# CY7C1061GN/CY7C10612GN

## 16-Mbit (1M words × 16 bit) Static RAM

## Features

- High speed
  - □ $t_{AA}$ = 10 ns/15 ns
- Low active power
  - □ $I_{CC}$ = 90 mA at 100 MHz
- Low CMOS standby current
  - □ $I_{SB2}$ = 20 mA (typ)
- Operating voltages of 2.2 V to 3.6 V
- 1.0 V data retention
- Automatic power down when deselected
- TTL compatible inputs and outputs
- Easy memory expansion with $\overline{CE}_1$ and $CE_2$ features
- Available in Pb-free 48-pin TSOP I, 54-pin TSOP II, and 48-ball VFBGA packages
- Offered in dual Chip Enable options
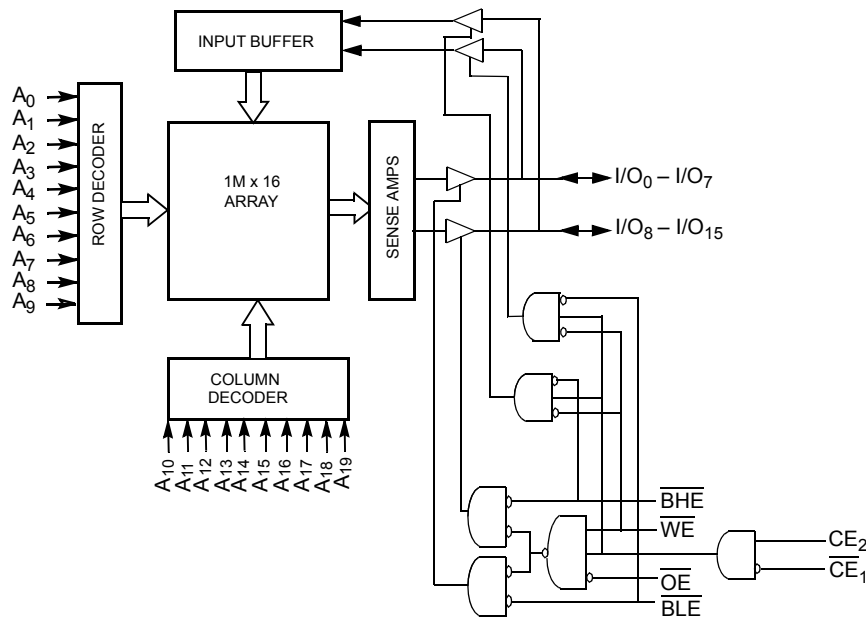
## Functional Description

The CY7C1061GN/CY7C10612GN is a high performance CMOS Static RAM organized as 1,048,576 words by 16 bits.

To write to the device, take Chip Enables ($\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and $CE_2$ HIGH) and Write Enable (WE) input LOW. If Byte Low Enable (BLE) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O$_0$ through I/O$_7$), is written into the location specified on the address pins (A$_0$ through A$_{19}$). If Byte High Enable (BHE) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O$_8$ through I/O$_{15}$) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A$_0$ through A$_{19}$).

To read from the device, take Chip Enables ($\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and $CE_2$ HIGH) and Output Enable (OE) LOW while forcing the Write Enable (WE) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable (BLE) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins appears on I/O$_0$ to I/O$_7$. If Byte High Enable (BHE) is LOW, then data from memory appears on I/O$_8$ to I/O$_{15}$. See Truth Table on page 13 for a complete description of Read and Write modes.

The input or output pins (I/O$_0$ through I/O$_{15}$) are placed in a high impedance state when the device is deselected ($\overline{CE}_1$ HIGH/$CE_2$ LOW), the outputs are disabled (OE HIGH), the BHE and BLE are disabled (BHE, BLE HIGH), or during a write operation ($\overline{CE}_1$ LOW, $CE_2$ HIGH, and WE LOW).

## Logic Block Diagram

# Contents

## Selection Guide

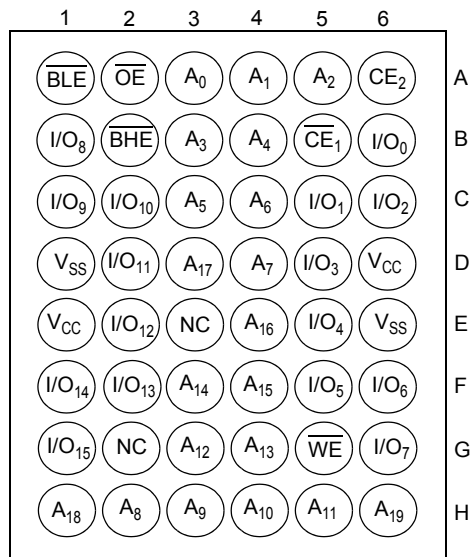| Description | -10 | -15 | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|
| Maximum access time | 10 | 15 | ns |
| Maximum operating current | 110 | 80 | mA |
| Maximum CMOS standby current | 30 | 30 | mA |

## Pin Configurations

**Figure 1.  48-ball VFBGA (8 × 9.5 × 1 mm) Dual Chip Enable pinout, Package/Grade ID: BVXI [1]**

## Pin Configurations (continued)

**Figure 2. 48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm)**
**Single Chip Enable pinout, Package/Grade ID: BV1XI** [2]
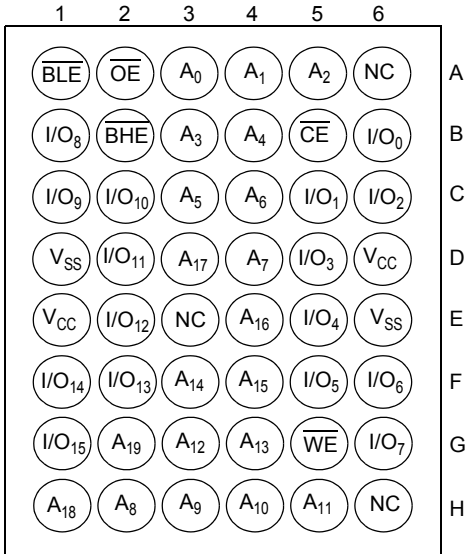


**Figure 3. 48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm)**
**Dual Chip Enable pinout, Package/Grade ID: BVJXI** [2]
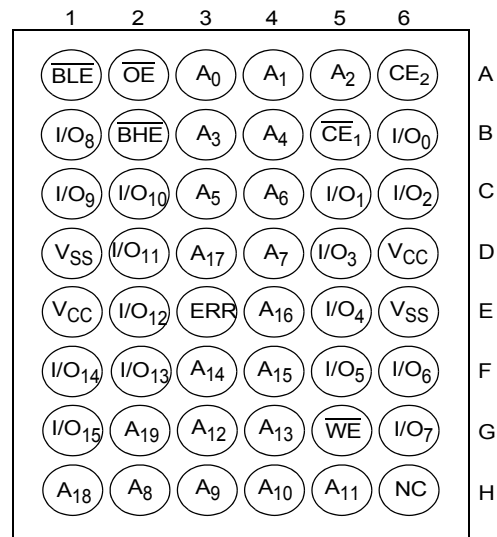


