January 2016



### **Features**

- 1.2 V to 5.5 V Input Voltage Operating Range
- Typical R<sub>ON</sub>:
  - 45 mΩ at V<sub>IN</sub>=5.5 V

AIRCHILD.

- 55 mΩ at V<sub>IN</sub>=3.3 V
- 90 mΩ at V<sub>IN</sub>=1.8 V
- 185 mΩ at V<sub>IN</sub>=1.2 V
- Slew Rate Control with t<sub>R</sub>:
  - FPF1203/FPF1203I/FPF1204: 100 μs
  - FPF12045: 2 μs
- Output Discharge Function on FPF1204 / 45
- Low <1.5 μA Quiescent Current
- ESD Protected: Above 7 kV HBM, 2 kV CDM
- GPIO / CMOS-Compatible Enable Circuitry
- 4-Bump, WLCSP 0.76 mm x 0.76 mm, 0.4 mm Pitch

### Applications

- Mobile Devices and Smart Phones
- Portable Media Devices
- Tablet PCs
- Advanced Notebook, UMPC, MID
- Portable Medical Devices
- GPS and Navigation Equipment

#### Switch Тор Output **ON Pin** (Typical) Package Part Number t<sub>R</sub> Mark Discharge Activity at 3.3V<sub>IN</sub> FPF1203UCX QL 55 mΩ NA Active HIGH 100 µs QP NA FPF1203LUCX $55 \text{ m}\Omega$ Active LOW 100 µs 4-Bump, Wafer-Level Chip-Scale FPF1204UCX 65 Ω Active HIGH 100 µs QM 55 mΩ Package (WLCSP), 0.76 mm x FPF1204BUCX 0.76 mm, 0.4 mm Pitch QM 55 mΩ 65 Ω Active HIGH 100 µs (Backside Laminate) FPF12045UCX NC 55 mΩ 65 O Active HIGH 2 µs

