

# TS3022

## Rail-to-rail 1.8 V high-speed dual comparator

#### Features

- Propagation delay: 38 ns
- Low current consumption: 73 μA/Comp
- Rail-to-rail inputs
- Push-pull outputs
- Supply operation from 1.8 to 5 V
- Wide temperature range: -40° C to +125° C
- ESD tolerance: 5 kV HBM / 300 V MM
- Latch-up immunity: 200 mA
- SMD packages

### Applications

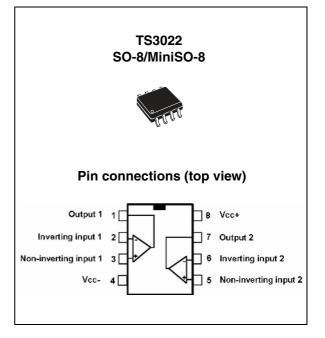
- Telecommunications
- Instrumentation
- Signal conditioning
- High-speed sampling systems
- Portable communication systems

### Description

The TS3022 dual comparator features a highspeed response time with rail-to-rail inputs. With a supply voltage specified from 2 to 5 V, this comparator can operate over a wide temperature range:  $-40^{\circ}$  C to  $+125^{\circ}$  C.

The TS3022 comparator offers micropower consumption as low as a few tens of microamperes thus providing an excellent ratio of power consumption current versus response time.

The TS3022 includes push-pull outputs and is available in small packages (SMD): SO-8 and MiniSO-8.



#### 1

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# Absolute maximum ratings and operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit	
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	5.5	V	
V <sub>ID</sub>	Differential input voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	±5	V	
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input voltage range	$(V_{CC}-) - 0.3$ to $(V_{CC}+) + 0.3$	V	
R <sub>THJA</sub>	Thermal resistance junction to ambient <sup>(3)</sup> SO-8 MiniSO-8	125 190	°C/W	
R <sub>THJC</sub>	Thermal resistance junction to case <sup>(3)</sup> SO-8 MiniSO-8	40 39	°C/W	
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature	-65 to +150	°C	
TJ	Junction temperature	150	°C	
T <sub>LEAD</sub>	Lead temperature (soldering 10 seconds)	260	°C	
	Human body model (HBM) <sup>(4)</sup>	5000		
ESD	Machine model (MM) <sup>(5)</sup>	300	v	
	Charged device model (CDM) <sup>(6)</sup>	1500	1	
	Latch-up immunity	200	mA	

Table 1.	Absolute	maximum	ratings
	Absolute	maximum	raungs

1. All voltage values, except differential voltage, are referenced to V<sub>CC</sub>-. V<sub>CC</sub> is defined as the difference between V<sub>CC</sub>+ and V<sub>CC</sub>-.

- 2. The magnitude of input and output voltages must never exceed the supply rail ±0.3V.
- 3. Short-circuits can cause excessive heating. These values are typical.
- 4. Human body model: a 100 pF capacitor is charged to the specified voltage, then discharged through a 1.5 kΩ resistor between two pins of the device. This is done for all couples of connected pin combinations while the other pins are floating.
- 5. Machine model: a 200 pF capacitor is charged to the specified voltage, then discharged directly between two pins of the device with no external series resistor (internal resistor < 5  $\Omega$ ). This is done for all couples of connected pin combinations while the other pins are floating.
- 6. Charged device model: all pins and the package are charged together to the specified voltage and then discharged directly to the ground through only one pin. This is done for all pins.

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
T <sub>oper</sub>	Operating temperature range	-40 to +125	°C
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage $0^{\circ} C < T_{amb} < +125^{\circ} C$ $-40^{\circ} C < T_{amb} < +125^{\circ} C$	1.8 to 5 2 to 5	v
V <sub>ICM</sub>	Common mode input voltage range -40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +85° C +85° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	(V <sub>CC</sub> -)-0.2 to (V <sub>CC</sub> +)+0.2 V <sub>CC</sub> - to V <sub>CC</sub> +	V

