





#### LM8262

SNOS975G - MAY 2001 - REVISED AUGUST 2015

# LM8262 Dual RRIO, High Output Current and Unlimited Cap Load Op Amp in VSSOP

Technical

Documents

Sample &

Buy

#### 1 Features

(V\_S = 5V, T\_A = 25°C, Typical Values Unless Specified).

- GBWP 21MHz
- Wide Supply Voltage Range 2.5 V to 22 V
- Slew Rate 12V/µs
- Supply Current/channel 1.15 mA
- Cap Load Limit Unlimited
- Output Short Circuit Current +53mA/-75 mA
- +/-5% Settling Time 400ns (500 pF, 100 mV<sub>PP</sub> step)
- Input Common Mode Voltage 0.3 V Beyond Rails
- Input Voltage Noise 15nV/√Hz
- Input Current Noise 1pA/√Hz
- THD+N < 0.05%

### 2 Applications

- TFT-LCD Flat Panel V<sub>COM</sub> driver
- A/D Converter Buffer
- · High Side/low Side Sensing
- Headphone Amplifier

## 3 Description

Tools &

Software

The LM8262 is a Rail-to-Rail input and output Op Amp which can operate with a wide supply voltage range. This device has high output current drive, greater than Rail-to-Rail input common mode voltage range, unlimited capacitive load drive capability, and provides tested and ensured high speed and slew rate. It is specifically designed to handle the requirements of flat panel TFT panel V<sub>COM</sub> driver applications as well as being suitable for other low power and medium speed applications which require ease of use and enhanced performance over existing devices.

Greater than Rail-to-Rail input common mode voltage range with 50 dB of Common Mode Rejection allows high side and low side sensing for many applications without concern for exceeding the range and with no compromise in accuracy. In addition, most device parameters are insensitive to power supply variations. This design enhancement is yet another step in simplifying its usage. The output stage has low distortion (0.05% THD+N) and can supply a respectable amount of current (15 mA) with minimal headroom from either rail (300 mV).

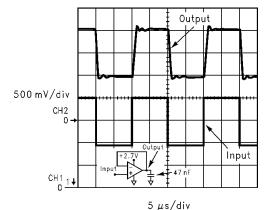
The LM8262 is offered in the space saving VSSOP package.

#### **Device Information**<sup>(1)</sup>

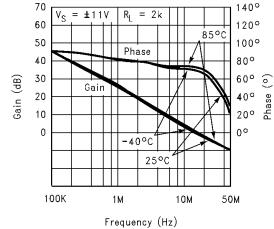
PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)		
LM8262	VSSOP (8)	3.00 mm × 3.00 mm		

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

#### **Output Response with Heavy Capacitive Load**



## Gain/Phase vs. Frequency



## Table of Contents

1	Feat	tures 1
2	Арр	lications 1
3	Des	cription 1
4	Rev	ision History 2
5	Pin	Configuration and Functions 3
6	Spe	cifications 4
	6.1	Absolute Maximum Ratings 4
	6.2	ESD Ratings 4
	6.3	Recommended Operating Conditions 4
	6.4	Thermal Information 4

	6.5	2.7V Electrical Characteristics	5
	6.6	5V Electrical Characteristics	<mark>6</mark>
	6.7	+/-11V Electrical Characteristics	7
	6.8	Typical Performance Characteristics	9
7	Dev	ice and Documentation Support	12
	7.1	Community Resources	12
	7.2	Trademarks	12
	7.3	Electrostatic Discharge Caution	12
	7.4	Glossary	12
8	Mec	hanical, Packaging, and Orderable	
	Info	rmation	12

