

Very Low Output Low Dropout Regulator

■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

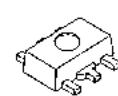
The NJM2842 is a very low output voltage, low drop out regulators.

It delivers up to 1A output current with the output voltage from 0.8V to 1.8V.

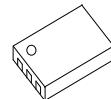
The use of an external bias voltage can improve the transient response and the ripple rejection characteristics while maintaining minimum input to output voltage.

The NJM2842 suitable for constant-voltage source such as CPU, DSP and ASIC.

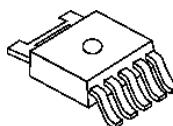
■ PACKAGE OUTLINE



NJM2842U2



NJM2842KH1

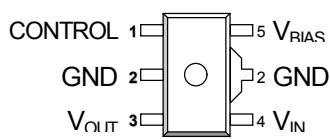


NJM2842DL3

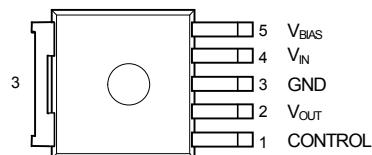
■ FEATURES

• Output Voltage Range	0.8V to 1.8V
• High Ripple Rejection	91 dB typ. @ $V_O=1.2V$
• Output Noise Voltage	$V_{NO}=44 \mu V_{rms}$ typ. @ $V_O=1.2V$
• Output Current	$I_O(min)=1.0A$
• High Precision Output	$V_O \pm 1.0\%$
• Dual input Voltage Type	V_{IN}, V_{BIAS} (sequence free)
• High Stability for Load	0.002%/mA (max)
• Output Capacitor with $4.7\mu F$ ceramic capacitor	
• Low Dropout Voltage	0.1V typ. @ $I_O=600mA$
• ON/OFF Control	
• Built-in Thermal Overload Protection and Current Limit Protection	
• Bipolar Technology	
• Package Outline	SOT-89-5, DFN6-H1(ESON6-H1), TO-252-5

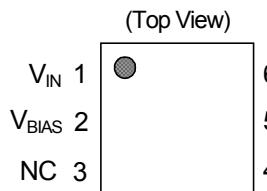
■ PIN CONFIGURATION



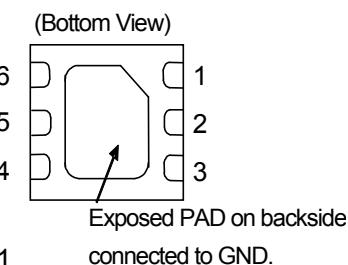
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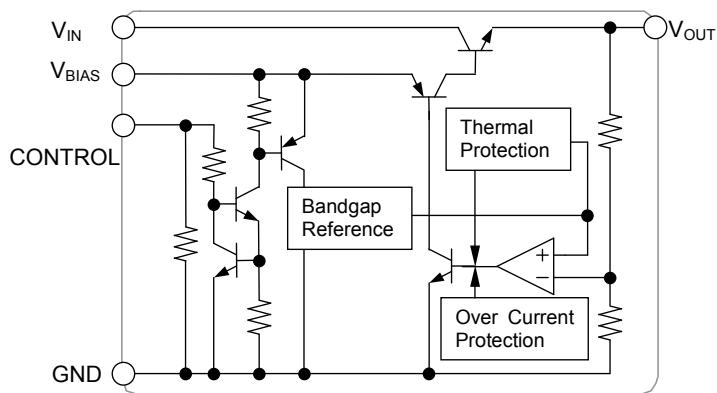


NJM2842KH1



NJM2842

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANK LIST

Device Name SOT-89-5	V_O	Device Name DFN6-H1 (ESON6-H1)	V_O	Device Name TO-252-5	V_O
NJM2842U2-008	0.8V	NJM2842KH1-008	0.8V	NJM2842DL3-011	1.1V
NJM2842U2-010	1.0V	NJM2842KH1-010	1.0V	NJM2842DL3-012	1.2V
NJM2842U2-011	1.1V	NJM2842KH1-012	1.2V		
NJM2842U2-012	1.2V	NJM2842KH1-015	1.5V		
NJM2842U2-0145	1.45V	NJM2842KH1-018	1.8V		
NJM2842U2-015	1.5V				
NJM2842U2-018	1.8V				

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS		UNIT
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	+7		V
Bias Voltage	V_{BIAS}	+7		V
Control Voltage	V_{CONT}	+7		V
Power Dissipation	P_D	SOT-89-5	625 (*1) 2400 (*2)	mW
		TO-252-5	1190(*1) 3125(*2)	
		DFN6-H1 (ESON6-H1)	440 (*3) 1200 (*4)	
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	-40 ~ +125		°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 ~ +150		°C

(*1): Mounted on glass epoxy board. (76.2 × 114.3 × 1.6mm:based on EIA/JDEC standard size, 2Layers, Cu area 100mm²)

(*2): Mounted on glass epoxy board. (76.2 × 114.3 × 1.6mm:based on EIA/JDEC standard, 4Layers)

(4Layers: Applying 74.2×74.2mm inner Cu area and a thermal via hole to a board based on JEDEC standard JESD51-5)

(*3): Mounted on glass epoxy board based on EIA/JEDEC. (101.5x 114.5x1.6mm, 2Layers, Use the Exposed Pad)

(*4): Mounted on glass epoxy board based on EIA/JEDEC. (101.5x 114.5x1.6mm, 4Layers, Use the Exposed Pad)

(4Layers: Applying 99.5×99.5mm inner Cu area and a thermal via hole to a board based on JEDEC standard JESD51-5)

■ BIAS VOLTAGE INPUT RANGE

$V_{BIAS} = +2.5V$ to $+5.5V$ ($V_O < 1.5V$)

$V_{BIAS} = V_O + 1V$ to $+5.5V$ ($V_O \geq 1.5V$)

