




SPECIFICATION SHEET

SPECIFICATION SHEET NO.	P0306- UT227M010HEHTA
DATE	March 06, 2022
REVISION	A1
DESCRIPTION	SMD Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors, Wide Temperature Standard Type UT series, 2 pads Capacitance: 220μF, Tolerance ±20%, Voltage 10V, Case size: ØD6.30*L5.40mm, Ripple Current 78mA Max. @+105°C, 120Hz Lifetime 2000Hours @105°C, Operating Temp. Range -55°C ~+105°C RoHS/RoHS III Compliant & Halogen Free Package in Tape/Reel, 1000pcs/Reel
CUSTOMER	
CUSTOMER PART NUMBER	
CROSS REF. PART NUMBER	
ORIGINAL PART NUMBER	Aillen CAE227M1AHUTEE4TR
PART CODE	UT227M010HEHTA

VENDOR APPROVE			
Issued/Checked/Approved			
DATE: March 06, 2022			

CUSTOMER APPROVE	
DATE:	

3/6/2022

SMD ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS UT SERIES

MAIN FEATURE

- Polar Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor (Foil Type)
- High stability and reliability
- Lifetime 2000 Hours @ 105°C
- Designed Capacitor's Quality Meets IEC60384.
- Applicable To Automatic Mounting Machine
- Cross Competitors Parts FN, FKS, MVE UUT SKV, SGV Series and more.
- RoHS Complaint And Halogen Free



APPLICATION

- High-density Patch Assembly General Electronic Circuit Etc.

PART CODE GUIDE

RFQ

[Request For Quotation](#)

UT	227	M	010	H	E	H	T	A
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

1) **UT**: SMD Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors, UT series, 2 pads

2) **227**: Rated Capacitance Code, 105: 1.0μF; 225: 2.2μF; 335: 3.3μF; 475: 4.7μF; 106: 10μF; 226: 22μF; 336: 33μF; **476: 47μF**
 107: 100μF; 227: 220μF; 337: 330μF; 477: 470μF; 687: 680μF; 108: 1000μF; 158: 1500μF; 228: 2200μF

3) **M**: Capacitance tolerance code, **M: ±20%**; K: ±10%; V: -10% ~ ±20%,

4) **010**: Rated Voltage Code, 6V3: 6.3V; ; **010: 10V**; 016:16V; 025: 25V; 035: 35V; 050: 50V; 063: 63V; 100: 100V

5) **H**: Environmental Requirements code, R: RoHS Complaint; **H: RoHS III Complaint & Halogen Free**

6) **E**: Aluminum Case size code, B: ØD3.0mm; C: ØD4.0mm; D: ØD5.0mm; **E: ØD6.3mm**; F: ØD8.0mm; G: ØD10.0mm; P: ØD12.5mm

7) **H**: Aluminum case Height code, **H: L5.4mm**; I: L6.5mm; J: L7.7mm; K: L10.2mm; L: L11.5mm; M: L12.5mm; N: L13.5mm

8) **T**: Package in Tape/Reel, 1000pcs/Reel

9) **A**: Internal control or Customer's Special Code (A~Z or 1~9)

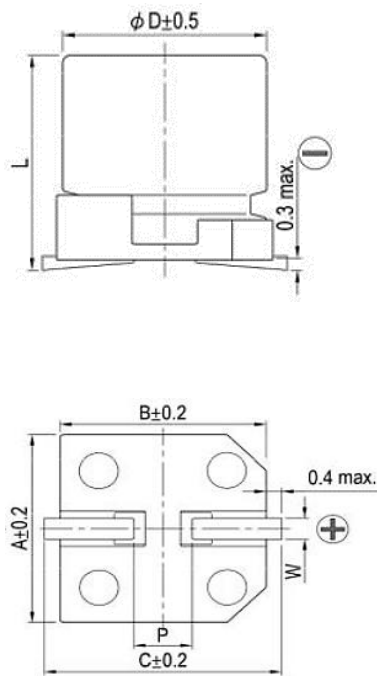
SMD ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS UT SERIES