### 4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

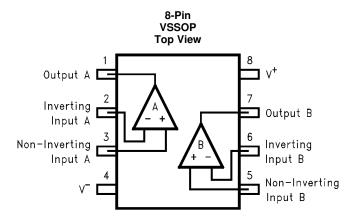
С	hanges from Revision F (August 2014) to Revision G	Page
•	Changed pin 5 From: -IN B To: +IN B Non-Inverting Input B in the Pin Functions table	3
•	Changed pin 6 From: +IN B To: -IN B Inverting Input B in the Pin Functions table	3
•	Moved "Storage temperature range" to the Absolute Maximum Ratings (1)(2)	4
•	Changed Handling Ratings To: ESD Ratings	4
С	hanges from Revision E (April 2013) to Revision F	Page
•	Changed data sheet structure and organization. Added, updated, or renamed the following sections: Device and Documentation Support; Mechanical, Packaging, and Ordering Information	1
•	Changed from "Junction Temperature Range" to "Operating Temperature Range"	4

•	Deleted $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ ,	5
•	Deleted T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C,	6
•	Deleted $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	7

Cł	nanges from Revision D (April 2013) to Revision E P	Page
•	Changed layout of National Data Sheet to TI format	. 10



## 5 Pin Configuration and Functions



#### **Pin Functions**

P	PIN	1/0	DESCRIPTION
NUMBER	NAME	I/O	DESCRIPTION
1	OUT A	0	Output A
2	-IN A	I	Inverting Input A
3	+IN A	I	Non-Inverting Input A
4	V-	I	Negative Supply
5	+IN B	I	Non-Inverting Input B
6	-IN B	I	Inverting Input B
7	OUT B	0	Output B
8	V+	I	Positive Supply

### 6 Specifications

#### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings (1)(2)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) <sup>(3)</sup>

		MIN MAX	UNIT	
V <sub>IN</sub> Differential		+/-10	V	
Output Short Circuit Duration		See <sup>(4) (5)</sup>		
Supply Voltage (V <sup>+</sup> - V <sup>-</sup> )		24	V	
Voltage at Input/Output pins		V <sup>+</sup> +0.8, V <sup>-</sup> -0.8	V	
Junction Temperature (6)		+150	°C	
Storage temperature range, T	stg	-65 +150	°C	
Soldering Information:	Infrared or Convection (20 sec.)	235	°C	
	Wave Soldering (10 sec.)	260	°C	

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Rating indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but specific performance is not ensured. For ensured specifications and the test conditions, see the Electrical Characteristics.

(2) If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the TI Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

(3) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(4) Applies to both single-supply and split-supply operation. Continuous short circuit operation at elevated ambient temperature can result in exceeding the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C.

(5) Output short circuit duration is infinite for  $V_S \le 6V$  at room temperature and below. For  $V_S > 6V$ , allowable short circuit duration is 1.5ms. (6) The maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_J(max)$ ,  $R_{\theta JA}$ , and  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient

temperature is  $P_D = (T_J(max) - T_A)/R_{e,JA}$ . All numbers apply for packages soldered directly onto a PC board.

#### 6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V	Electrostatic discharge <sup>(1)</sup>	Human Body Model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins <sup>(2)</sup>	±2000	V
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Machine Model (MM) <sup>(3)</sup>	±200	v

(1) Human Body Model, 1.5 k $\Omega$  in series with 100 pF. Machine Model, 0  $\Omega$  is series with 200 pF.

(2) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 2000-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(3) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 200-V MM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

#### 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	MIN	МАХ	UNIT
Supply Voltage (V <sup>+</sup> - V <sup>−</sup> )	2.5	22	V
Operating Temperature Range <sup>(1)</sup>	-40	+85	°C

(1) The maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_J(max)$ ,  $R_{\theta JA}$ , and  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is  $P_D = (T_J(max) - T_A)/R_{\theta JA}$ . All numbers apply for packages soldered directly onto a PC board.

#### 6.4 Thermal Information

	DGK	UNIT
	8 PINS	UNIT
R <sub>eJA</sub> Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance <sup>(2)</sup>	235	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, SPRA953. (2) The maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_J(max)$ ,  $R_{\theta JA}$ , and  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient

temperature is  $P_D = (T_J(max) - T_A)/R_{BJA}$ . All numbers apply for packages soldered directly onto a PC board.

#### 2.7V Electrical Characteristics 6.5

Unless otherwise specified, all limits ensured for V<sup>+</sup> = 2.7V, V<sup>-</sup> = 0V, V<sub>CM</sub> = 0.5V, V<sub>O</sub> = V<sup>+</sup>/2, and R<sub>L</sub> > 1M $\Omega$  to V<sup>-</sup>. Boldface limits apply at the temperature extremes.

