

# TSC2111EVM and TSC2111EVM-PDK

This user's guide describes the characteristics, operation, and use of the TSC2111EVM, both by itself and as part of the TSC2111EVM-PDK. This evaluation module (EVM) is a touch screen controller evaluation module, with auxiliary inputs and battery and temperature measurement capabilities, and also a complete stereo audio codec evaluation module, with several audio inputs and outputs, side tone, key click, and effects capabilities. A complete circuit description, schematic diagram and bill of materials are also included.

The following related documents are available through the Texas Instruments web site at  $\underline{www.ti.com}$  .

EVM-Compatible Device Data Sheets				
Device	Literature Number			
TSC2111	<u>SLAS495</u>			
TAS1020B	SLES025			
REG1117-5	<u>SBVS001</u>			
TPS767D301/318	<u>SLVS209</u>			
SN74LVC125A	SCAS290			
SN74LVC1G125	SCES223			
SN74LVC1G07	SCES296			

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# 1.1 Features

- Full-featured evaluation board to evaluate/test the TSC2111 functions and features
- Modular design for use with a variety of DSP and microcontroller interface boards

The TSC2111EVM-PDK is a complete evaluation kit, which includes a TSC2111EVM board, a universal serial bus (USB)-based motherboard, and the evaluation software for use with a personal computer running Microsoft Windows<sup>™</sup> operating systems (Win2000 or XP).

# 1.2 Introduction

The TSC2111 is an advanced analog interface circuit. It contains a complete 12-bit A/D resistive touch screen converter, including driver and control circuits to measure touch pressure. The TSC2111 communicates with a host processor through a standard SPI serial interface. The TSC2111 offers two auxiliary analog inputs and one input optimized for battery voltage measurement capable of reading battery voltages up to 6 V, while operating with only a 2.7-V supply. It also has an on-chip temperature sensor capable of 1°C resolution. In addition, a mono-input/stereo-output audio codec is included in the TSC2111, and audio data is communicated to the device over an I<sup>2</sup>S bus. For more detail about the device, refer to the TSC2111 data sheet.

The TSC2111EVM uses Texas Instruments' modular EVM form factor, allowing direct evaluation of the TSC2111 performance and operating characteristics, and easing software development and system prototyping. This EVM is compatible with the Texas Instruments 5-6K DSP Interface Board (SLAU104) from Texas Instruments and additional third party boards such as the HPA449 demonstration board from SoftBaugh, Inc. and the Speedy33<sup>™</sup> from Hyperception, Inc.

The TSC2111EVM-PDK is a complete evaluation/demonstration kit, which includes the above stated TSC2111 EVM and a USB-based motherboard called the USB-MODEVM Interface Board. Also, included with TSC2111EVM-PDK is the evaluation software for use with a personal computer running Microsoft Windows operating systems.

# 2 Getting Started

This chapter guides you through unpacking your EVM and setting it up so you can begin working with it immediately.

# 2.1 Unpacking the EVM or EVM-PDK

When unpacking the TSC2111EVM or EVM-PDK, check the material in the box. The EVM kit includes the following:

- TSC2111EVM board, PWB 6478196
- USBMODEVM board, PWM 6463995 (for TSC2111EVM-PDK only)
- CD-ROM, 6481572

If any of these components is missing, contact Texas Instruments for a replacement.



Getting Started

# 2.2 Default Configuration

The TSC2111EVM or EVM-PDK features a few simple means of configuring its operation. The default settings of the EVM board are shown in Table 1, and the default settings of the USBMODEVM board are shown in Table 2. When you unpack your TSC2111EVM-PDK, ensure that both boards have been initially configured as listed in the two tables.

Board Identifier		Default Settings		
SW1	Headset (SPK1/SPK2) Output	Mode Selection	Capless mode	
JMP1	AGND and DGND connection Installed: Connect AGND to DGND		Installed	
		Removed: Disconnect AGND to DGND		
JMP2	FW Boot source selection	Installed: boot from daughtercard EEPROM	Installed	
		Removed: boot from motherboard EEPROM		
JMP3	AUX2 resistance measuremen	t <sup>(1)</sup>	Removed	
JMP4	AUX1 resistance measuremen	t <sup>(1)</sup>	Removed	
JMP5	+1.8VD to TSC2111 DVDD pir	n connection <sup>(2)</sup>	Installed	
JMP6	+3.9VA to TSC2111 BVDD pin	connection <sup>(2)</sup>	Installed	
JMP7	+3.3VA to TSC2111 DRVDD p	in connection <sup>(2)</sup>	Installed	
JMP8	+3.3VA to TSC2111 AVDD1 p	in connection <sup>(2)</sup>	Installed	
JMP9	+3.3VA to TSC2111 AVDD2 p	A to TSC2111 AVDD2 pin connection <sup>(2)</sup>		
JMP10	IOVDD power selection	Connect 1 ~ 2: IOVDD = +5VD	Connect 3 ~ 4	
		Connect 3 ~ 4: IOVDD = +3.3VD		
		Connect 5 ~ 6: IOVDD = +1.8VD		
JMP11	Reset connection	Installed: RESET from J4-GPIO2 and GPIO4	Removed	
		Removed: RESET from J4-GPIO2		
JMP12	IOVDD to TSC2111 IOVDD pir	n connection [2]	Installed	
JMP13	MIC BIAS source selection	Connect 1 ~ 2: from +3.3 VA	Connect 2 ~ 3	
		Connect 2 ~ 3: from TSC2111 MICBIAS_HND pin		
JMP14	VGND mode Selection	Connect 1 ~ 2: TSC2111 VGND pin as VGND	Connect 1 ~ 2	
	Connect 2 ~ 3: TSC2111 VGND pin as CP_OUT-			
JMP15	Differential MICIN selection	Removed: Single-ended MINCIN only	Removed	
		Connect 1 ~ 3: MICIN_HND and AUX2 diff		
		Connect 3 ~ 5: MICIN_HND and AUX1 diff		
		Connect 2 ~ 4: MICIN_HED and AUX2 diff		
		Connect 4 ~ 6: MICIN_HED and AUX1 diff		

# Table 1. TSC2111EVM Board Default Configuration Settings

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to the note on the TSC2111 EVM schematic for the details of these jumpers.

<sup>(2)</sup> JMP5, JMP6, JMP7, JMP8, JMP9, and JMP12 are installed by default. These jumpers can be replaced by current meters for evaluating or testing the corresponding power consumption.

