

## S-82K3/K4 Series

BATTERY PROTECTION IC FOR 3-SERIAL OR 4-SERIAL CELL PACK

WITH CONSTANT VOLTAGE OUTPUT PIN FOR REAL-TIME CLOCK ENABLING ANY ORDER OF BATTERY CONNECTION

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(SECONDARY PROTECTION) Rev. 1.2 00

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This IC is used for secondary protection of lithium-ion rechargeable batteries, and incorporates high-accuracy voltage detection circuits and delay circuits. The S-82K3 Series enable connection of 3-serial cell, and the S-82K4 Series enable connection of 4-serial cell.

This IC provides a wake-up function to prevent the fuse from blowing during battery connection, and allows the lithium battery to be connected in any order.

Since this IC also comes with a constant voltage output circuit, it can be used as a constant-voltage power supply for an external RTC (Real-Time clock IC).

## Features

<ul> <li>High-accuracy voltage detection circ</li> </ul>	cuit for each cell	
Overcharge detection voltage n	3.600 V to 4.800 V (5 mV step)	Accuracy $\pm$ 15 mV (Ta = +25°C)
		Accuracy $\pm 20 \text{ mV}$ (Ta = $-10^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+60^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
Overcharge release voltage n*1	3.600 V to 4.800 V	Accuracy ±50 mV
VRTC pin shutdown voltage n	2.500 V to 2.800 V (100 mV step)	Accuracy ±50 mV
The wake-up function monitoring batter	ery connection prevents CO pin output err	ors during battery connection
Delay times for overcharge detectio	n are generated only by an internal circu	uit (external capacitors are unnecessary)
Overcharge detection delay time,	VRTC pin shutdown delay time:	1 s, 2 s, 4 s, 6 s
<ul> <li>Overcharge timer reset function:</li> </ul>		Available, unavailable
CO pin output voltage is limited to 7	.5 V max.	
<ul> <li>VRTC pin output voltage:</li> </ul>	1.800 V to 3.300 V (100 mV step)	Accuracy $\pm 2\%$ (Ta = $+25^{\circ}$ C)
<ul> <li>VRTC pin output current:</li> </ul>		2 mA max.
• Wide operation temperature range:		Ta = $-40^{\circ}$ C to $+85^{\circ}$ C
<ul> <li>Low current consumption</li> </ul>		
During operation ( $V_{CU} - 1.0 V$ for e	each cell):	4.0 μA max.
During VRTC pin shutdown (VRSD	– 1.0 V for each cell):	1.0 μA max.
• Lead-free (Sn 100%), halogen-free		

\*1. Overcharge release voltage = Overcharge detection voltage – Overcharge hysteresis voltage (Overcharge hysteresis voltage can be selected from a range of 0 mV to 400 mV in 50 mV step.)

**Remark** n = 1, 2, 3, 4

## Application

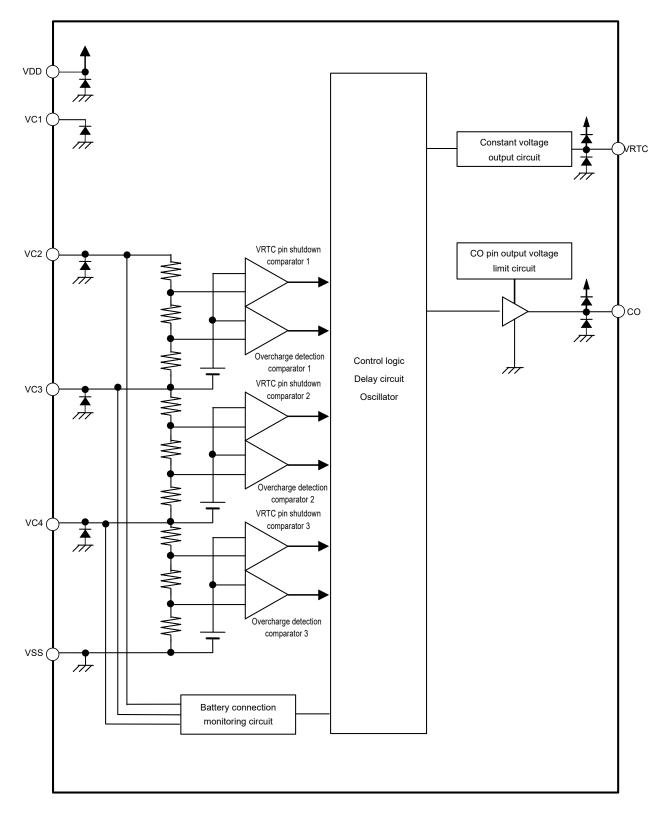
· Lithium-ion rechargeable battery packs (for secondary protection)

## Packages

- DFN-8(2020)A
- HSNT-8(1616)

## Block Diagrams

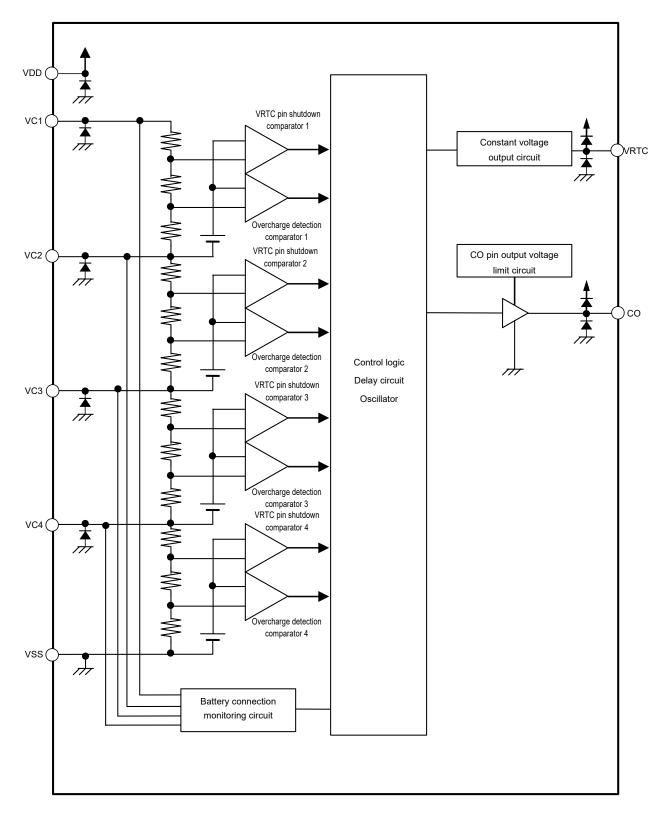
1. S-82K3 Series



**Remark** Diodes in the figure are parasitic diodes.

Figure 1

## 2. S-82K4 Series

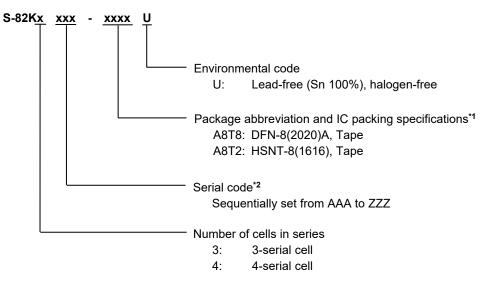


**Remark** Diodes in the figure are parasitic diodes.

Figure 2

## Product Name Structure

#### 1. Product name



\*1. Refer to the tape drawing.

\*2. Refer to "3. Product name list".