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{BIAS}=2.5V(V_O≥1.5V: V_{BIAS}=V_O+1V), V_{IN}=V_O+1V, C_{BIAS}=0.1μF, C_{IN}=4.7μF, C_O=4.7μF, Ta=25°C)

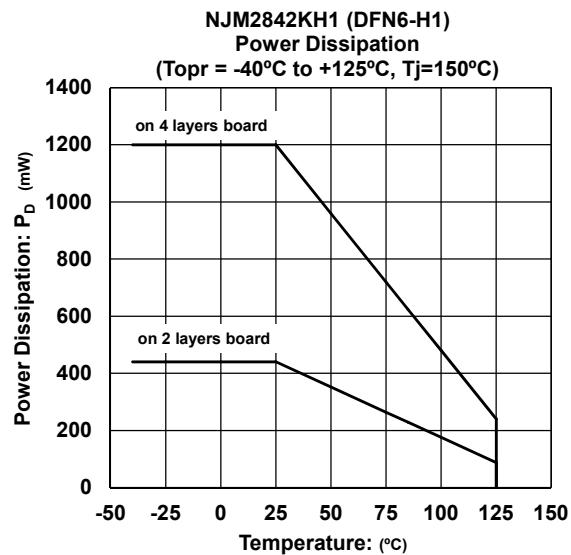
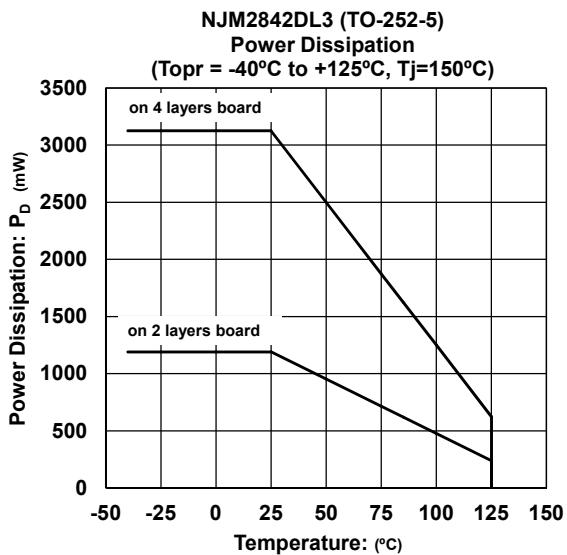
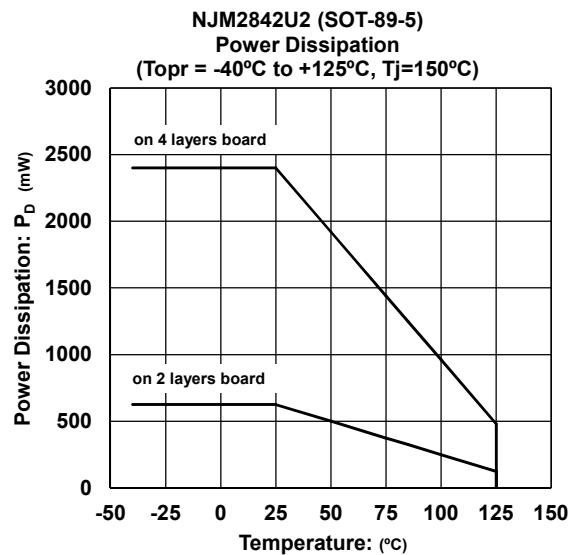
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Output Voltage	V _O	I _O =30mA	-1.0%	-	+1.0%	V
Unloaded Bias Current	I _{BIAS}	I _O =0mA, except I _{CONT}	-	300	500	μA
Unloaded Input Current	I _{IN}	I _O =0mA, except I _{CONT}	-	-	20	μA
Bias Current at Control OFF	I _{BIAS(OFF)}	V _{CONT} =0V	-	-	100	nA
Input Current at Control OFF	I _{IN(OFF)}	V _{CONT} =0V	-	-	100	nA
Output Current	I _O	V _O × 0.9	1000	-	-	mA
Line Regulation 1 (V _{BIAS})	ΔV _O /ΔV _{BIAS}	V _{BIAS} =2.5V to +5.5V(V _O <1.5V) V _{BIAS} =V _O +1V to +5.5V(V _O ≥1.5V) I _O =30mA	-	-	0.10	%/V
Line Regulation 2 (V _{IN})	ΔV _O /ΔV _{IN}	V _{IN} =V _O +1V to +5.5V, I _O =30mA	-	-	0.10	%/V
Load Regulation	ΔV _O /ΔI _O	I _O =30mA to 1000mA	-	-	0.002	%/mA
Dropout Voltage	ΔV _{I_O}	I _O =600mA	-	0.10	0.18	V
Ripple Rejection Ratio 1 (V _{BIAS})	RR(V _{BIAS})	V _{BIAS} =3.5V(V _O <1.5V) V _{BIAS} =3.8V(V _O ≥1.5V) ebias=200mVrms, f=1kHz, I _O =10mA	Refer to Table 1			dB
Ripple Rejection Ratio 2 (V _{IN})	RR(V _{IN})	ein=200mVrms, f=1kHz, I _O =10mA	Refer to Table 1			dB
Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	ΔV _O /ΔTa	Ta=0 to +85°C, I _O =10mA	-	±50	-	ppm/°C
Output Noise Voltage	V _{NO}	f=10Hz to 80kHz, I _O =10mA	Refer to Table 1			μVrms
Control Current	I _{CONT}	V _{CONT} =1.6V	-	3	12	μA
Control Voltage for ON-state	V _{CONT(ON)}		1.6	-	-	V
Control Voltage for OFF-state	V _{CONT(OFF)}		-	-	0.6	V
Bias Voltage	V _{BIAS}		-	-	5.5	V
Input Voltage	V _{IN}		-	-	5.5	V