**Figure 4. 54-pin TSOP II (22.4 × 11.84 × 1.0 mm)**
**Dual Chip Enable pinout (Top View)** [2]
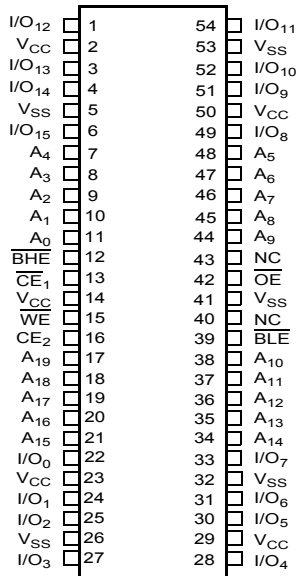


**Figure 5. 54-pin TSOP II (22.4 × 11.84 × 1.0 mm)**
**Single Chip Enable pinout (Top View)** [2]
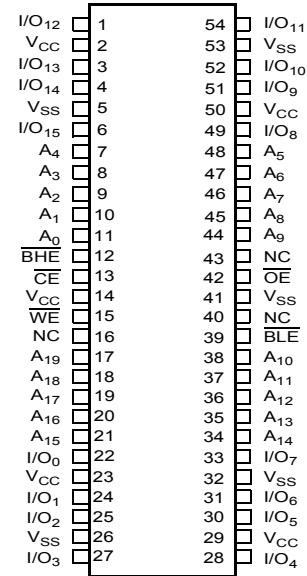


**Note**
2. NC pins are not connected internally to the die.
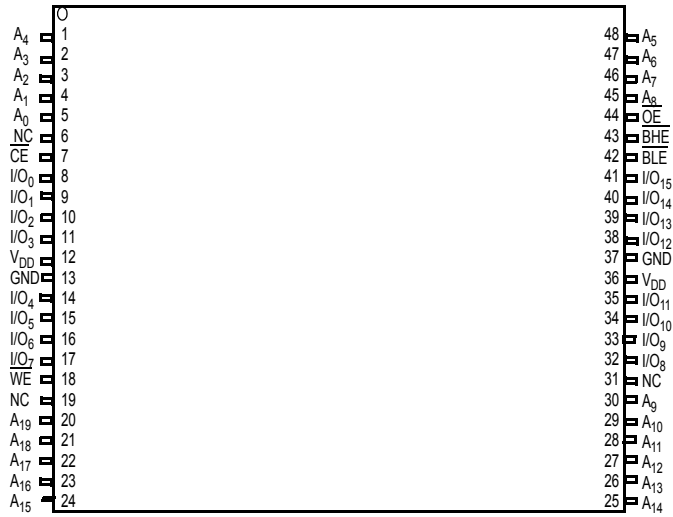
## Pin Configurations (continued)

**Figure 6. 48-pin TSOP I (12 × 18.4 × 1 mm) pinout (Top View)** [3]

**Note**
3. NC pins are not connected internally to the die.

## Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested.

Storage Temperature ............................. –65 °C to +150 °C

Ambient Temperature
with Power Applied .................................. –55 °C to +125 °C

Supply Voltage
on $V_{CC}$ relative to GND [4] .................–0.5 V to $V_{CC}$ + 0.5 V

DC Voltage Applied to Outputs
in High Z State [4] ................................–0.5 V to $V_{CC}$ + 0.5 V

DC Input Voltage [4] ............................–0.5 V to $V_{CC}$ + 0.5 V

Current into Outputs (LOW) ........................................ 20 mA

Static Discharge Voltage
(MIL-STD-883, Method 3015) ................................. >2001 V

Latch Up Current .................................................. >200 mA

## Operating Range

| Range | Ambient Temperature | $V_{CC}$ |
|---|---|---|
| Industrial | –40 °C to +85 °C | 1.65 V to 2.2 V, 2.2 V to 3.6 V |

## DC Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

| Parameter | Description | | Test Conditions | | 10 ns/15 ns | | | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | Min | Typ [5] | Max | |
| $V_{OH}$ | Output HIGH voltage | 1.65 V to 2.2 V | $V_{CC}$ = Min, $I_{OH}$ = –0.1 mA | | 1.4 | – | – | V |
| | | 2.2 V to 2.7 V | $V_{CC}$ = Min, $I_{OH}$ = –0.1 mA | | 2.0 | – | – | |
| | | 2.7 V to 3.0 V | $V_{CC}$ = Min, $I_{OH}$ = –4.0 mA | | 2.2 | – | – | |
| | | 3.0 V to 3.6 V | $V_{CC}$ = Min, $I_{OH}$ = –4.0 mA | | 2.4 | – | – | |
| $V_{OL}$ | Output LOW voltage | 1.65 V to 2.2 V | $V_{CC}$ = Min, $I_{OL}$ = 0.1 mA | | – | – | 0.2 | V |
| | | 2.2 V to 2.7 V | $V_{CC}$ = Min, $I_{OL}$ = 2 mA | | – | – | 0.4 | |
| | | 2.7 V to 3.6 V | $V_{CC}$ = Min, $I_{OL}$ = 8 mA | | – | – | 0.4 | |
| $V_{IH}$ | Input HIGH voltage [4] | 1.65 V to 2.2 V | – | | 1.4 | – | $V_{CC}$ + 0.2 | V |
| | | 2.2 V to 2.7 V | – | | 2.0 | – | $V_{CC}$ + 0.3 | |
| | | 2.7 V to 3.6 V | – | | 2.0 | – | $V_{CC}$ + 0.3 | |
| $V_{IL}$ | Input LOW voltage [4] | 1.65 V to 2.2 V | – | | –0.2 | – | 0.4 | V |
| | | 2.2 V to 2.7 V | – | | –0.3 | – | 0.6 | |
| | | 2.7 V to 3.6 V | – | | –0.3 | – | 0.8 | |
| $I_{IX}$ | Input leakage current | | $GND \leq V_I \leq V_{CC}$ | | –1 | – | +1 | µA |
| $I_{OZ}$ | Output leakage current | | $GND \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC}$, Output disabled | | –1 | – | +1 | µA |
| $I_{CC}$ | $V_{CC}$ operating supply current | | $V_{CC}$ = Max, $I_{OUT}$ = 0 mA, CMOS levels | f = 100 MHz | – | 90 | 110 | mA |
| | | | | f = 66.7 MHz | – | 70 | 80 | |
| $I_{SB1}$ | Automatic CE power down current – TTL inputs[6] | | Max $V_{CC}$, $CE_1 \geq V_{IH}$, $CE_2 \leq V_{IL}$, $V_{IN} \geq V_{IH}$ or $V_{IN} \leq V_{IL}$, f = $f_{MAX}$ | | – | – | 40 | mA |
| $I_{SB2}$ | Automatic CE power down current – CMOS inputs[6] | | Max $V_{CC}$, $\overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.3$ V, $CE_2 \leq 0.3$ V, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.3$ V or $V_{IN} \leq 0.3$ V, f = 0 | | – | 20 | 30 | mA |

**Notes**
4. $V_{IL(min)}$ = –2.0 V and $V_{IH(max)}$ = $V_{CC}$ + 2 V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.
5. Typical values are included only for reference and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at $V_{CC}$ = 1.8 V (for a $V_{CC}$ range of 1.65 V–2.2 V), $V_{CC}$ = 3 V (for a $V_{CC}$ range of 2.2 V–3.6 V) at $T_A$ = 25 °C.
6. For all dual chip enable devices, $\overline{CE}$ is the logical combination of $\overline{CE}_1$ and $CE_2$. When $\overline{CE}_1$ is LOW and $CE_2$ is HIGH, $\overline{CE}$ is LOW; when $\overline{CE}_1$ is HIGH or $CE_2$ is LOW, $\overline{CE}$ is HIGH.

