





#### Description

The ZXGD3110N8 is intended to drive a MOSFET configured as an ideal diode replacement. The device is comprised of a high voltage detector stage and gate driver. The detector monitors the voltage between the drain and the source of the MOSFET and if this voltage is less than the turn on threshold voltage of the controller a positive voltage is applied to the MOSFET's Gate Pin. As the load current decays to zero and the voltage between the drain and source of the MOSFET is rapidly turned off.

Intelligent features of this IC are the Minimum Off-Time ( $T_{OFF}$ ) and Minimum On-Time ( $T_{ON}$ ), these features blanket the noise generated during the turn-on and turn-off instances of the power FET. Also Light Load Detection (LLD) for improved efficiency at light and no load, where synchronous rectification is no more beneficial. Other features include Undervoltage Lockout (UVLO), SYNC feature for CCM operation and low turn-off threshold voltage for improved efficiency.

#### Applications

Flyback Converters in:

- Power Adaptors
- Auxiliary Power Supplies
- PoE Power Devices
- Resonant Converters in:
- High Power Adaptors
- 85+/90+ Compliant ATX and Server Power Supplies

### SYNCHRONOUS MOSFET CONTROLLER IN SO-8

#### Features

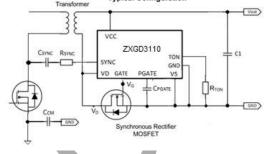
- Frequency of Operation up to 500kHz
- Suitable for Discontinuous Conduction Mode (DCM), Continuous Conduction Mode (CCM) and Critical (CrCM) Conduction Mode
- Minimum On-Time and Off-Time to Reduce Turn-On/Off Oscillations
- Intelligent Light Load Detection and Sleep Mode
- Turn-Off Propagation Delay Time 30ns
- Drain Voltage Rating of 200V
- Recommended Operating Voltage from 4.5V up to 12V
- Source and Sink Current of 2A and 4A Respectively
- Low Component Count
- Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- Halogen and Antimony free. "Green" Device (Note 3)
- For automotive applications requiring specific change control (i.e. parts qualified to AEC-Q100/101/200, PPAP capable, and manufactured in IATF 16949 certified facilities), please <u>contact us</u> or your local Diodes representative.

https://www.diodes.com/quality/product-definitions/

#### **Mechanical Data**

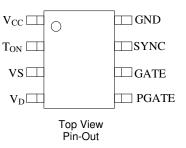
- Case: SO-8
  - Case Material: Molded Plastic. "Green" Molding Compound.
  - UL Flammability Classification Rating 94V-0
- Moisture Sensitivity: Level 1 per J-STD-020
- Terminals: Finish Matte Tin Plated Leads, Solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208 (3)
- Weight: 0.074 grams (Approximate)







SO-8 Top View



## Ordering Information (Note 4)

Product	Marking	Reel Size (inches)	Tape Width (mm)	Quantity per Reel
ZXGD3110N8TC	ZXGD3110	13	12	2500

1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.

3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

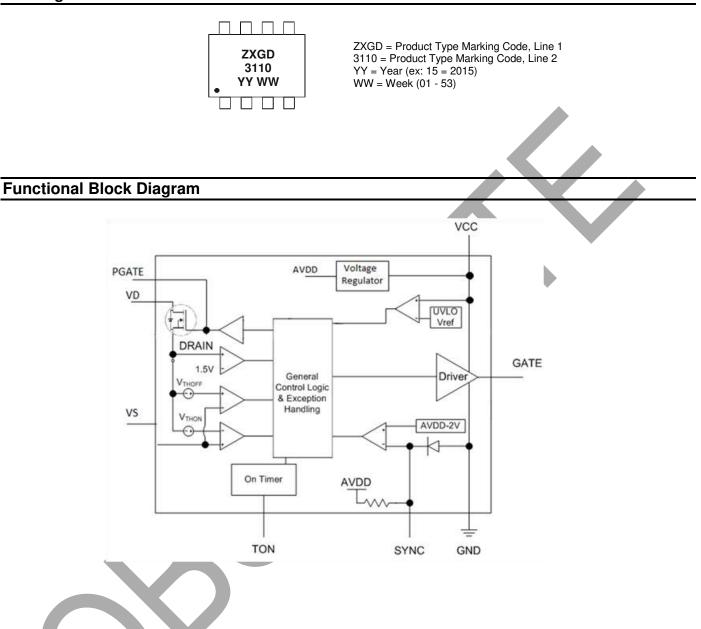
4. For packaging details, go to our website at http://www.diodes.com/products/packages.html.