Board Identifier		Default Settings	
SW1	Onboard power supply enable	SW1-1: +1.8VD Enable	On: Enabled
		SW1-2: +3.3VD Enable	On: Enabled
SW2	On/Off board control selection	SW2-1: Onboard EEPROM address bit A0	On: A0=0
		SW2-2: Onboard EEPROM address bit A1	Off: A1=1
		SW2-3: Onboard EEPROM address bit A2	On: A2=0
		SW2-4: Onboard I2S	On: Onboard
		SW2-5: Onboard MCLK	On: Onboard
		SW2-6: Onboard SPI	On: Onboard
		SW2-7: Onboard RESET	On: Onboard
		SW2-8: External MCLK from J10 (EXT MCK)	Off: Not EXT
JMP1	+5VA and +5VD connection	Installed: Connect +5VA to +5VD	Installed
		Removed: Disconnect +5VA to +5VD	
JMP2	AGND and DGND connection	Installed: Connect AGND to DGND	Removed
		Removed: Disconnect AGND to DGND	
JMP3	JMP3 Connect I2C SDA pull-up	Removed	
JMP4	JMP4 Connect I2C SCL pull-up	to IOVDD	Removed
JMP5	SPI /SS select	Connect 1 ~ 2: /SS from CNTL	Connect 2 ~ 3 (FSX)
		Connect 2 ~ 3: /SS from FSX	
JMP6	Board power selection	Connect 1 ~ 2: +5VD from USB	Connect 1 ~ 2
		Connect 2 ~ 3: +5VD from U2	(USB)
JMP7	IOVDD power selection	Connect 1 ~ 2: IOVDD +5VD	Connect 3 ~ 4
		Connect 3 ~ 4: IOVDD = +3.3VD	(+3.3VD)
		Connect 5 ~ 6: IOVDD = +1.8VD	
JMP8	JMP8 TAS1020B P1.3 GPIO co	nnection	Removed
JMP9	JMP9 TAS1020B P1.2 GPIO co	Removed	
JMP10	JMP10 TAS1020B P1.1 GPIO connection		Removed
JMP11	JMP11 TAS1020B P1.0 GPIO c	Removed	
JMP12	JMP12 TAS1020B P3.5 GPIO c	onnection	Removed
JMP13	JMP13 TAS1020B P3.4 GPIO c	onnection	Removed
JMP14	JMP14 TAS1020B P3.3 GPIO c	onnection	Removed

# Table 2. USBMODEVM Board Default Configuration Settings



# 2.3 Connection

The TSC2111 EVM-PDK allows direct evaluation of the TSC2111 device with a personal computer. The TSC2111EVM board, as the daughtercard, is installed on the top of the USBMODEVM motherboard, as shown in Figure 1.

Use a USB cable to connect the PC to the EVM system through the J7 USB connector on the USBMODEVM card.



Figure 1. Connecting the TSC2111EVM Board to Top of USBMODEVM Board

# 2.4 Quick Start

After the TSC2111EVM-PDK has been unpacked, and you have verified that both the daughter board (TSC2111EVM) and the motherboard (USBMODEVM) had been configured as shown in Table 1 and Table 2, and connected as shown in Figure 1, install the software from the included CD-ROM.

Run the Setup program on the supplied CD-ROM to install the TSC2111EVM software on your PC. Follow the instructions provided by the installer. When the installation is complete, connect a USB cable from the PC to J7 on the motherboard. When the TSC2111EVM-PDK is connected to the PC for the first time, the user may see a message that a Human Interface/Audio Device has been connected. Once this connection has been made, launch the TSC2111EVM software on the PC. The software should automatically find the TSC2111EVM. If the board is found, the screen shown in Figure 2 appears.

🌵 TSC2111EVM Touch Screen Controller Software							
File Edit Help							
Human Interface	Data Acquisition	Configuration	Audio 1	Audio2	Audio Effects Filters		
Touchscreen X: 3563	Y: 1156	Z: 1081    • Do	t Mode 🔿 Line	Mode Buffe	er Contents:		
					Clear List		
				AID	Mode Selection		
				()	dr € XYZ		
Connected					125		

Figure 2. TSC2111 EVM-PDK Software – Human Interface Tab

To use the touch screen features, a 4-wire resistive touch screen can be connected to J1A or J6 on the TSC2111EVM daughter board. Note the correct X+(J1A-2), X-(J1A-4), Y+(J1A-6) and Y-(J1A-8) locations when connecting.

With the firmware/software default configuration, the TSC2111 audio output OUT8 is powered up, and the side tone and the key click functions are activated. To verify the functionality of the EVM system, a speaker (8-ohms or above) can be connected to J13 (the loudspeaker connection terminal or OUT8) on the TSC2111EVM daughter-card. A 'ding' sound should be heard when the USB cable from the PC is plugged into the motherboard (J7). Additional dings are heard when launching the software. Sounds picked up by the onboard microphone (MK1) on the daughter board should be able be audible through the speaker.



# 3 Program Description

After installing the software for the TSC2111EVM as previously described, the user can begin to evaluate the functions of the TSC2111 using the evaluation-software graphic user interface (GUI).

The program's interface is a simple, six-tab interface. Clicking on a tab takes you to the functions associated with that tab. The program begins on the Human Interface screen (the default) as shown in Figure 2.

# 3.1 Human Interface Screen

The Human Interface screen displays the activity on the touch screen connected to the TSC2111EVM.

The status bar at the bottom of the screen is divided into four sections showing the communication status between the PC and the EVM-PDK. Starting from the left, the first section shows the status of the connection. If a communication error occurs, an error message appears here; otherwise, it displays *Connected*, as shown in the above Figure 2. The final section, on the right side of the status bar, shows the number of readings per second being taken from the touch screen.

The touch screen box on this screen is updated when a touch is detected on the touch screen. As the touch screen is drawn on, the motion on the touch screen is translated into pixels on the screen. The software takes X and Y, or X, Y, and Z readings, which are shown numerically above this box. Even though TSC2111 has five different touch-screen scan modes, this EVM allows only two selections at this tab, either X and Y, or X, Y, and Z. Default is the X, Y, and Z mode. In X and Y mode, the pixel size is fixed. In the X, Y, and Z mode, as the touch pressure is increased, the pixel size increases. A lighter touch results in smaller pixel sizes. Refer to Figure 3.



Figure 3. Human Interface Screen (Dot Mode)



The X and Y, or X, Y, and Z mode is selected by clicking on the option at the A/D Mode Selection Box. The touch action is shown on the screen in dot mode, as shown in Figure 3, or solid line mode as shown in Figure 4. The dot line mode is selected by the corresponding option above the drawing screen.

V TSC2111EVM To File Edit Help	ouch Screen Controlle	er Software			
Human Interface	Data Acquisition	Configuration	Audio 1	Audio2	Audio Effects Fitters
Human Interface Touchscreen X: 3263	Y: 2620	Configuration	Audio 1 tMode C Lin	e Mode B	Audio Effects Filters
					A/D Mode Selection

Figure 4. Human Interface Screen (Line Mode)

The display can be cleared by pressing Enter on the PC keyboard.

The window to the right of the screen shows the touch screen data when the TSC2111 is in buffer mode. For the details on the buffer mode, refer to the TSC2111 datasheet and the next section *Data Acquisition Screen*.



# 3.2 Data Acquisition Screen

Clicking on the Data Acquisition tab brings up the screen as shown in Figure 5.

💠 TSC2111EVM Touch Screen Controller Soft	ware				
File Edit Help			_		
Human Interface Data Acquisition	Configuration	Audio 1	∐ Au	dio2	Audio Effects Filters
Battery Inputs BAT: 0.006 Volts	Buffer ( Enab Dis	Control	j F	Reading Con	tent :
AUX1 0.724 Volts AUX2 0.760 Volts	B	ntinuous C Single Sh uffer Trigger	ot		
Temperature TEMP1 687.9 mV	Rea Read Buf	d Buifer for Touch Scree fer for Non Touch Screer	n Data		
34°C		Read Tou	Clear List		
		Read Non-Touch Read Touch Registers (p	Data		
	Read Audio E	udio Uontrol Registers (pa Jass-Boost Registers (pag	ge2) (e2)		
Connected					2

Figure 5. Data Acquisition Screen

# 3.2.1 Nontouch Data Acquisition

At this screen, while the Buffer Mode is *not* enabled, the TSC2111 samples the battery and auxiliary input voltage readings, and then the TEMP1 and TEMP2 measurements. These measurements are all repeated twice per second, and the results are displayed on the three boxes at the left side of this screen.



