

# PQxxxGN01ZPH Series

Low Voltage Operation, Compact Surface Mount type Low Power-Loss Voltage Regulators

## ■ Features

- 1.Low voltage output ( $V_o=0.8$  to  $1.2V$ )
- 2.Low voltage operation:  $V_{IN(MIN)}=1.7V$
- 3.Output current : 1A
- 4.Built-in overcurrent and overheat protection functions
- 5.Conform to Flow Soldering SC-63 package
- 6.RoHS directive compliant

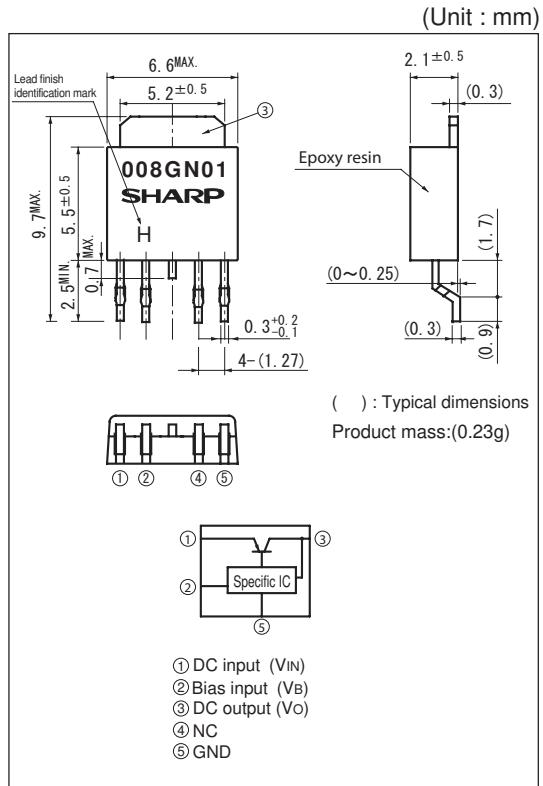
## ■ Applications

- 1.AV equipment
- 2.OA equipment

## ■ Model Line-up

Output Voltage (TYP.)	Model No.
0.8V	PQ008GN01ZPH
1.0V	PQ010GN01ZPH
1.2V	PQ012GN01ZPH

## ■ Outline Dimensions



## ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
* <sup>1</sup> Input voltage	$V_{IN}$	5.5	V
* <sup>1</sup> Bias supply voltage	$V_B$	7	V
Output current	$I_o$	1	A
* <sup>2</sup> Power dissipation	$P_D$	8	W
* <sup>3</sup> Junction temperature	$T_j$	150	°C
Operating temperature	$T_{opr}$	-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-40 to +150	°C
Soldering temperature	$T_{sol}$	260(10s)	°C

\*<sup>1</sup> All are open except GND and applicable terminals.

\*<sup>2</sup> PD:With infinite heat sink

\*<sup>3</sup> Overheat protection may operate at  $T_j:125^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $150^{\circ}\text{C}$

Notice The content of data sheet is subject to change without prior notice.

In the absence of confirmation by device specification sheets, SHARP takes no responsibility for any defects that may occur in equipment using any SHARP devices shown in catalogs, data books, etc. Contact SHARP in order to obtain the latest device specification sheets before using any SHARP device.

### ■ Electrical Characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified, condition shall be  $V_{IN}=1.8V, V_B=3.3V, I_o=0.5A, Ta=25^\circ C$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage	$V_{IN}$	-	1.7	-	5.5	V
Bias supply voltage	$V_B$	-	2.35	-	7	V
Output voltage	$V_O$	-	Refer to the following table.1			
Load regulation	$RegL$	$I_o=5mA$ to $1A$	-	0.2	0.5	%
Line regulation	$RegI$	$V_{IN}=1.7V$ to $5.5V, V_B=2.35$ to $7V, I_o=5mA$	-	0.3	0.7	%
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	$TcV_O$	$T_j=0$ to $+125^\circ C, I_o=5mA$	-	$\pm 0.5$	-	%/ $^\circ C$
Ripple rejection	RR1	Refer to Fig.2	-	60	-	dB
	RR2	Refer to Fig.3	-	53	-	dB
Bias inflow current	$I_B$	-	-	1.5	2	mA

