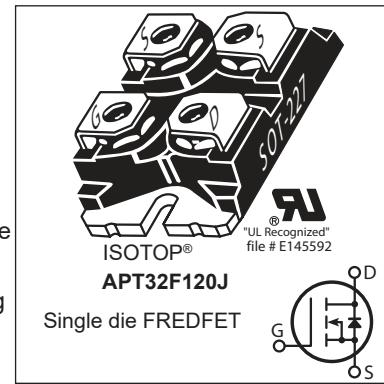


N-Channel FREDFET

Power MOS 8™ is a high speed, high voltage N-channel switch-mode power MOSFET. This 'FREDFET' version has a drain-source (body) diode that has been optimized for high reliability in ZVS phase shifted bridge and other circuits through reduced t_{rr} , soft recovery, and high recovery dv/dt capability. Low gate charge, high gain, and a greatly reduced ratio of C_{rss}/C_{iss} result in excellent noise immunity and low switching loss. The intrinsic gate resistance and capacitance of the poly-silicon gate structure help control di/dt during switching, resulting in low EMI and reliable paralleling, even when switching at very high frequency.



FEATURES

- Fast switching with low EMI
- Low t_{rr} for high reliability
- Ultra low C_{rss} for improved noise immunity
- Low gate charge
- Avalanche energy rated
- RoHS compliant 

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- ZVS phase shifted and other full full bridge
- Half bridge
- PFC and other boost converter
- Buck converter
- Single and two switch forward
- Flyback

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Symbol | Parameter | Ratings | Unit |
|----------|--|----------|------|
| I_D | Continuous Drain Current @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 33 | A |
| | Continuous Drain Current @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ | 21 | |
| I_{DM} | Pulsed Drain Current ^① | 195 | |
| V_{GS} | Gate-Source Voltage | ± 30 | V |
| E_{AS} | Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ^② | 2700 | mJ |
| I_{AR} | Avalanche Current, Repetitive or Non-Repetitive | 25 | A |

Thermal and Mechanical Characteristics

| Symbol | Characteristic | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-----------------|--|------|------|------|--------|
| P_D | Total Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 960 | W |
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Junction to Case Thermal Resistance | | | 0.13 | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta CS}$ | Case to Sink Thermal Resistance, Flat, Greased Surface | | 0.11 | | |
| T_J, T_{STG} | Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range | -55 | | 150 | °C |
| $V_{Isolation}$ | RMS Voltage (50-60Hz Sinusoidal Waveform from Terminals to Mounting Base for 1 Min.) | 2500 | | | V |
| W_T | Package Weight | | 1.03 | | oz |
| | | | 29.2 | | g |
| Torque | Terminals and Mounting Screws. | | | 10 | in-lbf |
| | | | | 1.1 | N·m |

Static Characteristics

$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

APT32F120J

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------------|---|---|------|------|-----------|----------------------------|
| $V_{BR(DSS)}$ | Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage | $V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$ | 1200 | | | V |
| $\Delta V_{BR(DSS)}/\Delta T_J$ | Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient | Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$ | | 1.41 | | $\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $R_{DS(on)}$ | Drain-Source On Resistance ^③ | $V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 25\text{A}$ | | 0.27 | 0.32 | Ω |
| $V_{GS(th)}$ | Gate-Source Threshold Voltage | $V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 5\text{mA}$ | 2.5 | 4 | 5 | V |
| $\Delta V_{GS(th)}/\Delta T_J$ | Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient | | | -10 | | $\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| I_{DSS} | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | $V_{DS} = 1200V, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 250 | μA |
| | | $V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 1000 | |
| I_{GSS} | Gate-Source Leakage Current | $V_{GS} = \pm 30V$ | | | ± 100 | nA |

Dynamic Characteristics

$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|------------------------|--|--|-----|-------|-----|------|
| g_{fs} | Forward Transconductance | $V_{DS} = 50V, I_D = 25\text{A}$ | | 58 | | S |
| C_{iss} | Input Capacitance | $V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 25V$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$ | | 18200 | | pF |
| C_{rss} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | | | 215 | | |
| C_{oss} | Output Capacitance | | | 1340 | | |
| $C_{o(cr)}^{\text{④}}$ | Effective Output Capacitance, Charge Related | $V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V$ to $800V$ | | 520 | | pF |
| $C_{o(er)}^{\text{⑤}}$ | Effective Output Capacitance, Energy Related | | | 270 | | |
| Q_g | Total Gate Charge | $V_{GS} = 0$ to $10V, I_D = 25\text{A},$ $V_{DS} = 600V$ | | 560 | | nC |
| Q_{gs} | Gate-Source Charge | | | 90 | | |
| Q_{gd} | Gate-Drain Charge | | | 265 | | |
| $t_{d(on)}$ | Turn-On Delay Time | Resistive Switching $V_{DD} = 800V, I_D = 25\text{A}$ $R_G = 2.2\Omega^{\text{⑥}}$, $V_{GG} = 15V$ | | 100 | | ns |
| t_r | Current Rise Time | | | 60 | | |
| $t_{d(off)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time | | | 315 | | |
| t_f | Current Fall Time | | | 90 | | |

