


Resonant Mode Combi IGBT®

The POWER MOS 7th IGBT used in this resonant mode combi is a new generation of high voltage power IGBTs. Using Punch Through Technology this IGBT is ideal for many high frequency, high voltage switching applications and has been optimized for high frequency switchmode power supplies.

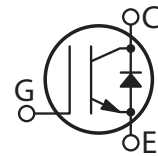
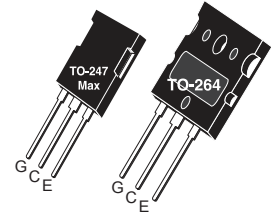
Features

- Low Conduction Loss
- Low Gate Charge
- Ultrafast Tail Current shutoff
- Low forward Diode Voltage (V_F)
- Ultrasoft Recovery Diode

- SSOA Rated
- RoHS Compliant 

Typical Applications

- Induction Heating
- Welding
- Medical
- High Power Telecom
- Resonant Mode Phase Shifted Bridge



MAXIMUM RATINGS

All Ratings: $T_C = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	UNIT
V_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Voltage	600	Volts
V_{GE}	Gate-Emitter Voltage	± 20	
V_{GEM}	Gate-Emitter Voltage Transient	± 30	
I_{C1}	Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 25^\circ C$	100	Amps
I_{C2}	Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 110^\circ C$	49	
I_{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current ^① @ $T_C = 25^\circ C$	120	
SSOA	Switching Safe Operating Area @ $T_J = 150^\circ C$	120A @ 600V	
P_D	Total Power Dissipation	463	Watts
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ C$
T_L	Max. Lead Temp. for Soldering: 0.063" from Case for 10 Sec.	300	

STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
BV_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ($V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0mA$)	600			Volts
$V_{GE(TH)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage ($V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 1mA, T_J = 25^\circ C$)	3	4.5	6	
$V_{CE(ON)}$	Collector-Emitter On Voltage ($V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 30A, T_J = 25^\circ C$)		2.2	2.7	
	Collector-Emitter On Voltage ($V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 30A, T_J = 125^\circ C$)		2.1		
I_{CES}	Collector Cut-off Current ($V_{CE} = 600V, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 25^\circ C$) ^②			275	μA
	Collector Cut-off Current ($V_{CE} = 600V, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ C$) ^②			2750	
I_{GES}	Gate-Emitter Leakage Current ($V_{GE} = \pm 20V$)			± 100	nA

 **CAUTION:** These Devices are Sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge. Proper Handling Procedures Should Be Followed.

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

APT30GP60B2DL_LDL(G)

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	Capacitance $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 25V$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		3200		pF	
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance			295			
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			20			
V_{GEP}	Gate-to-Emitter Plateau Voltage	Gate Charge $V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{CE} = 300V$ $I_C = 30A$		7.5		V	
Q_g	Total Gate Charge ^③			90		nC	
Q_{ge}	Gate-Emitter Charge			20			
Q_{gc}	Gate-Collector ("Miller") Charge			30			
SSOA	Switching SOA	$T_J = 150^\circ C, R_G = 5\Omega, V_{GE} = 15V, L = 100\mu H, V_{CE} = 600V$	120			A	
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	Inductive Switching (25°C) $V_{CC}(\text{Peak}) = 400V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 30A$ $R_G = 5\Omega$ $T_J = +25^\circ C$		13		ns	
t_r	Current Rise Time			18			
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			55			
t_f	Current Fall Time			46			
E_{on1}	Turn-on Switching Energy ^④				260		μJ
E_{on2}	Turn-on Switching Energy (Diode) ^⑤				335		
E_{off}	Turn-off Switching Energy ^⑥				250	330	
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time		Inductive Switching (125°C) $V_{CC}(\text{Peak}) = 400V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 30A$ $R_G = 5\Omega$ $T_J = +125^\circ C$		13		ns
t_r	Current Rise Time			18			
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			84			
t_f	Current Fall Time			80			
E_{on1}	Turn-on Switching Energy ^④				260		μJ
E_{on2}	Turn-on Switching Energy (Diode) ^⑤				508		
E_{off}	Turn-off Switching Energy ^⑥				518	750	

THERMAL AND MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta,IC}$	Junction to Case (IGBT)			.27	°C/W
$R_{\theta,JC}$	Junction to Case (DIODE)			.88	
W_T	Package Weight			5.90	gm

① Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

② For Combi devices, I_{ces} includes both IGBT and FRED leakages

③ See MIL-STD-750 Method 3471.

④ E_{on1} is the clamped inductive turn-on-energy of the IGBT only, without the effect of a commutating diode reverse recovery current adding to the IGBT turn-on loss. (See Figure 24.)

⑤ E_{on2} is the clamped inductive turn-on energy that includes a commutating diode reverse recovery current in the IGBT turn-on switching loss. (See Figures 21, 22.)

⑥ E_{off} is the clamped inductive turn-off energy measured in accordance with JEDEC standard JESD24-1. (See Figures 21, 23.)

