# PQ1CG2032FZ/PQ1CG2032RZ

TO-220 Type Chopper Regulators

(Unit: mm)

#### Features

- Maximum switching current: 3.5A
- Built-in ON/OFF control function
- Built-in soft start function to suppress overshoot of output voltage in power on sequence or ON/OFF control sequence
- Built-in oscillation circuit
- (Oscillation frequency: TYP. 70kHz)
- Built-in overheat, overcurrent protection function
- TO-220 package
- Variable output voltage

(Output variable range: Vref to 35V/-Vref to -30V)

[Possible to select step-down output/inversing output according to external connection circuit]

PQ1CG2032FZ: Zigzag forming
 PQ1CG2032RZ: Self-stand forming

# Applications

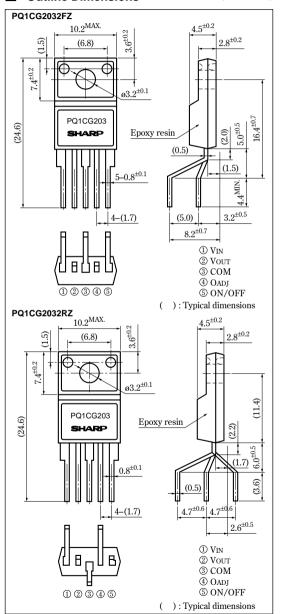
- Switching power supplies
- Facsimiles, printers and other OA equipment
- · Battery chargers
- Personal computers and amusement equipment

## ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
*1Input voltage	Vin	40	V	
Error input voltage	V <sub>ADJ</sub>	7	7 V	
Input-output voltage	V <sub>I-O</sub>	41	V	
*2Output – COM voltage	Vout	-1	V	
*3ON/OFF control voltage	Vc	-0.3 to +40	V	
Switching current	Isw	3.5	A	
*4Power dissipation	PDI	1.4	W	
	P <sub>D2</sub>	14	W	
*5 Junction temperature	Tj	150	°C	
Operating temperature	Topr	-20 to +80	°C	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-40 to +150	°C	
Soldering temperature	Tsol	260 (10s)	°C	

- \$1 Voltage between  $V_{IN}$  terminal and COM terminal
- \*2 Voltage between V<sub>OUT</sub> terminal and COM terminal
- \*3 Voltage between ON/OFF control and COM terminal
- #4 PD:With infinite heat sink
- #5 Overheat protection may operate at T<sub>i</sub>=125°C to 150°C

# Outline Dimensions



<sup>•</sup> Please refer to the chapter " Handling Precautions ".

### SHARP

Electrical Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified condition shall be Viv=12V, Io=0.2A, Vo=5V, ON-OFF terminals is one	n Ta=25	$C^{\circ}$
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Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output saturation voltage	Vsat	Isw=3A	_	1.4	1.8	V
Reference voltage	$V_{ref}$	_	1.235	1.26	1.285	V
Reference voltage temperature fluctuation	$\Delta V_{ref}$	Tj=0 to 125°C	_	±0.5	_	%
Load regulation	RegL	Io=0.5 to 3A	_	0.2	1.5	%
Line regulation	RegI	V <sub>IN</sub> =8 to 35V	_	0.5	2.5	%
Efficiency	η	Io=3A	_	80	_	%
Oscillation frequency	fo	-	60	70	80	kHz
Oscillation frequency temperature fluctuation	$\Delta f_0$	T <sub>j</sub> =0 to 125°C	_	±2	-	%
Overcurrent detecting level	Iι	-	3.6	4.2	5.8	A
Charge current	Існс	②,4 terminals is open,5 terminal	_	-10	-	μΑ
Input threshold voltage	V <sub>THL</sub>	Duty ratio=0%, 4 terminal=0V, 5 terminal	_	1.3	_	V
	V <sub>THH</sub>	Duty ratio=100%, 4 terminals is open, 5 terminal	_	2.3	_	V
ON threshold voltage	V <sub>TH(ON)</sub>	4 terminal=0V, 5 terminal	0.7	0.8	0.9	V
Stand-by current	Isd	V <sub>IN</sub> =40V, 5 terminal=0V	_	140	400	μΑ
Output OFF-state dissipation current	Iqs	V <sub>IN</sub> =40V, (5) terminal=0.9V	_	8	16	mA

