from AMKOR's website from the following URL

http://www.amkor.com/products/notes_papers/MLF_AppNote_0301.pdf. The application note provides detailed information on board mounting guidelines, soldering flow, rework process, etc.

Figure 8-1 below display a cross-sectional area underneath the package. The cross section is of only one via. The solder paste template needs to be designed to allow at least 50% solder coverage. The thickness of the solder paste template should be 5 mil. It is recommended that "No Clean," type 3 solder paste is used for mounting the part. Nitrogen purge is recommended during reflow.

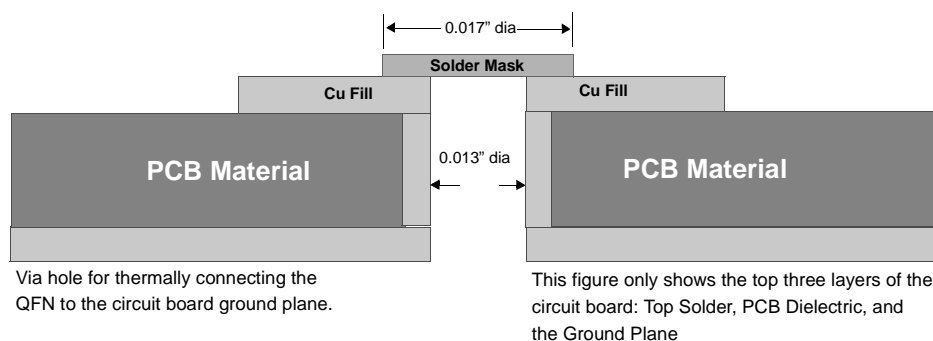


Figure 8-1. Cross-Section of the Area Underneath the QFN Package

Figure 8-2 is a plot of the solder mask pattern and Figure 8-3 is an X-Ray image of the assembly (darker areas indicate solder.)

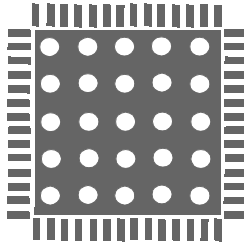


Figure 8-2. Plot of the Solder Mask (White Area)

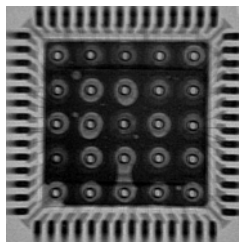


Figure 8-3. X-ray Image of the Assembly

9.0 Other Design Considerations

Certain design considerations must be followed to ensure proper operation of the CY7C68300A.

9.1 Proper Power-up Sequence

Power must be applied to the CY7C68300A before, or at the same time as the ATA/ATAPI device. If power is supplied to the drive first, the CY7C68300A will start up in an undefined state. Designs that utilize separate power supplies for the CY7C68300A and the ATA/ATAPI device are not recommended.

9.2 IDE Removable Media Devices

The CY7C68300A does not fully support IDE removable media devices. Changes in media state are not reported to the operating system so users will be unable to eject/reinsert media properly. This may result in lost or corrupted data.

9.3 Devices With Small Buffers

The size of the ATA/ATAPI device's buffer can greatly affect the overall data transfer performance. Care should be taken to ensure that devices have large enough buffers to handle the flow of data to/from the drive. The exact buffer size needed depends on a number of variables, but a good rule of thumb is:

$$(\text{aprox min buffer size}) = (\text{data rate}) * (\text{seek time} + \text{rotation time} + \text{other})$$

where (other) may include things like time to switch heads, power-up a laser, etc. Devices with buffers that are too small to handle the extra data may perform considerably slower than expected.

