

# 400MHz, Ultra-Low-Distortion Op Amps

## General Description

The MAX4108/MAX4109/MAX4308/MAX4309 op amps combine ultra-high-speed performance with ultra-low-distortion operation. The MAX4108 is compensated for unity-gain stability; the MAX4109, MAX4308, and MAX4309 are compensated for minimum closed-loop gains ( $A_{VCL}$ ) of 2V/V, 5V/V, and 10V/V, respectively.

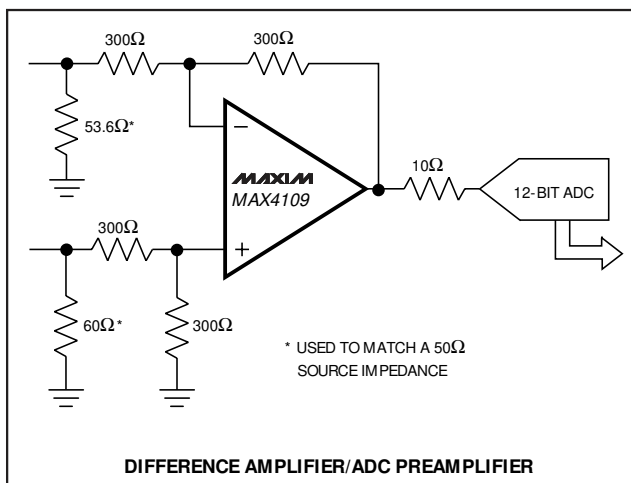
The MAX4108 delivers a 400MHz unity-gain bandwidth with a 1200V/ $\mu$ s slew rate. An ultra-low-distortion design provides an unprecedented spurious-free dynamic range of -93dBc (MAX4108) at 5MHz ( $V_{OUT} = 2V_{p-p}$ ,  $R_L = 100\Omega$ ), making these amplifiers ideal for high-performance RF signal processing.

These high-speed op amps feature a wide output voltage swing and a high-current output-drive capability of 90mA.

## Applications

High-Speed ADC/DAC Preamp  
 RGB and Composite Video  
 High-Performance Receivers  
 Pulse/RF Amplifier  
 Active Filters  
 Ultrasound  
 Broadcast and High-Definition TV

## Typical Application Circuit



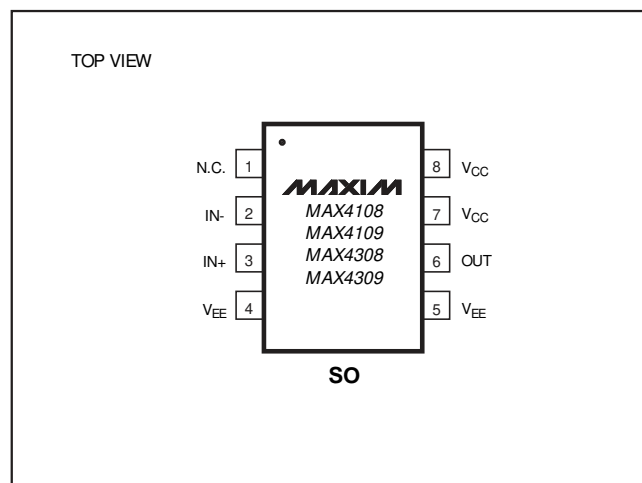
## Features

- ◆ **High Speed:**
  - 400MHz Unity-Gain Bandwidth (MAX4108)
  - 225MHz -3dB Bandwidth ( $A_{VCL} = +2$ , MAX4109)
  - 220MHz -3dB Bandwidth ( $A_{VCL} = +5$ , MAX4308)
  - 200MHz -3dB Bandwidth ( $A_{VCL} = +10$ , MAX4309)
- ◆ **1200V/ $\mu$ s Slew Rate**
- ◆ **Excellent Spurious-Free Dynamic Range:**
  - 93dBc at  $f_c = 5$ MHz (MAX4108)
  - 90dBc at  $f_c = 5$ MHz (MAX4109)
- ◆ **100MHz 0.1dB Gain Flatness (MAX4108)**
- ◆ **High Full-Power Bandwidth: 300MHz (MAX4108,  $V_O = 2V_{p-p}$ )**
- ◆ **High Output Drive: 90mA**
- ◆ **Output Short-Circuit Protected**
- ◆ **Low Differential Gain/Phase: 0.004%/0.008°**

## Ordering Information

| PART       | TEMP. RANGE    | PIN-PACKAGE |
|------------|----------------|-------------|
| MAX4108ESA | -40°C to +85°C | 8 SO        |
| MAX4109ESA | -40°C to +85°C | 8 SO        |
| MAX4308ESA | -40°C to +85°C | 8 SO        |
| MAX4309ESA | -40°C to +85°C | 8 SO        |

## Pin Configuration



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## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

|  |  |   |                 |
|--|--|---|-----------------|
| Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> to V <sub>EE</sub> ).....  | 12V  | Operating Temperature Range .....         | -40°C to +85°C  |
| Voltage on Any Pin to Ground or<br>Any Other Pin .....   | (V <sub>EE</sub> - 0.3V) to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V) | Storage Temperature Range .....           | -65°C to +150°C |
| Short-Circuit Duration (OUT to GND) .....  | Continuous   | Junction Temperature .....                | +150°C          |
| Continuous Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C)<br>SO (derate 5.88mW/°C above +70°C) ..... | 471mW  | Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec) ..... | +300°C          |

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V<sub>CC</sub> = +5V, V<sub>EE</sub> = -5V, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

| PARAMETER                                       | SYMBOL             | CONDITIONS  | MIN         | TYP         | MAX | UNITS  |
|---|--------------------|---|-------------|-------------|-----|--------|
| <b>DC SPECIFICATIONS (R<sub>L</sub> = ∞)</b>    |                    |   |             |             |     |        |
| Input Offset Voltage                            | V <sub>OS</sub>    | V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V   |             | 1           | 8   | mV     |
| Input Offset Voltage Drift                      | TCV <sub>OS</sub>  | V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V   |             | 13          |     | μV/°C  |
| Input Bias Current                              | I <sub>B</sub>     | V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V, V <sub>IN</sub> = -V <sub>OS</sub>             |             | 12          | 34  | μA     |
| Input Offset Current                            | I <sub>OS</sub>    | V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V, V <sub>IN</sub> = -V <sub>OS</sub>             |             | 0.05        | 2.5 | μA     |
| Common-Mode Input Resistance                    | R <sub>INCM</sub>  | Either input  |             | 1.5         |     | MΩ     |
| Common-Mode Input Capacitance                   | C <sub>INCM</sub>  | Either input  |             | 1           |     | pF     |
| Input Voltage Noise                             | e <sub>n</sub>     | f = 10kHz   |             | 6           |     | nV/√Hz |
| Integrated Voltage Noise                        | E <sub>nRMS</sub>  | f <sub>B</sub> = 1MHz to 100MHz                                       |             | 75          |     | μVRMS  |
| Input Current Noise                             | i <sub>n</sub>     | f = 10kHz   |             | 2           |     | pA/√Hz |
| Integrated Current Noise                        | I <sub>n</sub>     | f <sub>B</sub> = 1MHz to 100MHz                                       |             | 25          |     | nARMS  |
| Common-Mode Input Voltage                       | V <sub>CM</sub>    |   | -2.5        |             | 2.5 | V      |
| Common-Mode Rejection                           | CMR                | V <sub>CM</sub> = ±2.5V   | 70          | 100         |     | dB     |
| Power-Supply Rejection                          | PSR                | V <sub>S</sub> = ±4.5V to ±5.5V                                       | 70          | 90          |     | dB     |
| Open-Loop Voltage Gain                          | A <sub>OL</sub>    | V <sub>OUT</sub> = ±2.0V, V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V, R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω | 70          | 100         |     | dB     |
| Quiescent Supply Current                        | I <sub>S</sub>     | V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V  |             | 20          | 27  | mA     |
| Output Voltage Swing                            | V <sub>OUT</sub>   | R <sub>L</sub> = ∞  | 2.5 to -3.1 | 2.9 to -3.8 |     | V      |
|   |                    | R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω   | 2.5 to -3.1 | 2.7 to -3.7 |     |        |
| Output Current Drive                            | I <sub>OUT</sub>   | R <sub>L</sub> = 33Ω, T <sub>A</sub> = 0°C to +85°C                   | 65          | 90          |     | mA     |
| Short-Circuit Output Current                    | I <sub>SC</sub>    | Short to ground   |             | 100         |     | mA     |
| <b>AC SPECIFICATIONS (R<sub>L</sub> = 100Ω)</b> |                    |   |             |             |     |        |
| -3dB Bandwidth                                  | BW <sub>-3dB</sub> | V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 0.1V <sub>RMS</sub>                                | MAX4108     | 400         |     | MHz    |
|   |                    |   | MAX4109     | 225         |     |        |
|   |                    |   | MAX4308     | 220         |     |        |
|   |                    |   | MAX4309     | 200         |     |        |

