

Si52147

PCI-EXPRESS GEN 1, GEN 2, & GEN 3 NINE-OUTPUT **CLOCK GENERATOR**

Features

- and Gen 4 common clock compliant
- Gen 3 SRNS Compliant
- Supports Serial-ATA (SATA) at 100 MHz
- Low power push-pull HCSL compatible differential outputs
- No termination resistors required
- Output enable pins for all clocks
- Spread enable pin
- 25 MHz crystal input or clock input

Applications

- Network attached storage
- Multi-function printer

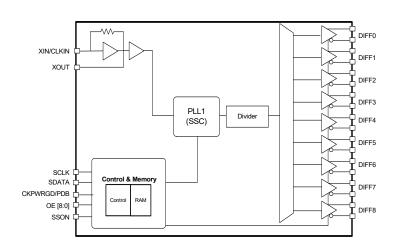
Description

PCI-Express Gen 1, Gen 2, Gen 3, ■ Up to nine PCI-Express clock outputs

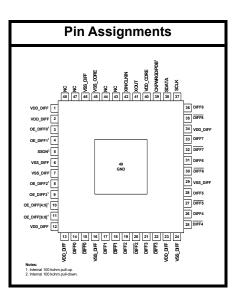
- I²C support with readback capabilities
- Triangular spread spectrum profile for maximum electromagnetic interference (EMI) reduction
- Industrial temperature:
 - –40 to 85 °C
- 3.3 V power supply
- 48-pin QFN package
- Wireless access point
- Servers

The Si52147 is a high-performance, PCIe clock generator that can source nine PCIe clocks from a 25 MHz crystal or clock input. The clock outputs are compliant to PCIe Gen 1, Gen 2, Gen 3, Gen 3 SRNS and Gen 4 common clock specifications. The device has six hardware output enable control pins for enabling and disabling differential outputs. A spread spectrum control pin for EMI reduction is also available. The small footprint and low power consumption makes the Si52147 the ideal clock solution for consumer and embedded applications. Measuring PCIe clock jitter is quick and easy with the Skyworks Solutions PCIe Clock Jitter Tool. Download it for free at https://www.skyworksinc.com/en/applicationpages/pci-express-learning-center.

Functional Block Diagram







Patents pending

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1. Electrical Specifications

Table 1. DC Electrical Specifications

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Condition | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|--|----------------------|-----|-----------------------|------|
| 3.3 V Operating Voltage | VDD core | 3.3 ±5% | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.465 | V |
| 3.3 V Input High Voltage | V _{IH} | Control input pins | 2.0 | _ | V _{DD} + 0.3 | V |
| 3.3 V Input Low Voltage | V _{IL} | Control input pins | V _{SS} -0.3 | _ | 0.8 | V |
| Input High Voltage | V _{IHI2C} | SDATA, SCLK | 2.2 | _ | — | V |
| Input Low Voltage | V _{ILI2C} | SDATA, SCLK | — | _ | 1.0 | V |
| Input High Leakage Current | I _{IH} | Except internal pull-down resistors, 0 < V _{IN} < V _{DD} | _ | _ | 5 | μA |
| Input Low Leakage Current | Ι _{ΙL} | Except internal pull-up resistors, 0 < V _{IN} < V _{DD} | -5 | _ | _ | μA |
| High-impedance Output Current | I _{OZ} | | -10 | _ | 10 | μA |
| Input Pin Capacitance | C _{IN} | | 1.5 | | 5 | pF |
| Output Pin Capacitance | C _{OUT} | | — | | 6 | pF |
| Pin Inductance | L _{IN} | | — | _ | 7 | nH |
| Power Down Current | I _{DD_PD} | | — | _ | 1 | mA |
| Dynamic Supply Current | I _{DD_3.3V} | All outputs enabled. Differ- ential clocks with 5" traces and 2 pF load. | | | 85 | mA |

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Table 2. AC Electrical Specifications