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>TYP</b> <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX <sup>(1)</sup>	UNIT
V <sub>OS</sub>	Input Offset Voltage	$V_{CM} = 0.5V \& V_{CM} = 2.2V$	-	+/-0.7	+/-5 <b>+/-7</b>	mV
TC V <sub>OS</sub>	Input Offset Average Drift	$V_{CM} = 0.5V \& V_{CM} = 2.2V$	_	+/-2	-	μV/C
IB	Input Bias Current	$\begin{array}{c} V_{CM} = 0.5V \\ \substack{(4)} \end{array}$	-	-1.20	-2.00 <b>-2.70</b>	
		V <sub>CM</sub> = 2.2V	_	+0.49	+1.00 <b>+1.60</b>	μΑ
I <sub>OS</sub>	Input Offset Current	$V_{CM} = 0.5V \& V_{CM} = 2.2V$	_	20	250 <b>400</b>	nA
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{\text{CM}}$ stepped from 0V to 1.0V	76 <b>60</b>	100	-	
		V <sub>CM</sub> stepped from 1.7V to 2.7V	-	100	_	dB
		V <sub>CM</sub> stepped from 0V to 2.7V	58 <b>50</b>	70	_	
+PSRR	Positive Power Supply Rejection Ratio	V <sup>+</sup> = 2.7V to 5V	78 74	104	_	dB
CMVR	Input Common-Mode Voltage Range	CMRR > 50dB	_	-0.3	-0.1 <b>0.0</b>	V
			2.8 <b>2.7</b>	3.0	_	V
A <sub>VOL</sub>	Large Signal Voltage Gain	$V_{O} = 0.5 \text{ to } 2.2 \text{V},$ $R_{L} = 10 \text{k to V}^{-}$	70 <b>67</b>	78	_	dB
		$V_{O} = 0.5$ to 2.2V, $R_{L} = 2k$ to V <sup>-</sup>	67 <b>63</b>	73	_	dB
V <sub>O</sub>	Output Swing High	$R_L = 10k \text{ to } V^-$	2.49 <b>2.46</b>	2.59	_	N
		$R_L = 2k \text{ to } V^-$	2.45 <b>2.41</b>	2.53	_	V
	Output Swing Low	$R_L = 10k \text{ to } V^-$	_	90	100 <b>120</b>	mV
I <sub>SC</sub>	Output Short Circuit Current	Sourcing to V <sup>-</sup> V <sub>ID</sub> = 200mV $^{(5)(6)}$	30 <b>20</b>	48	-	
		Sinking to V <sup>+</sup> V <sub>ID</sub> = -200mV <sup>(5)(6)</sup>	50 <b>30</b>	65	-	mA
ls	Supply Current (both amps)	No load, $V_{CM} = 0.5V$	-	2.0	2.5 <b>3.0</b>	mA
SR	Slew Rate <sup>(7)</sup>	$A_V = +1, V_I = 2V_{PP}$	-	9	_	V/µs
f <sub>u</sub>	Unity Gain-Frequency	$V_I = 10mV$ , $R_L = 2k\Omega$ to $V^+/2$	_	10	-	MHz
GBWP	Gain Bandwidth Product	f = 50KHz	15.5 <b>14</b>	21	_	MHz
Phi <sub>m</sub>	Phase Margin	$V_{I} = 10mV$	_	50	-	Deg
e <sub>n</sub>	Input-Referred Voltage Noise	$f = 2KHz, R_S = 50\Omega$		15	-	nV/ $\sqrt{Hz}$
i <sub>n</sub>	Input-Referred Current Noise	f = 2KHz	-	1	_	pA/ √Hz
f <sub>max</sub>	Full Power Bandwidth	$Z_L$ = (20pF    10k\Omega) to V <sup>+</sup> /2	-	1	-	MHz

(1)

All limits are ensured by testing or statistical analysis. Typical Values represent the most likely parametric norm. (2)

(3) Offset voltage average drift determined by dividing the change in V<sub>OS</sub> at temperature extremes into the total temperature change.