Microsemi reserves the right to change, without notice, the specifications and information contained herein.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

APT30GP60B2DL_LDL(G)

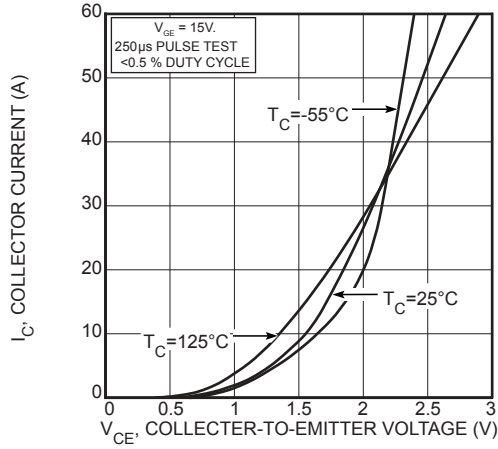


FIGURE 1, Output Characteristics ($V_{GE} = 15V$)

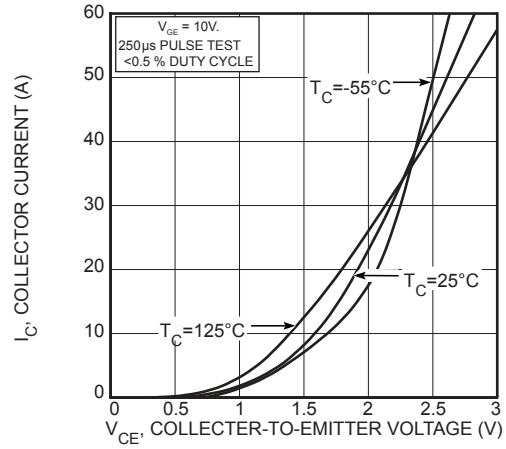


FIGURE 2, Output Characteristics ($V_{GE} = 10V$)

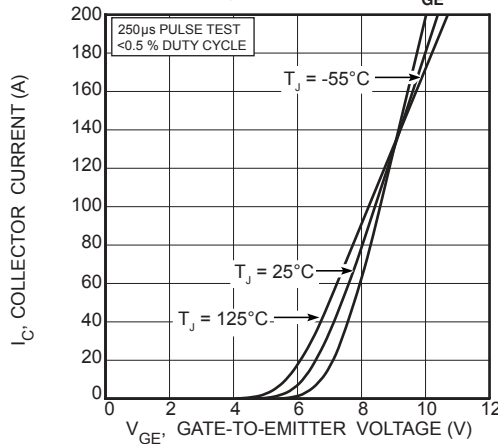


FIGURE 3, Transfer Characteristics

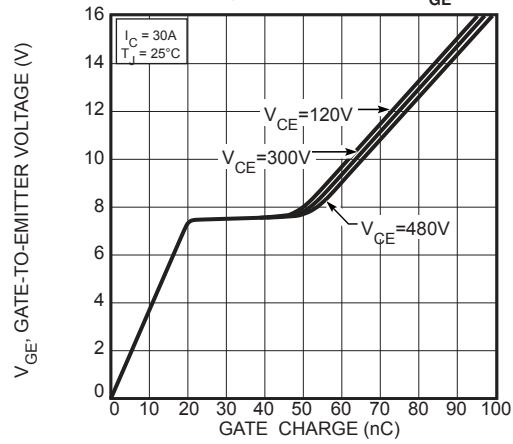


FIGURE 4, Gate Charge

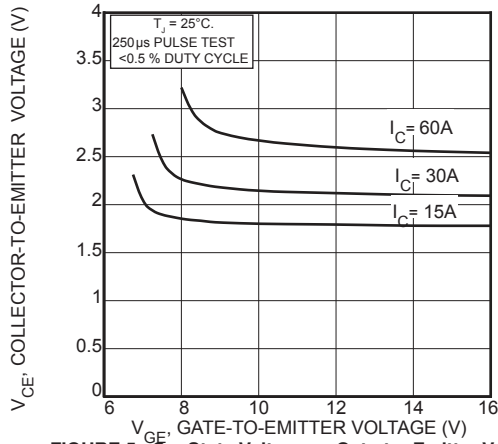


FIGURE 5, On State Voltage vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

