

CHIP FERRITE BEAD BLM21□□□□□□N1□ REFERENCE SPECIFICATION

1. Scope

This reference specification applies to chip ferrite bead BLM21_□N series for general electronic equipment.

2. Part Numbering

(Ex.)	BL	M	21	AG	121	S	N	1	D
Product ID	Type	Dimension (L × W)	Characteristics	Impedance (Typical value at 100 MHz)	Performance	Category	Numbers of circuit	Packaging D: taping (ø180 mm reel, paper tape) L: taping (ø180 mm reel, plastic tape)	

3. Part Number and Rating

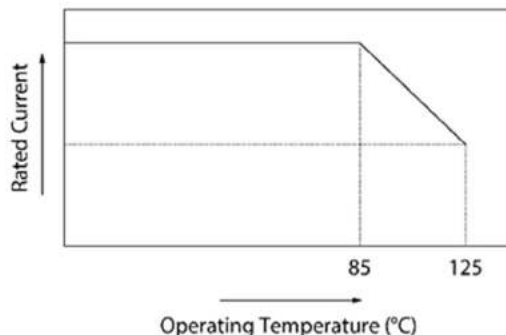
Operating temperature range	-55°C to +125°C
Storage temperature range	-55°C to +125°C

Customer Part number	Murata Part number	Impedance (Ω) at 100 MHz		Rated current*1 (mA)		DC resistance (Ω) max.		Remark
			Typ.	Ambient temperature 85°C	Ambient temperature 125°C	Initial values	Values after testing	
	BLM21PG220SN1D	22±25%	22	6000	3300	0.009	0.018	For DC power line
	BLM21PG300SN1D	20 min.	30	4000	2300	0.014	0.028	For DC power line
	BLM21PG600SN1D	60±25%	60	3500	1900	0.02	0.04	For DC power line
	BLM21PG121SN1D	120±25%	120	3000	1550	0.03	0.06	For DC power line
	BLM21PG221SN1D	220±25%	220	2000	1250	0.045	0.09	For DC power line
	BLM21PG331SN1D	330±25%	330	1500	1000	0.07	0.14	For DC power line
	BLM21SN300SN1D	30±10Ω	30	8500	6000	0.004	0.005	For DC power line
	BLM21SP700SN1D	70±25%	70	6000	4000	0.009	0.012	For DC power line
	BLM21SP111SN1D	110±25%	110	5000	3300	0.013	0.016	For DC power line
	BLM21SP181SN1D	180±25%	180	4000	2600	0.020	0.025	For DC power line
	BLM21SP331SN1D	330±25%	330	2800	1900	0.040	0.051	For DC power line
	BLM21SP471SN1D	470±25%	470	2500	1700	0.050	0.063	For DC power line
	BLM21SP601SN1D	600±25%	600	2300	1500	0.060	0.074	For DC power line
	BLM21SP102SN1D	1000±25%	1000	1600	1100	0.120	0.144	For DC power line
	BLM21RK121SN1D	120±25%	120	-	200	0.15	0.25	For digital interface
	BLM21RK221SN1D	220±25%	220	-	200	0.20	0.30	For digital interface
	BLM21RK471SN1D	470±25%	470	-	200	0.25	0.35	For digital interface
	BLM21RK601SN1D	600±25%	600	-	200	0.30	0.40	For digital interface
	BLM21RK102SN1D	1000±25%	1000	-	200	0.50	0.60	For digital interface
	BLM21BB050SN1D	5±25%	5	-	1000	0.02	0.04	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BB600SN1D	60±25%	60	-	800	0.13	0.23	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BB750SN1D	75±25%	75	-	700	0.16	0.26	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BB121SN1D	120±25%	120	-	600	0.19	0.29	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BD121SN1D	120±25%	120	-	350	0.25	0.35	For high speed signal line