Positive current corresponds to current flowing into the device. (4)

(5) Short circuit test is a momentary test.

Output short circuit duration is infinite for  $V_S \le 6V$  at room temperature and below. For  $V_S > 6V$ , allowable short circuit duration is 1.5ms. Slew rate is the slower of the rising and falling slew rates. Connected as a Voltage Follower. (6)

(7)

LM8262 SNOS975G - MAY 2001 - REVISED AUGUST 2015



www.ti.com

#### 6.6 5V Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise specified, all limits ensured for V<sup>+</sup> = 5V, V<sup>-</sup> = 0V, V<sub>CM</sub> = 1V, V<sub>O</sub> = V<sup>+</sup>/2, and R<sub>L</sub> > 1M $\Omega$  to V<sup>-</sup>. Boldface limits apply at the temperature extremes.

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>TYP</b> <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX <sup>(1)</sup>	UNIT
V <sub>OS</sub>	Input Offset Voltage	$V_{CM} = 1V \& V_{CM} = 4.5V$	_	+/-0.7	+/−5 <b>+/− 7</b>	mV
TC V <sub>OS</sub>	Input Offset Average Drift	$V_{CM} = 1V \& V_{CM} = 4.5V$	-	+/-2	-	µV/°C
I <sub>B</sub>	Input Bias Current	$\bigvee_{\substack{(4)\\(4)}} = 1 V$	_	-1.18	-2.00 - <b>2.70</b>	
		$\underset{(4)}{V_{CM}} = 4.5V$	-	+0.49	+1.00 + <b>1.60</b>	μA
I <sub>OS</sub>	Input Offset Current	$V_{CM} = 1V \& V_{CM} = 4.5V$	-	20	250 <b>400</b>	nA
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{\text{CM}}$ stepped from 0V to 3.3V	84 <b>72</b>	110	_	
		V <sub>CM</sub> stepped from 4V to 5V	_	100	_	dB
		$V_{\text{CM}}$ stepped from 0V to 5V	64 <b>61</b>	80	_	
+PSRR	Positive Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V^+$ = 2.7V to 5V, $V_{CM}$ = 0.5V	78 74	104	_	dB
	Input Common-Mode Voltage Range	CMRR > 50dB	-	-0.3	-0.1 <b>0.0</b>	V
			5.1 <b>5.0</b>	5.3	_	V
A <sub>VOL</sub>	Large Signal Voltage Gain	$V_{O} = 0.5 \text{ to } 4.5 \text{V},$ $R_{L} = 10 \text{k to V}^{-}$	74 <b>70</b>	84	_	
		$V_{O} = 0.5 \text{ to } 4.5 \text{V},$ $R_{L} = 2 \text{k to V}^{-}$	70 <b>66</b>	80	_	dB
V <sub>O</sub>	Output Swing High	$R_L = 10k \text{ to } V^-$	4.75 <b>4.72</b>	4.87	_	
		$R_L = 2k \text{ to } V^-$	4.70 <b>4.66</b>	4.81	_	V
	Output Swing Low	$R_L = 10k \text{ to } V^-$	_	86	125 <b>135</b>	mV
I <sub>SC</sub>	Output Short Circuit Current	Sourcing to V <sup>-</sup> V <sub>ID</sub> = 200mV $^{(5)(6)}$	35 <b>20</b>	53	_	
		Sinking to V <sup>+</sup> $V_{ID} = -200 mV^{(5)(6)}$	60 <b>50</b>	75	_	mA
I <sub>S</sub>	Supply Current (both amps)	No load, $V_{CM} = 1V$	-	2.3	2.8 <b>3.5</b>	mA
SR	Slew Rate (7)	$A_V = +1, \ V_I = 5V_{PP}$	10 7	12	-	V/µs
f <sub>u</sub>	Unity Gain Frequency	$V_{I} = 10mV,$ $R_{L} = 2k\Omega$ to V <sup>+</sup> /2	-	10.5	_	MHz
GBWP	Gain-Bandwidth Product	f = 50KHz	16 <b>15</b>	21	-	MHz
Phi <sub>m</sub>	Phase Margin	$V_{I} = 10mV$	-	53	-	Deg
e <sub>n</sub>	Input-Referred Voltage Noise	$f = 2KHz, R_S = 50\Omega$	-	15	-	nV/ $\sqrt{Hz}$
i <sub>n</sub>	Input-Referred Current Noise	f = 2KHz	-	1	-	pA/ √ <del>Hz</del>