Table1

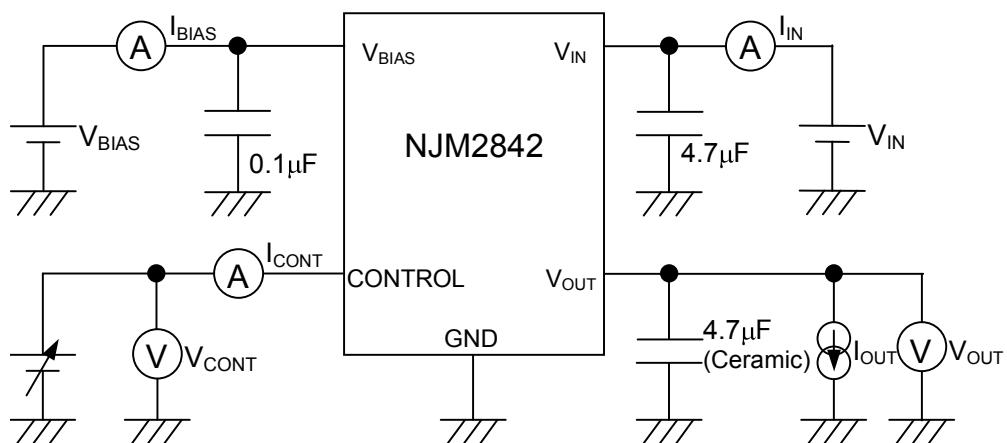
Voltage Rank	Ripple Rejection Ratio 1(V _{BIAS})			Ripple Rejection Ratio 2 (V _{IN})			Output Noise Voltage					
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
0.8V	-	77	-	dB	-	93	-	dB	-	34	-	μVrms
1.0V	-	75	-		-	92	-		-	38	-	
1.1V	-	74	-		-	91	-		-	41	-	
1.2V	-	73	-		-	91	-		-	44	-	
1.45V	-	71	-		-	90	-		-	47	-	
1.5V	-	71	-		-	90	-		-	47	-	
1.8V	-	70	-		-	89	-		-	51	-	

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■ POWER DISSIPATION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

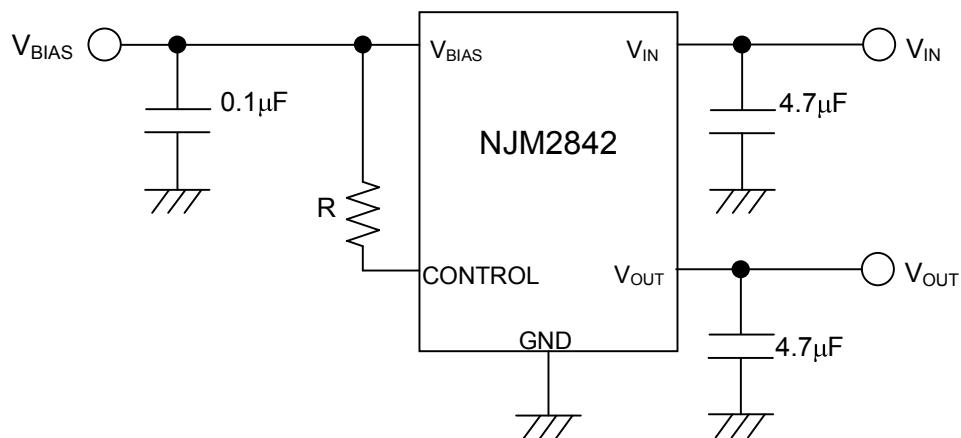


■ TEST CIRCUIT

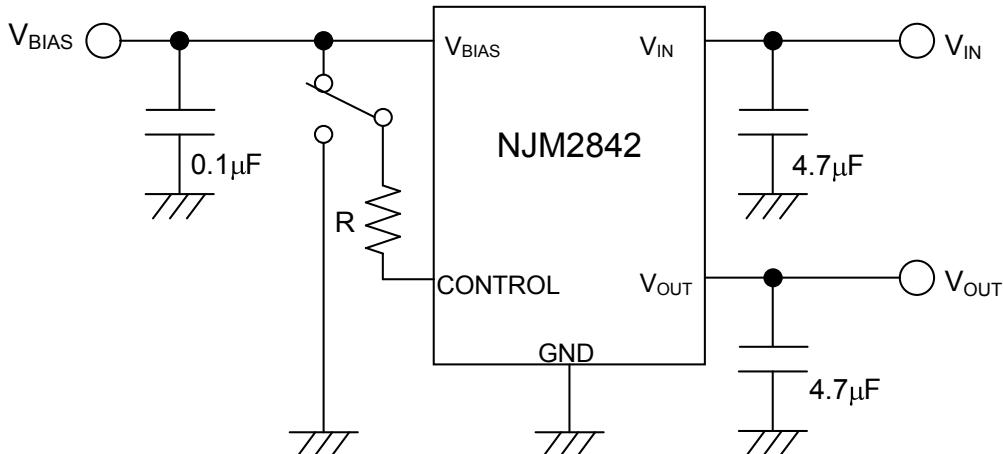


■ TYPICAL APPLICATION

- a) In case of where ON/OFF control is not required:



- b) In use of ON/OFF control:



State of control pin:

"H" → output is enabled.

"L" or "open" → output is disabled.

*In the case of using a resistance "R" between V_{BIAS} and control.

If this resistor is inserted, it can reduce the control current when the control voltage is high.

The applied voltage to control pin should set to consider voltage drop through the resistor "R" and the minimum control voltage for ON-state.

The $V_{CONT(ON)}$ and I_{CONT} have temperature dependence as shown in the "Control Current vs. Temperature" and "Control Voltage vs. Temperature" characteristics. Therefore, the resistance "R" should be selected to consider the temperature characteristics.

* Bias Capacitance (C_{BIAS}) and an Input Capacitance (C_N)

C_{BIAS} and C_N are required to prevent oscillation and reduce power supply ripple for applications when high power supply impedance or a long power supply line.

