

## Smart Highside Power Switch

### Features

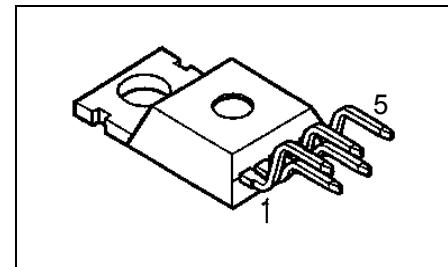
- Clamp of negative voltage at output
- Short-circuit protection
- Current limitation
- Thermal shutdown
- Diagnostic feedback
- Open load detection in ON-state
- CMOS compatible input
- Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) protection
- Loss of ground and loss of  $V_{bb}$  protection<sup>1)</sup>
- Reverse battery protection
- Undervoltage and overvoltage shutdown with auto-restart and hysteresis

### Application

- μC compatible power switch with diagnostic feedback for 12 V and 24 V DC grounded loads
- All types of resistive, inductive and capacitive loads
- Replaces electromechanical relays and discrete circuits

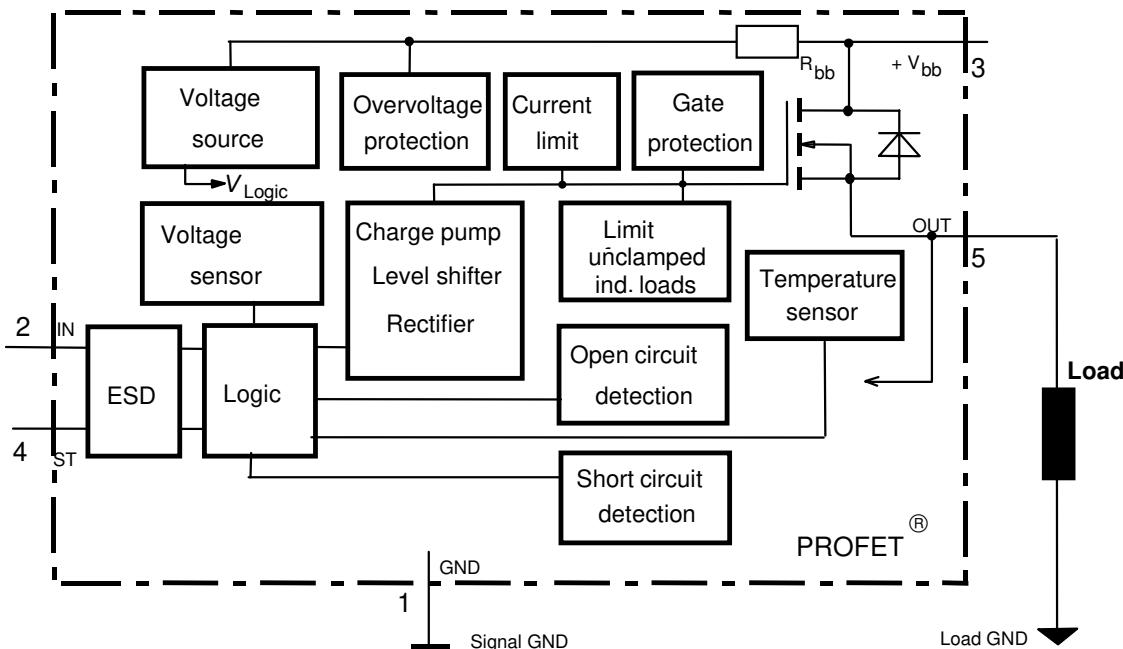
### Product Summary

$V_{bb} - V_{OUT}$ Avalanche Clamp	50	V
$V_{bb}$ (operation)	4.5 ... 32	V
$V_{bb}$ (reverse)	-32	V
$R_{ON}$	38	mΩ
$I_L(\text{lim})$	36	A
$I_L(\text{ISO})$	11	A



### General Description

N channel vertical power FET with charge pump, ground referenced CMOS compatible input and diagnostic fault feedback, integrated in Smart SIPMOS® chip on chip technology. Providing embedded protective functions.



<sup>1)</sup> Additional external diode required for charged inductive loads

<b>Pin</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Function</b>
1	GND	- Logic ground
2	IN	I Input, activates the power switch in case of logical high signal
3	Vbb	+ Positive power supply voltage, the tab is shorted to this pin
4	ST	S Diagnostic feedback, low on failure
5	OUT (Load, L)	O Output to the load

**Maximum Ratings** at  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Values</b>	<b>Unit</b>
Supply voltage (overvoltage protection see page 3)	$V_{bb}$	54	V
Load current (Short-circuit current, see page 4)	$I_L$	self-limited	A
Operating temperature range	$T_j$	-40 ... +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature range	$T_{stg}$	-55 ... +150	
Power dissipation (DC)	$P_{tot}$	125	W
Inductive load switch-off energy dissipation	$E_{AS}$	1.7	J
Electrostatic discharge capability (ESD)	$V_{ESD}$	2.0	kV
Input voltage (DC)	$V_{IN}$	-10 ... +16	V
Current through input pin (DC)	$I_{IN}$	$\pm 5.0$	mA
Current through status pin (DC) see internal circuit diagrams page 6...	$I_{ST}$	$\pm 5.0$	
Thermal resistance chip - case: chip - ambient:	$R_{thJC}$ $R_{thJA}$	$\leq 1$ $\leq 75$	K/W

## Electrical Characteristics

Parameter and Conditions	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min	typ	max	