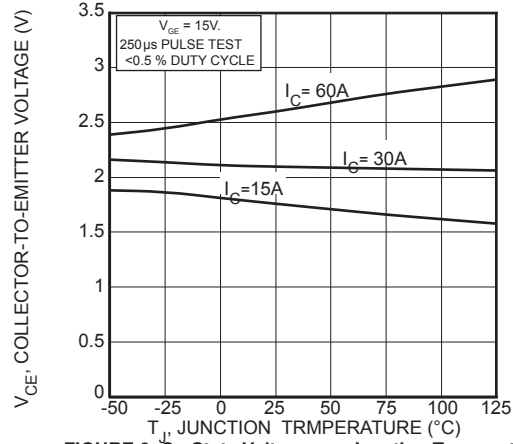


FIGURE 6, On State Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

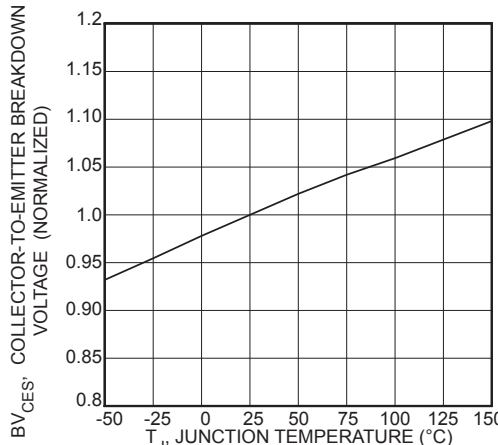


FIGURE 7, Breakdown Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

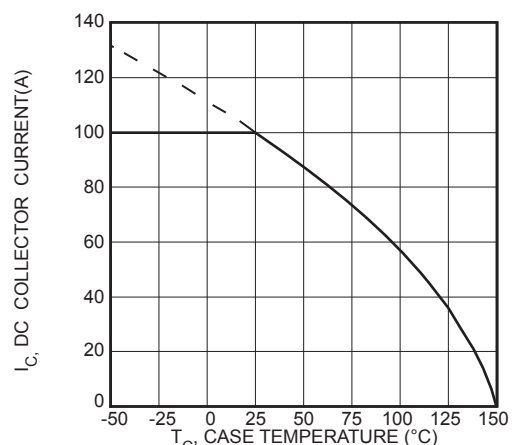


FIGURE 8, DC Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

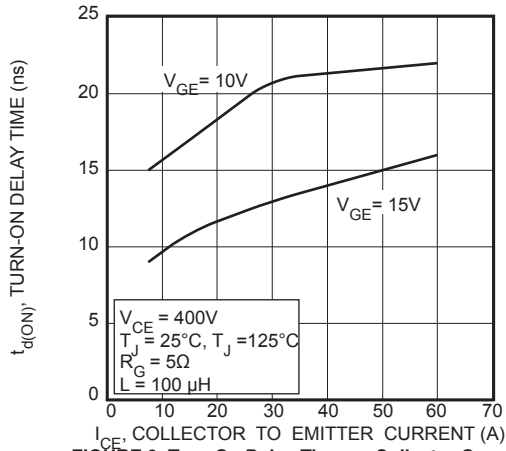


FIGURE 9, Turn-On Delay Time vs Collector Current

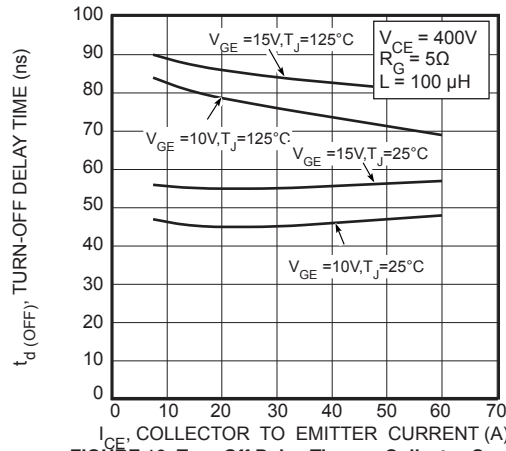


FIGURE 10, Turn-Off Delay Time vs Collector Current

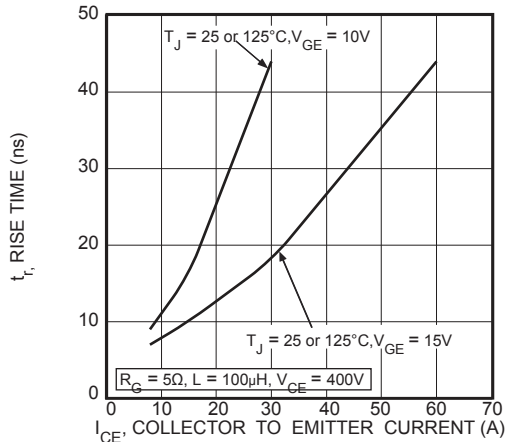