Customer Part number	Murata Part number	Impedance (Ω) at 100 MHz		Rated current*1 (mA)		DC resistance (Ω) max.		Remark
			Typ.	Ambient temperature 85°C	Ambient temperature 125°C	Initial values	Values after testing	
	BLM21BB151SN1D	150 \pm 25%	150	-	600	0.21	0.31	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BD151SN1D	150 \pm 25%	150	-	350	0.25	0.35	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BB201SN1D	200 \pm 25%	200	-	500	0.26	0.36	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BB221SN1D	220 \pm 25%	220	-	500	0.26	0.36	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BD221SN1D	220 \pm 25%	220	-	350	0.25	0.35	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BB331SN1D	330 \pm 25%	330	-	400	0.33	0.43	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BD331SN1D	330 \pm 25%	330	-	300	0.3	0.4	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BD421SN1D	420 \pm 25%	420	-	300	0.3	0.4	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BB471SN1D	470 \pm 25%	470	-	400	0.40	0.50	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BD471SN1D	470 \pm 25%	470	-	300	0.35	0.45	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BD601SN1D	600 \pm 25%	600	-	300	0.35	0.45	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BD751SN1D	750 \pm 25%	750	-	250	0.4	0.5	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BD102SN1D	1000 \pm 25%	1000	-	250	0.4	0.5	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BD152SN1D	1500 \pm 25%	1500	-	250	0.45	0.55	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BD182SN1D	1800 \pm 25%	1800	-	250	0.5	0.6	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BD222SN1L	1600 min.	2250	-	250	0.6	0.7	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BD222TN1D	2200 \pm 25%	2200	-	200	0.6	0.7	For high speed signal line
	BLM21BD272SN1L	2700 \pm 25%	2700	-	200	0.8	0.9	For high speed signal line
	BLM21AG121SN1D	120 \pm 25%	120	-	1000	0.09	0.19	For general use
	BLM21AG151SN1D	150 \pm 25%	150	-	1000	0.09	0.19	For general use
	BLM21AG221SN1D	220 \pm 25%	220	-	900	0.12	0.22	For general use
	BLM21AG331SN1D	330 \pm 25%	330	-	800	0.15	0.25	For general use
	BLM21AG471SN1D	470 \pm 25%	470	-	700	0.18	0.28	For general use
	BLM21AG601SN1D	600 \pm 25%	600	-	700	0.2	0.3	For general use
	BLM21AG102SN1D	1000 \pm 25%	1000	-	600	0.27	0.37	For general use

Customer Part number	Murata Part number	Impedance (Ω) at 100 MHz		Rated current*1 (mA)		DC resistance (Ω) max.		Remark
			Typ.	Ambient temperature 85°C	Ambient temperature 125°C	Initial values	Values after testing	

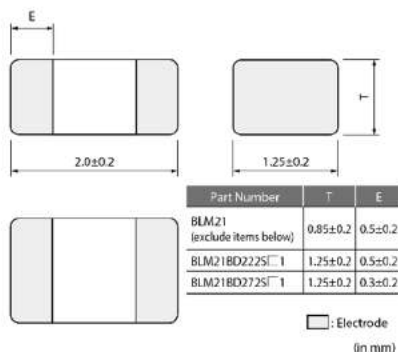
*1 As shown in the diagram below, derating is applied to the rated current of the BLM21PG, BLM21SN, BLM21SP series based on the operating temperature.



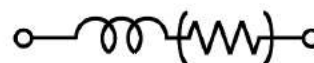
4. Testing Conditions

Unless otherwise specified	Temperature: ordinary temperature (15°C to 35°C) Humidity: ordinary humidity [25% to 85% (RH)]
In case of doubt	Temperature: 20°C±2°C Humidity: 60% to 70% (RH) Atmospheric pressure: 86 kPa to 106 kPa

5. Appearance and Dimensions



Equivalent circuit



(Resistance element becomes dominant at high frequencies.)

no polarity

Unit mass (typical value):

0.010 g

0.014 g (only BLM21BD222SN1□/BLM21BD272SN1□)

6. Marking

No marking.

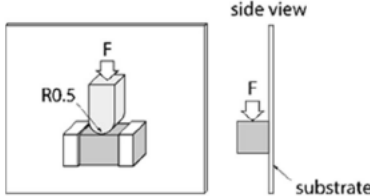
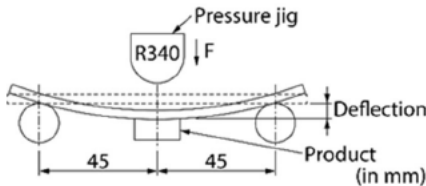
7. Electrical Performance

No.	Item	Specification	Test method
7.1	Impedance	Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Measuring equipment: Keysight 4291A or the equivalent Measuring frequency: 100 MHz±1 MHz Measuring fixture: Keysight 16192A or the equivalent
7.2	DC resistance	Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Measuring equipment: digital multimeter Substrate wiring resistance is excluded.

