

LM9140

Precision Micropower Shunt Voltage Reference

General Description

The LM9140's reverse breakdown voltage temperature coefficients of ± 25 ppm/'C are ideal for precision applications. The LM9140's advanced design eliminates the need for an external stabilizing capacitor while ensuring stability with any capacitive load, thus making the LM9140 easy to use. Further reducing design effort is the availability of several fixed reverse breakdown voltages: 2.500V, 4.096V, 5.000V, and 10.000V. The minimum operating current increases from 60 μA for the LM9140-2.5 to 100 μA for the LM9140-10.0. All versions have a maximum operating current of 15 mA.

The LM9140 utilizes fuse and zener-zap reverse breakdown voltage trim during wafer sort to ensure that the prime parts have an accuracy of better than $\pm 0.5\%$ (B grade) at 25°C. Bandgap reference temperature drift curvature correction and low dynamic impedance ensure stable reverse breakdown voltage accuracy over a wide range of operating temperatures and currents.

Features

- Guaranteed temperature coefficient of ±25 ppm/°C
- Reverse breakdown voltage tolerance of ±0.5%
- Small package: TO-92
- No output capacitor required

- Tolerates capacitive loads
- Fixed reverse breakdown voltages of 2.500V, 4.096V, 5.000V, and 10.000V

Key Specifications

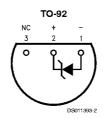
(LM9140-2.5)

- Temperature coefficient: ±25 ppm/°C (max)
- Output voltage tolerance: ±0.5% (max)
- Low output noise (10 Hz to 10 kHz): 35 µV_{rms} (typ)
- Wide operating current range: 60 µA to 15 mA
- Industrial temperature range: -40°C to +85°C

Applications

- Portable, Battery-Powered Equipment
- Data Acquisition Systems
- Instrumentation
- Process Control
- Energy Management
- Product Testing
- Automotive
- Precision Audio Components

Connection Diagram



Bottom View See NS Package Number Z03A

Ordering Information

Reverse Breakdown Voltage Tolerance at 25°C and Average Reverse Breakdown	Z (TO-92)
Voltage Temperature Coefficient 0.5%, 25 ppm/°C max	LM9140BYZ-2.5,
	LM9140BYZ-4.1,
	LM9140BYZ-5.0,
	LM9140BYZ-10.0

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

Reverse Current 20 mA Forward Current 10 mA

Power Dissipation (T_A = 25°C) (Note 2)

Z Package 550 mW Storage Temperature -65°C to +150°C Lead Temperature

Z Package

Soldering (10 seconds) +260°C

ESD Susceptibility

Human Boddy Mode (Note 3) 2 kV Machine Model (Note 3) 200V

Operating Ratings (Notes 1, 2)

Temperature Range

 $(T_{min} \le T_A \le T_{max})$ $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +85^{\circ}C$

Reverse Current

LM9140-2.5 60 μA to 15 mA LM9140-4.1 68 μA to 15 mA LM9140-5.0 74 μA to 15 mA

LM9140-10.0 100 μA to 15 mA

LM9140BYZ-2.5

Electrical Characteristics

Boldface limits apply for $T_A = T_J = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} ; all other limits $T_A = T_J = 25^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typical	Limits	Units
			(Note 4)	(Note 5)	(Limit)
V _R	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	I _R = 100 μA	2.500		V
	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	I _R = 100 μA		±12.5	mV (max)
	Tolerance (Note 6)			±16.6	mV (max)
I _{RMIN}	Minimum Operating Current		45		μΑ
				60	μA (max)
				65	μA (max)
$\Delta V_R / \Delta T$	Average Reverse Breakdown	I _R = 10 mA	±10		ppm/°C
	Voltage Temperature	I _R = 1 mA	±10	±25	ppm/°C (max)
	Coefficient (Note 7)	I _R = 100 μA	±10		ppm/°C
$\Delta V_R / \Delta I_R$	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	I _{RMIN} ≤ I _R ≤ 1 mA	0.3		mV
	Change with Operating			0.8	mV (max)
	Current Change			1.0	mV (max)
		1 mA ≤ I _R ≤ 15 mA	2.5		mV
				6.0	mV (max)
				8.0	mV (max)
Z _R	Reverse Dynamic Impedance	I _R = 1 mA, f = 120 Hz,	0.3		Ω
		I _{AC} = 0.1 I _R		0.8	Ω (max)
e _N	Wideband Noise	I _R = 100 μA	35		μV_{rms}
		10 Hz ≤ f ≤ 10 kHz			
ΔV _R	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	t = 1000 hrs			
	Long Term Stability	$T = 25^{\circ}C \pm 0.1^{\circ}C$	120		ppm
		I _R = 100 μA			