Notes:

<sup>2.</sup> See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.



### **Marking Information**





# **Pin Descriptions**

V <sub>CC</sub> T <sub>ON</sub> Vs	Power Supply PinVcc supplies all the internal circuitry of the device. A DC supply is required to be connected to this pin. A10μF or larger capacitor must be connected between this pin and GND Pin as close as possible. Thedevice will not function until the Vcc has risen above the UVLO threshold. The device can safely be turnedoff by bringing Vcc below the UVLO threshold (minus the UVLO threshold hysteresis). If Vcc drops belowthe UVLO threshold (minus UVLO threshold hysteresis), the MOSFET is turned off and the TOFF/ON Pin isinternally connected to GND.Minimum On-TimeMinimum on-time setting pin. Connect this pin to Ground via RTON resistor.
Vs	
	Source Voltage Connect this pin to the source of the synchronous MOSFET.
VD	<b>Drain Voltage</b> This pin needs to be connected as closely as possible to the transformer used in the application, to minimize the effects of parasitic inductance on the performance of the device. The device requires that V <sub>D</sub> has a voltage greater than 1.5V and that the TOFF timer has expired before the MOSFET is able to be activated. Once these conditions are met and the voltage sensed on the V <sub>D</sub> Pin is 150mV lower than the Vs Pin, the gate output to the sync MOSFET will go high and the TON (minimum on-time) period is started. The MOSFET will remain on for at least the length of the minimum on-time. After the TON period, the MOSFET will go low. If the VTHOFF threshold is reached before the TON period has expired, the device will enter the Light Load Mode. Under this mode, the MOSFET will not be turned on the next switching cycle. The device will come out of light load, once the on-time of the synchronous MOSFET exceeds the set minimum on-time.
PGATE	Protection MOSFET Gate A 100nF capacitor should be connected between this pin and GND.
GATE	Gate Connect GATE to the gate of the controlled MOSFET through a small series resistor using short PC board tracks to achieve optimal switching performance. The gate output can source >2A peak source current while turning on the sync MOSFET and can sink >4A peak current while turning on the sync MOSFET.
SYNC	<b>Gate Turn-Off Synchronization</b> If a falling edge is sensed on this pin, the gate output is pulled low, irrespective of the sensed drain to source voltage or the state of the ToN timer. This characteristic allows the device to be easily used in a Continuous Conduction Mode (CCM) system. The SYNC Pin needs to be connected to a suitable control signal on the primary side of the convertor, using a high voltage isolation cap, transformer or other suitable means.
GND	<b>Ground</b> This is the reference potential for all internal comparators and thresholds. A $10\mu$ F decoupling capacitor is required to place as close as possible between V <sub>CC</sub> and GND Pins.
	PGATE GATE SYNC



## Absolute Maximum Ratings (@TA = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage, Relative to GND	Vcc	-0.3 to 15	V
Drain Pin Voltage	VD	-1 to +200	V
Gate Output Voltage	VG	12	V
Minimum Off-Time (TOFF) Pin Voltage	SYNC	-0.3 to 6	V
Minimum On-Time (T <sub>ON</sub> ) Pin Voltage	V <sub>TON</sub>	-0.3 to 6	V
Gate Driver Peak Source Current	ISOURCE	5	А
Gate Driver Peak Sink Current	Isink	5	А
Input Voltage Range V <sub>S</sub>	Vs	-1 to 1	V

## **Thermal Characteristics**

Characteristic	Symbol Value		Unit	
	(Note 5)		490 3.92	
Power Dissipation	(Note 6)		655 5.24	mW
Linear Derating Factor	(Note 7)	PD	720 5.76	mW/°C
	(Note 8)		785 6.28	
	(Note 5)		255	
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	(Note 6)	Deu	191	°C/W
mermai Resistance, Junction to Ambient	(Note 7)	Reja	173	°C/W
	(Note 8)		159	
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Lead	(Note 9)	Rejl	55	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	(Note 10)	Rejc	45	°C/W
Maximum Junction Temperature		TJ	+150	
Storage Temperature Range		Тѕтс	-65 to +150	- °C

## ESD Ratings (Note 11)

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit	JEDEC Class
Electrostatic Discharge – Human Body Model	ESD HBM	2,000	V	1C
Electrostatic Discharge – Machine Model	ESD MM	500	V	С

Notes:

5. For a device surface mounted on minimum recommended pad layout FR4 PCB with high coverage of single sided 1oz copper, in still air conditions; the device is measured when operating in a steady-state condition.