8. Mechanical Performance

The product is soldered on a substrate for test. (Excluding appearance and dimensions, drop, resistance to soldering heat, and solderability)

(Test shall be done using flux, solder and soldering condition which are specified in chapter 12 except the case of being specified special condition.)

No.	Item	Specification	Test method
8.1	Appearance and Dimensions	Meet chapter 5.	Visual inspection and measured with slide calipers.
8.2	Shear test	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Impedance change rate (at 100 MHz): within $\pm 30\%$ DC resistance: Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Applying force: 9.8 N Holding time: 5 ± 1 s Force application direction: 
8.3	Bending test	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Impedance change rate (at 100 MHz): within $\pm 30\%$ DC resistance: Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Test substrate: glass-epoxy substrate (100 mm \times 40 mm \times 1.6 mm) Pressurizing speed: 0.5 mm/s Pressure jig: R340 Deflection: 1.0 mm Holding time: 30 s 
8.4	Vibration	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Impedance change rate (at 100 MHz): within $\pm 30\%$ DC resistance: Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Oscillation frequency: 10 Hz to 55 Hz to 10 Hz, for approx. 1 min Total amplitude: 1.5 mm Test time: 3 directions perpendicular to each other, 2 h for each direction (6 h in total)
8.5	Resistance to soldering heat	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Impedance change rate (at 100 MHz): within $\pm 30\%$ (within $\pm 50\%$ for BLM21SN) DC resistance: Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Flux: ethanol solution with a rosin content of 25(wt)% Pre-heating: $150^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 10^{\circ}\text{C} / 60$ s to 90 s Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Solder temperature: $270^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ Immersion time: 10 ± 0.5 s Immersion and emersion rates: 25 mm/s Post-treatment: left at a room condition for 48 ± 4 h
8.6	Drop	Appearance shall have no significant mechanical damage.	The product shall be dropped on concrete or steel board. Method: free fall Height: 75 cm Attitude from which the product is dropped: 3 directions Number of times: 3 times for each direction (Total 9 times)
8.7	Solderability	95% or more of the outer electrode shall be covered with new solder seamlessly.	Flux: ethanol solution with a rosin content of 25(wt)% Pre-heating: $150^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 10^{\circ}\text{C} / 60$ s to 90 s Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Solder temperature: $240^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ Immersion time: 4 ± 1 s Immersion and emersion rates: 25 mm/s

9. Environmental Performance

The product is soldered on a glass-epoxy substrate for test.

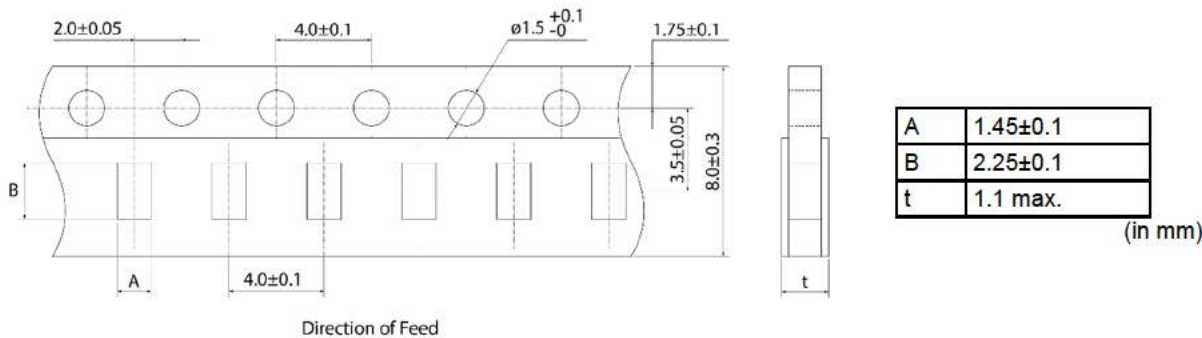
(Test shall be done using flux, solder and soldering condition which are specified in chapter 12 except the case of being specified special condition.)