# 3.2.2 Buffer Function

In the middle of the screen are the Buffer Mode settings. By default, the buffer function is disabled, and all touch or non-touch data are converted and stored to the corresponding registers. When the buffer function is enabled by checking the Enable option, the data is converted and saved to the buffer registers in Page 3 of the TSC2111 memory space. Refer to the data sheet for the details of the buffer function.

Below the *Buffer Trigger* slider, the *Read Buffer for Touch Screen Data* button can be used to place the TSC2111 into self-controlled mode, and the *Read Buffer for Non Touch Screen Data* button can be used to select host-controlled mode.

When the *Read Buffer for Touch Screen Data* button is clicked, the interface switches from this screen to the Human Interface screen. The touch-screen data in the TSC2111 page 3 registers is displayed in the *Buffer Contents* box when the screen is touched, as Figure 6 illustrates. Note that in buffer mode, the touch screen data does not show up on the touch screen drawing box. In XY A/D mode, the data list is in the sequence of X, Y, X, Y, X, Y, etc. And under the XYZ A/D mode, the data is that of X, Y, Z1, Z2, X, Y, Z1, Z2, X, etc.

C ISSENTENA ISSO	Screen controlle	er Software			
File Edit Help				_	
Human Interface	Data Acquisition	Configuration	Audio 1	Audio2	Audio Effects Filters
Human Interface	Data Acquisition	Configuration	t Mode ( Lir	ne Mode	Audio Effects Filters
					A/D Mode Selection

Figure 6. Human Interface Screen With Enabled Buffer Function

Clicking on the *Read Buffer for Non Touch Screen Data* button places the TSC2111 in *auto-scan mode.* This automatically scans the AUX1, AUX2, and TEMP1 inputs, and displays nontouch screen raw data in the *Reading Content* box on the right side of the display under the Data Acquisition tab, as shown in Figure 7. The data in the *Reading Content* box shown in Figure 7 is listed in this order: AUX1, AUX2, TEMP1, AUX1, AUX2, TEMP1, AUX1, etc.



🌵 TSC2111EVM Touch	Screen Controller	Software				
File Edit Help		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		·		
Human Interface	Data Acquisition	Configuration	Audio 1	Au	dio2	Audio Effects Fitters
Battery Inputs BAT:	0.006 Volts	- Buffer C Enab O Disa	iontrol le bled © Enabled		Reading Com	tent: n xervier werken werken werken ode: 130h n xervier wervier werken kerken
Auxiliary Inputs AUX1 0 AUX2 0	724 Volts 760 Volts	Mode © Con Bu	Control tinucus C Single Sho uffer Trigger	it	1: 466h 2: 4E2h 3: 4E9h 4: 467h 5: 4E2h 6: 4E9h 7: 466h 8: 4E2h	
Temperature TEMP1 TEMP2	687.3 mV 814.2 mV	Read Buff	Buffer for Touch Screen er for Non Touch Screen	Data Data		
34°C		Read Audio Ba	Read Tour Read Non-Touch D Read Touch Registers (pa dio Control Registers (page ass-Boost Registers (page	bh Data Data age1) ge2)		
Connected						0

Figure 7. Data Acquisition Screen, Reading Content Box

The *Buffer Trigger* level slider can be set to either 8 or 16. Even though the TSC2111 can be set to a higher trigger level up to 64, this EVM allows only 8 or 16. The buffer function can be controlled in either Continuous or Single Shot mode, which is selected on the mode-control option box. Refer to the data sheet for more on the TSC2111 buffer function.

The data in the list is cleared by clicking on the Clear List button on this screen

# 3.2.3 Displaying Register Contents

Five additional register-read buttons access the corresponding registers, and move the raw data into the list. This is helpful for testing and debugging.



# 3.3 Configuration Screen

This screen accesses all the configurable settings for the TSC2111 analog-to-digital converter (ADC) and reference as shown in Figure 8.

File       Edit       Help         Human Interface       Data Acquisition       Centriguration       Autio 1       Audio2       Audio Effects Fillers         ADC Control       Image: Conversion Dock       Image	V TSC2111EVM Touch Sci	reen Controlle	er Software			
Human Interface       Data Acquisition       Iconfiguration       Audio 1       Audio 2       Audio Effects Filters         ADC Control       Disable PenTouch Detection       Reference       Internal Reference       Threshoulds         Resolution       12 bits       Conversion Clock       125V       C 2.50V       Enable Max Temp       Enable Min Temp         Panel Voltage Stabilization Time       1 msec       Internal Reference       MA>       4095         Precharge Time       1 msec       External Reference       MIN       AUX1       Enable Max AUX1       Enable Min AUX1         Ma>       4095       MIN       4095       MIN       AUX1       Enable Max AUX1       Enable Min AUX1         Precharge Time       609 us       Enable Auto Temp       Auto Temp1       MA>       4095         Mecasurement       Enable Auto Temp       Auto Temp2       Enable Max AUX2       Enable Min AUX2         Ma>       4095       MIN       4095       MIN       4095         Mecasurement       Enable Auto AUX2       as Veltage       MA>       4095         Max       It can be auto AUX2       as Resistance       MA>       MA>         Max       It can be auto AUX2       as Resistance       Enable Auto Auto Meas Delay	File Edit Help					
ADC Control       Reference         Disable PenTouch Detection       Internal Reference         Resolution       12bits         Conversion Clock       2 MHz         Panel Voltage Stabilization Time       1 msec         Precharge Time       1 msec         Bisable Auto Auto Temp       Auto Temp1         Measurement       6 Auto Temp2         Enable Auto AUX1       6 Auto Temp2         Enable Auto AUX2       6 Resistance         Enable Auto AUX2       6 Resistance         Enable Auto AUX2       6 Resistance         Enable External Bias Resistance       Enable External Bias Resistance         Sw Reset       Sw Reset	Human Interface Dat	ita Acquisition	Configuration	Audio 1	Audio2	Audio Effects Filters
Connected	ADC Control Disable PenTouch Detection Resolution Conversion Clock Panel Voltage Stabilization Time Precharge Time Sense Time Average MeanFilter Number 16 ave Connected	n 12 bits F 2 MHz 608 us f 1 msec f 1 m	Eference     Internal Reference     Internal         1.25V         ©         1.25V         1         1.25V         1         1.25V         1          1         1.25V         1          1         1.25V         1          1         1.25V         1          1         1.25V         1          1         1	2.50V       MA>         100us       MIN         100us       AUX         Itimes       MA>         MIN       AUX         Auto Temp1       MA>         Auto Temp2       MA>         as Voltage as Resistance       MIN         Sistance       En         Int       Exc	shoulds perature nable Max Temp En mable Max AUX1 En pable Max AUX1 En sable Max AUX2 En Between Continuous Co able NonTouch AutoMeas able Touch AutoMeas Dela Disc MCLK CL	nable Min Temp 4095 0 nable Min AUX1 4095 0 nable Min AUX2 4095 0 nable Min AUX2 4095 0 nable Min AUX2 4095 0

Figure 8. Configuration Screen

# 3.3.1 ADC Control Section

The ADC Control box has a check box to disable the Pen Touch Detection function of TSC2111. See the TSC2111 Data Sheet for information about this function.