Image For Reference



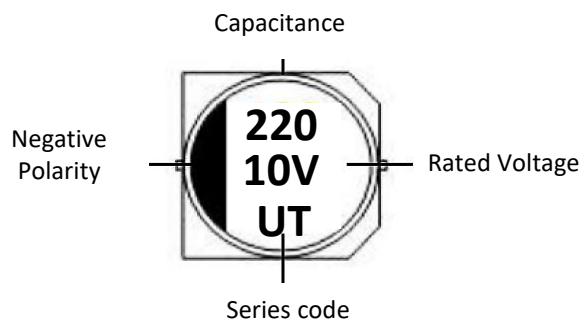
UT Series

Case $\varnothing D6.3 * L5.40\text{mm}$
Non Explosion Proof Value

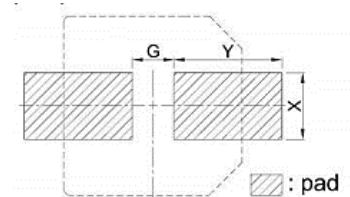


Symbol	Dimension (mm)
A	6.6
B	6.6
D	$\varnothing 6.3$
C	7.2 +/-0.2
L	5.4 -0.3/+0.5
P	2.0 +/-0.20
W	0.50~0.80

Marking



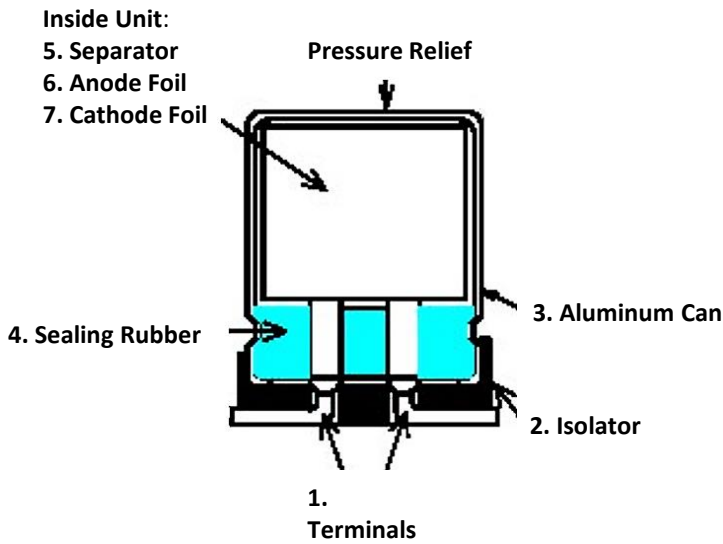
Recommended Pad Layout



Symbol	Dimension
G	1.9
X	1.6
Y	3.5

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CONSTRUCTION



No.	Parts	Material
1	Terminal	Tinned Copper – Clad Steel Wire (Pb Free)
2	Isolator	Thermo-plastic resin
3	Aluminum Can	Aluminum
4	Sealing Rubber	Synthetic rubber
5	Separator	Manila hemp
6	Anode Foil	High purity aluminum foil
7	Cathode Foil	Aluminum foil

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CHARACTERISTICS

Standard Atmospheric Conditions

The standard range of atmospheric conditions for making measurements/test as follows:

Ambient temperature: 15 °C to 35 °C

Relative humidity: 45% to 85% ;

Air Pressure: 86kPa to 106kPa

If there is any doubt about the results, measurement shall be made within the following conditions:

Ambient temperature: 20 °C \pm 2 °C

Relative humidity: 60% to 70%

Air Pressure: 86kPa to 106kPa

As to the detailed information, please refer to following Table

Operating Temperature Range

The ambient temperature range at which the capacitor can be operated continuously at rated voltage is

-55 °C to 105 °C.

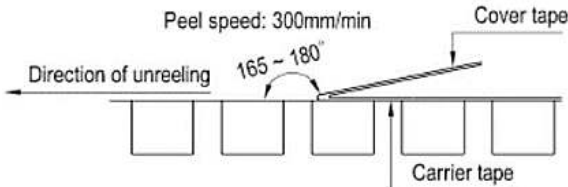
As to the detailed information, please refer to table 1