## Capacitance

| Parameter [7] | Description | Test Conditions | 48-pin TSOP I | 54-pin TSOP II | 48-ball VFBGA | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $C_{IN}$ | Input capacitance | $T_A = 25\ ^\circ C$, f = 1 MHz, $V_{CC} = 3.3\ V$ | 10 | 10 | 10 | pF |
| $C_{OUT}$ | I/O capacitance | | 10 | 10 | 10 | pF |

## Thermal Resistance

| Parameter [7] | Description | Test Conditions | 48-pin TSOP I | 54-pin TSOP II | 48-ball VFBGA | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $\Theta_{JA}$ | Thermal resistance (junction to ambient) | Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, four layer printed circuit board | 57.99 | 93.63 | 31.50 | °C/W |
| $\Theta_{JC}$ | Thermal resistance (junction to case) | | 13.42 | 21.58 | 15.75 | °C/W |

## AC Test Loads and Waveforms

**Figure 7.  AC Test Loads and Waveforms** [8]
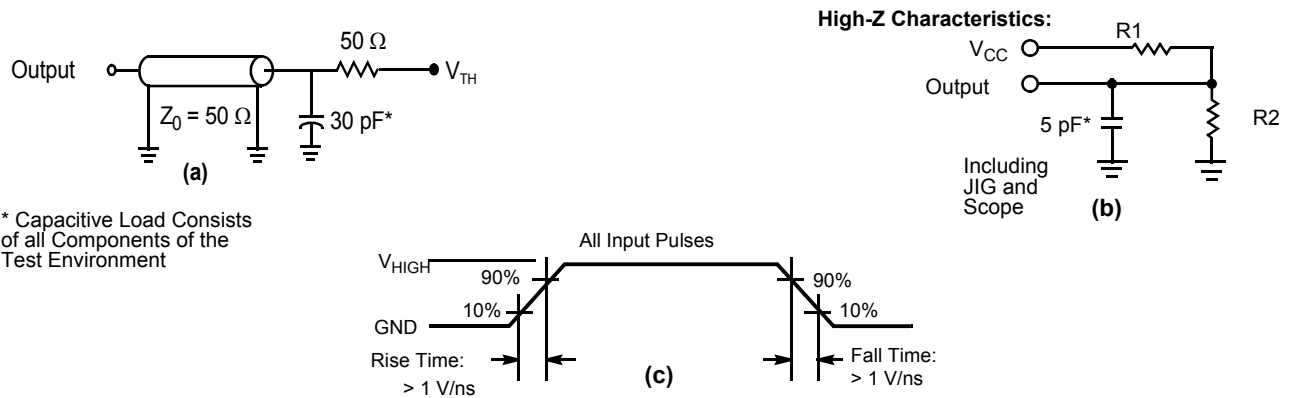


| Parameters | 1.8 V | 3.0 V | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|
| R1 | 1667 | 317 | Ω |
| R2 | 1538 | 351 | Ω |
| $V_{TH}$ | 0.9 | 1.5 | V |
| $V_{HIGH}$ | 1.8 | 3 | V |

**Notes**
7. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
8. Full-device AC operation assumes a 100-µs ramp time from 0 to $V_{CC}$ (min) and 100-µs wait time after $V_{CC}$ stabilizes to its operational value.

## Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

| Parameter | Description | Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $V_{DR}$ | $V_{CC}$ for data retention | – | 1 | – | V |
| $I_{CCDR}$ | Data retention current | $V_{CC}$ = 1.2 V, $\overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{CC}$ – 0.2 V, $CE_2 \leq$ 0.2 V, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC}$ – 0.2 V or $V_{IN} \leq$ 0.2 V | – | 30 | mA |
| $t_{CDR}$ [9] | Chip deselect to data retention time | – | 0 | – | ns |
| $t_R$ [10] | Operation recovery time | $V_{CC} \geq$ 2.2 V | 10 | – | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ < 2.2 V | 15 | – | |

## Data Retention Waveform

**Figure 8. Data Retention Waveform** [11]
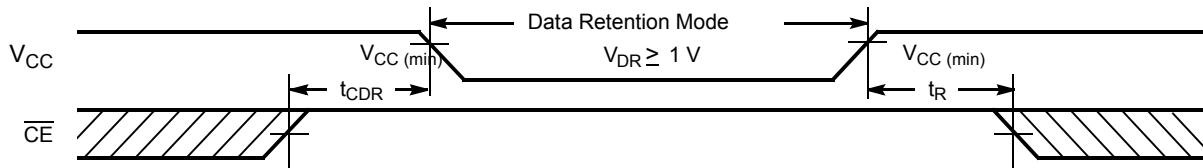


### Notes

9. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

10. Full device operation requires linear $V_{CC}$ ramp from $V_{DR}$ to $V_{CC(min.)} \geq$ 100 µs or stable at $V_{CC(min.)} \geq$ 100 µs.

11. $\overline{CE}$ is the logical combination of $\overline{CE}_1$ and $CE_2$. When $\overline{CE}_1$ is LOW and $CE_2$ is HIGH, $\overline{CE}$ is LOW; when $\overline{CE}_1$ is HIGH or $CE_2$ is LOW, $\overline{CE}$ is HIGH.

