White LEDs

### **General Description**

The MAX8607 white LED boost converter is optimized for camera flash/strobe applications using high-current white LEDs. The MAX8607 integrates a 1MHz PWM boost converter, 1.5A low-dropout (LDO) current regulator, and logic control circuitry for a space-saving LED flash design. Two logic inputs control four modes of operation: shutdown mode reduces the quiescent current to 0.1 $\mu$ A (typ), movie mode supplies up to 360mA of LED current for continuous lighting, flash mode supplies up to 1.5A of LED current for short-duration lighting during an exposure, and disco mode supplies +5V (at up to 1A) to external circuits while driving the LED with a fixed 80mA current.

19-3783; Rev 1; 2/07

EVALUATION KIT AVAILABLE

The internal 1MHz boost converter features an adaptive control scheme with an internal switching MOSFET and synchronous rectifier to improve efficiency and minimize external component count. The MAX8607 is available in a 14-pin, 3mm x 3mm TDFN package (0.8mm max height).

Camera Flashes/Strobes Cell Phones/Smartphones PDAs and Digital Cameras

### Disco Mode with Fixed 5V (Up to 1A) and 80mA LED Current

♦ 84% Efficiency (PLED / PBATT) at 1.1A

Supports Lumileds and Other High-Power

Independently Set Flash/Movie Currents

Movie-Mode Current Up to 360mA

Flash-Mode Current Up to 1.5A

- ♦ T<sub>A</sub> Derating Function for LED Thermal Protection
- Output Overvoltage Protection (OVP)
- Soft-Start Eliminates Inrush Current
- ♦ 1MHz PWM Operation at All Loads
- Small External Components
- ♦ 2.7V to 5.5V Input Voltage Range
- ♦ 0.1µA Shutdown Mode
- ♦ 14-Pin, 3mm x 3mm TDFN Package

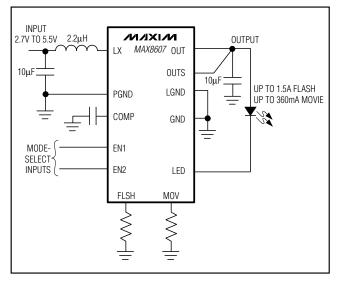
### \_Ordering Information

PART*	PIN-PACKAGE	TOP MARK
MAX8607ETD+	14 TDFN 3mm x 3mm (T1433-1)	ABA

+Indicates lead-free package.

\*The MAX8607ETD is characterized over the -40°C to +85°C temperature range.

### **Typical Operating Circuit**



### TOP VIEW OUTS OUT $\leq$ $\times$ 13 12 11 10 MIXIM MAX8607 3 4 5 6 2 COMP EN2 MOV **HSH** GND EN1 GND TDFN 3mm x 3mm

### 

Maxim Integrated Products 1

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

**Pin Configuration** 

**Applications** 

Features

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

14-Pin TDFN 3mm x 3mm (derate 18.2mW/°C

OUT, OUTS, EN1, EN2 to GND .....-0.3V to +6V FLSH, MOV, LED, COMP, LX to GND ...-0.3V to ( $V_{OUTS}$  + 0.3V) LGND, PGND to GND ....-0.3V to +0.3V LX Current .....2A<sub>RMS</sub> Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A$  = +70°C)

