

Vishay

128 x 64 Graphic OLED

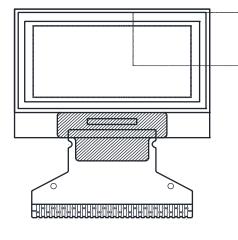
FEATURES

- Type: graphic
- Display format: 128 x 64 dots
- Built-in controller: SSD1306BZ
- Duty cycle: 1/64
- +3 V power supply
- Interface: 6800, 8080, serial, and I²C
- · Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912

Pb-free



RoHS COMPLIANT



MECHANICAL DATA					
ITEM	STANDARD VALUE	UNIT			
Module dimension	26.7 x 19.26 x 1.65				
Viewing area	23.938 x 12.058				
Active area	21.738 x 10.858	mm			
Dot size	0.148 x 0.148	mm			
Dot pitch	0.17 x 0.17				
Mounting hole	n/a				

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS					
ITEM	SYMBOL	STANDARD VALUE			
	STINDUL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT	
Supply voltage for logic ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	V _{DD}	0	4	V	
Supply voltage for display ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	V _{CC}	0	15	v	
Operating temperature	T _{OP}	-40	+80	°C	
Storage temperature	T _{STG}	-40	+80	0	

Notes

- $^{(1)}\,$ All the above voltages are on the basis of "V_{SS} = 0 V".
- ⁽²⁾ When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to section 6 "Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS								
ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	STA	STANDARD VALUE				
II EM	STINIDOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP. MAX.		UNIT		
Supply voltage for logic	V _{DD}	-	2.8	3.0	3.3			
Supply voltage for display	V _{CC}	-	10	12	15			
Input high voltage	VIH	-	0.8 V _{DD}	-	V _{DDI/O}	V		
Input low voltage	V _{IL}	-	0	-	0.2 V _{DD}	v		
Output high voltage	V _{OH}	-	0.9 V _{DD}	-	V _{DDI/O}			
Output low voltage	V _{OL}	-	0	-	0.1 V _{DD}			
50 % check board operating current	I _{CC}	V _{CC} = 12 V	9	10	12	mA		

OPTIONS						
		EMITTING COLOR				
YELLOW	GREEN	GREEN RED BLUE WHITE				
-	-	-	Yes	-		

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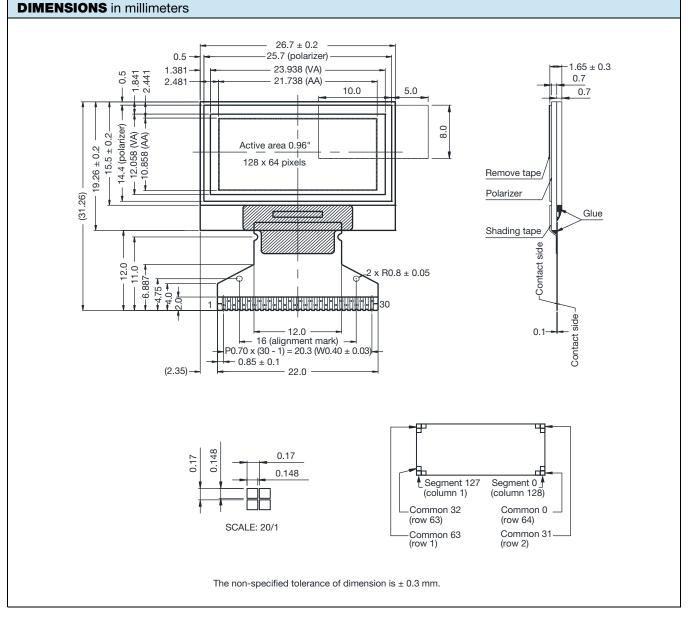
INTERFACE	PIN FUNCTION

