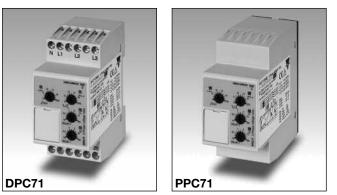
Monitoring Relays True RMS 3-Phase, 3-Phase+N, Multifunction Types DPC71, PPC71

DPC 71 D M48



Product Description

3-phase or 3-phase+neutral line voltage monitoring relay for phase sequence, phase loss, asymmetry, tolerance, over and under voltage (separately adjustable set points) with built-in time delay function.

Supply ranges from 208 to 480 VAC covered by two multivoltage relays.

- TRMS 3-phase over and under voltage, phase sequence, phase loss, asymmetry and tolerance monitoring relay
- Detect when all 3 phases are present and have the correct sequence
- Detect if all the 3-phase-phase or phase-neutral voltages are within the set limits
- Detect if asymmetry and tolerance are within the set value
- Separately adjustable setpoints
- Separately adjustable delay functions (0.1 to 30 s)
- Output: 2 x 5 A relay SPDT NE
- For mounting on DIN-rail in accordance with DIN/EN 50 022 (DPC71) or plug-in module (PPC71)
- 35.5 mm Euronorm housing (DPC71) or 35.5 mm plugin module (PPC71)
- LED indication for relays, alarm and power supply ON

Ordering key

Housing	
Function	
Туре	
Item number	
Output	
Power Supply ———	

Type Selection

Mounting	Output	Frequency	Supply: 208 to 240 VAC	Supply: 380 to 415 VAC	Supply: 380 to 480 VAC
DIN-rail Plug-in	2 x SPDT 2 x SPDT	50 - 60 Hz 50 - 60 Hz	DPC 71 D M23 PPC 71 D M23	PPC 71 D M48	DPC 71 D M48

Input Specifications

Input L1, L2, L3, N Note: Connect the ne if it is intrinsically at th centre	,	Terminals L1, L2, L3, N Terminals 5, 6, 7, 11 Measure their own supply
Measuring ranges M23 M48	DPC71 PPC71	177 to 275 ΔVAC 323 to 550 ΔVAC 323 to 475 ΔVAC
Ranges Upper level Lower level Asymmetry Tolerance		+2 to +22% of the nominal voltage -22 to -2% of the nominal voltage 2 to 22% of the nominal voltage 2 to 22% of the nominal voltage
Note: The input volta not exceed the maxi voltage or drop belo minimum rated volta reported above.	mum rated	
Hysteresis Set points from 2 to Set points from 5 to		1% 2%

Output Specifications

Output	2 x SPDT relays N.E.	
Rated insulation voltage	250 VAC	
Contact ratings (AgSnO ₂) Resistive loads AC 1 DC 12 Small inductive loads AC 15	μ 5 A @ 250 VAC 5 A @ 24 VDC 2.5 A @ 250 VAC	
DC 13	2.5 A @ 24 VDC	
Mechanical life	\geq 30 x 10 ⁶ operations	
Electrical life	\geq 10 ⁵ operations (at 5 A, 250 V, cos ϕ = 1)	
Operating frequency	≤ 7200 operations/h	
Dielectric strength Dielectric voltage Rated impulse withstand volt.	≥ 2 kVAC (rms) 4 kV (1.2/50 µs)	



Supply Specifications

Power supply Rated operational voltage through terminals: L1, L2, L3, N (DPC71) 5, 6, 7, 11 (PPC71)	Overvoltage cat. III (IEC 60664, IEC 60038)	
M23 - Delta Voltage: DPC71 M48 - Delta Voltage: DPC71 M48 - Star Voltage: PPC71 M48 - Delta Voltage: PPC71 M48 - Delta Voltage: PPC71 M48 - Star Voltage:	208 to 240VAC ±15%; 45 to 65Hz 380 to 480VAC ±15%;45 to 65Hz 220 to 277VAC ±15%;45 to 65Hz 380 to 415VAC ±15%;45 to 65Hz 220 to 240VAC ±15%;45 to 65Hz	
Rated operational power M23 M48	6 VA @ ∆230 VAC, 50 Hz 9 VA @ ∆400 VAC, 50 Hz Supplied by L1 and L3	

General Specifications

Power ON delay	1 s \pm 0.5 s or 6 s \pm 0.5 s
Accuracy Temperature drift Delay ON alarm	(15 min warm-up time) ± 1000 ppm/°C ± 10% on set value ± 50 ms
Repeatability	\pm 0.5% on full-scale
Reaction time Incorrect phase sequence or total phase loss Voltage level	< 200 ms (input signal variation from -20% to +20% or from +20% to -20% of set value)
Asymmetry level Alarm ON delay: Alarm OFF delay:	< 200 ms (delay < 0.1 s) < 200 ms (delay < 0.1 s)