above +70°C).....1455mW

Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(V<sub>EN1</sub> = V<sub>EN2</sub> = 5V, V<sub>OUT</sub> = V<sub>OUTS</sub> = 4V, C<sub>OUT</sub> = 10 $\mu$ F, T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	CON	DITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS
Supply Voltage	IC supplied from OU	TS	2.7		5.5	V
Undervoltage-Lockout Threshold	V <sub>OUTS</sub> rising, 100mV	′ (typ) hysteresis	2.25	2.38	2.65	V
OUT Quiescent Current, Flash or Movie Mode	LX switching, ILED =	0mA		4		mA
OLIT Ouisseent Ourrent, Chutdourn Mada	EN1 = EN2 = GND	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		0.1	1	
OUT Quiescent Current, Shutdown Mode	ENT = ENZ = GND	$T_{A} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{A} = +85^{\circ}C$		1		μΑ
	Overvoltage limit, ILE	$_{\rm ED}$ = 0mA, V <sub>LED</sub> = 0V	5.3	5.5	5.7	
OUT Regulation Voltage	$V_{LED} = 0.5V$		3.65	3.85	3.95	V
	Disco mode, I <sub>LED</sub> =	80mA	4.8	5.0	5.2	
LED Ownerst Obstations Made		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		0.01	1	
LED Current, Shutdown Mode	EN1 = EN2 = GND	$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$		0.5		μΑ
	$R_{MOV} = 2k\Omega$ ,	Flash mode	1200	1500		
Current-Source Guaranteed Sink Current	$R_{FLSH} = 2k\Omega$ ,	Movie mode	338	360		mA
	$V_{LED} = 0.5V$	Disco mode		80		
Current-Source Multiplier in MOV Mode (I <sub>LED</sub> / I <sub>MOV)</sub>	I <sub>MOV</sub> up to 300µA			1200		A/A
	$R_{MOV} = 2k\Omega$ ,	T <sub>A</sub> ≥ 0°C (Note 2)	-3	±0.5	+3	
Current-Source Accuracy in MOV Mode	$V_{LED} = 0.5V$	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C	-6	±0.5	+6	%
MOV Current-Source Dropout Voltage	$R_{MOV} = 2k\Omega$	•		48	100	mV
Disco Current-Source Current Setting	V <sub>EN1</sub> = 0V, V <sub>EN2</sub> = 5	V	62	80	108	mA
Current-Source Multiplier in FLSH Mode (I <sub>LED</sub> / IFLSH)	I <sub>FLSH</sub> up to 300µA			5000		A/A
Current-Source Accuracy in FLSH Mode	$R_{FLSH} = 2k\Omega, V_{LED} =$ (Note 2)	= 0.5V, T <sub>A</sub> ≥ -40°C		±3		%
FLSH Current-Source Dropout Voltage	$R_{FLSH} = 2k\Omega$			200	420	mV
LX n-Channel Current Limit				4.4		А
MOV Regulation Voltage				600		mV
FLSH Regulation Voltage				600		mV
LED to COMP Transconductance	$V_{COMP} = 1.5V$			60		μS

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $(V_{EN1} = V_{EN2} = 5V, V_{OUT} = V_{OUTS} = 4V, C_{OUT} = 10\mu$ F, T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

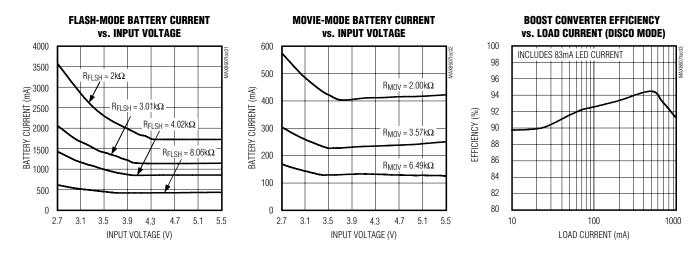
PARAMETER	C	ONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
COMP Input Resistance to GND	During shutdown	or UVLO		140	250	Ω
LED T <sub>A</sub> Derating Function Threshold	Temperature whe function begins	en the LED current derating		+40		°C
LED T <sub>A</sub> Derating Function Slope	$T_A = +40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +80^{\circ}C$	35°C		-1.67		%/°C
EN1 and EN2 Logic-High Input Voltage	$V_{OUTS} = 2.7 V$ to	5.5V	1.4			V
EN1 and EN2 Logic-Low Input Voltage	$V_{OUTS} = 2.7 V$ to	5.5V			0.4	V
ENIT and ENO Lagis lagut Diss Current		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		0.01	1	۵
EN1 and EN2 Logic Input Bias Current	$V_{EN} = 5.5V$	T <sub>A</sub> = +85°C		0.03		μA
LX n-Channel On-Resistance	$I_{LX} = 200 \text{mA}$			50	100	mΩ
LX p-Channel On-Resistance	I <sub>LX</sub> = 200mA			100	200	mΩ
		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		0.01	1	
LX Leakage	$V_{LX} = 5.5V$	T <sub>A</sub> = +85°C		0.03		μA
Operating Frequency			0.8	1.0	1.2	MHz
Maximum Duty Cycle			65	75		%
Minimum Duty Cycle				4	8	%

Note 1: All devices are production tested at  $T_A = +25$  °C. Specifications over temperature are guaranteed by design and characterization and not production tested.