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Condition | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---|--------------------------------|--|------|------|---------|--|
| Crystal | | | | | | 1 |
| Long-term Accuracy | L _{ACC} | Measured at V _{DD} /2 differential | _ | — | 250 | ppm |
| Clock Input | 1 1 | | | | | |
| CLKIN Duty Cycle | T _{DC} | Measured at V _{DD} /2 | 47 | | 53 | % |
| CLKIN Rise and Fall Times | T _R /T _F | Measured between 0.2 V_{DD} and 0.8 V_{DD} | 0.5 | - | 4.0 | V/ns |
| CLKIN Cycle to Cycle Jitter | T _{CCJ} | Measured at VDD/2 | | _ | 250 | ps |
| CLKIN Long Term Jitter | T _{LTJ} | Measured at VDD/2 | _ | | 350 | ps |
| Input High Voltage | V _{IH} | XIN/CLKIN pin | 2 | _ | VDD+0.3 | V |
| Input Low Voltage | V _{IL} | XIN/CLKIN pin | | _ | 0.8 | V |
| Input High Current | I _{IH} | XIN/CLKIN pin, VIN = VDD | | _ | 35 | uA |
| Input Low Current | IIL | XIN/CLKIN pin, 0 < VIN <0.8 | -35 | | _ | uA |
| DIFF at 0.7 V | | | 1 | | 1 | <u>. </u> |
| Duty Cycle | T _{DC} | Measured at 0 V differential | 45 | | 55 | % |
| Output-to-Output skew | T _{SKEW} | Measured at 0 V differential | | _ | 800 | ps |
| Cycle to Cycle Jitter | T _{CCJ} | Measured at 0 V differential | | 35 | 50 | ps |
| PCIe Gen 1 Pk-Pk Jitter, Common Clock | Pk-Pk | PCle Gen 1 | 0 | 40 | 50 | ps |
| PCle Gen 2 Phase Jitter, | RMS _{GEN2} | 10 kHz < F < 1.5 MHz | 0 | 1.8 | 2.0 | ps |
| Common Clock | | 1.5 MHz < F < Nyquist | 0 | 1.8 | 2.1 | ps |
| PCIe Gen 3 Phase Jitter, Common Clock | RMS _{GEN3} | PLL BW of 2–4 or 2–5 MHz, CDR = 10 MHz | 0 | 0.5 | 0.6 | ps |
| PCIe Gen 3 Phase Jitter, Separate Reference No Spread, SRNS | RMS _{GEN3_SRNS} | PLL BW of 2–4 or 2–5 MHz, CDR = 10 MHz | _ | 0.35 | 0.42 | ps |
| PCIe Gen 4 Phase Jitter, Common Clock | RMS _{GEN4} | PLL BW of 2–4 or 2–5 MHz, CDR = 10 MHz | _ | 0.5 | 0.6 | ps |
| Long Term Accuracy | L _{ACC} | Measured at 0 V differential | | _ | 100 | ppm |
| Rising/Falling Slew Rate | T _R /T _F | Measured differentially from ±150 mV | 1 | — | 8 | V/ns |
| Voltage High | V _{HIGH} | | | _ | 1.15 | V |
| Voltage Low | V _{LOW} | | -0.3 | — | — | V |
| Crossing Point Voltage at 0.7 V Swing | V _{OX} | | 300 | - | 550 | mV |
| Spread Range | SPR-2 | Down spread | — | -0.5 | — | % |
| Modulation Frequency | F _{MOD} | | 30 | 31.5 | 33 | kHz |

Notes:

1. Visit https://pcisig.com/ for complete PCIe specifications.

2. Gen 4 specifications based on the PCI-Express Base Specification 4.0 rev. 0.5.

3. Download the Skyworks Solutions PCIe Clock Jitter Tool at https://www.skyworksinc.com/en/application-pages/pci-expresslearning-center.

Table 2. AC Electrical Specifications (Continued)

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Condition | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---|------|-----|-----|------|
| Enable/Disable and Setup | • | • | | | | |
| Clock Stabilization from Power-up | T _{STABLE} | Measured from the point both V _{DD} and clock input are valid | _ | _ | 1.8 | ms |
| Stopclock Set-up Time | T _{SS} | | 10.0 | — | _ | ns |
| • | on the PCI-Expres | cifications. ss Base Specification 4.0 rev. 0.5. | | 4: | : | |

3. Download the Skyworks Solutions PCIe Clock Jitter Tool at https://www.skyworksinc.com/en/application-pages/pci-expresslearning-center.