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MAX4108/MAX4109/MAX4308/MAX4309

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

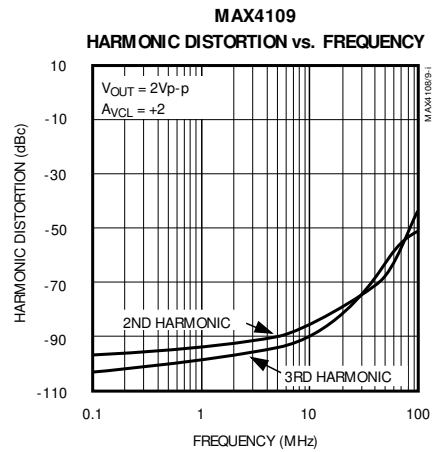
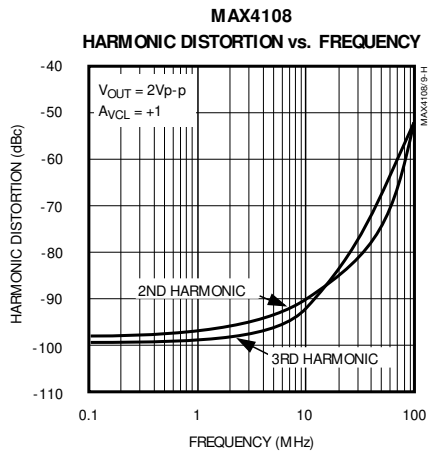
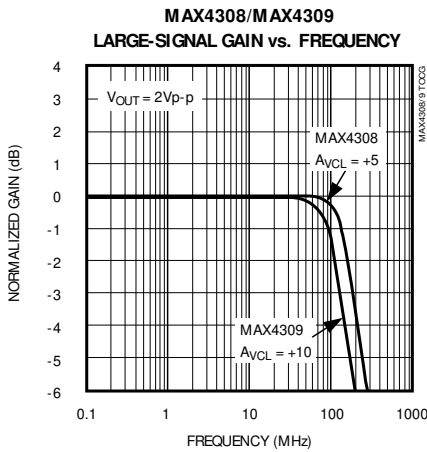
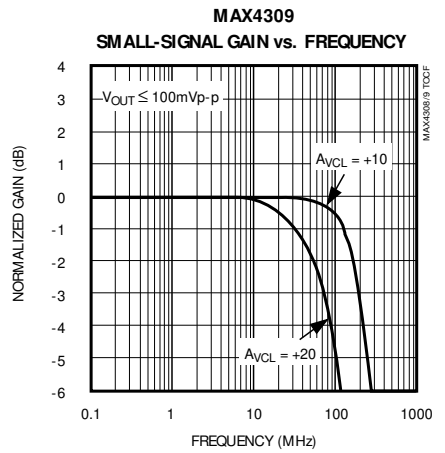
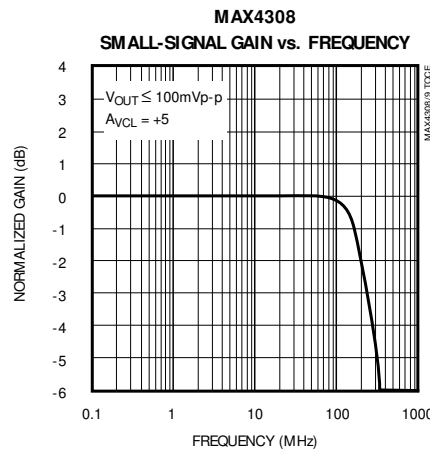
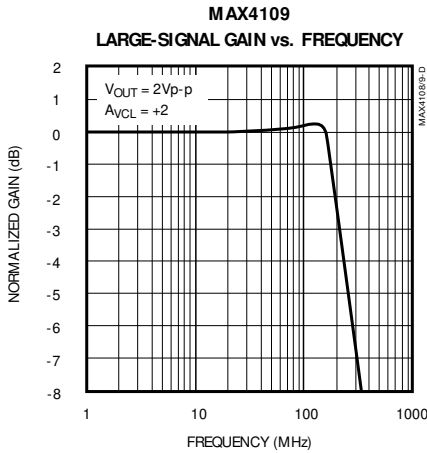
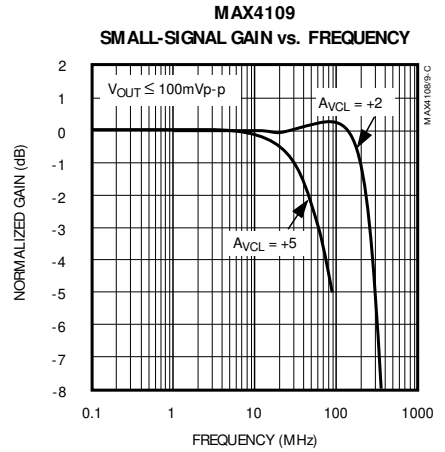
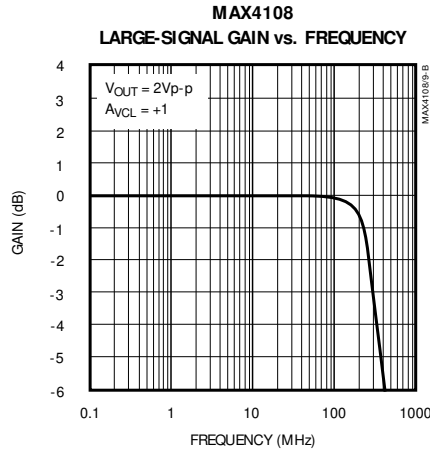
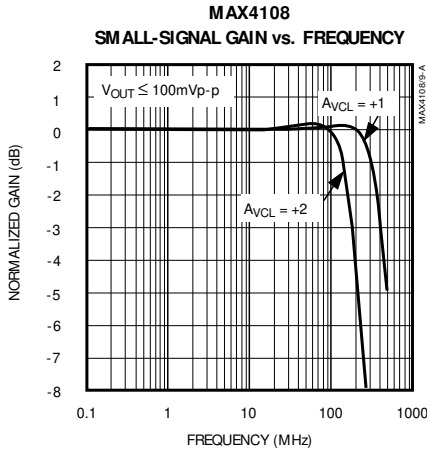
(V<sub>CC</sub> = +5V, V<sub>EE</sub> = -5V, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