SMD ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS UT SERIES

Table 1

ITEM	PERFORMANCE																		
Nominal Capacitance (Tolerance)	<p><Condition></p> <p>Measuring Frequency : 120Hz ± 12Hz</p> <p>Measuring Voltage : Not more than 0.5V</p> <p>Measuring Temperature : 20 ± 2°C</p> <p><Criteria></p> <p>Shall be within the specified capacitance tolerance</p>																		
Leakage Current	<p><Condition></p> <p>After DC Voltage is applied to capacitors through the series protective resistor (1kΩ ± 10Ω) so that terminal voltage may reach the reacted use voltage. The leakage current when measured in 2 minutes shall not exceed the values of the following equation.</p> <p><Criteria></p> <p>$I (\mu A) \leq 0.01 CV$ or $3 (\mu A)$, Whichever is greater</p> <p>I: Leakage Current (μA)</p> <p>C: Capacitance (μF)</p> <p>V: Rated Working Voltage (V)</p>																		
tanδ	<p><Condition></p> <p>See Normal Capacitance, for measuring frequency, voltage and temperature.</p> <p><Criteria></p> <p>The tangent of the loss angle (Tanδ) of the capacitors shall refer to the following table. Measurements shall be made under the same conditions as those given for the measurement of the capacitance.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="458 1498 1315 1603"> <tr> <td>W.V.</td> <td>6.3</td> <td>10</td> <td>16</td> <td>25</td> <td>35</td> <td>50/63/100</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tanδ</td> <td>0.30</td> <td>0.24</td> <td>0.20</td> <td>0.18</td> <td>0.16</td> <td>0.14</td> </tr> </table>	W.V.	6.3	10	16	25	35	50/63/100	Tanδ	0.30	0.24	0.20	0.18	0.16	0.14				
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Tanδ	0.30	0.24	0.20	0.18	0.16	0.14													
Rated Working Voltage (WV) Surge Voltage (SV)	<table border="1" data-bbox="458 1659 1315 1825"> <tr> <td>W.V. (V.DC)</td> <td>6.3</td> <td>10</td> <td>16</td> <td>25</td> <td>35</td> <td>50</td> <td>63</td> <td>100</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S.V. (V.DC.)</td> <td>8</td> <td>13</td> <td>20</td> <td>32</td> <td>44</td> <td>63</td> <td>79</td> <td>125</td> </tr> </table>	W.V. (V.DC)	6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63	100	S.V. (V.DC.)	8	13	20	32	44	63	79	125
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SMD ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS UT SERIES

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Temperature Characteristic IEC-60384-4 4.12	<p><Condition></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="468 430 1319 737"> <thead> <tr> <th>Step.</th> <th>Testing Temperature(°C)</th> <th>Time</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>20 ± 2</td> <td>Time to reach thermal equilibrium</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>-55(-25) ± 3</td> <td>Time to reach thermal equilibrium</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>20 ± 2</td> <td>Time to reach thermal equilibrium</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.</td> <td>105 ± 2</td> <td>Time to reach thermal equilibrium</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>20 ± 2</td> <td>Time to reach thermal equilibrium</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><Criteria></p> <p>a. At +105°C, capacitance shall be within ± 20% of their origin at +20°C, measured capacitance, Tanδ shall be within limit of 4.3. The leakage current value at +105°C shall not more than 8 times the specified value.</p> <p>b. At step 5, Tanδ shall be within the limit of 4.3. The leakage current value shall not more than the specified value.</p> <p>c. At -55°C (-25°C), impedance (Z) ratio shall not exceed the value of the following table.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="472 1147 1305 1433"> <thead> <tr> <th>Rated Voltage (V)</th> <th></th> <th>6.3</th> <th>10</th> <th>16</th> <th>25</th> <th>35/50/63/100</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="2">Z-25°C/ Z+20°C (120Hz)</td> <td>< Φ8</td> <td>4</td> <td>3</td> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>≥ Φ8</td> <td>5</td> <td>4</td> <td>3</td> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">Z-55°C/ Z+20°C (120Hz)</td> <td>< Φ8</td> <td>12</td> <td>8</td> <td>4</td> <td>4</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>≥ Φ8</td> <td>8</td> <td>8</td> <td>6</td> <td>4</td> <td>3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>d. Capacitance Tanδ and impedance shall be measured at 120Hz</p>	Step.	Testing Temperature(°C)	Time	1	20 ± 2	Time to reach thermal equilibrium	2	-55(-25) ± 3	Time to reach thermal equilibrium	3	20 ± 2	Time to reach thermal equilibrium	4.	105 ± 2	Time to reach thermal equilibrium	5	20 ± 2	Time to reach thermal equilibrium	Rated Voltage (V)		6.3	10	16	25	35/50/63/100	Z-25°C/ Z+20°C (120Hz)	< Φ8	4	3	2	2	2	≥ Φ8	5	4	3	2	2	Z-55°C/ Z+20°C (120Hz)	< Φ8	12	8	4	4	3	≥ Φ8	8	8	6	4	3
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	≥ Φ8	8	8	6	4	3																																														
Sealing Tape Reel Strength	<p><Condition></p> <p>Peel angle: 165 to 180°C referred to the surface on which the tape is glued.</p> <p>Peel speed: 300mm per minutes</p> <p>The peel strength must be 0.1 ~ 0.7N under these conditions.</p> 																																																			