The sliders in this section control the parameters of the ADC, for the touch (XYZ) and non-touch (BAT, AUX1, AUX2, TEMP1, TEMP2) data. Each slider controls one parameter, whose value is shown next to the slider.

- Resolution Selects between 8–, 10–, and 12–bit resolution.
- **Conversion Clock** The internal clock that runs the ADC can run at 8, 4, 2, or 1 MHz. When running at 8 MHz, only 8-bit resolution is possible; when running at 4 MHz, only 8- or 10-bit resolution is possible. Only 1- or 2-MHz clock rates allow 12-bit resolution to be chosen.
- Panel Voltage Stabilization Time This is the time that the TSC2111 allows for the touch screen to stabilize after turning the drivers on.
- Precharge Time and Sense Time These two parameters are the time allowed to precharge the touch panel capacitance, and then sense to see if the screen is touched. For more details on these parameters, refer to the TSC2111 data sheet.
- Average/Median There are two ways to reduce noise effects on the ADC measurements. One is averaging, where 4, 8, or 16 readings are averaged; another option is to find the median value among 5, 9, or 15 readings. The default is the average mode, as shown in Figure 8. Median mode can be selected with the corresponding button.



Note that these settings apply to all operations of the A/D converter, not just the touch screen operations. Thus, resolution and averaging can be changed to increase accuracy in the data acquisition functions.

#### 3.3.2 Reference Section

The touch screen function is always performed using a ratiometric or differential mode on this EVM set to obtain better touch readings. For all other A/D functions (non-touch measurements such as BAT), a reference voltage is needed for the A/D converter. Figure 8 shows this section with the TSC2111 internal reference chosen.

The internal reference voltage can be set to either 1.25 V or 2.5 V. The internal reference powers down between conversions to save power. The *Powered at all times* checkbox overrides this feature, and the reference does not power down. If the reference is allowed to power down, the TSC2111 must allow a delay time for the reference to power up when a conversion is to take place. This delay time can be set using the slider in this section.

If an external reference is to be used, it can be selected as shown in Figure 9. The value of the external reference should be entered in the text box shown.

🜵 TSC2111EVM Touch Screen C	ontroller Software			
File Edit Help				
Human Interface 🔰 Data Acqui	sition Configuration	Audio 1	Audio2	Audio Effects Filters
ADC Control Disable PenTouch Detection Resolution Conversion Clock 2 MH Panel Voltage Stabilization Time Precharge Time 84 u Sense Time 608 u Conversed Conversed	Reference It Internal Reference External Reference External External External External External External Enable Auto Temp Enable Auto AUX1 Enable Auto AUX2 Enable Auto AUX2 Enable External Bias Ra SW Reset Init TSC2111	Volts       Thres         MA>         MIN         AUX1-         En:         MA>         MIN         AUX1-         En:         MA>         MIN         AUX1-         En:         MA>         MIN         AUX2-         En:         Auto Temp1         Auto Temp2         as Voltage         as Resistance         Sesistance         Delay B         Enat         Int O         Enat	houlds rature able Max Temp Er able Max AUX1 Er able Max AUX2 Er able Max AUX2 Er able Max AUX2 Er ble NonTouch AutoMeas Dela sc MCLK CL	nable Min Temp 4095 0 nable Min AUX1 4095 0 nable Min AUX2 4095 0 nable Min AUX2 4095 0 nable Min AUX2 4095 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Lonnected				U

Figure 9. Configuration Screen With External Reference Selection



# 3.3.3 Measurement Section

The TSC2111 supports programmable, automatic temperature and auxiliary-input measurements. In the auto measurement mode, the TSC2111 can auto start the TEMP1, TEMP2, AUX1, and/or AUX2 measurement after a programmable interval. The checkboxes and sliders in the Measurement section provide choices.

Additionally, the AUX1 and AUX2 can be configured to measure voltage or resistance. Under the resistance measurement, the bias can be configured as external or internal by checking or unchecking the *Enable External Bias Resistance* box.

# 3.3.4 Threshold Section

The TSC2111 monitor the temperature and the auxiliary inputs and set corresponding flags if an input exceeds the bounds set in the threshold registers.

In this section, if the threshold function has not been enabled (*Enable* checkbox has not been checked), the corresponding MAX/MIN slider does not move. Also note that the MAX value must be greater than or equal to the MIN value.

# 3.3.5 Continuous Conversion Delay Section

In auto-measurement mode, the delays between the conversions are programmable. This section can be used to program to delays between the continuous conversions.

The nontouch and touch auto measurement delays can be programmed individually. By clicking on the corresponding Enable checkbox, the auto-measurement delay is enabled. The delay-time option allows selection of delay-clock source and divider.

The clock used can be the internal oscillator or the external MCLK. The clock divider (CLKDIV) is used to derive the 1-MHz clock for the programmable delay. This sets the CLKDIV so that MCLK/CLKDIV = 1 MHz.

# 3.3.6 Reinitialization and Reset

Two buttons on this screen allow the user to reset and reinitialize the TSC2111.

By clicking the *SW Reset* button, a software device reset is issued to the TSC2111. By clicking the *Init TSC2111* button, the control registers (for ADC and audio) revert back to the startup (firmware) default settings.

To restore the TSC2111 EVM to its power-up state, click SW Reset, followed by Init TSC2111.



# Program Description

# 3.4 Audio Screens

Three tabs control the TSC2111 audio functions: Audio 1, Audio 2, and Audio Effects Filters tabs.

Figure 10 shows the default configuration of the Audio 1 tab with the following sections:

- INTERFACE: Audio I<sup>2</sup>S port
- PLL: PLL parameters, FSref frequency
- ADC: Audio ADC, ADC input source selection
- DAC/Outputs: Audio DAC, other analog-output features
- GPIO1: GPIO1 function/status
- GPIO2: GPIO2 function/status

🜵 TSC2111EVM Touch	Screen Controlle	r Software				
File Edit Help						
Human Interface	Data Acquisition	Configuration	Audio 1		Audio2	Audio Effects Filters
INTERFACE Word Length: 16-bit Data Format: 125 Ref Sample Rat © 44.1K Hz O TSC2111 is a © Slave O	ADC     A	DC Power Down ADC C Sample Rate: FSref. C High Pass Filter: Disab- ect ADC Input Source: HandSet (Single Ende- mout to ADC Connected C Not Cor Sell to ADC Connected R Not Cor	1 • Po	C / Output wer Down DAC SP1 SP2 Wrtual GND Loud Spk CellOut P1 to Loud SI	ts SC Protect I HeadSet I LoudSpk I VGND SP1 Mode I SingleEnder SideTon I SP1 I SP1 I	DAC Sample Rate: FSref/1 DAC Output to: Left to SP1 Right to SP2 d Differential e to SP2  LoudSP
PLL         © Disable PLL       © Er         PLL Disabled         PLL Q-Value       2         PLL Enabled         PLL P-Value       1         PLL I-Value (1~63)         PLL D-Value (0~9999)         FSref = 44100.0	nable PLL ▼ ↓ GF C : C : C : C : C : C : C : C :	PIO1 as Headset Detection Inter as ADC Word Select (AD as GP Input GPO1 as GP Output H-Z status as Tmp/AUX1/AUX2 AutoScar PIO2 As Headset Detection Inter As CLKOUT (=256*DAC as GP Output H-Z status	rupt pt WS) © H Interrupt FS) © H	nable DAC P oft-Stepping oft Steppin 0.5dB/FS 0.5dB/2FSs nable CapLes eadset Output er Vol Control pendent vol control spendent vol SP1 SP2 LoudSpk CellOut	GA TOFONIAN ISPI ISPI Cellin to SPI F OBZ_IN F OCEII SPI CONT SPI F OBZ_IN F OCEII SPI CONT SPI F OBZ_IN F OCEII SPI CONT SPI F OBZ_IN F OD SPI F OD F OD	SP2 V LoudSP SP2 V LoudSP SP2 V LoudSP SP2 V LoudSP N PGA SP1 SP2 Phone Out SP2 V MICSEL R MICSEL
Connected						0