Therefore, use the recommended C_{BIAS} and C_N value (refer to conditions of ELECTRIC CHARACTERISTIC) or larger and should connect between V_{BIAS} -GND and V_{IN} -GND as shortest path as possible to avoid the problem.

*Output Capacitor C_O

Output capacitor (C_O) will be required for a phase compensation of the internal error amplifier.

The capacitance and the equivalent series resistance (ESR) influence to stable operation of the regulator.

Use of a smaller C_O may cause excess output noise or oscillation of the regulator due to lack of the phase compensation.

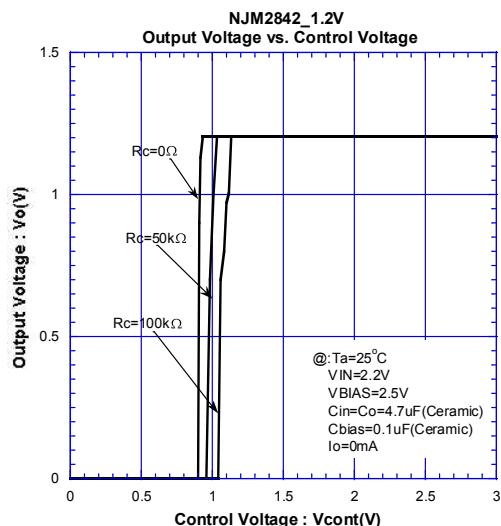
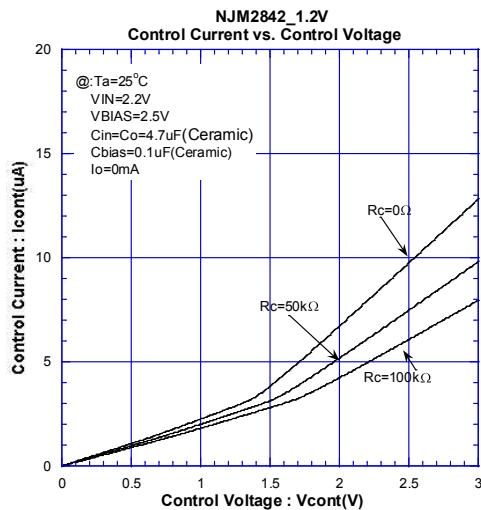
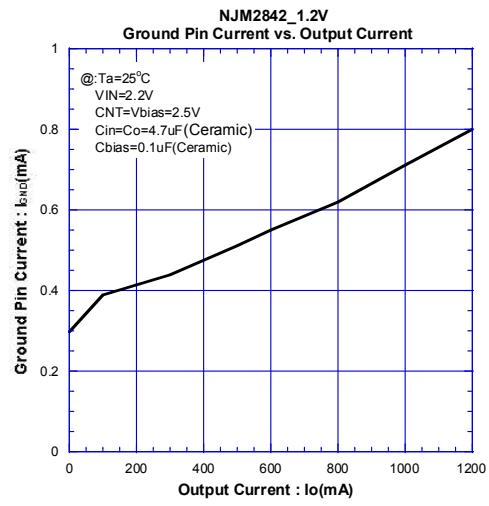
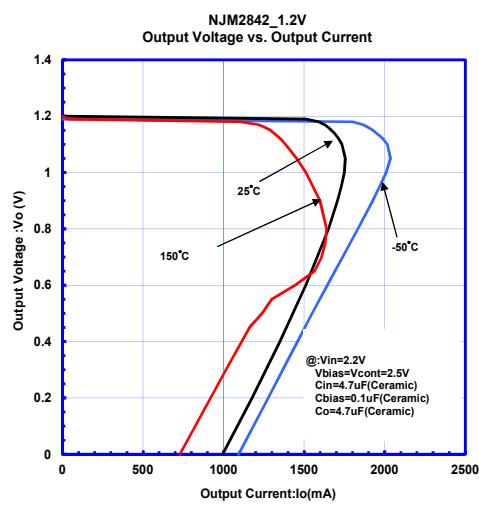
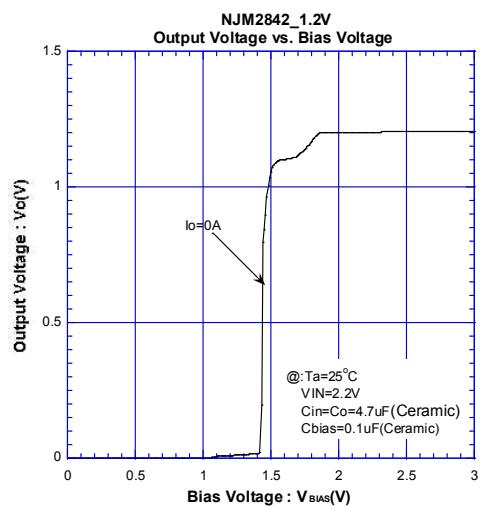
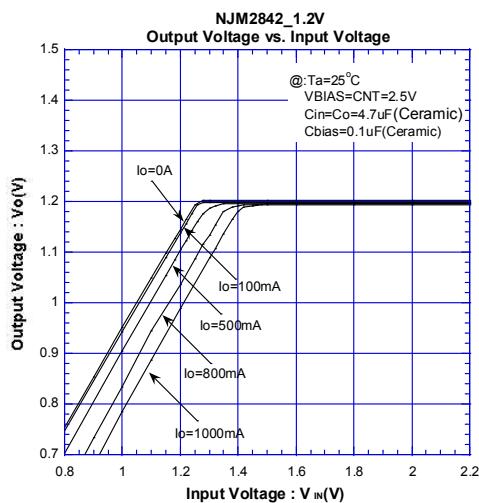
On the other hand, Use of a larger C_O reduces output noise and ripple output, and also improves output transient response when rapid load change.