### Load Switching Capabilities and Characteristics

On-state resistance (pin 3 to 5) $I_L = 2 \text{ A}$	$T_j=25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}:$ $T_j=150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}:$	$R_{ON}$	--	30 55	38 70	$\text{m}\Omega$
Nominal load current (pin 3 to 5) ISO Proposal: $V_{ON} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ , $T_C = 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		$I_{L(\text{ISO})}$	9	11	--	A
Output current (pin 5) while GND disconnected or GND pulled up, see diagram page 7		$I_{L(\text{GNDhigh})}$	--	--	1	mA
Turn-on time Turn-off time $R_L = 12 \Omega$	to 90% $V_{OUT}$ : to 10% $V_{OUT}$ :	$t_{on}$ $t_{off}$	50 10	160 --	260 60	$\mu\text{s}$
Slew rate on 10 to 30% $V_{OUT}$ , $R_L = 12 \Omega$		$dV/dt_{on}$	0.4	--	2	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
Slew rate off 70 to 40% $V_{OUT}$ , $R_L = 12 \Omega$		$-dV/dt_{off}$	1	--	4	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$

### Operating Parameters

Operating voltage	$T_j = -40 \dots +150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}:$	$V_{bb(on)}$	4.5	--	32	V
Undervoltage shutdown	$T_j = -40 \dots +150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}:$	$V_{bb(\text{under})}$	2.4	--	4.5	V
Undervoltage restart	$T_j = -40 \dots +150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}:$	$V_{bb(u \text{ rst})}$	--	--	4.5	V
Undervoltage restart of charge pump see diagram page 11		$V_{bb(ucp)}$	--	6.5	7.5	V
Undervoltage hysteresis $\Delta V_{bb(\text{under})} = V_{bb(u \text{ rst})} - V_{bb(\text{under})}$		$\Delta V_{bb(\text{under})}$	--	0.2	--	V
Oversupply shutdown	$T_j = -40 \dots +150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}:$	$V_{bb(\text{over})}$	32	--	46	V
Oversupply restart	$T_j = -40 \dots +150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}:$	$V_{bb(o \text{ rst})}$	32	--	--	V
Oversupply hysteresis	$T_j = -40 \dots +150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}:$	$\Delta V_{bb(\text{over})}$	--	0.2	--	V
Oversupply protection <sup>2)</sup> $I_{bb}=4 \text{ mA}$	$T_j = -40 \dots +150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}:$	$V_{bb(AZ)}$	50	57	--	V
Standby current (pin 3) $V_{IN}=0$	$T_j=-40 \dots +25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}:$ $T_j=150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}:$	$I_{bb(off)}$	--	12 18	25 60	$\mu\text{A}$
Operating current (Pin 1) <sup>3)</sup> , $V_{IN}=5$		$I_{GND}$	--	1.1	--	mA

2) see also  $V_{ON(CL)}$  in table protection functions and circuit diagram page 7. Measured without load.

3) Add  $I_{ST}$ , if  $I_{ST} > 0$

<b>Parameter and Conditions</b> at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{bb} = 12\text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Values</b>			<b>Unit</b>
		min	typ	max	

#### Protection Functions<sup>4)</sup>

Overload current limit (pin 3 to 5) $T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{L(\text{lim})}$	19	36	57	A
Short circuit shutdown delay after input pos. slope $V_{ON} > V_{ON(\text{SC})}$ , $T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ : min value valid only, if input "low" time exceeds 30 $\mu\text{s}$	$t_{d(\text{SC})}$	80	--	400	$\mu\text{s}$
Output clamp (inductive load switch off) at $V_{OUT} = V_{bb} - V_{ON(\text{CL})}$	$V_{ON(\text{CL})}$	--	50	--	V
Short circuit shutdown detection voltage (pin 3 to 5)	$V_{ON(\text{SC})}$	--	8.3	--	V
Thermal overload trip temperature	$T_{jt}$	150	--	--	$^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal hysteresis	$\Delta T_{jt}$	--	10	--	K
Inductive load switch-off energy dissipation <sup>5)</sup> , $T_j \text{ Start} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{bb} = 12\text{ V}$ : $V_{bb} = 24\text{ V}$ :	$E_{AS}$ $E_{Load12}$ $E_{Load24}$	--	--	1.7 1.3 1.0	J
Reverse battery (pin 3 to 1) <sup>6)</sup>	$-V_{bb}$	--	--	32	V
Integrated resistor in $V_{bb}$ line	$R_{bb}$	--	120	--	$\Omega$

#### Diagnostic Characteristics

Open load detection current (on-condition, ) $T_j = 25 \dots 150^\circ\text{C}$ : $T_j = -40^\circ\text{C}$ :	$I_{L(\text{OL})}$	10 10	-- --	500 600	mA
Leakage output current (off-condition)	$I_{L(\text{off})}$	--	6	--	$\mu\text{A}$

- 
- <sup>4)</sup> Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the data sheet. Fault conditions are considered as "outside" normal operating range. Protection functions are not designed for continuous repetitive operation.
- <sup>5)</sup> While demagnetizing load inductance, dissipated energy in PROFET is  $E_{AS} = V_{ON(\text{CL})} * \int_{t_0}^{\infty} i_L(t) dt$ , approx.  
 $E_{AS} = \frac{1}{2} * L * I_L^2 * \left( \frac{V_{ON(\text{CL})}}{V_{ON(\text{CL})} - V_{bb}} \right)$ , see diagramm page 8
- <sup>6)</sup> Reverse load current (through intrinsic drain-source diode) is normally limited by the connected load. Reverse current  $I_{GND}$  of  $\approx 0.3\text{ A}$  at  $V_{bb} = -32\text{ V}$  through the logic heats up the device. Time allowed under these condition is dependent on the size of the heatsink. Reverse  $I_{GND}$  can be reduced by an additional external GND-resistor ( $150\ \Omega$ ). Input and Status currents have to be limited (see max. ratings page 2 and circuit page 7).

