# Umgebungslicht und Näherungssensor Ambient Light and Proximity Sensor Lead (Pb) Free Product - RoHS Compliant

## SFH 7770

## Not for design in automotive and industrial applications

#### Wesentliche Merkmale

- Näherungssensor
  - Detektionsbereich bis 100mm
  - Gestenerkennung
  - Ausgänge zum Betrieb von bis zu drei IR Emittern
  - Optimiert für 850nm Emitter
  - Umgebungslicht-Unterdrückung
- Umgebungslichtsensor
  - 3lx 65000lx
  - Gute Linearität
  - Spektrale Empfindlichkeit ähnlich dem menschlichen Auge
- I<sup>2</sup>C interface
  - 100kHz / 400kHz und 3.4MHz Mode
  - verschiedene Messmoden programmierbar (STAND-BY, TRIGGERED, FREE-RUNNING)
- < 5 μA Stromverbrauch im STAND-BY
- Geringe Abmessungen, 2.8 x 2.8 x 0.9 mm<sup>3</sup>

#### Anwendungen

- Mobiltelefone
- PDA's und Notebooks
- Kameras
- Consumer Produkte

#### Features

- Proximity Sensor (PS)
  - Detection-range up to 100mm
  - Gesture recognition possible
  - Outputs to drive up to three IR emitters
  - Optimized for 850nm emitters
  - Suppression of ambient light
- Ambient Light Sensor (ALS)
  - 3lx 65000lx
  - High linearity
  - Spectral sensitivity well matched to the human eye
- I<sup>2</sup>C interface
  - 100kHz / 400kHz and 3.4MHz mode
  - Measurement modes programmable (STAND-BY, TRIGGERED, FREE-RUNNING)
- Current consumption < 5µA in STAND-BY
- Small package size, 2.8 x 2.8 x 0.9 mm<sup>3</sup>

#### Applications

- Mobile phones
- PDAs and notebooks
- Cameras
- Consumer products

| - 71*    | Bestellnummer<br>Ordering Code |
|----------|--------------------------------|
| SFH 7770 | Q65110A9565                    |

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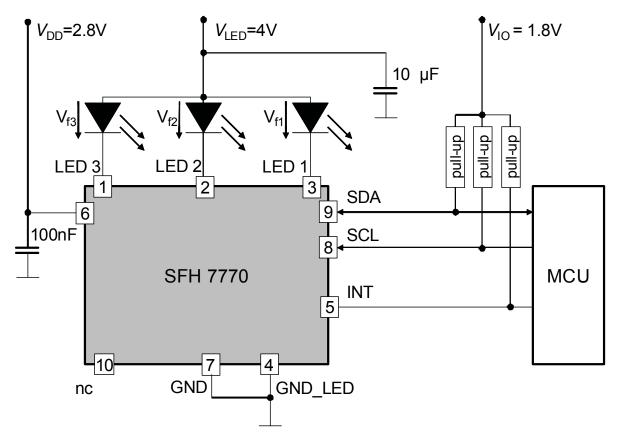
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#### Application diagram and basic informations



- The inductivity of the wire from the LED pin (1,2 or 3) to the cathode of the LED needs to be <20nH at If=200mA (e.g. max 2 3cm length of a wire). The cable length may be increased for lower currents inversely proportional to forward current: cable length ~ 1/forward current (e.g. max 8 12cm at If=50mA).</li>
- Proposed size for the pull-up resistor is 560 Ohm
- Short evaluation program

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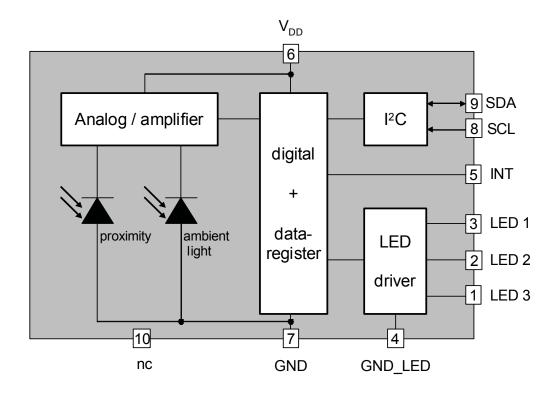
| Adress      | Command   | Action  |
|-------------|-----------|---|
| 0x80        | Write 03  | Ambient Light Sensor in FREE-RUNNING mode       |
| 0x81        | Write 03  | Proximity Sensor in FREE-RUNNING mode           |
| Wait 110 ms |           |   |
| 0x8C        | Read data | read LSByte data from ambient light measurement |
| 0x8D        | Read data | read MSByte data from ambient light measurement |
| 0x8F        | Read data | read data from proximity measurement LED 1      |

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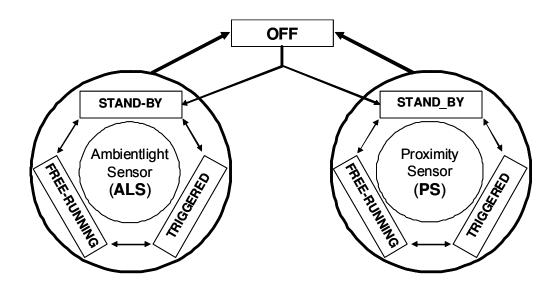
#### I<sup>2</sup>C interface