Table.1 Output Voltage

(Unless otherwise specified, condition shall be  $V_{IN}=1.8V, V_B=3.3V, I_o=0.5A, Ta=25^\circ C$ )

Model No.	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
PQ008GN01ZPH	$V_O$	-	0.77	0.8	0.83	V
PQ010GN01ZPH			0.97	1	1.03	
PQ012GN01ZPH			1.07	1.2	1.23	

Fig.1 Test Circuit

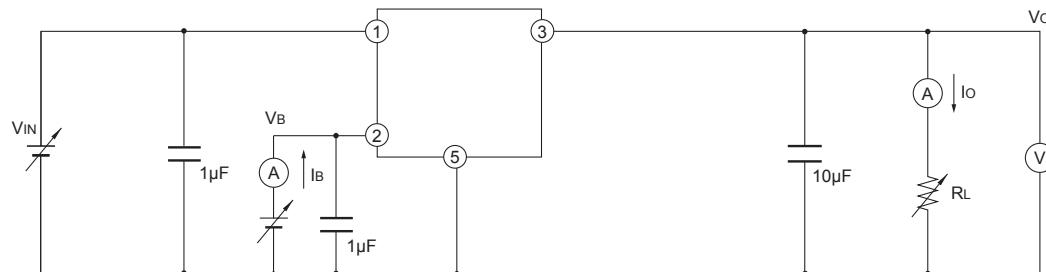
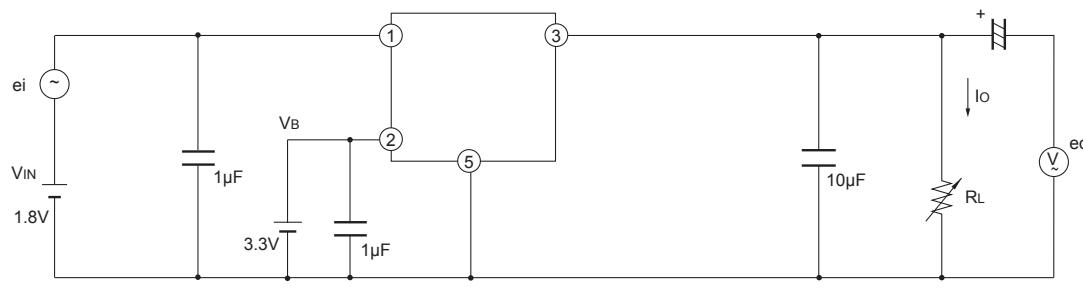


Fig.2 Test Circuit for Ripple Rejection (1)



$f=120\text{Hz}(\text{sine wave})$   
 $ei(\text{rms})=0.1\text{V}$   
 $V_{IN}=1.8\text{V}$   
 $V_B=3.3\text{V}$   
 $I_o=0.3\text{A}$   
 $RR=20\log(ei(\text{rms})/eo(\text{rms}))$

Fig.3 Test Circuit for Ripple Rejection (2)

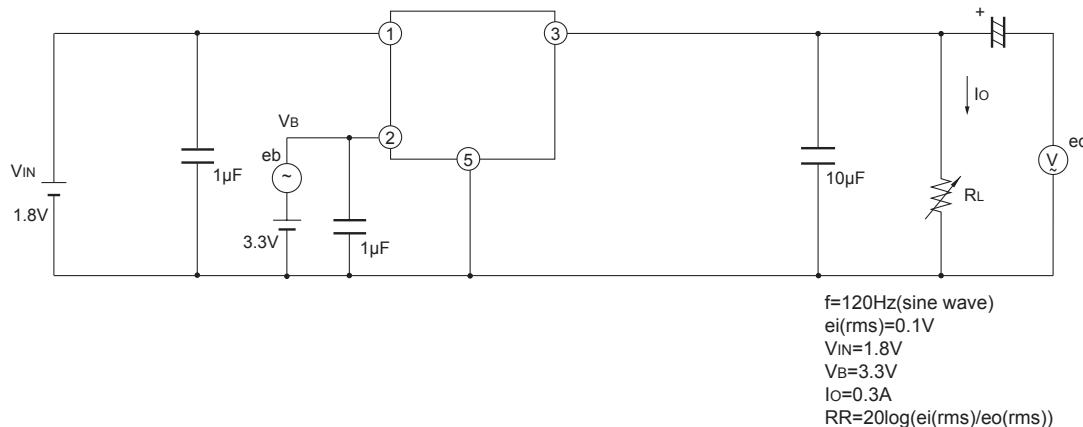
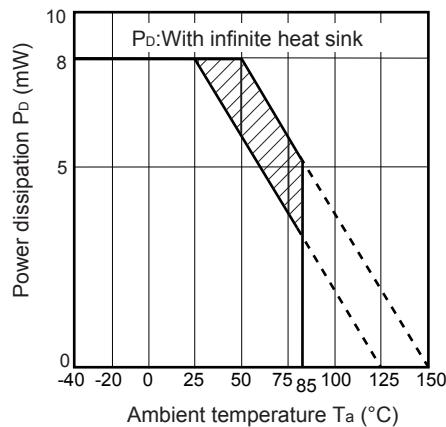