<b>Parameter and Conditions</b> at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{bb} = 12\text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Values</b>			<b>Unit</b>
		min	typ	max	

**Input and Status Feedback<sup>7)</sup>**

Input resistance see circuit page 6	$R_I$	--	10	--	$\text{k}\Omega$
Input turn-on threshold voltage $T_j = -40..+150^\circ\text{C}$ :	$V_{IN(T+)}$	1.5	--	2.4	V
Input turn-off threshold voltage $T_j = -40..+150^\circ\text{C}$ :	$V_{IN(T-)}$	1.0	--	--	V
Input threshold hysteresis	$\Delta V_{IN(T)}$	--	0.5	--	V
Off state input current (pin 2) $V_{IN} = 0.4\text{ V}$ :	$I_{IN(off)}$	1	--	30	$\mu\text{A}$
On state input current (pin 2) $V_{IN} = 3.5\text{ V}$ :	$I_{IN(on)}$	10	25	50	
Status valid after input slope $T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ : (short circuit)	$t_{d(ST SC)}$	80	200	400	$\mu\text{s}$
Status valid after input slope $T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ : (open load)	$t_{d(ST)}$	350	--	1600	$\mu\text{s}$
Status output (open drain) Zener limit voltage $T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_{ST} = +1.6\text{ mA}$ : ST low voltage $T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_{ST} = +1.6\text{ mA}$ :	$V_{ST(\text{high})}$ $V_{ST(\text{low})}$	5.4 --	6.1 --	6.9 0.4	V
Status voltage while $V_{bb} < 2.4\text{ V}$ $T_j = 25 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$ : $I_{ST} = 500\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $T_j = 40^\circ\text{C}$ :	$V_{ST}$	--	--	1.0 1.2	V

<sup>7)</sup> If a ground resistor  $R_{GND}$  is used, add the voltage drop across this resistor. Internal Z-diode typ. 6.1 V, see maximum ratings page 2, circuit page 7

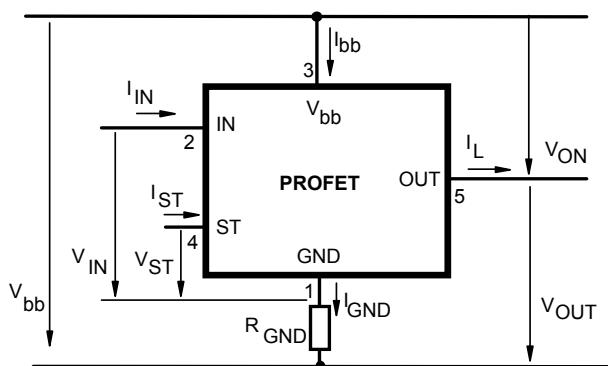
## Truth Table

	Input-level	Output-level	Status			
			432 D2	432 E2/F2	432 I2	430 K2
<b>Normal operation</b>	L	L	H	H	H	H
	H	H	H	H	H	H
<b>Open load</b>	L	8)	H	H	L	H
	H	H	L	L	H	L
<b>Short circuit to GND</b>	L	L	H	H	H	9)
	H	L	L	L	L	L
<b>Short circuit to V<sub>bb</sub></b>	L	H	H	H	L	H
	H	H	H (L <sup>10</sup> )	H (L <sup>10</sup> )	H	H (L <sup>10</sup> )
<b>Ovitemperatur</b>	L	L	L	L	L	L
	H	L	L	L	L	L
<b>Under-voltage</b>	L	L	L <sup>11)</sup>	H	L <sup>11)</sup>	L <sup>12)</sup>
	H	L	L <sup>11)</sup>	H	L <sup>11)</sup>	L <sup>12)</sup>
<b>Ovvoltage</b>	L	L	L	H	L	L
	H	L	L	H	L	L

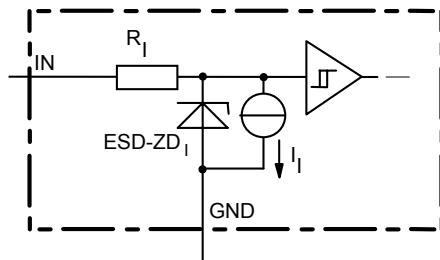
L = "Low" Level

H = "High" Level

## Terms



## Input circuit (ESD protection)



ESD zener diodes are not designed for continuous current

8) Power Transistor off, high impedance

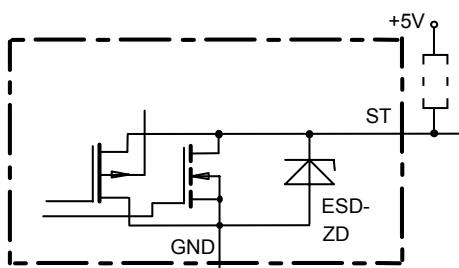
9) The short circuit signal from last ON state is latched until next turn-on, see timing diagram page 9

10) Low resistance short V<sub>bb</sub> to output may be detected by no-load-detection

11) No current sink capability during undervoltage shutdown

12) Current sink capability see page 5

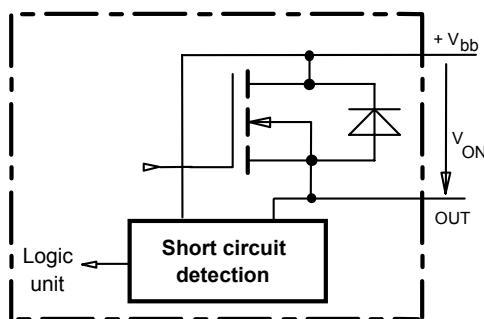
### Status output



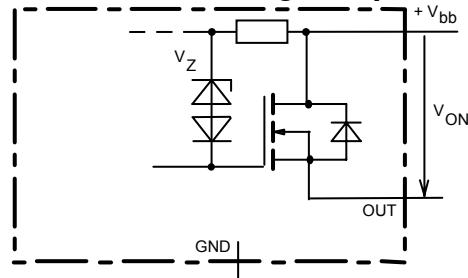
ESD zener diodes are not designed for continuous current