- 1.8V IO-logic level for SDA and SCL
- I/O-pins are open drain type and logic high level is set with external pull-up resistor
- SFH 7770 operates always as slave, address is 0x38.
- Designed for the I<sup>2</sup>C-modes: Standard (100kHz), Fast (400kHz) and High Speed (3.4MHz)
- Combined format (see I<sup>2</sup>C Bus specification UM10204 from NXP) for data reading
- Block READ and WRITE modes are available. In these modes several registers can be read or written
  during single I<sup>2</sup>C traffic period. The register values are provided in a cyclic manner until master sends
  the stop condition. E.g. if master uses block read and starts from register 0x8C, the slave returns
  following register values: 0x8C, 0x8D, 0x8E, 0x8F, 0x90, 0x91, 0x92, 0x93, 0x94 and so on until the
  master sends stop condition.
- Interrupt pin (INT): open-drain output (like SDA and SCL)



#### Measurement modes

| OFF          | $I_{DD}$ is below 2µA and the device is inactive. Other units may use the I <sup>2</sup> C bus without any restrections; I/O pins and INT are in a high Z state. There is no sink current through the LEDs.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| STAND-BY     | This is the initial mode after power-up. $I_{DD}$ is below 5µA. No measurement is performed. Device can be activated by I <sup>2</sup> C bus communication. Data registers can be read and written. The data will be stored in the registers when the device goes from TRIGGERED or FREE-RUNNING to STAND-BY.         |  |  |  |  |  |
| TRIGGERED    | Every measurement is separately initiated by MCU. This mode can be used for<br>Ambient Light Sensor and Proximity Sensor. Measurement data are available in the<br>registers after a defined delay time.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FREE-RUNNING | Measurements are triggered internally by SFH7770. This mode can also be used<br>for Ambient Light Sensor and Proximity Sensor. Measurement repetition rate and<br>current through the LEDs are defined by the MCU. Measurement results can be<br>read from the data register, the status from the interrupt register. |  |  |  |  |  |



If  $V_{\rm DD}$  exceeds the threshold-voltage, the sensor will switch from OFF to STAND-BY mode. As shown in the transition diagram above it is possible to switch between all modes without any restriction. The transition time between modes ( $t_{\rm trans}$ ) is < 10ms. The delay time between STAND-BY and start of measurement is max. 10ms for the Ambient Light Sensor.

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#### Maximum limits

| Parameter   | Symbol             |       | Unit |       |    |
|---|--------------------|-------|------|-------|----|
|   |                    | min.  | typ. | max.  | -  |
| Storage temperature   | T <sub>stg</sub>   | - 40  |      | + 85  | °C |
| Supply voltage (between $V_{\rm DD}$ and GND)   | $V_{DD}$           | - 0.3 |      | + 4.5 | V  |
| Maximum Voltage of SDA, SCL and INT to GND  | $V_{\mathrm{dig}}$ | - 0.3 |      | + 3.6 | V  |
| Maximum Voltage of LED1 LED3 to GND_LED   | $V_{LED}$          | - 0.3 |      | + 5.5 | V  |
| Maximum Voltage between GND and GND_LED   | $V_{LED}$          | -500  |      | +500  | mV |
| Electrostatic discharge<br>- Human Body Model<br>(according to JESD22-A114-E; Class2) | ESD                | 2     |      |       | kV |

#### **Operating conditions**

| Parameter   | Symbol              |      | Unit |            |          |
|---|---------------------|------|------|------------|----------|
|   |                     | min. | typ. | max.       |          |
| Operation temperature   | T <sub>op</sub>     | - 20 |      | + 85       | °C       |
| Supply Voltage  | $V_{DD}$            | 2.3  |      | 3.1        | V        |
| Ripple on Supply Voltage $(V_{DD} = 2.35 - 3.05V, DC \dots 100MHz)$ | $V_{\rm DD,rip}$    |      |      | 10         | mV       |
| Voltage for I/O (SDA, SCL, INT) <sup>1)</sup>                       | V <sub>IO</sub>     | 1.6  |      | 2.0        | V        |
| extended Voltage range for I/O (SDA, SCL, INT) <sup>2)</sup>        | V <sub>IO,ext</sub> | 1.6  |      | 3.1        | V        |
| Supply Voltage LED  | $V_{LED}$           | 2.3  |      | 4.25       | V        |
| Ripple $V_{\text{LED}}$ DC 30kHz30kHz 100MHz                        | $V_{\rm LED,rip}$   |      |      | 500<br>200 | mV<br>mV |

<sup>1)</sup> The limits for the logic levels of SCL and SDA pins are in accordance with the I<sup>2</sup>C bus specification from NXP (UM10204 "I<sup>2</sup>C bus specification and user manual", Rev. 03 - 19 June 2007). The same limits are valid for the logic levels of the interrupt pin (INT): the maximum level for logic "LOW" level is 30% of the I/O voltage  $V_{IO}$ , the minimum level for logic "HIGH" level is 70% of the I/O voltage  $V_{IO}$ .