No.	Item	Specification	Test method
9.1	Temperature cycle	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Impedance change rate (at 100 MHz): within $\pm 30\%$ (within $\pm 50\%$ for BLM21SN) DC resistance: Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Single cycle conditions: Step 1: -55°C ($+0^{\circ}\text{C}$, -3°C)/30 min \pm 3 min Step 2: ordinary temperature/10 min to 15 min Step 3: $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($+3^{\circ}\text{C}$, -0°C)/30 min \pm 3 min Step 4: ordinary temperature/10 min to 15 min Number of testing: 100 cycles Post-treatment: left at a room condition for 48 h \pm 4 h
9.2	Humidity	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Impedance change rate (at 100 MHz): within $\pm 30\%$ (within $\pm 50\%$ for BLM21SN) DC resistance: Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Temperature: $40^{\circ}\text{C}\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Humidity: 90% (RH) to 95% (RH) Test time: 1000 h (+48 h, -0 h) Post-treatment: left at a room condition for 48 h \pm 4 h
9.3	Heat life	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Impedance change rate (at 100 MHz): within $\pm 30\%$ (within $\pm 50\%$ for BLM21SN) DC resistance: Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Temperature: $125^{\circ}\text{C}\pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($85^{\circ}\text{C}\pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ if exceeding rated current 1A) Applied current: rated current at test temperature Test time: 1000 h (+48 h, -0 h) Post-treatment: left at a room condition for 48 h \pm 4 h
9.4	Cold resistance	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Impedance change rate (at 100 MHz): within $\pm 30\%$ (within $\pm 50\%$ for BLM21SN) DC resistance: Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Temperature: $-55^{\circ}\text{C}\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Test time: 1000 h (+48 h, -0 h) Post-treatment: left at a room condition for 48 h \pm 4 h

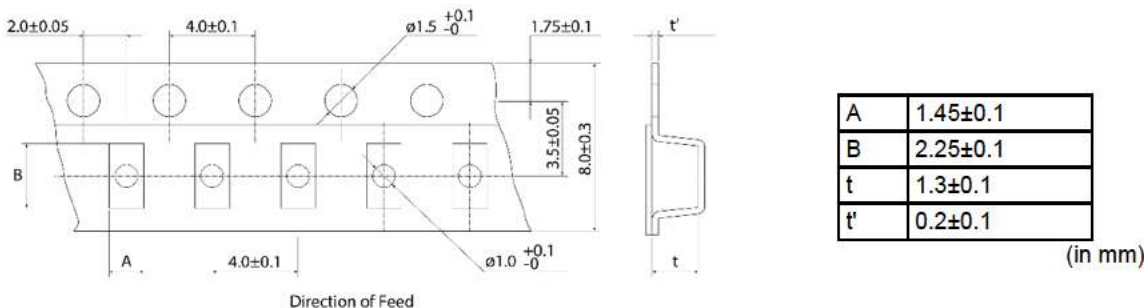
10. Specification of Packaging

10.1 Appearance and dimensions of tape (8 mm width/paper tape)

- 8 mm width/paper tape(except BLM21BD222SN1L, BLM21BD272SN1L)



- 8 mm width/plastic tape(only BLM21BD222SN1L, BLM21BD272SN1L)



* The dimensions of the cavity are measured at its bottom.

10.2 Taping specifications

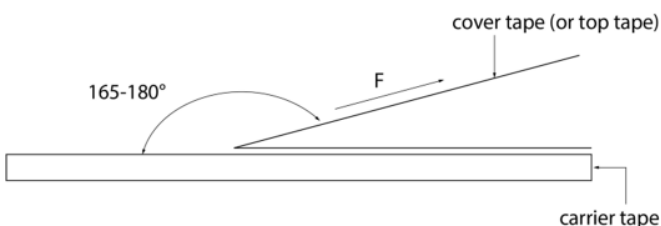
Packing quantity (Standard quantity)	4000 pcs/reel (except BLM21BD222SN1L, BLM21BD272SN1L) 3000 pcs/reel (only BLM21BD222SN1L, BLM21BD272SN1L)
Packing method	The products are placed in cavities of a carrier tape and sealed by a cover tape (top tape and bottom tape when the cavities of the carrier tape are punched type).
Feed hole position	The feed holes on the carrier tape are on the right side when the cover tape (top tape when the cavities of the carrier tape are punched type) is pulled toward the user.
Joint	The carrier tape and cover tape (top tape when the cavities of the carrier tape are punched type) are seamless.
Number of missing products	Number of missing products within 0.025% of the number per reel or 1 pc., whichever is greater, and are not continuous. The specified quantity per reel is kept.