## AC Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

| Parameter [12] | Description | -10 | | -15 | | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| **Read Cycle** | | | | | | |
| $t_{power}$ | $V_{CC}$(typical) to the first access [13] | 100 | – | 100 | – | µs |
| $t_{RC}$ | Read cycle time | 10 | – | 15 | – | ns |
| $t_{AA}$ | Address to data valid | – | 10 | – | 15 | ns |
| $t_{OHA}$ | Data hold from address change | 3 | – | 3 | – | ns |
| $t_{ACE}$ | $\overline{CE}_1$ LOW/CE$_2$ HIGH to data valid | – | 10 | – | 15 | ns |
| $t_{DOE}$ | $\overline{OE}$ LOW to data valid | – | 5 | – | 8 | ns |
| $t_{LZOE}$ | $\overline{OE}$ LOW to low Z [14] | 0 | – | 1 | – | ns |
| $t_{HZOE}$ | $\overline{OE}$ HIGH to high Z [14, 15] | – | 5 | – | 8 | ns |
| $t_{LZCE}$ | $\overline{CE}_1$ LOW/CE$_2$ HIGH to low Z [14] | 3 | – | 3 | – | ns |
| $t_{HZCE}$ | $\overline{CE}_1$ HIGH/CE$_2$ LOW to high Z [14, 15] | – | 5 | – | 8 | ns |
| $t_{PU}$ | $\overline{CE}_1$ LOW/CE$_2$ HIGH to power-up [16] | 0 | – | 0 | – | ns |
| $t_{PD}$ | $\overline{CE}_1$ HIGH/CE$_2$ LOW to power-down [16] | – | 10 | – | 15 | ns |
| $t_{DBE}$ | Byte enable to data valid | – | 5 | – | 8 | ns |
| $t_{LZBE}$ | Byte enable to low Z | 0 | – | 1 | – | ns |
| $t_{HZBE}$ | Byte disable to high Z | – | 6 | – | 8 | ns |
| **Write Cycle** [17, 18] | | | | | | |
| $t_{WC}$ | Write cycle time | 10 | – | 15 | – | ns |
| $t_{SCE}$ | $\overline{CE}_1$ LOW/CE$_2$ HIGH to write end[19] | 7 | – | 12 | – | ns |
| $t_{AW}$ | Address setup to write end | 7 | – | 12 | – | ns |
| $t_{HA}$ | Address hold from write end | 0 | – | 0 | – | ns |
| $t_{SA}$ | Address setup to write start | 0 | – | 0 | – | ns |
| $t_{PWE}$ | $\overline{WE}$ pulse width | 7 | – | 12 | – | ns |
| $t_{SD}$ | Data setup to write end | 5 | – | 8 | – | ns |
| $t_{HD}$ | Data hold from write end | 0 | – | 0 | – | ns |
| $t_{LZWE}$ | $\overline{WE}$ HIGH to low Z [14] | 3 | – | 3 | – | ns |
| $t_{HZWE}$ | $\overline{WE}$ LOW to high Z [14, 15] | – | 5 | – | 8 | ns |
| $t_{BW}$ | Byte Enable to End of Write | 7 | – | 12 | – | ns |

**Notes**
12. Test conditions assume signal transition time (rise/fall) of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5 V (for $V_{CC} \geq 3$ V) and $V_{CC}/2$ (for $V_{CC} < 3$ V), and input pulse levels of 0 to 3 V (for $V_{CC} \geq 3$ V) and 0 to $V_{CC}$ (for $V_{CC} < 3$V). Test conditions for the read cycle use the output loading, shown in part (a) of Figure 7 on page 7, unless specified otherwise.
13. $t_{POWER}$ gives the minimum amount of time that the power supply is at typical $V_{CC}$ values until the first memory access is performed.
14. At any temperature and voltage condition, $t_{HZCE}$ is less than $t_{LZCE}$, $t_{HZBE}$ is less than $t_{LZBE}$, $t_{HZOE}$ is less than $t_{LZOE}$, and $t_{HZWE}$ is less than $t_{LZWE}$ for any device.
15. $t_{HZOE}$, $t_{HZCE}$, $t_{HZWE}$, and $t_{HZBE}$ are specified with a load capacitance of 5 pF, as shown in part (b) of Figure 7 on page 7. Hi-Z, Lo-Z transition is measured ±200 mV from steady state voltage.
16. These parameters are guaranteed by design and are not tested.
17. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$, and CE$_2 = V_{IH}$. Chip enables must be active and $\overline{WE}$ and byte enables must be LOW to initiate a write, and the transition of any of these signals can terminate. The input data setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
18. The minimum write cycle time for Write Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{WE}$ Controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW) is the sum of $t_{HZWE}$ and $t_{SD}$.
19. For all dual chip enable devices, $\overline{CE}$ is the logical combination of $\overline{CE}_1$ and CE$_2$. When $\overline{CE}_1$ is LOW and CE$_2$ is HIGH, $\overline{CE}$ is LOW; when $\overline{CE}_1$ is HIGH or CE$_2$ is LOW, $\overline{CE}$ is HIGH.

## Switching Waveforms

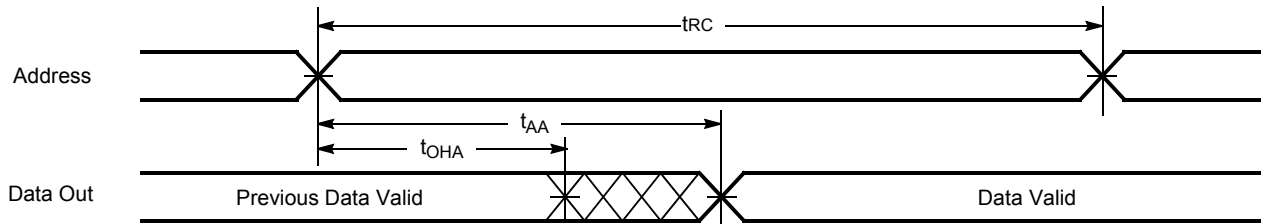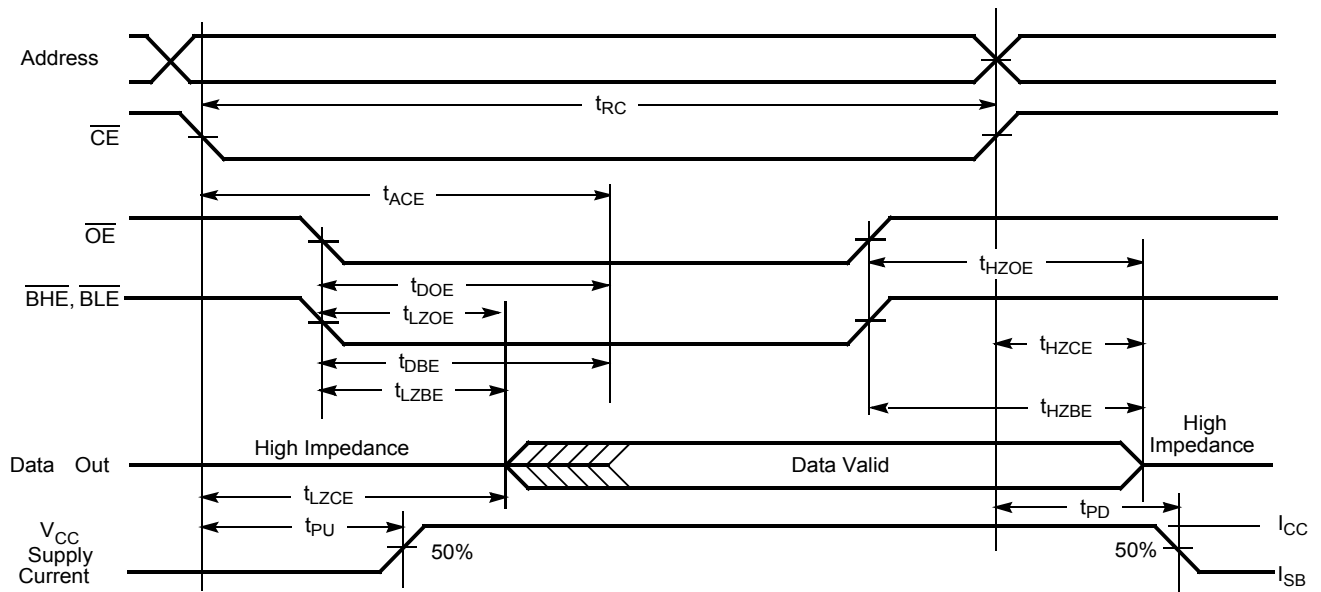**Figure 9. Read Cycle No. 1 (Address Transition Controlled)** [20, 21]



**Figure 10. Read Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{OE}$ Controlled)** [21, 22, 23]



**Notes**
20. The device is continuously selected. $\overline{OE}$, $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{BHE}$, $\overline{BLE}$ or both = $V_{IL}$.