<sup>2)</sup> Extended voltage range for I<sup>2</sup>C bus communication is only valid for standard- and fast-mode. Input levels are internally referenced to 1.8V. So "LOW" level threshold is 30% of 1.8V and "HIGH" level threshold is 70% of 1.8V regardless of the external I/O voltage V<sub>IO</sub>. Operating at V<sub>IO</sub>>2.0V can lead to minor timing violations to the I<sup>2</sup>C bus specification from NXP concerning the minimum/maximum hold time requirement.



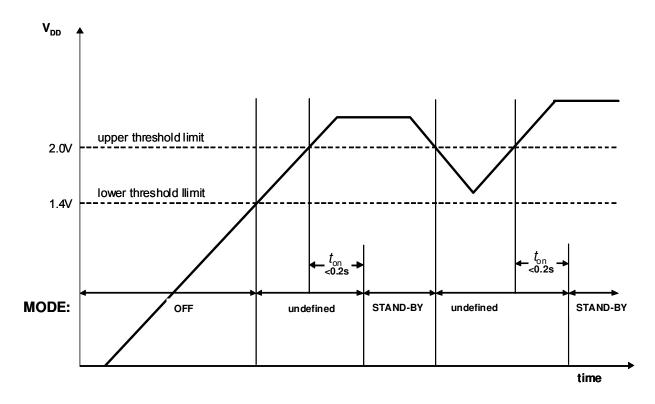
## **Characteristics** (Ta = 25°C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Value |      |      | Unit |
|-----------|--------|-------|------|------|------|
|           |        | min.  | typ. | max. |      |

#### General

| Conditions for OFF mode <sup>1)</sup>                         | $V_{\rm DD,off}$     |     | 1.4 | V  |
|---|----------------------|-----|-----|----|
| On-time (from OFF to STAND-BY) <sup>1)</sup>                  | t <sub>on</sub>      |     | 0.2 | s  |
| Threshold level for STAND-BY mode <sup>1)</sup>               | $V_{\rm DD,on}$      | 2.0 |     | V  |
| Transition time between modes (STAND-BYTRIGGEREDFREE-RUNNING) | t <sub>trans</sub>   |     | 10  | ms |
| STAND-BY mode current consumption                             | I <sub>DD,stby</sub> |     | 5   | μA |
| OFF mode current consumption                                  | I <sub>DD,off</sub>  |     | 2   | μA |

# <sup>1)</sup> Start-up sequence



The threshold limit where the device switches from OFF to STAND-BY is between  $V_{\text{DD}}$ =1.4V and  $V_{\text{DD}}$ =2.0V. Within 0.2s after exceeding the threshold voltage the device will switch from OFF to STAND-BY mode.

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#### **Characteristics** (Ta = 25°C)

| Parameter   | Symbol                 |      | Value       |      |                    |  |
|---|------------------------|------|-------------|------|--------------------|--|
|   |                        | min. | typ.        | max. |                    |  |
| Proximity Sensor (PS)   |                        |      |             | •    |                    |  |
| Wavelength of max. sensitivity  | $\lambda_{\rm S,max}$  |      | 850         |      | nm                 |  |
| Spectral range of sensitivity (50% of $S_{max}$ )   | $\lambda_{\rm S,50\%}$ |      | 750<br>1000 |      | nm                 |  |
| Sensitivity range, $\lambda = 850$ nm <sup>2)</sup>   | Ee                     |      | 0.09<br>1.6 |      | mW/cm <sup>2</sup> |  |
| Sensor signal (logarithmic) 2)  |                        |      | 0 254       |      | counts             |  |
| Measurement accuracy for irradiance Ee,<br>$\lambda$ =850nm at Ee=500 $\mu$ W/cm <sup>2</sup>           |                        | - 6  |             | + 6  | dB                 |  |
| LED pulse current, programmable,<br>( only when $V_{\text{LED}}$ - $V_{f1, f2, f3} > 0.4\text{V})^{1)}$ | I <sub>LED,PP</sub>    | 5.5  |             | 200  | mA                 |  |
| Accuracy of LED pulse current   | $\Delta I_{LED,PP}$    | -20  |             | +20  | %                  |  |
| Mean current consumption, FREE-RUNNING (one LED "ON", If=100mA, $t_{rep}$ = 100ms)                      | I <sub>act</sub>       |      |             | 300  | μΑ                 |  |
| Modulation frequency of LED current   | f <sub>mod</sub>       |      | 667         |      | kHz                |  |
| Repeat frequency in FREE-RUNNING mode (programmable)  | t <sub>rep</sub>       |      | 10<br>2000  |      | ms                 |  |
| Length of a single LED burst  | t <sub>burst</sub>     |      | 300         |      | μs                 |  |
| Length of a measurement cycle for 3 LEDs  | t                      |      | 1           |      | ms                 |  |
| Update of register data after MCU request   | t                      |      | 10          |      | ms                 |  |
| Sunlight suppression  |                        | 50   |             |      | klx                |  |

<sup>1)</sup> DC-offset of 0.5mA has to be added to LED current consumption during LED burst

#### <sup>2)</sup> Output signal of the Proximity Sensor

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The sensitivity range of the Proximity Sensor is typ. 100  $\mu$ W/cm² to 1.0 mW/cm². Within this range, the data in the SFH 7770 output register are available in an approximately logarithmic scale. The advantage of the logarithmic scale is the possibility to cover a large range of distance without changing the sensitivity settings of the sensor. In addition the data are then approximately proportional to the distance of an object.