Same as Note (5), except Pin 1 (VCC) and Pin 8 (GND) are both connected to separate 5mm x 5mm 1oz copper heatsinks. Same as Note (6), except both heatsinks are 10mm x 10mm. Same as Note (6), except both heatsinks are 15mm x 15mm.

6. 7. 8.

9. Thermal resistance from junction to solder-point at the end of each lead on Pin 1 (VCC) and Pin 8 (GND).

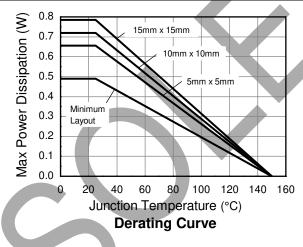
Thermal resistance from junction to solicit point at the order of each
Thermal resistance from junction to top of the case.
Refer to JEDEC specification JESD22-A114 and JESD22-A115.



# **Recommended Operating Conditions** (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
Vcc	Supply Voltage Range	4.5	12	V
VDS	Voltage Cross Drain and Source	-1	200	V
Fsw	Switching Frequency	20	600	kHz
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-40	+125	°C
RTON	Ton Resistor Value	8.25	100	kΩ
Cvcc	V <sub>CC</sub> Bypass Capacitor	10		μF
TWsync	Sync Pulse Width	20		ns







## Electrical Characteristics (@TA = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Dovemeter	Conditions	Mim	T	Max	Unit		
Symbol	Parameter		Min	Тур	Max			
VAVDD	Internal Regulator Output	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V		4.5		V		
		Vcc = 12V	_	4.7	_	V		
ICCSTART	Supply Current (Undervoltage)	Vcc = 2.6V	—	160	220	μA		
		$V_{CC} = 5.5V$ , $F_{SW} = 100$ kHz $C_{GATE} = 0$ pF	-	1.5	1.8			
100-11	Supply Current (Enchlod)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 12V, F <sub>SW</sub> = 100kHz C <sub>GATE</sub> = 0pF		1.8	2.2	<b>m</b> 4		
ICC <sub>ON</sub>	Supply Current (Enabled)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V, F <sub>SW</sub> = 100kHz C <sub>GATE</sub> = 3,300pF	-	3.2	4	mA		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 12V, F <sub>SW</sub> = 100kHz C <sub>GATE</sub> = 3,300pF	-	5	7			
Undervoltage Lo	Undervoltage Lockout (UVLO)							
UVLOTH	Vcc Undervoltage Lockout Threshold Rising	-	2.8	3.0	3.20	V		
UVLOHYS	Vcc Undervoltage Lockout Threshold Hysteresis	-	_	200	_	mV		
MOSFET Voltage	e Sensing							
VTHARM	Gate Re-Arming Threshold	$V_D$ to GND, Rising	-1.3	-1.5	-1.7	V		
VTHON	Gate Turn-On Threshold	(V <sub>D</sub> -V <sub>S</sub> ) Falling, V <sub>S</sub> = 0V	-220	-150	-80	mV		
Vthofflv	Gate Turn-Off Threshold	$(V_D-V_S) \ Rising, V_S = 0V, \ V_{CC} < 4.3V$	-30	-20	-10	mV		
Vthoffhv	Gate Turn-Off Threshold	(VD-Vs) Rising, Vs = 0V, Vcc > 4.3V	-10	-4	-1	mV		
T <sub>D(ON)</sub>	Gate Turn-On Propagation Delay	From VTHON to Gate > 1V	—	30	52	ns		
T <sub>D(OFF)</sub>	Gate Turn-Off Propagation Delay	From V <sub>THOFF</sub> to Gate < 4V	_	30	62	ns		
Minimum On-Tin	ne							
T <sub>ON-LR</sub>	Minimum On-Time Low Resistance	$R_{TON} = 8.25 k\Omega$	0.26	0.34	0.42	μs		
T <sub>ON-HR</sub>	Minimum On-Time High Resistance	$R_{TON} = 100 k\Omega$	2.2	3	3.8	μs		
Synchronization			1	1	1	L		
VTHSYNC	SYNC Falling Threshold	Gate Output from High to Low	V <sub>AVDD</sub> -2.4	V <sub>AVDD</sub> -2.0	V <sub>AVDD</sub> -1.6	V		
TSDLY	SYNC Propagation Delay (Note 8)	SYNC Falling to Gate Falling 10%, 4.5V < V <sub>CC</sub> < 5.5V	_	40	_	ns		
Rsync	SYNC Pull Up Resistance (Note 8)	Internal Resistance from SYNC to Vcc, 4.5V < Vcc < 5.5V	_	2.0	_	kΩ		