LM9140BYZ-4.1

Electrical Characteristics

Boldface limits apply for $T_A = T_J = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} ; all other limits $T_A = T_J = 25^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typical	Limits	Units
			(Note 4)	(Note 5)	(Limit)
V _R	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	I _R = 100 μA	4.096		V
	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	I _R = 100 μA		±20.5	mV (max)
	Tolerance (Note 6)			±27.1	mV (max)

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Boldface limits apply for $T_A = T_J = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} ; all other limits $T_A = T_J = 25^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typical	Limits	Units
			(Note 4)	(Note 5)	(Limit)
I _{RMIN}	Minimum Operating Current		50		μΑ
				68	μ A (max)
				73	μ A (max)
$\Delta V_R/\Delta T$	Average Reverse Breakdown	I _R = 10 mA	±10		ppm/°C
	Voltage Temperature	I _R = 1 mA	±10	±25	ppm/°C (max)
	Coefficient (Note 7)	I _R = 100 μA	±10		ppm/°C
$\Delta V_R/\Delta I_R$	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	I _{RMIN} ≤ I _R ≤ 1 mA	0.5		mV
	Change with Operating			0.9	mV (max)
	Current Change			1.2	mV (max)
		1 mA ≤ I _R ≤ 15 mA	3.0		mV
				7.0	mV (max)
				10.0	mV (max)
Z _R	Reverse Dynamic Impedance	I _R = 1 mA, f = 120 Hz,	0.5		Ω
		I _{AC} = 0.1 I _R		1.0	Ω(max)
e _N	Wideband Noise	I _R = 100 μA	80		μV_{rms}
		10 Hz ≤ f ≤ 10 kHz			
ΔV_R	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	t = 1000 hrs			
	Long Term Stability	T = 25°C ±0.1°C	120		ppm
		I _R = 100 μA			
		I _R = 100 μA			

LM9140BYZ-5.0

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Electrical Characteristics} \\ \textbf{Boldface limits apply for } T_{\textbf{A}} = T_{\textbf{J}} = T_{\textbf{MIN}} \ \textbf{to } T_{\textbf{MAX}}; \ \textbf{all other limits } T_{\textbf{A}} = T_{\textbf{J}} = 25^{\circ} C \\ \end{tabular}$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typical	Limits	Units
			(Note 4)	(Note 5)	(Limit)
V _R	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	I _R = 100 μA	5.000		V
	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	I _R = 100 μA		±25.0	mV (max)
	Tolerance (Note 6)			±33.1	mV (max)
I _{RMIN}	Minimum Operating Current		55		μA
				74	μ A (max)
				80	μ A (max)
$\Delta V_R/\Delta T$	Average Reverse Breakdown	I _R = 10 mA	±10		ppm/°C
	Voltage Temperature	I _R = 1 mA	±10	±25	ppm/°C (max)
	Coefficient (Note 7)	I _R = 100 μA	±10		ppm/°C
$\Delta V_R / \Delta I_R$	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	I _{RMIN} ≤ I _R ≤ 1 mA	0.5		mV
	Change with Operating			1.0	mV (max)
	Current Change			1.4	mV (max)
		1 mA ≤ I _R ≤ 15 mA	3.5		mV
				8.0	mV (max)
				12.0	mV (max)
Z _R	Reverse Dynamic Impedance	I _R = 1 mA, f = 120 Hz,	0.5		Ω
		I _{AC} = 0.1 I _R		1.1	Ω(max)
e _N	Wideband Noise	I _R = 100 μA	80		μV_{rms}
		10 Hz ≤ f ≤ 10 kHz			