When the irradiation is below 100  $\mu$ W/cm<sup>2</sup>, the PS output signal exhibits noise which is typically below 80 output counts (see the dashed line in the graph below).

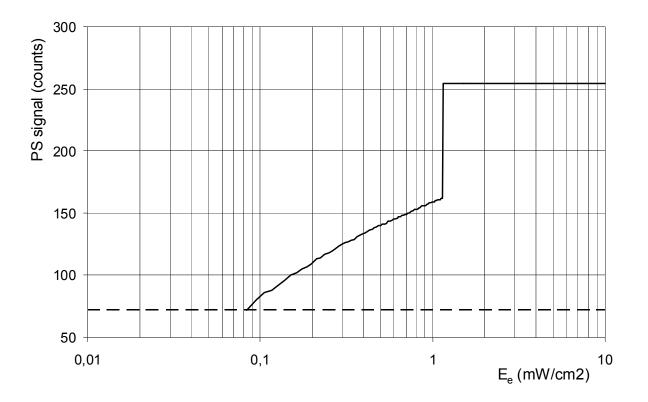
For irradiation higher than typ.  $100\mu$ W/cm<sup>2</sup>, the PS output signal increases monotonically up to a value of typ. 163.

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When the irradiation is higher than 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>, the PS output signal steps up to a value of 254 output counts.

The proximity signal is converted to a 8 bit signal. When the irradiation is 500  $\mu$ W/cm<sup>2</sup> the output is typically 137 (1010 0011). More details on the characteristics of the Proximity Sensor can be seen below.



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## **Characteristics** (Ta = $25^{\circ}$ C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Value |      |      | Unit |
|-----------|--------|-------|------|------|------|
|           |        | min.  | typ. | max. |      |

#### **Ambient Light Sensor (ALS)**

| 5 ( )   |                       |                  |                  |                  |            |
|---|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------|
| Wavelength of max. sensitivity  | $\lambda_{S max}$     |                  | 555              |                  | nm         |
| Spectral range of sensitivity (10% of S <sub>max</sub> )  | $\lambda_{\rm S10\%}$ |                  | 480-660          |                  | nm         |
| Measurement range   |                       | 3                |                  | 65000            | counts     |
| Sensitivity (1000lx)  | Out                   | 0.6              | 1                | 1.5              | count/lx   |
| Deviation from linear output characteristics <sup>1)</sup><br>X = 100-65000lx<br>X = 10-100lx<br>X = 3-10lx | f <sub>lin</sub>      |                  | ±5<br>±10<br>±30 |                  | %          |
| Temperature coefficient for <i>E</i> <sub>v</sub> measurement<br>0°C 50°C<br>-15°C 70°C                     | T <sub>cEv</sub>      | - 0.20<br>- 0.25 |                  | + 0.20<br>+ 0.25 | %/K<br>%/K |
| Update of register data after MCU request   | t                     |                  |                  | 100              | ms         |
| Measurement repetition rate in FREE-RUNNING mode, programmable  | t <sub>rep</sub>      |                  | 100<br>2000      |                  | ms         |
| Mean current consumption in FREE-RUNNING mode, $t_{rep} = 500$ ms   | I <sub>act</sub>      |                  |                  | 200              | μA         |
| Current consumption in STAND-BY mode  | I <sub>stby</sub>     |                  |                  | 5                | μA         |
| Error by Flicker noise<br>(caused by bulbs or fluorescent lamps)<br>(f = 50 or 60Hz, 100% modulation)       |                       | -5               |                  | +5               | %          |

<sup>1)</sup> The deviation of the linear output characteristic is referenced to 1000lx and follows the formula:

$$f_{\text{lin}} = \left(\frac{Y_{\text{X}}}{Y_{1000\text{lx}}} \times \frac{1000\text{lx}}{X} - 1\right) \times 100\%$$

X: sensor illumination level in lux

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 $Y_X$ : sensor output / measurement value at illumination level X

 $Y_{1000IX}$ : sensor output / measurement value at illumination level 1000lx



#### Software reset and control of the Ambient Light Sensor

| R/W-Register 0x80 |     |          |   |   |   |                   |                              |                 |                        |  |  |
|-------------------|-----|----------|---|---|---|-------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Bit               | 7   | 6        | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2                 |                              | 0               |                        |  |  |
|                   |     | not used |   |   |   | complete SW reset | mode of Ambient Light Sensor |                 |                        |  |  |
| default           | 000 | 00       |   |   |   | 0                 | 00                           | STAND-BY        |                        |  |  |
|                   |     |          |   |   |   | 1 SW reset        | 00                           | STAND-BY        |                        |  |  |
|                   |     |          |   |   |   |                   | 01                           | STAND-BY        |                        |  |  |
|                   |     |          |   |   |   |                   | 10                           | TRIGGERED (by I | MCU)                   |  |  |
|                   |     |          |   |   |   |                   | 11                           | FREE-RUNNING    | (internally triggered) |  |  |

SW reset (Bit 3 "H") starts sets all registers to default (same as POWER UP). Set back to "L" by SFH7770 automatically.