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Conditions

| Symbol | Test Condition | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|----------------------|---|---|---|--|--|
| V _{DD_3.3V} | Functional | | _ | 4.6 | V |
| V _{IN} | Relative to V _{SS} | -0.5 | _ | 4.6 | V_{DC} |
| Τ _S | Non-functional | -65 | | 150 | °C |
| T _A | Functional | -40 | | 85 | °C |
| Т _Ј | Functional | | | 150 | °C |
| Ø _{JC} | JEDEC (JESD 51) | _ | | 22 | °C/W |
| Ø _{JA} | JEDEC (JESD 51) | _ | _ | 30 | °C/W |
| ESD _{HBM} | JEDEC (JESD 22-A114) | 2000 | _ | _ | V |
| UL-94 | UL (Class) | V-0 | | | |
| | V _{DD_3.3V} V _{IN} T _S T _A T _J Ø _{JC} Ø _{JA} ESD _{HBM} | V _{DD_3.3V} Functional V _{IN} Relative to V _{SS} T _S Non-functional T _A Functional T _J Functional Ø _{JC} JEDEC (JESD 51) Ø _{JA} JEDEC (JESD 51) ESD _{HBM} JEDEC (JESD 22-A114) | $V_{DD_3.3V}$ Functional V_{IN} Relative to V_{SS} -0.5 T_S Non-functional-65 T_A Functional-40 T_J Functional \emptyset_{JC} JEDEC (JESD 51) \emptyset_{JA} JEDEC (JESD 51)ESD _{HBM} JEDEC (JESD 22-A114)2000 | $V_{DD_3.3V}$ Functional V_{IN} Relative to V_{SS} -0.5 T_S Non-functional-65 T_A Functional-40 T_J Functional M_{JC} JEDEC (JESD 51) M_{JA} JEDEC (JESD 51) M_{JA} JEDEC (JESD 22-A114)2000 | $V_{DD_3.3V}$ Functional 4.6 V_{IN} Relative to V_{SS} -0.5 4.6 T_S Non-functional -65 150 T_A Functional -40 85 T_J Functional 150 \emptyset_{JC} JEDEC (JESD 51) 22 \emptyset_{JA} JEDEC (JESD 22-A114) 2000 |

Note: While using multiple power supplies, the voltage on any input or I/O pin cannot exceed the power pin during power-up. Power supply sequencing is not required.

2. Functional Description

2.1. Crystal Recommendations

If using crystal input, the device requires a parallel resonance 25 MHz crystal.

| Frequency (Fund) | Cut | Loading | Load Cap | Shunt Cap (max) | Motional (max) | Tolerance (max) | Stability (max) | Aging (max) |
|---------------------|-----|----------|----------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| 25 MHz | AT | Parallel | 12–15 pF | 5 pF | 0.016 pF | 35 ppm | 30 ppm | 5 ppm |

Table 4. Crystal Recommendations

2.1.1. Crystal Loading

Crystal loading is critical in achieving low ppm performance. In order to achieve low/zero ppm error, use the calculations in section 2.1.2 to estimate the appropriate capacitive loading (CL).

Figure 1 shows a typical crystal configuration using the two trim capacitors. It is important that the trim capacitors are in series with the crystal.

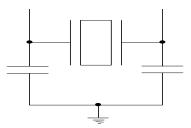
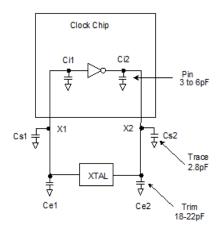


Figure 1. Crystal Capacitive Clarification

2.1.2. Calculating Load Capacitors

In addition to the standard external trim capacitors, consider the trace capacitance and pin capacitance to calculate the crystal loading correctly. The capacitance on each side is in series with the crystal. The total capacitance on both sides is twice the specified crystal load capacitance (CL). Trim capacitors are calculated to provide equal capacitive loading on both sides.





Use the following formulas to calculate the trim capacitor values for Ce1 and Ce2.

Load Capacitance (each side)

$$\mathbf{Ce} = 2 \times CL - (Cs + Ci)$$

Total Capacitance (as seen by the crystal)

$$CLe = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{Ce1 + Cs1 + Ci1} + \frac{1}{Ce2 + Cs2 + Ci2}\right)}$$

- CL: Crystal load capacitance
- CLe: Actual loading seen by crystal using standard value trim capacitors
- Ce: External trim capacitors
- Cs: Stray capacitance (terraced)
- Ci : Internal capacitance (lead frame, bond wires, etc.)

2.2. CKPWRGD/PDB (Power Down) Pin

The CKPWRGD/PDB pin is a dual-function pin. During initial power up, the pin functions as the CKPWRGD pin. Upon the first power up, if the CKPWRGD pin is low, the outputs will be disabled, but the crystal oscillator and I²C logics will be active. Once the CKPWRGD pin has been sampled high by the clock chip, the pin assumes a PDB functionality. When the pin has assumed a PDB functionality and is pulled low, the device will be placed in power down mode. The CKPWRGD/PDB pin is required to be driven at all times even though it has an internal 100 k Ω resistor.