10.3 Break down force of tape

Cover tape (or top tape)	Applied to paper carrier tape	5 N min.
	Applied to Plastic carrier tape	10 N min.
Bottom tape (only when the cavities of the carrier tape are punched type)		5 N min.

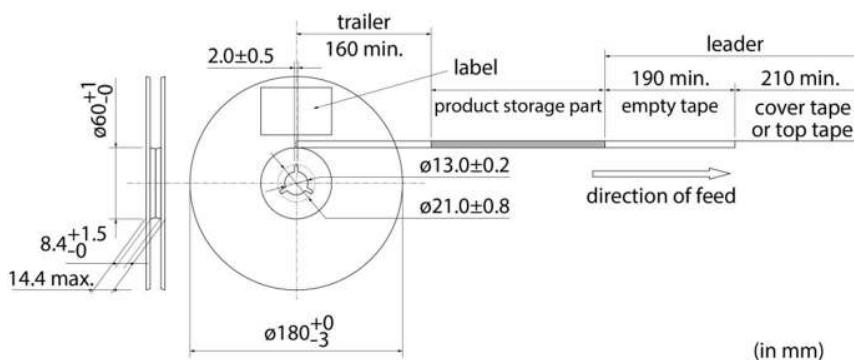
10.4 Peeling off force of tape

Speed of peeling off	300 mm/min
Peeling off force	Paper tape: 0.1 N to 0.6 N (The lower limit is for typical value.)
	Plastic tape: 0.2 N to 0.7 N (The lower limit is for typical value.)



10.5 Dimensions of leader section, trailer section and reel

A vacant section is provided in the leader (start) section and trailer (end) section of the tape for the product. The leader section is further provided with an area consisting only of the cover tape (or top tape). (See the diagram below.)



10.6 Marking for reel

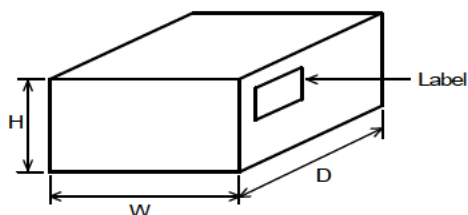
Customer part number, Murata part number, inspection number (*1), RoHS marking (*2), quantity, etc.

*1 Expression of inspection No.: □□ ○○○○ ◇◇◇ (1) (2) (3)	(1) Factory code (2) Date First digit: year/last digit of year Second digit: month/Jan. to Sep. → 1 to 9, Oct. to Dec. → O, N, D Third, Fourth digit: day (3) Serial No.
*2 Expression of RoHS marking: ROHS- Y (△) (1) (2)	(1) RoHS regulation conformity (2) Murata classification number

10.7 Marking on outer box (corrugated box)

Customer name, purchasing order number, customer part number, Murata part number, RoHS marking (*2), quantity, etc.

10.8 Specification of outer box



Dimensions of outer box (mm)			Standard reel quantity in outer box (reel)
W	D	H	
186	186	93	5
* Above outer box size is typical. It depends on a quantity of an order.			

11. ⚠Caution

11.1 Restricted applications

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

- | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|------------------------------|---|
| (1) Aircraft equipment | (2) Aerospace equipment | (3) Undersea equipment | (4) Power plant control equipment |
| (5) Medical equipment | (6) Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.) | (7) Traffic signal equipment | (8) Disaster/crime prevention equipment |
| (9) Data-processing equipment | (10) Applications of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above | | |

11.2 Precautions on rating

Avoid using in exceeded the rated temperature range, rated voltage, or rated current. Usage when the ratings are exceeded could lead to wire breakage, burning, or other serious fault.

11.3 Inrush current

If an inrush current (or pulse current or rush current) that significantly exceeds the rated current is applied to the product, overheating could occur, resulting in wire breakage, burning, or other serious fault.