#### 2. Packages

Table 1 Package Drawing Codes

Package Name	Dimension	Tape	Reel	Land
DFN-8(2020)A	IB008-A-P-SD	IB008-A-C-SD	IB008-A-R-SD	IB008-A-L-SD
HSNT-8(1616)	PY008-A-P-SD	PY008-A-C-SD	PY008-A-R-SD	PY008-A-L-SD

#### 3. Product name list

#### 3.1 S-82K3 Series

#### 3.1.1 DFN-8(2020)A

Table 2								
Product Name	Overcharge Detection Voltage [Vcu]	Overcharge Release Voltage [VcL]	VRTC Pin Output Voltage [V <sub>VRTC</sub> ]	VRTC Pin Shutdown Voltage [V <sub>RSD</sub> ]	VRTC Pin Recovery Voltage [V <sub>RST</sub> ]	Overcharge Detection Delay Time <sup>*1</sup> [tcu]	VRTC Pin Shutdown Delay Time <sup>*1</sup> [t <sub>RSD</sub> ]	Overcharge Timer Reset Function <sup>*2</sup>
S-82K3AAA-A8T8U	4.600 V	4.300 V	3.300 V	2.500 V	2.700 V	6 s	6 s	Unavailable
S-82K3AAB-A8T8U	4.550 V	4.300 V	3.300 V	2.500 V	2.700 V	6 s	6 s	Unavailable

**\*1.** Overcharge detection delay time, VRTC pin shutdown delay time:

\*2. Overcharge timer reset function:

**Remark** Please contact our sales representatives for products other than the above.

#### 3. 2 S-82K4 Series

#### 3. 2. 1 DFN-8(2020)A

Table 3								
Product Name	Overcharge Detection Voltage [Vcu]	Overcharge Release Voltage [VcL]	VRTC Pin Output Voltage [VvRTc]	VRTC Pin Shutdown Voltage [V <sub>RSD</sub> ]	VRTC Pin Recovery Voltage [V <sub>RST</sub> ]	Detection	VRTC Pin Shutdown Delay Time <sup>*1</sup> [t <sub>RSD</sub> ]	Overcharge Timer Reset Function <sup>*2</sup>
S-82K4AAA-A8T8U S-82K4AAB-A8T8U	4.600 V 4.550 V	4.300 V 4.300 V	3.300 V 3.300 V	2.500 V 2.500 V	2.700 V 2.700 V	6 s	6 s 6 s	Unavailable Unavailable

**\*1.** Overcharge detection delay time, VRTC pin shutdown delay time:

\*2. Overcharge timer reset function:

1 s, 2 s, 4 s, 6 s Available, unavailable

1 s, 2 s, 4 s, 6 s

Available, unavailable

**Remark** Please contact our sales representatives for products other than the above.

## Pin Configuration

## 1. DFN-8(2020)A





Bottom view



Figure 3

Table 4 S-82K3 Series						
Pin No.	Symbol	Description				
1	VDD	Positive power supply input pin				
2	VC1	Positive power supply input pin				
3	VC2	Positive voltage connection pin of battery 1				
4	VC3	Negative voltage connection pin of battery 1 Positive voltage connection pin of battery 2				
5	VC4	Negative voltage connection pin of battery 2 Positive voltage connection pin of battery 3				
6	VSS	Negative power supply input pin Negative voltage connection pin of battery 3				
7	CO	FET gate connection pin for charge control				
8	VRTC	Voltage output pin for Real-time Clock (RTC)				

	Table 5 S-82K4Series						
Pin No.	Symbol	Description					
1	VDD	Positive power supply input pin					
2	VC1	Positive power supply input pin Positive voltage connection pin of battery 1					
3	VC2	Negative voltage connection pin of battery 1 Positive voltage connection pin of battery 2					
4	VC3	Negative voltage connection pin of battery 2 Positive voltage connection pin of battery 3					
5	VC4	Negative voltage connection pin of battery 3 Positive voltage connection pin of battery 4					
6	VSS	Negative power supply input pin Negative voltage connection pin of battery 4					
7	CO	FET gate connection pin for charge control					
8	VRTC	Voltage output pin for Real-time Clock (RTC)					

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\*1. Connect the heat sink of backside at shadowed area to the board, and set electric potential open or Vc1. However, do not use it as the function of electrode.

## 2. HSNT-8(1616)

Top view
1 💽 8
4 5
Bottom view
8 8 7 9 1
*1
*1

Figure 4

	Table6 S-82K3 Series						
Pin No.	Symbol	Description					
1	VDD	Positive power supply input pin					
2	VC1	Positive power supply input pin					
3	VC2	Positive voltage connection pin of battery 1					
4	VC3	Negative voltage connection pin of battery 1 Positive voltage connection pin of battery 2					
5	VC4	Negative voltage connection pin of battery 2 Positive voltage connection pin of battery 3					
6	VSS	Negative power supply input pin Negative voltage connection pin of battery 3					
7	СО	FET gate connection pin for charge control					
8	VRTC	Voltage output pin for Real-time Clock (RTC)					

Table7 S-82K4 Series					
Pin No.	Symbol	Description			
1	VDD	Positive power supply input pin			
2	VC1	Positive power supply input pin			
Z	2 VC1	Positive voltage connection pin of battery 1			
3 VC2	Negative voltage connection pin of battery 1				
3	3 VC2	Positive voltage connection pin of battery 2			
4	VC3	Negative voltage connection pin of battery 2			
4	VC3	Positive voltage connection pin of battery 3			
5	VC4	Negative voltage connection pin of battery 3			
5	VC4	Positive voltage connection pin of battery 4			
6	VSS	Negative power supply input pin			
U	v33	Negative voltage connection pin of battery 4			
7	СО	FET gate connection pin for charge control			
8	VRTC	Voltage output pin for Real-time Clock (RTC)			

\*1. Connect the heat sink of backside at shadowed area to the board, and set electric potential open or V<sub>C1</sub>. However, do not use it as the function of electrode.

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## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 8								
		(Ta	a = +25°C unless otherwise sp	ecified)				
Item	Symbol	Applied Pin	Absolute Maximum Rating	Unit				
Input voltage between VDD pin and VSS pin	V <sub>DS1</sub>	VDD	$V_{\text{SS}} - 0.3$ to $V_{\text{SS}} + 28$	V				
Input voltage between VC1 pin and VSS pin	V <sub>DS2</sub>	VC1	$V_{\text{SS}} - 0.3$ to $V_{\text{SS}} + 28$	V				
Input pin voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	VC2, VC3, VC4	$V_{\text{SS}} - 0.3$ to $V_{\text{VC1}} + 0.3$	V				
CO pin output voltage	Vco	CO	$V_{\text{SS}} - 0.3$ to $V_{\text{DD}} + 0.3$	V				
VRTC pin output voltage	V <sub>VRTC</sub>	VRTC	$V_{SS} - 0.3$ to $V_{SS} + 6$	V				
Operation ambient temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-	-40 to +85	°C				
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	_	-40 to +125	°C				

Caution The absolute maximum ratings are rated values exceeding which the product could suffer physical damage. These values must therefore not be exceeded under any conditions.