Note 2: For temperatures below the thermal derating start point.

## **Typical Operating Characteristics**

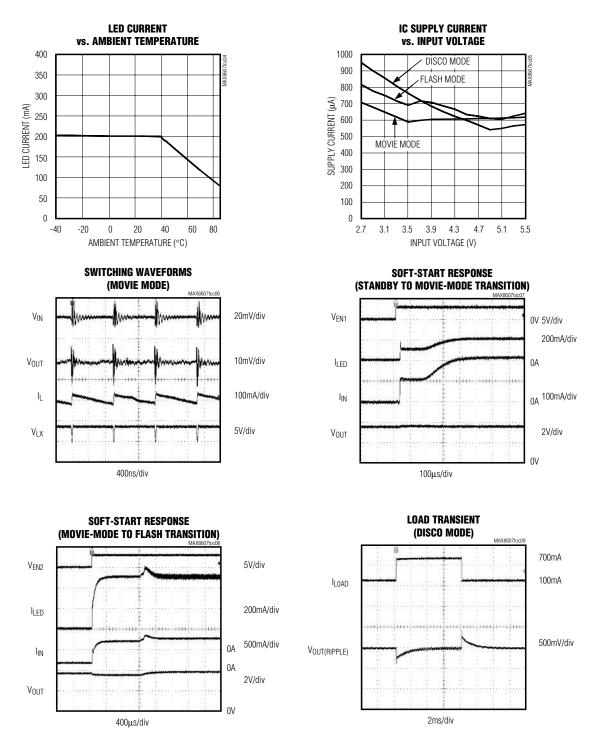
(Circuit of Figure 2, V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>EN1</sub> = 3.6V, V<sub>EN2</sub> = 0V, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



### **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

(Circuit of Figure 2, V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>EN1</sub> = 3.6V, V<sub>EN2</sub> = 0V, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

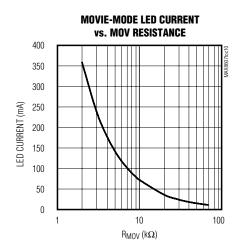


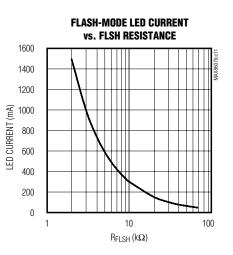




### \_Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(Circuit of Figure 2,  $V_{IN} = V_{EN1} = 3.6V$ ,  $V_{EN2} = 0V$ ,  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.)





# **MAX8607**

### **Pin Description**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	COMP	Compensation Input. Connect a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor from COMP to GND for regulator stability.
2	EN1	Enable Input 1. EN1 and EN2 set the operating mode (see Table 1).
3	EN2	Enable Input 2. EN1 and EN2 set the operating mode (see Table 1).
4	MOV	Movie Current Program Input. Connect a resistor from MOV to GND to set the LED current in movie mode. $R_{MOV}$ must be greater than $2k\Omega$ .
5	FLSH	Flash Current Program Input. Connect a resistor from FLSH to GND to set the LED current in flash mode. $R_{FLSH}$ must be greater than $2k\Omega$ .
6	GND	Analog Ground. Connect GND to the exposed paddle directly under the IC.
7	LGND	LED Current Regulator Ground. Connect LGND to the ground plane on the PC board.
8	LED	LED Current Regulator. Connect LED to the cathode of the external LED. LED is high impedance during shutdown.
9, 10	PGND	Power Ground. Connect PGND to the input capacitor ground. Also, connect PGND to the PC board ground plane.
11, 12	LX	Inductor Connection. Connect LX to the switched side of the inductor. LX is internally connected to the drains of the internal MOSFETs. Both MOSFETs are off during shutdown.
13	OUT	Regulator Output. Connect OUT to the anode of the external LED. Bypass OUT to PGND with a 10µF or larger ceramic capacitor. During shutdown, OUT is one body-diode drop below the input voltage.
14	OUTS	Output Sense and IC Supply Input. Connect OUTS to OUT at the output bypass capacitor. The IC's operating power is supplied from OUTS.
	EP	Exposed Paddle. Connect the exposed paddle to GND directly under the IC and to a large PC board ground plane for increased thermal performance.