Figure 10. Audio 1 Screen Default Configuration



Figure 11 shows the default condition of the Audio 2 tab. The functions and setting on Audio 2 primarily control the audio analog inputs with the following sections:

- HeadSet: Headset input power and gain control (PGA or AGC) function and other headset specified functions.
- HandSet: Handset input power and gain control (PGA or AGC) function and other handset specified functions.
- Cell Phone: Cell-phone input power and gain control (PGA or AGC) function.
- SideTone: Sidetone power and gain.
- KeyClick: Key-click tone.
- Buzz Input: Power and gain for the BUZZ\_IN input pin.

V TSC2111EVM Touch Screer	Controller Software			
File Edit Help				
Human Interface 🔰 Data Ac	quisition Configuration	Audio 1	Audio2	Audio Effects Filters
HeadSet Power Up MICBIAS_HeadSet HeadSet MICBIAS 2.5 Volts HeadSet/AUX Input AGC ON AGC OFF Volume ✓ Mute ✓ Mute ✓ AGC ON Target Gain: -5.5dB Time Const: 8 - 100 mS Enable HeadSet Detection HeadSet Detection De Bouncing: 32ms Duration Enable HeadSet Detection HeadSet Detection De Bouncing: 32ms Duration ■ Button Detection De Bouncing: No Gitch Rejection ■ HeadHandSet MIC PGA ✓ Enable Soft-Stepping Soft Stepping Control © 0.5dB/FS © 0.5dB/2FSs	HandSet         ✓ Power Up MICBIAS_HandSet         HandSet MICBIAS         2.5 Volts         HandSet Input AGC ON         AGC OFF         Volume       Mute         Image Gain:       5.5d8         Time Const:       8 · 100 mS         Head/HandSet MIC AGC         Noise Level:       ·30d8         Hysteresis:       1dB         Noise Detect       Oms         DeBouncing       Oms         Enable Clip Stepping         Appliable	Cell Phone CP_IN Mode SingleEnded C CP_OUT Mode SingleEnded C Cell Phone Input AGC OFF Volume Volume Volume Volume Volume CE Enable PGA Sol AGC ON Target Gain: 5.5c Time Const: 8 - Noise Level: 30d Hysteresis: 1dB Noice Uetect DeBouncino Signal Detect (Dms DeBouncino Cms DeBouncino Cms DeBouncino	Differential Differential AGC ON Mute t.Sepping B U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	Side Tone         ✓ PowerUp         Volume         ✓ Enable SoftStepping         KeyClick         ✓ Enable Key Click         ✓ Enable Key Click         ✓ PowerUp         IKH2         IXH2         Øuume         ✓ PowerDown         ✓ Enable SoftStepping         Volume         ✓ Volume
Connected				U

Figure 11. Audio 2 Screen at Default



#### Program Description

Figure 12 shows the default configuration of the AudioEffects Filters tab. This tab displays the boost filters, the de-emphasis filter, and the DAC and output driver pop-noise reduction functions.



Figure 12. Bass Boost Filter Screen Default Configuration

# 3.4.1 Interface Section

This section (refer to Figure 10) controls the behavior of the I<sup>2</sup>S port (BCLK, LRCLK, DIN, and DOUT pins). In this EVM, the audio port transfers 16-bit data in I<sup>2</sup>S format, and the codec reference sample rate is 44.1 kHz.

The TSC2111 is programmed as an I<sup>2</sup>S slave by default. The onboard processor TAS1020B is the master, which generates the BCLK and LRCLK signal. If the TSC2111 is used as a master, the onboard processor should be disabled and the I<sup>2</sup>S port should be detached from the processor by turning off the onboard I<sup>2</sup>S interface. Refer to Table 2 in the *Default Configurations 2.2* section.



# 3.4.2 PLL Section

There is an on-chip phase-locked loop (PLL) in the TSC2111. The PLL can be enabled or disabled, based on the given master clock (MCLK) to the TSC2111 and the required reference frequency (FSref) for the codec. For more details on the PLL, refer to the TSC2111 data sheet.

The PLL can be set on the PLL Secton of Audio 1 screen (Figure 10).

The default frequencies for this EVM board are

- MCLK = 11.2896 MHz
- Reference sample rate = 44.1 kHz

At the bottom of the section, the corresponding FSref frequency is shown based on the selection of:

- 1. the Q-value if the PLL has not been enabled, or
- 2. the P, J, D values if the PLL has been enabled.

# 3.4.3 ADC Section

This section (Audio 1 Tab, Figure 10) configures the audio ADC power and the analog input source.

By default, the audio ADC is powered up so that the audio-recording function can start running with the default settings. Checking *Power Down ADC* disables the audio ADC.

The ADC sample rate can be set as a divider frequency from the reference frequency, FSref. For example, when FSref = 44.1 kHz (set in the INTERFACE section of the same tab), an 8-K sample rate is obtained by setting the divider to 5.5 (44100/5.5 = 8018 Hz).

The audio ADC also has a high-pass filter, which is a sub-multiple of the sample rate, to remove dc or low frequency components from the input signal.

The input signal to the audio ADC can be selected from different analog resources under different modes using the *Select ADC Input Source* option list. The microphone input from the headset or the handset can be selected; the single-ended or the differential input (paired with AUX1 or AUX2) can be used.

The cell-phone input can also be connected to the audio ADC.

# 3.4.4 DAC/Outputs Section

This section configures the audio DAC power and all functions of the analog outputs, such as power, gain, mode, and destination, which identifies the analog output pin or pins where the analog output signal is sent.

In the *Power Down* subsection, the DAC and the output driver circuits can be powered up/down individually. By checking a checkbox, the corresponding TSC2111 circuit is powered down.

In the *SC Protect* subsection, the short-circuit (SC) protection function can be enabled or disabled. When the short-circuit protection function is enabled and a short-circuit occurs, all analog outputs are disabled and the corresponding flag is set. For example, to set the headset SC protection, check the box. In the event of a headset short circuit, all analog outputs are disabled, and D1 of control registers in page 2 address 0x1D is set. The TSC2111 requires hardware or software reset to return to normal operation.

Similar to the ADC, the DAC sample rate can be set as a divider frequency from the reference FSref frequency, through the DAC Sample Rate option list.

The TSC2111 has the capability to route the stereo DAC output signals to the selected analog output. To route the signals to the headset drivers (SP1 and SP2 pins), select from the *DAC Output* to lists. By default, the left channel DAC output is routed to SP1 and the right channel to SP2.

The signal routed to SP1 can also be output to the loud speaker (OUT8P/OUT8N), if the SP1 to Loud SP checkbox is checked.