## Thermal Resistance Value

Table 9										
Item	Symbol	Conc	lition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit			
			Board A	_	242	-	°C/W			
			Board B	_	182	1	°C/W			
		DFN-8(2020)A	Board C	_	1	1	°C/W			
	Αιθ		Board D	_	-		°C/W			
Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance*1			Board E	_	-		°C/W			
			Board A	_	214	-	°C/W			
			Board B	_	172	-	°C/W			
		HSNT-8(1616)	Board C	_	_	-	°C/W			
			Board D	_	_	-	°C/W			
			Board E	-	-	-	°C/W			

\*1. Test environment: compliance with JEDEC STANDARD JESD51-2A

**Remark** Refer to "**■ Power Dissipation**" and **"Test Board**" for details.

## Electrical Characteristics

		l able 10	(Ta = -	⊦25°C un	less other	wise sp	pecified)
ltem	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Detection Voltage							
Overcharge detection voltage n	N	Ta = +25°C	V <sub>CU</sub> - 0.015	Vcu	V <sub>CU</sub> + 0.015	V	1
(n = 1, 2, 3, 4)	VcUn	Ta = -10°C to +60°C*1	V <sub>CU</sub> - 0.020	Vcu	V <sub>CU</sub> + 0.020	V	1
Overcharge release voltage n (n = 1, 2, 3, 4)	VCLn	_	V <sub>CL</sub> - 0.050	Vcl	V <sub>CL</sub> + 0.050	V	1
VRTC pin shutdown voltage n (n = 1, 2, 3, 4)	V <sub>RSDn</sub>	_	V <sub>RSD</sub> - 0.050	V <sub>RSD</sub>	V <sub>RSD</sub> + 0.050	V	2
VRTC pin recovery voltage n (n = 1, 2, 3, 4)	VRSTn	_	V <sub>RST</sub> - 0.100	V <sub>RST</sub>	V <sub>RST</sub> + 0.100	V	2
Input Voltage							
Operation voltage between VDD pin and VSS pin	VDSOP	_	3.6	-	24	V	-
Output Voltage							
CO pin output voltage "H"	Vсон	_	4.0	6.0	7.5	V	2
Input Current							
Current consumption during operation	IOPE	V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = V <sub>CU</sub> - 1.0 V	_	2.0	4.0	μA	2
Current consumption during VRTC pin shutdown	IOPED	V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = V <sub>RSD</sub> - 1.0 V	_	-	1.0	μA	2
VC1 pin input current	Ivc1	V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = V <sub>CU</sub> - 1.0 V	_	-	3.7	μA	2
VCn pin input current (n = 2, 3, 4)	Ivcn	V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = V <sub>CU</sub> - 1.0 V	-0.42	0	_	μΑ	2
Output Current							
CO pin source current	Ісон	_	_	-	-20	μA	2
CO pin sink current	ICOL	_	20	-	-	μA	2
Delay Time							
Overcharge detection delay time	tcu	_	$t_{CU}  imes 0.7$	tcu	$t_{CU}  imes 1.3$	s	2
Overcharge release delay time	t <sub>CL</sub>	_	8	16	32	ms	2
Overcharge timer reset delay time	t <sub>TR</sub>	With overcharge timer reset function	6	12	20	ms	_
Transition time to test mode	tтsт	_	_	-	10	ms	-
VRTC pin shutdown delay time	t <sub>RSD</sub>	_	$t_{\text{RSD}}  imes 0.7$	t <sub>RSD</sub>	$t_{RSD}  imes 1.3$	s	2
Wake-up delay time	twu	_	1	2	3	s	2
VRTC Pin Output							
VRTC pin output voltage	VVRTC	I <sub>VRTC</sub> = 10 μA, SW2 = ON	$V_{VRTC} \times 0.98$	VVRTC	Vvrtc × 1.02	V	2
VRTC pin output current	IVRTC	_	_	_	2	mA	_

Table 10

\*1. Since products are not screened at high and low temperature, the specification for this temperature range is guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

## Test Circuit

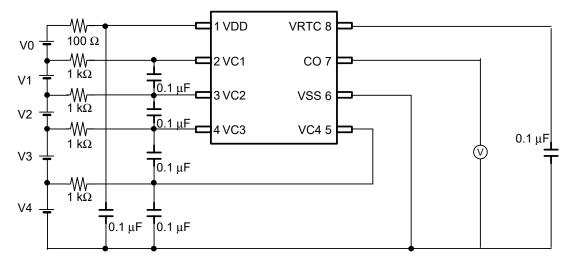
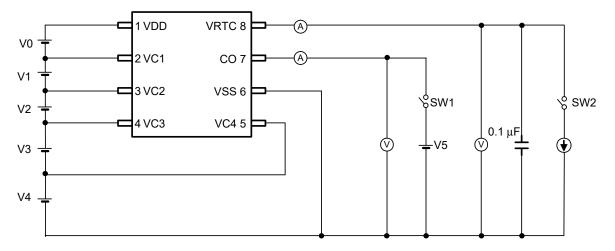


Figure 5 Test Circuit 1



#### Figure 6 Test Circuit 2

In the initial status of the test circuit, SW1 and SW2 should be OFF. This section provides explanations of test items using test circuit 1 and test circuit 2.

# 1. Overcharge detection voltage n (V<sub>CUn</sub>), overcharge release voltage n (V<sub>CLn</sub>) (Test Circuit 1)

After setting V0 = 0 V, V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 =  $V_{CU} - 0.1$  V, V1 is gradually increased. When the CO pin output inverts, the voltage V1 is defined as the overcharge detection voltage 1 ( $V_{CU1}$ ). After that, V1 is then set to  $V_{CU} + 0.1$  V, V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 V. V1 is gradually decreased. When the CO pin output inverts again, the voltage V1 is defined as the overcharge release voltage ( $V_{CL1}$ ).

Overcharge detection voltage n ( $V_{CUn}$ ) and overcharge release voltage n ( $V_{CLn}$ ) can be determined in the same way as when n = 1.

# 2. VRTC pin shutdown voltage n (V<sub>RSDn</sub>), VRTC pin recovery voltage n (V<sub>RSTn</sub>) (Test Circuit 2)

After setting V0 = 0 V, V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 V, V1 is gradually decreased. When the VRTC pin output becomes V<sub>SS</sub>, the voltage V1 is defined as the VRTC pin shutdown voltage 1 (V<sub>RSD1</sub>). After that, V1 is then set to V<sub>RSD</sub> – 0.15 V, V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 V. V1 is gradually increased. When the VRTC pin output voltage becomes the VRTC pin output voltage (V<sub>VRTC</sub>), the voltage V1 is defined as the VRTC pin recovery voltage 1 (V<sub>RST1</sub>).

VRTC pin shutdown voltage n (V<sub>RSDn</sub>) and VRTC pin recovery voltage n (V<sub>RSTn</sub>) can be determined in the same way as when n = 1.

#### 3. CO pin output voltage "H" (V<sub>COH</sub>) (Test Circuit 2)

The CO pin output voltage "H" (V<sub>COH</sub>) is the voltage between the CO pin and the VSS pin when V0 = 0 V, V1 = 4.9 V, V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 V.

## 4. CO pin source current (I<sub>COH</sub>)

(Test Circuit 2)

Set SW1 to ON after setting V0 = 0 V, V1 = 4.9 V, V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 V, V5 = V<sub>COH</sub> - 0.5 V. The CO pin current is the CO pin source current (I<sub>COH</sub>) at that time.

#### 5. CO pin sink current (I<sub>COL</sub>) (Test Circuit 2)

Set SW1 to ON after setting V0 = 0 V, V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 V, V5 = 0.5 V. The CO pin current is the CO pin sink current (I<sub>COL</sub>) at that time.

# 6. Overcharge detection delay time (tcu), overcharge release delay time (tcL) (Test Circuit 2)

After setting V0 = 0 V, V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 V, V1 is increased to 4.9 V. The overcharge detection delay time (t<sub>CU</sub>) is the time period until the CO pin output inverts. After that, decrease V1 to 3.5 V. The overcharge release delay time (t<sub>CL</sub>) is the time period until the CO pin output inverts.