10.0 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Storage Temperature -65°C to +150°C
 Ambient Temperature with power supplied 0°C to +70°C
 Supply Voltage to Ground Potential -0.5V to +4.0V
 DC Input Voltage to Any Input Pin 5.25V
 DC Voltage Applied to Outputs
 in High-Z State -0.5V to $V_{CC} + 0.5V$
 Power Dissipation 936 mW
 Static Discharge Voltage > 2000V
 Max Output Current per IO port 10 mA

11.0 Operating Conditions^[6]

T_A (Ambient Temperature Under Bias) 0°C to +70°C
 Supply Voltage +3.0V to +3.6V
 Ground Voltage 0V
 F_{osc} (Oscillator or Crystal Frequency) 24 MHz \pm 100 ppm
 Parallel Resonant

12.0 DC Characteristics

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage		3.0	3.3	3.6	V
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage		2		5.25	V
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage		-0.5		0.8	V
I_I	Input Leakage Current	$0 < V_{IN} < V_{CC}$			+ 10	μA
V_{OH}	Output Voltage High	$I_{OUT} = 4 \text{ mA}$	2.4			V
V_{OL}	Output Voltage Low	$I_{OUT} = -4 \text{ mA}$			0.4	V
I_{OH}	Output Current High				4	mA
I_{OL}	Output Current Low				4	mA
C_{IN}	Input Pin Capacitance	All but D+/D-			10	pF
		Only D+/D-			15	pF
I_{CC}	Supply Current	USB High Speed		235	260	mA
I_{CC}	Supply Current	USB Full Speed		90	150	mA
I_{SUSP}	Suspend Current	Connected		250	400	μA
		Disconnected		30	180	μA
T_{RESET}	Reset Time After Valid Power	$V_{CC} \text{ min} = 3.0V$	1.91			ms

13.0 AC Electrical Characteristics

13.1 USB Transceiver

Complies with the USB 2.0 specification.

13.2 ATA Timing

The ATA interface supports ATA PIO modes 0, 3, and 4, and Ultra DMA modes 2 and 4 per the ATA Specification T13/1410D Rev. 3B.

14.0 Ordering Information

Part Number	Package Type
CY7C68300A-56PVC	56-pin SSOP
CY7C68300A-56LFC	56-pin QFN
CY7C68300A-56PVXC	56-pin Lead(Pb)-free SSOP
CY7C68300A-56LFXC	56-pin Lead(Pb)-Free QFN
CY4615A	EZ-USB AT2 Reference Design Kit

Note:

6. If an alternate clock source is input on XTALIN it must be supplied with standard 3.3V signaling characteristics and XTALOUT must be left floating.