The SP1 output can be used in single-ended or differential mode. In single-ended mode, it is driven as one channel of the stereo headset outputs, and the audio sound is output through a headset at J11 on the TSC2111EVM daughtercard. In differential mode, the SP1 is paired with the OUT32N pin as the *receiver driver*, and the audio sound is output through a speaker connected to the terminal block J2 on the TSC2111EVM. By default, the SP1 is set to single-ended mode.



Other signals, such as the SideTone, KeyClick, CP\_IN, and BUZZ\_IN can be routed to speaker 1 (SP1), speaker 2 (SP2), and/or the loud speaker (LoudSP). Signal selection can be done in this section by checking the corresponding checkbox.

The signals to SP1, SP2, or the ADC can be output to the TSC's cellphone output pin, and the BUZZ\_IN, SP1 and SP2 signals can also be output the BUZZ\_IN PGA.

The DAC PGA gain can be set to soft-stepping mode. In soft-step mode, the soft stepping can be set to either 0.5–dB per one sample, or 0.5–dB per two samples.

The stereo DAC audio volume is controlled by the left (L) and right <sup>®</sup>) volume control slides, selectable through setting the master volume controller, in three different ways:

- Independent,
- Right channel controlled, or
- Left channel controlled.

In addition to the left and right DAC channel volume controls and mutes, the analog signals from the SPK1, SPK2, OUT8P/OUT8N (loud speaker), and CP\_OUT pins can be individually muted or unmuted.

The TSC2111 supports both capacitor-coupled (cap) and capacitorless (capless) headset interfaces through settings in software and hardware. To use the capless outputs, Check the box *Enable Capless Headset Output*, and select the CAPLESS setting on SW1 on the TSC2111EVM daughter board.

**Note:** The settings of SW1 and *Enable Capless Headset Output* must match for proper EVM operation.

#### 3.4.5 GPIO1 and GPIO2 Sections

The two GPIO pins on the TSC2111 are programmed for several different functions, selectable through the GPIO1 or GPIO2 section. Refer to the data sheet for all of the functions. When a GPIO pin is used as a digital output, its status can be controlled by the *GPO Command* to either logic high or low. When not being used, the GPIO pin should be set to high impedance (Hi-Z).

#### 3.4.6 Headset Section

The headset configuration section is in the Audio 2 tab, which is used mainly to set the headset input gain through the headset PGA or the AGC, selectable by the *Headset/AUX Input AGC ON* checkbox.

By default, the AGC is OFF, and the programmable-gain amplifier (PGA) on the headset circuit is selected for the gain control, allowing analog-input gain control from 0 dB to 59.5 dB. When the AGC is OFF, moving the volume slide on the AGC OFF subsection adjusts the PGA on the MICIN\_HED path. Checking the Mute box mutes the headset input signal.

When the PGA changes from the current value to a newly programmed value, the change rate can be controlled if the PGA Soft Stepping box is checked in the *Head/Handset MIC PGA* section, where the PGA changes 0.5 dB at either 1 step per sample or one step per two samples.

When the box by AGC ON is checked, the AGC is enabled. Refer to the TSC2111 data sheet and the appreciated application note(s) for setting and using the AGC.

In addition to the input-gain control, the headset microphone bias can be selected. The programmable de-bounce features for the headset and button detect are also configured in this section. Refer to the data sheet for the details on detection and de-bounce.



### 3.4.7 Handset Section

Similar to the headset section, the handset section is used mainly to configure the handset input gain through the handset PGA or the AGC, selectable by the *Handset Input AGC ON* checkbox.

By default, when the handset AGC is OFF, and the programmable gain amplifier (PGA) is selected for the input gain control, allowing analog input gain control from 0 dB to 59.5 dB. When the AGC is off, moving the volume slide on the *AGC OFF* subsection adjusts the PGA on the MICIN\_HND path. Checking the Mute box mutes the handset input signal.

The handset and headset share the soft-stepping settings. Refer to the explanation in the *Headset Section* for the feature and settings.

Similar to the headset, when the box by AGC ON is checked, the handset AGC is enabled.

In addition to the handset input-gain control, the handset microphone bias can be selected in the *Handset Section*, similar to that in the *Headset Section*.

#### 3.4.8 Cell-Phone Section

The Cell-Phone section is used to configure the cell-phone input gain, by using the CP\_IN PGA or AGC.

When the checkbox by *Cell Phone Input AGC ON*, is not checked, the PGA controls the gain, from –34.5 dB to 12 dB, and in 0.5 dB steps if the soft-stepping option is selected. The cell-phone input is muted when the Mute box under the slider is checked.

When the box by AGC ON is checked, the cell-phone input AGC is enabled. Refer to the TSC2111 data sheet or the appropriate application report(s) for setting and using the AGC.

At the TSC2111, both CP\_IN and CP\_OUT signals can be at single-ended or differential mode. The corresponding software settings can be found in this section.

#### 3.4.9 Sidetone Section

The TSC2111 has an analog sidetone circuit. The audio outputs of the TSC2111 includes a mixer so that the sidetone can be mixed with the audio output signals, in proportion to their respective volume settings.

The sidetone is enabled when the *PowerUp* box is checked. Its volume can be adjusted by the analog volume control slider, ranging from –34.5 dB to12 dB, and in 0.5-dB steps if the soft-stepping option is used. The sidetone is muted when the Mute box under the slider is checked.

At the EVM power up, the sidetone is defaulted to power up.

#### 3.4.10 Keyclick Section

When the *Enable Key Click* box is checked, a clicking sound is heard whenever an audio-related setting is selected or checked in the Audio 1, Audio 2 and the Audio Effects Filters screens.

The volume, frequency, and duration (length) of this keyclick can be adjusted using the corresponding slider and selectors.

At the EVM power up, the keyclick is enabled by default.

#### 3.4.11 Buzz Input Section

The buzzer input from the cell phone can be routed to the TSC2111 through the BUZZ\_IN pin, if the checkbox by PowerDown is not selected. This input path supports the PGA range of from -45 dB to 0 dB, in 3 dB steps if the soft-stepping option was chosen.



#### 3.4.12 Audio Effects

The programmable Audio Effects filters coefficients of the TSC2111 can be accessed in the Audio Effect Filters screen, as shown in Figure 12.

Different filter coefficients can be loaded for left and right channels, although these are typically set to the same values.

If changes are made directly to coefficient values, the response can be viewed on the graph by clicking the *View Response* button. It is recommended that the user view the response before downloading values to the TSC2111, as some values can cause clipping or oscillation of the filter. The filter equation is described in the TSC2111 data sheet. When the data entered is outside the acceptable range, a warning window appears to indicate the improper coefficient, as shown in Figure 13.



Figure 13. Audio Effect Screen with Bad Data

In addition to the direct coefficient settings previously described, there are six preconfigured filters designed with the EVM software, selectable using the drop-down list of this screen. When a preconfigured filter is selected, the coefficients are updated along with the graph of the filter response to the selection. However, nothing is loaded into the TSC2111 until the *Download* button is clicked. Checking the *Boost Filter* box enables the filter selected.

# 3.4.13 Deemphasis Filter

In addition to the boost filter, a de-emphasis filter is provided by the TSC2111 for the audio DAC. Checking the *Deemphasis Filter On* box enables the filter.