## 7. VRTC pin shutdown delay time ( $t_{RSD}$ )

#### (Test Circuit 2)

After setting V0 = 0 V, V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 V, V1 is decreased to 2.4 V. The VRTC pin shutdown delay time (t<sub>RSD</sub>) is the time period until the VRTC pin output becomes V<sub>SS</sub>.

## Operation

**Remark** Refer to "**Battery Protection IC Connection Examples**".

#### 1. Wake-up function operation during battery connection

The IC monitors whether or not all batteries have been connected to prevent CO pin output errors during battery connection from blowing the protection fuse. When all batteries have been connected, the IC transitions to the normal status. This is what we call the wake-up function. When 3.5 V or higher voltage batteries are connected to all battery connection pins and this state continues for at least the wake-up delay time (twu) = 2.0 s typ., the VRTC pin outputs the VRTC pin output voltage (V<sub>VRTC</sub>) and the device enters the normal status.

No other operations are possible until the IC is in the normal status. The wake-up function is disabled when the IC enters the normal status and is enabled access to other operations.

#### 2. Normal status

When all battery voltages are higher than the VRTC pin shutdown voltage n ( $V_{RSDn}$ ) but lower than overcharge detection voltage n ( $V_{CUn}$ ), the CO pin outputs "L" and the VRTC pin outputs  $V_{VRTC}$ . This status is called the normal status.

#### 3. Overcharge status

When the voltage of any of all batteries exceeds the overcharge detection voltage n ( $V_{CUn}$ ) and this condition continues for the overcharge detection delay time ( $t_{CU}$ ) or longer, the CO pin output inverts. This status is called the overcharge status. Charge control and secondary protection can be enabled by connecting an FET to the CO pin.

When all battery voltages fall below the overcharge release voltage ( $V_{CLn}$ ) and this condition continues for the overcharge release delay time ( $t_{CL}$ ) or longer, this IC returns to the normal status.

#### 4. VRTC pin shutdown status

When the voltage of any of the batteries falls below the VRTC pin shutdown voltage n ( $V_{RSDn}$ ) and this condition continues for the VRTC pin shutdown delay time ( $t_{RSD}$ ) or longer, the VRTC pin output becomes  $V_{SS}$ . This status is called the VRTC pin shutdown status.

When all battery voltages exceed the VRTC pin recovery voltage n (V<sub>RSTn</sub>), this IC returns to the normal status.

#### 5. Overcharge timer reset function

During  $t_{CU}$ , which is from when the voltage of any of the batteries being charged exceeds  $V_{CUn}$  until charging stops, this IC has the following operations.

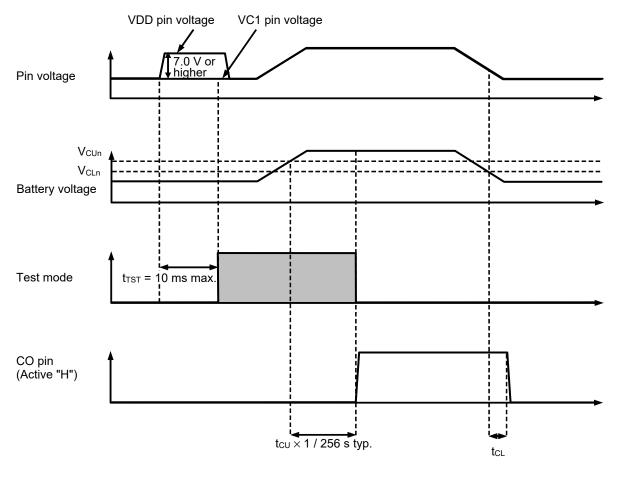
Even if an overcharge release noise, which temporarily forces the battery voltage below  $V_{CUn}$ , is input,  $t_{CU}$  is continuously counted as long as the overcharge release noise time is shorter than the overcharge timer reset delay time ( $t_{TR}$ ). Under the same conditions, if the overcharge release noise time is  $t_{TR}$  or longer, counting of  $t_{CU}$  is reset once. After that, when  $V_{CUn}$  has been exceeded, counting of  $t_{CU}$  resumes.

#### 6. Test mode

In this IC, the overcharge detection delay time ( $t_{CU}$ ) and VRTC pin shutdown delay time ( $t_{RSD}$ ) can be shortened by entering the test mode.

The test mode can be set by retaining the VDD pin voltage 7.0 V or higher than the VC1 pin voltage for at least 10 ms (V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 V, Ta = +25°C). The status is retained by the internal latch and the test mode is retained even if the VDD pin voltage is decreased to the same voltage as that of the VC1 pin.

When this IC becomes the detection status after the delay time following the detection of an overcharge or VRTC pin shutdown has elapsed, the latch for retaining the test mode is reset and this IC is released from the test mode.



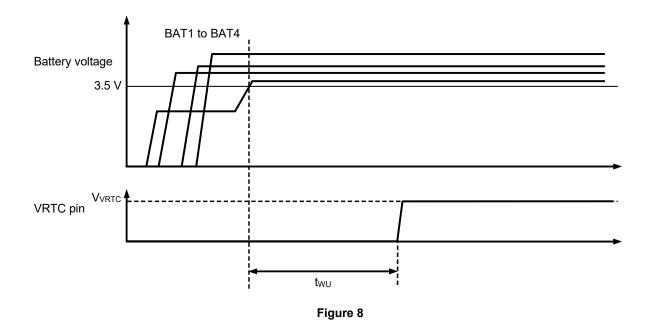


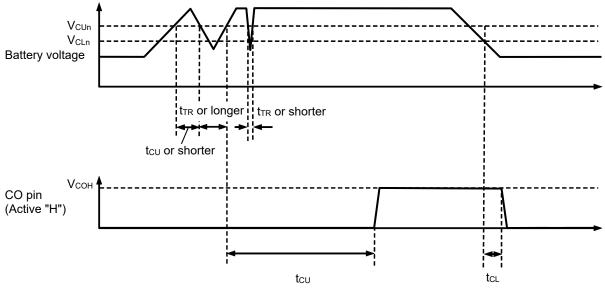
Caution 1. Set the test mode when no batteries are overcharged.

2. The overcharge timer reset delay time  $(t_{TR})$  is not shortened in the test mode.

## Timing Charts

1. Wake-up function operation during battery connection (S-82K4 Series)

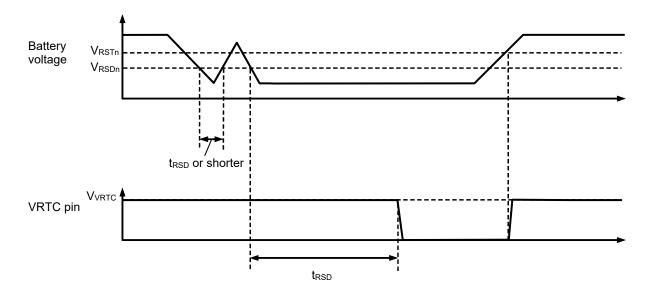




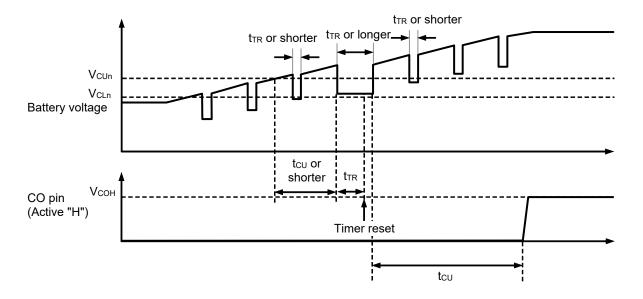
## 2. Overcharge detection operation (With overcharge timer reset function)