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ITEM	PERFORMANCE										
<p>Load Life Test IEC-60384- 4 4.13</p>	<p><Condition> The capacitor is stored at a temperature of 105 °C ±2 °C with rated voltage applied continuously for 2000+48/0 hours, Then the product should be tested after 16 hours recovering time at atmospheric conditions. The result should meet the following table:</p> <p><Criteria> The characteristic shall meet the following requirements.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="458 685 1315 969"> <tr> <td>Capacitance Change</td> <td>± 30% of initial measured value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>tanδ</td> <td>200% or less of the specified value</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Leakage current</td> <td>Not more than the specified value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Appearance</td> <td>No leakage of electrolyte or swelling of the case. All markings shall be legible</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Inner construction</td> <td>No corrosion of tab terminals or electrodes</td> </tr> </table> <p>Remarks: Prior to the measurement of the leakage current, the D.C. rated voltage shall be applied across the capacitor and its protective resistance (1kΩ) for 30 mins after which it shall be discharged.</p>	Capacitance Change	± 30% of initial measured value.	tanδ	200% or less of the specified value	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value.	Appearance	No leakage of electrolyte or swelling of the case. All markings shall be legible	Inner construction	No corrosion of tab terminals or electrodes
Capacitance Change	± 30% of initial measured value.										
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Leakage current	Not more than the specified value.										
Appearance	No leakage of electrolyte or swelling of the case. All markings shall be legible										
Inner construction	No corrosion of tab terminals or electrodes										
<p>Shelf Life Test IEC-60384- 4 4.17</p>	<p><Condition> The capacitors are then stored with no voltage applied at a temperature of 105 ±2°C for 1000+48/0 hours. Following this period the capacitors shall be removed from the test chamber and be allowed to stabilized at room temperature for 4~8 hours. Next they shall be connected to a series limiting resistor(1k±100Ω) with D.C. rated voltage applied for 30min. After which the capacitors shall be discharged, and then, tested the characteristics.</p> <p><Criteria> The characteristic shall meet the following requirements.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="458 1545 1315 1829"> <tr> <td>Capacitance Change</td> <td>± 30% of initial measured value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>tanδ</td> <td>200% or less of the specified value</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Leakage current</td> <td>Not more than 300% of the specified value</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Appearance</td> <td>No leakage of electrolyte or swelling of the case. All markings shall be legible</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Inner construction</td> <td>No corrosion of tab terminals or electrodes</td> </tr> </table> <p>Remark: If the capacitors are stored more than 1 year, the leakage current may increase. Please apply voltage through about 1 Kw resistor, if necessary.</p>	Capacitance Change	± 30% of initial measured value.	tanδ	200% or less of the specified value	Leakage current	Not more than 300% of the specified value	Appearance	No leakage of electrolyte or swelling of the case. All markings shall be legible	Inner construction	No corrosion of tab terminals or electrodes
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<p>Surge Test IEC-60384- 4 4.9</p>	<p><Condition> Test temperature:15~35°C Series resistor: R= $\frac{100 \pm 50}{C}$ R: protective resistor (KΩ) C: nominal capacitance (μF) Test voltage: Surge voltage item 4.4 No. of cycles: 1000cycles Each cycles lasts for 6 ± 0.5min "ON" for 30 ± 5 s "OFF" for 5 ± 0.5min.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="458 721 1315 924"> <tr> <td>Capacitance Change</td> <td>Within ± 15% of initial value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>tanδ</td> <td>Not more than the specified value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Leakage current</td> <td>Not more than the specified value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Appearance</td> <td>There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.</td> </tr> </table> <p>Attention: This test simulates over voltage at abnormal situation, and not be hypothesizing that over voltage is always applied.</p>	Capacitance Change	Within ± 15% of initial value.	tanδ	Not more than the specified value.	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value.	Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
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Leakage current	Not more than the specified value.								
Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.								
<p>Vibration Test IEC-60384- 4 4.8</p>	<p><Condition> Fix it at the point 4 mm or less from body. For ones of 12.5 mm or more in diameter or 25 mm or Capacitance; Direction and during of vibration:3 orthogonal directions mutually each for 2 hours(total of 6 hours) Vibration frequency range : 10Hz ~ 55Hz Peak to peak amplitude : 1.5mm Sweep rate : 10Hz ~ 55Hz ~ 10Hz in about 1 minute <Criteria> The characteristic shall meet the following requirements.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="454 1570 1310 1773"> <tr> <td>Capacitance Change</td> <td>Within ± 10% of initial value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>tanδ</td> <td>Not more than the specified value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Leakage current</td> <td>Not more than the specified value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Appearance</td> <td>There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.</td> </tr> </table>	Capacitance Change	Within ± 10% of initial value.	tanδ	Not more than the specified value.	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value.	Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
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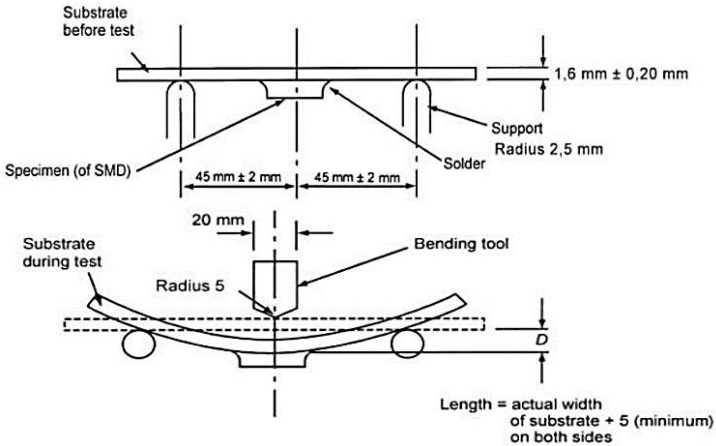
SMD ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS UT SERIES