2.3. PDB (Power Down) Assertion

The PDB pin is an asynchronous active low input used to disable all output clocks in a glitch-free manner. All outputs will be driven low in power down mode. In power down mode, all outputs, the crystal oscillator, and the I²C logic are disabled.

2.4. PDB Deassertion

When a valid rising edge on CKPWRGD/PDB pin is applied, all outputs are enabled in a glitch-free manner within two to six output clock cycles.

2.5. OE Pin

The OE pin is an active high input used to enable and disable the output clock. To enable the output clock, the OE pin and the I^2C OE bit need to be a logic high. By default, the OE pin and the I^2C OE bit are set to a logic high. There are two methods to disable the output clock: the OE pin is pulled to a logic low, or the I^2C OE bit is set to a logic low. The OE pin is required to be driven at all times even though it has an internal 100 k Ω resistor.

2.6. OE Assertion

The OE pin is an active high input used for synchronous stopping and starting the respective output clock while the rest of the clock generator continues to function. The assertion of the OE function is achieved by pulling the OE pin and the I^2C OE bit high which causes the respective stopped output to resume normal operation. No short or stretched clock pulses are produced when the clocks resume. The maximum latency from the assertion to active outputs is no more than two to six output clock cycles.

2.7. OE Deassertion

The OE function is deasserted by pulling the pin or the I^2C OE bit to a logic low. The corresponding output is stopped cleanly and the final output state is driven low.

2.8. SSON Pin

The SSON pin is an active input used to enable -0.5% spread spectrum on the outputs. When sampled high, -0.5% spread is enabled on the output clocks. When sampled low, the output clocks are non-spread.

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3. Test and Measurement Setup

Figure 3 shows the test load configuration for the HCSL compatible output clocks.

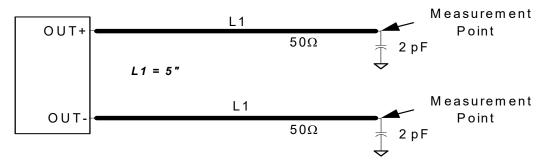


Figure 3. 0.7 V Differential Load Configuration

Please reference application note AN781 for recommendations on how to terminate the differential outputs for LVDS, LVPECL, or CML signalling levels.

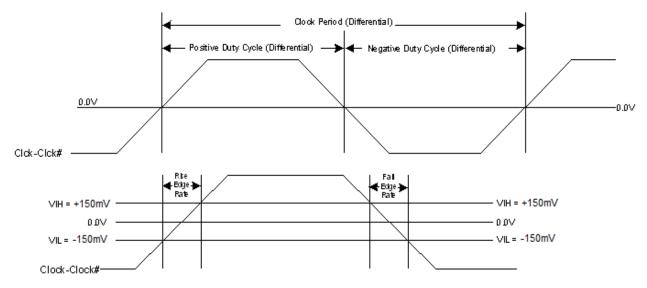


Figure 4. Differential Output Signals (for AC Parameters Measurement)

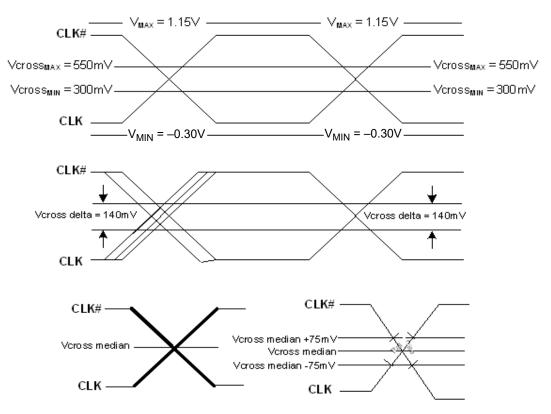


Figure 5. Single-ended Measurement for Differential Output Signals (for AC Parameters Measurement)

4. Control Registers

4.1. I²C Interface

To enhance the flexibility and function of the clock synthesizer, an I^2C interface is provided. Through the I^2C interface, various device functions are available, such as individual clock output enablement. The registers associated with the I^2C interface initialize to their default setting at power-up. The use of this interface is optional. Clock device register changes are normally made at system initialization, if any are required.