21. $\overline{WE}$ is HIGH for read cycle.

22. $\overline{CE}$ is the logical combination of $\overline{CE}_1$ and $CE_2$. When $\overline{CE}_1$ is LOW and $CE_2$ is HIGH, $\overline{CE}$ is LOW; when $\overline{CE}_1$ is HIGH or $CE_2$ is LOW, $\overline{CE}$ is HIGH.

23. Address valid before or similar to $\overline{CE}$ transition LOW.

## Switching Waveforms (continued)

### Figure 11.  Write Cycle No. 1 ($\overline{CE}$ Controlled) [24, 25, 26]
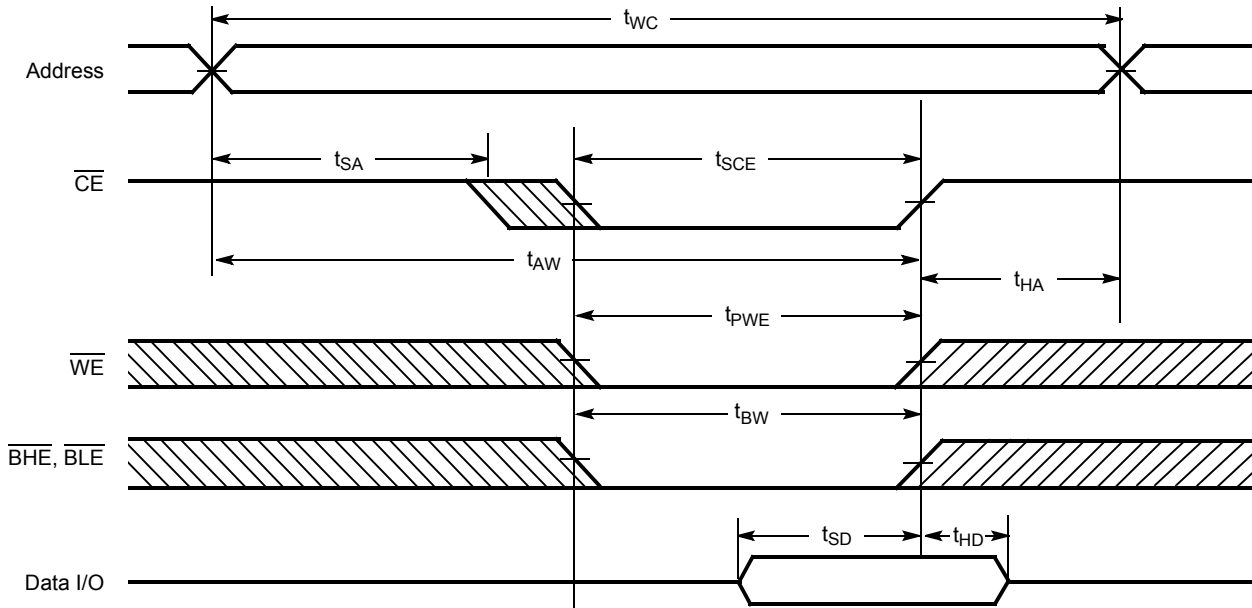


### Figure 12.  Write Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{WE}$ Controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW) [24, 25, 26]
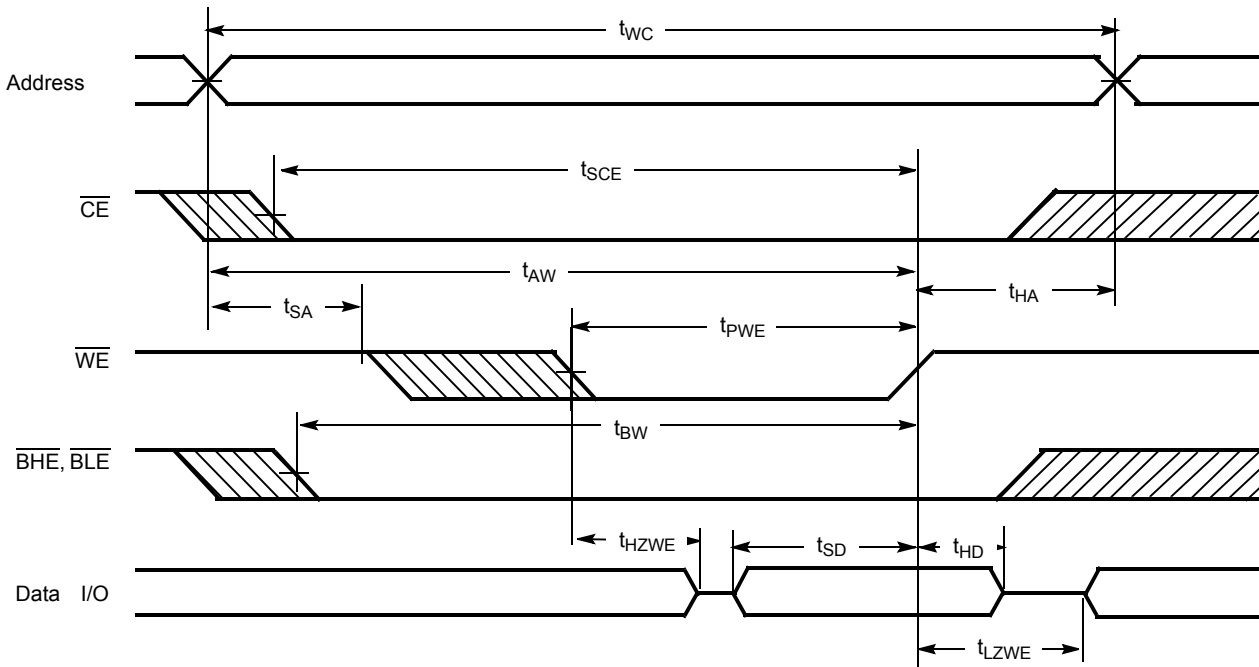


**Notes**
24. $\overline{CE}$ is the logical combination of $\overline{CE}_1$ and $CE_2$. When $\overline{CE}_1$ is LOW and $CE_2$ is HIGH, $\overline{CE}$ is LOW; when $\overline{CE}_1$ is HIGH or $CE_2$ is LOW, $\overline{CE}$ is HIGH.

25. Data I/O is high impedance if $\overline{OE}$, $\overline{BHE}$, and/or $\overline{BLE}$ = $V_{IH}$.

26. If $\overline{CE}$ goes HIGH simultaneously with $\overline{WE}$ going HIGH, the output remains in a high-impedance state.