Fig.4 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



Note) Oblique line portion:Overheat protection may operate in this area.

Fig.6 Overcurrent Protection Characteristics (PQ010GN01ZPH)

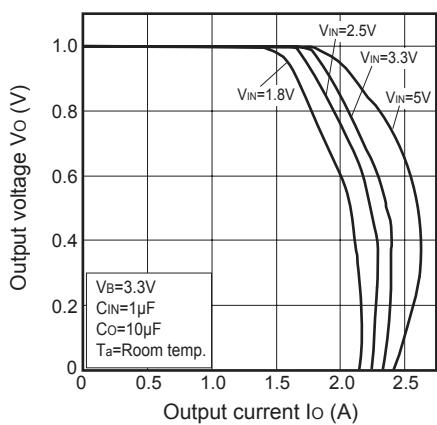


Fig.5 Overcurrent Protection Characteristics (PQ008GN01ZPH)

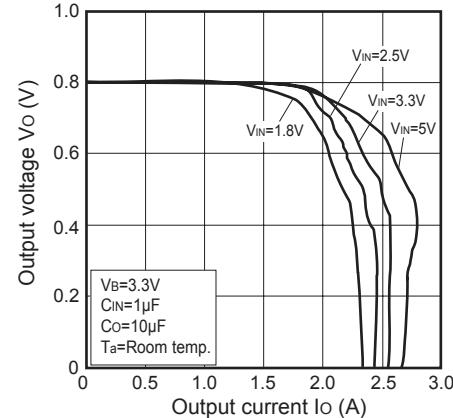


Fig.7 Overcurrent Protection Characteristics (PQ012GN01ZPH)

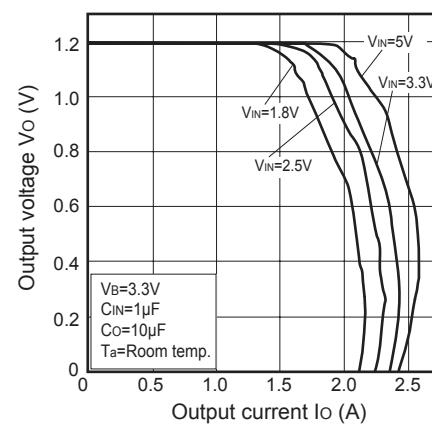


Fig.8 Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature (PQ008GN01ZPH)

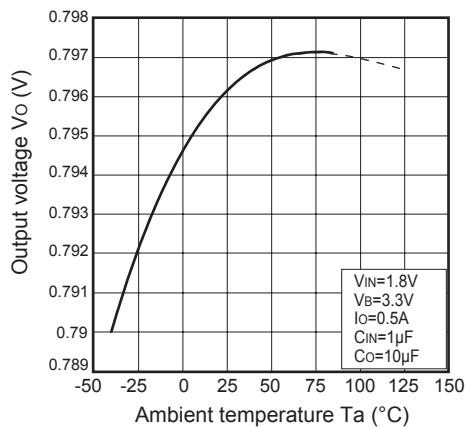


Fig.9 Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature (PQ010GN01ZPH)

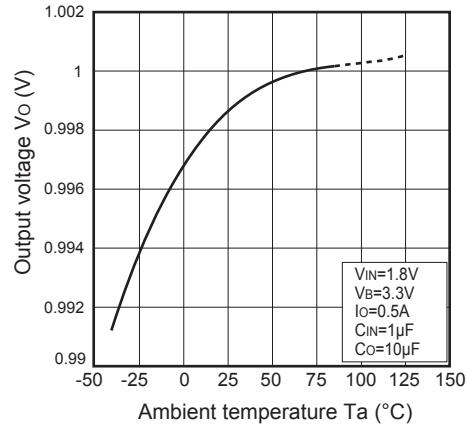


Fig.10 Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature (PQ012GN01ZPH)