# 3.4.14 Power-Up Pop Reductions

Settings on this tab can reduce the pop noise heard at the moment the TSC2111 output circuit is powered up. The pop noise reduction can be set on the DAC or the analog output driver circuit. Click on the *Enable DAC HP PR* checkbox to enable the DAC pop-reduction feature, and the *Enable Driver PR* checkbox to enable the output driver pop-reduction feature. Change the *Driver PR Duration* to set and optimize the noise reduction effects.

# 4 Other Board Level Connections

This chapter describes the board-level connectors of the TSC2111EVM or EVM-PDK. Using these connectors, the TSC2111 EVM can operate as a stand-alone unit, or as the daughter-board of the USBMODEVM.

# 4.1 Analog Interface

For maximum flexibility, the TSC2111EVM is designed for easy interface to multiple analog sources. Samtec part numbers SSW-110-22-F-D-VS-K and TSM-110-01-T-DV-P provide a convenient 2x10-pin dual-row header/socket combination at J1 and J2. These headers/sockets provide access to the analog input and output pins of the device. Table 3 summarizes the analog interface pinout for the TSC2111EVM.

Pin Number	Signal	Description
J1.1	CP_IN+	Input from cell-phone module (+)
J1.2	X+	Touch screen X+ position input and driver
J1.3	CP_IN-	Input from cell-phone module (-)
J1.4	X-	Touch screen X– position input and driver
J1.5	CP_OUT+	Output to cell-phone module (+)
J1.6	Y+	Touch screen Y+ position input and driver
J1.7	CP_OUT-	Output to cell-phone module (-)
J1.8	Y–	Touch screen Y- position input and driver
J1.9	AGND	Analog ground
J1.10	VBAT	Battery monitor input
J1.11	AGND	Analog ground
J1.12	AUX1	First auxiliary input
J1.13	AGND	Analog ground
J1.14	NC	Not connected
J1.15	NC	Not connected
J1.16	AUX2	Second auxiliary input
J1.17	AGND	Analog ground
J1.18	AGND	Analog ground
J1.19	AGND	Analog ground
J1.20	REF+	Reference Voltage
J2.1	OUT32N	Receiver driver output (-)
J2.2	SPK1	Headset driver output (1) /receiver driver output (+)
J2.3	VGND	Virtual ground for audio outputs
J2.4	SPK2	Headset driver output (2)
J2.5	OUT8N	Loudspeaker driver output (-)
J2.6	OUT8P	Loudspeaker driver output (+)
J2.7	MICBIAS_HED	Headset microphone bias voltage
J2.8	MICIN_HED	Headset microphone input
J2.9	AGND	Analog ground

# Table 3. Analog Interface Pinout

Din Number	Direction Description					
Pin Number	Signai	Description				
J2.10	MIC_DETECT_IN	Microphone detect input				
J2.11	AGND	Analog ground				
J2.12	SPKFC	Driver feedback/speaker detect input				
J2.13	AGND	Analog ground				
J2.14	MICIN_HND	Handset microphone input				
J2.15	NC	Not connected				
J2.16	MICBIAS_HND	Handset microphone bias voltage				
J2.17	AGND	Analog ground				
J2.18	NC	Not connected				
J2.19	AGND	Analog ground				
J2.20	NC	Not connected				

# Table 3. Analog Interface Pinout (continued)

In addition to the J1-J2 analog headers, the analog inputs and outputs may also be accessed through alternate connectors, either screw terminals or audio jacks, listed in Table 4.

	Description	Pin1	Pin2	Pin3	Pin4	Pin5
J6	J6 Touch Screen	X-	Y+	X+	Y–	_
J7	J7 External Inputs	VBAT	AUX1	AUX2	AGND	—
<b>J</b> 9	J9 Cell-phone In/Out	CP_IN/CP_IN+	BZ_IN/CP_IN-	CP_OUT+	CP_OUT-	AGND
J10	J10 External MIC Input	MICIN_HND	Onboard MIC	Onboard MIC	MICBIAS_HND	AGND
J11	J11 Headset	MICIN_HED	SPK2	SPK1	VGND/GND	_
J12	J12 Receiver (OUT32)	OUT32N	OUT32P	—	—	_
J13	J13 Loud-speaker (OUT8)	OUT8N	OUT8P	—	—	—

# **Table 4. Analog Connectors**

# 4.2 Digital Interface

The TSC2111EVM is designed to easily interface with multiple control platforms. Samtec part numbers SSW-110-22-F-D-VS-K and TSM-110-01-T-DV-P provide a convenient 2x10-pin dual-row header/socket combination at J4 and J5. These headers/sockets provide access to the digital control and serial data pins of the device. Table 5 summarizes the digital interface pinout for the TSC2111EVM.

Pin Number	Signal	Description
J4.1	NC	Not Connected
J4.2	GPIO1	General purpose I/O 1
J4.3	SCLK	SPI Interface serial clock input
J4.4	DGND	Digital ground
J4.5	NC	Not Connected
J4.6	GPIO2	General purpose I/O 2
J4.7	SS	SPI Interface slave select input
J4.8	RESET	Selectable to TSC2111 reset
J4.9	NC	Not Connected
J4.10	DGND	Digital ground
J4.11	MOSI	SPI serial data mater-OUT-slave-IN
J4.12	NC	Not Connected
J4.13	MISO	SPI serial data mater-IN-slave-OUT

# Table 5. Digital Interface Pinout

Pin Number	Signal	Description
J4.14	RESET	TSC2111 reset
J4.15	PINTDAV	Pen-interrupt/data-available output
J4.16	SCL	I2C interface clock line
J4.17	NC	Not Connected
J4.18	DGND	Digital ground
J4.19	PWR_DN	Hardware power down input
J4.20	SDA	I2C interface data line
J5.1	NC	Not Connected
J5.2	NC	Not Connected
J5.3	BCLK	I2S interface audio bit clock
J5.4	DGND	Digital ground
J5.5	NC	Not Connected
J5.6	NC	Not Connected
J5.7	WCLK	I2S interface audio word clock
J5.8	NC	Not Connected
J5.9	NC	Not Connected
J5.10	DGND	Digital ground
J5.11	DIN	I2S interface data input
J5.12	NC	Not Connected
J5.13	DOUT	I2S interface data output
J5.14	NC	Not Connected
J5.15	NC	Not Connected
J5.16	SCL	I2C interface clock line
J5.17	MCLK	Master clock
J5.18	DGND	Digital ground
J5.19	NC	Not Connected
J5.20	SDA	I2C interface data line

# Table 5. Digital Interface Pinout (continued)

# 4.3 Power Supplies

J3 provides power to the EVM on the pins listed in Table 6.

Signal	Pin N	umber	Signal			
NC	J3.1	J3.2	NC			
+5VA	J3.3	J3.4	NC			
DGND	J3.5	J3.6	AGND			
+1.8VD	J3.7	J3.8	NC			
+3.3VD	J3.9	J3.10	+5VD			

Table 6. Power Supp	) vlc	Pin Out
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The TSC2111EVM-PDK motherboard (the USB-MODEVM Interface board) supplies power to J3 of the TSC2111EVM. Power for the motherboard is supplied either through its USB connection or via terminal blocks on that board.



#### 4.3.1 Stand-Alone Operation

When used as a stand-alone EVM, power can be applied to J3 directly. The user must reference the supplies to the appropriate grounds on that connector.

# CAUTION

Verify that all power supplies are within the safe operating limits shown on the TSC2111 data sheet before applying power to the EVM.