Table 2.Operating conditions



#### **Electrical characteristics** 2

Table 3.	ble 3. $V_{CC}$ += 2 V, $V_{CC}$ - = 0 V, $T_{amb}$ = +25° C, full $V_{ICM}$ range (unless otherwise specified) <sup>(1)</sup>							
Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset voltage	-40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	-	0.5	6 7	mV		
$\Delta V_{IO}$	Input offset voltage drift	-40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	-	3	20	μV/°C		
I <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset current <sup>(2)</sup>	-40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	-	1	20 100	nA		
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current <sup>(2)</sup>	-40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	-	86	160 300	nA		
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply current/comp.	No load, output high, $V_{ICM} = 0 V$ -40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	-	73	90 115	μA		
00	,	No load, output low, V <sub>ICM</sub> = 0 V -40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C		84	105 125	•		
I <sub>SC</sub>	Short-circuit current	Source Sink	-	9 10	-	mA		
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output voltage high	I <sub>Source</sub> = 1 mA -40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	1.88 1.80	1.92	-	v		
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output voltage low	I <sub>Sink</sub> = 1 mA -40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	-	60	100 150	mV		
CMRR	Common mode rejection ratio	0 < V <sub>ICM</sub> < 2 V	-	67	-	dB		
SVR	Supply voltage rejection	$\Delta V_{CC} = 2 \text{ to } 5 \text{ V}$	58	73	-	dB		
TP <sub>LH</sub>	Propagation delay <sup>(3)</sup> Low to high output level	$V_{ICM} = 0 V$ , f = 10 kHz, $C_L = 50 pF$ , Overdrive = 100 mV Overdrive = 20 mV	-	38 48	60 75	ns		
TP <sub>HL</sub>	Propagation delay <sup>(4)</sup> High to low output level	$V_{ICM} = 0 V$ , f = 10 kHz, $C_L = 50 pF$ , Overdrive = 100 mV Overdrive = 20 mV	-	40 49	60 75	ns		
Τ <sub>F</sub>	Fall time	$f = 10 \text{ kHz}, C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega,$ Overdrive = 100 mV	-	8	-	ns		
T <sub>R</sub>	Rise time	f = 10 kHz, C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>L</sub> = 10 kΩ, Overdrive = 100 mV	-	9	-	ns		

#### $vise specified)^{(1)}$ bla 3 ۰, V/ V/ f...11 \/

All values over the temperature range are guaranteed through correlation and simulation. No production test is performed 1. at the temperature range limits.

2. Maximum values include unavoidable inaccuracies of the industrial tests.

Response time is measured at 50% of final output value with following conditions: inverting input voltage (IN-) =  $V_{ICM}$  and non-inverting input voltage (IN+) moving from  $V_{ICM}$  - 100 mV to  $V_{ICM}$  + overdrive. З.

4. Response time is measured at 50% of final output value with following conditions: inverting input voltage (IN-) =  $V_{ICM}$  and non-inverting input voltage (IN+) moving from  $V_{ICM}$  + 100 mV to  $V_{ICM}$  - overdrive.



Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset voltage	-40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	-	0.2	6 7	mV
$\Delta V_{IO}$	Input offset voltage drift	-40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	-	3	20	μV/°C
I <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset current <sup>(2)</sup>	-40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	-	1	20 100	nA
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current <sup>(2)</sup>	-40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	-	86	160 300	nA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply current / Comp.	No load, output high, $V_{ICM} = 0 V$ -40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	-	75	90 120	μA
		No load, output low, $V_{ICM} = 0 V$ -40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C		86	110 125	
I <sub>SC</sub>	Short circuit current	Source Sink	-	26 24	-	mA
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output voltage high	$I_{Source} = 1 \text{ mA}$ -40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	3.20 3.10	3.25	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output voltage low	I <sub>Sink</sub> = 1 mA -40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	-	40	80 150	mV
CMRR	Common mode rejection ratio	0 < V <sub>ICM</sub> < 3.3 V	-	75	-	dB
SVR	Supply voltage rejection	$\Delta V_{CC} = 2 \text{ to } 5 \text{ V}$	58	73	-	dB
TP <sub>LH</sub>	Propagation delay <sup>(3)</sup> Low to high output level	$V_{ICM} = 0 V$ , f = 10 kHz, $C_L = 50 pF$ , Overdrive = 100 mV Overdrive = 20 mV	-	39 50	65 85	ns
TP <sub>HL</sub>	Propagation delay <sup>(4)</sup> High to low output level	$V_{ICM} = 0 V$ , f = 10 kHz, C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, Overdrive = 100 mV Overdrive = 20 mV	-	41 51	65 80	ns
Τ <sub>F</sub>	Fall time	$  f = 10 \text{ kHz}, C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega $ Overdrive = 100 mV	-	5	-	ns
Τ <sub>R</sub>	Rise time	f = 10 kHz, C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>L</sub> = 10 kΩ, Overdrive = 100 mV	-	7	-	ns