**MAX8607** 

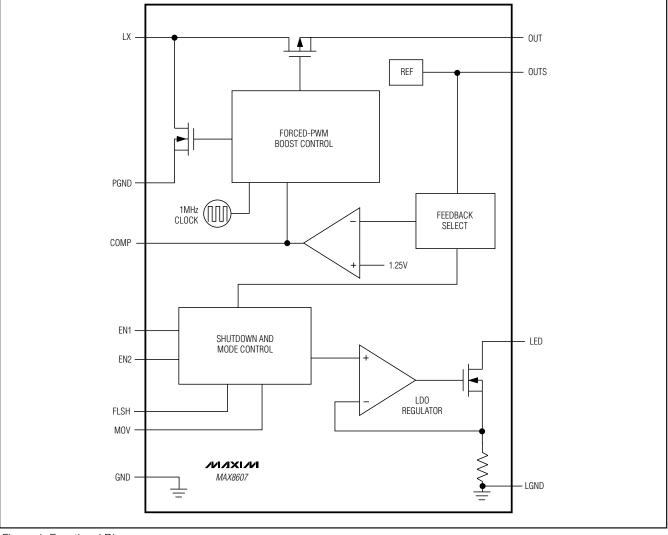


Figure 1. Functional Diagram

### **Detailed Description**

### **Boost Converter**

The MAX8607 includes a fixed-frequency, PWM boost converter that supplies the LED current. The output voltage is adaptively controlled to provide adequate headroom with varying LED forward voltage. The boost converter switches an internal power MOSFET and synchronous rectifier at a constant 1MHz frequency with varying duty cycle up to 75% to maintain constant LED current over the 2.7V to 5.5V input range. Internal special circuits prevent any unwanted subharmonic switching in the critical buck/boost region.

### **LDO Current Regulator (LED)**

A low-dropout (LDO) linear current regulator from LED to LGND sinks current from the external LED's cathode terminal. The LED current is regulated to a user-programmable level. In movie mode, the current into LED is regulated to 1200 times the current set by the MOV resistor ( $R_{MOV}$ ). In flash mode, the current into LED is regulated to 5000 times the current set by the FLSH resistor ( $R_{FLSH}$ ). In disco mode, the current into LED is regulated to 80mA.



### Mode-Select Inputs (EN1, EN2)

Drive EN1 high and EN2 low to enable movie mode. In this mode, the current regulator regulates the current through the LED to 1200 times the current set by the MOV resistor. See the *Setting the Movie-Mode Current* section for details on setting the movie-mode current.

Drive EN1 and EN2 high to enable flash mode. In this mode, the current through the LED is regulated to 5000 times the current set by the FLSH resistor. See the *Setting the Flash-Mode Current* section for details on setting the flash-mode current. The time duration of the flash mode must be set using external circuitry or software.

Drive EN1 low and EN2 high to enable disco mode. In this mode, the output of the boost converter provides a regulated +5V at up to 1A for external circuitry, while the LED current is regulated to 80mA. The LED current is not adjustable in this mode.

Drive EN1 and EN2 low to place the IC into a lowpower shutdown mode. See the *Shutdown* section for more details.

### **Overvoltage Protection**

The output voltage of the MAX8607 is limited by internal overvoltage-protection (OVP) circuitry, which prevents the output from exceeding 5.7V under any conditions. In flash and movie modes, if the output voltage nears 5.5V, the LED current is smoothly reduced through proprietary means to prevent overvoltage without sudden termination of the output current. In case of an LED with very high forward voltage (VF), this circuit provides more reliable and repeatable flash than would a simple on/off comparator. In disco mode, the output is limited by the internal 5.0V regulation.

### **Undervoltage Lockout**

The MAX8607 contains undervoltage-lockout (UVLO) circuitry that disables the IC until V<sub>OUTS</sub> is greater than 2.38V. Prior to startup, V<sub>OUTS</sub> is one diode drop below the input voltage. This ensures a great enough input voltage for startup.

### Soft-Start

The MAX8607 attains soft-start by charging C<sub>COMP</sub> with a 100µA current source. During this time, the internal MOSFET is switching at the minimum duty cycle. Once V<sub>COMP</sub> rises above 1V, the duty cycle increases until output reaches the desired regulation level. COMP is pulled to GND with a 140 $\Omega$  internal resistor during UVLO, OVP, or shutdown. See the *Typical Operating Characteristics* for an example of soft-start operation.