### Short Circuit detection

Fault Condition:  $V_{ON} > 8.3 \text{ V typ.}$ ; IN high

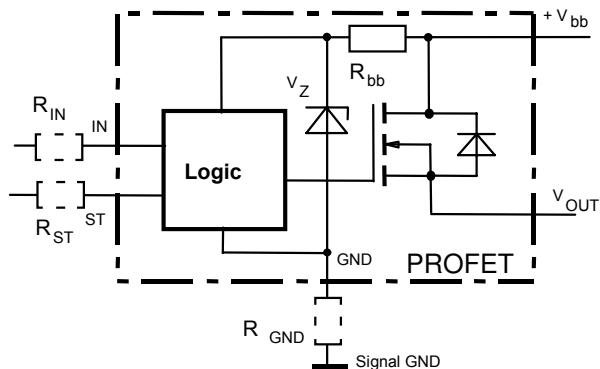


### Inductive and overvoltage output clamp



$V_{ON}$  clamped to 50 V typ.

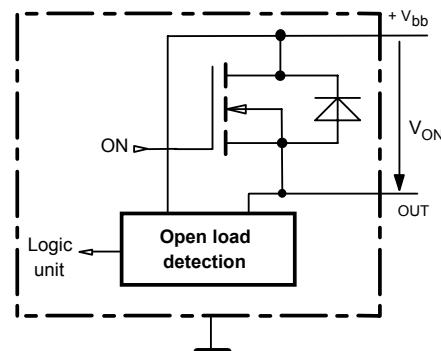
### Overvolt. and reverse batt. protection



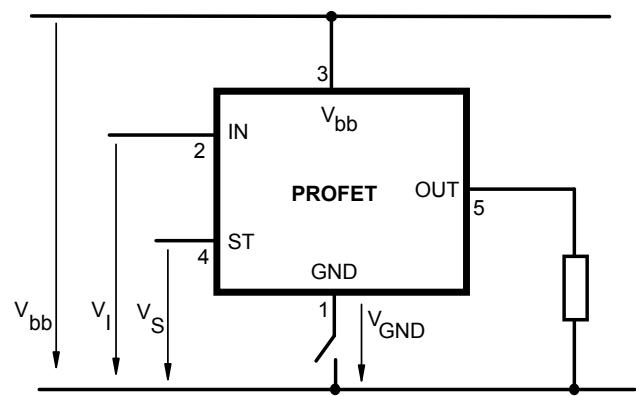
R<sub>bb</sub> 120 Ω typ., V<sub>Z</sub> 57 V typ., add R<sub>GND</sub>, R<sub>IN</sub>, R<sub>ST</sub> for extended protection

### Open-load detection

Fault Condition:  $V_{ON} < R_{ON} * I_{L(OL)}$ ; IN high

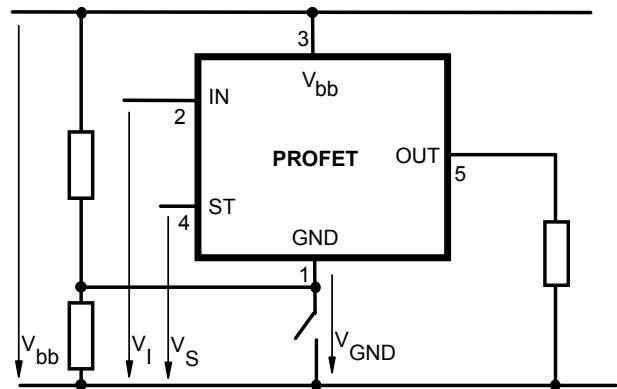


### GND disconnect

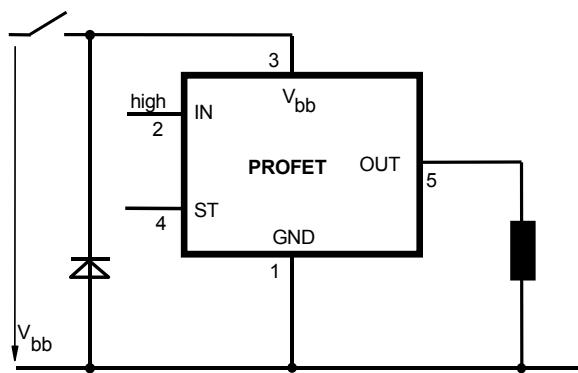
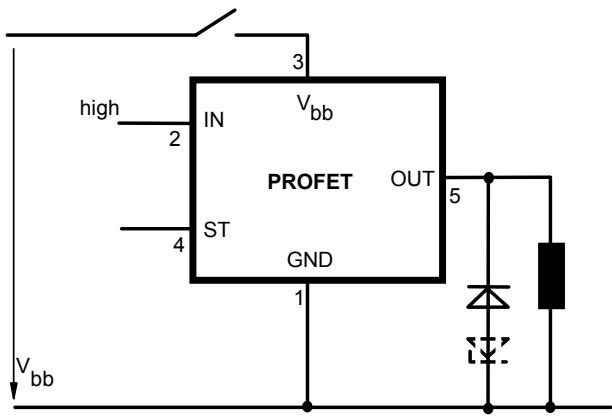
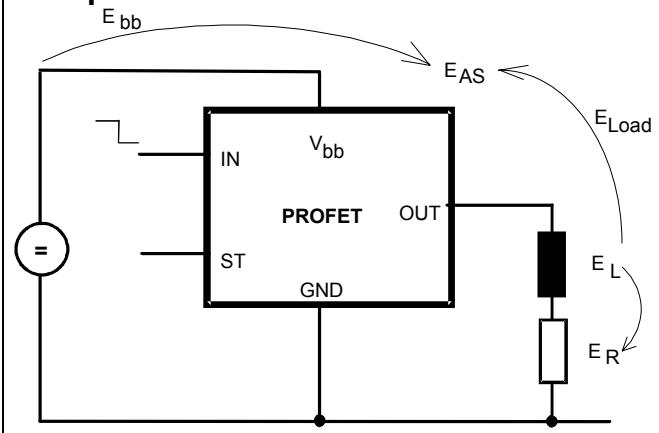


Any kind of load. In case of Input=high  $V_{OUT} \approx V_I - V_{IN(T+)}$   
Due to  $V_{GND} > 0$ , no  $V_S = \text{low signal available}$ .