All limits are ensured by testing or statistical analysis. (1)

(2)

Typical Values represent the most likely parametric norm. Offset voltage average drift determined by dividing the change in  $V_{OS}$  at temperature extremes into the total temperature change. (3)

(4) (5) Positive current corresponds to current flowing into the device.

Short circuit test is a momentary test.

Output short circuit duration is infinite for  $V_S \le 6V$  at room temperature and below. For  $V_S > 6V$ , allowable short circuit duration is 1.5ms. Slew rate is the slower of the rising and falling slew rates. Connected as a Voltage Follower. (6)

(7)



#### **5V Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

Unless otherwise specified, all limits ensured for V<sup>+</sup> = 5V, V<sup>-</sup> = 0V, V<sub>CM</sub> = 1V, V<sub>O</sub> = V<sup>+</sup>/2, and R<sub>L</sub> > 1M $\Omega$  to V<sup>-</sup>. **Boldface** limits apply at the temperature extremes.

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>TYP</b> <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX <sup>(1)</sup>	UNIT
f <sub>max</sub>	Full Power Bandwidth	$Z_L = (20 p F \mid\mid 10 k \Omega)$ to $V^+/2$	-	900	-	KHz
ts	Settling Time (+/-5%)	100mV <sub>PP</sub> Step, 500pF load	-	400	-	ns
THD+N	Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise	$R_L = 1k\Omega$ to V <sup>+</sup> /2 f = 10KHz to A <sub>V</sub> = +2, 4V <sub>PP</sub> swing	_	0.05%	_	

#### 6.7 +/-11V Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise specified, all limits ensured for V<sup>+</sup> = 11V, V<sup>-</sup> = -11V, V<sub>CM</sub> = 0V, V<sub>O</sub> = 0V, and R<sub>L</sub> > 1M $\Omega$  to 0V. **Boldface** limits apply at the temperature extremes.

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>TYP</b> <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX <sup>(1)</sup>	UNIT
V <sub>OS</sub>	Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>CM</sub> = -10.5V & V <sub>CM</sub> = 10.5V	_	+/-0.7	+/-7 +/- 9	mV
TC V <sub>OS</sub>	Input Offset Average Drift	$V_{CM} = -10.5V \& V_{CM} = 10.5V$	-	+/-2	_	μV/°C
I <sub>B</sub>	Input Bias Current	$V_{CM} = -10.5V$	-	-1.05	-2.00 <b>-2.80</b>	
		V <sub>CM</sub> = 10.5V	-	+0.49	+1.00 <b>+1.50</b>	μA
I <sub>OS</sub>	Input Offset Current	$V_{CM} = -10.5V \& V_{CM} = 10.5V$	-	30	275 <b>550</b>	nA
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	V <sub>CM</sub> stepped from -11V to 9V	84 <b>80</b>	100	-	
		V <sub>CM</sub> stepped from 10V to 11V	-	100	_	dB
		V <sub>CM</sub> stepped from -11V to 11V	74 <b>72</b>	88	_	
+PSRR	Positive Power Supply Rejection Ratio	V <sup>+</sup> = 9V to 11V	70 <b>66</b>	100	_	dB
-PSRR	Negative Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V^{-} = -9V$ to $-11V$	70 <b>66</b>	100	_	dB
CMVR	Input Common-Mode Voltage Range	CMRR > 50dB	-	-11.3	-11.1 <b>-11.0</b>	V
			11.1 <b>11.0</b>	11.3	-	V
A <sub>VOL</sub>	Large Signal Voltage Gain	$V_{O} = 0V$ to +/-9V, R <sub>L</sub> = 10k $\Omega$	78 <b>74</b>	85	-	dB
		$V_{O} = 0V$ to +/-9V, R <sub>L</sub> = 2k $\Omega$	72 66	79	-	uв
V <sub>O</sub>	Output Swing High	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	10.65 <b>10.61</b>	10.77	_	V
		$R_L = 2k\Omega$	10.6 <b>10.55</b>	10.69	-	v
	Output Swing Low	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	_	-10.98	-10.75 <b>-10.65</b>	V
		$R_L = 2k\Omega$	-	-10.91	-10.65 <b>-10.6</b>	v