| PARAMETER   | SYMBOL                          | CONDITIONS   |  | MIN | TYP   | MAX | UNITS   |
|---|---------------------------------|--|--|-----|-------|-----|---------|
| <b>AC SPECIFICATIONS (R<sub>L</sub> = 100Ω) (continued)</b> |                                 |  |  |     |       |     |         |
| Full-Power Bandwidth  | FPBW                            | V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2Vp-p                                     | MAX4108  |     | 300   |     | MHz     |
|   |                                 |  | MAX4109  |     | 200   |     |         |
|   |                                 |  | MAX4308  |     | 190   |     |         |
|   |                                 |  | MAX4309  |     | 130   |     |         |
| 0.1dB Gain Flatness   | BW <sub>0.1dB</sub>             | MAX4108, A <sub>VCL</sub> = +1                               |  |     | 100   |     | MHz     |
|   |                                 | MAX4109, A <sub>VCL</sub> = +2                               |  |     | 25    |     |         |
|   |                                 | MAX4308, A <sub>VCL</sub> = +5                               |  |     | 100   |     |         |
|   |                                 | MAX4309, A <sub>VCL</sub> = +10                              |  |     | 30    |     |         |
| Slew Rate   | SR                              | -2V ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 2V                                  |  |     | 1200  |     | V/μs    |
| Settling Time   | t <sub>s</sub>                  | -1V ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 1V                                  | To 0.1%  |     | 8     |     | ns      |
|   |                                 |  | To 0.01%   |     | 12    |     |         |
| Rise/Fall Times   | t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub> | 10% to 90%   | -2V ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 2V                      |     | 3     |     | ns      |
|   |                                 |  | -50mV ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 50mV                  |     | 2     |     |         |
| Differential Gain   | DG                              | f = 3.58MHz, R <sub>L</sub> = 150Ω                           |  |     | 0.004 |     | %       |
| Differential Phase  | DP                              | f = 3.58MHz, R <sub>L</sub> = 150Ω                           |  |     | 0.008 |     | degrees |
| Input Capacitance   | C <sub>IN</sub>                 |  |  |     | 2     |     | pF      |
| Output Resistance   | R <sub>OUT</sub>                | f = 10MHz  |  |     | 1     |     | Ω       |
| Spurious-Free Dynamic Range                                 | SFDR                            | MAX4108,<br>V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2Vp-p, A <sub>VCL</sub> = +1  | f <sub>C</sub> = 5MHz,<br>R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω  |     | -93   |     | dBc     |
|   |                                 |  | f <sub>C</sub> = 20MHz,<br>R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω |     | -81   |     |         |
|   |                                 | MAX4109,<br>V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2Vp-p, A <sub>VCL</sub> = +2  | f <sub>C</sub> = 5MHz,<br>R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω  |     | -90   |     |         |
|   |                                 |  | f <sub>C</sub> = 20MHz,<br>R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω |     | -80   |     |         |
|   |                                 | MAX4308,<br>V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2Vp-p, A <sub>VCL</sub> = +5  | f <sub>C</sub> = 5MHz,<br>R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω  |     | -83   |     |         |
|   |                                 |  | f <sub>C</sub> = 20MHz,<br>R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω |     | -80   |     |         |
|   |                                 | MAX4309,<br>V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2Vp-p, A <sub>VCL</sub> = +10 | f <sub>C</sub> = 5MHz,<br>R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω  |     | -83   |     |         |
|   |                                 |  | f <sub>C</sub> = 20MHz,<br>R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω |     | -80   |     |         |
| Third-Order Intercept                                       | IP3                             | f <sub>C</sub> = 10MHz                                       | MAX4108  |     | 39    |     | dBm     |
|   |                                 |  | MAX4109  |     | 36    |     |         |
|   |                                 |  | MAX4308  |     | 46    |     |         |
|   |                                 |  | MAX4309  |     | 43    |     |         |

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## Typical Operating Characteristics

( $V_{CC} = +5V$ ,  $V_{EE} = -5V$ ,  $R_L = 100\Omega$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

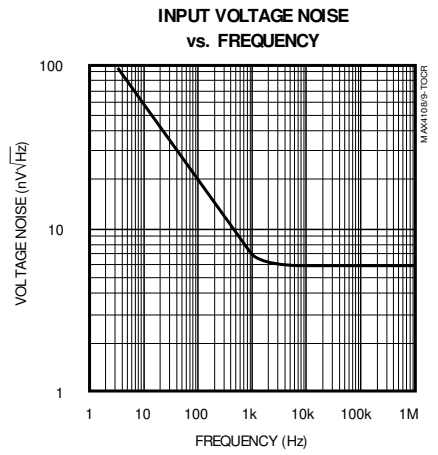
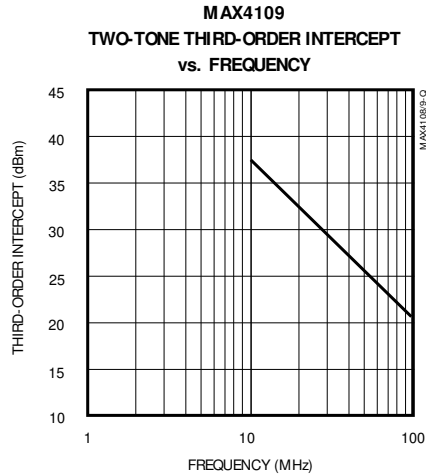
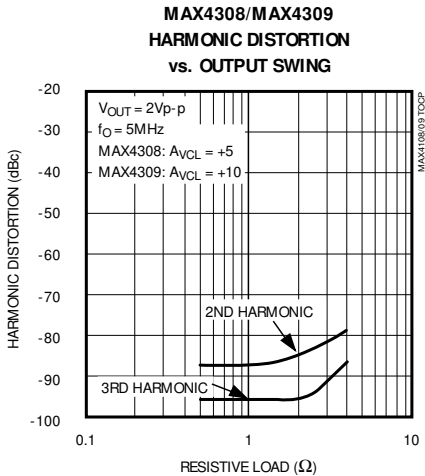
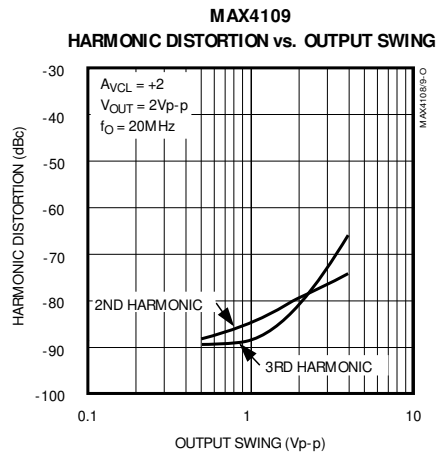
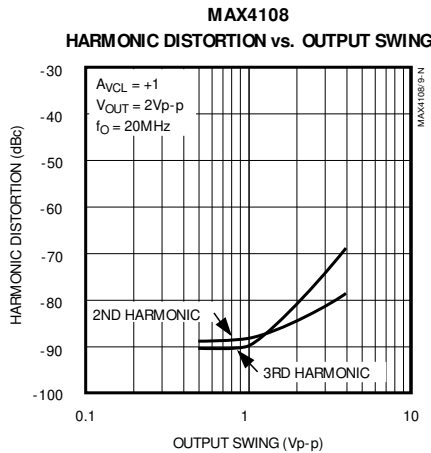
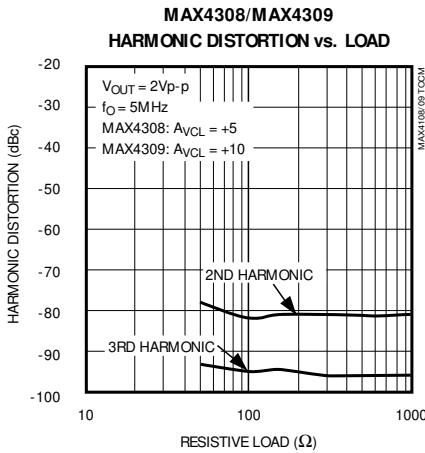
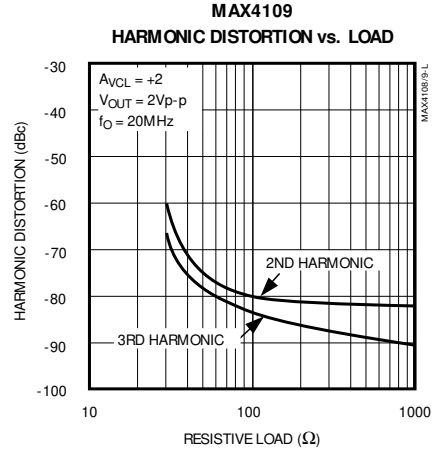
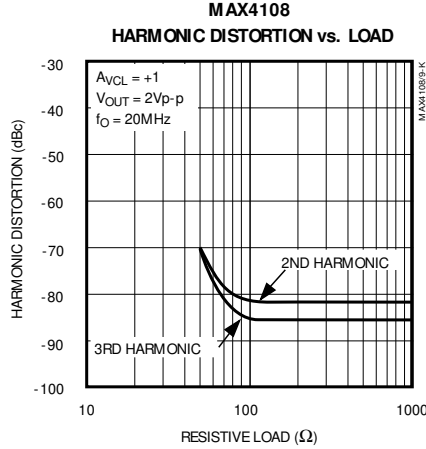
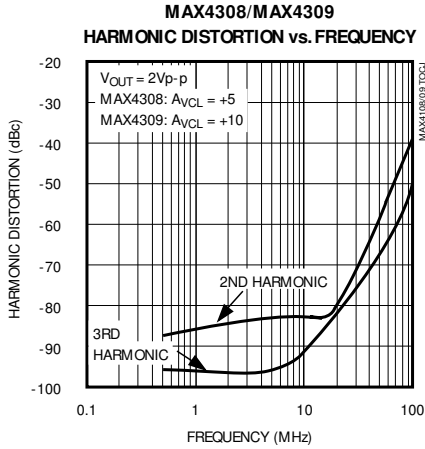