# 4.3.2 USB-MODEVM Interface Power

The USB-MODEVM Interface board can be powered from several different sources:

- USB
- 6 V 10 V dc external AC wall supply (not included)
- Lab power supply

When powered from the USB connection, JMP6 must have a shunt from pins 1–2 (this is the default factory configuration). When powered from 6 V - 10 V dc, either through the J8 terminal block or the J9 barrel jack, JMP6 must have a shunt installed on pins 2-3. If power is applied in any of these ways, onboard regulators provide the required supply voltages; no other power supplies are necessary.

If lab supplies are used to provide the individual voltages required by the USB-MODEVM Interface, JMP6 must have no shunt installed. Voltages are then applied to J2 (+5VA), J3 (+5VD), J4 (+1.8VD), and J5 (+3.3VD).

The +1.8VD and +3.3VD can also be generated on the board by the onboard regulators from the +5VD supply. To enable this configuration, the switches on SW1 must be set to enable the regulators by placing them in the ON position (lower position, looking at the board with text reading right-side up). If +1.8VD and +3.3VD are supplied externally, disable the onboard regulators by placing SW1 switches in the OFF position.

Each power supply voltage has an LED (D1-D7) that illuminates when the power supply is active.

# 4.4 External Voltage Reference

If the external voltage reference is used, the reference can be input to the TSC2111 device through the J8 terminal block.



# 5 Physical Description

This chapter contains the bill of materials, the TSC2111 EVM board layout, and the schematics.

# 5.1 Bill of Materials

Item	Qty	Value	Ref. Des.	Description	Manufacturer	Part Number
1	6	0 Ω	R9-R14	1/8W 5% Chip Resistor	Panasonic	ERJ-6GEY0R00V
2	1	0 Ω	R25, R27	1/4W 5% Chip Resistor	Panasonic	ERJ-8GEY0R00V
3	1	220 Ω	R15	1/8W 5% Chip Resistor	Panasonic	ERJ-6GEYJ221V
4	1	2.2 KΩ	R26	1/4W 5% Chip Resistor	Panasonic	ERJ-8GEYJ222V
5	3	2.7 KΩ	R7, R28, R29	1/10W 5% Chip Resistor	Panasonic	ERJ-3GEYJ272V
6	1	2.7 KΩ	R8	1/4W 5% Chip Resistor	Panasonic	ERJ-8GEYJ272V
7	1	30.1 KΩ	R6	1/16W 1% Chip Resistor	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF3012V
8	1	69.8 KΩ	R5	1/16W 1% Chip Resistor	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF6982V
9	4	100 KΩ	R1, R2, R3, R4	1/10W 5% Chip Resistor	Panasonic	ERJ-3GEYJ104V
Not Installed	9	NI	R16-R24			
10	12	0.1 μF	C7-C9, C11-C19	25V Ceramic Chip Capacitor, +/ - 10%, X7R	TDK	C1608X7R1E104KT
Not Installed	7	0.1 μF	C20-C26	25V Ceramic Chip Capacitor, +/ - 10%, X7R	TDK	C2012X7R1E104KT
11	2	0.1 μF	C10, C35	100V Ceramic Chip Capacitor, +/ - 10%, X7R	TDK	C3216X7R2A104KT
12	1	0.33 μF	C1	10V Ceramic Chip Capacitor, +/ - 10%, X5R	TDK	C1608X5R1A334KT
13	10	10 μF	C2-C6, C27-C31	6.3V Ceramic Chip Capacitor, +/ - 10%, X5R	TDK	C3216X5R0J106KT
14	2	47 μF	C36, C37	6.3V Ceramic Chip Capacitor, +/ - 20%, X5R	TDK	C3225X5R0J476MT
Not Installed	3	NI	C32, C33, C34			
15	1		U3	Touch Screen Controller, Audio Codec	Texas Instruments	TSC2111IRGZG4
16	1		U2	64K, I2C EEPROM	Microchip	24AA64-I/SN
17	1		U1	Dual Output LDO Voltage Regulator	Texas Instruments	TPS767D301PWPG4
18	2		J6, J7	Screw Terminal Block, 4 Position	On Shore Technology	ED555/4DS
19	1		J9	Screw Terminal Block, 5 Position	On Shore Technology	ED555/5DS
20	3		J8, J12, J13	Screw Terminal Block, 2 Position	On Shore Technology	ED555/2DS
21	1		J10	3.5mm Audio Jack, T-R-S, SMD	CUI Inc.	SJ1-3515-SMT
22	1		J11	3.5mm Audio Jack, T-R-S-G, Thru-Hole	CUI Inc.	SJ-43514
23	4		J1A, J2A, J4A, J5A	20 Pin SMT Plug	Samtec	TSM-110-01-L-DV-P
24	4		J1B, J2B, J4B, J5B	20 pin SMT Socket	Samtec	SSW-110-22-F-D-VS-K
25	1		J3A	10 Pin SMT Plug	Samtec	TSM-105-01-L-DV-P
26	1		J3B	10 pin SMT Socket	Samtec	SSW-105-22-F-D-VS-K
27	1		N/A	TSC2111EVM PWB (must be RoHS compliant)	Texas Instruments	6478197
Not Installed	4	NI	D1, D2, D3, D4	Schottky Barrier Diode, Series Configuration	Diodes Inc.	BAT54S-7-F

# Table 7. TSC2111EVM Bill of Materials



Item	Qty	Value	Ref. Des.	Description	Manufacturer	Part Number
28	3		JMP1, JMP2, JMP11	2 Position Jumper , 0 .1" spacing	Samtec	TSW-102-07-L-S
Not Installed	2		JMP3, JMP4	2 Position Jumper , 0 .1" spacing	Samtec	TSW-102-07-L-S
29	2		JMP13, JMP14	3 Position Jumper , 0 .1" spacing	Samtec	TSW-103-07-L-S
30	2		JMP10, JMP15	3 X 2 Position Header, 0 .1" spacing	Samtec	TSW-103-07-L-D
31	6		JMP5-JMP9, JMP12	Bus Wire, 18-22 Gauge		
32	1		MK1	Omnidirectional Microphone Cartridge	Knowles Acoustics	MD9745APZ-F
33	1		SW1	4PDT Right Angle Switch	E-Switch	EG4208
Not Installed	42		TP3-TP19, TP21-TP33, TP35-TP46	Miniature Test Point Terminal	Keystone Electronics	5000
34	4		TP1, TP2, TP20, TP34	Miniature Test Point Large Loop Terminal	Keystone Electronics	5011
35	10		N/A	Jumper Top	Samtec	SNT-100-BK-T

# Table 7. TSC2111EVM Bill of Materials (continued)



5.2 TSC2111 EVM (Daughter) Board Layout



Figure 14. Component Layout



Figure 15. Top PCB Layer



Figure 16. Power/Ground Plane 1



Figure 17. Power/Ground Plane 2



Figure 18. Bottom PCB Layer



Figure 19. Bottom Silkscreen and Solder Mask

# 5.3 Schematics

Schematic diagrams of the TSC2111EVM/TLV320AIC29EVM daughter board show the TSC2111 analog connections to the external Input/output devices (such as the headphone, or microphone); and the digital connections to the USB-MODEVM board and other external digital devices through its connectors.



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Physical Description



Figure 21. TSC2111EVM/TLV320AIC29EVM Schematic, Page 2









Figure 23. USB Board Schematic, Page 2

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