#### **Control of the Proximity Sensor**

| R/W-Re  | R/W-Register 0x81 |    |     |      |   |                          |     |                |                        |  |  |  |
|---------|-------------------|----|-----|------|---|--------------------------|-----|----------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Bit     | 7                 | 6  | 5   | 4    | 3 | 2                        | 1 0 |                |                        |  |  |  |
|         |                   |    | not | used |   | mode of Proximity Sensor |     |                |                        |  |  |  |
| default | XXXXX             | XX |     |      |   |                          | 00  | STAND-BY       |                        |  |  |  |
|         |                   |    |     |      |   |                          | 00  | STAND-BY       |                        |  |  |  |
|         |                   |    |     |      |   |                          | 01  | STAND-BY       |                        |  |  |  |
|         |                   |    |     |      |   |                          | 10  | TRIGGERED by M | 1CU                    |  |  |  |
|         |                   |    |     |      |   |                          | 11  | FREE-RUNNING ( | (internally triggered) |  |  |  |



#### **Emitter current setting**

| R/W-Re  | gister 0x82 |             |                            |      |   |                            |      |   |  |
|---------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------|------|---|----------------------------|------|---|--|
| Bit     | 7           | 6           | 5                          | 4    | 3 | 2                          | 1    | 0 |  |
|         | activation  | of LEDs     | setting LED2 pulse current |      |   | setting LED1 pulse current |      |   |  |
| default | 00          |             | 011 5                      | 0 mA |   | 011 5                      | 0 mA |   |  |
|         | 00 LED1 a   | active      | 000                        | 5 mA |   | 000                        | 5 mA |   |  |
|         | 01 LED1 a   | nd 2 active | 001 1                      | 0 mA |   | 001 1                      | 0 mA |   |  |
|         | 10 LED1 a   | nd 3 active | 010 2                      | 0 mA |   | 010 2                      | 0 mA |   |  |
|         | 11 all LED  | s active    | 011 5                      | 0 mA |   | 011 5                      | 0 mA |   |  |
|         |             |             | 100 10                     | 0 mA |   | 100 10                     | 0 mA |   |  |
|         |             |             | 101 15                     | 0 mA |   | 101 15                     | 0 mA |   |  |
|         |             |             | 110 20                     | 0 mA |   | 110 20                     | 0 mA |   |  |

#### **Emitter current setting**

| R/W-Re  | R/W-Register 0x83 |   |          |   |   |            |            |        |  |  |  |
|---------|-------------------|---|----------|---|---|------------|------------|--------|--|--|--|
| Bit     | 7                 | 6 | 5        | 4 | 3 | 2          | 1          | 0      |  |  |  |
|         |                   |   | not used |   |   | setting LE | D3 pulse c | urrent |  |  |  |
| default | XXXXX             |   |          |   |   | 011 5      | 0 mA       |        |  |  |  |
|         |                   |   |          |   |   | 000        | 5 mA       |        |  |  |  |
|         |                   |   |          |   |   | 001 10     | 0 mA       |        |  |  |  |
|         |                   |   |          |   |   | 010 20     | 0 mA       |        |  |  |  |
|         |                   |   |          |   |   | 011 50     | 0 mA       |        |  |  |  |
|         |                   |   |          |   |   | 100 100    | 0 mA       |        |  |  |  |
|         |                   |   |          |   |   | 101 150    | 0 mA       |        |  |  |  |
|         |                   |   |          |   |   | 110 200    | 0 mA       |        |  |  |  |



MCU-triggered measurement (for Ambient Light Sensor and Proximity Sensor)

| R/W-Register 0x84 |  |     |  |  |  |  |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|--|-----|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Bit               | Bit 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0                              |     |  |  |  |  |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|                   | not used trigger ambient light trigger proximity |     |  |  |  |  |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| default           | XXX  | ХХХ |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |

If "1" is set, a new measurement will start after the  $l^2C$  stop command from the MCU. As soon as the measurement is finished, the corresponding bit of the register will be set to "0" automatically by the SFH7770.