# 400MHz, Ultra-Low-Distortion Op Amps

## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{CC} = +5V$ ,  $V_{EE} = -5V$ ,  $R_L = 100\Omega$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

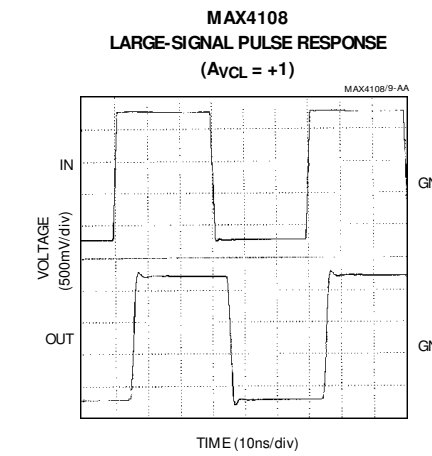
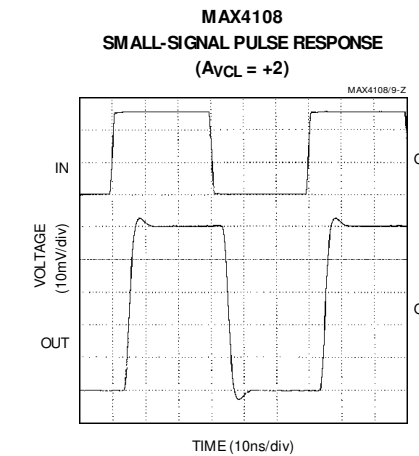
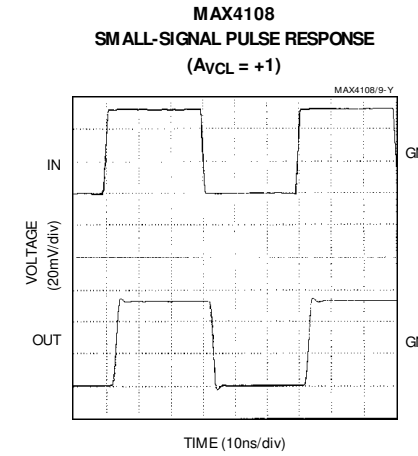
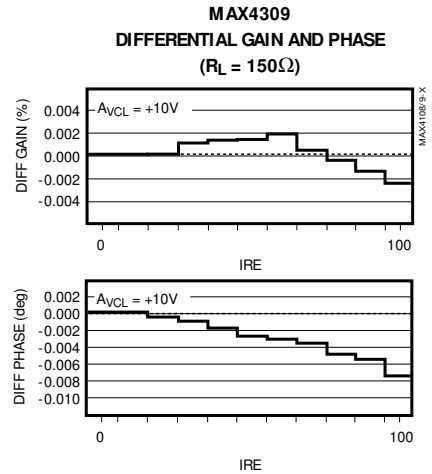
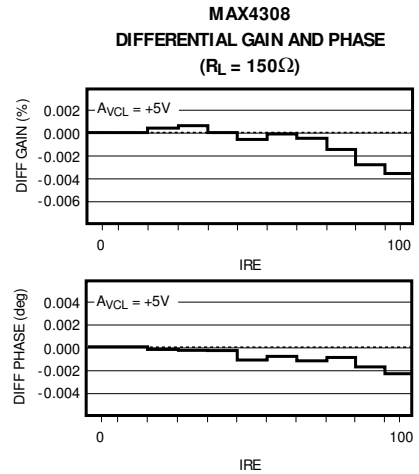
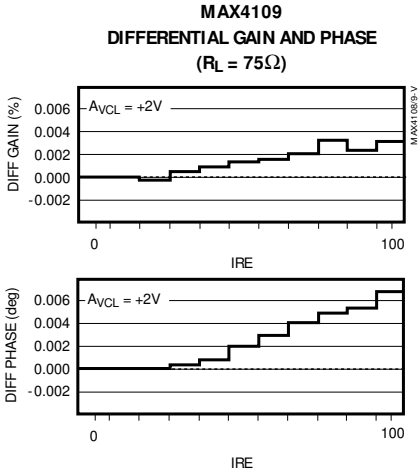
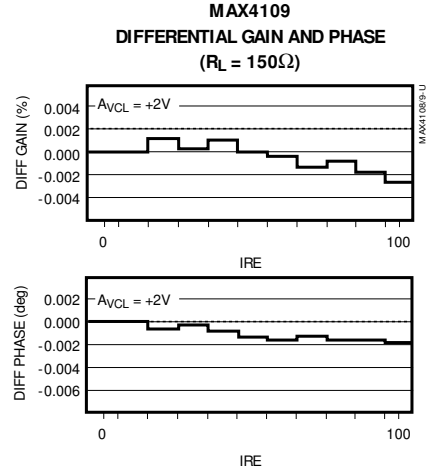
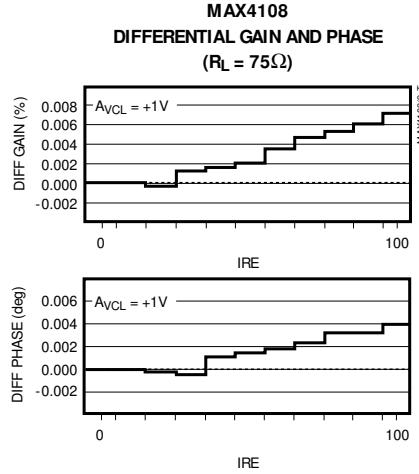
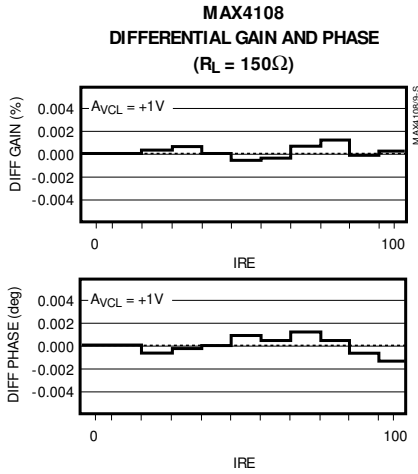
MAX4108/MAX4109/MAX4308/MAX4309