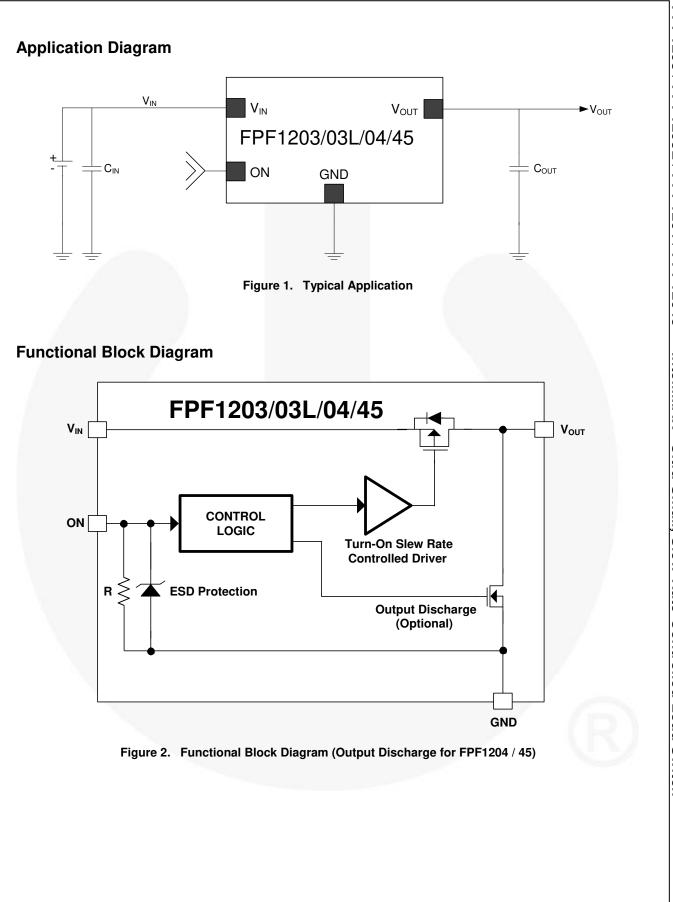
**Ordering Information** 

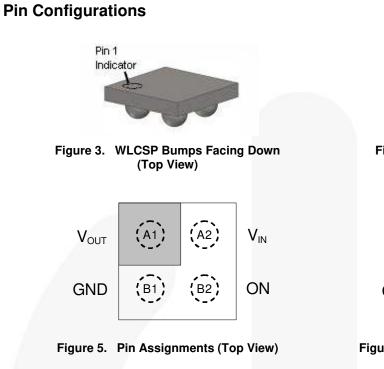
© 2011 Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation FPF1203 / FPF1203L / FPF1204 / FPF12045 • Rev. 1.13 www.fairchildsemi.com

# Description

The FPF1203 / 03L / 04 / 45 are ultra-small integrated IntelliMAX<sup>™</sup> load switches with integrated P-channel switch and analog control features. Integrated slewrate control prevents inrush current and the resulting excessive voltage drop on the power rail. The input voltage range operates from 1.2 V to 5.5 V to provide power-disconnect capability for post-regulated power rails in portable and consumer products. The low shutoff current allows power designs to meet standby and off-power drain specifications.

The FPF120x are controlled by a logic input (ON pin) compatible with standard CMOS GPIO circuitry found on Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA) embedded processors. The FPF120x are available in 0.76 mm x 0.76 mm 4-bump WLCSP.





## GND VIII Vout Pin 1

Figure 4. WLCSP Bumps Facing Up (Bottom View)

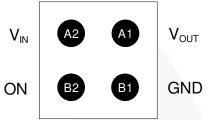


Figure 6. Pin Assignments (Bottom View)

### **Pin Definitions**

Pin #	Name	Description			
A1	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Switch output			
A2	V <sub>IN</sub>	pply input: input to the power switch			
B1	GND	round			
B2	ON	N/OFF Control, active HIGH; FPF1203/04/45			
B2	ON	ON/OFF Control, active LOW; FPF1203L			

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

Symbol	Paramete	r	Min.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> , V <sub>ON</sub> to GND			6.0	V
I <sub>SW</sub>	Maximum Continuous Switch Current at Am	bient Operating Temperature		2.2	А
PD	Power Dissipation at $T_A=25^{\circ}C$			1.0	W
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-65	+150	°C	
	Thermal Desistance, Junction to Ambient	1S2P with One Thermal Via <sup>(1)</sup>	110 95		°C/W
$\Theta_{JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	1S2P without Thermal Via <sup>(2)</sup>			
	Electrostatic Discharge Canability (1,2)	Human Body Model, JESD22-A114	7		kV
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge Capability <sup>(1,2)</sup>	Charged Device Model, JESD22-C101	2		κV

Notes:

1. Measured using 2S2P JEDEC std. PCB.

2. Measured using 2S2P JEDEC PCB COLD PLATE Method.

### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. Fairchild does not recommend exceeding them or designing to Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	1.2	5.5	V
TA	Ambient Operating Temperature		+85	°C