PIN NO.	SYMBOL				FUNCTION			
1	NC (GND)	The suppor	Reserved pin (supporting pin) The supporting pins can reduce the influences from stresses on the function pins. These pins must be connected o external ground.					
2	C2N	Positive ter	Positive terminal of the flying inverting capacitor negative terminal of the flying boost capacitor					
3	C2P					must be floated whe		
4 5	C1P C1N	used.		·	,			
6	V _{BAT}	This is the p	ower supply for DC/DC converter circuit his is the power supply pin for the internal buffer of the DC/DC voltage converter. It must be connected to externa burce when the converter is used. It should be connected to V _{DD} when the converter is not used.					
7	NC	NC						
8	V _{SS}		logic circuit ound pin. It also act	s as a reference for	the logic pins. It mu	st be connected to ex	ternal ground.	
9	V _{DD}		ply for logic circuit. Itage supply pin. It	must be connected	to external source.			
10	BS0		ating protocol selec are MCU interface		the following table:			
11	DC1		l ² C	3-wire SPI	4-wire SPI	8-bit 68XX parallel	8-bit 80XX parallel	
11	BS1	BS0	0	1	0	0	0	
		BS1	1	0	0	0	1	
12	BS2	BS2	0	0	0	1	1	
13	CS#	Chip select	t .					
		-	the chip select input	•		ication only when CS	# is pulled low.	
14	RES#	This pin is r	reset signal input. W		initialization of the ch	nip is executed.		
15	D/C#	This pin is o When the p to MCU inte interface m	Data / command control This pin is data / command control pin. When the pin is pulled high, the input at D7 to D0 is treated as display dat When the pin is pulled low, the input at D7 to D0 will be transferred to the command register. For detail relationsh to MCU interface signals, please refer to the timing characteristics diagrams. When the pin is pulled high and ser interface mode is selected, the data at SDIN is treated as data. When it is pulled low, the data at SDIN will b transferred to the command register. In I ² C mode, this pin acts as SA0 for slave address selection.					
16	R/W#	This pin is I write (R/W# When 80XX	Read / write select or write This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a 68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as read write (R/W#) selection input. Pull this pin to "high" for read mode and pull it to "low" for write mode. When 80XX interface mode is selected, this pin will be the write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated whe					
47		this pin is pulled low and the CS# is pulled low. Read / write enable or read This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a 68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as t enable (E) signal. Read / write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled high and the CS# is pulled low. When connecting to an 80XX-microprocessor, this pin receives the read (RD#) signal. Data read operation initiated when this pin is pulled low and CS# is pulled low.						
17	E/RD#	This pin is enable (E) s When conr	MCU interface inpusion in the signal. Read / write meeting to an 80XX	operation is initiated -microprocessor, th	I when this pin is pul his pin receives the	led high and the CS#	is pulled low.	
17 18 to 25	E/RD# D0 to D7	This pin is enable (E) s When conr initiated wh Host data in These pins is selected	MCU interface inpusion in the signal. Read / write in the signal is pulled in the signal is pulled in the signal of the signal o	pperation is initiated -microprocessor, th low and CS# is pul nal data bus to be o al data input SDIN	I when this pin is pul his pin receives the led low. connected to the mic and D0 will be the s	led high and the CS#	is pulled low. ata read operation us. When serial moc K. When I ² C mode	