# 400MHz, Ultra-Low-Distortion Op Amps

## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{CC} = +5V$ ,  $V_{EE} = -5V$ ,  $R_L = 100\Omega$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)



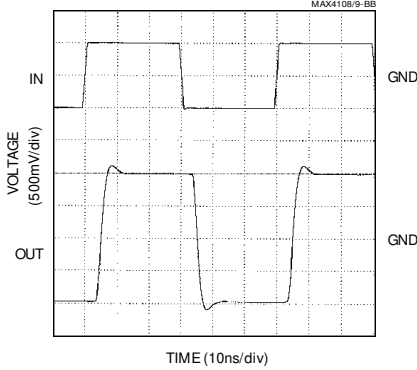
# 400MHz, Ultra-Low-Distortion Op Amps

## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

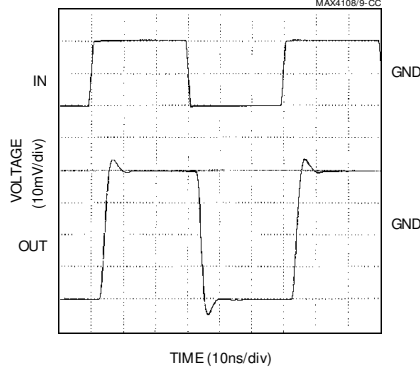
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MAX4108/MAX4109/MAX4308/MAX4309

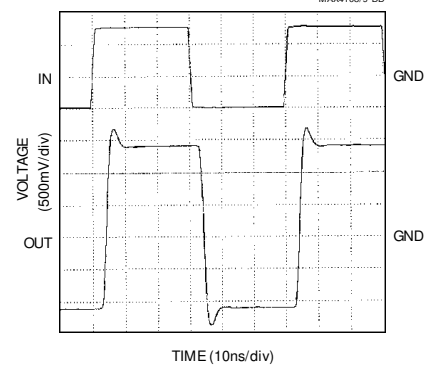
**MAX4108**  
LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE  
( $A_{VCL} = +2$ )



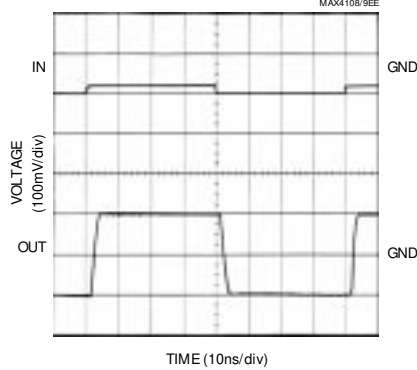
**MAX4109**  
SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE  
( $A_{VCL} = +2$ )



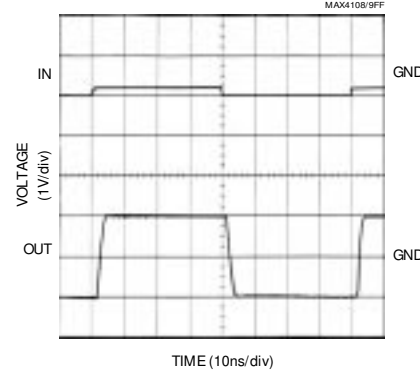
**MAX4109**  
LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE  
( $A_{VCL} = +2$ )



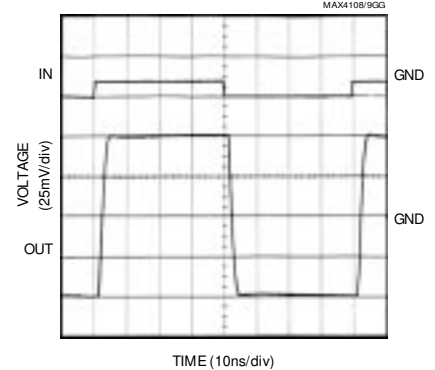
**MAX4308**  
SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE  
( $A_{VCL} = +5$ )



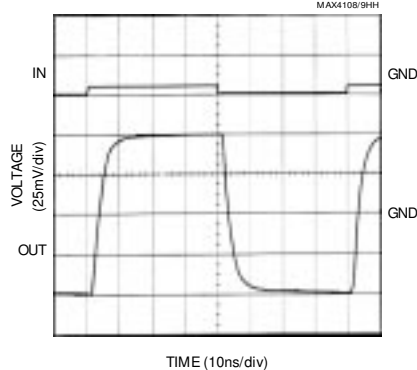
**MAX4308**  
LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE  
( $A_{VCL} = +5$ )



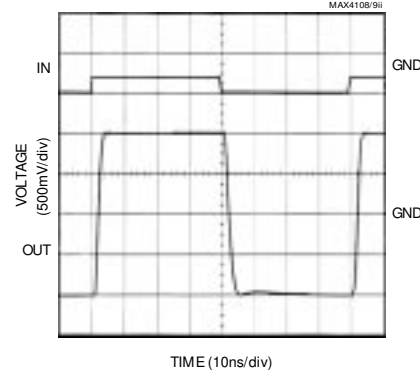
**MAX4309**  
SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE  
( $A_{VCL} = +10$ )



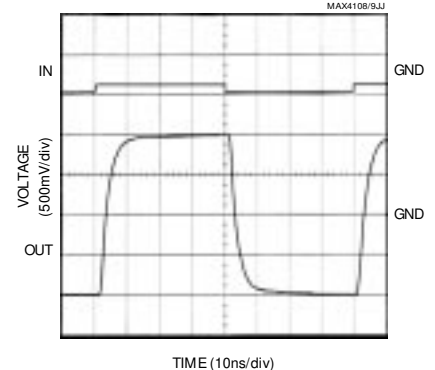
**MAX4309**  
SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE  
( $A_{VCL} = +20$ )