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<p>Solderability Test IEC-60384-4 4.6</p>	<p><Condition> The capacitor shall be tested under the following conditions: Soldering temperature : 245 ± 3 °C Dipping depth : 2mm Dipping speed : 25 ± 2.5mm/s Dipping time : 3 ± 0.5s <Criteria> The characteristic shall meet the following requirements.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="455 768 1315 822"> <tr> <td>Coating quality</td> <td>A minimum of 95% of the surface being immersed</td> </tr> </table>	Coating quality	A minimum of 95% of the surface being immersed						
Coating quality	A minimum of 95% of the surface being immersed								
<p>Resistance To Solder Heat Test</p>	<p><Condition> After reflow soldering . The capacitor shall be left at room temperature for before measurement. <Criteria> The characteristic shall meet the following requirements.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="455 1137 1315 1342"> <tr> <td>Capacitance Change</td> <td>Within $\pm 10\%$ of initial value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$\tan\delta$</td> <td>Not more than the specified value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Leakage current</td> <td>Not more than the specified value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Appearance</td> <td>There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.</td> </tr> </table>	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 10\%$ of initial value.	$\tan\delta$	Not more than the specified value.	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value.	Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
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<p>Damp Heat Test IEC60384-4 4.12</p>	<p><Condition> Humidity Test: According to IEC60384-4 No.4.12 methods, capacitor shall be exposed for 1000 ± 8 hours in an atmosphere of 90~95% R H .at 60 ± 3°C, the characteristic change shall meet the following requirement. <Criteria> The characteristic shall meet the following requirements.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="455 1713 1315 1918"> <tr> <td>Capacitance Change</td> <td>Within $\pm 20\%$ of initial value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$\tan\delta$</td> <td>Not more than 120% of the specified value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Leakage current</td> <td>Not more than the specified value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Appearance</td> <td>There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.</td> </tr> </table>	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 20\%$ of initial value.	$\tan\delta$	Not more than 120% of the specified value.	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value.	Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
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<p>Change Of Temperature Test IEC-60384-4 4.7</p>	<p><Condition> Temperature cycle: According to IEC60384-4 No.4.7 methods, capacitor shall be placed in an oven, the condition according as below</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="451 530 1310 837"> <thead> <tr> <th>No.</th> <th>Temperature</th> <th>Time</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>+25°C</td> <td>≤3 Minutes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>-55°C</td> <td>30 ± 2 Minutes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>+25°C</td> <td>≤3 Minutes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>+105°C</td> <td>30 ± 2 Minutes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>+25°C</td> <td>≤3 Minutes</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="text-align: center;">1 to 5 = 1 cycle, Total 5 cycles</p> <p>and then the capacitor shall be subjected to standard atmospheric conditions for 4 hours, after which measurements shall be made.</p> <p><Criteria> The characteristic shall meet the following requirements.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="451 1106 1310 1311"> <tbody> <tr> <td>Capacitance Change</td> <td>Within ± 10% of initial value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>tanδ</td> <td>Not more than the specified value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Leakage current</td> <td>Not more than the specified value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Appearance</td> <td>No broken and undamaged.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	No.	Temperature	Time	1	+25°C	≤3 Minutes	2	-55°C	30 ± 2 Minutes	3	+25°C	≤3 Minutes	4	+105°C	30 ± 2 Minutes	5	+25°C	≤3 Minutes	Capacitance Change	Within ± 10% of initial value.	tanδ	Not more than the specified value.	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value.	Appearance	No broken and undamaged.
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<p>Low Temperature Test</p>	<p><Condition> Capacitors are placed at -55 ± 3°C for 96 ± 4 hours. And then the capacitor shall be subjected to standard atmospheric conditions for 4 hours, after which measurements shall be made.</p> <p><Criteria> The characteristic shall meet the following requirements.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="451 1653 1310 1858"> <tbody> <tr> <td>Capacitance Change</td> <td>Within ± 10% of initial value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>tanδ</td> <td>Not more than the specified value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Leakage current</td> <td>Not more than the specified value.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Appearance</td> <td>No broken and undamaged.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Capacitance Change	Within ± 10% of initial value.	tanδ	Not more than the specified value.	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value.	Appearance	No broken and undamaged.																		
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SMD ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS UT SERIES