Symbol	Parameter		Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Basic Op	eration					1	
V <sub>IN</sub>	Supply Voltage			1.2		5.5	V
	Off Supply FPF1203/04/45		V <sub>ON</sub> =GND, V <sub>OUT</sub> =Open, V <sub>IN</sub> =5.5 V		0.1	1.0	
I <sub>Q(OFF)</sub>	Current	FPF1203L	V <sub>ON</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> =Open, V <sub>IN</sub> =5.5 V		1.0	2.0	μA
I <sub>SD</sub>			V <sub>ON</sub> =GND, V <sub>OUT</sub> =GND		0.1	1.0	
	Current	FPF1203L	V <sub>ON</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> =GND		1.2	3.0	μA
	Quiescent	FPF1203/04/45					
lα	Current	FPF1203L			0.1	1.5	μA
			V <sub>IN</sub> =5.5 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =200 mA, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		45	55 <sup>(3)</sup>	
			V <sub>IN</sub> =3.3 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =200 mA, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		55	65 <sup>(3)</sup>	mΩ
R <sub>ON</sub>	On Resistance		V <sub>IN</sub> =1.8 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =200 mA, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		90	100 <sup>(3)</sup>	
			V <sub>IN</sub> =1.2 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =200 mA, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		185	220 <sup>(3)</sup>	
			V <sub>IN</sub> =1.8 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =200 mA, T <sub>A</sub> =85°C <sup>(3)</sup>			105	
R <sub>PD</sub>	Output Discharge RPULL DOWN		$V_{IN}$ =3.3 V, $V_{ON}$ =OFF, $I_{FORCE}$ =20 mA, $T_A$ =25°C, FPF1204 / FPF12045		65	75	Ω
VIH	On Input Logic HIGH Voltage		$V_{IN}$ =1.2 V to 5.5 V	1.15			۷
V <sub>IL</sub>	On Input Logic LOW Voltage		V <sub>IN</sub> =1.2 V to 5.5 V			0.65	v
R <sub>ON_PD</sub>	Pull-Down Resi	stance at ON Pin	V <sub>IN</sub> =1.2 V to 5.5 V		8.3		MΩ
I <sub>ON</sub>	On Input Leakage		V <sub>ON</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> or GND			1	μA
Dynamic	Characteristics					1 1	
t <sub>DON</sub>	Turn-On Delay <sup>(4)</sup>				70		
t <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> Rise Time	(4)			100		μs
ton	Turn-On Time <sup>(6)</sup>		V <sub>IN</sub> =3.3 V, R <sub>L</sub> =10 Ω, C <sub>L</sub> =0.1 μF,		170		
t <sub>DON</sub>	Turn-On Delay	4)	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C, FPF12045		2		
t <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> Rise Time	(4)			2		
ton	Turn-On Time <sup>(6)</sup>	)	]		4		
t <sub>DOFF</sub>	Turn-Off Delay	4,5)			0.5		
t⊧	Vout Fall Time	l,5)	V <sub>IN</sub> =3.3 V, R <sub>L</sub> =10 Ω, C <sub>L</sub> =0.1 μF, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C, FPF1203L		2.0		μs
t <sub>OFF</sub>	Turn-Off Time <sup>(5)</sup>	7)	·A-20 0, 111 12002		2.5		
t <sub>DOFF</sub>	Turn-Off Delay	4,5)			6		-
tF	V <sub>OUT</sub> Fall Time <sup>(4,5)</sup> Turn-Off Time <sup>(5,7)</sup>		V <sub>IN</sub> =3.3 V, R <sub>L</sub> =500 Ω, C <sub>L</sub> =0.1 μF, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C, FPF1203L		115		μs
t <sub>OFF</sub>					121		
t <sub>DOFF</sub>	Turn-Off Delay				4.0		
t <sub>F</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> Fall Time <sup>(4,5)</sup> Turn-Off Time <sup>(5,7)</sup>		V <sub>IN</sub> =3.3 V, R <sub>L</sub> =10 Ω, C <sub>L</sub> =0.1 μF, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C, FPF1203		2.9		μs
t <sub>OFF</sub>					7.3		
t <sub>DOFF</sub>	Turn-Off Delay				6		
t <sub>F</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> Fall Time <sup>(4</sup>		V <sub>IN</sub> =3.3 V, R <sub>L</sub> =500 Ω, C <sub>L</sub> =0.1 μF, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C, FPF1203		115		μs
	Turn-Off Time <sup>(5,7)</sup>				121		I