Therefore, use the recommended C_O value (refer to conditions of ELECTRIC CHARACTERISTIC) or larger and should connect between GND and V_{OUT} as shortest path as possible for stable operation

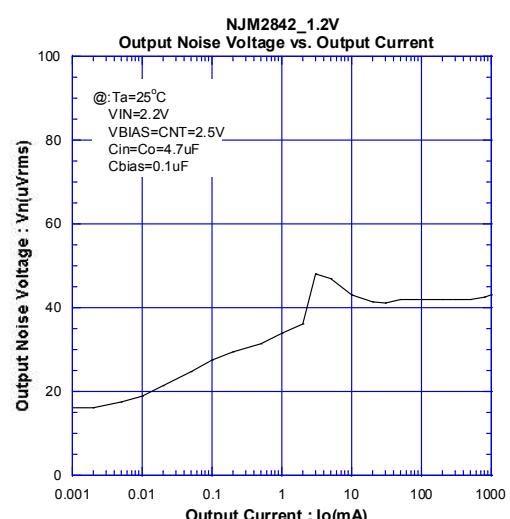
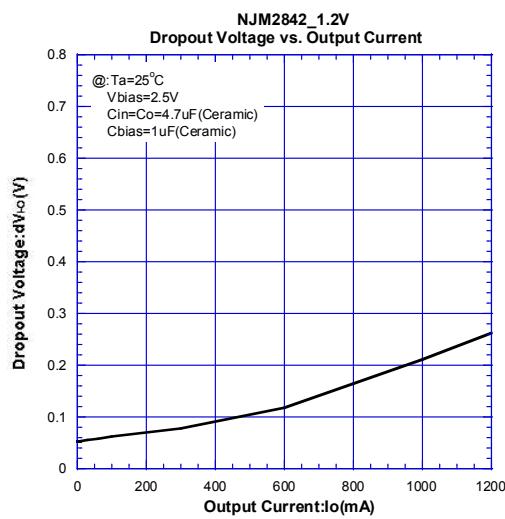
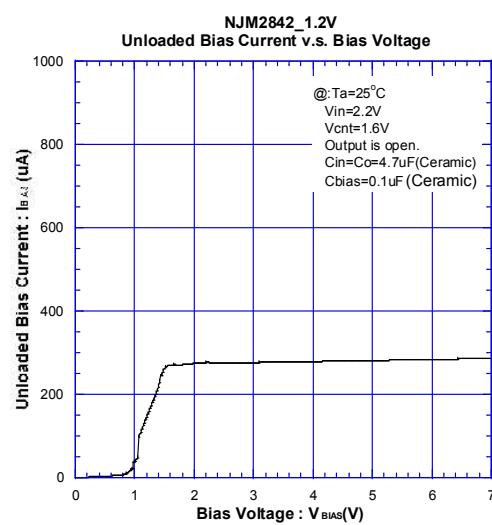
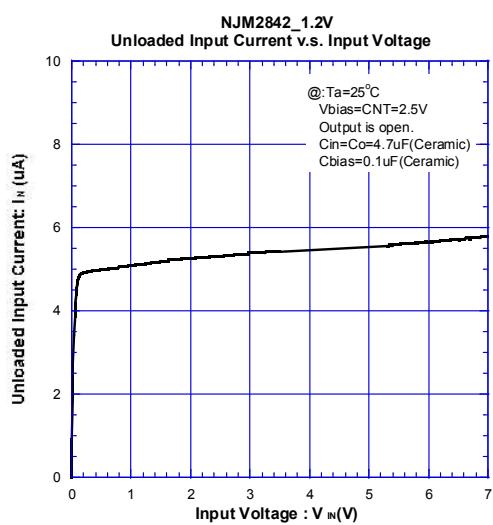
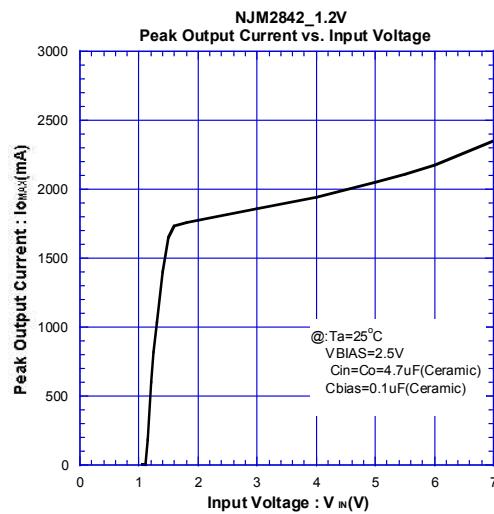
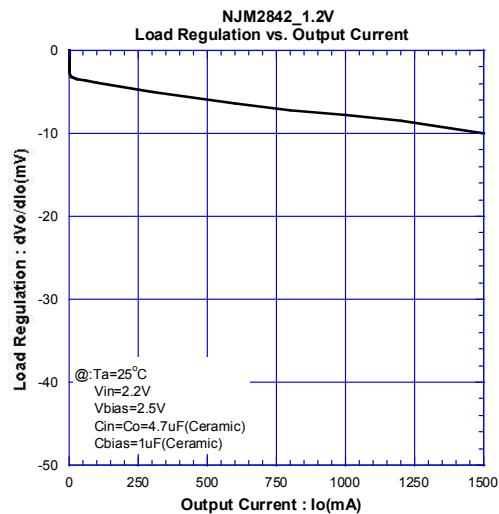
In addition, you should consider varied characteristics of capacitor (a frequency characteristic, a temperature characteristic, a DC bias characteristic and so on) and unevenness peculiar to a capacitor supplier enough.