## 3. VRTC pin shutdown operation





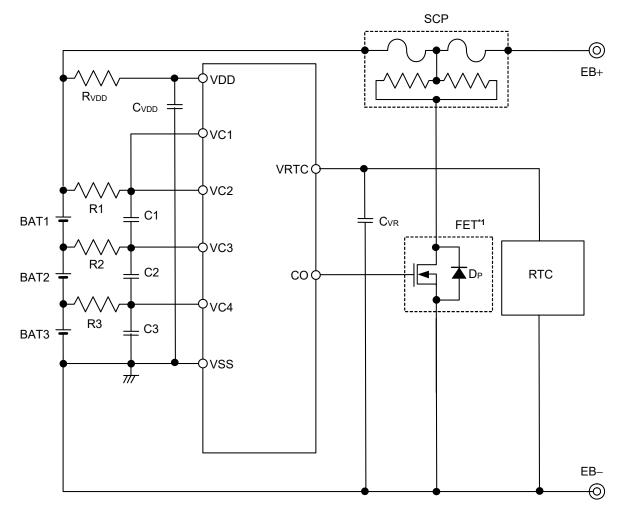


#### 4. Overcharge timer reset operation (With overcharge timer reset function)



## Battery Protection IC Connection Examples

1. S-82K3 Series (3-serial cell)



**\*1.** This IC limits its CO pin output voltage to 7.5 V max., so a FET with the gate withstand voltage of 8 V can be used.

#### Figure 12

ļ	No.	Part	Min.	Typ.*1	Max.	Unit		
	1	R1 to R3	1	1	1	kΩ		
	2	C1 to C3, CVDD	0.1	0.1	1	μF		
	3	Rvdd	100	100	1000	Ω		
	4	CVR	-	0.1	-	μF		

Table 11 Constants	for External C	Components
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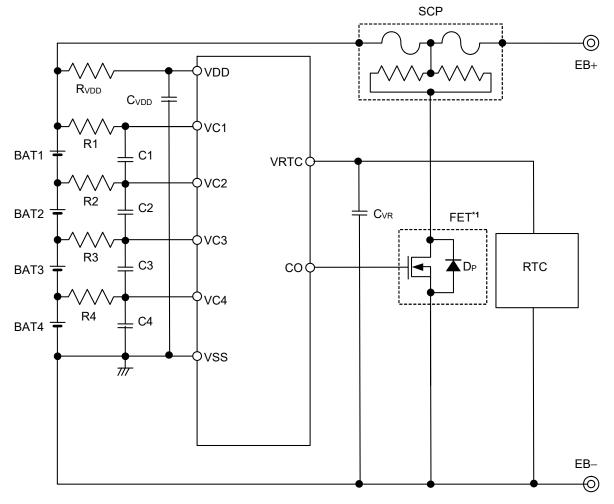
\*1. Accuracy of overcharge detection voltage is guaranteed by typ. value in **Table 11**. Connecting components with other values will worsen the accuracy.

Caution 1. The constants may be changed without notice.

- 2. It has not been confirmed whether the operation is normal or not in circuits other than the connection examples. In addition, the connection examples and the constants do not guarantee proper operation. Perform thorough evaluation using the actual application to set the constants.
- 3. Set the same constants to R1 to R3 and to C1 to C3 and  $C_{VDD}$ .

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## 2. S-82K4 Series (4-serial cell)



**\*1.** This IC limits its CO pin output voltage to 7.5 V max., so a FET with the gate withstand voltage of 8 V can be used.

#### Figure 13

No.	Part	Min.	Typ.*1	Max.	Unit
1	R1 to R4	1	1	1	kΩ
2	C1 to C4, C <sub>VDD</sub>	0.1	0.1	1	μF
3	Rvdd	100	100	1000	Ω
4	CVR	_	0.1	_	μF

Table 12 Constants for External Components

\*1. Accuracy of overcharge detection voltage is guaranteed by typ. value in **Table 12**. Connecting components with other values will worsen the accuracy.

Caution 1. The constants may be changed without notice.

- 2. It has not been confirmed whether the operation is normal or not in circuits other than the connection examples. In addition, the connection examples and the constants do not guarantee proper operation. Perform thorough evaluation using the actual application to set the constants.
- 3. Set the same constants to R1 to R4 and to C1 to C4 and  $C_{\text{VDD}}.$

[For SCP, contact] Dexerials Corporation Tokyo Office Address: Mitsui Sumitomo Kaijo Tepco Building 9F, 1-6-1 Kyobashi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0031, Japan Tel: +81-3-3538-1230 (main) https://www.dexerials.jp/en/

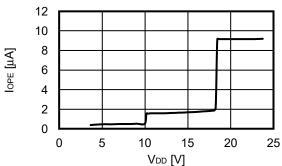
## Precaution

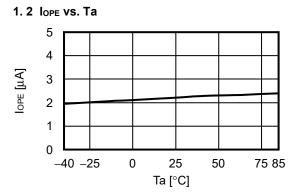
- Before the battery connection, short-circuit the battery side pins R<sub>VDD</sub> and R1, shown in the figures in "■ Battery Protection IC Connection Examples".
- The application conditions for the input voltage, output voltage, and load current should not exceed the power dissipation.
- Do not apply to this IC an electrostatic discharge that exceeds the performance ratings of the built-in electrostatic protection circuit.
- ABLIC Inc. claims no responsibility for any disputes arising out of or in connection with any infringement of patents owned by a third party by products including this IC.

## ■ Characteristics (Typical Data)

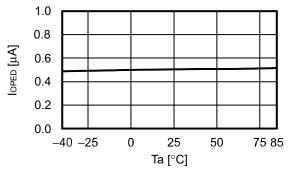
## 1. Current consumption





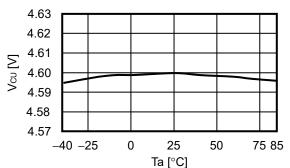




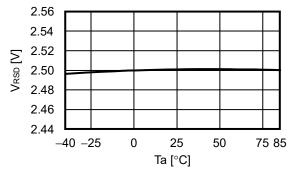


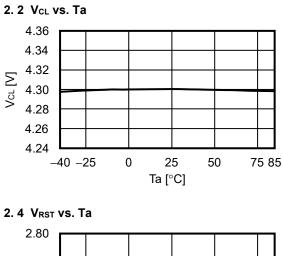
### 2. Detection voltage, release voltage