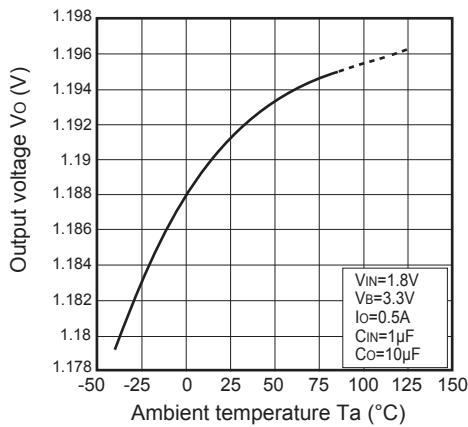


Fig.11 Load Regulation vs. Ambient Temperature

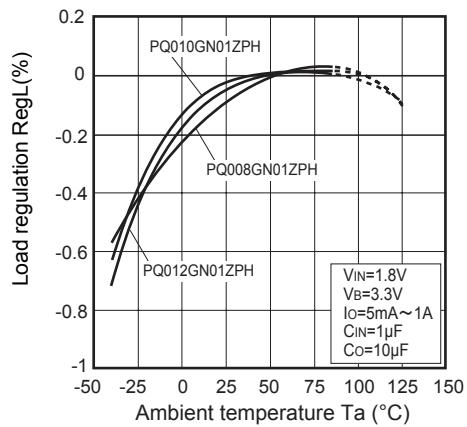


Fig.12 Line Regulation vs. Ambient Temperature

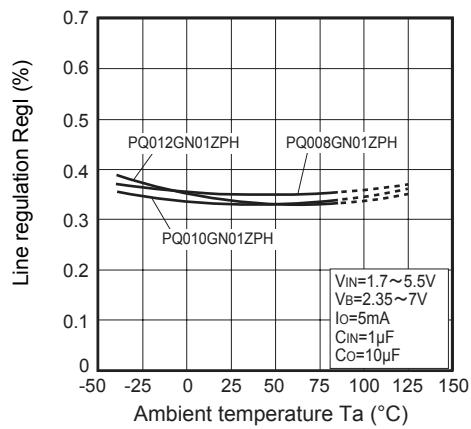


Fig.13 Bias Inflow Current vs. Ambient Temperature

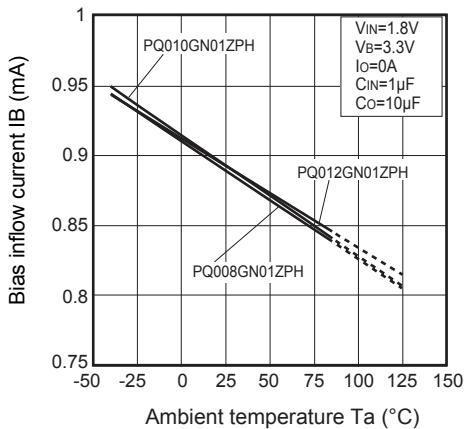


Fig.14 Short circuit Current vs. Ambient Temperature

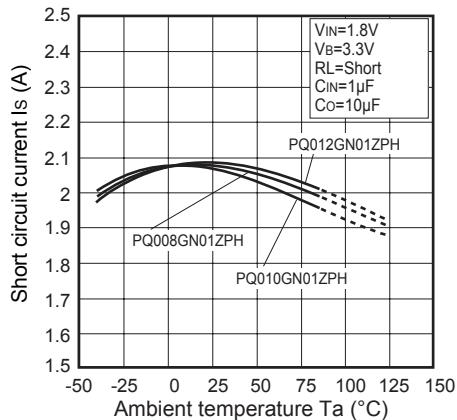


Fig.15 Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (PQ008GN01ZPH)

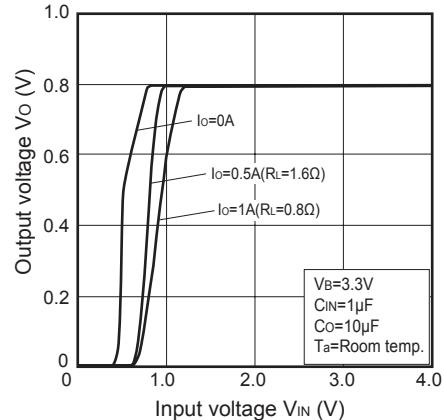


Fig.16 Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (PQ010GN01ZPH)