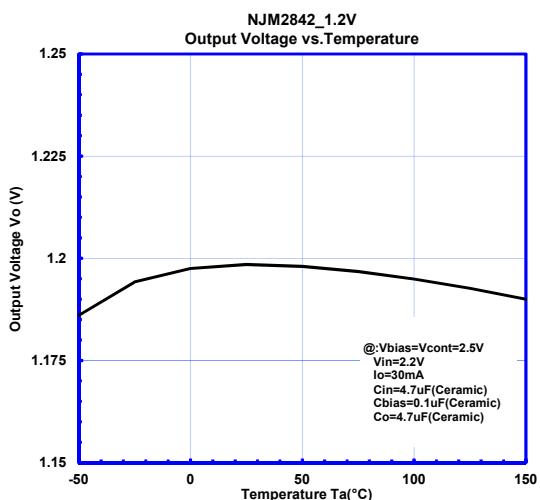
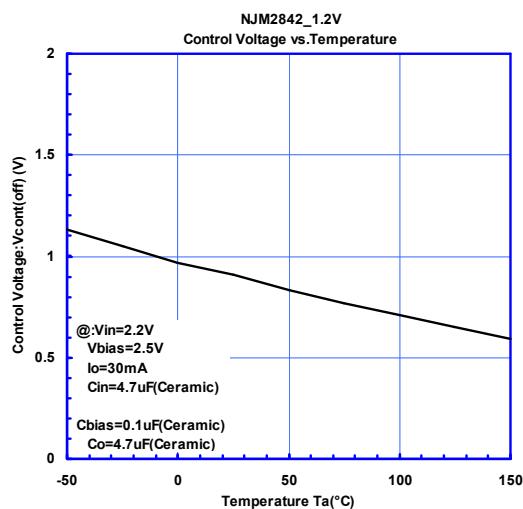
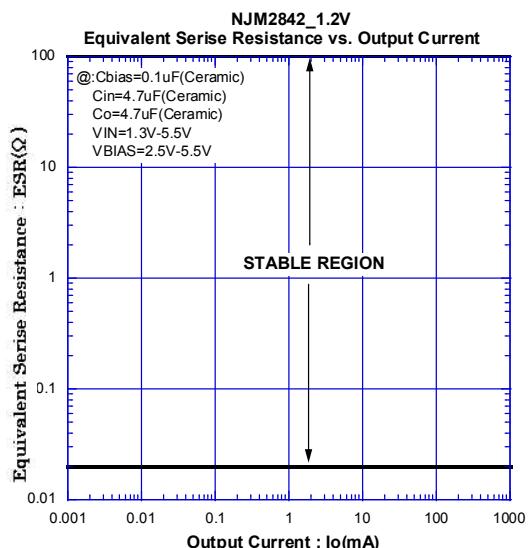
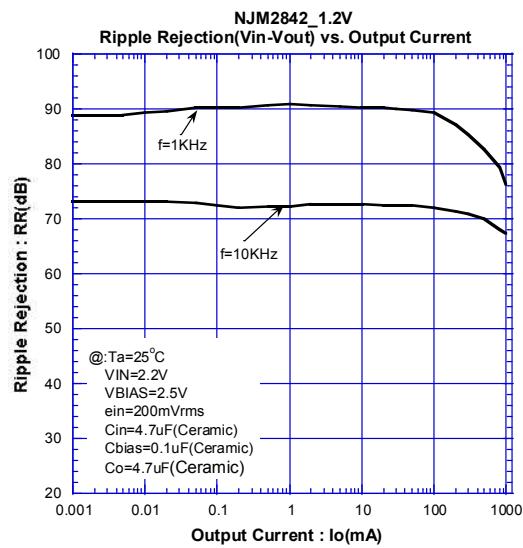
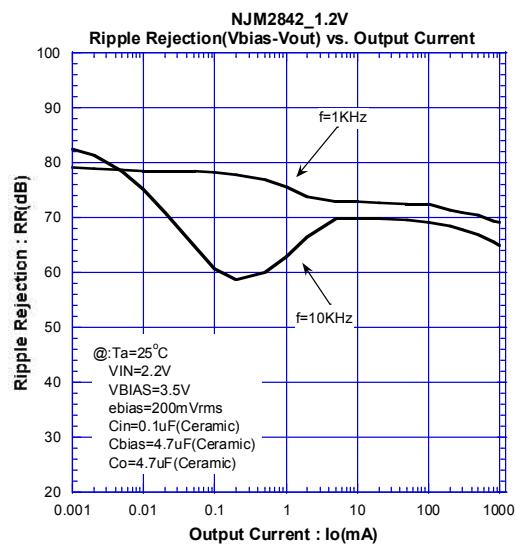
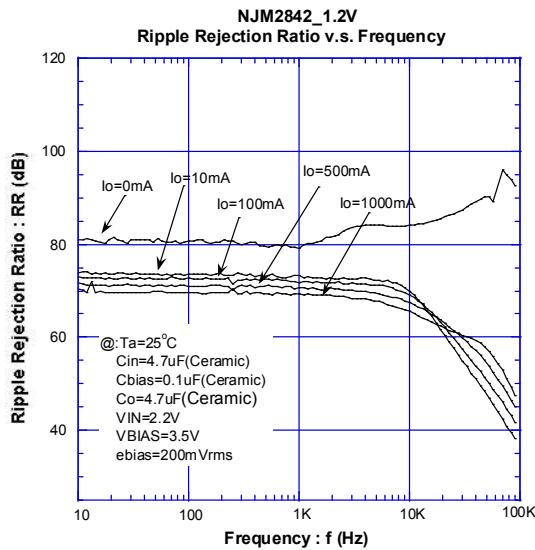
When selecting C_O , recommend that have withstand voltage margin against output voltage and superior temperature characteristic.