Source-Drain Diode Characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-----------|--|--|---------------------------|-----|-----|---------------|
| I_s | Continuous Source Current (Body Diode) | MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode (body diode) | | | 33 | A |
| I_{SM} | Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ^① | | | | 195 | |
| V_{SD} | Diode Forward Voltage | $I_{SD} = 25\text{A}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, V_{GS} = 0V$ | | | 1.2 | V |
| t_{rr} | Reverse Recovery Time | $I_{SD} = 25\text{A}^{\text{③}}$ $di_{SD}/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 400 | 550 | ns |
| | | | $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | 703 | 960 | |
| Q_{rr} | Reverse Recovery Charge | | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 2.8 | | μC |
| | | | $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | 9 | | |
| I_{rrm} | Reverse Recovery Current | | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 14 | | A |
| | | | $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | 24 | | |
| dv/dt | Peak Recovery dv/dt | $I_{SD} \leq 25\text{A}, di/dt \leq 1000\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{DD} = 100V,$ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 25 | V/ns |

① Repetitive Rating: Pulse width and case temperature limited by maximum junction temperature.

② Starting at $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 8.64\text{mH}$, $R_G = 2.2\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 25\text{A}$.

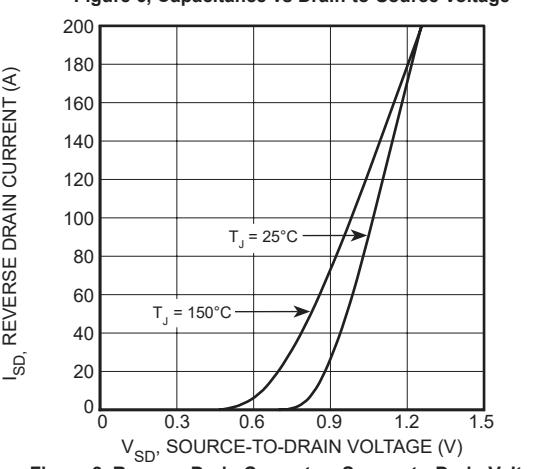
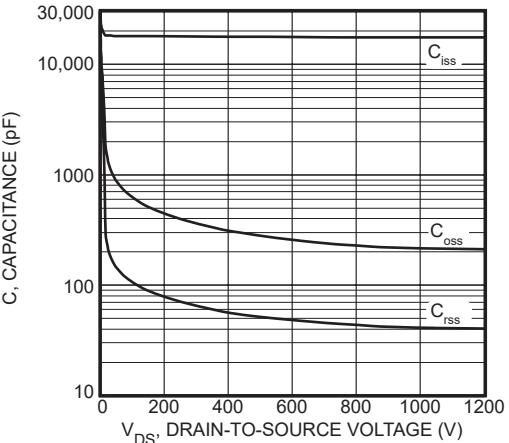
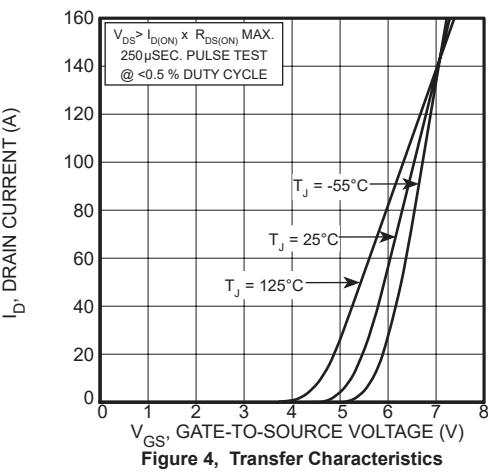
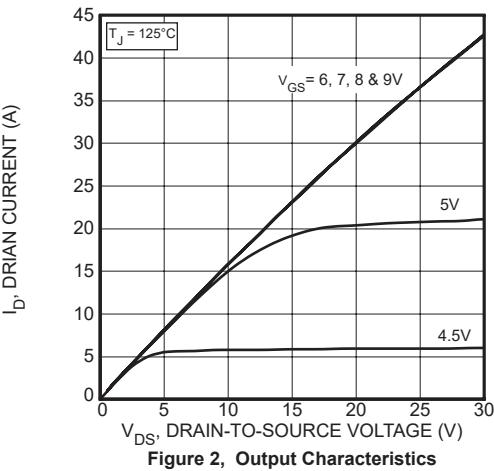
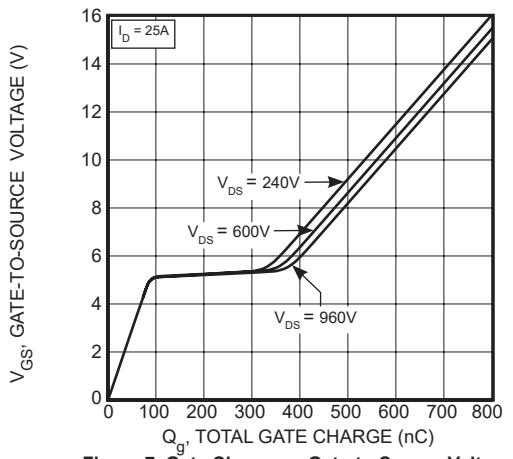
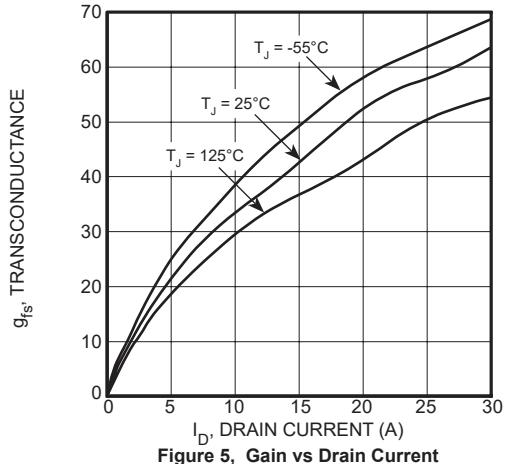
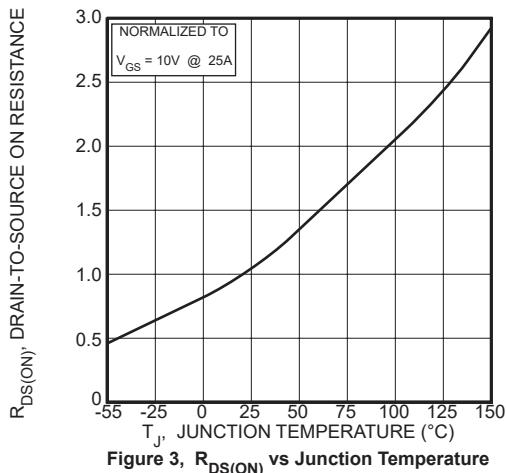
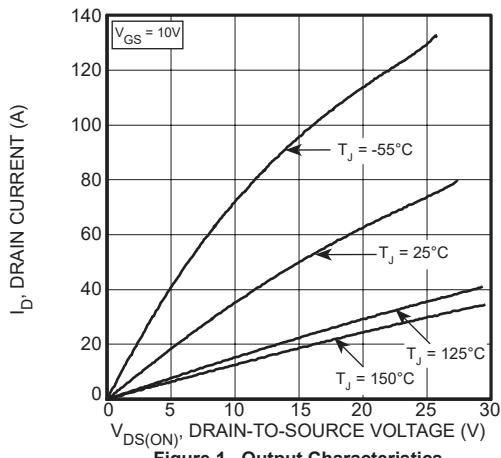
③ Pulse test: Pulse Width < 380μs, duty cycle < 2%.

④ $C_{o(cr)}$ is defined as a fixed capacitance with the same stored charge as C_{oss} with $V_{DS} = 67\%$ of $V_{(BR)DSS}$.

⑤ $C_{o(er)}$ is defined as a fixed capacitance with the same stored energy as C_{oss} with $V_{DS} = 67\%$ of $V_{(BR)DSS}$. To calculate $C_{o(er)}$ for any value of V_{DS} less than $V_{(BR)DSS}$, use this equation: $C_{o(er)} = -8.27E-7/V_{DS}^2 + 1.01E-7/V_{DS} + 1.43E-10$.

⑥ R_G is external gate resistance, not including internal gate resistance or gate driver impedance. (MIC4452)

Microsemi reserves the right to change, without notice, the specifications and information contained herein.