Indication for Power supply ON		LED, green
Alarm ON		LED, red (flashing 2 Hz during delay time)
Output relays ON		2 x LED, yellow
Environment		(EN 60529)
Degree of protection Pollution degree		IP 20 3 (DPC71), 2 (PPC71)
Operating temperature @ Max. voltage, 50 Hz @ Max. voltage, 60 Hz		-20 to +60°C, R.H. < 95% -20 to +50°C, R.H. < 95%
Storage temperat	ure	-30 to +80°C, R.H. < 95%
Housing		
Dimensions	DPC71	35.5 x 81 x 67.2 mm
	PPC71	35.5 x 81.2 x 75 mm
Material		PA66 or noryl
Weight		Approx. 220 g
Screw terminals		(DPC71)
Tightening torque		Max. 0.5 Nm
		acc. to IEC 60947
Product standard		EN 60255-6
Approvals		UL
CE Marking		L.V. Directive 2006/95/EC
		EMC Directive 2004/108/EC
EMC		
Immunity		According to EN 60255-26
- · ·		According to EN 61000-6-2
Emissions		According to EN 60255-26 According to EN 61000-6-3

General Specifications (cont.)

Mode of Operation

Asymmetry definition.

Asymmetry is an indicator of the mains quality and it is defined as the absolute value of the maximum deviation among the mains voltages, divided by the nominal voltage of the 3-phase system. The definition changes according to the voltage reference:

1) in case of measuring phase-phase voltages:

$$\frac{\max |\Delta V_{PH-PH}|}{V_{\Delta NOM}} \propto 100$$

2) in case of measuring phase-neutral voltages:

$$\frac{|max|\Delta V_{PH-N}|}{|V_{\lambda NOM}|} \quad x \ 100$$

Tolerance definition.

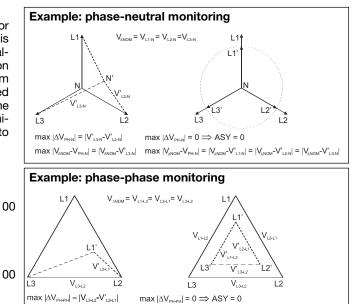
Tolerance is another indicator of the mains quality and it is definied as the absolute value of the maximum deviation of the mains voltages from the nominal voltage, divided by the nominal voltage of the 3-phase system. The definition changes according to the voltage reference:

1) in case of measuring phase-phase voltages:

$$\frac{\max |V_{\Delta NOM} - V_{PH-PH}|}{V_{\Delta NOM}} \times 1$$

2) in case of measuring phase-neutral voltages:

$$\frac{\max |V_{\lambda \text{NOM}} - V_{\text{PH-N}}|}{V_{\lambda \text{NOM}}} \times 1$$



 $\max |V_{\text{ANOM}} - V_{\text{PH,PH}}| = |V_{\text{ANOM}} - V'_{\text{L2-L1}}| \quad \max |V_{\text{ANOM}} - V_{\text{PH,PH}}| = |V_{\text{ANOM}} - V'_{\text{L1-L3}}| = |V_{\text{ANOM}} - V'_{\text{L2-L1}}| = |V_{\text{ANOM}} - V'_{\text{L2-L1}}|$



Mode of Operation (cont.)

Connected to the 3 phases (and neutral) DPC71 and PPC71 operate when all 3 phases are present at the same time and the phase sequence is correct. It can be decided whether to monitor upper and lower voltage level of each phase or their asymmetry and tolerance.

Voltage level monitoring:

if one or more phase-phase or phase-neutral voltage exceed the upper set level or drop below the lower set level, the red LED starts flashing 2 Hz and the respective output relay releases after the set time period.

Asymmetry and tolerance monitoring:

if one or more phase-phase or phase-neutral voltage exceed the set levels the red LED starts flashing 2 Hz and the respective output relay releases after the set time period.

Note: For both functions, if the phase sequence is wrong or one phase is lost, both output relays release immediately. Only 200 ms delay occurs. The failure is indicated by the red LED flashing 5 Hz during the alarm condition.

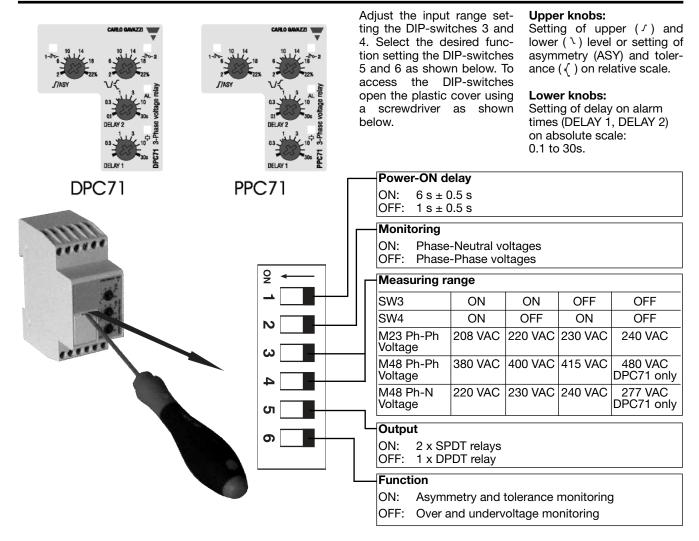
Example 1

(Mains monitoring - over and under phase-phase voltage) The relay monitors over and under voltage, phase loss and correct phase sequence.