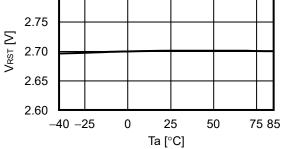
2.1 Vcu vs. Ta



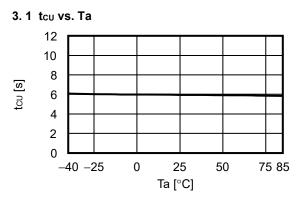


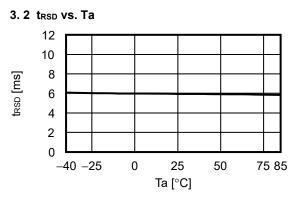




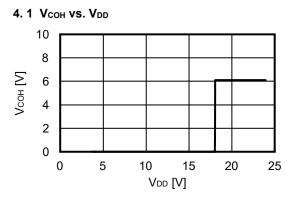


## 3. Delay time

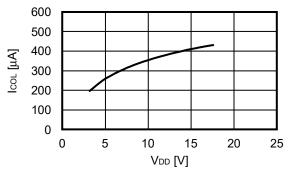




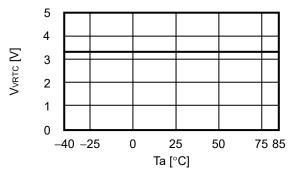
## 4. Output pin



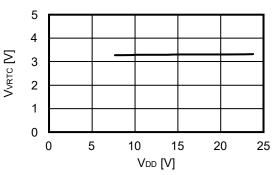
4.3  $I_{COL}$  vs.  $V_{DD}$ 



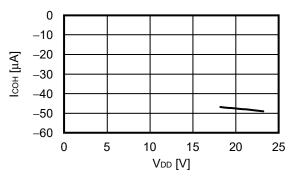
4. 4 VVRTC vs. Ta



4. 5 VVRTC VS. VDD

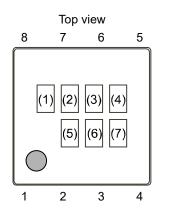






## Marking Specifications

### 1. DFN-8(2020)A



(1): (2) to (4): (5) to (7):

## Blank

Product code (Refer to Product name vs. Product code) Lot number

#### Product name vs. Product code

#### 1.1 S-82K3 Series

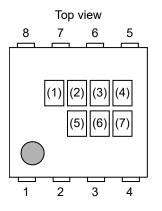
Product name	Product code			
Product name	(2)	(3)	(4)	
S-82K3AAA-A8T8U	9	L	А	
S-82K3AAB-A8T8U	9	L	В	

(1):

#### 1.2 S-82K4 Series

Product name	Product code			
Product name	(2)	(3)	(4)	
S-82K4AAA-A8T8U	9	L	R	
S-82K4AAB-A8T8U	9	L	S	

#### 2. HSNT-8(1616)

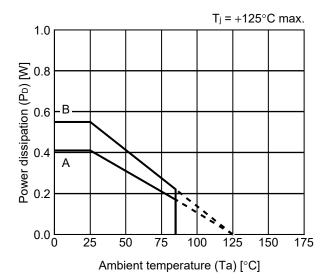


(1):	Blank
(2) ~ (4):	Product code
(5) ~ (7):	Lot number

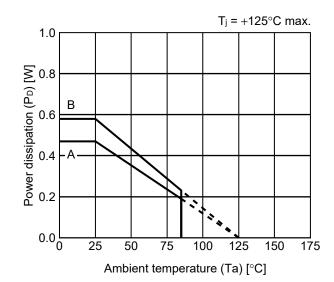
## Power Dissipation

## DFN-8(2020)A

## HSNT-8(1616)



Board	Power Dissipation (P <sub>D</sub> )
А	0.41 W
В	0.55 W
С	_
D	_
E	_



Board	Power Dissipation (P <sub>D</sub> )
А	0.47 W
В	0.58 W
С	_
D	_
E	_

# DFN-8(2020)A Test Board

## (1) Board A

🔵 IC Mount Area



Item		Specification
Size [mm]		114.3 x 76.2 x t1.6
Material		FR-4
Number of copper foil layer		2
	1	Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070
Copper foil layer [mm]	2	-
	3	-
	4	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.070
Thermal via		-

(2) Board B



Item		Specification
Size [mm]		114.3 x 76.2 x t1.6
Material		FR-4
Number of copper foil la	ayer	4
	1	Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070
Coppor foil lover [mm]	2	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.035
Copper foil layer [mm]	3	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.035
	4	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.070
Thermal via		-



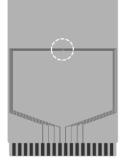
enlarged view

No. DFN8-E-Board-SD-1.0

# HSNT-8(1616) Test Board

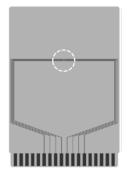
## 🔵 IC Mount Area

## (1) Board A



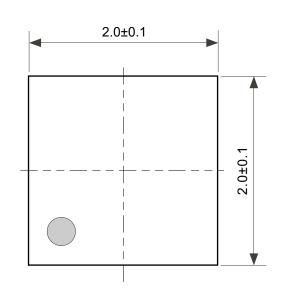
Item		Specification
Size [mm]		114.3 x 76.2 x t1.6
Material		FR-4
Number of copper foil layer		2
	1	Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070
Copper foil layer [mm]	2	-
	3	-
	4	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.070
Thermal via		-

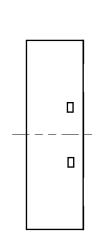
## (2) Board B

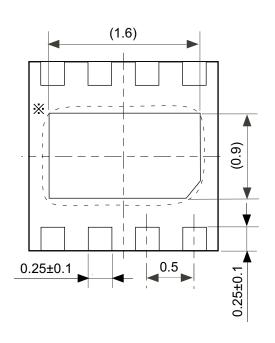


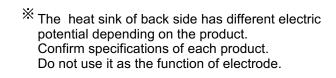
Item		Specification
Size [mm]		114.3 x 76.2 x t1.6
Material		FR-4
Number of copper foil layer		4
	1	Land pattern and wiring for testing: t0.070
Coppor foil lovor [mm]	2	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.035
Copper foil layer [mm]	3	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.035
	4	74.2 x 74.2 x t0.070
Thermal via		-

No. HSNT8-B-Board-SD-1.0



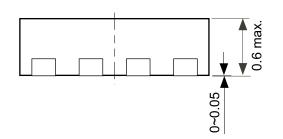


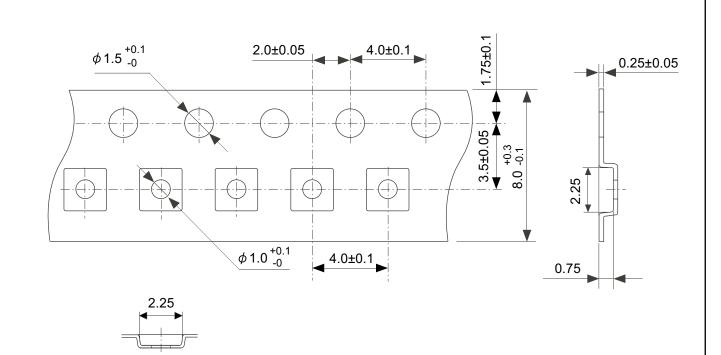


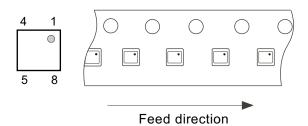


No. IB008-A-P-SD-1.0

TITLE	DFN-8-E-PKG Dimensions	
No.	IB008-A-P-SD-1.0	
ANGLE	$\oplus$	
UNIT	mm	
ABLIC Inc.		