#### Proximity measurement: time interval settings (repetition time) for FREE-RUNNING mode

| R/W-Re  | R/W-Register 0x85 |       |      |   |               |     |      |   |   |  |  |  |
|---------|-------------------|-------|------|---|---------------|-----|------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Bit     | 7                 | 6     | 5    | 4 | 3             |     | 2    | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |
|         |                   | not u | used |   | time-interval |     |      |   |   |  |  |  |
| default | XXXX              |       |      |   | 0101          | 10  | 0 ms |   |   |  |  |  |
|         |                   |       |      |   | 0000          | 1   | 0 ms |   |   |  |  |  |
|         |                   |       |      |   | 0001          | 2   | 0 ms |   |   |  |  |  |
|         |                   |       |      |   | 0010          | 3   | 0 ms |   |   |  |  |  |
|         |                   |       |      |   | 0011          | 5   | 0 ms |   |   |  |  |  |
|         |                   |       |      |   | 0100          | 7   | 0 ms |   |   |  |  |  |
|         |                   |       |      |   | 0101          | 10  | 0 ms |   |   |  |  |  |
|         |                   |       |      |   | 0110          | 20  | 0 ms |   |   |  |  |  |
|         |                   |       |      |   | 0111          | 50  | 0 ms |   |   |  |  |  |
|         |                   |       |      |   | 1000          | 100 | 0 ms |   |   |  |  |  |
|         |                   |       |      |   | 1001          | 200 | 0 ms |   |   |  |  |  |

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#### Ambient light measurement: time interval settings (repetition time) for FREE-RUNNING mode

| R/W-Register 0x86 |       |   |          |   |       |        |              |    |  |  |  |
|-------------------|-------|---|----------|---|-------|--------|--------------|----|--|--|--|
| Bit               | 7     | 6 | 5        | 4 | 3 2 1 |        |              |    |  |  |  |
|                   |       |   | not used |   |       |        | time-interva | ıl |  |  |  |
| default           | XXXXX |   |          |   | 010 5 | 00 ms  |              |    |  |  |  |
|                   |       |   |          |   |       | 000 1  | 00 ms        |    |  |  |  |
|                   |       |   |          |   |       | 001 2  | 00 ms        |    |  |  |  |
|                   |       |   |          |   |       | 010 5  | 00 ms        |    |  |  |  |
|                   |       |   |          |   |       | 011 10 | 00 ms        |    |  |  |  |
|                   |       |   |          |   |       | 100 20 | 00 ms        |    |  |  |  |

#### Part number and revision Identification

| R-Register 0x8A |                             |                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Bit             | Bit 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0         |                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                 |                             | Part number ID Revision ID |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                 | 1001 XXXX (start with 0000) |                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### **Manufacturer Identification**

| R-Register 0x8B     |                             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Bit 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 |                             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                     | Manufacturer Identification |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                     | 0000 0011                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Ambient Light measurement data (0x8C: LSB, 0x8D: MSB)

| R-Register 0x8C |                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Bit             | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                 | LSB data        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| default         | 0000000         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| R-Register 0x8D |                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Bit             | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                 | MSB data        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| default         | 0000000         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The result of the Ambient Light Sensor is a 16bit word with MSB and LSB and is stored in two registers.. The binary data can be converted directly to decimal "Ix" values (max. 65535Ix)

#### Status of measurement data for Ambient Light Sensor (ALS) and Proximity Sensor (PS)

| R-Regis | R-Register 0x8E  |             |                      |                 |                      |                 |                      |                 |  |  |  |
|---------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Bit     | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0  |             |                      |                 |                      |                 |                      |                 |  |  |  |
|         | ALS<br>threshold | ALS<br>data | PS LED3<br>threshold | PS LED3<br>data | PS LED2<br>threshold | PS LED2<br>data | PS LED1<br>threshold | PS LED1<br>data |  |  |  |
| default | 0000000          |             |                      |                 |                      |                 |                      |                 |  |  |  |

When the measurement data are available in the register, the corresponding status bit (bit 6 for ambient-light; bit 4, 2 and 0 for proximity) in register 0x8E is set to "1". When the measurement data have been read by the MCU, the status bit is automatically set back to "0".

Bit 7 is set "1" when the measured ALS value is outside the threshold level settings (register 0x96... 0x99). Bit 1, 3 and 5 are set when the measured PS value is above the threshold level (register 0x93... 0x95).

The status of register 0x8E will always be updated when a new measurement is available.

#### Proximity measurement data (LED 1, 8bit, logarithmic)

| R-Register 0x8F |                 |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------|-----------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Bit             | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                 |                 | data |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| default         | 0000000         |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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#### Proximity measurement data (LED 2, 8bit, logarithmic)

| R-Register 0x90 |                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Bit             | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                 | data            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| default         | 0000000         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### Proximity measurement data (LED 3, 8bit, logarithmic)

| R-Register 0x91 |   |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |
|-----------------|---|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Bit             | 7 | 6       | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |
|                 |   | data    |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |
| default         |   | 0000000 |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |

#### Interrupt register / INT output.

| R/W-Re  | R/W-Register 0x92 |                             |      |             |               |                    |            |                   |  |
|---------|-------------------|-----------------------------|------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------|-------------------|--|
| Bit     | 7                 | 6                           | 5    | 4           | 3             | 2                  | 1          | 0                 |  |
|         | not<br>used       | Interrupt<br>trigger source |      | not<br>used | Output mode   | Output<br>polarity | •          | ot mode<br>ed by) |  |
| R/W     | not<br>used       | Ro                          | nly  | not<br>used | R/W           | R/W                | R/         | W                 |  |
| default | Х                 | 00                          |      | Х           | 1             | 0                  | 00         |                   |  |
|         |                   | 00 ALS                      |      |             | 0 latched     | 0 active L         | 00 Z state | Э                 |  |
|         |                   | 01 PS (LE                   | D 1) |             | 1 not latched | 1 active H         | 01 only F  | S                 |  |
|         |                   | 10 PS (LE                   | D 2) |             |               |                    | 10 only A  | LS                |  |
|         |                   | 11 PS (LE                   | D 3) |             |               |                    | 11 PS an   | d ALS             |  |
|         |                   |                             |      |             |               |                    |            |                   |  |

In Bit6/5 the source which triggers the interrupt is noted. Data from the status register (0x8E) are used. In latched mode (set by bit3) this remains unchanged until the Interrupt register has been read by the MCU, afterewards it is set to 0 automatically. In unlatched mode it is updated after every measurement. The output polarity (pin 5 of the SFH7770) can be changed by bit 2.

The interrupt can be triggered by the Ambient Light Sensor and / or by the Proximity Sensor; this can be set by the Interrupt mode (bit 1/bit 0). When bit 1 and bit 0 is set to 0, the INT output is in the high Z state (high impedance).



Threshold level for Proximity Sensor (LED 1)

| RW-Register 0x93 |         |      |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |
|------------------|---------|------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| Bit              | 7       | 6    | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |
|                  |         | data |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |
| default          | 1111111 |      |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |

#### Threshold level for Proximity Sensor (LED 2)

| RW-Register 0x94 |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |
|------------------|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Bit              | 7       | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |
|                  | data    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |
| default          | 1111111 |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |

## Threshold level for Proximity Sensor (LED 3)

| RW-Register 0x95 |                 |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|-----------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Bit              | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                  |                 | data |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| default          | 1111111         |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### Upper threshold level for Ambient Light Sensor (LSB)

| RW-Register 0x96 |                            |                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Bit              | 7                          | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                  | LSB data (upper threshold) |                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| default          | 1111111                    |                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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Upper threshold level for Ambient Light Sensor (MSB)

| RW-Register 0x97 |                            |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |
|------------------|----------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| Bit              | 7                          | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |
|                  | MSB data (upper threshold) |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |
| default          | 1111111                    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |

#### Lower threshold level for Ambient Light Sensor (LSB)

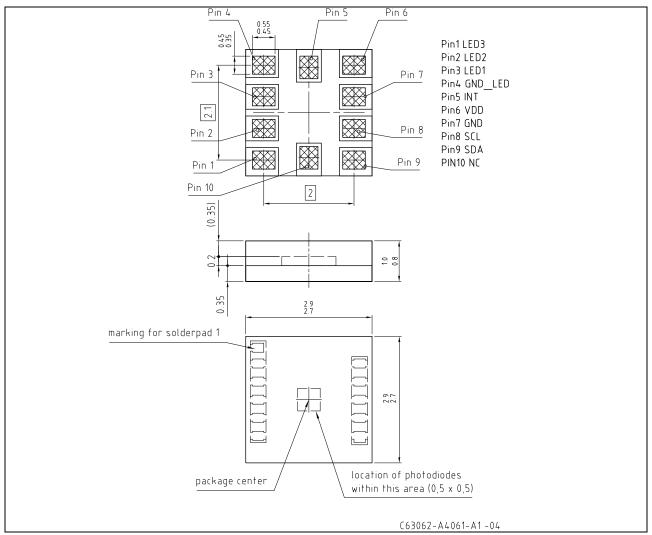
| RW-Register 0x98 |                            |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |
|------------------|----------------------------|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| Bit              | 7                          | 6       | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |
|                  | LSB data (lower threshold) |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |
| default          |                            | 0000000 |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |

#### Lower threshold level for Ambient Light Sensor (MSB)

| RW-Register 0x99 |                            |                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Bit              | 7                          | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                  | MSB data (lower threshold) |                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| default          | 0000000                    |                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



#### Package Outlines

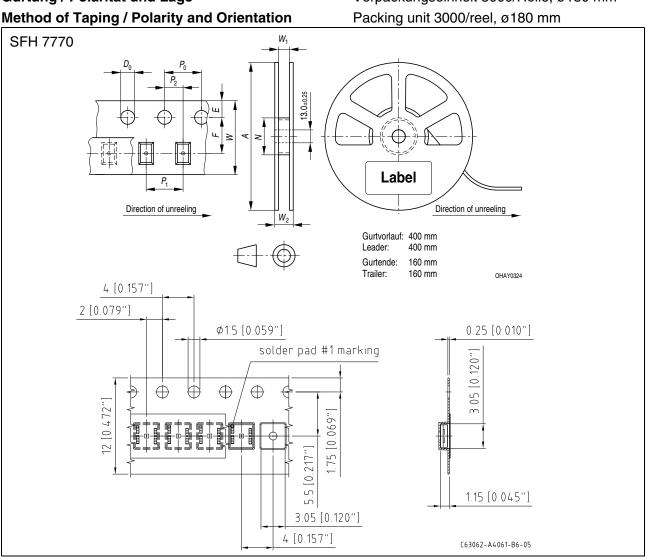


Maße in mm/ Dimensions in mm

**Opto Semiconductors** 

Pin 1 identifier: one additional yellow pad in the edge, visible in front view





# Gurtung / Polarität und Lage

Verpackungseinheit 3000/Rolle, ø180 mm

Maße in mm (inch) / Dimensions in mm (inch).