Table 4.	$V_{CC}$ += 3.3 V, $V_{CC}$ - = 0 V, $T_{amb}$ = +25°	$^{\circ}$ C, full V <sub>ICM</sub> range (unless otherwise specified) <sup>(1</sup>
Table 4.	$V_{CC}$ += 3.3 V, $V_{CC}$ - = 0 V, $T_{amb}$ = +25°	<sup>•</sup> C, full V <sub>ICM</sub> range (unless otherwise specified) <sup>(</sup>

1. All values over the temperature range are guaranteed through correlation and simulation. No production test is performed at the temperature range limits.

2. Maximum values include unavoidable inaccuracies of the industrial tests.

3. Response time is measured at 50% of final output value with following conditions: inverting input voltage (IN-) =  $V_{ICM}$  and non-inverting input voltage (IN+) moving from  $V_{ICM}$  - 100 mV to  $V_{ICM}$  + overdrive.

4. Response time is measured at 50% of final output value with following conditions: inverting input voltage (IN-) =  $V_{ICM}$  and non-inverting input voltage (IN+) moving from  $V_{ICM}$  + 100 mV to  $V_{ICM}$  - overdrive.



Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset voltage	-40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	-	0.2	6 7	mV
$\Delta V_{IO}$	Input offset voltage drift	-40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	-	3	20	μV/°C
I <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset current <sup>(2)</sup>	-40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	-	1	20 100	nA
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current <sup>(2)</sup>	-40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	-	86	160 300	nA
	Supply current / Comp.	No load, output high, $V_{ICM} = 0 V$ -40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	_	77	95 125	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	C Supply current / Comp.	No load, output low, $V_{ICM} = 0 V$ -40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	-	89	115 135	μΑ
I <sub>SC</sub>	Short circuit current	Source Sink		51 40	-	mA
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output voltage high	I <sub>Source</sub> = 4 mA -40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	4.80 4.70	4.84	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output voltage low	I <sub>Sink</sub> = 4 mA -40° C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +125° C	-	130	180 250	mV
CMRR	Common mode rejection ratio	0 < V <sub>ICM</sub> < 5 V	-	79	-	dB
SVR	Supply voltage rejection	$\Delta V_{CC} = 2 \text{ to } 5 \text{ V}$	58	73	-	dB
TP <sub>LH</sub>	Propagation delay <sup>(3)</sup> Low to high output level	$V_{ICM} = 0 V$ , f = 10 kHz, $C_L = 50 pF$ , Overdrive = 100 mV Overdrive = 20 mV	-	42 54	75 105	ns
TP <sub>HL</sub>	Propagation delay <sup>(4)</sup> High to low output level	$V_{ICM} = 0 V$ , f = 10 kHz, $C_L = 50 pF$ , Overdrive = 100 mV Overdrive = 20 mV	-	45 55	75 95	ns
Τ <sub>F</sub>	Fall time	$      f = 10 \text{ kHz}, C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega $ Overdrive = 100 mV	-	4	-	ns
Т <sub>R</sub>	Rise time	$  f = 10 \text{ kHz}, C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega $ Overdrive = 100 mV	-	4	-	ns

Table 5.	$V_{CC}$ += 5 V, $V_{CC}$ - = 0 V, $T_{amb}$ = +25°	C, full $V_{ICM}$ range (unless otherwise specified) <sup>(1)</sup>
Table J.	$\mathbf{v}_{CC} \mathbf{\tau} = \mathbf{J} \mathbf{v}, \mathbf{v}_{CC} \mathbf{\tau} = \mathbf{U} \mathbf{v}, \mathbf{u}_{amb} = \mathbf{\tau} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{J}$	c, full vich fange (unless otherwise specified)

1. All values over the temperature range are guaranteed through correlation and simulation. No production test is performed at the temperature range limits.

2. Maximum values include unavoidable inaccuracies of the industrial tests.

3. Response time is measured at 50% of final output value with following conditions: inverting input voltage (IN-) =  $V_{ICM}$  and non-inverting input voltage (IN+) moving from  $V_{ICM}$  - 100 mV to  $V_{ICM}$  + overdrive.