11.4 Corrosive gas

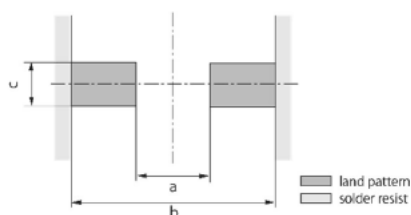
Please refrain from use since contact with environments with corrosive gases (sulfur gas [hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, etc.], chlorine, ammonia, etc.) or oils (cutting oil, silicone oil, etc.) that have come into contact with the previously stated corrosive gas environment will result in deterioration of product quality or an open from deterioration due to corrosion of product electrode, etc. We will not bear any responsibility for use under these environments.

12. Precautions for Use

This product is designed to be mounted by soldering. If you want to use other mounting method, for example, using a conductive adhesive, please consult us beforehand. Also, if repeatedly subjected to temperature cycles or other thermal stress, due to the difference in the coefficient of thermal expansion with the mounting substrate, the solder (solder fillet part) in the mounting part may crack. The occurrence of cracks due to thermal stress is affected by the size of the land where mounted, the solder volume, and the heat dissipation of the mounting substrate. Carefully design it when a large change in ambient temperature is assumed.

12.1 Land dimensions

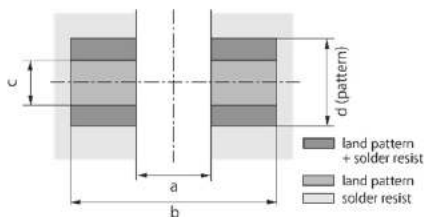
The following diagram shows the recommended land dimensions for flow and reflow soldering:
<Applied to types excluding BLM21PG, BLM21S□ types>



	Flow	Reflow
a	1.1	1.2
b	3.5	2.4
c	0.95	1.25

(in mm)

<Applied to BLM21PG, BLM21S□ types>



	Flow	Reflow
a	1.1	1.2
b	3.5	2.4
c	0.95	1.25

(in mm)

Type	Rated current (A)	Pattern thickness and dimension d		
		18 μm	35 μm	70 μm
BLM21PG	to 2	1.25	1.25	1.25
BLM21PG	3 to 4	2.4	1.25	1.25
BLM21PG	6	6.4	3.3	1.65
BLM21S□	1 to 8.5	-	6.8	3.4

If heat generation from patterns is large, please pay attention since the joint of products with substrates may deteriorate.

(in mm)

12.2 Flux and solder used

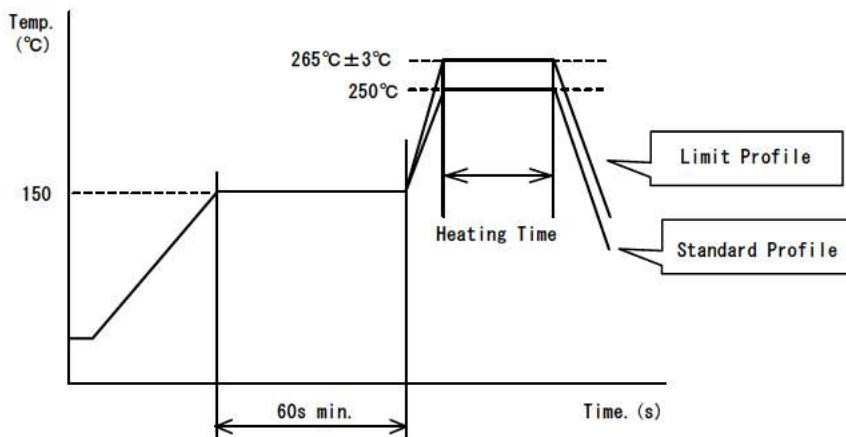
Flux	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use a rosin-based flux. Do not use a highly acidic flux with a halide content exceeding 0.2(wt)% (chlorine conversion value). Do not use a water-soluble flux.
Solder	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder. Standard thickness of solder paste: 100 μm to 200 μm

If you want to use a flux other than the above, please consult our technical department.