## **Electrical Characteristics**

Unless otherwise noted,  $V_{IN}$ =1.2 V to 5.5 V and  $T_A$ =-40 to +85°C. Typical values are at  $V_{IN}$ =3.3 V and  $T_A$ =25°C.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
tDOFF	Turn-Off Delay <sup>(4,5)</sup>			4.0		
t <sub>F</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> Fall Time <sup>(4,5)</sup>	V <sub>IN</sub> =3.3 V, R <sub>L</sub> =10 Ω, C <sub>L</sub> =0.1 μF, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C, FPF1204/45 <sup>(5)</sup>		2.5		μs
t <sub>OFF</sub>	Turn-Off Time <sup>(5,7)</sup>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		6.5		
t <sub>DOFF</sub>	Turn-Off Delay <sup>(4,5)</sup>			6		
t <sub>F</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> Fall Time <sup>(4,5)</sup>	V <sub>IN</sub> =3.3 V, R <sub>L</sub> =500Ω, C <sub>L</sub> =0.1 μF, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C, FPF1204/45 <sup>(5)</sup>		11		μs
toff	Turn-Off Time <sup>(5,7)</sup>			17		

#### Notes:

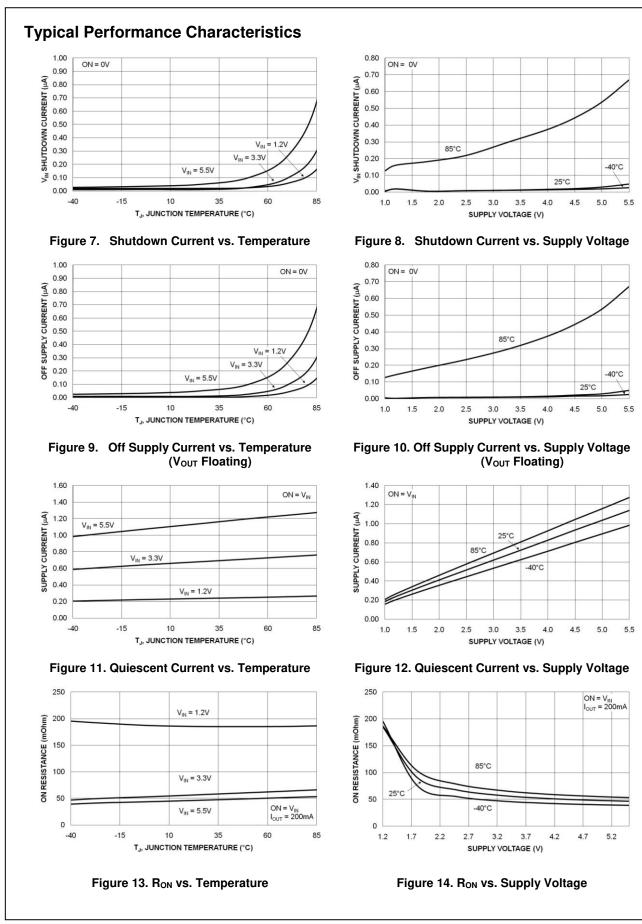
3. This parameter is guaranteed by design and characterization; not production tested.

4.  $t_{DON}/t_{DOFF}/t_{R}/t_{F}$  are defined in Figure 23.

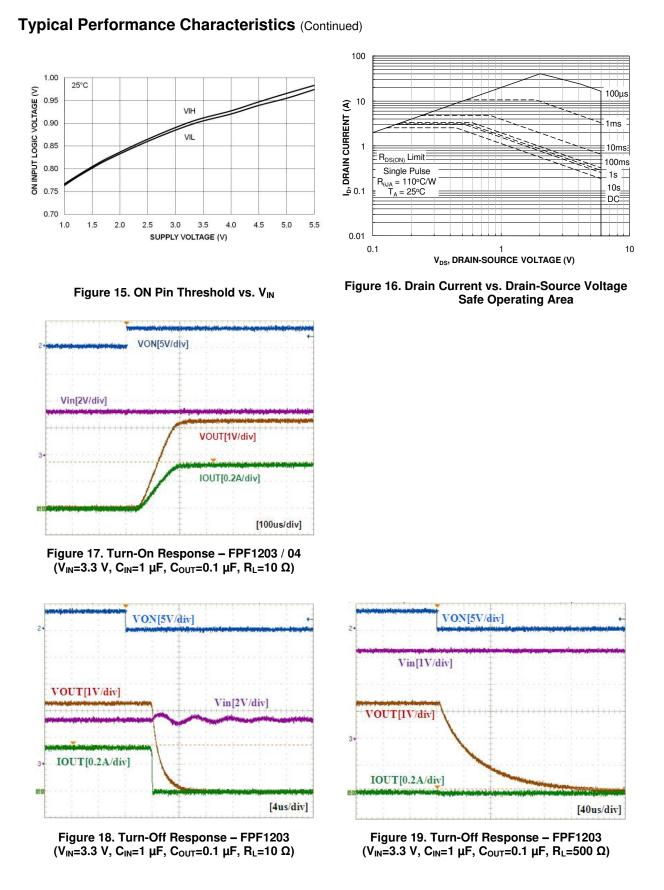
5. Output discharge enabled during off-state.