4.2. Data Protocol

The clock driver I²C protocol accepts byte write, byte read, block write, and block read operations from the controller. For block write/read operation, access the bytes in sequential order from lowest to highest (most significant bit first) with the ability to stop after any complete byte is transferred. For byte write and byte read operations, the system controller can access individually indexed bytes.

The block write and block read protocol is outlined in Table 5 while Table 6 outlines byte write and byte read protocol. The slave receiver address is 11010110 (D6h).

| | Block Write Protocol | | Block Read Protocol |
|-------|------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| Bit | Description | Bit | Description |
| 1 | Start | 1 | Start |
| 8:2 | Slave address—7 bits | 8:2 | Slave address–7 bits |
| 9 | Write | 9 | Write |
| 10 | Acknowledge from slave | 10 | Acknowledge from slave |
| 18:11 | Command Code—8 bits | 18:11 | Command Code–8 bits |
| 19 | Acknowledge from slave | 19 | Acknowledge from slave |
| 27:20 | Byte Count—8 bits | 20 | Repeat start |
| 28 | Acknowledge from slave | 27:21 | Slave address–7 bits |
| 36:29 | Data byte 1–8 bits | 28 | Read = 1 |
| 37 | Acknowledge from slave | 29 | Acknowledge from slave |
| 45:38 | Data byte 2–8 bits | 37:30 | Byte Count from slave–8 bits |
| 46 | Acknowledge from slave | 38 | Acknowledge |
| | Data Byte/Slave Acknowledges | 46:39 | Data byte 1 from slave–8 bits |
| | Data Byte N–8 bits | 47 | Acknowledge |
| | Acknowledge from slave | 55:48 | Data byte 2 from slave–8 bits |
| | Stop | 56 | Acknowledge |
| | | | Data bytes from slave/Acknowledge |
| | | | Data Byte N from slave–8 bits |
| | | | NOT Acknowledge |
| | | | Stop |

Table 5. Block Read and Block Write Protocol

| | Byte Write Protocol | | Byte Read Protocol |
|-------|------------------------|-------|------------------------|
| Bit | Description | Bit | Description |
| 1 | Start | 1 | Start |
| 8:2 | Slave address–7 bits | 8:2 | Slave address–7 bits |
| 9 | Write | 9 | Write |
| 10 | Acknowledge from slave | 10 | Acknowledge from slave |
| 18:11 | Command Code–8 bits | 18:11 | Command Code–8 bits |
| 19 | Acknowledge from slave | 19 | Acknowledge from slave |
| 27:20 | Data byte–8 bits | 20 | Repeated start |
| 28 | Acknowledge from slave | 27:21 | Slave address–7 bits |
| 29 | Stop | 28 | Read |
| | | 29 | Acknowledge from slave |
| | | 37:30 | Data from slave–8 bits |
| | | 38 | NOT Acknowledge |
| | | 39 | Stop |

Table 6. Byte Read and Byte Write Protocol

Control Register 0. Byte 0

| Bit | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Name | | | | | | | | |
| Туре | R/W |

Reset settings = 00000000

| Bit | Name | Function |
|-----|----------|----------|
| 7:0 | Reserved | |

Control Register 1. Byte 1

| Bit | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|----------|-----|----------|----------|----------|
| Name | | | | DIFF0_OE | | DIFF1_OE | DIFF2_OE | DIFF3_OE |
| Туре | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W |

| Bit | Name | Function |
|-----|----------|---|
| 7:5 | Reserved | |
| 4 | DIFF0_OE | Output Enable for DIFF0. 0: Output disabled. 1: Output enabled. |
| 3 | Reserved | |
| 2 | DIFF1_OE | Output Enable for DIFF1. 0: Output disabled. 1: Output enabled. |
| 1 | DIFF2_OE | Output Enable for DIFF2. 0: Output disabled. 1: Output enabled. |
| 0 | DIFF3_OE | Output Enable for DIFF3. 0: Output disabled. 1: Output enabled. |