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Boldface limits apply for $T_A = T_J = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} ; all other limits $T_A = T_J = 25^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typical (Note 4)	Limits (Note 5)	Units (Limit)
ΔV_{R}	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	t = 1000 hrs			
	Long Term Stability	T = 25°C ±0.1°C	120		ppm
		I _R = 100 μA			

LM9140BYZ-10.0

Electrical Characteristics

Boldface limits apply for $T_A = T_J = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} ; all other limits $T_A = T_J = 25^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typical	Limits	Units
			(Note 4)	(Note 5)	(Limit)
V _R	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	I _R = 150 μA	10.00		٧
	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	I _R = 100 μA		±50.0	mV (max)
	Tolerance (Note 6)			±66.3	mV (max)
I _{RMIN}	Minimum Operating Current		75		μΑ
				100	μA (max)
				103	μA (max)
$\Delta V_R / \Delta T$	Average Reverse Breakdown	I _R = 10 mA	±10		ppm/°C
	Voltage Temperature	I _R = 1 mA	±10	±25	ppm/°C (max)
	Coefficient (Note 7)	I _R = 150 μA	±10		ppm/°C
$\Delta V_R / \Delta I_R$	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	$I_{RMIN} \le I_{R} \le 1 \text{ mA}$	0.8		mV
	Change with Operating			1.6	mV (max)
	Current Change			3.5	mV (max)
		1 mA ≤ I _R ≤ 15 mA	8.0		mV
				12.0	mV (max)
				23.0	mV (max)
Z _R	Reverse Dynamic Impedance	I _R = 1 mA, f = 120 Hz,	0.7		Ω
		I _{AC} = 0.1 I _R		1.7	Ω(max)
e _N	Wideband Noise	I _R = 150 μA	180		μV_{rms}
		10 Hz ≤ f ≤ 10 kHz			
ΔV_R	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	t = 1000 hrs			
	Long Term Stability	$T = 25^{\circ}C \pm 0.1^{\circ}C$	120		ppm
		I _R = 150 μA			

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits. For guaranteed specifications and test conditions, see the Electrical Characteristics. The guaranteed specifications apply only for the test conditions issee the Electrical Characteristics apply only for the test conditions listed. Some performance characteristics may degrade when the device is not operated under the listed test conditions.

Note 2: The maximum power dissipation must be derated at elevated temperatures and is dictated by T_{Jmax} (maximum junction temperature), θ_{JA} (junction to ambient thermal resistance), and T_A (ambient temperature). The maximum allowable power dissipation at any temperature is $PD_{MAX} = (T_{Jmax} - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ or the number given in the Absolute Maximum Ratings, whichever is lower. For the LM9140, $T_{Jmax} = 125$ °C, and the typical thermal resistance (θ_{JA}), when board mounted, is 170°C/W with 0.125° lead length for the TO-92 package.

Note 3: The human body model is a 100 pF capacitor discharged through a 1.5 kΩ resistor into each pin. The machine mode is a 200 pF capacitor discharged directly into each pin.

Note 4: Typicals are at T_{.1} = 25°C and represent most likely parametric norm.

Note 5: Limits are 100% production tested at 25 °C. Limits over temperature are guaranteed through correlation using Statistical Quality Control (SQC) methods. The limits are used to calculate National's AOQL.

Note 6: The boldface (over-temperature) limit for Reverse Breakdown Voltage Tolerance is defined as a room termperature Reverse Breakdown Voltage Tolerance $\pm [\Delta V_R/\Delta T)$ (65°C) (V_R)]. $\Delta V_R/\Delta T$ is the V_R temperature coefficent, 65°C is the temperature range from -40°C to the reference point of 25°C, and V_R is the reverse breakdown voltage. The total over-temperature tolerence for the different grades is shown below:

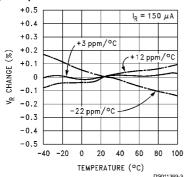
B-grade: ±0.66% = ±0.5% ±25 ppm/°C x 65°C

Therefore, as an example, the B-grade LM9140-2.5 has an over-temperature Reverse Breakdown Voltage tolerance of ±2.5V x 0.66% = ±16.6 mV.