12.3 Soldering conditions (flow, reflow)

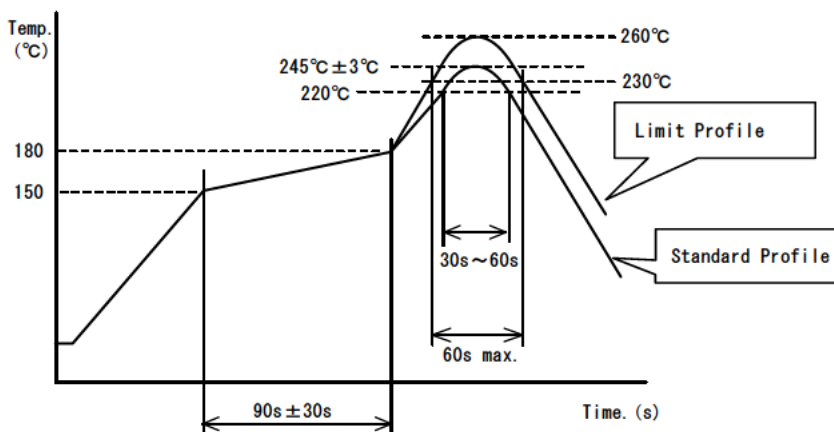
- Pre-heating should be in such a way that the temperature difference between solder and product surface is limited to 150°C max. Cooling into solvent after soldering also should be in such a way that the temperature difference is limited to 100°C max. Insufficient pre-heating may cause cracks on the product, resulting in the deterioration of product quality.
- Standard soldering profile and the limit soldering profile is as follows. The excessive limit soldering conditions may cause leaching of the electrode and/or resulting in the deterioration of product quality.

(1) Flow



	Standard profile	Limit profile
Pre-heating	150°C/60 s min.	150°C/60 s min.
Heating	250°C/4 s to 6 s	265°C±3°C/5 s
Number of flow cycles	2 times	2 times

(2) Reflow



	Standard profile	Limit profile
Pre-heating	150°C to 180°C/90 s ± 30 s	150°C to 180°C/90 s ± 30 s
Heating	Above 220°C/30 s to 60 s	Above 230°C/60 s max.
Peak temperature	245°C ± 3°C	260°C/10 s
Number of reflow cycles	2 times	2 times

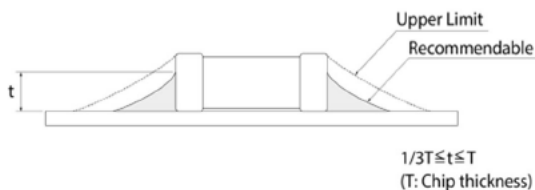
12.4 Reworking with soldering iron

The following requirements must be met to rework a soldered product using a soldering iron.

Item	Requirement
Pre-heating	150°C/approx. 1 min
Tip temperature of soldering iron	350°C max.
Power consumption of soldering iron	80 W max.
Tip diameter of soldering iron	ø3 mm max.
Soldering time	3 s (+1 s, -0 s)
Number of reworking operations	2 times max.
* Avoid a direct contact of the tip of the soldering iron with the product. Such a direction contact may cause cracks in the ceramic body due to thermal shock.	

12.5 Solder volume

Solder shall be used not to be exceeded the upper limits as shown below.



An increased solder volume increases mechanical stress on the product. Exceeding solder volume may cause the failure of mechanical or electrical performance.

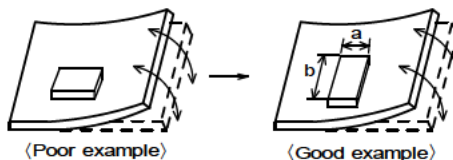
12.6 Product's location

The following shall be considered when designing and laying out PCBs.

(1) PCB shall be designed so that products are not subject to mechanical stress due to warping the board.

[Products direction]

Products shall be located in the sideways direction (length: $a < b$) to the mechanical stress.

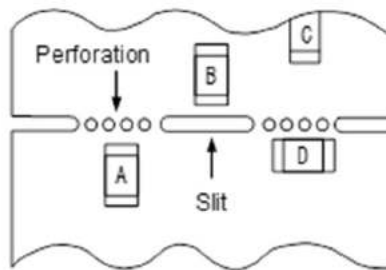


(2) Components location on PCB separation

It is effective to implement the following measures, to reduce stress in separating the board.

It is best to implement all of the following three measures; however, implement as many measures as possible to reduce stress.