4. Response time is measured at 50% of final output value with following conditions: inverting input voltage (IN-) =  $V_{ICM}$  and non-inverting input voltage (IN+) moving from  $V_{ICM}$  + 100 mV to  $V_{ICM}$  - overdrive.



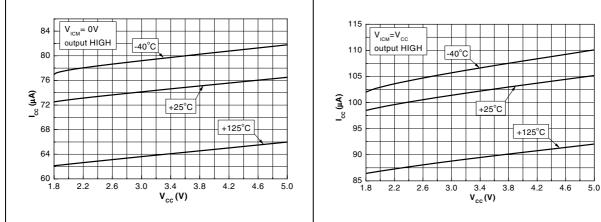


Figure 3. Current consumption /comp. vs. power supply voltage

Figure 4. Current consumption /comp. vs. power supply voltage

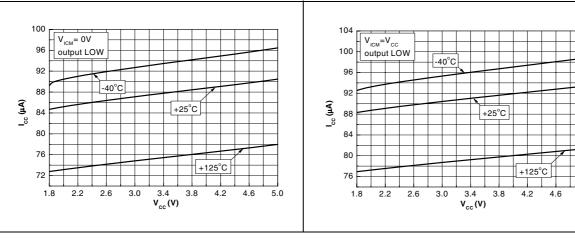
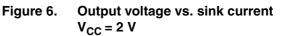


Figure 5. Output voltage vs. source current  $V_{CC} = 2 V$ 



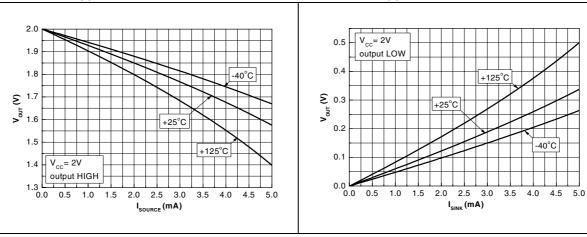


Figure 2. Current consumption /comp. vs. power supply voltage



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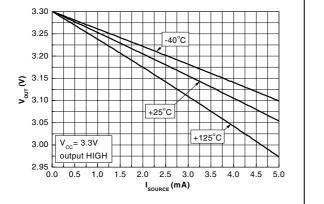


-40°C

5.0

Figure 7. Output voltage vs. source current Figure 8.  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V





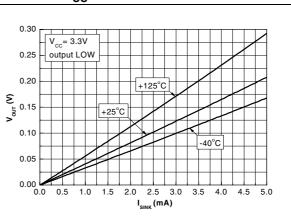


Figure 9. Output Voltage vs. source current  $V_{CC} = 5 V$ 

Figure 10. Output voltage vs. sink current  $V_{CC} = 5 V$ 

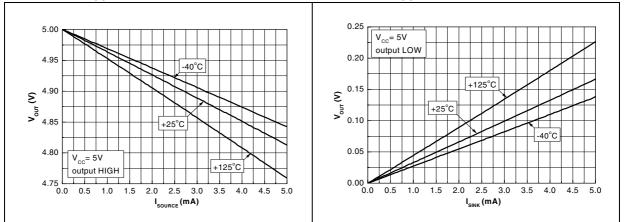
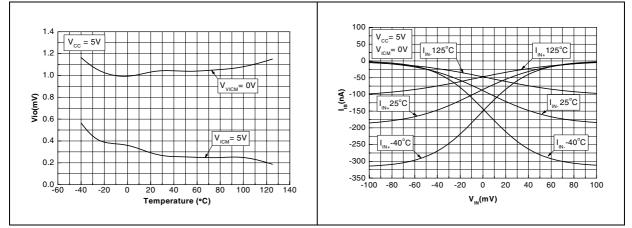


Figure 11. Input offset voltage vs. temperature Figure 12. Input bias current vs. input voltage and common mode voltage





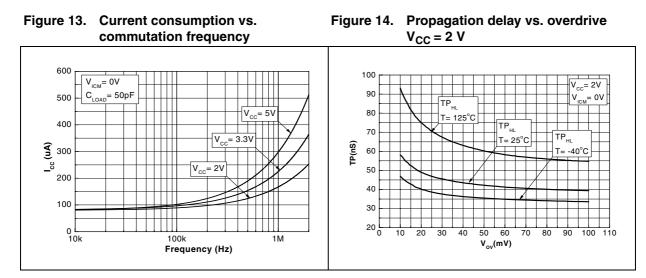
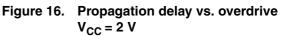