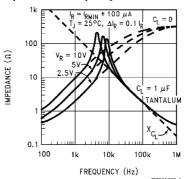
Note 7: The average temperature coefficient is defined as the maximum deviation of reference voltage at all measured temperatures between the operating T_{MAX} and T_{MIN}, divided by T_{MAX} – T_{MIN}. The measured temperatures are –55°C, –40°C, 0°C, 25°C, 70°C, 85°C and 125°C.

Typical Performance Characteristics

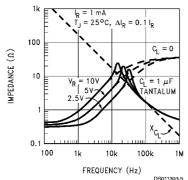
Temperature Drift for Different Average Temperature Coefficient



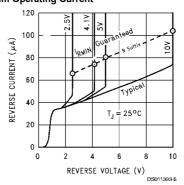
Output Impedance vs Frequency



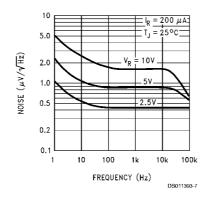
Output Impedance vs Frequency



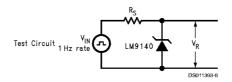
Reverse Characteristics and Minimum Operating Current

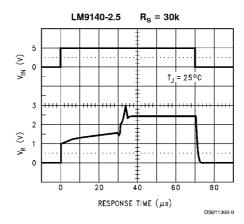


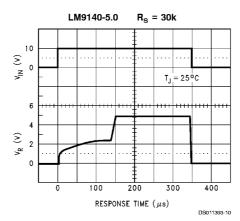
Noise Voltage vs Frequency

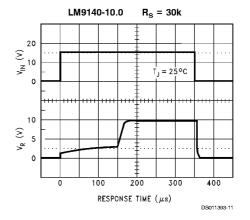


Start-Up Characteristics

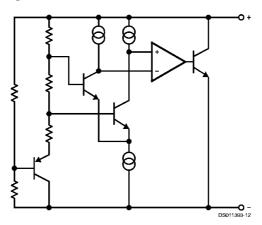








Functional Block Diagram



Applications Information

The LM9140 is a precision micro-power curvature-corrected bandgap shunt voltage reference. The LM9140 has been designed for stable operation without the need of an external capacitor connected between the "+" pin and the "-" pin. If, however, a bypass capacitor is used, the LM9140 remains stable. Reducing design effort is the availability of several fixed reverse breakdown voltages: 2.500V, 4.096V, 5.000V, and 10.000V. The minimum operating current increases from 60 μA for the LM9140-2.5 to 100 μA for the LM9140-10.0. All versions have a maximum operating current of 15 mA.

The 4.096V version allows single +5V 12-bit ADCs or DACs to operate with an LSB equal to 1 mV. For 12-bit ADCs or DACs that operate on supplies of 10V or greater, the 8.192V version gives 2 mV per LSB.

In a conventional shunt regulator application (Figure 1), an external series resistor ($R_{\rm S}$) is connected between the sup-

ply voltage and the LM9140. $R_{\rm S}$ determines the current that flows through the load ($l_{\rm L}$) and the LM9140 ($l_{\rm O}$). Since load current and supply voltage may vary, $R_{\rm S}$ should be small enough to supply at least the minimum acceptable $l_{\rm O}$ to the LM9140 even when the supply voltage is at its minimum and the load current is at its maximum value. When the supply voltage is at its maximum and $I_{\rm L}$ is at its minimum, $R_{\rm S}$ should be large enough so that the current flowing through the LM9140 is less than 15 mA.

 R_S is determined by the supply voltage, $(V_S),$ the load and operating current, $(I_L$ and $I_Q),$ and the LM9140's reverse breakdown voltage, $V_R.$

$$R_S = \frac{V_S - V_R}{I_L + I_Q}$$

Typical Applications

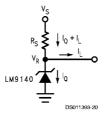
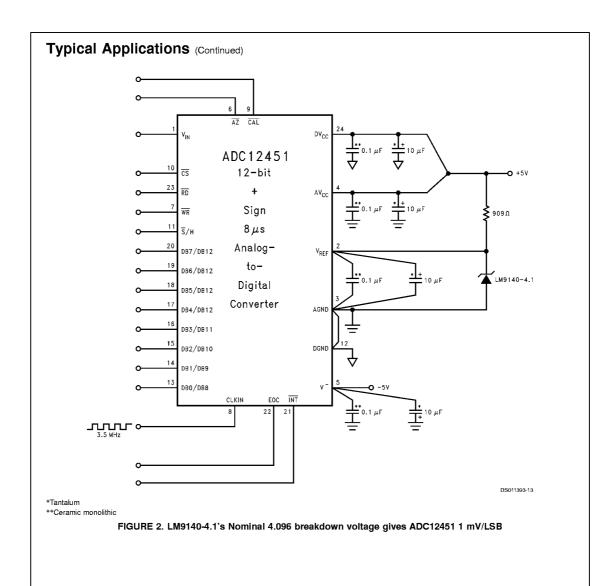