Tape dimensions in mm (inch)

| W             | P <sub>0</sub>  | <i>P</i> <sub>1</sub>                                       | <i>P</i> <sub>2</sub> | D <sub>0</sub> | E | F  |
|---------------|---|---|-----------------------|----------------|---|--|
| 8 +0.3 / -0.1 | $\begin{array}{c} 4\pm 0.1 \\ (0.157\pm 0.004) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 4\pm 0.1 \\ (0.157\pm 0.004) \end{array}$ |                       |                |   | $\begin{array}{c} 3.5 \pm 0.05 \\ (0.138 \pm 0.002) \end{array}$ |

Reel dimensions in mm (inch)

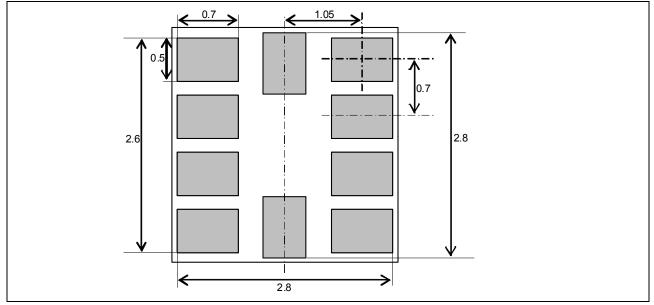
| A       | W         | N <sub>min</sub> | W <sub>1</sub>          | W <sub>2 max</sub> |
|---------|-----------|------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| 180 (7) | 8 (0.315) | 60 (2.362)       | 8.4 + 2 (0.331 + 0.079) | 14.4 (0.567)       |

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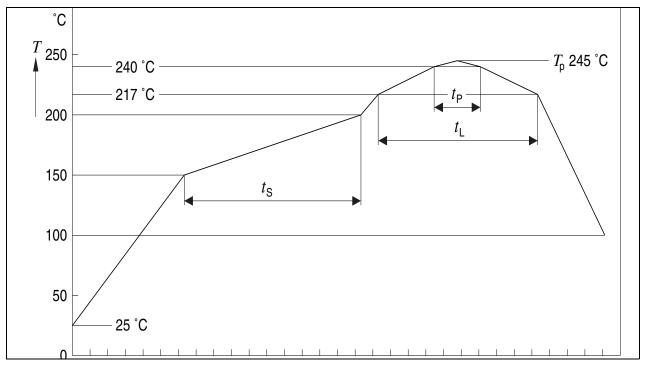


**Recommended solderpad design** 



Maße in mm/ Dimensions in mm

Lötbedingungen Soldering Conditions Reflow Lötprofil für bleifreies Löten Reflow Soldering Profile for lead free soldering Vorbehandlung nach JEDEC Level 3 Preconditioning acc. to JEDEC Level 3 (nach J-STD-020-D.01) (acc. to J-STD-020-D.01)



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|  | Pb-Free (Sn/   | AgCu) Assembly         |
|--|----------------|------------------------|
| Profile Feature  | Recommendation | Max. Ratings           |
| Ramp-up Rate to Preheat <sup>*)</sup><br>25°C to 150°C                             | 2°C / sec      | 3°C / sec              |
| Time t <sub>s</sub> from T <sub>Smin</sub> to T <sub>Smax</sub><br>(150°C to 200°C | 100s           | min. 60sec max. 120sec |
| Ramp-up Rate to Peak <sup>*)</sup><br>T <sub>Smax</sub> to T <sub>P</sub>          | 2°C / sec      | 3°C / sec              |
| Liquidus Temperture T <sub>L</sub>   | 2              | 17°C                   |
| Time t <sub>L</sub> above T <sub>L</sub>   | 80sec          | max. 100sec            |
| Peak Temperature T <sub>P</sub>  | 245°C          | max. 260°C             |
| Time $t_p$ within 5°C of the specified peak temperature $T_p$ - 5K                 | 20sec          | min. 10sec max. 30sec  |
| Ramp-down Rate*<br>T <sub>P</sub> to 100°C   | 3°C / sec      | 6°C / sec maximum      |
| Time 25°C to Peak temperature  |                | max. 8 min.            |

All temperatures refer to the center of the package, measured on the top of the component

\* slope calculation  $\Delta T/\Delta t$ :  $\Delta t$  max. 5 sec; fulfillment for the whole T-range



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<sup>2</sup> Life support devices or systems are intended (a) to be implanted in the human body, or (b) to support and/or maintain and sustain human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user may be endangered.

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