## Switching Waveforms (continued)

**Figure 13. Write Cycle No. 3 ($\overline{\text{BLE}}$ or $\overline{\text{BHE}}$ Controlled)** [27]
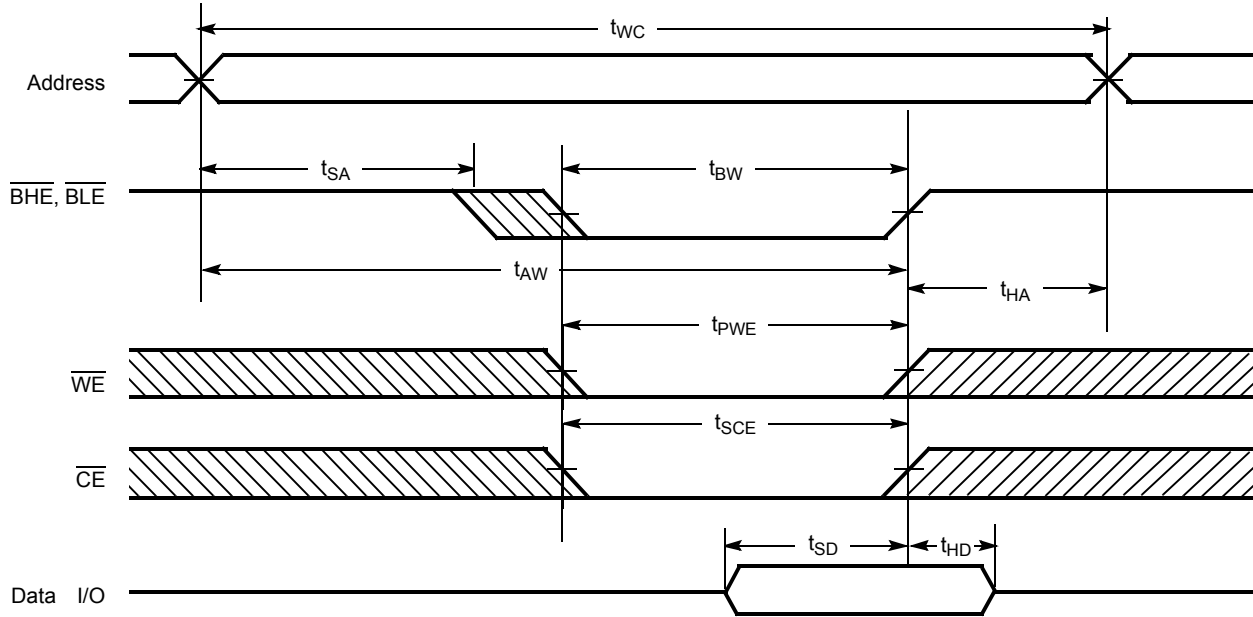
## Truth Table

| $\overline{CE}_1$ | $CE_2$ | $\overline{OE}$ | $\overline{WE}$ | $\overline{BLE}$ | $\overline{BHE}$ | $I/O_0$–$I/O_7$ | $I/O_8$–$I/O_{15}$ | Mode | Power |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| H | X | X | X | X | X | High Z | High Z | Power down | Standby ($I_{SB}$) |
| X | L | X | X | X | X | High Z | High Z | Power down | Standby ($I_{SB}$) |
| L | H | L | H | L | L | Data out | Data out | Read all bits | Active ($I_{CC}$) |
| L | H | L | H | L | H | Data out | High Z | Read lower bits only | Active ($I_{CC}$) |
| L | H | L | H | H | L | High Z | Data out | Read upper bits only | Active ($I_{CC}$) |
| L | H | X | L | L | L | Data in | Data in | Write all bits | Active ($I_{CC}$) |
| L | H | X | L | L | H | Data in | High Z | Write lower bits only | Active ($I_{CC}$) |
| L | H | X | L | H | L | High Z | Data in | Write upper bits only | Active ($I_{CC}$) |
| L | H | H | H | X | X | High Z | High Z | Selected, outputs disabled | Active ($I_{CC}$) |

## Ordering Information

| Speed (ns) | Ordering Code | Package Diagram | Package Type (Pb-free) | Operating Range |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 10 | CY7C1061GN30-10ZSXI | 51-85160 | 54-pin TSOP II, Dual Chip Enable | Industrial |
| | CY7C1061GN30-10ZSXIT | 51-85160 | 54-pin TSOP II, Dual Chip Enable, Tape and Reel | |
| | CY7C10612GN30-10ZSXI | 51-85160 | 54-pin TSOP II, Single Chip Enable | |
| | CY7C10612GN30-10ZSXIT | 51-85160 | 54-pin TSOP II, Single Chip Enable, Tape and Reel | |
| | CY7C1061GN30-10ZXI | 51-85183 | 48-pin TSOP I, Single Chip Enable | |
| | CY7C1061GN30-10ZXIT | 51-85183 | 48-pin TSOP I, Single Chip Enable, Tape and Reel | |
| | CY7C1061GN30-10BV1XI | 51-85150 | 48-ball VFBGA, Single Chip Enable, Address MSB A19 at ball G2 | |
| | CY7C1061GN30-10BV1XIT | 51-85150 | 48-ball VFBGA, Single Chip Enable, Address MSB A19 at ball G2, Tape and Reel | |
| | CY7C1061GN30-10BVJXI | 51-85150 | 48-ball VFBGA, Dual Chip Enable, Address MSB A19 at ball G2 | |
| | CY7C1061GN30-10BVJXIT | 51-85150 | 48-ball VFBGA, Dual Chip Enable, Address MSB A19 at ball G2, Tape and Reel | |
| | CY7C1061GN30-10BVXI | 51-85150 | 48-ball VFBGA, Dual Chip Enable, Address MSB A19 at ball H6 | |
| | CY7C1061GN30-10BVXIT | 51-85150 | 48-ball VFBGA, Dual Chip Enable, Address MSB A19 at ball H6, Tape and Reel | |
| 15 | CY7C1061GN18-15ZSXI | 51-85160 | 54-pin TSOP II | |
| | CY7C1061GN18-15ZSXIT | 51-85160 | 54-pin TSOP II, Tape and Reel | |

## Ordering Code Definitions

CY 7 C 1 06 1 X G N XX - X XX X I X

X = blank or T
blank = Bulk; T = Tape and Reel

Temperature Range:
I = Industrial

Pb-free

Package Type: XX = ZS or ZX or BV1 or BVJ or BV
ZS = 54-pin TSOP II;
ZX = 48-pin TSOP I;
BV1 = 48-ball VFBGA, Single Chip Enable, Address MSB A19 at ball G2;
BVJ = 48-ball VFBGA, Dual Chip Enable, Address MSB A19 at ball G2;
BV = 48-ball VFBGA, Dual Chip Enable, Address MSB A19 at ball H6