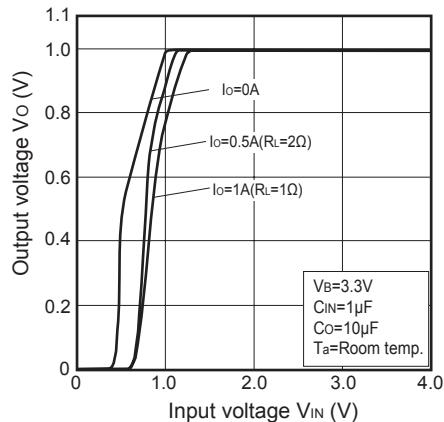


Fig.17 Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (PQ012GN01ZPH)

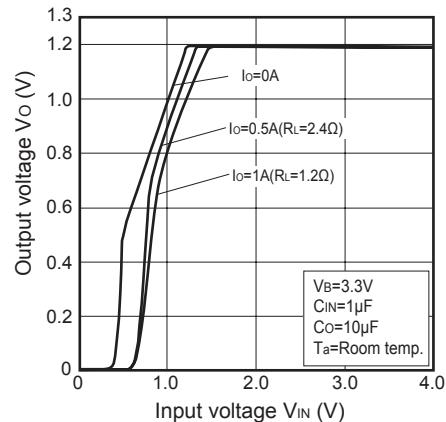


Fig.18 Output Voltage vs. Bias Supply Voltage (PQ008GN01ZPH)

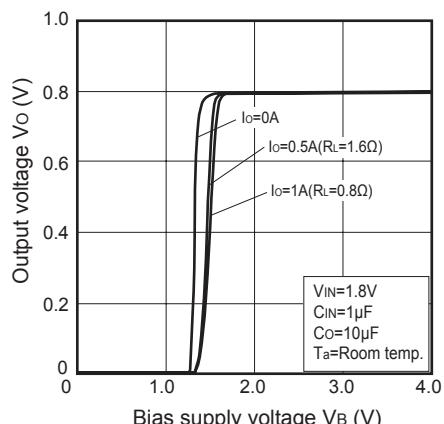


Fig.19 Output Voltage vs. Bias Supply Voltage (PQ010GN01ZPH)

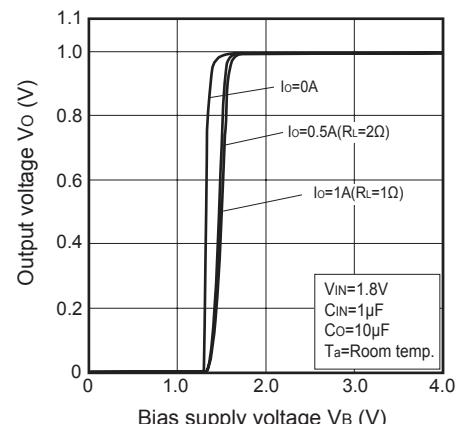


Fig.20 Output Voltage vs. Bias Supply Voltage (PQ012GN01ZPH)

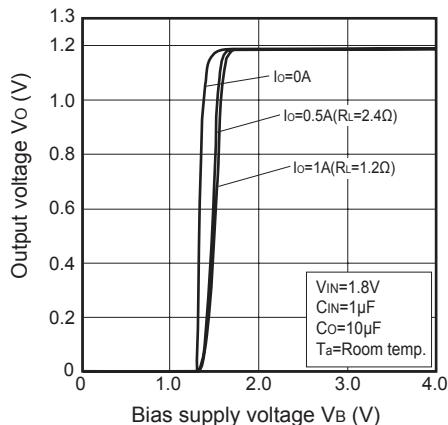


Fig.22 Output Voltage Deviation vs. Output Current

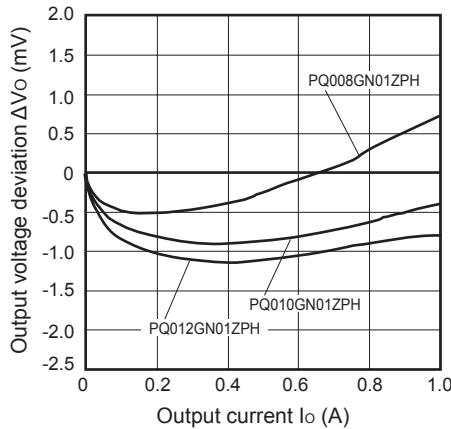


Fig.24 Output Voltage Deviation vs. Input Voltage / Bias Supply Voltage (PQ010GN01ZPH)