■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

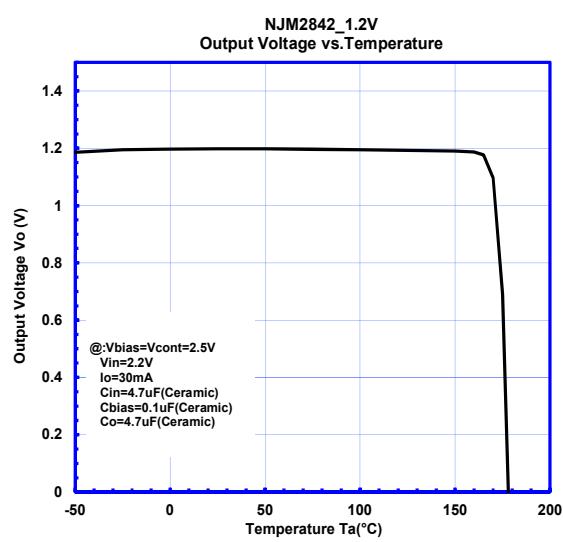
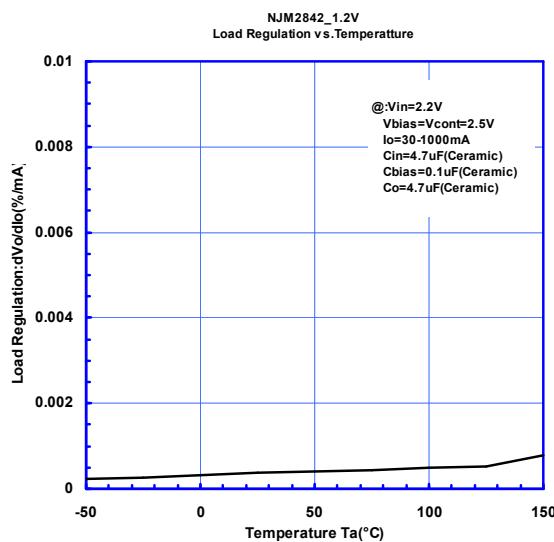
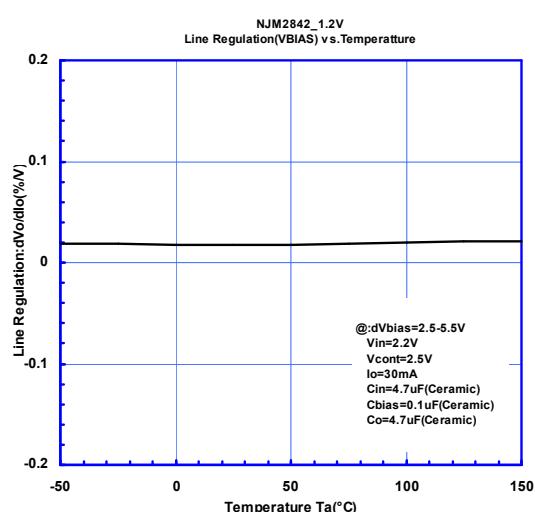
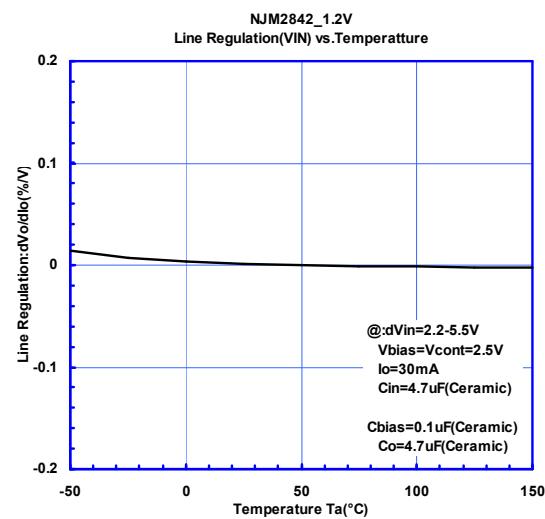
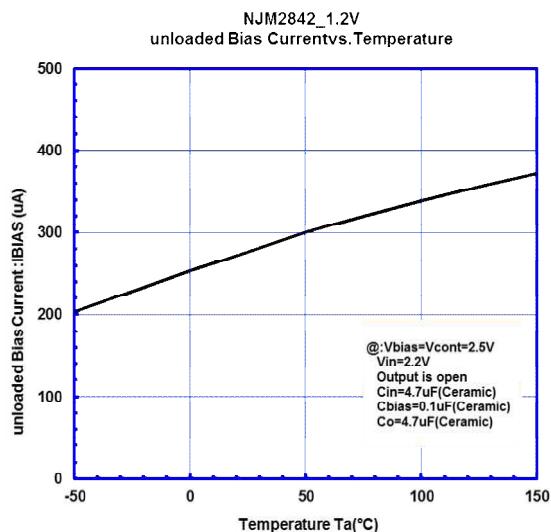
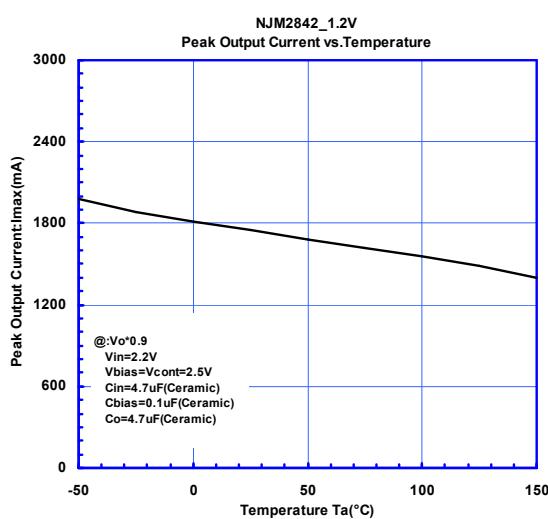