(1) All limits are ensured by testing or statistical analysis.

(2) Typical Values represent the most likely parametric norm.

(3) Offset voltage average drift determined by dividing the change in V<sub>OS</sub> at temperature extremes into the total temperature change.

(4) Positive current corresponds to current flowing into the device.

### +/-11V Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Unless otherwise specified, all limits ensured for V<sup>+</sup> = 11V, V<sup>-</sup> = -11V, V<sub>CM</sub> = 0V, V<sub>O</sub> = 0V, and R<sub>L</sub> > 1M $\Omega$  to 0V. **Boldface** limits apply at the temperature extremes.

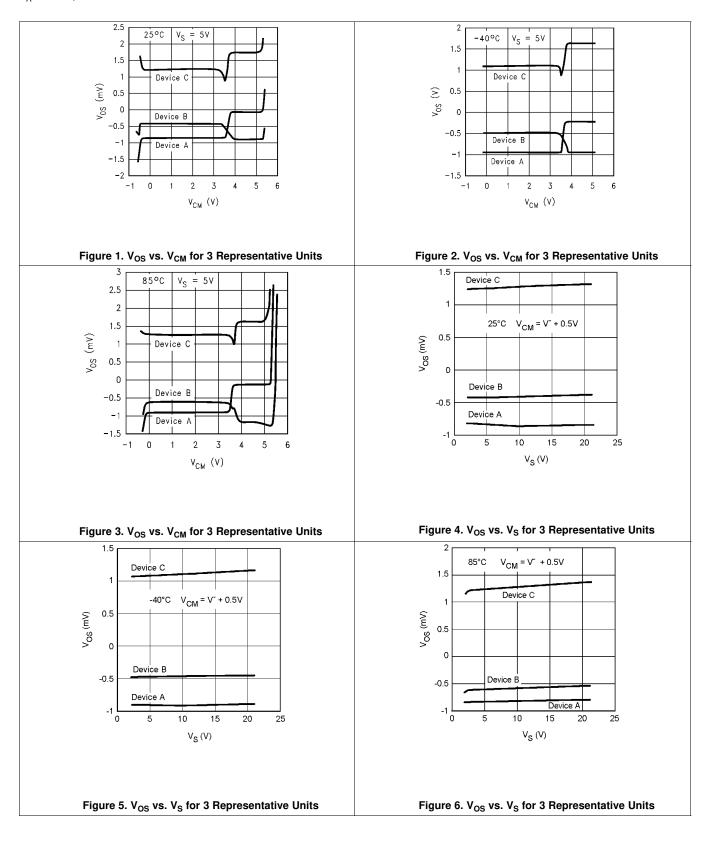
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>TYP</b> <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX <sup>(1)</sup>	UNIT
I <sub>SC</sub>	Output Short Circuit Current	Sourcing to ground $V_{ID} = 200 mV^{(5)(6)}$	40 <b>25</b>	60	-	mA
		Sinking to ground $V_{ID} = 200 mV^{(5)(6)}$	65 <b>55</b>	100	-	ША
I <sub>S</sub>	Supply Current	No load, $V_{CM} = 0V$	-	2.5	4 5	mA
SR	Slew Rate	$A_{V} = +1, V_{I} = 16V_{PP}$	10 8	15	-	V/µs
f <sub>U</sub>	Unity Gain Frequency	$V_{I} = 10mV, R_{L} = 2k\Omega$	_	13	_	MHz
GBWP	Gain-Bandwidth Product	f = 50KHz	18 <b>16</b>	24	_	MHz
Phi <sub>m</sub>	Phase Margin	V <sub>I</sub> = 10mV	-	58	_	Deg
en	Input-Referred Voltage Noise	$f = 2KHz, R_S = 50\Omega$	-	15	_	nV/ √Hz
i <sub>n</sub>	Input-Referred Current Noise	f = 2KHz	-	1	_	pA/ √ <del>Hz</del>
t <sub>S</sub>	Settling Time (+/ $-1\%$ , A <sub>V</sub> = +1)	Positive Step, 5V <sub>PP</sub>	_	320	_	
		Negative Step, 5V <sub>PP</sub>	_	600	_	ns
THD+N	Total Harmonic Distortion +Noise	$ \begin{array}{ll} R_L = 1 k \Omega, \ f = 10 K H z, \\ A_V = +2, \ 15 V_{PP} \ swing \end{array} \qquad $		-		
CT <sub>REJ</sub>	Cross-Talk Rejection	$      f = 5MHz, Driver \\ R_L = 10k\Omega $	-	68	-	dB