FIGURE 11, Current Rise Time vs Collector Current

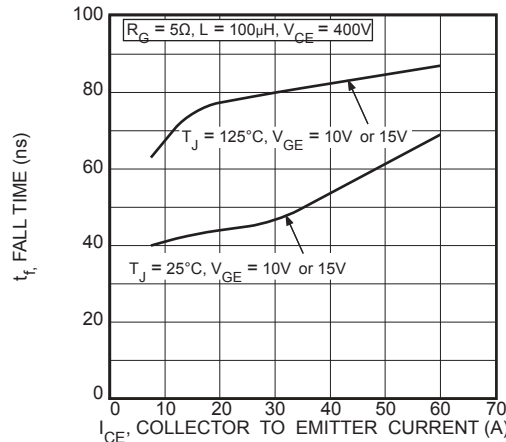


FIGURE 12, Current Fall Time vs Collector Current

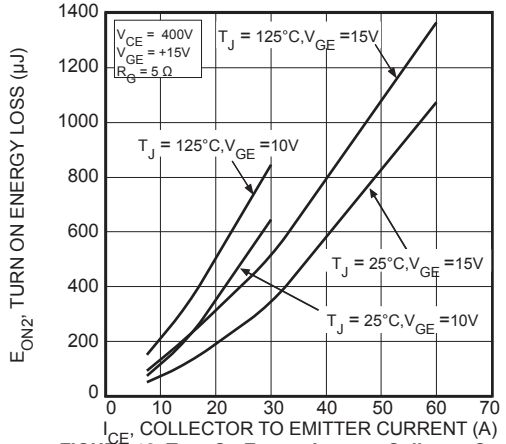


FIGURE 13, Turn-On Energy Loss vs Collector Current

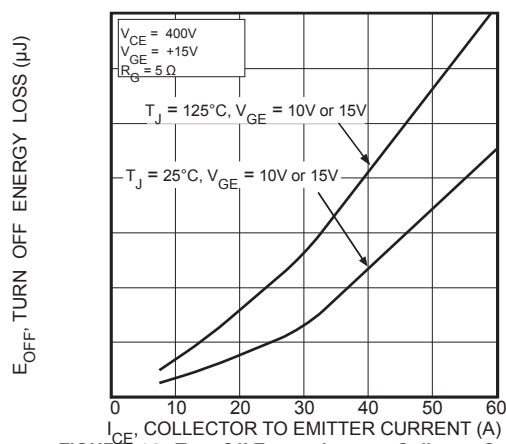


FIGURE 14, Turn Off Energy Loss vs Collector Current

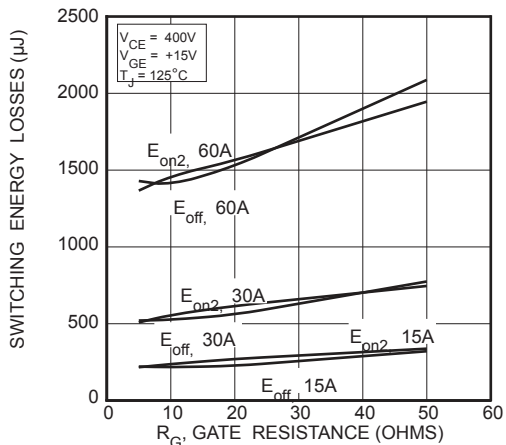


FIGURE 15, Switching Energy Losses vs. Gate Resistance

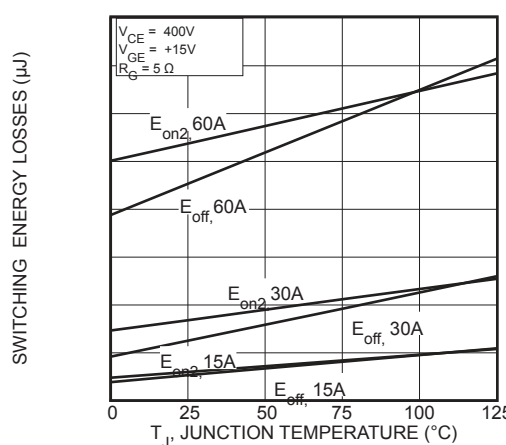


FIGURE 16, Switching Energy Losses vs Junction Temperature

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

APT30GP60B2DL_LDL(G)