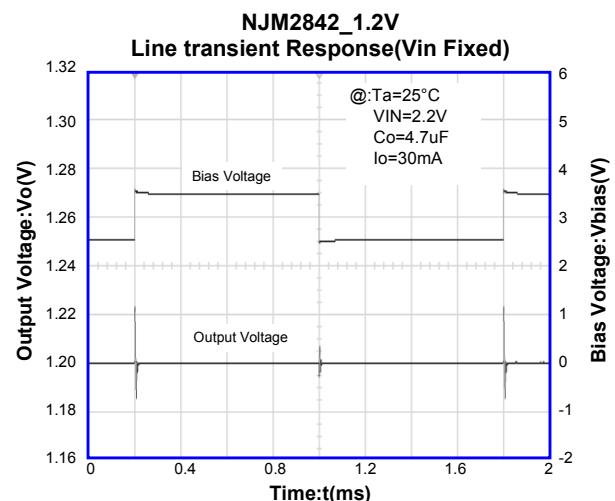
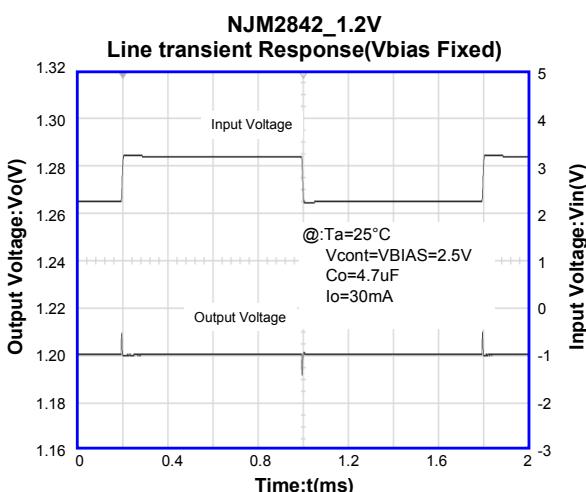
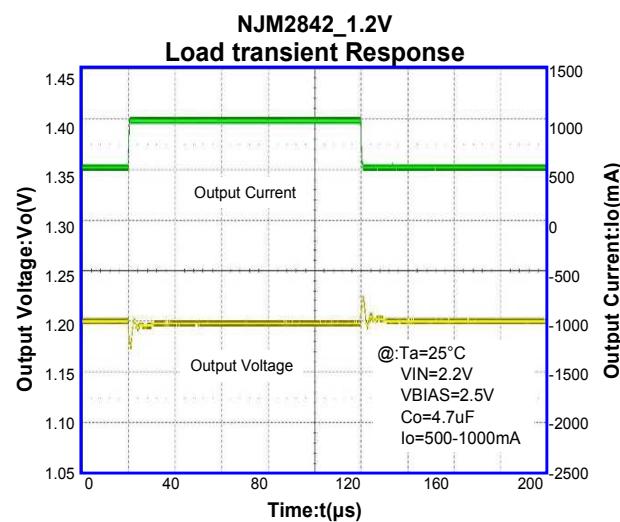
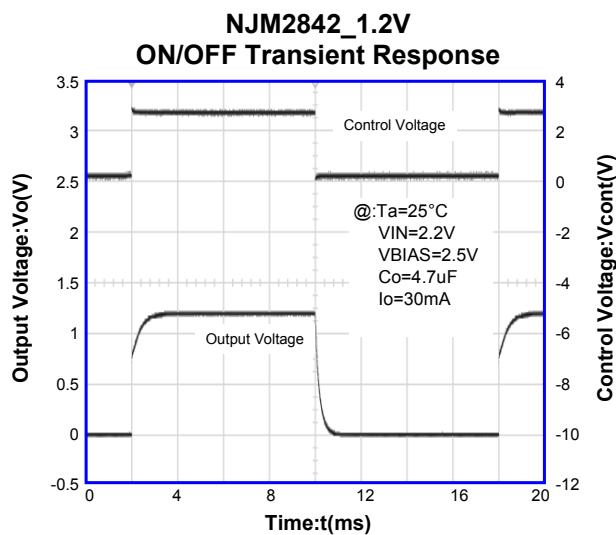
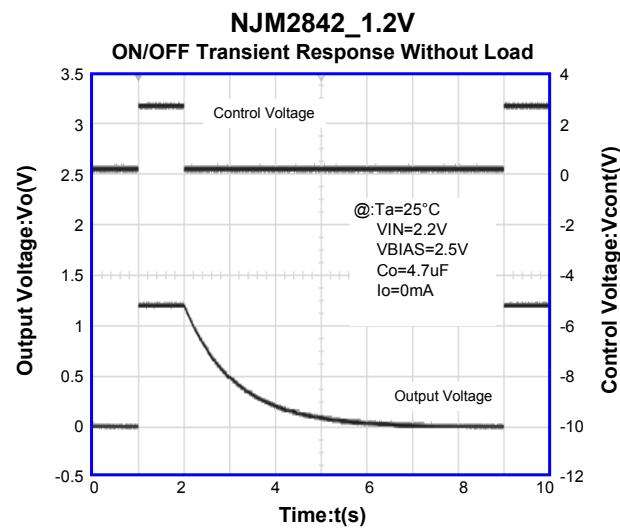
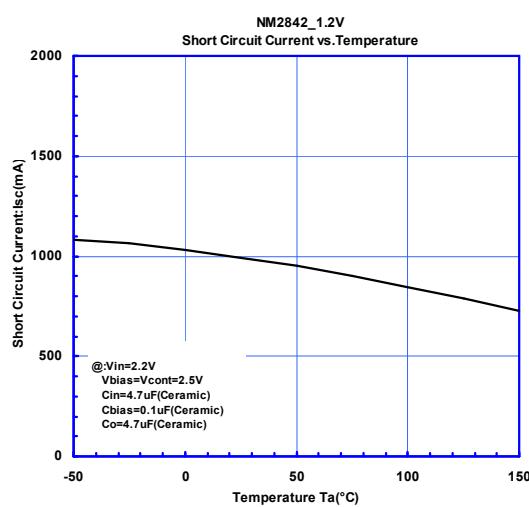
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