18 to 25		This pin is enable (E) s When conr initiated wh Host data in These pins is selected, D clock input Current refe	MCU interface inpusion in the signal. Read / write in the signal is pulled in the signal is pulled in the signal of the signal is pulled in the signal of the signal is pulled in the signal of the si	pperation is initiated -microprocessor, th low and CS# is pul nal data bus to be o al data input SDIN e tired together and s adjustment	I when this pin is pul his pin receives the led low. connected to the mic and D0 will be the s I serve as SDA _{out} ar	led high and the CS# read (RD#) signal. D croprocessor's data b serial clock input SCL	is pulled low. ata read operation us. When serial moc K. When I ² C mode n and D0 is the seri	
18 to 25 26	D0 to D7	This pin is enable (E) s When conr initiated wh Host data in These pins is selected, D clock input Current refe This pin is s lower than Voltage out	MCU interface input signal. Read / write of necting to an 80XX nen this pin is pulled nput / output bus are 8-bit bi-directio , D1 will be the serio 22 and D1 should b SCL. erence for brightness segment current refe 12.5 µA. tput high level for C the input pin for the v	peration is initiated -microprocessor, th low and CS# is pul nal data bus to be of al data input SDIN e tired together and is adjustment erence pin. A resisto	I when this pin is pul his pin receives the led low. connected to the mid and D0 will be the s I serve as SDA _{out} ar r should be connected	led high and the CS# read (RD#) signal. D croprocessor's data b serial clock input SCL nd SDA _{in} in applicatio	is pulled low. ata read operation i us. When serial mod K. When I ² C mode n and D0 is the seria nd V _{SS} . Set the currer	
	D0 to D7 I _{REF}	This pin is enable (E) s When conr initiated wh Host data in These pins is selected, D clock input Current refe This pin is s lower than Voltage out This pin is t this pin a co Power supp This is the r	MCU interface inpusional. Read / write interface input signal. Read / write interface input / output bus are 8-bit bi-direction, D1 will be the series 2 and D1 should bit SCL. erence for brightness segment current reference for brightness segment current reference for the input pin for the value of V_{SS} .	operation is initiated -microprocessor, th low and CS# is pul nal data bus to be of al data input SDIN e tired together and is adjustment erence pin. A resisto OM signal roltage output high I	I when this pin is pul his pin receives the led low. connected to the mid and D0 will be the s I serve as SDA _{out} ar r should be connected evel for COM signals chip. A stabilization c	led high and the CS# read (RD#) signal. D croprocessor's data b serial clock input SCL ad SDA _{in} in applicatio ed between this pin ar	is pulled low. ata read operation i us. When serial mod K. When I ² C mode i n and D0 is the seria d V _{SS} . Set the currer e connected betwee	
18 to 25 26 27	D0 to D7 I _{REF} V _{COMH}	This pin is enable (E) s When conr initiated wh Host data in These pins is selected, D clock input Current refe This pin is s lower than Voltage out This pin is t this pin and Power supp This is the r pin and V _{SS} Ground of a	MCU interface inpusional. Read / write interface input signal. Read / write intending to an 80XX then this pin is pulled nput / output bus are 8-bit bi-direction, D1 will be the series 2 and D1 should bit SCL. erence for brightness segment current reference for brightness segment se	operation is initiated -microprocessor, th low and CS# is pull nal data bus to be of al data input SDIN e tired together and is adjustment erence pin. A resisto OM signal voltage output high I e supply pin of the of r is used. It must be	I when this pin is pul his pin receives the led low. connected to the mid and D0 will be the s I serve as SDA _{out} ar r should be connected evel for COM signals chip. A stabilization c	led high and the CS# read (RD#) signal. D croprocessor's data b serial clock input SCL ad SDA _{in} in applicatio ed between this pin ar . A capacitor should b apacitor should be co nal source when the c	is pulled low. ata read operation us. When serial mod K. When I ² C mode n and D0 is the seria d V _{SS} . Set the curren e connected between nnected between th	

