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Product Brief

KM4212 Dual, 70μA, Low Cost, +2.7V and +5V, 7.3MHz Rail-to-Rail Amplifier



SOIC-8 shown (not actual size). MSOP-8 package also available.

Features

- 70µA supply current per amplifier
- 7.3MHz bandwidth
- Fully specified at +2.7V and +5V supplies
- Output voltage range: 0.04V to 4.96V; V_s = +5
- Input voltage range: -0.3V to +3.8V; $V_s = +5$
- 9V/µs slew rate
- ±4mA linear output current
- ±9mA output short circuit current
- 29nV/√Hz input voltage noise
- Competes with low power CMOS amplifiers
- Package options (SOIC-8 and MSOP-8)

Applications

- Portable/battery-powered applications
- A/D buffer
- Active filters
- Signal conditioning
- Portable test instruments

General Description

The KM4212 is a dual, ultra-low power, low cost, voltage feedback amplifier. The KM4212 uses only 70μ A of supply current per amplifer, and is designed to operate on +2.7V, +5V, or ±2.5V supplies. The input voltage range extends 300mV below the negative rail and 1.2V below the positive rail.

The KM4212 offers high bipolar performance at a low CMOS price. The KM4212 offers superior dynamic performance with a 7.3MHz small signal bandwidth and $9V/\mu s$ slew rate. The combination of low power, high bandwidth, and rail-to-rail performance make the KM4212 well suited for battery-powered communication/computing systems.

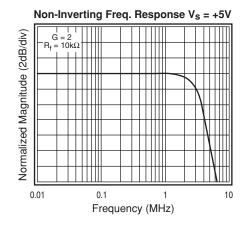
The KM4112 single amplifier is also available.

Outperforms the competition in single-supply applications at a

lower cost!

Advertised Specifications	KM4212	Typical CMOS Amplifier	Units
G = 1 BW	7.3	1	MHz
Noise	29	30	nV/√Hz
Slew rate	9	1	V/µs
Supply current/amp	70	50	μΑ

Typical Performance Plot



Ordering Information

Part No.	Package	Container	Pack Qty	Eval Bd*
KM4212IC8	SOIC-8	Rail	95	KEB006
KM4212IC8TR3	SOIC-8	Reel	2500	KEB006
KM4212IM8	MSOP-8	Rail	50	KEB010
KM4212IM8TR3	MSOP-8	Reel	4000	KEB010

Temperature range for all parts: -40°C to +85°C.

* Evaluation boards are available to aid in the evaluation of these products. See the full data sheet or website for complete information.

Electrical Characteristics

(G = +2, $R_f = 10k\Omega$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_s/2$, $T_a = +25$ °C, unless noted)

PARAMETERS	CONDITIONS	TYP	ТҮР	UNITS
		V _s = +2.7V	V _s = +5V	
Frequency Domain Response -3dB bandwidth ¹	$G = +1, V_0 = 0.05V_{pp}$	6.5 3	7.3 3.4	MHz MHz
full power bandwidth gain bandwidth product	$G = +2, V_0 < 0.2V_{pp}$ $G = -1, V_0 = 2V_{pp}$	2 3.5	2.5 4	MHz MHz
Time Domain Response rise and fall time settling time to 0.1% ² overshoot ² slew rate	0.2V step 2V step 2V step 2V step, G = -1	55 700 7 7 7	50 600 4 9	ns ns % V/µs
Distortion and Noise Response 2nd harmonic distortion ² 3rd harmonic distortion ² THD ² input voltage noise crosstalk	2V _{pp} , 100kHz 2V _{pp} , 100kHz 2Vpp, 100kHz >10kHz 0.01MHz	68 65 63 30 89	67 60 59 29 89	dBc dBc dB nV/Hz dB
DC Performance input offset voltage average drift input bias current average drift input offset current power supply rejection ratio open loop gain quiescent current per amplifier	DC	1 3 90 100 2.1 63 82 62	1 8 90 100 1.3 63 76 70	mV μV/°C μA nA/°C nA dB dB μA
Input Characteristics input resistance input capacitance input common mode voltage rar common mode rejection ratio	nge DC, V _{cm} = 0V to V _s – 1.5	>10 1.4 -0.3 to 1.5 95	>10 1.25 -0.3 to 3.8 97	MΩ pF V dB
Output Characteristics output voltage swing linear output current short circuit output current power supply operating range	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ to V _s /2 $R_L = 2k\Omega$ to V _s /2	0.035 to 2.665 0.07 to 2.6 ±4 ±9 2.7	0.09 to 4.9 ±4 ±9	V V mA mA V

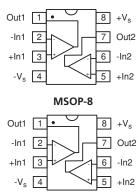
Notes: 1) For +2.7V supply, a $1V_{pp}$ condition was used. 2) For G = +1, $R_f = 0$.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

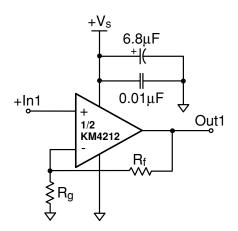
supply voltage	0 to +6V
maximum junction temperature	+175°C
storage temperature range	-65°C to +150°C
lead temperature (10 sec)	+260°C
operating temperature range	-40° to +85°C
input voltage range	±V _s + 0.5V; -V _s – 0.5V;
internal power disapation	see power derating curves in the full data sheet
θ_{ia} for 8 lead SOIC	152°C/W
θ_{ja} for 8 lead MSOP	206°C/W

Available Packages





Typical Circuit Configuration



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