Figure 15. Propagation delay vs. overdrive  $V_{CC} = 2 V$ 



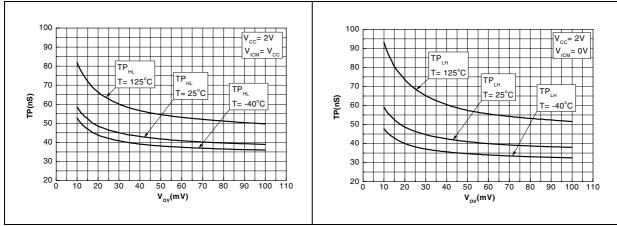


Figure 17. Propagation delay vs. overdrive  $V_{CC} = 2 V$ 

Figure 18. Propagation delay vs. overdrive  $V_{CC} = 3.3 V$ 

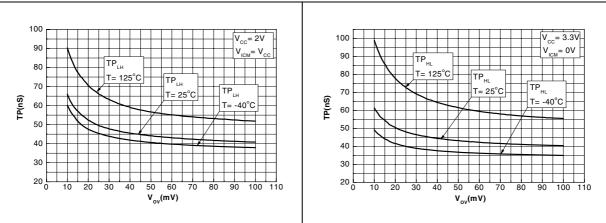
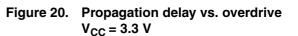




Figure 19. Propagation delay vs. overdrive  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V



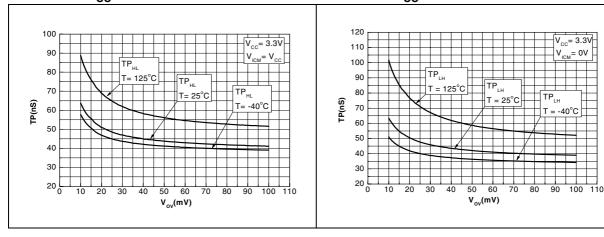
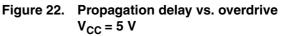


Figure 21. Propagation delay vs. overdrive  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V



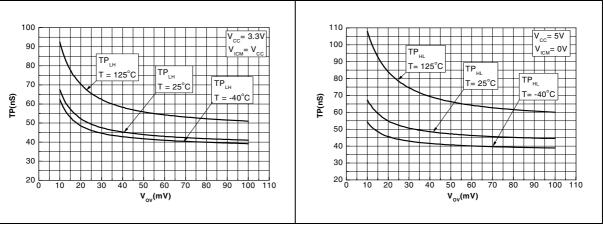


Figure 23. Propagation delay vs. overdrive  $V_{CC} = 5 V$ 

Figure 24. Propagation delay vs. overdrive  $V_{CC} = 5 V$ 

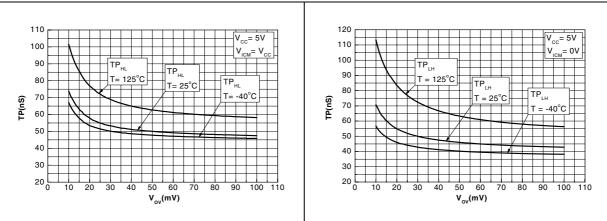
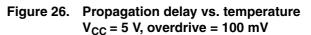
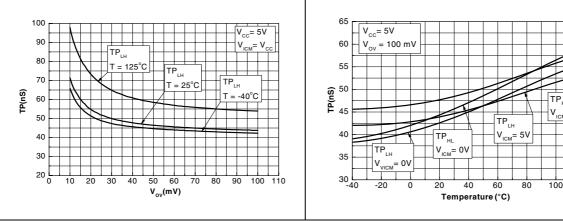


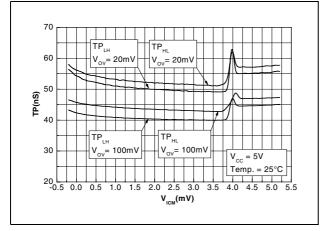


Figure 25. Propagation delay vs. overdrive  $V_{CC} = 5 V$ 





Propagation delay vs. common Figure 27. mode voltage, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V