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1.Module Classification Information

<u>OLED</u>	-128	0	064	-D	В	Ρ	Ρ	3	Ν	0	0	000
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13

1	Brand : Vishay Intertechnology, Inc.					
2	Horizontal Format:	128 columns				
3	Display Type ∶ N→C	haracter Type, H→Graphic Type,	Y→Tab Type , O→Cog Type			
4	Vertical Format: 64	Lines				
5	Series code: D					
		A : Amber	R : RED			
6	Emitting Color	B : Blue	W : White			
		G : Green	L : Yellow			
7	Polarizer	P: With Polarizer; N: Without Po	larizer			
8	Display Mode	P: Passive Matrix ; A: Active Ma	P:Passive Matrix ; A: Active Matrix			
9	Driver Voltage	3: 3.0 V; 5: 5.0V				
10	Touch Panel	N: Without touch panel; T: With	touch panel			
11	Products type	 0 : Standard type 1. Sunlight Readable type 2. Transparent OLED (TOLED) 3. Flexible OLED 4. OLED for Lighting 				
12	Product grades	Product grades: 0 : Standard(A-level) 2 : B-level				
13	Serial No.	Application serial number(000~Z	ZZ)			

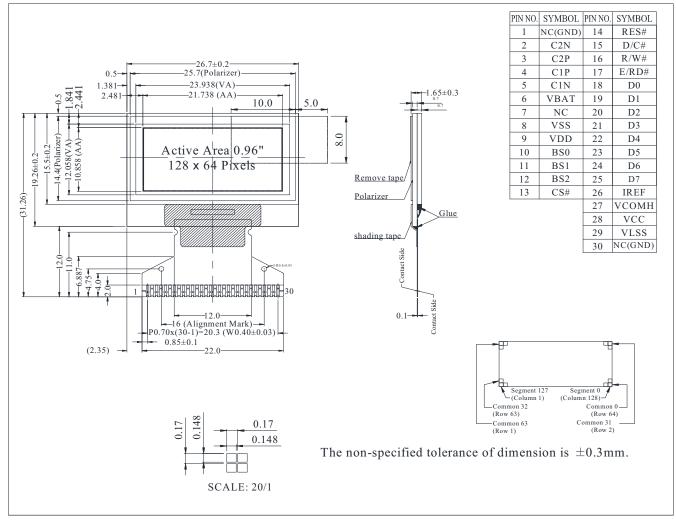


2.General Specification

ltem	Dimension	Unit
Dot Matrix	128 x 64 Dots	_
Module dimension	26.7× 19.26 × 1.65	mm
Active Area	21.738 × 10.858	mm
Pixel Size	0.148 × 0.148	mm
Pixel Pitch	0.17 × 0.17	mm
Display Mode	Passive Matrix	
Display Color	Blue	
Drive Duty	1/64 Duty	
IC	SSD1306BZ	

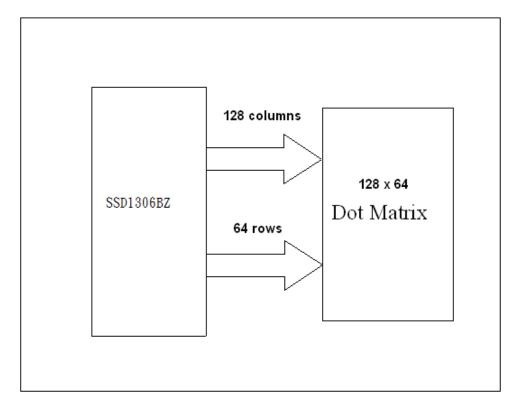


3. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram





FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM



For further information, please refer to the SSD1306 datasheet.