### GND disconnect with GND pull up



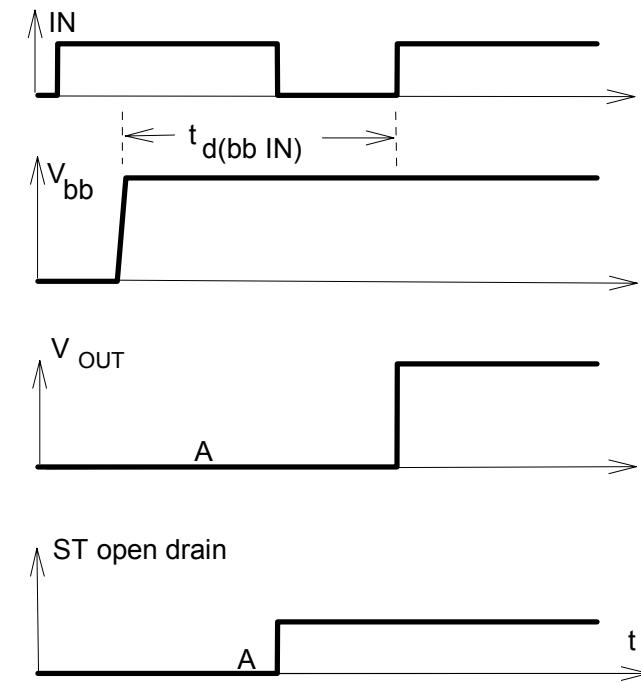
Any kind of load. If  $V_{GND} > V_I - V_{IN(T+)}$  device stays off  
Due to  $V_{GND} > 0$ , no  $V_S = \text{low signal available}$ .

**V<sub>bb</sub> disconnect with charged inductive load**

**Inductive Load switch-off energy dissipation**


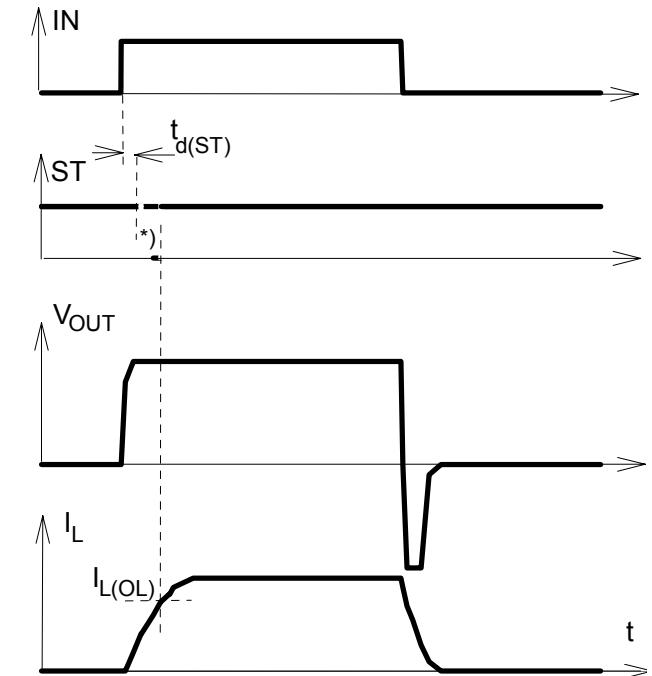
Energy dissipated in PROFET  $E_{AS} = E_{bb} + E_L - E_R$ .  
 $E_{Load} < E_L$ ,  $E_L = \frac{1}{2} * L * I_L^2$

## Timing diagrams

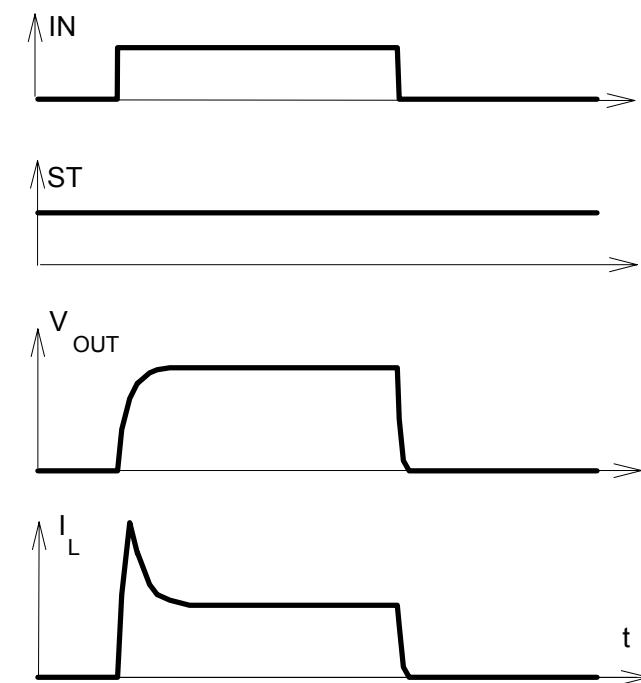
**Figure 1a:**  $V_{bb}$  turn on, :