(5) Short circuit test is a momentary test.
(6) Output short circuit duration is infinite for V<sub>S</sub> ≤ 6V at room temperature and below. For V<sub>S</sub> > 6V, allowable short circuit duration is 1.5ms.
(7) Slew rate is the slower of the rising and falling slew rates. Connected as a Voltage Follower.



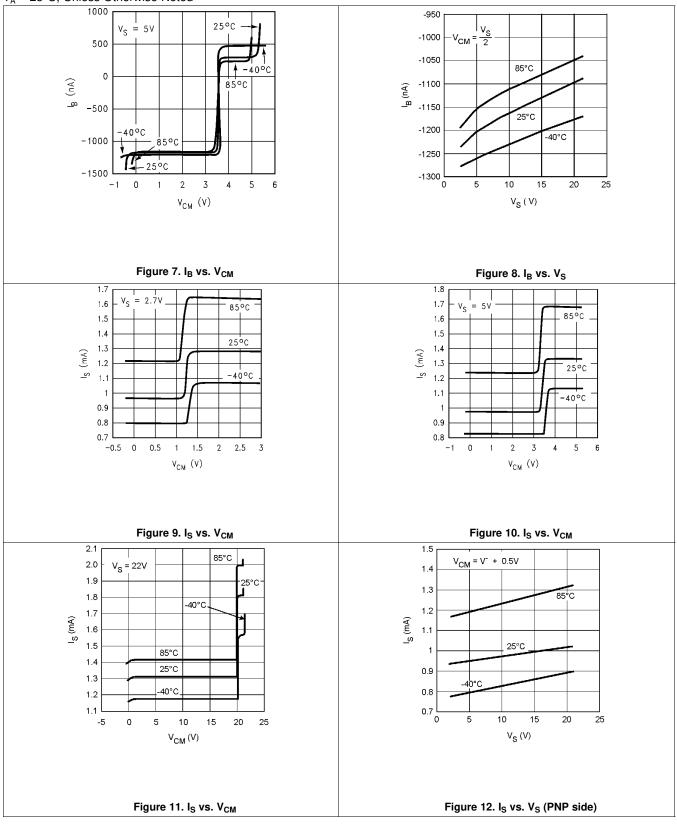
## 6.8 Typical Performance Characteristics

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , Unless Otherwise Noted



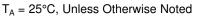
## **Typical Performance Characteristics (continued)**