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4. Interface Pin Function

No.	Symbol	Function					
	N.C.	Reserved Pin (Supp	ortina P	in)			
1	(GND)				influenc	es from stresses on the	
	(•••••)	function pins. These					
2	C2N					pacitor Negative Terminal of	
3	C2P					p capacitors are required	
4	C1P					when the converter is not	
5	C1N	used.	,				
		Power Supply for D	C/DC Co	onverter	Circuit		
6	VBAT	This is the power su converter. It must be	pply pin connec	for the i cted to e	nternal l xternal s	buffer of the DC/DC voltage source when the converter is	
			onnecte	d to VDE) when t	he converter is not used.	
7	NC	NC					
		Ground of Logic Circ		_			
8	VSS				erence fo	or the logic pins. It must be	
		connected to externa		d.			
9	VDD	Power Supply for Lo	•	14			
					be conn	ected to external source.	
10	BS0	Communicating Pro			tion innu	It Soo the	
10	000	These pins are MCU interface selection input. See the following table:					
			BS0	BS1	BS2	t	
11	BS1	I2C	0	1	0		
		3-wire SPI	1	0	0		
		4-wire SPI	0	0	0		
12	BS2	8-bit 68XX Parallel	0	0	1		
		8-bit 80XX Parallel	U	1	1	1	
10	~ <u>~</u> "	Chip Select	ala at in		abia ia .	anablad for MOLL	
13	CS#	This pin is the chip select input. The chip is enabled for MCU communication only when CS# is pulled low.					
		Power Reset for Col				·	
14	RES#					s low, initialization of the chip	
14	ILO#	is executed.	annput		ne pin k		
		Data/Command Cor	itrol				
				control p	in. Whe	n the pin is pulled high, the	
		input at D7~D0 is tre				i ale più le pailea iligit, ale	
						D0 will be transferred to the	
45	DIOI					MCU interface signals,	
15	D/C#	please refer to the T					
						ace mode is selected, the	
						ulled low, the data at SDIN	
					•	In I2C mode, this pin acts as	
		SA0 for slave addres	<u>ss sele</u> c	tion.			

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r		
16	R/W#	Read/Write Select or Write This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a 68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as Read/Write (R/W#) selection input. Pull this pin to "High" for read mode and pull it to "Low" for write mode. When 80XX interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and the CS# is pulled low.
17	E/RD#	Read/Write Enable or Read This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a 68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled high and the CS# is pulled low. When connecting to an 80XX-microprocessor, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Data read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and CS# is pulled low.
18~25	D0~D7	Host Data Input/Output Bus These pins are 8-bit bi-directional data bus to be connected to the microprocessor's data bus. When serial mode is selected, D1 will be the serial data input SDIN and D0 will be the serial clock input SCLK. When I2C mode is selected, D2 & D1 should be tired together and serve as SDAout & SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input SCL.
26	IREF	<i>Current Reference for Brightness Adjustment</i> This pin is segment current reference pin. A resistor should be connected between this pin and VSS. Set the current lower than 12.5µA.
27	VCOMH	Voltage Output High Level for COM Signal This pin is the input pin for the voltage output high level for COM signals. A capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS.
28	VCC	Power Supply for OEL Panel This is the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip. A stabilization capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS when the converter is used. It must be connected to external source when the converter is not used.
29	VLSS	<i>Ground of Analog Circuit</i> This is an analog ground pin. It should be connected to VSS externally.
30	NC(GN D)	Reserved Pin (Supporting Pin) The supporting pins can reduce the influences from stresses on the function pins. These pins must be connected to external ground.



5.Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	0	4	V	1,2
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	0	15	V	1,2
Operating Temperature	ТОР	-40	+80	°C	_
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40	+80	°C	

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".

Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 6."Optics & Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate.



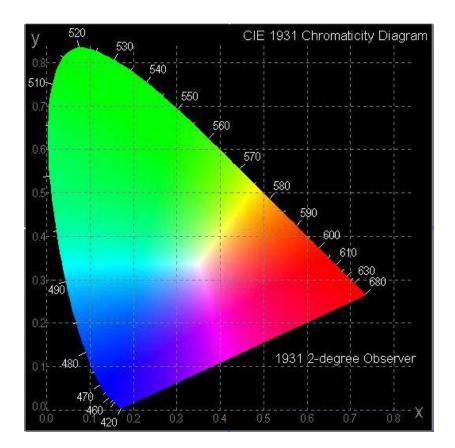
6.Electrical Characteristics

ltem	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	—	2.8	3.0	3.3	V
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	—	10	12	15	V
Input High Volt.	VIH	—	0.8×VDD	_	VDDIO	V
Input Low Volt.	VIL	—	0	_	0.2×VDD	V
Output High Volt.	VOH	—	0.9×VDD	_	VDDIO	V
Output Low Volt.	VOL	—	0	_	0.1×VDD	V
Operating Current for VCC (VCC Supplied Externally)	ICC	Vcc =12V	9	10	12	mA