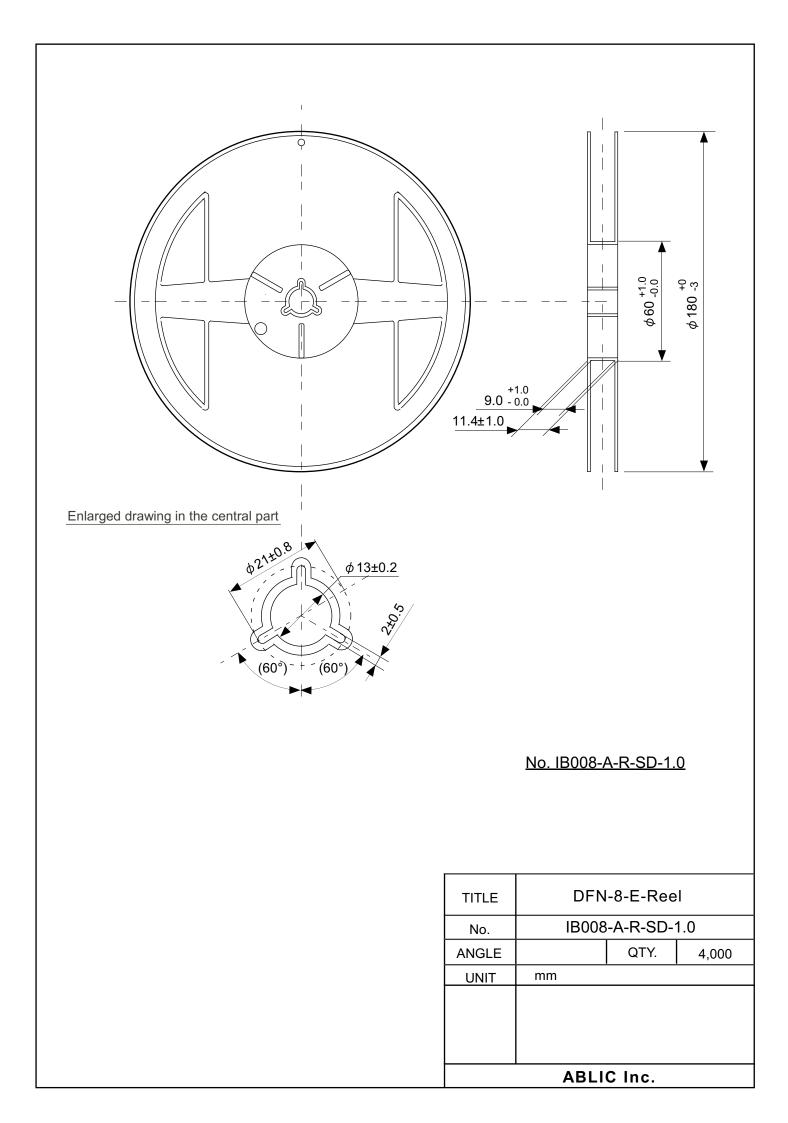


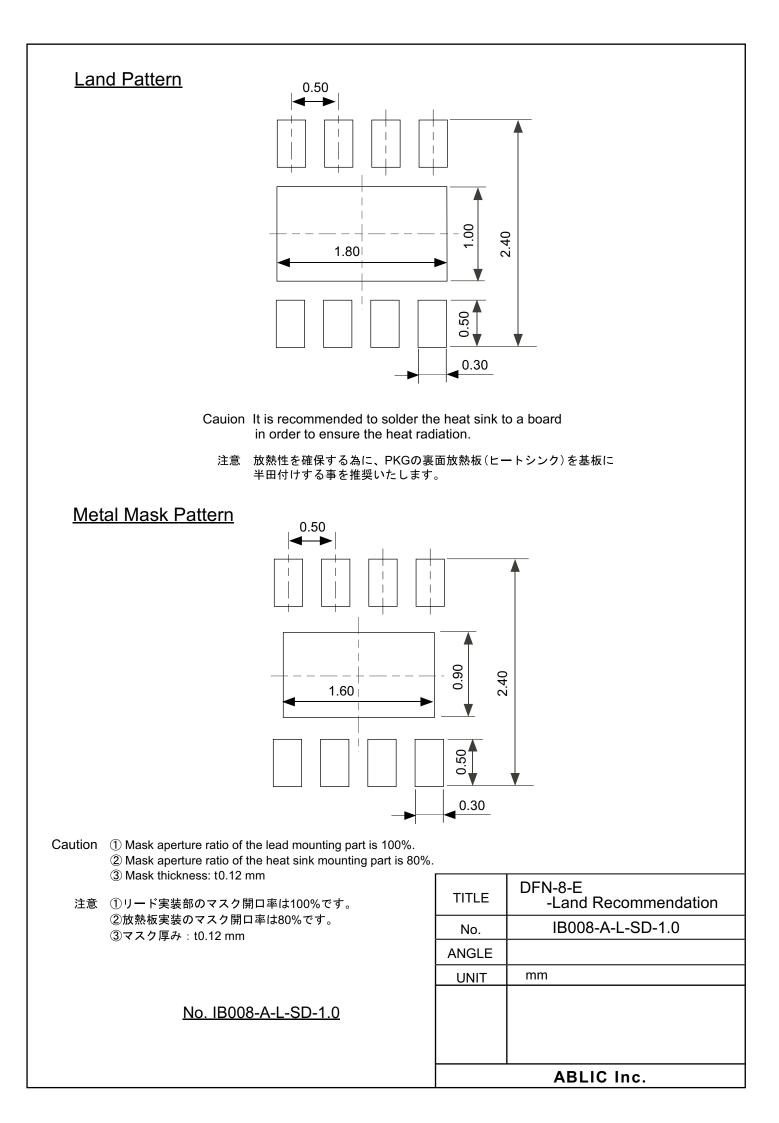


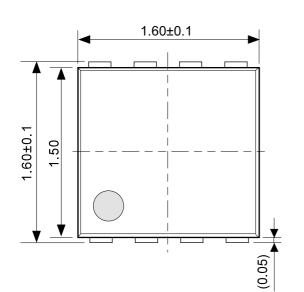


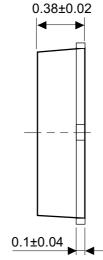
No. IB008-A-C-SD-1.0

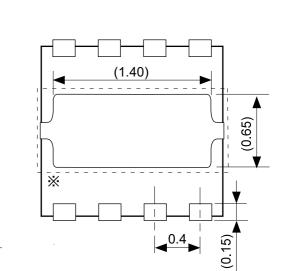
TITLE	DFN-8-E-Carrier Tape	
No.	IB008-A-C-SD-1.0	
ANGLE		
UNIT	mm	
ABLIC Inc.		