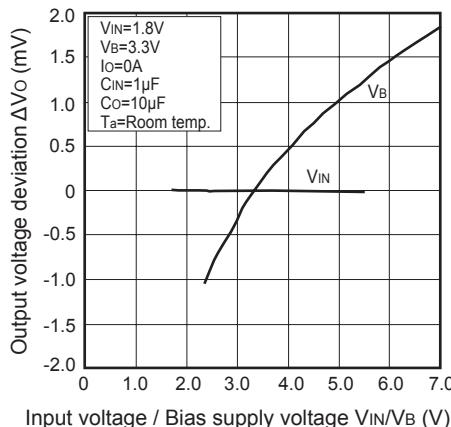


Fig.21 Dropout Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature (PQ012GN01ZPH)

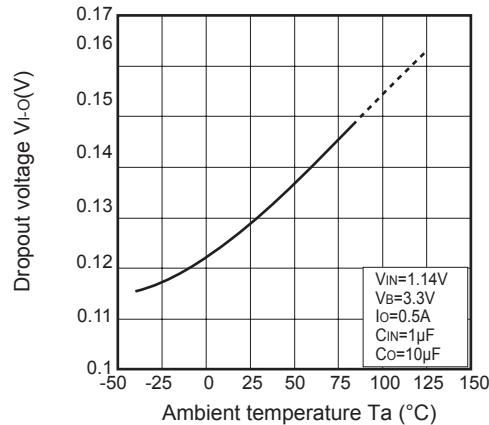


Fig.23 Output Voltage Deviation vs. Input Voltage / Bias Supply Voltage (PQ008GN01ZPH)

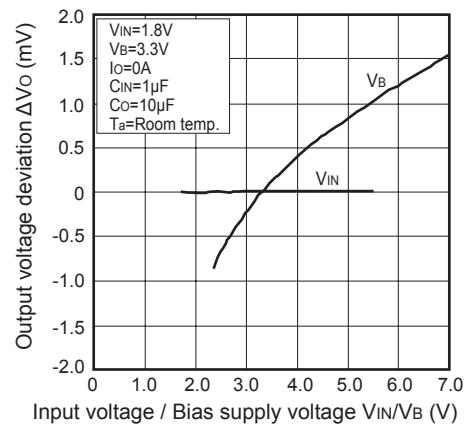


Fig.25 Output Voltage Deviation vs. Input Voltage / Bias Supply Voltage (PQ012GN01ZPH)

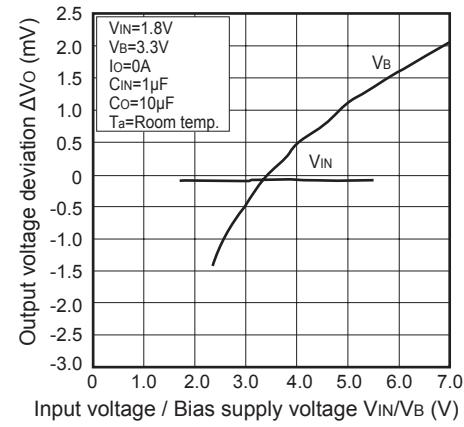


Fig.26 Input Current vs. Input Voltage  
(PQ008GN01ZPH)

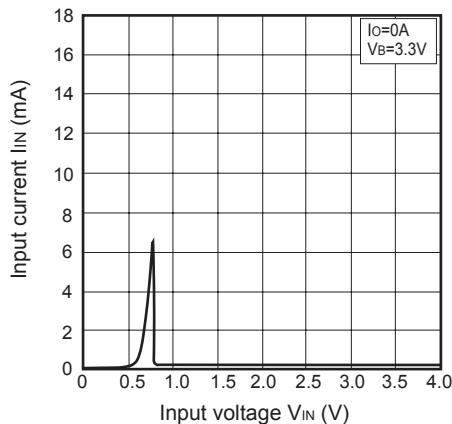


Fig.28 Input Current vs. Input Voltage  
(PQ012GN01ZPH)