**MAX4309**  
LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE  
( $A_{VCL} = +10$ )



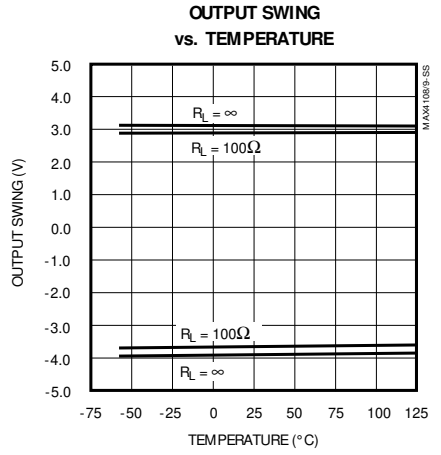
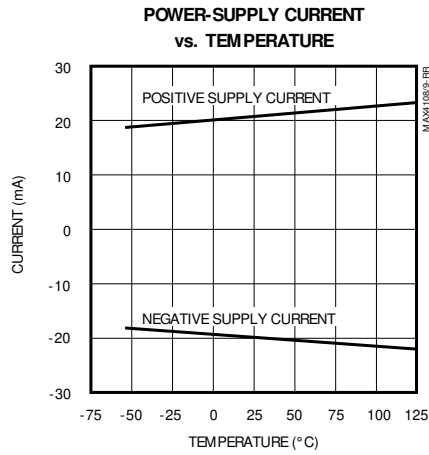
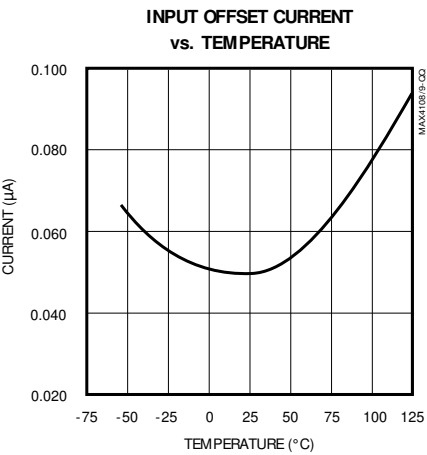
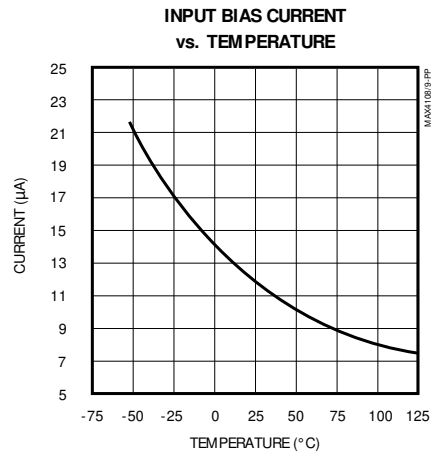
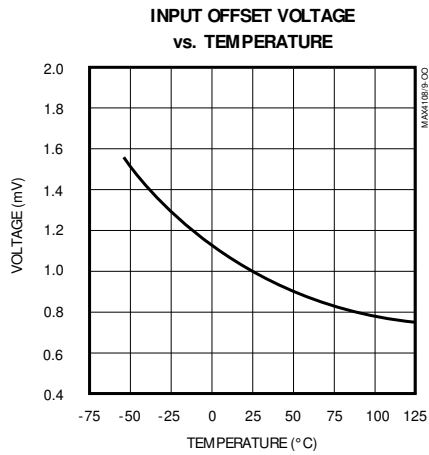
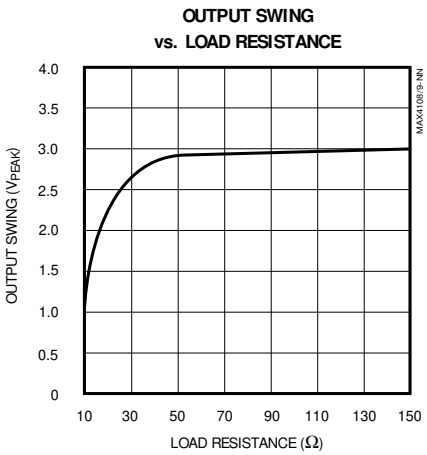
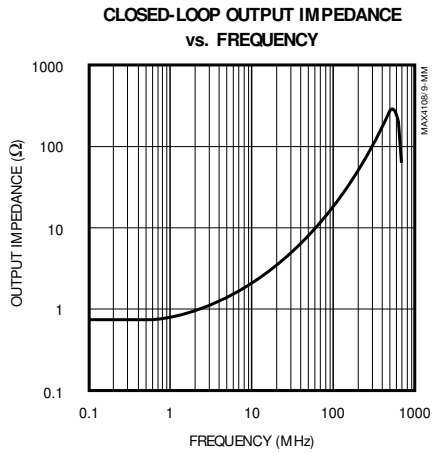
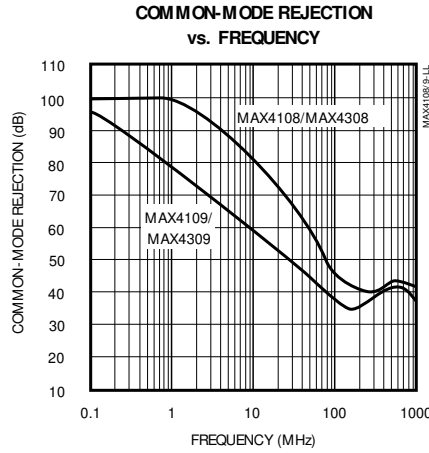
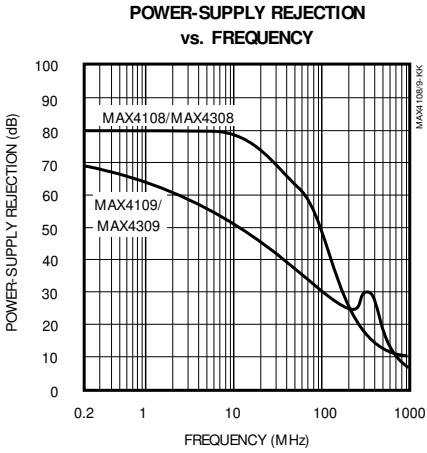
**MAX4309**  
LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE  
( $A_{VCL} = +20$ )



# 400MHz, Ultra-Low-Distortion Op Amps

## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{CC} = +5V$ ,  $V_{EE} = -5V$ ,  $R_L = 100\Omega$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)





# 400MHz, Ultra-Low-Distortion Op Amps

## Pin Description

| PIN  | NAME            | FUNCTION  |
|------|-----------------|---|
| 1    | N.C.            | No Connection. Not internally connected.              |
| 2    | IN-             | Inverting Input                                       |
| 3    | IN+             | Noninverting Input                                    |
| 4, 5 | VEE             | Negative Power Supply, connect to -5V <sub>DC</sub> . |
| 6    | OUT             | Amplifier Output                                      |
| 7, 8 | V <sub>CC</sub> | Positive Power Supply, connect to +5V <sub>DC</sub> . |

## Detailed Description

### Choosing Resistor Values

#### Unity-Gain Configuration

The MAX4108 is internally compensated for unity gain. When configured for unity gain, the device requires a small resistor in series with the feedback path. This resistor improves the AC response by reducing the Q of the tank circuit, which is formed by parasitic feedback inductance and capacitance.

### Inverting and Noninverting Configurations

The values of the gain-setting feedback and input resistors are important design considerations. Large resistor values will increase voltage noise, and will interact with the amplifier's input and PC board capacitance to generate undesirable poles and zeros, which can decrease bandwidth or cause oscillations. For example, a noninverting gain of +2, using 1kΩ resistors combined with 2pF of input capacitance and 0.5pF of board capacitance, will cause a feedback pole at 128MHz. If this pole is within the anticipated amplifier bandwidth, it will jeopardize stability. Reducing these 1kΩ resistors to 100Ω will extend the pole frequency to 1.28GHz, but could limit output swing by adding 200Ω in parallel with the amplifier's load. Clearly, the selection of resistor values must be tailored to the specific application.

The MAX4108/MAX4109/MAX4308/MAX4309 are ultra-low-distortion, high-bandwidth op amps. The output distortion will be degraded as the total load resistance seen by the amplifier decreases. To minimize distortion products, keep the input and gain-setting resistors relatively large. A 500Ω feedback resistor combined with an appropriate input resistor to set the gain will provide excellent AC performance without significantly increasing distortion.