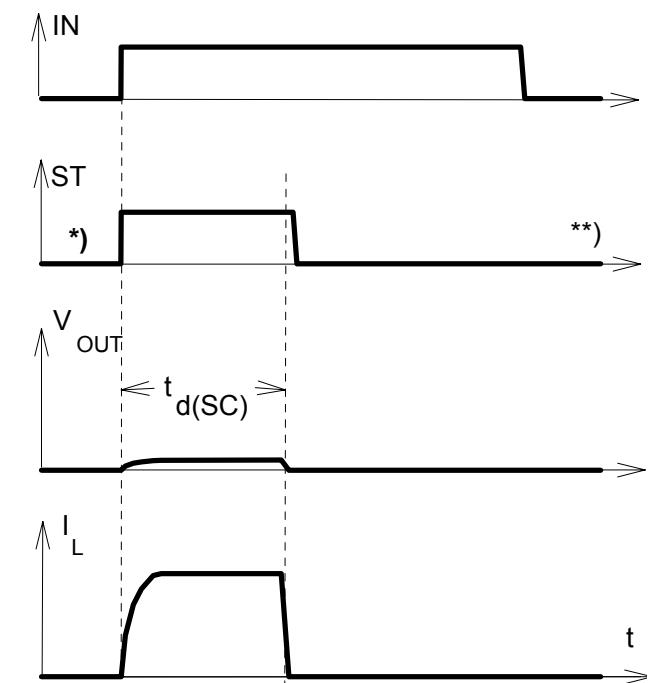
**Figure 2b:** Switching an inductive load