15.0 Package Diagrams

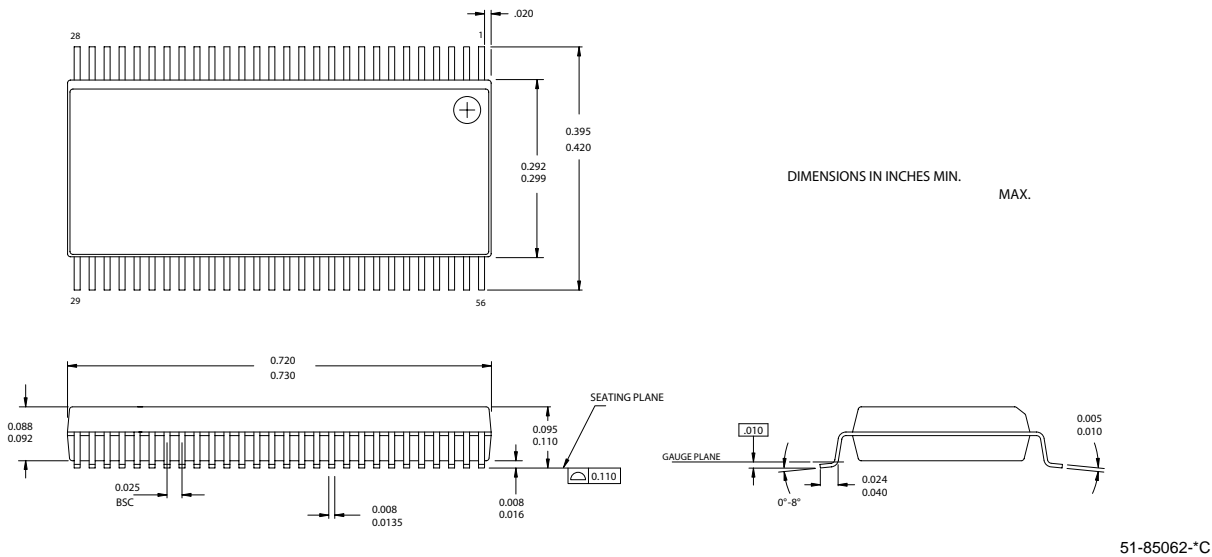


Figure 15-1. 56-lead Shrunken Small Outline Package 056

56-Lead QFN 8 x 8 MM LF56A

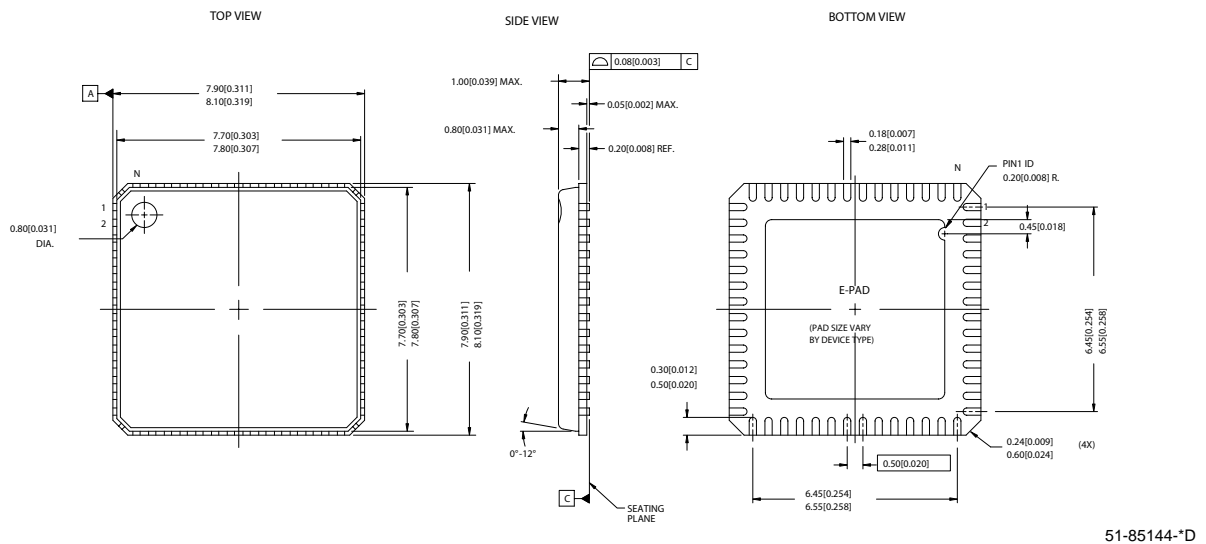


Figure 15-2. 56-lead Quad Flatpack No Lead (8 x 8 mm) LF56A

16.0 Disclaimers, Trademarks, and Copy-rights

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Document History Page

Description Title: CY7C68300A EZ-USB AT2™ USB 2.0 to ATA/ATAPI Bridge Document Number: 38-08031				
REV.	ECN NO.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
**	124022	02/13/03	GIR	New data sheet
*A	124857	06/06/03	GIR	Updated overall language/layout for "Final" status Revised description of DPLUS pin in section 2.2 Revised text in sections 2.3.4, 2.3.5, and 2.3.6 Updated I _{SUSP} and T _{RESET} values in section 8.0 Updated <i>Figure 15-2</i> to include new QFN package drawing number Swapped In and Out bulk endpoints in section 5.3
*B	129094	08/18/03	GIR	Minor Change - Rework existing package drawing to improve clarity.
*C	285992	SEE ECN	GIR	Corrected existing ordering part numbers. Added lead-free ordering part numbers Revised datasheet for new two-column format