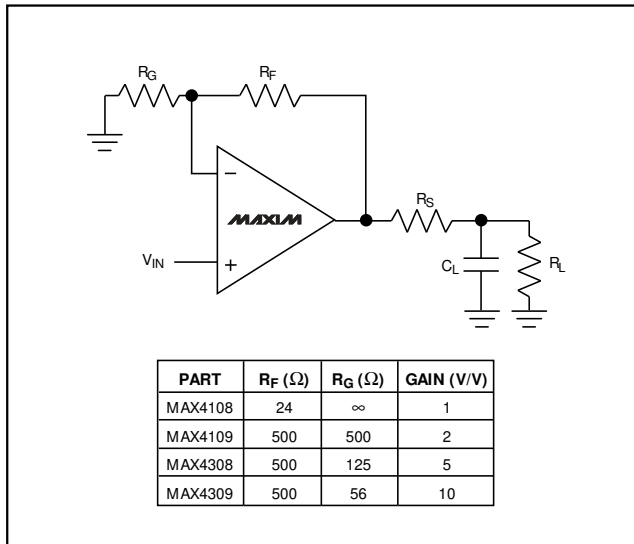


Figure 1a. Using an Isolation Resistor for High Capacitive Loads

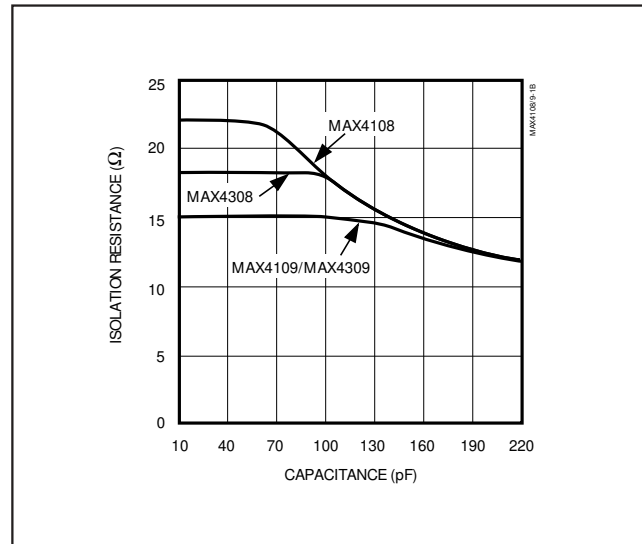


Figure 1b. Optimal Isolation Resistor ( $R_S$ ) vs. Capacitive Load

MAX4108/MAX4109/MAX4308/MAX4309

# 400MHz, Ultra-Low-Distortion Op Amps

## Driving Capacitive Loads

The MAX4108/MAX4109/MAX4308/MAX4309 are optimized for AC performance. They are not designed to drive highly reactive loads. Reactive loads will decrease phase margin and may produce excessive ringing and oscillation. Figure 1a shows a circuit that

eliminates this problem, and Figure 1b is a graph of the optimal isolation resistor ( $R_S$ ) vs. capacitive load. Figures 2a–2d show how a capacitive load causes excessive peaking of the amplifier’s bandwidth if the capacitive load is not isolated ( $R_S$ ) from the amplifier. A small isolation resistor (usually 15 $\Omega$  to 22 $\Omega$ ) placed

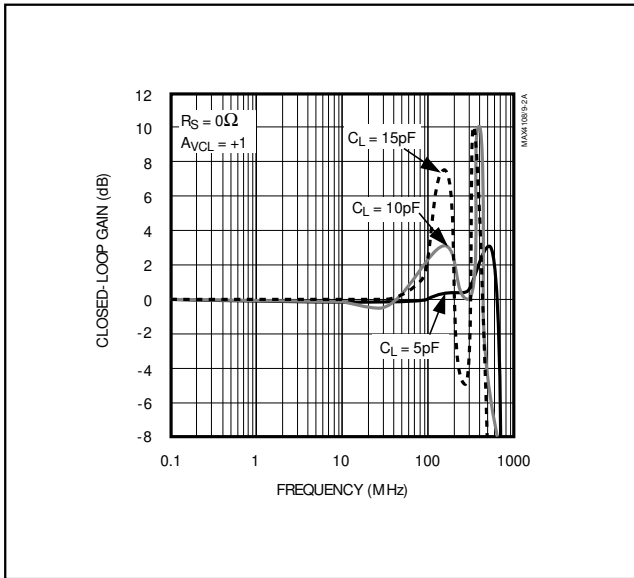


Figure 2a. MAX4108 Response vs. Capacitive Load—No Resistive ( $R_S$ ) Isolation (circuit shown in Figure 1a)

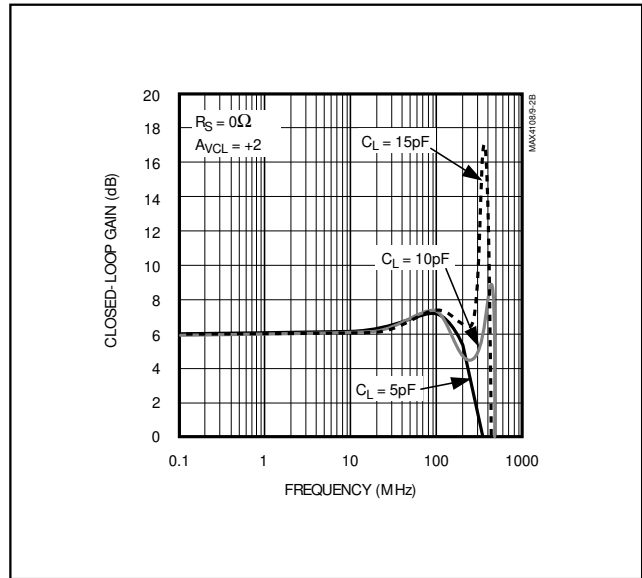


Figure 2b. MAX4109 Response vs. Capacitive Load—No Resistive ( $R_S$ ) Isolation (circuit shown in Figure 1a)

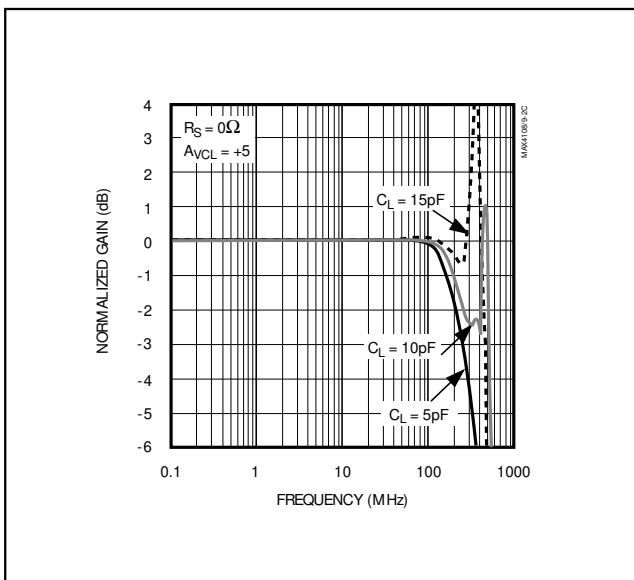


Figure 2c. MAX4308 Response vs. Capacitive Load—No Resistive ( $R_S$ ) Isolation (circuit shown in Figure 1a)

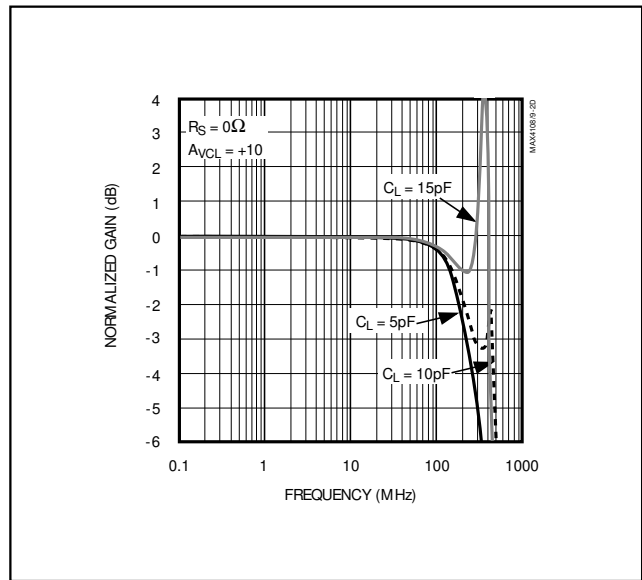


Figure 2d. MAX4309 Response vs. Capacitive Load—No Resistive ( $R_S$ ) Isolation (circuit shown in Figure 1a)

# 400MHz, Ultra-Low-Distortion Op Amps

before the reactive load prevents ringing and oscillation. At higher capacitive loads, AC performance will be controlled by the interaction of the load capacitance and isolation resistor. Figures 3a–3c show the effect of an isolation resistor on the MAX4108/MAX4109/MAX4308/MAX4309 closed-loop response.