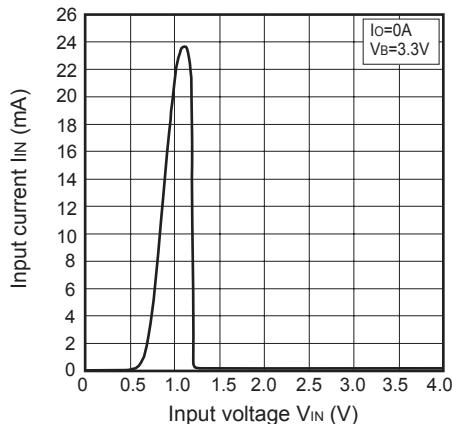


Fig.30 Bias Inflow Current vs. Input Voltage  
(PQ010GN01ZPH)

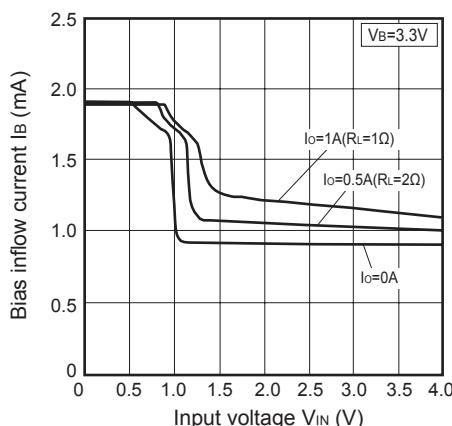


Fig.27 Input Current vs. Input Voltage  
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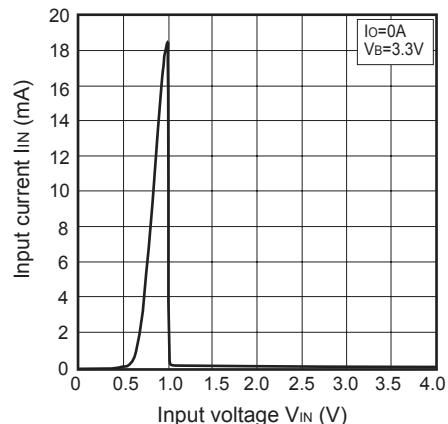


Fig.29 Bias Inflow Current vs. Input Voltage  
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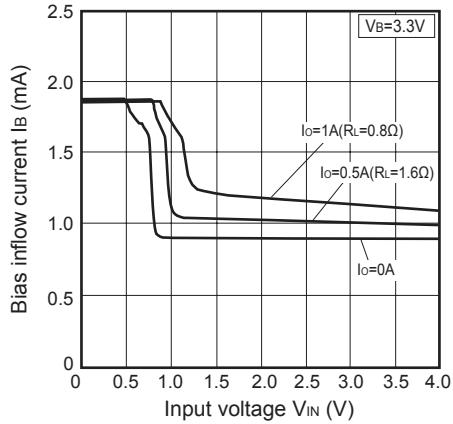


Fig.31 Bias Inflow Current vs. Input Voltage  
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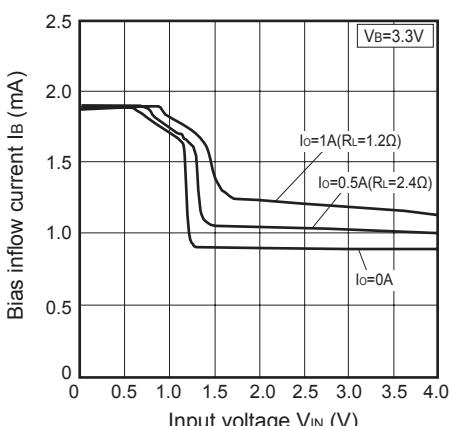


Fig.32 Bias Inflow Current vs. Bias Supply Voltage (PQ008GN01ZPH)