Control Register 2. Byte 2

| Bit | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|
| Name | DIFF4_OE | DIFF5_OE | DIFF6_OE | DIFF7_OE | DIFF8_OE | | | |
| Туре | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W |

| Bit | Name | Function |
|-----|----------|---|
| 7 | DIFF4_OE | Output Enable for DIFF4. 0: Output disabled. 1: Output enabled. |
| 6 | DIFF5_OE | Output Enable for DIFF5. 0: Output disabled. 1: Output enabled. |
| 5 | DIFF6_OE | Output Enable for DIFF6. 0: Output disabled. 1: Output enabled. |
| 4 | DIFF7_OE | Output Enable for DIFF7. 0: Output disabled. 1: Output enabled. |
| 3 | DIFF8_OE | Output Enable for DIFF8. 0: Output disabled. 1: Output enabled. |
| 2:0 | Reserved | |

Control Register 3. Byte 3

| Bit | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
|------|-----|--------|---------|-----|----------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Name | | Rev Co | de[3:0] | | Vendor ID[3:0] | | | |
| Туре | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W |

Reset settings = 00001000

| Bit | Name | Function |
|-----|----------------|-----------------------------|
| 7:4 | Rev Code[3:0] | Program Revision Code. |
| 3:0 | Vendor ID[3:0] | Vendor Identification Code. |

Control Register 4. Byte 4

| Bit | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
|------|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Name | BC[7:0] | | | | | | | |
| Туре | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W |

| Bit | Name | Function |
|-----|---------|----------------------|
| 7:0 | BC[7:0] | Byte Count Register. |

Control Register 5. Byte 5

| Bit | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
|------|--------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Name | DIFF_Amp_Sel | DIFF_Amp_Cntl[2] | DIFF_Amp_Cntl[1] | DIFF_Amp_Cntl[0] | | | | |
| Туре | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W | R/W |

| Bit | Name | Function |
|-----|------------------|---|
| 7 | DIFF_Amp_Sel | Amplitude Control for DIFF Differential Outputs.0: Differential outputs with Default amplitude.1: Differential outputs amplitude is set by Byte 5[6:4]. |
| 6 | DIFF_Amp_Cntl[2] | DIFF Differential Outputs Amplitude Adjustment. |
| 5 | DIFF_Amp_Cntl[1] | 000: 300 mV 001: 400 mV 010: 500 mV 011: 600 mV |
| 4 | DIFF_Amp_Cntl[0] | 100: 700 mV 101: 800 mV 110: 900 mV 111: 1000 mV |
| 3:0 | Reserved | |

5. Pin Descriptions: 48-Pin QFN

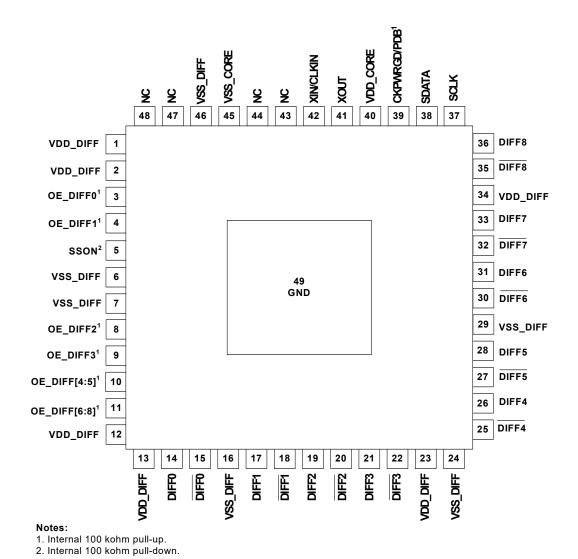


Table 7. Si 52147 48-Pin QFN Descriptions

| Pin # | Name | Туре | Description |
|-------|----------|-------|---|
| 1 | VDD_DIFF | PWR | 3.3 V Power Supply |
| 2 | VDD_DIFF | PWR | 3.3 V Power Supply |
| 3 | OE_DIFF0 | I,PU | Active high input pin enables DIFF0 (internal 100 k Ω pull-up). |
| 4 | OE_DIFF1 | I,PU | Active high input pin enables DIFF1 (internal 100 k Ω pull-up). |
| 5 | SSON | I, PD | Active high input pin enables –0.5% spread on DIFF clocks (internal 100 k Ω pull-down) |
| 6 | VSS_DIFF | GND | Ground |
| 7 | VSS_DIFF | GND | Ground |