Coaxial cable and other transmission lines are easily driven when terminated at both ends with their characteristic impedance. When driving back-terminated transmission lines, the capacitance of the transmission line is essentially eliminated.

### ADC Input Buffers

Input buffer amplifiers can be a source of significant errors in high-speed ADC applications. The input buffer is usually required to rapidly charge and discharge the ADC's input, which is often capacitive (see the section *Driving Capacitive Loads*). In addition, a high-speed ADC's input impedance often changes very rapidly during the conversion cycle, requiring an amplifier with very low output impedance at high frequencies to maintain measurement accuracy. The combination of high speed, fast slew rate, low noise, and a low and stable distortion over load makes the MAX4108/MAX4109/MAX4308/MAX4309 ideally suited for use as buffer amplifiers in high-speed ADC applications.

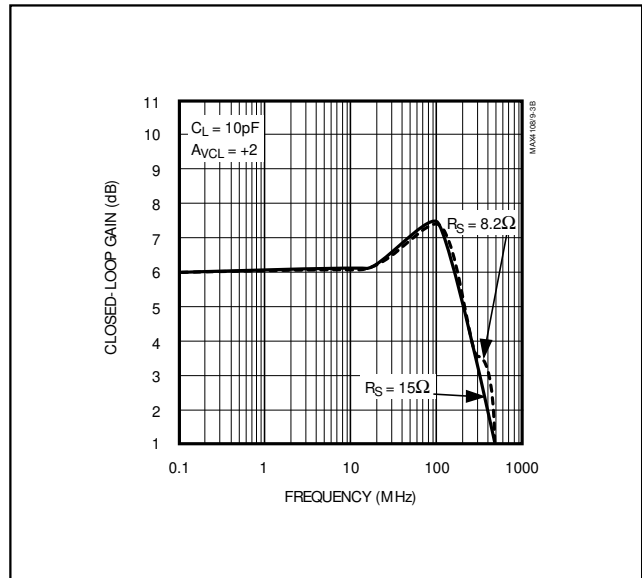


Figure 3b. MAX4308 Response vs. Capacitive Load with Resistive ( $R_S$ ) Isolation (circuit shown in Figure 1a)

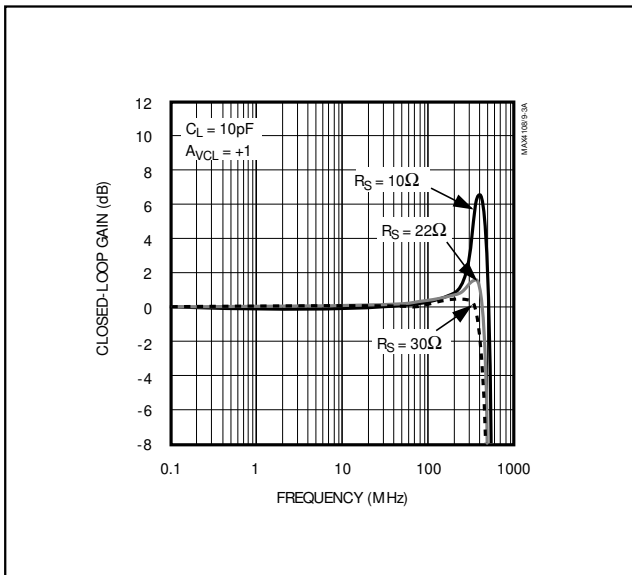


Figure 3a. MAX4108 Response vs. Capacitive Load with Resistive ( $R_S$ ) Isolation (circuit shown in Figure 1a)

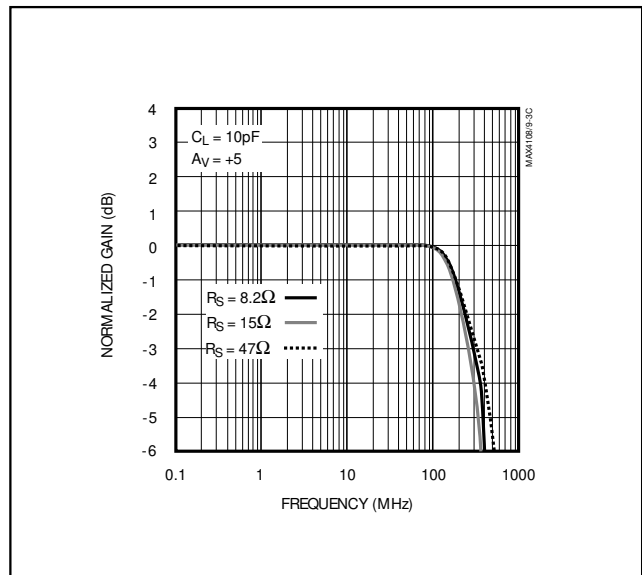


Figure 3c. MAX4108/MAX4309 Response vs. Capacitive Load with Resistive ( $R_S$ ) Isolation (circuit shown in Figure 1a)

# 400MHz, Ultra-Low-Distortion Op Amps

## Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 57  
 SUBSTRATE CONNECTED TO V<sub>EE</sub>

## Package Information

|    | INCHES |       | MILLIMETERS |      |
|----|--------|-------|-------------|------|
|    | MIN    | MAX   | MIN         | MAX  |
| A  | 0.053  | 0.069 | 1.35        | 1.75 |
| A1 | 0.004  | 0.010 | 0.10        | 0.25 |
| B  | 0.014  | 0.019 | 0.35        | 0.49 |
| C  | 0.007  | 0.010 | 0.19        | 0.25 |
| e  | 0.050  |       | 1.27        |      |
| E  | 0.150  | 0.157 | 3.80        | 4.00 |
| H  | 0.228  | 0.244 | 5.80        | 6.20 |
| h  | 0.010  | 0.020 | 0.25        | 0.50 |
| L  | 0.016  | 0.050 | 0.40        | 1.27 |

|   | INCHES |       | MILLIMETERS |       | N  | MS012 |
|---|--------|-------|-------------|-------|----|-------|
|   | MIN    | MAX   | MIN         | MAX   |    |       |
| D | 0.189  | 0.197 | 4.80        | 5.00  | 8  | A     |
| D | 0.337  | 0.344 | 8.55        | 8.75  | 14 | B     |
| D | 0.386  | 0.394 | 9.80        | 10.00 | 16 | C     |

NOTES:  
 1. D&E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH  
 2. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED .15mm (.006")  
 3. LEADS TO BE COPLANAR WITHIN .102mm (.004")  
 4. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER  
 5. MEETS JEDEC MS012-XX AS SHOWN IN ABOVE TABLE  
 6. N = NUMBER OF PINS

**MAXIM** PACKAGE FAMILY OUTLINE: SOIC .150" 1/1 21-0041 A  
121 SAN GABRIEL DR. SUNNYVALE, CA 94086 (408) 737-7700  
PROPRIETARY INFORMATION TITLE DOCUMENT CONTROL NUMBER REV

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