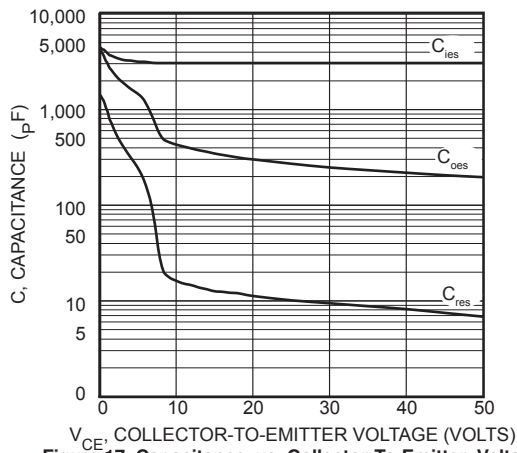


Figure 17, Capacitance vs Collector-To-Emitter Voltage

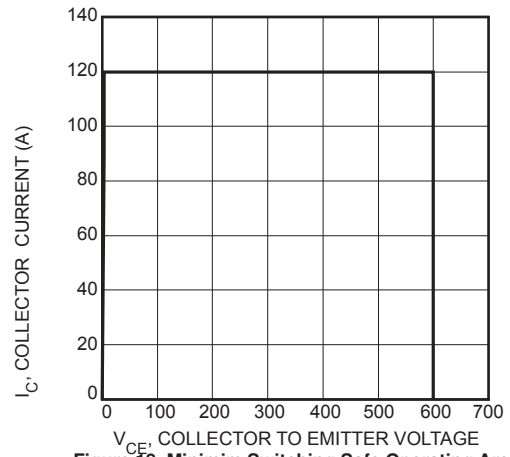


Figure 18, Minimum Switching Safe Operating Area

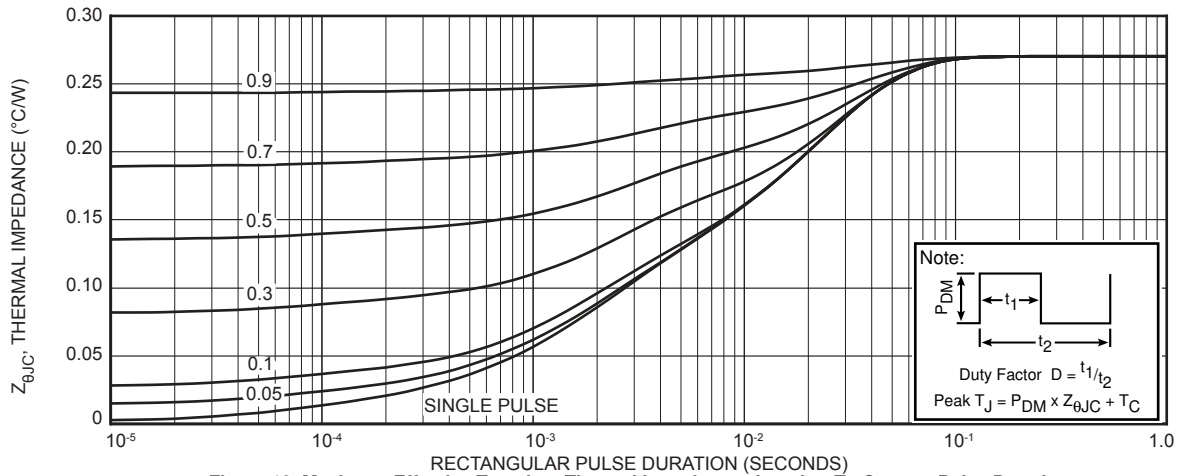


Figure 19, Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-To-Case vs Pulse Duration

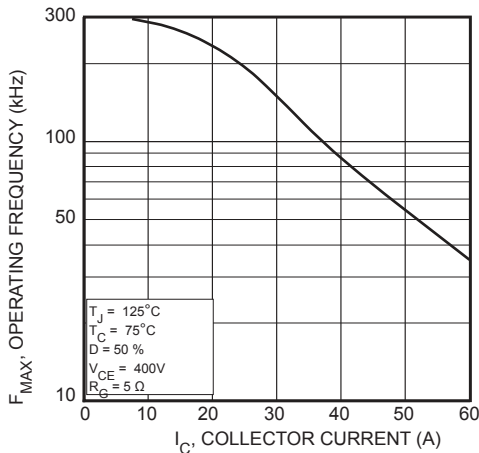


Figure 20, Operating Frequency vs Collector Current

$$F_{max} = \min(f_{max1}, f_{max2})$$

$$f_{max1} = \frac{0.05}{t_{d(on)} + t_r + t_{d(off)} + t_f}$$

$$f_{max2} = \frac{P_{diss} - P_{cond}}{E_{on2} + E_{off}}$$

$$P_{diss} = \frac{T_J - T_C}{R_{\theta JC}}$$

$T_J = 125^\circ C$
 $T_C = 75^\circ C$
 $D = 50\%$
 $V_{CE} = 400V$
 $R_{\theta C} = 5 \Omega$