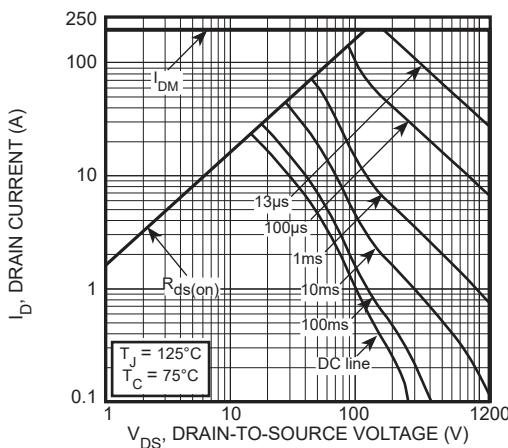


Figure 9, Forward Safe Operating Area

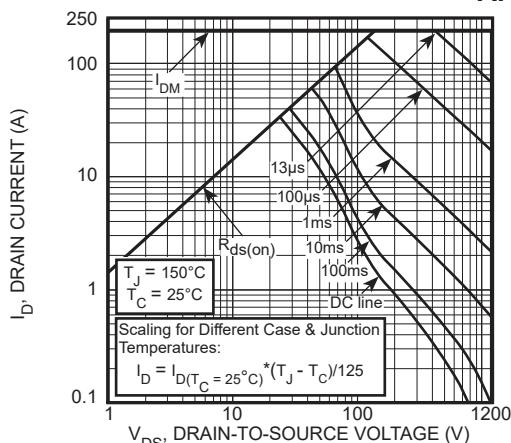


Figure 10, Maximum Forward Safe Operating Area

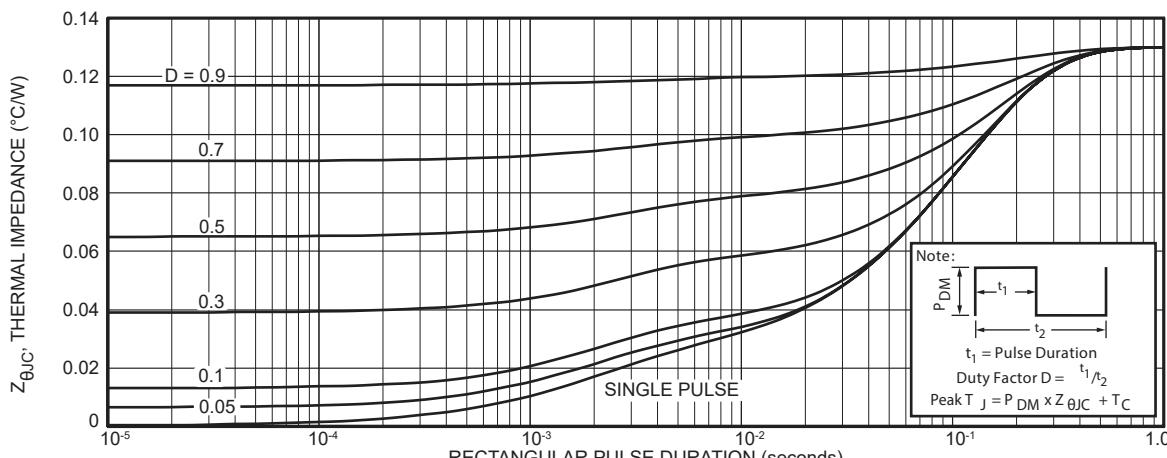
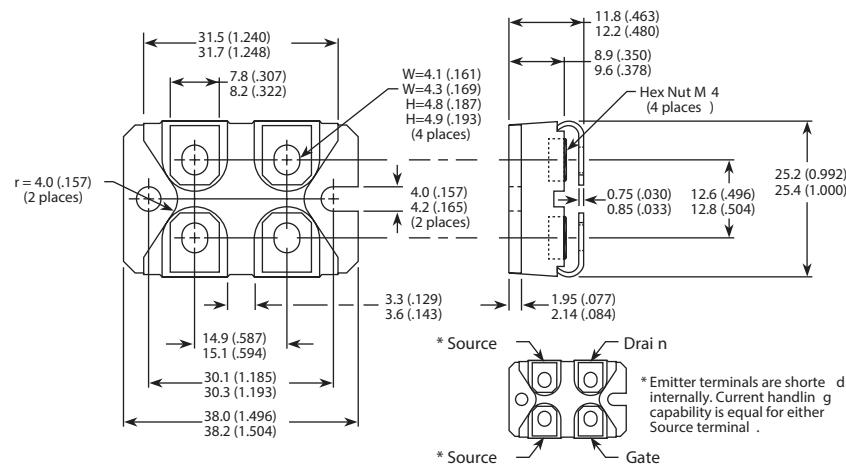


Figure 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance Junction-to-Case vs Pulse Duration

SOT-227 (ISOTOP®) Package Outline



Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)