ITEM	PERFORMANCE				
<p>Vent Test IEC-60384-4 4.16</p>	<p><Condition></p> <p>The following test only apply to those products with vent products at diameter $\geq \Phi 8$ with vent.</p> <p>D.C. test</p> <p>The capacitor is connected with its polarity reversed to a DC power source. Then a current selected from following table is applied.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="454 679 1168 783"> <thead> <tr> <th>Diameter (mm)</th> <th>DC Current (A)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>22.4 or less</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><Criteria></p> <p>No emission of gas after 30 minutes of the voltage application also meets the specification. The vent shall operate with no dangerous conditions such as flames or dispersion of pieces of the capacitor and/or case.</p>	Diameter (mm)	DC Current (A)	22.4 or less	1
Diameter (mm)	DC Current (A)				
22.4 or less	1				
<p>Mechanical Characteristics Test</p>	<p><Condition></p> <p>Bending Test: Apply pressure in the direction of the arrow at a rate of about 0.5 mm / s until bent width reaches 2 mm and hold for 60s. The board shall be the test board "B" as specified in JIS C 0051: 2002. If the land area differs, it shall be specified clearly in the next item.</p>  <p><Criteria></p> <p>Without mechanical damage such as breaks. Electrical characteristics shall be satisfied. If there are electrodes on both surfaces, above requirements shall be satisfied on whichever surface it may be fixated on.</p>				

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CASE SIZE & MAX RIPPLE CURRENT

Rated Voltage V	Capacitance (+/-20%) μF	Case Size ØD*L mm	Dissipation Factor @+20°C, 120Hz Tanδ Max.	Ripple Current @+105°C, 120Hz mA rms .	Leakage Current @20 °C μA Max.
10	220	6.3*5.40	0.24	78	4.7

Remark:

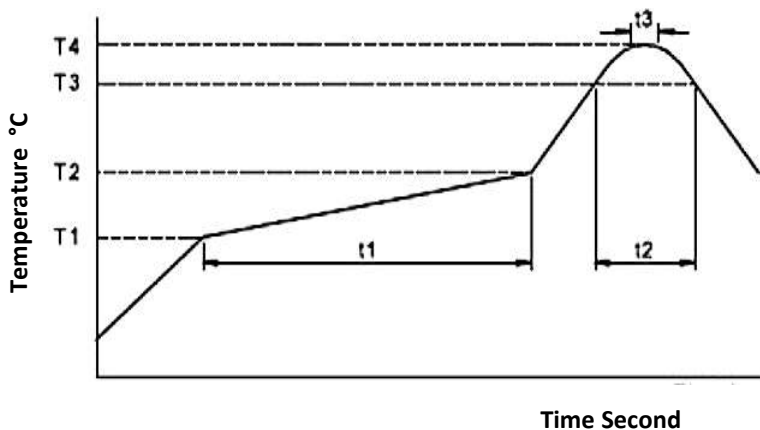
- 1) Specification are subject to change without notice should a safety or technical concern arise regarding the product please be sure to contact our sales offices;
- 2) The sizes in the above table are all general specifications. If you need other specifications, please contact us.
- 3) Frequency Coefficient of Allowable Ripple Current:

Frequency	50Hz	120Hz	300Hz	1KHz	≥10KHz
Coefficient	0.70	1.00	1.17	1.36	1.50

WELDING METHODS AND APPLICABILITY

Welding Method	Reflow Soldering	Soldering Iron	Wave Soldering
The feasibility of	OK	OK	No

Conditions for the use of lead-free reflow soldering:



METHODS THE FOLLOWING

Reflow soldering: please follow the temperature condition during welding. If high temperature is used, please measure and inform the capacitor temperature and reflow soldering condition. The product size is larger and its rising temperature is slower. It is not necessary to adjust the temperature of the reflow solder in accordance with the size of the product. For example, the products of 4 and 10 will be installed in the PCB over tin furnace.

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Precautions For Soldering Tin:

Related factors of reflow soldering temperature:

Product size: The product size is larger and its temperature rises slowly.