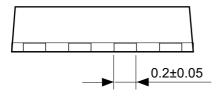








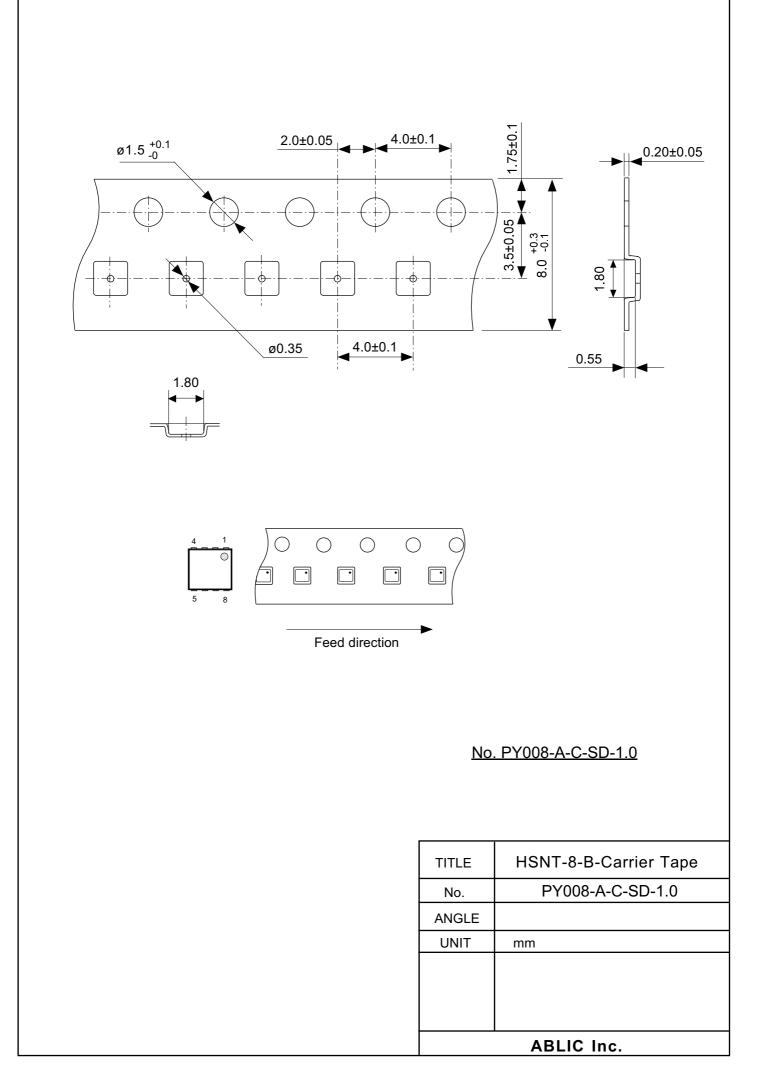


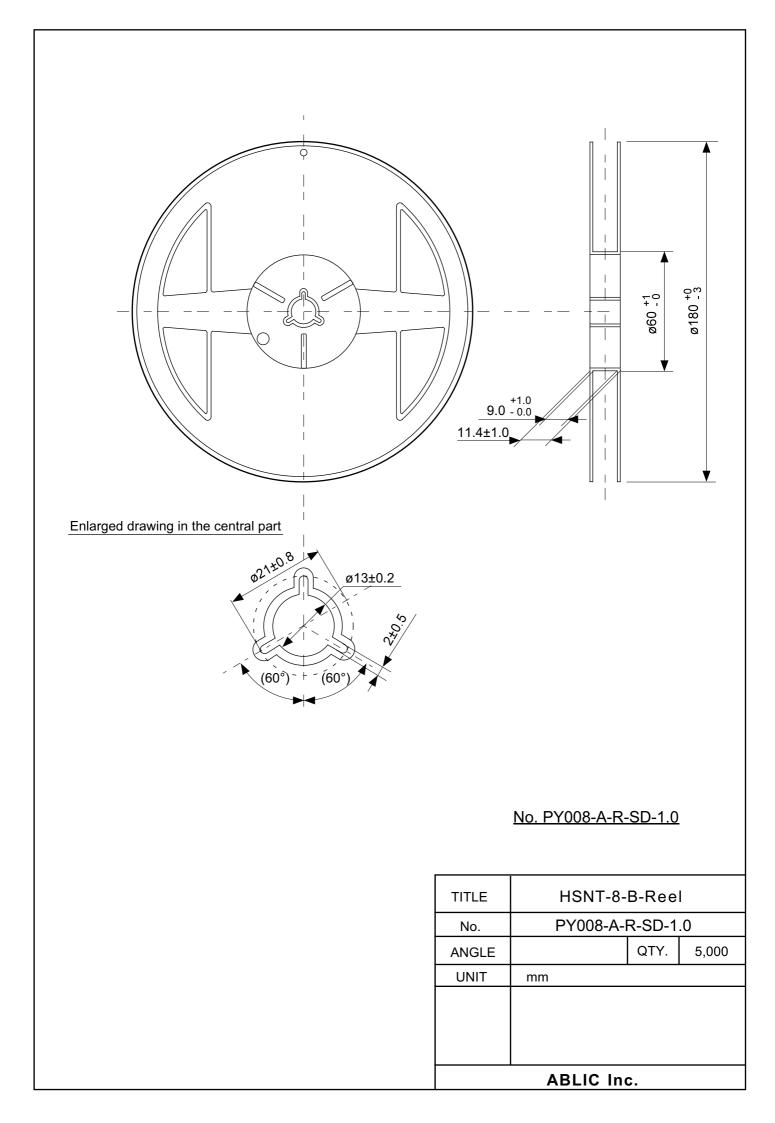


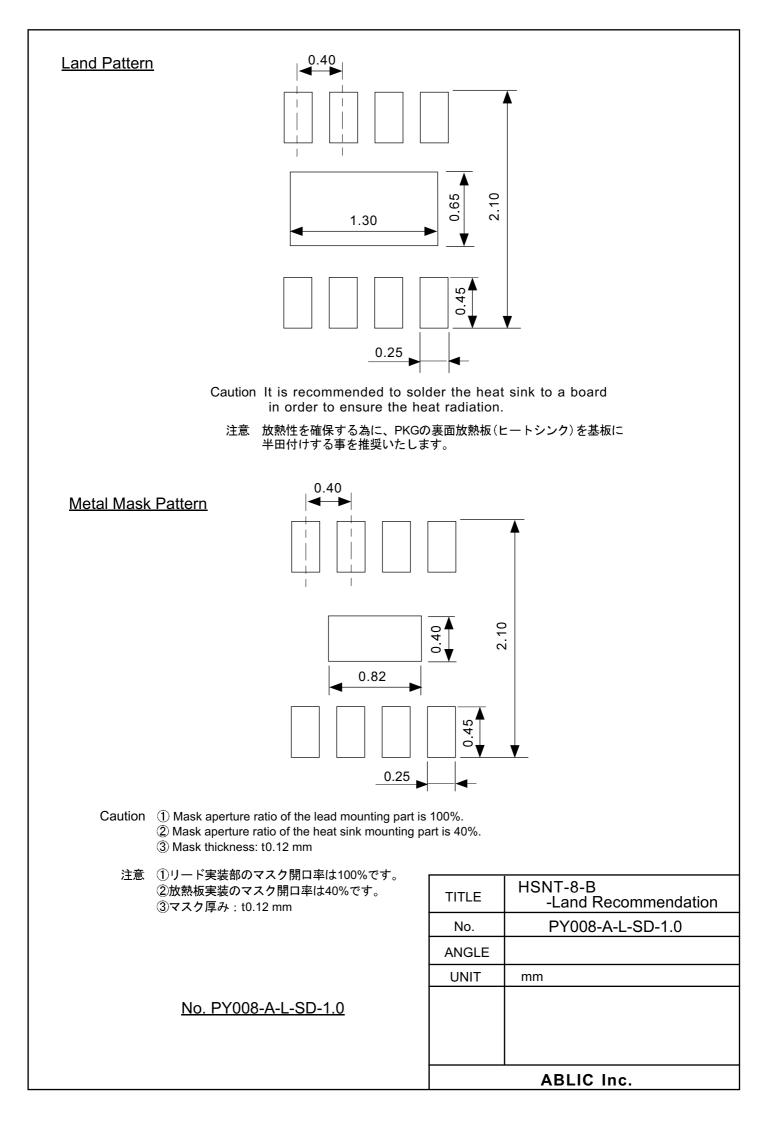
The heat sink of back side has different electric potential depending on the product.
 Confirm specifications of each product.
 Do not use it as the function of electrode.

No. PY008-A-P-SD-1.0

TITLE	HSNT-8-B-PKG Dimensions
No.	PY008-A-P-SD-1.0
ANGLE	$\oplus$
UNIT	mm
ABLIC Inc.	







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2.4-2019.07