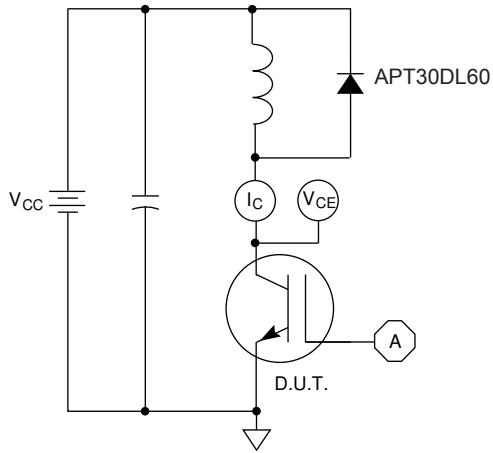


Figure 21, Inductive Switching Test Circuit

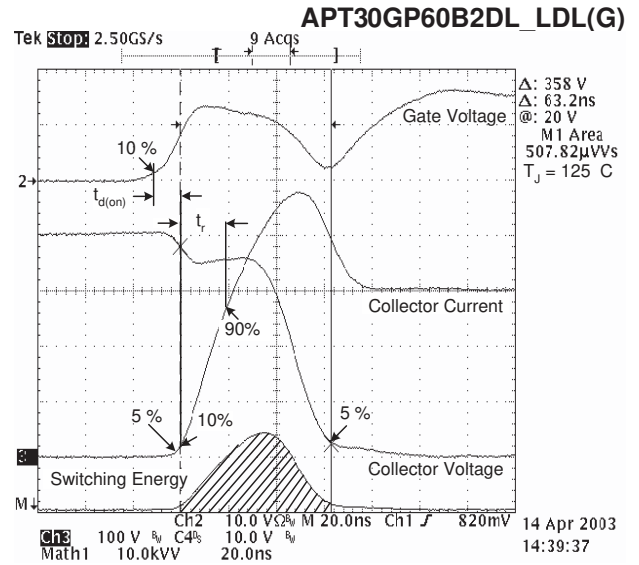


Figure 22, Turn-on Switching Waveforms and Definitions

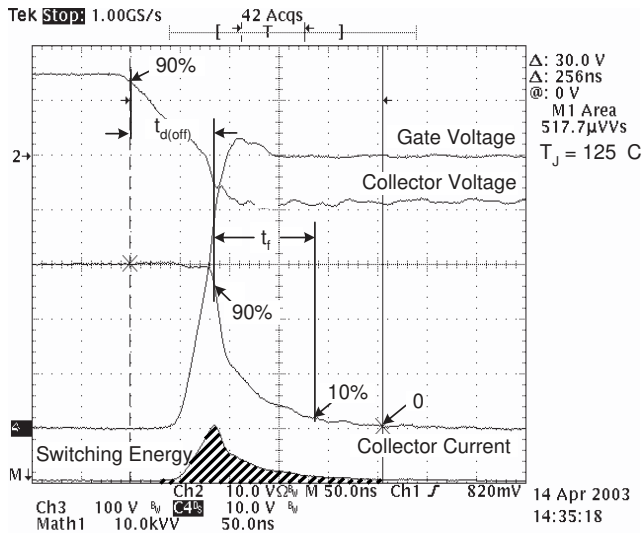


Figure 23, Turn-off Switching Waveforms and Definitions

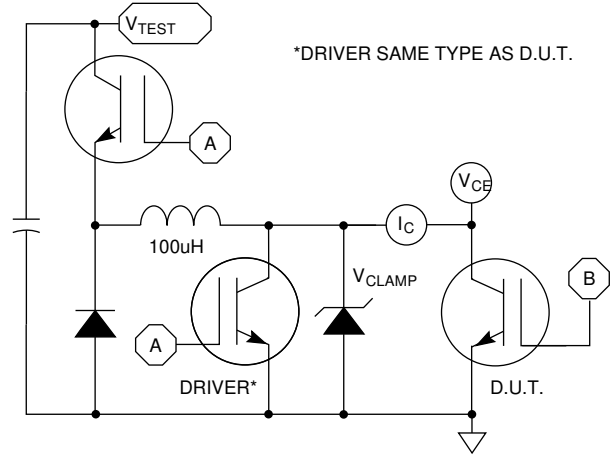


Figure 24, E_{ON1} Test Circuit

ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY ANTI-PARALLEL DIODE

MAXIMUM RATINGS

All Ratings: $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	APT30GP60B2DL_LDL(G)		UNIT
$I_F(\text{AV})$	Maximum Average Forward Current ($T_C = 126^\circ\text{C}$, Duty Cycle = 0.5)		30	Amps
$I_F(\text{RMS})$	RMS Forward Current (Square wave, 50% duty)		51	
I_{FSM}	Non-Repetitive Forward Surge Current ($T_J = 45^\circ\text{C}$, 8.3ms)		320	

STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_F	Forward Voltage	$I_F = 30\text{A}$		1.3	Volts
		$I_F = 60\text{A}$		2.0	
		$I_F = 30\text{A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1.9	

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 1\text{A}, di_F/dt = -100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 30\text{V}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	64		ns
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 30\text{A}, di_F/dt = -200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 400\text{V}, T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	317		
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge		-	962		nC
I_{RRM}	Maximum Reverse Recovery Current		-	7	-	Amps
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 30\text{A}, di_F/dt = -200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 400\text{V}, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	-	561		ns
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge		-	2244		nC
I_{RRM}	Maximum Reverse Recovery Current		-	9	-	Amps
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 30\text{A}, di_F/dt = -1000\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 400\text{V}, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	-	264		ns
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge		-	3191		nC
I_{RRM}	Maximum Reverse Recovery Current		-	26		Amps