Product installation position: The temperature of PCB center is lower than that of PCB.

Reflow soldering

If possible, avoid reflow soldering twice.

If repeated reflux is unavoidable, measure and inform the first and second reflux temperature, and the time of reflow soldering.

Please do not 3 times of reflow soldering

Please follow the following conditions when soldering tin soldering:

Soldering iron maximum temperature: $350 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$

Welding time: $3+1/-0$ sec

TEST METHOD AND PEAK TEMPERATURE PERMISSIBLE RANGE

Part Code		UT227M010HEHTA
Rated Voltage (V)		10 V
Case Size		$\varnothing D6.3 * L5.40\text{mm}$
Preheating	Temperature Range (T1~T2)	150~180 °C
	Time (t1) Max.	180 Second
The Duration Of The	Temperature Range (T3)	230 °C Max.
	Time (t2) Max.	60 Second
The Highest Temperature	Temperature Range (T4)	260 °C
	Time (t3) Max.	5 Second
Return The Number		≤ 2 times

Note

- 1) Please contact us if the condition of use are higher than the
- 2) When performing 2nd reflow Soldering, please make sure the temperature of capacitor have cooled to : $5 \sim 35^{\circ}\text{C}$
- 3) If the reflow condition is based on IPC/JEDEC(J-STD-020), please contact us.

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ATTENTION FOR OP-CAP SOLDERING

Reflow soldering will reduce the rated electrostatic capacity of the product, and it should be confirmed whether reflow soldering condition meets the specification of recommended reflow soldering.

Although the actual reflow condition change is still based on the reflow soldering method, please note that the highest temperature and the electrode terminal at the bottom of the aluminum shell must not exceed the maximum temperature.

Please note: OP - CAP products during the process of reflow heating temperature should increase to more than 200 °C. If the reflow condition temperature or duration is greater than the above table, the OP-CAP product will be damaged. The electrostatic capacity of the product is reduced by about 50%, the leakage current is large (up to mA), and the outside of the capacitor is damaged.

APPLICATION GUIDELINE

Circuit Design

- 1) Please make sure the environmental and mounting conditions to which the capacitor will be exposed are within the conditions specified in catalogue.
- 2) Operating temperature and applied ripple shall be within specification.
- 3) Appropriate capacitors which comply with the life requirement of the products should be selected when designing the circuit.
- 4) Aluminum electrolytic capacitors are polar. Make sure that no reverse voltage or AC voltage is applied to the capacitors. Please use bi-polar capacitors for a circuit that can possibly see reversed polarity.
Note: Even bi-polar capacitors cannot be used for AC voltage application.
- 5) Do not use aluminum electrolytic capacitors in a circuit that requires rapid and very frequent charge/discharge. In this type of circuit, it is necessary to use a special design capacitor with extended life characteristics.

6) Do not apply excess voltage.

(1) Please pay attention to that the peak voltage, which is DC voltage overlapped by ripple current, will not exceed the rated voltage.

(2) In the case where more than 2 aluminum electrolytic capacitors are used in series, please make sure that applied voltage will be lower than rated voltage and the voltage will be applied to each capacitor equally by using a balancing resistor in parallel with the capacitor.

7) Aluminum electrolytic capacitors shall not be used under the following environmental conditions:

- (1) (a) Capacitors will be exposed to water (including condensation), brine or oil. (b) Ambient conditions that include toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfurous acid, nitrous acid, chlorine, bromine, methyl bromide, ammonium, etc. (c) Ambient conditions that expose the capacitor to ozone, ultraviolet ray and radiation.

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(2) Severe vibration and physical shock conditions that exceed specification.

Vibration test condition: 10-55-10Hz

vibration frequency range : 10~55~10Hz

sweep rate : 10~55~10Hz/minute

sweep method : logarithmic

amplitude or acceleration : 1.5mm (max. acceleration is 10G)

direction of vibration : X, Y, Z direction

testing time: 2 hours per each direction

Shock is not applicable normally.

If a particular condition is required, please contact our sales office.

8) The main chemical solution of the electrolyte and the separator paper used in the capacitors are combustible. The electrolyte is conductive. When it comes in contact with the PC board, there is a possibility of pattern corrosion or short circuit between the circuit pattern, which could result in smoking or catching fire. Do not locate any circuit pattern beneath the capacitor end seal.

9) Do not design a circuit board that the heat generating components are placed near the aluminum electrolytic capacitor or on the reverse side of PC board, if that just under the capacitor.

10) Electrical characteristics may vary depending on changes in temperature and frequency. Please consider this variation when you design circuits.