7.Optical Characteristics

ltem	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	(V)θ		160			deg
View Angle	(H)φ		160			deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	2000:1		_	_
	T rise	—		10		μs
Response Time	T fall	—		10		μs
Display with 50% check	60	80		cd/m2		
CIEx(Blue)	(CIE1931)	0.12	0.16	0.20		
CIEy(Blue) (CIE1931			0.19	0.23	0.27	





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8.OLED Lifetime

ITEM	Conditions	Min	Тур	Remark
Operating Life Time	Ta=25℃ / Initial 50% check board brightness Typical Value	40,000 Hrs	50,000 Hrs	Note

Notes:

- 1. Life time is defined the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the initial value.
- 2. This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated probability density function (*pdf*) for the product under normal use conditions.
- 3. Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.



9.Reliability

Content of Reliability Test

Environmenta	Environmental Test					
Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Applicable Standard			
High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	80 □ 240hrs				
Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time.	-40 □ 240hrs				
High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	80 □ 240hrs				
Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-40 □ 240hrs				
High Temperature/ Humidity Storage	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time.	60□,90%RH 240hrs				
Temperature Cycle	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle. -402580 30min 5min 30min 1 cycle	-40□/80□ 100 cycles				
Mechanical Te	st		•			
Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	10~22Hz→1.5mmp-p 22~500Hz→1.5G Total 0.5hr				
Constructional and mechanical Shock test endurance test applying the shock during transportation.		50G Half sin wave 11 ms 3 times of each direction				
Atmospheric pressure test applying the atmospheric pressure during transportation by air.		115mbar 40hrs				
Others						
Static electricity test	Endurance test applying the electric stress to the terminal.	VS=800V,RS=1.5kΩ CS=100pF 1 time				

*** Supply voltage for OLED system =Operating voltage at $25^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$



Test and measurement conditions

- 1. All measurements shall not be started until the specimens attain to temperature stability. After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the failure test at 23±5°C; 55±15% RH.
- 2. All-pixels-on is used as operation test pattern.
- 3. The degradation of Polarizer are ignored for High Temperature storage, High Temperature/ Humidity Storage, Temperature Cycle

Evaluation criteria

- 1. The function test is OK.
- 2. No observable defects.
- 3. Luminance: > 50% of initial value.
- 4. Current consumption: within ± 50% of initial value.

APPENDIX:

RESIDUE IMAGE

Because the pixels are lighted in different time, the luminance of active pixels may reduce or differ from inactive pixels. Therefore, the residue image will occur. To avoid the residue image, every pixel needs to be lighted up uniformly.





10.Inspection Specification

NO	Item	Criterion				AQL
01	Electrical Testing	defect. 1.2 Missing char 1.3 Display malf 1.4 No function of 1.5 Current cons 1.6 OLED viewir	function or no display. rent consumption exceeds product specifications. ED viewing angle defect. ed product types. trast defect.			0.65
02	Black or white spots on OLED (display only)	three white or bl 2.2 Densely spa 3mm.	ack spots ced: No m	present.	.25mm, no more than	2.5
03	OLED black spots, white spots, contamina tion (non-displ ay)	3.1 Round type if following drawing $\Phi = (x + y)/2$		SIZE $\Phi \le 0.10$ $0.10 <$ $\Phi \le 0.20$ $0.20 <$ $\Phi \le 0.25$ $0.25 < \Phi$	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 2 1 0	2.5
		3.2 Line type : (A	As followin Length L≦3.0 L≦2.5 	g drawing) Width W≦0.02 0.02 <w≦0 0.03<w≦0 0.05<w< td=""><td></td><td>2.5</td></w<></w≦0 </w≦0 		2.5
04	Polarizer bubbles	If bubbles are vis judge using blac specifications, no to find, must che specify direction	k spot ot easy eck in	Size Φ Φ≦0.20 0.20<Φ≦0 0.50<Φ≦1 1.00<Φ Total Q TY		2.5