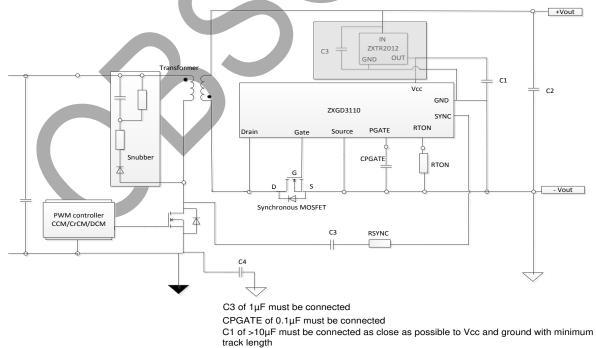


## Electrical Characteristics (Continued) (@TA = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

ate Driver						
Rgup	Gate Pull-Up Resistance Enabled	IGATE = -100mA	_	2.3	_	Ω
Rgdn	Gate Pull-Down Resistance Enabled	Igate = 100mA	_	1.1	_	Ω
ISOURCE	Peak Gate Source Current	C <sub>GATE</sub> = 22nF	_	3	_	A
Isink	Peak Gate Sink Current	CGATE = 22nF	_	4	_	<i>,</i>
\/		$V_{CC} = 5V$	4.7	-	_	
Vонg	Gate Output High Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 12V	9	-	_	١
Volg	Gate Output Low Voltage	Vcc = 5V	—		0.3	
		4V to 1V, CGATE = 3,300pF, Vcc = 5V	—	14	42	
Tfgate	Gate Fall Time	9V to 1V, C <sub>GATE</sub> = 3,300pF, V <sub>CC</sub> = 12V		20	42	
		1V to 4V, CGATE = 3,300pF, Vcc = 5V	_	16	42	n
Trgate	T <sub>RGATE</sub> Gate Rise Time	1V to 9V, CGATE = 3,300pF, Vcc = 12V	_	20	42	
cception Handling						
T <sub>OVER</sub>	Overtemperature	-	—	+150	_	٩
TRECOVER	Temperature to Recover from Overtemperature Exception	-	_	+125	_	0