Example 2

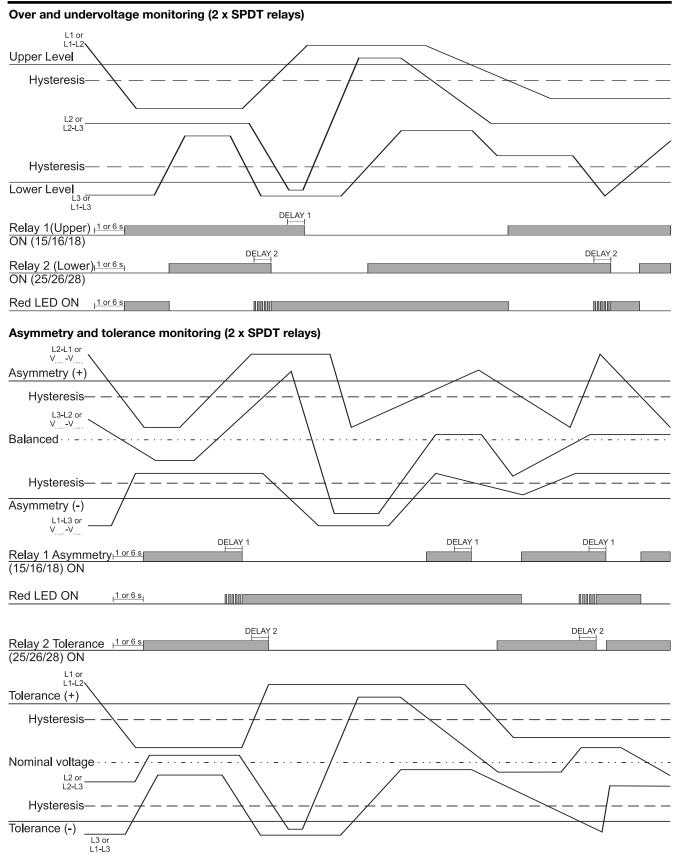
(Motor monitoring - starting and operating load - asymmetry and tolerance of phase-neutral voltage) DPC71 and PPC71 ensure correct starting and operating conditions. They monitor the voltage level, phase sequence (correct direction of the motor rotation) and asymmetry. Frequent failures are fuse blowing and incorrect voltage level. In case of fuse blowing the motor regenerates a voltage in the interrupted phase. The relay detects the failure and reacts due to excessive imbalance among the phases.

Function/Range/Level/Time Setting





Operation Diagrams

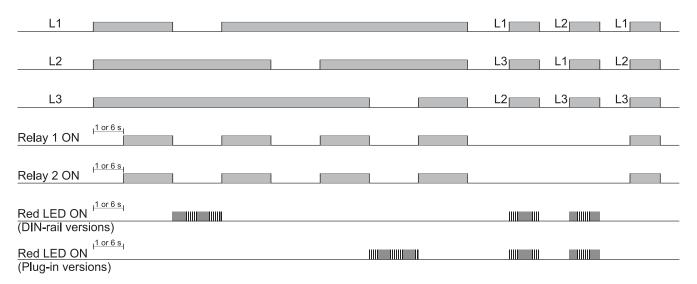


Specifications are subject to change without notice (12.05.10)

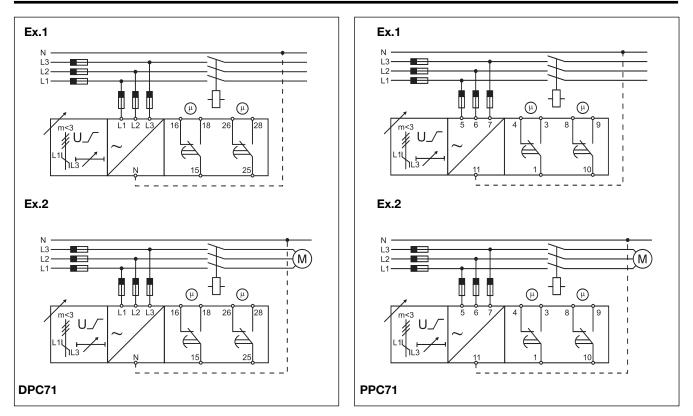


Operation Diagrams (cont.)

Phase sequence, total phase loss



Wiring Diagrams





Dimensions