FIGURE 1. Shunt Regulator



Typical Applications (Continued)

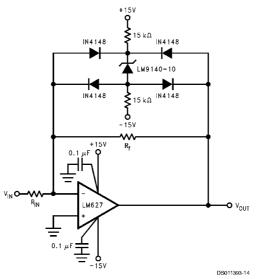


FIGURE 3. Bounded amplifier reduces saturation-induced delays and can prevent succeeding stage damage. Nominal clamping voltage is $\pm 11.5V$ (LM9140's reverse breakdown voltage +2 diode V_F).

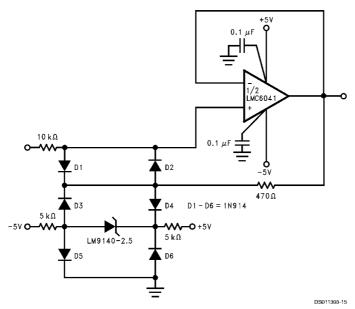
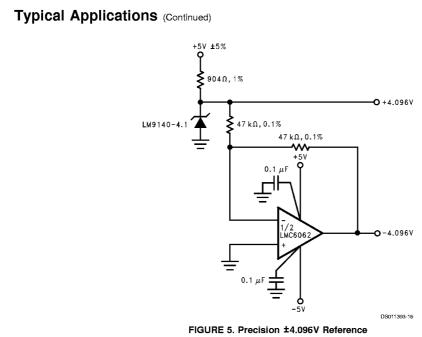
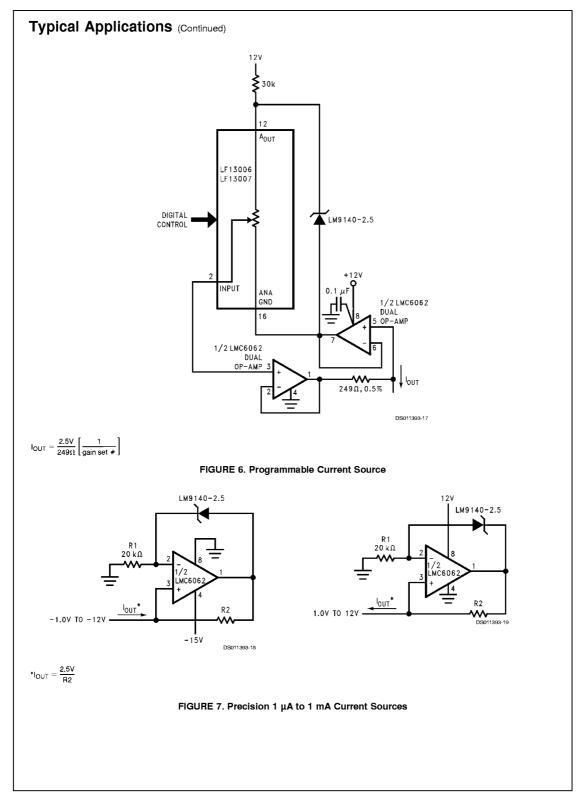
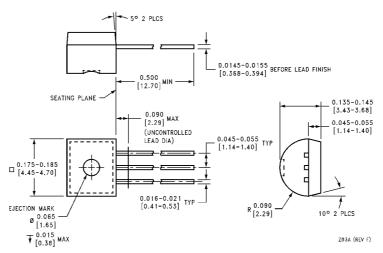


FIGURE 4. Protecting Op Amp input. The bounding voltage is $\pm 4V$ with the LM9140-2.5 (LM9140's reverse breakdown voltage + 3 diode V_F).





Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



TO-92 Package NS Package Number Z03A

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