6.  $t_{ON} = t_R + t_{DON}$ .

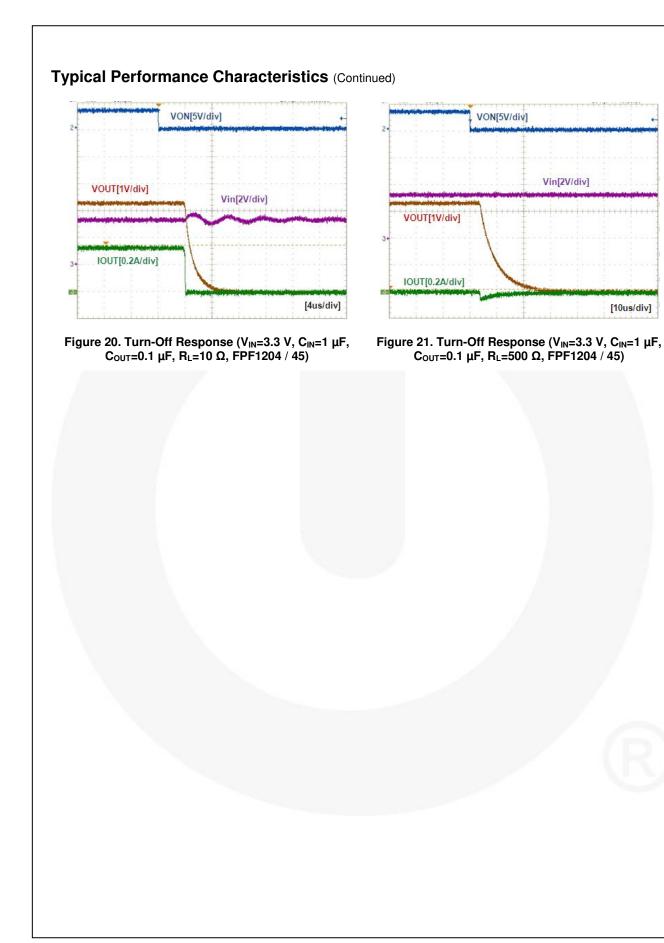
7. toff=tf + tdoff.











FPF1203 / FPF1203L / FPF1204 / FPF12045 — IntelliMAX<sup>TM</sup> Ultra-Small, Slew-Rate-Controlled Load Switch

### **Operation and Application Description**

The FPF1203 / 03L / 04 / 045 are low-R<sub>ON</sub> P-channel load switches with controlled turn-on. The core of each device is a 55 m $\Omega$  P-channel MOSFET and controller capable of functioning over a wide input operating range of 1.2 to 5.5 V.

The FPF1204 / 45 contain a 65  $\Omega$  on-chip load resistor for quick output discharge when the switch is turned off.

The FPF12045 features a faster  $V_{OUT}$  Rise Time of 5 µs.

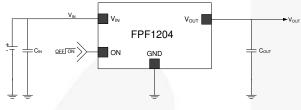


Figure 22. Typical Application

#### **Input Capacitor**

To limit the voltage drop on the input supply caused by transient inrush current when the switch turns on into a discharged load capacitor or short-circuit, a capacitor must be placed between the V<sub>IN</sub> and GND pins. A 1  $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor, C<sub>IN</sub>, placed close to the pins is usually sufficient. Higher-value C<sub>IN</sub> can be used to reduce the voltage drop in higher-current applications.