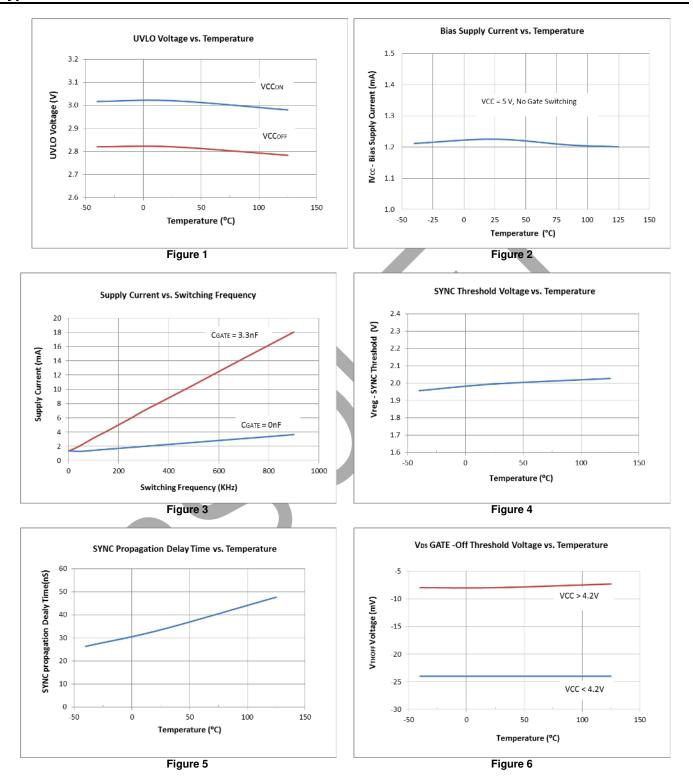
# **Typical Application Circuit**

Less than 12V rails can be directly connected to the Vcc. For more than 12V operation, a regulator arrangement is suggested in the figure.



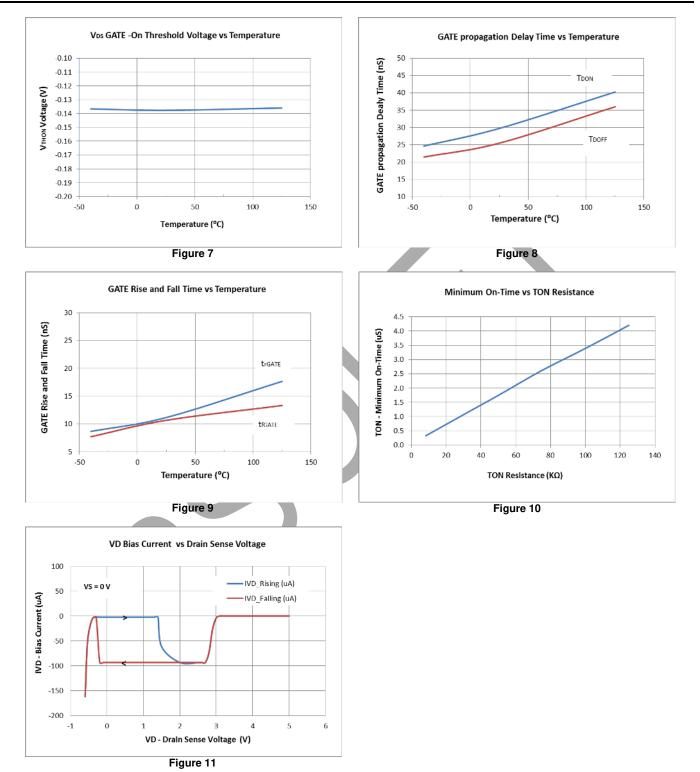


# **Typical Performance Characteristics**





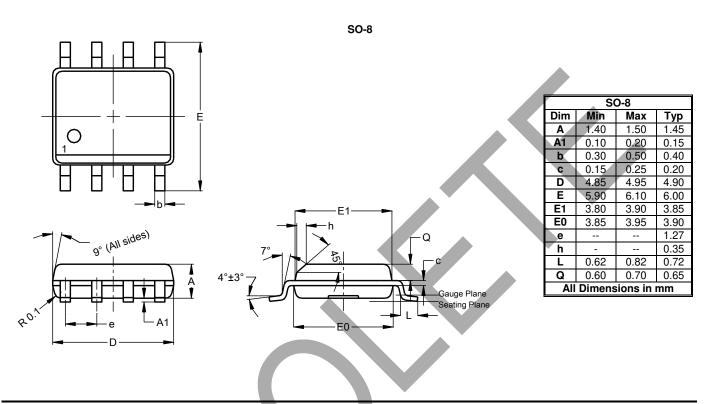
## Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)





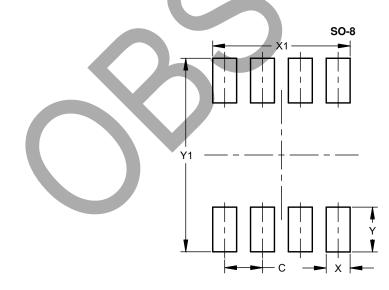
## **Package Outline Dimensions**

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.



## **Suggested Pad Layout**

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
С	1.27
Х	0.802
X1	4.612
Y	1.505
Y1	6.50



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