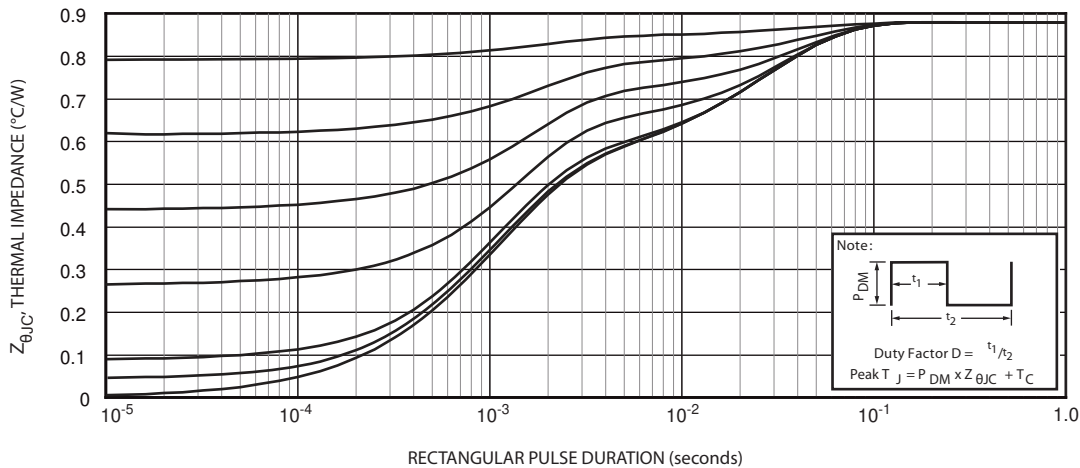


FIGURE 1. MAXIMUM EFFECTIVE TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE, JUNCTION-TO-CASE vs. PULSE DURATION

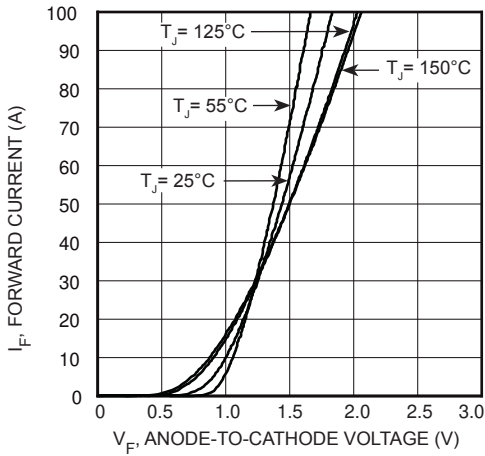


FIGURE 2, Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

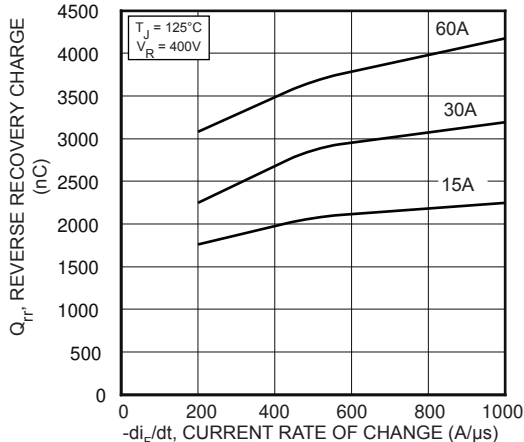


FIGURE 4, Reverse Recovery Charge vs. Current Rate of Change

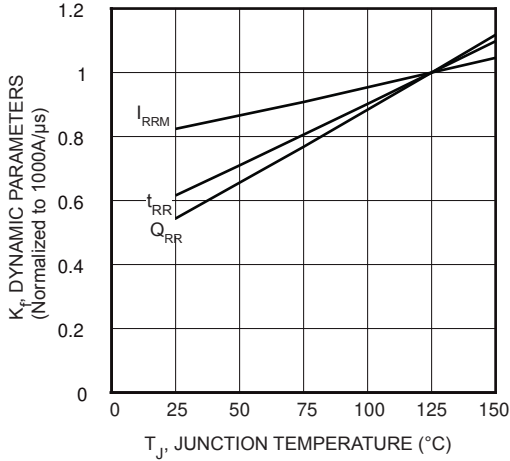


FIGURE 6, Dynamic Parameters vs. Junction Temperature

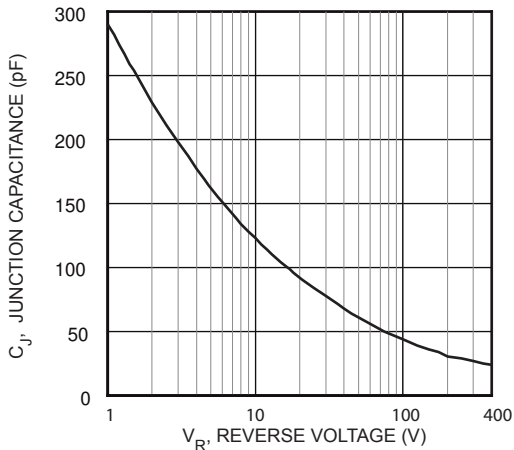


FIGURE 8, Junction Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

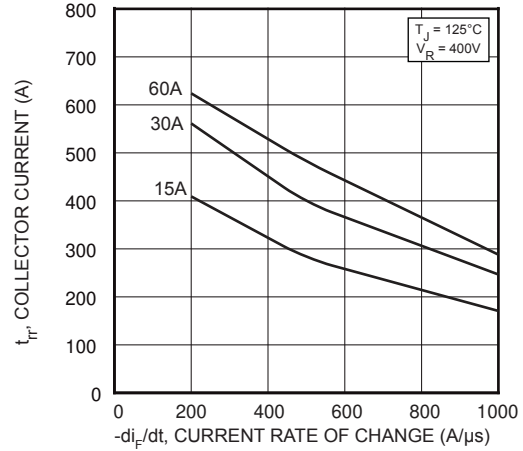


FIGURE 3, Reverse Recovery Time vs. Current Rate of Change

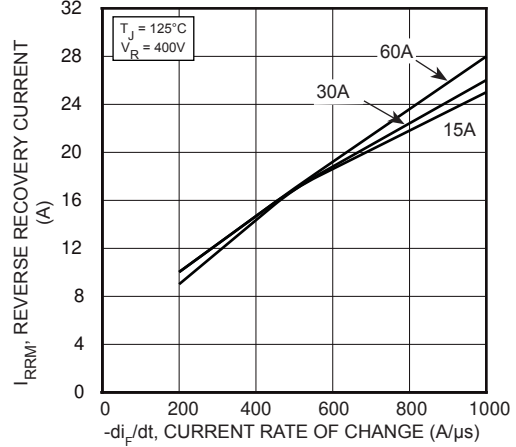


FIGURE 5, Reverse Recovery Current vs. Current Rate of Change

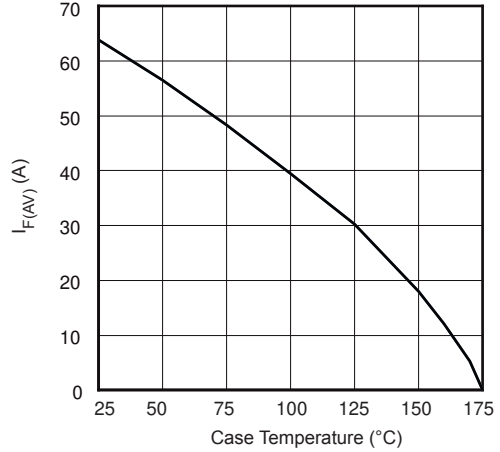


FIGURE 7, Maximum Average Forward Current vs. Case Temperature

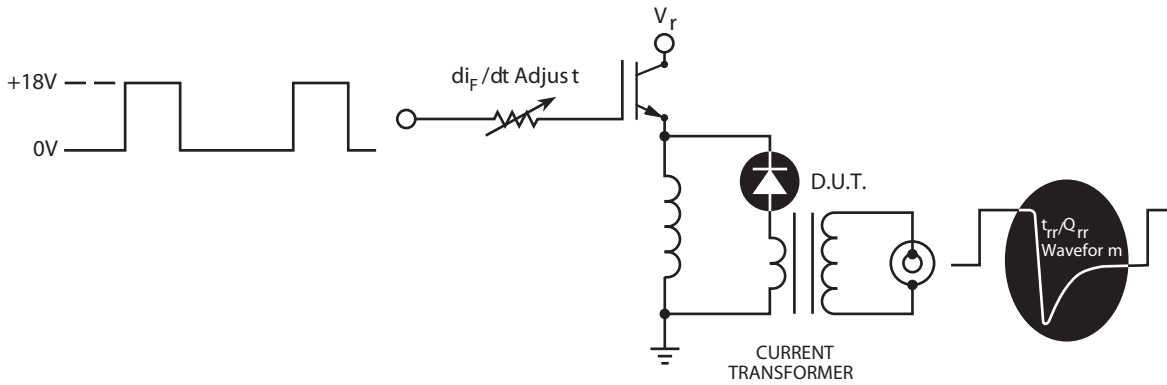