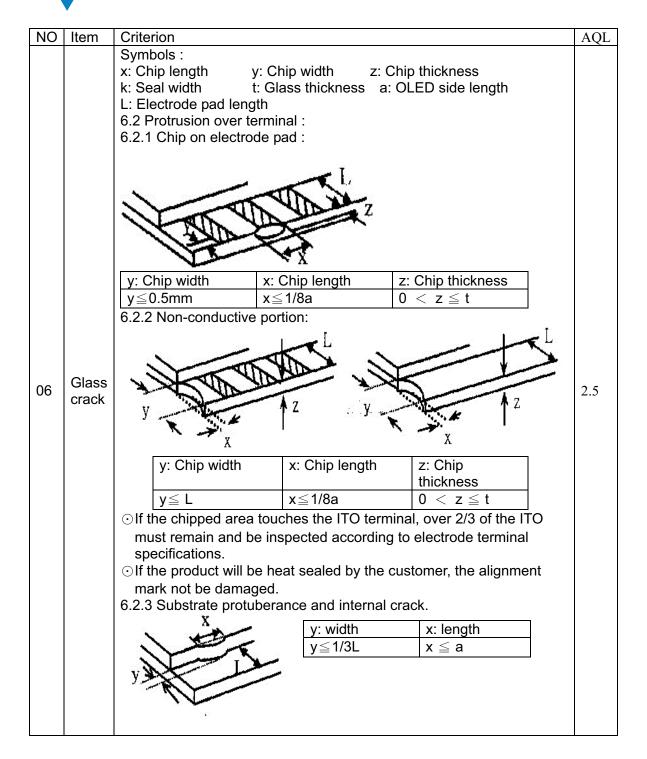
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05 Scratches Follow NO.3 OLED black spots, white spots, contain Symbols Define: x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thick the spots of the	iness
x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thick	
L: Electrode pad length:	lao longai
6.1 General glass chip : 6.1.1 Chip on panel surface and crack between par	nels:
	A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL
z: Chip thickness y: Chip width x: Chip	length
Chipped $Z \le 1/2t$ Not over viewing $x \le 1/8a$ area	
glass $1/2t < z \le 2t$ Not exceed 1/3k $x \le 1/8a$	
\odot If there are 2 or more chips, x is total length of ea6.1.2 Corner crack: \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark $≃$ z : Chip thickness </td <td>length a</td>	length a
\odot If there are 2 or more chips, x is the total length of	of each chip.

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NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
07	Cracked glass	The OLED with extensive crack is not acceptable.	2.5
08	Backlight elements	 8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit. 8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using OLED spot, lines and contamination standards. 8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong. 	0.65 2.5 0.65
09	Bezel	9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination.9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.	2.5 0.65
10	PCB、COB	 10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination. 10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC. 10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram. 10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places. 10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals. 10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts. 10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product characteristic chart. 10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, OLED pad, zebra pad or screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down. 	 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65 0.65 2.5
11	Soldering	 11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB. 11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections, oxidation or icicle. 11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB. 11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB. 	2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65



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1212.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product.0.65 2.5 2.5 12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits. 2.5 12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever.2.5 2.5 12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color. 0.65 12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet. 12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins. 12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging specification sheet.0.65 0.65	NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to		General	 12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product. 12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits. 12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever. 12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color. 12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened. 12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet. 12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins. 12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging specification sheet. 	2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65 0.65 0.65



Check Item	Classification	Criteria
No Display	Major	
Missing Line	Major	
Pixel Short	Major	
Darker Short	Major	
Wrong Display	Major	
Un-uniform B/A x 100% < 70% A/C x 100% < 70%	Major	A Normal B Dark Fixel C Light Fixel