### Table 1. EN1 and EN2 Mode Selection

EN1	EN2	MODE
0	0	Shutdown
0	1	Disco Mode
1	0	Movie Mode
1	1	Flash Mode

### Shutdown

Drive EN1 and EN2 low to place the MAX8607 into a low-power shutdown mode. In shutdown, supply current is reduced to  $0.1\mu$ A (typ). C<sub>COMP</sub> is discharged during shutdown, allowing the device to reinitiate softstart when it is enabled. The internal MOSFET and synchronous rectifier are turned off during shutdown; however, OUT is one body-diode drop below the input. LED is high impedance so the external LED is off, but any external circuitry on OUT is not disconnected and, therefore, should include its own shutdown capability. Typical shutdown timing characteristics are shown in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*.

### **Ambient Temperature Derating Function**

The MAX8607 limits the maximum LED current depending on its die temperature. Once the die temperature reaches +40°C, the LED current decreases by 1.67% per °C. This corresponds to approximately 0mA of LED current at +100°C. Due to the package's exposed paddle, the die temperature is very close to the PC board temperature. The temperature derating function allows the LED current to be safely set higher at normal operating temperatures, thereby allowing either a brighter flash or movie light to be used for normal ambient temperatures. See the *Typical Operating Characteristics* for a graph of LED Current vs. Ambient Temperature.

### Applications Information

### **Setting the Movie-Mode Current**

To set the LED current during movie mode, connect a resistor from MOV to GND ( $R_{MOV}$ ).  $V_{MOV}$  is regulated to 0.6V and the current through  $R_{MOV}$  is mirrored to LED with a gain of 1200.  $R_{MOV}$  is calculated as:

 $R_{MOV} = (0.6V \times 1200) / I_{LED(MOV)}$ 

### Setting the Flash-Mode Current

To set the LED current during flash mode, connect a resistor from FLSH to GND (R<sub>FLSH</sub>). V<sub>FLSH</sub> is regulated to 0.6V and the current through R<sub>FLSH</sub> is mirrored to LED with a gain of 5000. R<sub>FLSH</sub> is calculated as:

$$R_{FLSH} = (0.6V \times 5000) / I_{LED(FLSH)}$$



**MAX8607** 

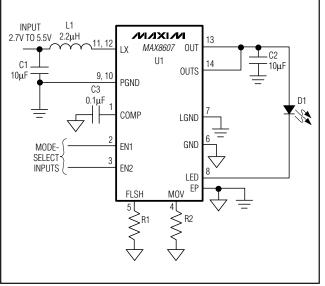


Figure 2. Typical Application Circuit

### **Inductor Selection**

The MAX8607 is designed to use a  $2.2\mu$ H inductor. To prevent core saturation, ensure that the inductor-saturation current rating exceeds the peak inductor current for the application. Calculate the worst-case peak inductor current with the following formula:

$$I_{PEAK} = \frac{5V \times I_{LED(MAX)}}{0.9 \times V_{IN(MIN)}} + \frac{V_{IN(MIN)} \times 0.5 \mu s}{2 \times 2.2 \mu H}$$

Table 2 provides a list of suggested inductors.

### **Capacitor Selection**

Bypass the input to PGND using a ceramic capacitor. Place the capacitor as close to the IC as possible. The exact value of the input capacitor is not critical. The typical value for the input capacitor is  $10\mu$ F; however, larger value capacitors can be used to reduce input ripple at the expense of size and higher cost.

The output capacitance required depends on the required LED current. A  $10\mu$ F ceramic capacitor works well in most situations, but a  $4.7\mu$ F capacitor is acceptable for load current below 300mA.

### **PC Board Layout**

Due to fast switching waveforms and high-current paths, careful PC board layout is required. Connect GND directly to the exposed paddle underneath the IC; connect the exposed paddle to the PC board ground plane. Connect LGND and PGND to the ground plane. The output bypass capacitor should be placed as close to the IC as possible. CCOMP should be connected from COMP to GND as close to the IC as possible. Minimize trace lengths between the IC and the inductor, the input capacitor, and the output capacitor; keep these traces short, direct, and wide. The ground connections of CIN and COUT should be as close together as possible and connected to PGND. The traces from the input to the inductor and from the output capacitor to the LED may be longer. A sample layout is available in the MAX8607 evaluation kit (MAX8607EVKIT) to speed design.