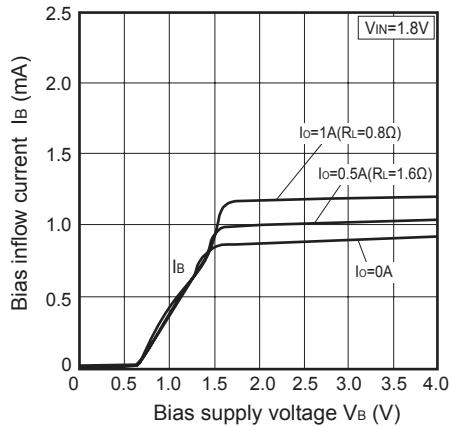


Fig.34 Bias Inflow Current vs. Bias Supply Voltage (PQ012GN01ZPH)

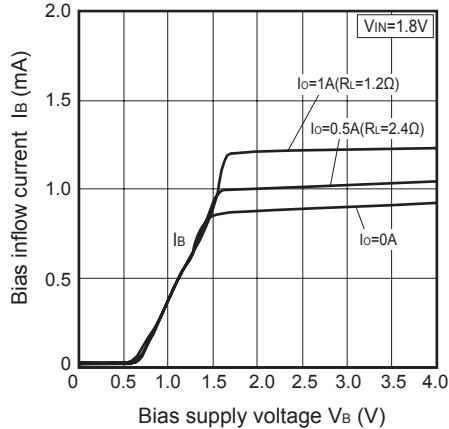


Fig.36 Ripple Rejection vs. Output Current (PQ012GN01ZPH)

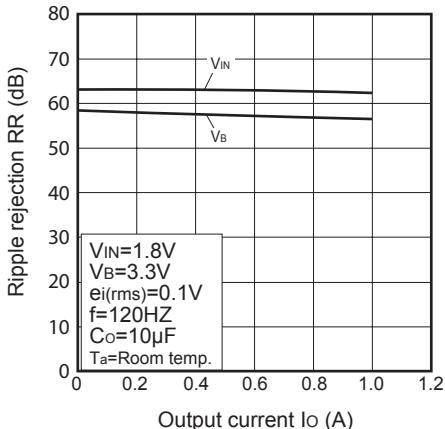


Fig.33 Bias Inflow Current vs. Bias Supply Voltage (PQ010GN01ZPH)

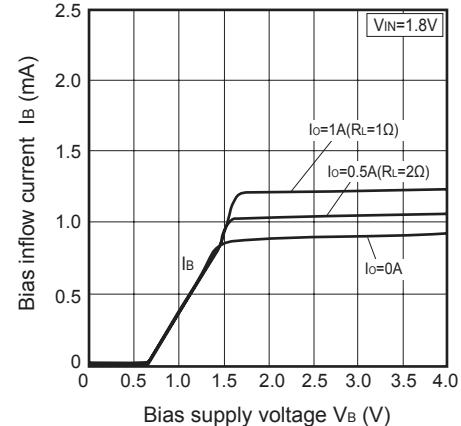


Fig.35 Ripple Rejection vs. Input Ripple Frequency (PQ012GN01ZPH)

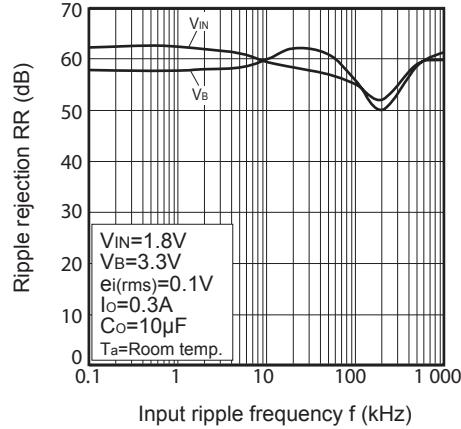
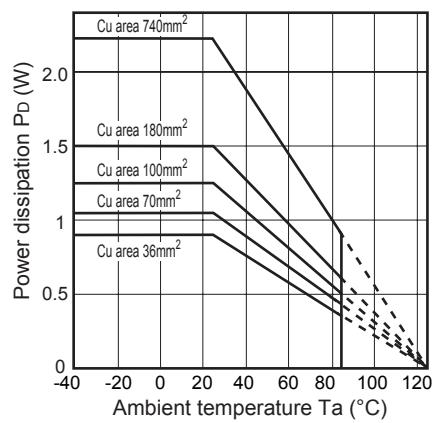
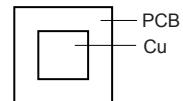


Fig.37 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature (Typical Value)



Mounting PCB



Material : Glass-cloth epoxy resin  
Size : 50×50×1.6mm  
Cu thickness : 35μm