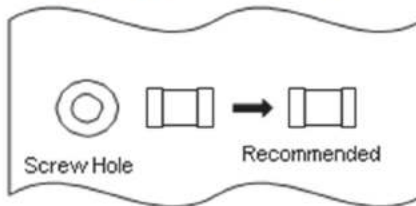
Contents of measures	Stress level
(1) Turn the mounting direction of the component parallel to the board separation surface.	$A > D^{*1}$
(2) Add slits in the board separation part.	$A > B$
(3) Keep the mounting position of the component away from the board separation surface.	$A > C$
*1 $A > D$ is valid when stress is added vertically to the perforation as with hand separation. If a cutting disc is used, stress will be diagonal to the PCB, therefore $A > D$ is invalid.	



(3) Mounting components near screw holes

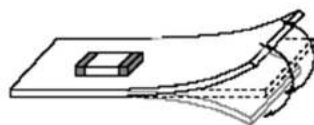
When a component is mounted near a screw hole, it may be affected by the board deflection that occurs during the tightening of the screw.

Mount the component in a position as far away from the screw holes as possible.

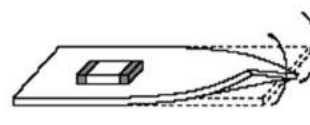


12.7 Handling of substrate

After mounting products on a substrate, do not apply any stress to the product caused by bending or twisting to the substrate when cropping the substrate, inserting and removing a connector from the substrate or tightening screw to the substrate. Excessive mechanical stress may cause cracking in the product.



Bending



Twisting

12.8 Cleaning

Excessive ultrasonic oscillation during cleaning can cause the PCBs to resonate, resulting in cracked chips or broken solder joints. Before starting your production process, test your cleaning equipment / process to insure it does not degrade this product.

12.9 Storage and transportation

Storage period	Use the product within 6 months after delivery. If you do not use the product for more than 6 months, check solderability before using it.
Storage conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The products shall be stored in a room not subject to rapid changes in temperature and humidity. The recommended temperature range is -10°C to +40°C. The recommended relative humidity range is 15% to 85%. • Keeping the product in corrosive gases, such as sulfur, chlorine gas or acid may cause the poor solderability. • Do not place the products directly on the floor; they should be placed on a palette so that they are not affected by humidity or dust. • Avoid keeping the products in a place exposed to direct sunlight, heat or vibration. • Do not keep products in bulk packaging. Bulk storage could result in collisions between the products or between the products and other parts, resulting in chipping or wire breakage. • Avoid storing the product by itself bare (i.e. exposed directly to air).
Transportation	Excessive vibration and impact reduces the reliability of the products. Exercise caution when handling the products.

12.10 Resin coating (including moisture-proof coating)

When the product is coated/molded with resin, its electrical characteristics may change.

A wire breakage issue may occur by mechanical stress caused by the resin, amount/cured shape of resin, or operating condition etc.

Some resins contain impurities or hydrolyzable chlorine, which could result in corrosion of the conducting materials, leading to wire breakage.

So, please pay your careful attention when you select resin in case of coating/molding the products with the resin.

Prior to use the coating resin, please make sure no reliability issue is observed by evaluating products mounted on your board.

12.11 Mounting conditions

Check the mounting condition before using.

Using mounting conditions (nozzles, equipment conditions, etc.) that are not suitable for products may lead to pick up errors, misalignment, or damage to the product.

12.12 Operating environment

Do not use this product under the following environmental conditions as it may cause deterioration of product quality.

- (1) In the corrodible atmosphere such as acidic gases, alkaline gases, chlorine, sulfur gases, organic gases and etc. (the sea breeze, Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, NO₂, etc)
- (2) In the atmosphere where liquid such as organic solvent, may splash on the products.
- (3) In the atmosphere where the temperature/humidity changes rapidly and it is easy to dew.

12.13 Mounting density

If this product is placed near heat-generating products, be sure to implement sufficient heat-dissipating measures.

If this product is subjected to a significant amount of heat from other products, this could adversely affect product quality, resulting in a circuit malfunction or failure of the mounted section. Also, be sure that the product is used in a manner so that the heat that the product is subjected to from other products does not exceed the upper limit of the rated operating temperature for the product.

13.  Note

- (1) Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- (2) You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.
- (3) The contents of this reference specification are subject to change without advance notice.
Please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.