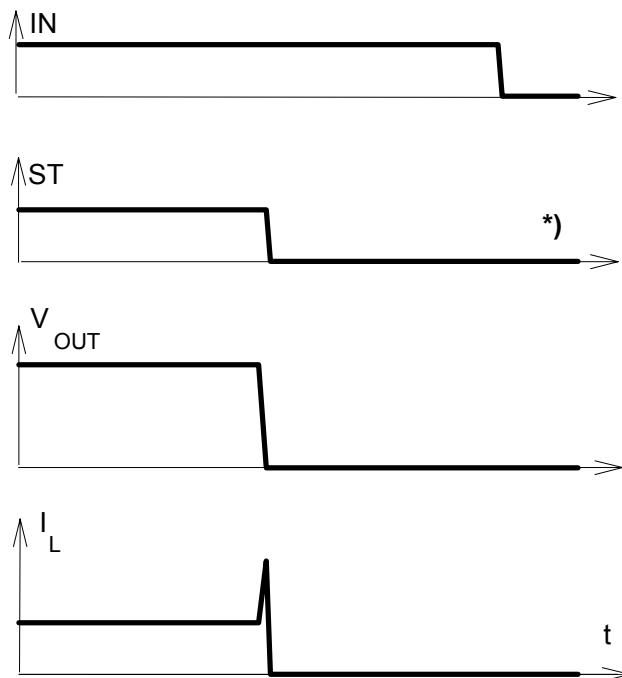
**Figure 2a:** Switching a lamp,



**Figure 3a:** Turn on into short circuit,

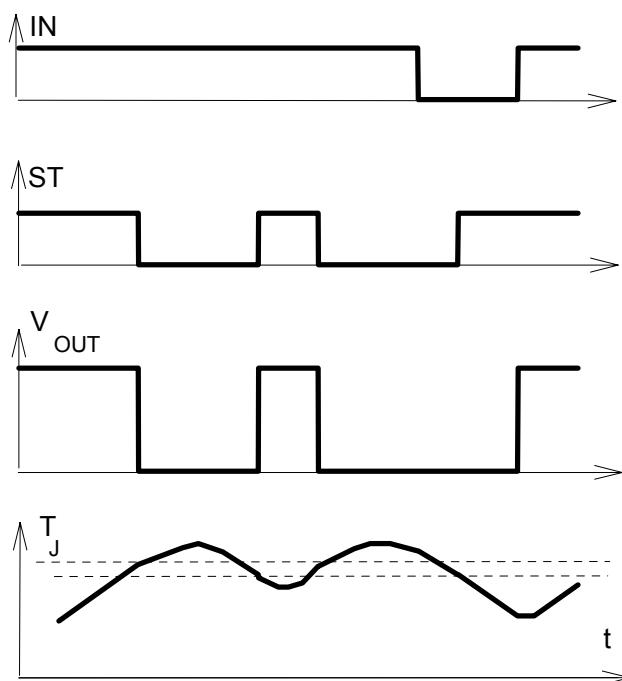


**Figure 3b:** Short circuit while on:

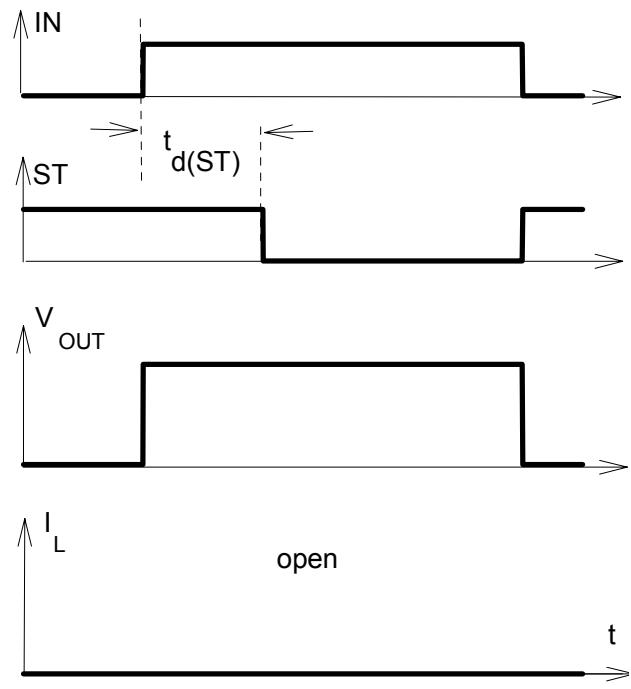


\*) error signal latched until next turn on

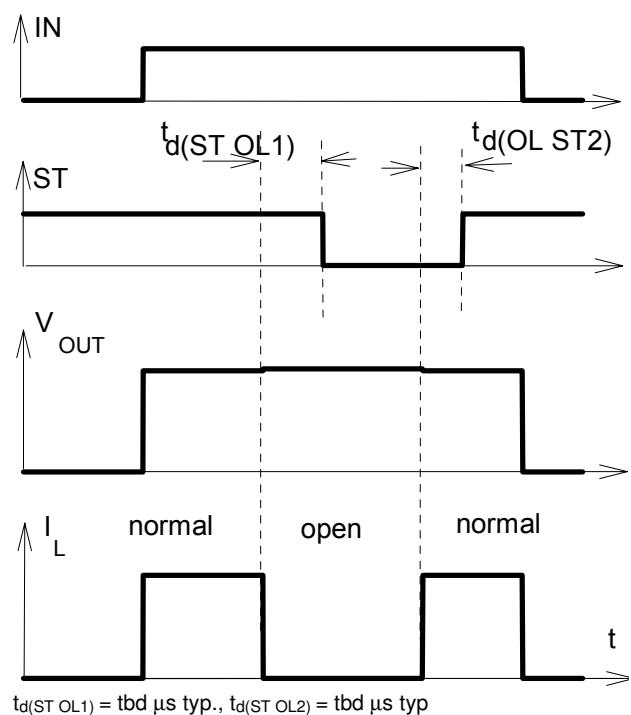
**Figure 4a:** Overtemperature:  
Reset if  $T_j < T_{jt}$



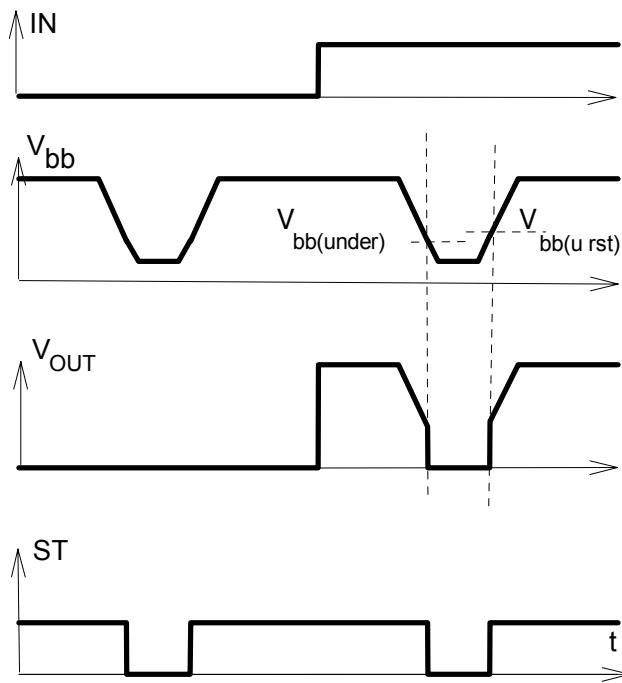
**Figure 5a:** Open load: detection in ON-state, turn on/off to open load