| Pin # | Name | Туре | Description |
|-------|--------------|--------|--|
| 8 | OE_DIFF2 | I,PU | Active high input pin enables DIFF2 (internal 100 k Ω pull-up). |
| 9 | OE_DIFF3 | I,PU | Active high input pin enables DIFF3 (internal 100 k Ω pull-up). |
| 10 | OE_DIFF[4:5] | I,PU | Active high input pin enables DIFF[4:5] (internal 100 k Ω pull-up). |
| 11 | OE_DIFF[6:8] | I,PU | Active high input pin enables DIFF[6:8] (internal 100 k Ω pull-up). |
| 12 | VDD_DIFF | PWR | 3.3 V Power Supply |
| 13 | VDD_DIFF | PWR | 3.3 V Power Supply |
| 14 | DIFF0 | O, DIF | 0.7 V, 100 MHz differential clock output |
| 15 | DIFF0 | O, DIF | 0.7 V, 100 MHz differential clock output |
| 16 | VSS_DIFF | GND | Ground |
| 17 | DIFF1 | O, DIF | 0.7 V, 100 MHz differential clock output |
| 18 | DIFF1 | O, DIF | 0.7 V, 100 MHz differential clock output |
| 19 | DIFF2 | O, DIF | 0.7 V, 100 MHz differential clock output |
| 20 | DIFF2 | O, DIF | 0.7 V, 100 MHz differential clock output |
| 21 | DIFF3 | O, DIF | 0.7 V, 100 MHz differential clock output |
| 22 | DIFF3 | O, DIF | 0.7 V, 100 MHz differential clock output |
| 23 | VDD_DIFF | PWR | 3.3V Power Supply |
| 24 | VSS_DIFF | GND | Ground |
| 25 | DIFF4 | O, DIF | 0.7 V, 100 MHz differential clock output |
| 26 | DIFF4 | O, DIF | 0.7 V, 100 MHz differential clock output |
| 27 | DIFF5 | O, DIF | 0.7 V, 100 MHz differential clock output |
| 28 | DIFF5 | O, DIF | 0.7 V, 100 MHz differential clock output |
| 29 | VSS_DIFF | GND | Ground |
| 30 | DIFF6 | O, DIF | 0.7 V, 100 MHz differential clock output |
| 31 | DIFF6 | O, DIF | 0.7 V, 100 MHz differential clock output |
| 32 | DIFF7 | O, DIF | 0.7 V, 100 MHz differential clock output |
| 33 | DIFF7 | O, DIF | 0.7 V, 100 MHz differential clock output |
| 34 | VDD_DIFF | PWR | 3.3 V Power Supply |
| 35 | DIFF8 | O, DIF | 0.7 V, 100 MHz differential clock output |
| 36 | DIFF8 | O, DIF | 0.7 V, 100 MHz differential clock output |

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| Pin # | Name | Туре | Description |
|-------|-------------|-------|---|
| 37 | SCLK | I | I ² C compatible SCLOCK |
| 38 | SDATA | I/O | I ² C compatible SDATA |
| 39 | CKPWRGD/PDB | I, PU | Active low input pin asserts power down (PDB) and disables all outputs (internal 100 k Ω pull-up). |
| 40 | VDD_CORE | PWR | 3.3 V Power Supply |
| 41 | XOUT | 0 | 25.00 MHz crystal output, Float XOUT if using only CLKIN (Clock input). |
| 42 | XIN/CLKIN | I | 25.00 MHz crystal input or 3.3 V, 25 MHz Clock Input. |
| 43 | NC | NC | No Connect |
| 44 | NC | NC | No Connect |
| 45 | VSS_CORE | GND | Ground |
| 46 | VSS_DIFF | GND | Ground |
| 47 | NC | NC | No Connect |
| 48 | NC | NC | No Connect |
| 49 | GND | GND | Ground for bottom pad of the IC. |

Table 7. Si 52147 48-Pin QFN Descriptions (Continued)

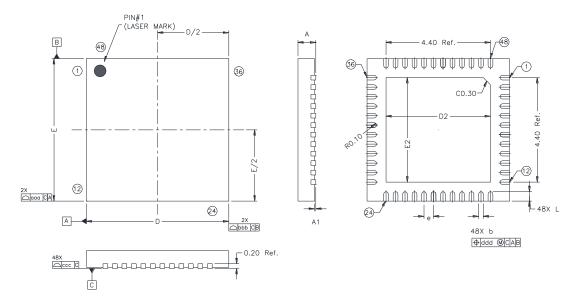
6. Ordering Guide

| Part Number | Package Type | Temperature |
|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Lead-free | | |
| Si52147-A01AGM | 48-pin QFN | Industrial, –40 to 85 °C |
| Si52147-A01AGMR | 48-pin QFN—Tape and Reel | Industrial, –40 to 85 °C |