#### **Output Capacitor**

A 0.1  $\mu$ F capacitor, C<sub>OUT</sub>, should be placed between the V<sub>OUT</sub> and GND pins. This capacitor prevents parasitic board inductance from forcing V<sub>OUT</sub> below GND when the switch is on. C<sub>IN</sub> greater than C<sub>OUT</sub> is highly recommended. C<sub>OUT</sub> greater than C<sub>IN</sub> can cause V<sub>OUT</sub> to exceed V<sub>IN</sub> when the system supply is removed. This could result in current flow through the body diode from V<sub>OUT</sub> to V<sub>IN</sub>.

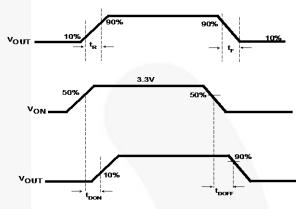


Figure 23. Timing Diagram for FPF1203/4/045

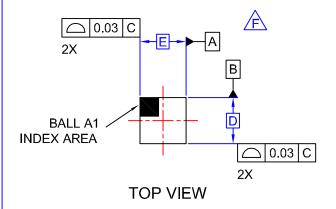
#### **Board Layout**

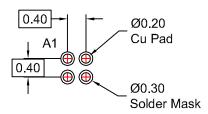
For best performance, traces should be as short as possible. To be most effective, input and output capacitors should be placed close to the device to minimize the effect of parasitic trace inductance on normal and short-circuit operation. Using wide traces or large copper planes for all pins (VIN, VOUT, ON, and GND) minimizes the parasitic electrical effects and the case-ambient thermal impedance. However, the VOUT pin should not connect directly to the battery source due to the discharge mechanism of the load switch.

The table below pertains to the Packaging information on the following page.

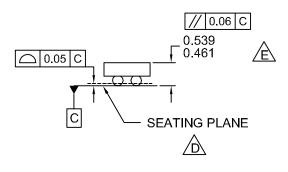
#### **Product Dimensions**

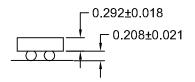
D	E	X	Y	
760 μm ± 30 μm	760 μm ± 30 μm	0.180 mm± 0.018 μm	0.180 mm± 0.018 μm	





### RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (NSMD PAD TYPE)





SIDE VIEWS

NOTES:

- A. NO JEDEC REGISTRATION APPLIES.
- B. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- C. DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCE PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
- D. DATUM C IS DEFINED BY THE SPHERICAL CROWNS OF THE BALLS.

E. PACKAGE NOMINAL HEIGHT IS 500 MICRONS ±39 MICRONS (461-539 MICRONS).

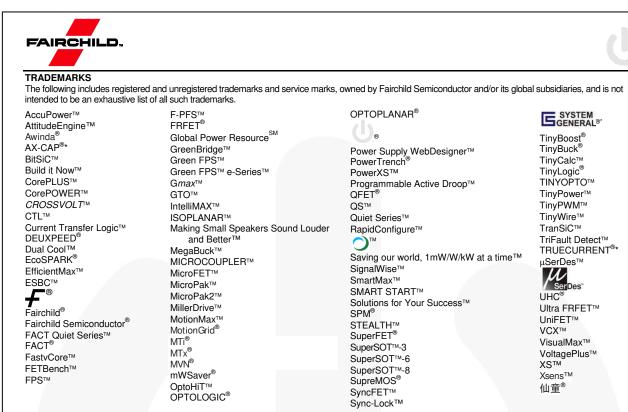
F. FOR DIMENSIONS D, E, X, AND Y SEE PRODUCT DATASHEET.