Fig.1 Test Circuit

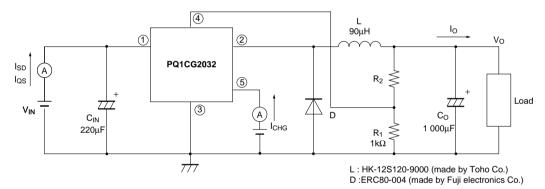
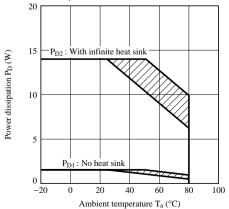


Fig.2 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



Note) Oblique line portion: Overheat protection may operate in this area

Fig.3 Overcurrent Protection
Characteristics (Typical Value)

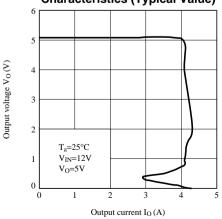


Fig.4 Efficiency vs. Input Voltage

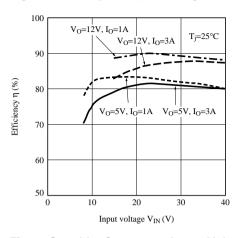


Fig.6 Stand-by Current vs. Intput Voltage

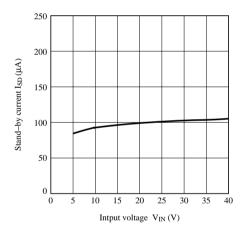


Fig.8 Load Regulation vs. Output Current

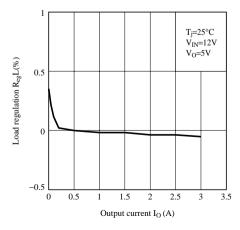


Fig.5 Output Saturation Voltage vs. Switching Current

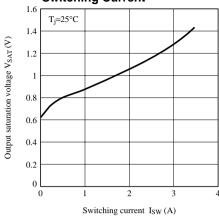


Fig.7 Reference Voltage Fluctuation vs. Junction Temperature

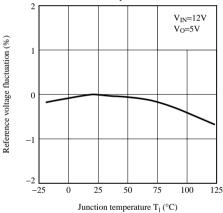


Fig.9 Line Regulation vs. Input Voltage

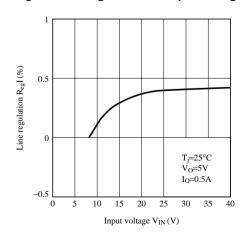


Fig.10 Oscillation Frequency Fluctuation vs. Junction Temperature

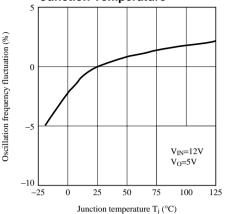


Fig.12 Threshold Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

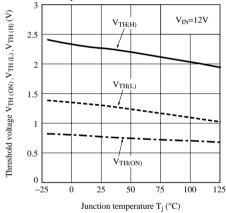


Fig.11 Overcurrent Detecting Level Fluctuation vs. Junction Temperature

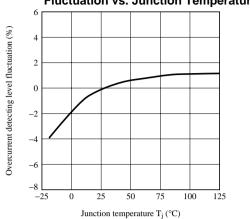


Fig.13 Operating Dissipation Current vs. Input Voltage

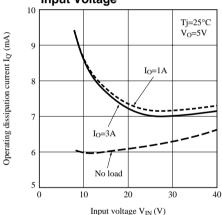


Fig.14 Block Diagram

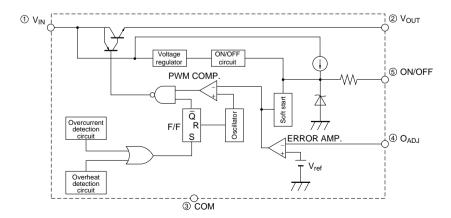


Fig.15 Step Down Type Circuit Diagram

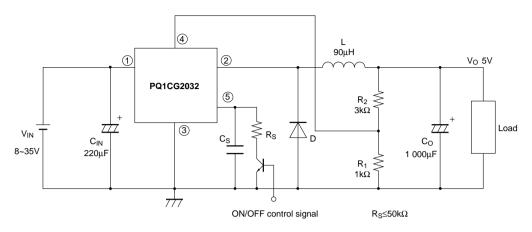
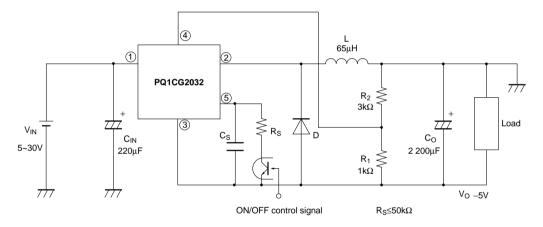


Fig.16 Polarity Inversion Type Circuit Diagram



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