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7. Package Outline

Figure 6 illustrates the package details for the Si52147. Table 8 lists the values for the dimensions shown in the illustration.



| Figure 6. 48-Pin Quad Flat No Le | ead (QFN) Package |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|
|----------------------------------|-------------------|

| Symbol | Millimeters | | | |
|--|-------------|-------|------|--|
| | Min | Nom | Max | |
| А | 0.70 | 0.75 | 0.80 | |
| A1 | 0.00 | 0.025 | 0.05 | |
| b | 0.15 | 0.20 | 0.25 | |
| D | 6.00 BSC | | | |
| D2 | 4.30 | 4.40 | 4.50 | |
| е | 0.40 BSC | | | |
| E | 6.00 BSC | | | |
| E2 | 4.30 | 4.40 | 4.50 | |
| L | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.50 | |
| aaa | 0.10 | | | |
| bbb | 0.10 | | | |
| CCC | 0.08 | | | |
| ddd | 0.07 | | | |
| Notes: All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise noted. Dimensioning and Tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1994. This drawing conforms to JEDEC outline MO-220, variation VGGD-8. Recommended card reflow profile is per the JEDEC/IPC J-STD-020 | | | | |

Table 8. Package Diagram Dimensions

4. Recommended card reflow profile is per the JEDEC/IPC J-STD-020 specification for Small Body Components.

8. Land Pattern

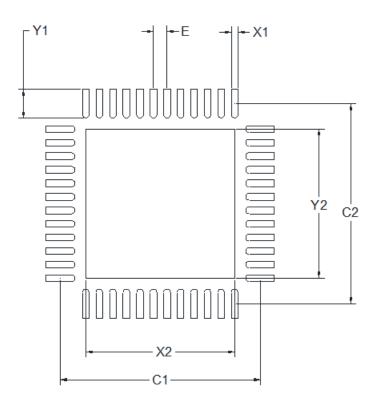


Figure 7. QFN Land Pattern

Table 9. Land Pattern Dimensions

| Dimension | Min | Мах | |
|-----------|----------|------|--|
| C1 | 5.85 | 5.95 | |
| C2 | 5.85 | 5.95 | |
| X1 | 0.15 | 0.25 | |
| Y1 | 0.80 | 0.90 | |
| E | 0.40 BSC | | |
| X2 | 4.35 | 4.45 | |

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Table 9. Land Pattern Dimensions (Continued)

| Y2 | 4.35 | 4.45 |
|--|---|---|
| Notes: | | |
| General | | |
| 1. All dimensions shown are in millimeter | s (mm) unless otherwise noted. | |
| 2. This land pattern design is based on the | ne IPC-7351 guidelines. | |
| Solder Mask Design | | |
| 3. All metal pads are to be non-solder ma | ask defined (NSMD). Clearance between | the solder mask and the metal pad is to |
| be 60 μm minimum, all the way around | · · · · · | · |
| <u>Stencil Design</u> | | |
| A stainless steel, laser-cut and electro paste release. | -polished stencil with trapezoidal walls sh | ould be used to assure good solder |
| 5. The stencil thickness should be 0.125 | mm (5 mils). | |
| 6. The ratio of stencil aperture to land pa | d size should be 1:1 for all perimeter | |
| 7. pads. | | |
| A 4x4 array of 0.80 mm square openir between 50-60% solder coverage. | ngs on 1.05 mm pitch should be used for t | the center ground pad to achieve |
| Card Assembly | | |
| 9. A No-Clean, Type-3 solder paste is red | commended. | |
| 10. The recommended card reflow profile | | cation for Small Body Components. |

DOCUMENT CHANGE LIST

Revision 0.1 to Revision 1.0

- Updated pinout.
- Updated Table 2.
- Updated section 2.1.
- Updated section 2.1.1.
- Updated sections 2.2 through 2.8.
- Updated section 4.2.
- Updated Table 7.

Revision 1.0 to Revision 1.1

 Removed Moisture Sensitivity Level specification from Table 3.

Revision 1.1 to Revision 1.2

- Updated Table 2.
- Updated Section 3.

Revision 1.2 to Revision 1.3

- Updated Features on page 1.
- Updated Description on page 1.
- Updated specs in Table 2, "AC Electrical Specifications," on page 5.

Revision 1.3 to Revision 1.4

Added test condition for Tstable in Table 2.

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