11.Precautions in Use of OLED Modules

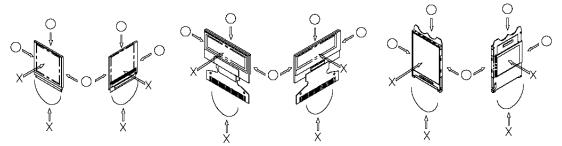
Modules

- (1)Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2)Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of OLED display module.
- (3)Don't disassemble the OLED display module.
- (4)Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (5)Don't drop, bend or twist OLED display module.
- (6)Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (7)Storage: please storage in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.
- (8)It's pretty common to use "Screen Saver" to extend the lifetime and Don't use fix information for long time in real application.
- (9)Don't use fixed information in OLED panel for long time, that will extend "screen burn" effect time..
- (10)Vishay has the right to change the passive components, including R2and R3 adjust resistors. (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.)
- (11)Vishay has the right to change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy the supplying stability, management optimization and the best product performance...etc, under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions, Vishay has the right to modify the version.)
- 11.1. Handling Precautions
- (1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such us dropping from a high position.
- (2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- (3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged and be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- (4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the OLED display module.
- (5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage of by using following adhesion tape.
 - * Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent
 - Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent
 - such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy.
 - Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:
 - * Water
 - * Ketone
 - * Aromatic Solvents
- (6) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the System housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts.

These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.



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(7) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.

(8) Do not disassemble nor modify the OLED display module.

(9) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.

(10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.

- * Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
- * Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
- * To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.

* Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.

(11) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored for a long period of time, residue adhesive material of the protection film may remain on the surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5.

(12) If electric current is applied when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful to avoid the above.

11.2. Storage Precautions

(1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags avoiding exposure to direct sun light nor to lights of fluorescent lamps. and, also, avoiding high temperature and high humidity environment or low temperature (less than 0°C) environments.

(We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from Vishay Intertechnology, Inc.

At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags nor let dewing occur with them.

(2) If electric current is applied when water drops are adhering to the surface of the OLED display module, when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful about the above.

11.3. Designing Precautions

(1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, panel damage may be happen.

(2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.(3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power

circuit (VDD). (Recommend value: 0.5A)

(4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighboring devices.

(5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.



(6) When fastening the OLED display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.(7) If power supply to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the guality of this OLED display module.

* Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.11.4.

Precautions when disposing of the OLED display modules

1) Request the qualified companies to handle industrial wastes when disposing of the OLED display modules. Or, when burning them, be sure to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.

11.5. Other Precautions

- (1) When an OLED display module is operated for a long of time with fixed pattern may remain as an after image or slight contrast deviation may occur.
- Nonetheless, if the operation is interrupted and left unused for a while, normal state can be restored. Also, there will be no problem in the reliability of the module.
- (2) To protect OLED display modules from performance drops by static electricity rapture, etc., do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the OLED display modules.
- * Pins and electrodes
- * Pattern layouts such as the TCP & FPC
- (3) With this OLED display module, the OLED driver is being exposed. Generally speaking, semiconductor elements change their characteristics when light is radiated according to the principle of the solar battery. Consequently, if this OLED driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur.
- * Design the product and installation method so that the OLED driver may be shielded from light in actual usage.
- * Design the product and installation method so that the OLED driver may be shielded from light during the inspection processes.
- (4) Although this OLED display module stores the operation state data by the commands and the indication data, when excessive external noise, etc. enters into the module, the internal status may be changed. It therefore is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise generation or to protect from influences of noise on the system design.
- (5) We recommend you to construct its software to make periodical refreshment of the operation statuses (re-setting of the commands and re-transference of the display data) to cope with catastrophic noise.
- (6)Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.
- (7)Our company will has the right to upgrade and modify the product function.



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