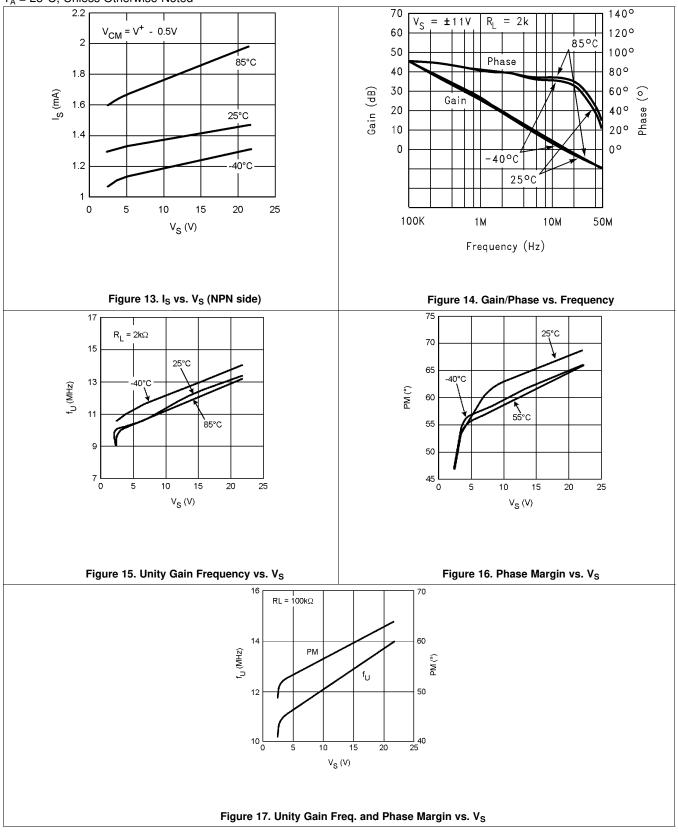
 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , Unless Otherwise Noted





#### **Typical Performance Characteristics (continued)**







### 7 Device and Documentation Support

#### 7.1 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community.* Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

**Design Support** *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

#### 7.2 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### 7.3 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

#### 7.4 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

#### 8 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
							(6)				
LM8262MM	LIFEBUY	VSSOP	DGK	8	1000	Non-RoHS & Green	Call TI	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	A46	
LM8262MM/NOPB	LIFEBUY	VSSOP	DGK	8	1000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	A46	
LM8262MMX/NOPB	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	3500	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	A46	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

<sup>(6)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.



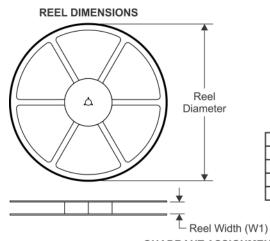
In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

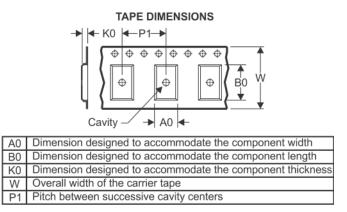
## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

Texas Instruments

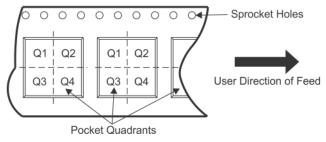
www.ti.com

### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

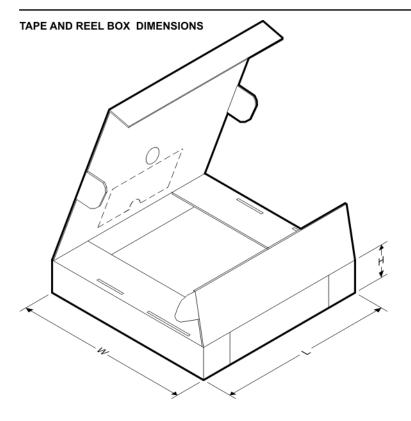


All dimensions are nominal												
Device		Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
LM8262MM	VSSOP	DGK	8	1000	178.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
LM8262MM/NOPB	VSSOP	DGK	8	1000	178.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
LM8262MMX/NOPB	VSSOP	DGK	8	3500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1



# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

29-Oct-2021



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
LM8262MM	VSSOP	DGK	8	1000	208.0	191.0	35.0
LM8262MM/NOPB	VSSOP	DGK	8	1000	208.0	191.0	35.0
LM8262MMX/NOPB	VSSOP	DGK	8	3500	367.0	367.0	35.0

DGK (S-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 per end.

- D> Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.50 per side.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation AA, except interlead flash.



### IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATA SHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, regulatory or other requirements.

These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI's products are provided subject to TI's Terms of Sale or other applicable terms available either on ti.com or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

TI objects to and rejects any additional or different terms you may have proposed.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2023, Texas Instruments Incorporated