Speed: X = 10 or 15
10 = 10 ns; 15 = 15 ns

Voltage Range: XX = 30 or 18
30 = 2.2 V to 3.6 V; 18 = 1.65 V to 2.2 V

N = No ECC

Process Technology: G = 65 nm Technology

Chip Enable: X = blank or 2

Data Width: 1 = × 16-bits

Density: 06 = 16-Mbit density

Family Code: 1 = Fast Asynchronous SRAM family

Technology Code: C = CMOS

Marketing Code: 7 = SRAM

Company ID: CY = Cypress

## Package Diagrams

**Figure 14.  54-pin TSOP II (22.4 × 11.84 × 1.0 mm) Z54-II Package Outline, 51-85160**
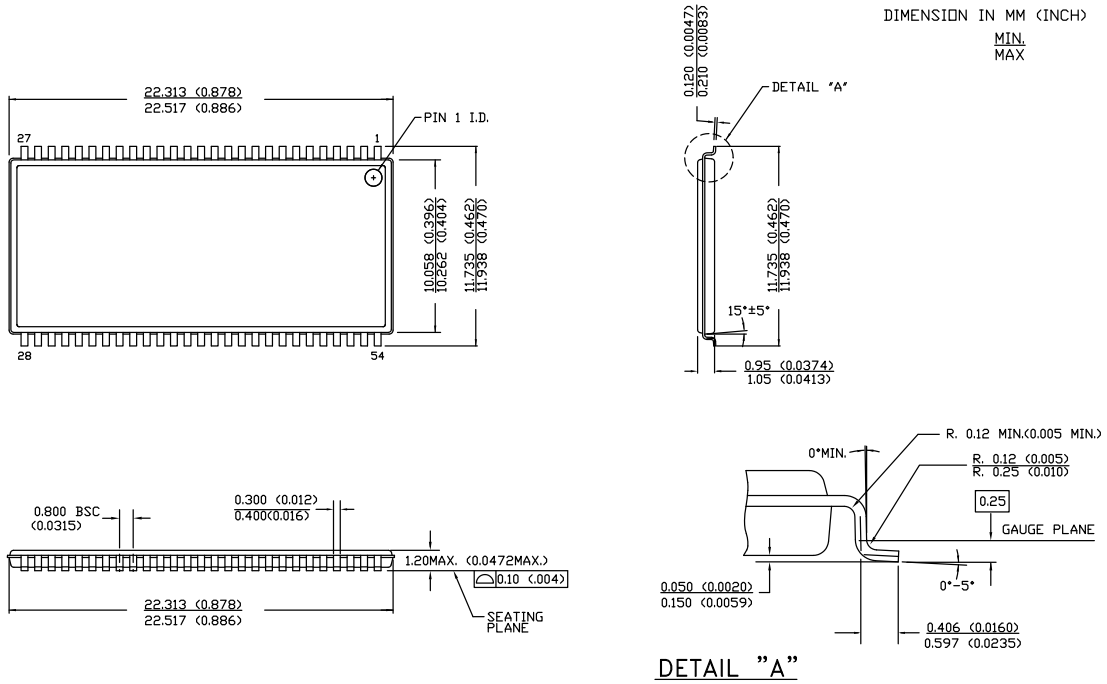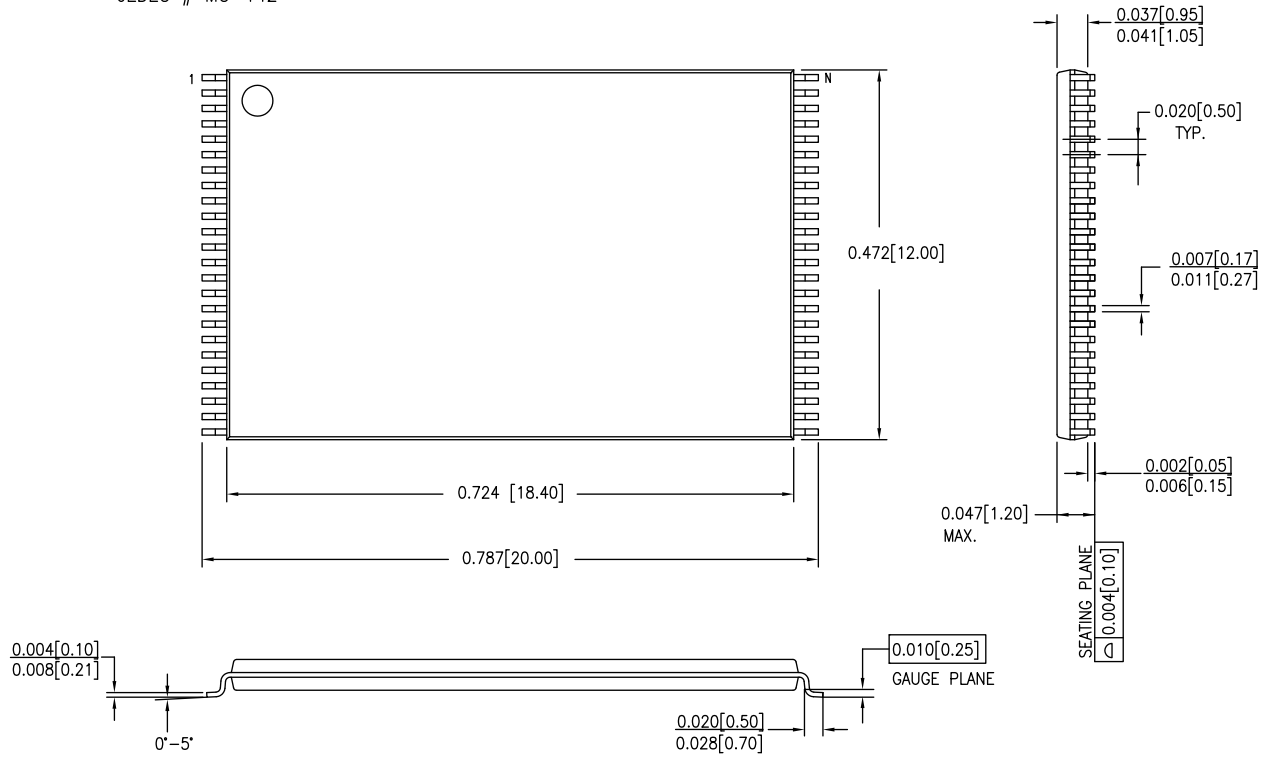


51-85160 *E

## Package Diagrams (continued)

**Figure 15.  48-pin TSOP I (12 × 18.4 × 1.0 mm) Z48A Package Outline, 51-85183**
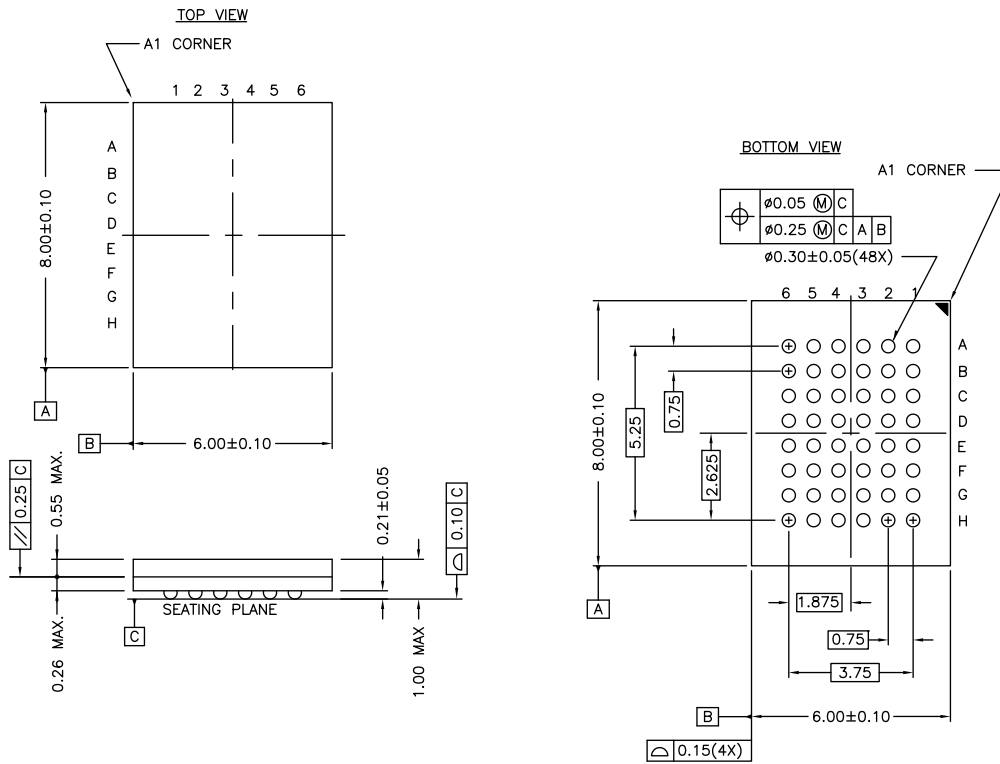
DIMENSIONS IN INCHES[MM] $\frac{MIN.}{MAX.}$