G. DRAWING FILNAME: MKT-UC004AFrev1.

APPROVALS	DATE	FAIR	<u>eun</u>				
L. England	5-7-10	SEMICC					
<sup>DFTG. CHK.</sup> H. Allen	5-7-10	4	BALL	WLCSP,	2X2 ARRAY		
ENGR. CHK.	ENGR. CHK.		0.4MM PITCH, 250UM BALL				
			0.5	MM THIC	KNESS		
PRÓJECTIO	SCALE	SIZE	DRAWING NUMBER	2	REV		
			N/A	MKT-l	JC004AF	1	
INCH IMMI	INCH IMAN			ORAWING	SHEET 1 of	1	

 $\begin{array}{c|c} \oplus & 0.005 \textcircled{(C)} & C & A & B \\ \hline 0.40 & & & & \\ \hline 0.40 & & & & \\ \hline 0.40 & & & & \\ \hline 1 & & & & \\ 1 & & & & \\ \hline 1 & & & \\ 1 & & & \\ \hline 1 & & & \\ 1 & & \\ \hline 1 & & & \\ 1 &$ 

BOTTOM VIEW



\* Trademarks of System General Corporation, used under license by Fairchild Semiconductor.

#### DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION, OR DESIGN. TO OBTAIN THE LATEST, MOST UP-TO-DATE DATASHEET AND PRODUCT INFORMATION, VISIT OUR WEBSITE AT <u>HTTP://WWW.FAIRCHILDSEMI.COM</u>, FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS. THESE SPECIFICATIONS DO NOT EXPAND THE TERMS OF FAIRCHILD'S WORLDWIDE TERMS AND CONDITIONS, SPECIFICALLY THE WARRANTY THEREIN, WHICH COVERS THESE PRODUCTS.

#### **AUTHORIZED USE**

Unless otherwise specified in this data sheet, this product is a standard commercial product and is not intended for use in applications that require extraordinary levels of quality and reliability. This product may not be used in the following applications, unless specifically approved in writing by a Fairchild officer: (1) automotive or other transportation, (2) military/aerospace, (3) any safety critical application – including life critical medical equipment – where the failure of the Fairchild product reasonably would be expected to result in personal injury, death or property damage. Customer's use of this product is automative of this Authorized Use policy. In the event of an unauthorized use of Fairchild's product, Fairchild accepts no liability in the event of product failure. In other respects, this product shall be subject to Fairchild's Worldwide Terms and Conditions of Sale, unless a separate agreement has been signed by both Parties.

#### ANTI-COUNTERFEITING POLICY

Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation's Anti-Counterfeiting Policy. Fairchild's Anti-Counterfeiting Policy is also stated on our external website, www.fairchildsemi.com, under Terms of Use

Counterfeiting of semiconductor parts is a growing problem in the industry. All manufacturers of semiconductor products are experiencing counterfeiting of their parts. Customers who inadvertently purchase counterfeit parts experience many problems such as loss of brand reputation, substandard performance, failed applications, and increased cost of production and manufacturing delays. Fairchild is taking strong measures to protect ourselves and our customers from the proliferation of counterfeit parts. Fairchild strongly encourages customers to purchase Fairchild parts either directly from Fairchild or from Authorized Fairchild Distributors who are listed by country on our web page cited above. Products customers buy either from Fairchild directly or from Authorized Fairchild Distributors are genuine parts, have full traceability, meet Fairchild's quality standards for handling and storage and provide access to Fairchild's full range of up-to-date technical and product information. Fairchild and our Authorized Distributors will stand behind all warranties and will appropriately address any warranty issues that may arise. Fairchild will not provide any warranty coverage or other assistance for parts bought from Unauthorized Sources. Fairchild is committed to combat this global problem and encourage our customers to do their part in stopping this practice by buying direct or from authorized distributors.

#### **PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS**

Definition of Terms						
Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition				
Advance Information	Formative / In Design	Datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.				
Preliminary	First Production	Datasheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve design.				
No Identification Needed	Full Production	Datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve the design.				
Obsolete	Not In Production	Datasheet contains specifications on a product that is discontinued by Fairchild Semiconductor. The datasheet is for reference information only.				

Rev. 177