**Figure 5b:** Open load: detection in ON-state, open load occurs in on-state

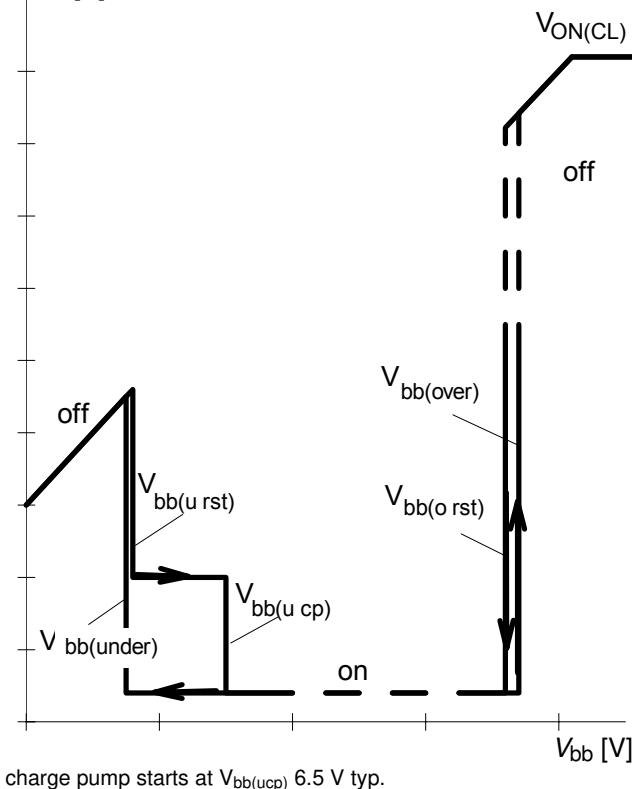


**Figure 6a:** Undervoltage:

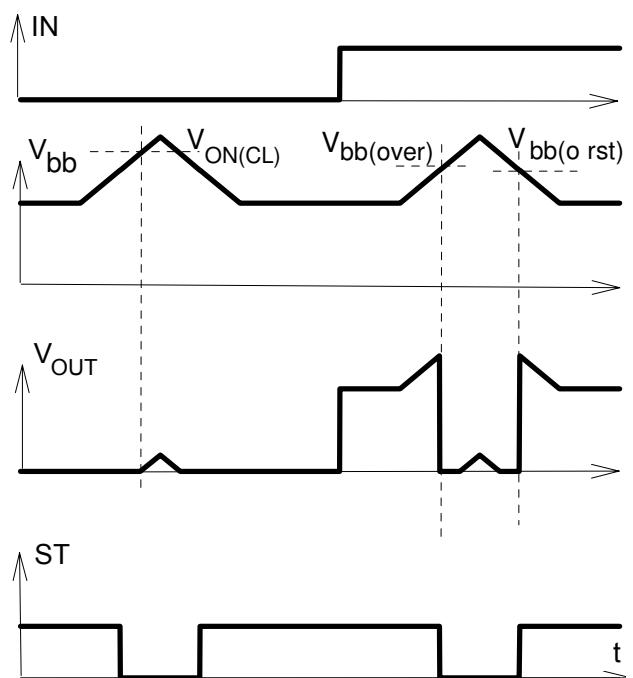


**Figure 6b:** Undervoltage restart of charge pump

$V_{ON}$  [V]



**Figure 7a:** Overvoltage:



## Package and Ordering Code

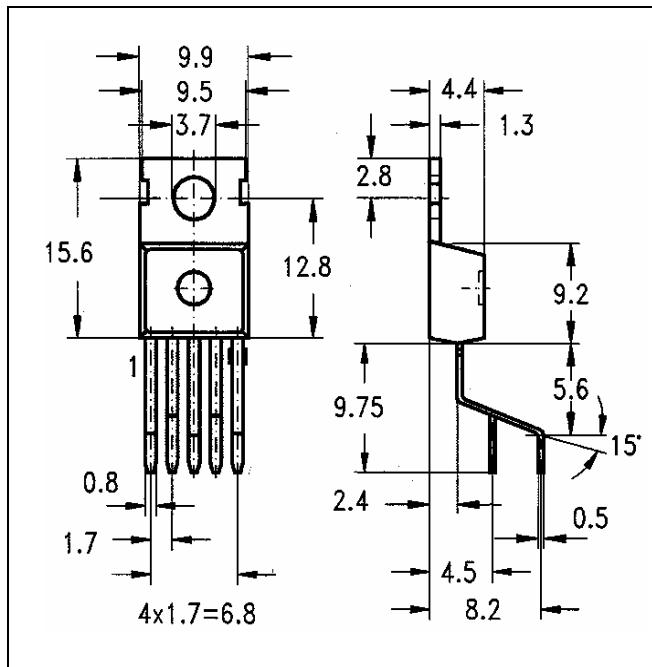
All dimensions in mm

### Standard TO-220 AB/5

Ordering code

BTS430K2

Q67060-S6200-A2

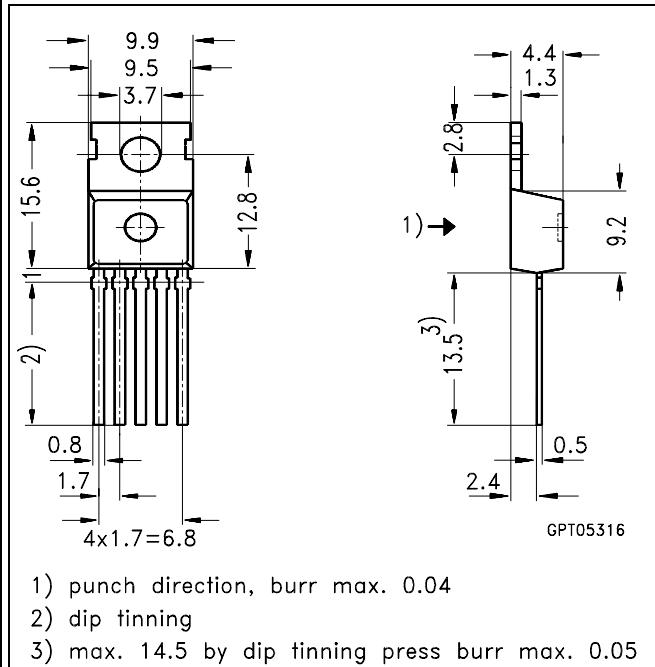


### TO-220 AB/5, OPTION E3043

Ordering code

BTS430K2 E3043

Q67060-S6200-A3



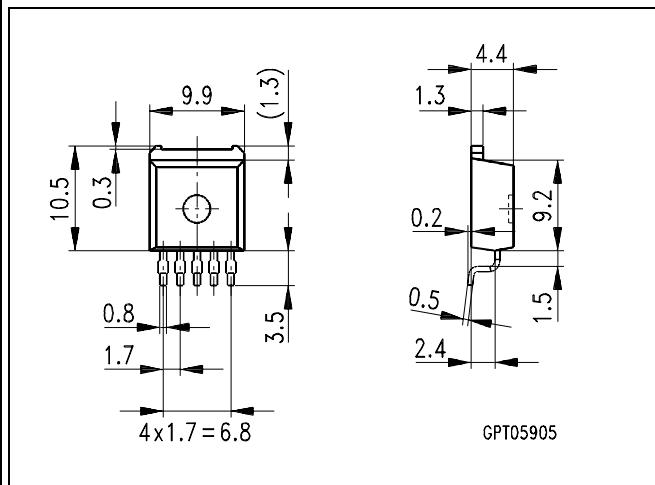
### SMD TO-220 AB/5, OPTION E3122

Ordering code

BTS430K2 E3122A

T&R:

Q67060-S6200-A4



**Changed since 04/96**

Case E3122A drawing changed

**Published by**  
**Infineon Technologies AG,**  
**St.-Martin-Strasse 53,**  
**D-81669 München**  
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