Figure 9. Diode Test Circuit

- 1 I_F - Forward Conduction Current
- 2 di_F/dt - Rate of Diode Current Change Through Zero Crossing.
- 3 I_{RRM} - Maximum Reverse Recovery Current
- 4 t_{rr} - Reverse Recovery Time, measured from zero crossing where the diode current goes from positive to negative, to the point at which the straight line through I_{RRM} and $0.25 I_{RRM}$ passes through zero.
- 5 Q_{rr} - Area Under the Curve Defined by I_{RRM} and t_{rr} .
- 6 di_M/dt - Maximum Rate of Current Increase During the Trailing Portion of t_{rr} .

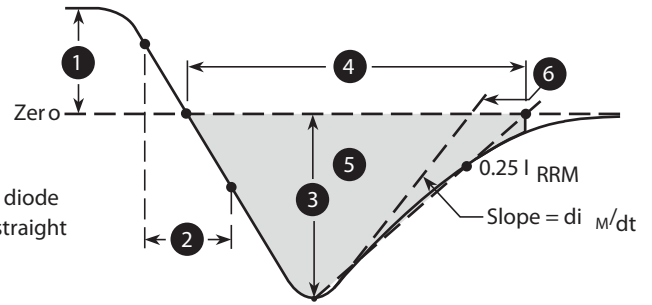
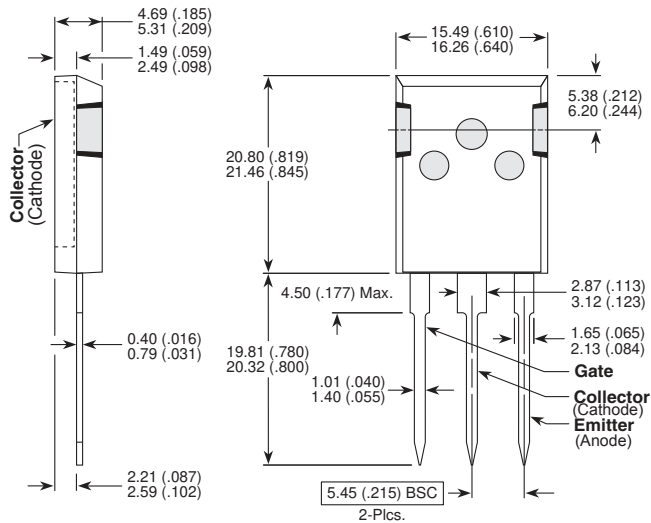


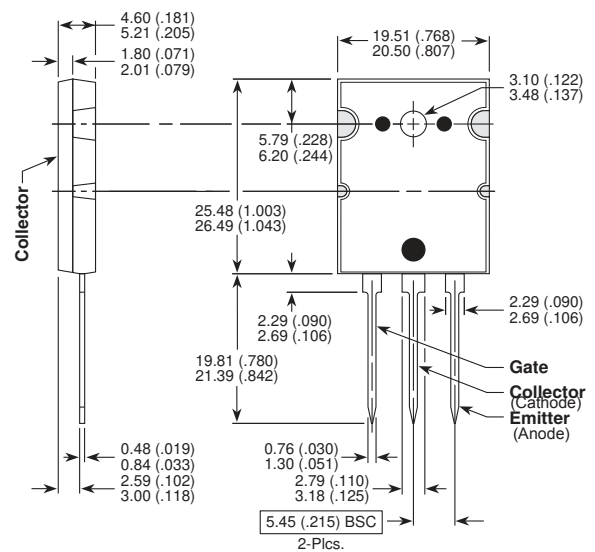
Figure 10. Diode Reverse Recovery Waveform and Definition

T-MAX™ (B2) Package Outline



These dimensions are equal to the TO-247 without the mounting hole.
Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)

TO-264 (L) Package Outline



Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)