### Chip Information

PROCESS: BICMOS

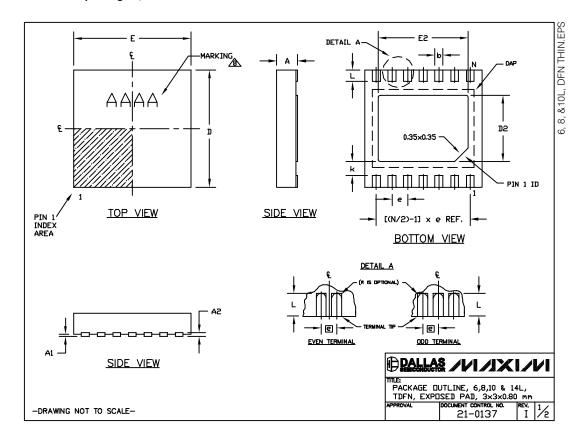
Table 2.	Suggested	Inductors
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MANUFACTURER	SERIES	INDUCTANCE (µH)	DCR (mΩ)	I <sub>SAT</sub> (A)	DIMENSIONS (L <sub>TYP</sub> x W <sub>TYP</sub> x H <sub>MAX</sub> = Volume)
Coilcraft	LPO3310	2.2	150	1.1	$3.3 \times 3.3 \times 1.0 = 11 \text{mm}^3$
Cooper (Coiltronics)	SD3114	2.2	83	1.48	$3.0 \times 3.0 \times 1.45 = 13 \text{mm}^3$
FDK	MIPF2520	2.2	80	0.7	$2.5 \times 2.0 \times 1.0 = 5 \text{mm}^3$
	MIPW3226	2.2	100	1.1	$3.2 \times 2.6 \times 1.0 = 8 \text{mm}^3$
токо	DE2812C	2.2	70	1.6	$3.0 \times 2.8 \times 1.2 = 10 \text{mm}^3$
TUKU	FDSE0312	2.2	160	2.3	$3.0 \times 3.0 \times 1.2 = 11 \text{mm}^3$



### Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)



### Package Information (continued)

rev.

21-0137

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(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)

COMMON	DIMENS	SIONS		PACKAGE VA	ARIATI	ONS					
SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.		PKG. CODE	Ν	D2	E2	е	JEDEC SPEC	b	[(N/2)-1] x e
А	0.70	0.80		T633-2	6	1.50±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.95 BSC	MO229 / WEEA	0.40±0.05	1.90 REF
D	2.90	3.10		T833-2	8	1.50±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.65 BSC	MO229 / WEEC	0.30±0.05	1.95 REF
Е	2.90	3.10		T833-3	8	1.50±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.65 BSC	MO229 / WEEC	0.30±0.05	1.95 REF
A1	0.00	0.05		T1033-1	10	1.50±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.50 BSC	MO229 / WEED-3	0.25±0.05	2.00 REF
L	0.20	0.40		T1033-2	10	1.50±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.50 BSC	MO229 / WEED-3	0.25±0.05	2.00 REF
k	0.25	MIN.		T1433-1	14	1.70±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.40 BSC		0.20±0.05	2.40 REF
A2	0.20	REF.		T1433-2	14	1.70±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.40 BSC		0.20±0.05	2.40 REF
2. COPL 3. WARP 4. PACK 5. DRAW 6. "N" II 7. NUME	ANARITY AGE SH AGE LEI ING CO S THE IER OF	' Shall Iall NG NGTH/F NFORM TOTAL I LEADS	NOT EX T EXCEE ACKAGE 5 TO JED IUMBER SHOWN	. ANGLES IN CEED 0.08 m ) 0.10 mm. WIDTH ARE CC EC M0229, E DF LEADS. ARE FOR REF RIENTATION F	ONSID XCEP EREN	PERED AS S T DIMENSIO CE ONLY.	NS "D2" AN		C(S). ND T1433-1 & T	1433-2.	

### **Revision History**

Pages changed at Rev 1: 1, 2, 9, 10

-DRAWING NOT TO SCALE-

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