JEDEC # MO−142



0.037[0.95]
0.041[1.05]

0.020[0.50]
TYP.

0.007[0.17]
0.011[0.27]

0.472[12.00]

0.002[0.05]
0.006[0.15]

0.047[1.20]
MAX.

SEATING PLANE
0.004[0.10]

0.724 [18.40]

0.787[20.00]

0.004[0.10]
0.008[0.21]

0.010[0.25]
GAUGE PLANE

0°−5°

0.020[0.50]
0.028[0.70]

51-85183 *D

# Package Diagrams (continued)

### Figure 16.  48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm) BV48/BZ48 Package Outline, 51-85150



NOTE:
PACKAGE WEIGHT: See Cypress Package Material Declaration Datasheet (PMDD)
posted on the Cypress web.

51-85150 *H

## Acronyms

| Acronym | Description |
|---------|-------------|
| $\overline{BHE}$ | Byte High Enable |
| $\overline{BLE}$ | Byte Low Enable |
| $\overline{CE}$ | Chip Enable |
| CMOS | Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor |
| I/O | Input/Output |
| $\overline{OE}$ | Output Enable |
| SRAM | Static Random Access Memory |
| TSOP | Thin Small Outline Package |
| TTL | Transistor-Transistor Logic |
| VFBGA | Very Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array |
| $\overline{WE}$ | Write Enable |

## Document Conventions

### Units of Measure

| Symbol | Unit of Measure |
|--------|-----------------|
| °C | degree Celsius |
| MHz | megahertz |
| μA | microampere |
| μs | microsecond |
| mA | milliampere |
| mm | millimeter |
| ns | nanosecond |
| Ω | ohm |
| % | percent |
| pF | picofarad |
| V | volt |
| W | watt |

## Document History Page

**Document Title: CY7C1061GN/CY7C10612GN, 16-Mbit (1M words × 16 bit) Static RAM**
**Document Number: 001-93680**

| Rev. | ECN No. | Orig. of Change | Submission Date | Description of Change |
|------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| ** | 4505531 | VINI | 01/02/2015 | New data sheet. |
| *A | 4900408 | NILE | 09/11/2015 | Updated DC Electrical Characteristics:<br>Updated details in "Test Conditions" column of $V_{OH}$ and $V_{OL}$ parameters.<br>Updated Ordering Information:<br>No change in part numbers.<br>Replaced "51-85178" with "51-85150" in "Package Diagram" column.<br>Replaced "8 × 9.5 × 1 mm" with "6 × 8 × 1.0 mm" in "Package Type" column.<br>Updated Package Diagrams:<br>Removed spec 51-85178 *C.<br>Added spec 51-85150 *H.<br>Updated to new template. |
| *B | 5415385 | NILE | 09/07/2016 | Updated Document Title to read as "CY7C1061GN/CY7C10612GN, 16-Mbit (1M words × 16 bit) Static RAM".<br>Added CY7C10612GN part related information in all instances across the document.<br>Added "1.65 V to 2.2 V" voltage range related information in all instances across the document.<br>Added 48-pin TSOP I package related information in all instances across the document.<br>Added 15 ns speed bin related information in all instances across the document.<br>Updated Pin Configurations:<br>Added Figure 2.<br>Added Figure 3.<br>Added Figure 4.<br>Added Figure 5.<br>Added Figure 6.<br>Removed figure "54-pin TSOP II (22.4 × 11.84 × 1.0 mm) pinout (Top View)".<br>Updated DC Electrical Characteristics:<br>Updated details in "Test Conditions" column of $I_{CC}$ parameter (Added condition "f = 66.7 MHz" and added corresponding values).<br>Added Note 6 and referred the same note in description of $I_{SB1}$ and $I_{SB2}$ parameters.<br>Updated AC Test Loads and Waveforms:<br>Updated Note 8 referred in Figure 7.<br>Updated AC Switching Characteristics:<br>Updated Note 12.<br>Added Note 14 and referred the same note in description of $t_{LZOE}$, $t_{HZOE}$, $t_{LZCE}$, $t_{HZCE}$ parameters.<br>Updated Note 15.<br>Added Note 19 and referred the same note in description of $t_{SCE}$ parameter.<br>Updated Ordering Information:<br>Updated part numbers.<br>Updated Package Diagrams:<br>Added spec 51-85183 *D.<br>Updated to new template. |

## Document History Page (continued)

| Document Title: CY7C1061GN/CY7C10612GN, 16-Mbit (1M words × 16 bit) Static RAM |||||
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Document Number: 001-93680** |||||
| **Rev.** | **ECN No.** | **Orig. of Change** | **Submission Date** | **Description of Change** |
| *C | 5454555 | NILE | 09/29/2016 | Updated Maximum Ratings: <br> Updated Note 4 (Replaced "2 ns" with "20 ns"). <br> Updated DC Electrical Characteristics: <br> Removed Operating Range "2.7 V to 3.6 V" and all values corresponding to $V_{OH}$ parameter. <br> Included Operating Ranges "2.7 V to 3.0 V" and "3.0 V to 3.6 V" and all values corresponding to $V_{OH}$ parameter. <br> Updated Ordering Information: <br> Updated part numbers. <br> Updated Ordering Code Definitions. |

## Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information

### Worldwide Sales and Design Support

Cypress maintains a worldwide network of offices, solution centers, manufacturer's representatives, and distributors. To find the office closest to you, visit us at Cypress Locations.

| Products | | PSoC® Solutions |
|---|---|---|
| ARM® Cortex® Microcontrollers | cypress.com/arm | PSoC 1 | PSoC 3 | PSoC 4 | PSoC 5LP |
| Automotive | cypress.com/automotive | **Cypress Developer Community** |
| Clocks & Buffers | cypress.com/clocks | Forums | Projects | Video | Blogs | Training | Components |
| Interface | cypress.com/interface | **Technical Support** |
| Lighting & Power Control | cypress.com/powerpsoc | cypress.com/support |
| Memory | cypress.com/memory | |
| PSoC | cypress.com/psoc | |
| Touch Sensing | cypress.com/touch | |
| USB Controllers | cypress.com/usb | |
| Wireless/RF | cypress.com/wireless | |