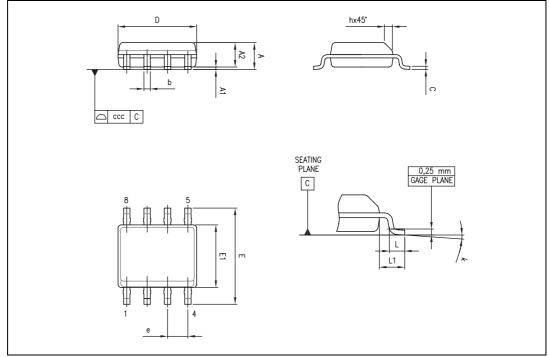
# 3 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK<sup>®</sup> packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK<sup>®</sup> specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: *www.st.com*. ECOPACK<sup>®</sup> is an ST trademark.



## 3.1 SO-8 package information



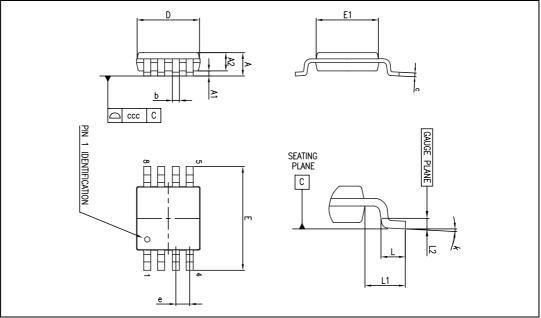


	Dimensions						
Ref.		Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
А			1.75			0.069	
A1	0.10		0.25	0.004		0.010	
A2	1.25			0.049			
b	0.28		0.48	0.011		0.019	
С	0.17		0.23	0.007		0.010	
D	4.80	4.90	5.00	0.189	0.193	0.197	
Е	5.80	6.00	6.20	0.228	0.236	0.244	
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00	0.150	0.154	0.157	
е		1.27			0.050		
h	0.25		0.50	0.010		0.020	
L	0.40		1.27	0.016		0.050	
L1		1.04			0.040		
k	0		8°	<b>1</b> °		8°	
CCC			0.10			0.004	



### 3.2 MiniSO-8 package information





#### Table 7. MiniSO-8 package mechanical data

			Dime	nsions		
Ref.	Millimeters					
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
А			1.10			0.043
A1			0.15			0.006
A2	0.75	0.85	0.95	0.030	0.033	0.037
b	0.22		0.40	0.009		0.016
с	0.08		0.23	0.003		0.009
D	2.80	3.00	3.20	0.110	0.118	0.126
E	4.65	4.90	5.15	0.183	0.193	0.203
E1	2.80	3.00	3.10	0.110	0.118	0.122
е		0.65			0.026	
L	0.40	0.60	0.80	0.016	0.024	0.031
L1		0.95			0.037	
L2		0.25			0.010	
k	0		8			
CCC			0.10			0.004



# 4 Ordering information

#### Table 8.Order codes

Part number	Temperature range	Package	Packing	Marking
TS3022ID		SO-8	Tube	30221
TS3022IDT	-40° C, +125° C	SO-8	Tape & reel	30221
TS3022IST		MiniSO-8	Tape & reel	K521



# 5 Revision history

Table 9.	Document revision history
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Date	Revision	Changes
29-Jan-2009	1	Initial release. The information contained in this datasheet was previously included in the TS3021-TS3022 datasheet (revision 4 dated October 2007). The single version (TS3021) and dual version (TS3022) have now been split into two separate datasheets. Refer to the TS3021 revision 5 for a complete history of changes.
25-Jun-2009	2	<ul> <li>Modified ESD tolerances in <i>Table 1: Absolute maximum ratings</i>.</li> <li>In <i>Table 3, Table 4</i> and <i>Table 5</i>: <ul> <li>modified V<sub>IO</sub> typical value and maximum limits.</li> <li>modified I<sub>IB</sub> typical value.</li> <li>modified I<sub>CC</sub> typical values and corrected maximum limits.</li> <li>modified I<sub>SC</sub> typical values.</li> <li>modified V<sub>OH</sub> and V<sub>OL</sub> typical values.</li> <li>modified CMRR and SVR typical values.</li> <li>modified TP<sub>HL</sub> and TP<sub>LH</sub> typical values.</li> <li>modified note 3.</li> <li>added note 4.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



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