11) When you install more than 2 capacitors in parallel, please consider the balance of current flowing into the capacitors.

12) While mounting capacitors on double-side PC board, the capacitors should be away from those unnecessary base plate holes and connection holes.

Mounting

1) Once a capacitor has been assembled in the set and power applied, do not attempt to re-use the capacitor in other circuits or application.

2) Leakage current of the capacitors that have been stored for more than 2 years may increase. When leakage current has increased, please perform a voltage treatment using a 1kΩ resistor.

3) Please confirm specifications and polarity before installing capacitors on the PC board.

4) Do not drop capacitors on the floor, nor use a capacitor that was dropped.

5) Do not deform the capacitor during installation.

6) Please pay attention to the mechanical shock to the capacitor by suction nozzle of the automatic insertion machine or automatic mounter, or by product checker, or by centering mechanism.

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Reflow Soldering

- 1) Please follow “Reflow Soldering Conditions” when use the part.
 - 2) When an infrared heater is used, please pay attention to the extent of heating since the absorption rate of infrared will vary due to difference in the color and size of the capacitor.
 - (1) Do not tilt lay down or twist the capacitor body after the capacitor are soldered to the PC board.
 - (2) Do not carry the PC board by grasping the soldered capacitor.
 - (3) Please do not allow anything to touch the capacitor after soldering. If PC boards are stored in stack, please make sure the PC board or other components away from the capacitor.
 - (4) The capacitors shall not be effected by any radiated heat from the soldered PC board or other components after soldering.
 - (5) Cleaning:
 - (a) Do not clean capacitors with halogenated cleaning agent. However, if it is necessary to clean with halogenated cleaning agent, please contact our sales office.
 - (b) Recommended cleaning method, Applicable : Any type, any ratings
- Cleaning conditions: Total cleaning time shall be within 2 minutes by immersion, ultrasonic or other methods. Temperature of the cleaning agents shall be 40°C or below. After cleaning, capacitors should be dried by using hot air for the minimum 10 minutes along with the PC board mounted. Hot air temperature should be within the maximum operating temperature of the capacitor. Insufficient dryness after water rinse may cause appearance problems, such as bottom-plate bulge and etc.; Avoid using ozone destructive substances as cleaning agents for protecting global environment.

In The PCB After Mounted

- 1) Do not directly touch terminal by hand.
- 2) Do not link positive terminal and negative terminal by conductor, nor spill conductible liquid such as alkaline or acidic solution on or near the capacitor.
- 3) Please make sure that the ambient conditions where the set is installed are free from spilling water or oil, direct sunlight, ultraviolet rays, radiation, poisonous gases, vibration or mechanical shock.

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Maintenance and Inspection

Please periodically inspect the aluminum capacitors that are installed in industrial equipment. The following items should be checked:

Appearance: remarkable abnormality such as pressure relief vent opening, electrolyte leaking, etc.

Electrical characteristics: capacitance, dielectric loss tangent, leakage current and etc., which are specified in catalogue or alternate product specification.

In an Emergency

- 1) If you see smoke due to operation of safety vent, please turn off the main switch or pull out the plug from the outlet.
- 2) If you breathe the gas or ingest the electrolyte, please wash out your mouth and throat with water immediately.
- 3) If your skin is exposed to the electrolyte, please wash it away using soap and water.

Storage

1) Do not keep capacitor in high temperature and high humidity atmosphere. Storage conditions should be:

Temperature: 5°C~35°C

Humidity : lower than 75%

Place : Indoor

- 2) Avoid ambient conditions where capacitors are covered with water, brine or oil.
- 3) Avoid ambient conditions where capacitors are exposed to ozone, ultraviolet ray or radiation.

Disposal

Please take either of the following methods in disposing capacitors.

- 1) Incinerate them after crushing capacitors or making a hole on the capacitor body.
- 2) If incineration is not applicable, hand them over to a waste disposal agent and have them buried in landfills.

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TAPE (Unit: mm), 1000pcs/Reel

Applicable standard JIS C0806 and IEC 60286.



REEL (Unit: mm)



→ Pull out direction



Case size: ØD6.3*L5.40mm	
Symbol	Dimension (mm)
W	16.0
P	12.0
F	7.5
A	7.0
B	7.0
T 2	5.8
Ø d	1.5
P 1	2.0
P 2	4.0
t 1	0.4
W 1	1.75
W 2	18.0 +/-0.3

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PACKING METHOD

Polarity: Anode on the opposite side of the feed hole

The leader length of the tape shall not be less than 400mm including 10 or more embossed sections in which no parts are contained.

The winding core is provided with an over 40mm long empty section



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