



**ALPHA & OMEGA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR

**AON5820**

**20V Common-Drain Dual N-Channel MOSFET**

### General Description

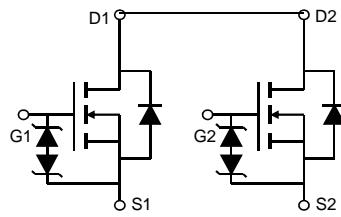
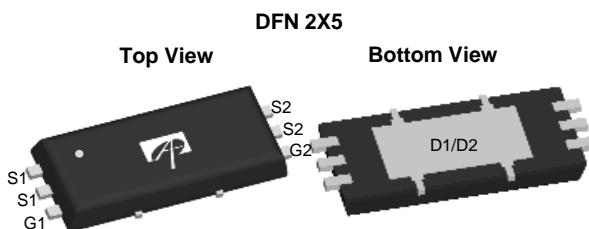
The AON5820 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$ , low gate charge and operation with gate voltages as low as 2.5V while retaining a 12V  $V_{GS(MAX)}$  rating. It is ESD protected. This device is suitable for use as a uni-directional or bi-directional load switch, facilitated by its common-drain configuration.

### Product Summary

$V_{DS}$	20V
$I_D$ (at $V_{GS}=4.5V$ )	10A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=4.5V$ )	< 9.5mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=4.0V$ )	< 10mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=3.5V$ )	< 10.5mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=3.1V$ )	< 11.5mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=2.5V$ )	< 13mΩ

### Typical ESD protection

HBM Class 2



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	20	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 12$	V
Continuous Drain Current	$I_D$	10	A
Current $T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		8	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	85	
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	$P_{DSM}$	1.7	W
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		1	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	°C

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup> $t \leq 10\text{s}$	$R_{\theta JA}$	30	40	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup> Steady-State		61	75	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JC}$	4.5	5.5

**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	20			V
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=20\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			1 5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm10\text{V}$			10	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	0.3	0.65	1.0	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	85			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=10\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	5.5 8	7.4 11	9.5 14	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.0\text{V}, I_D=10\text{A}$	5.8	7.6	10	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=3.5\text{V}, I_D=9\text{A}$	6	8	10.5	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=3.1\text{V}, I_D=9\text{A}$	6.3	8.3	11.5	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=2.5\text{V}, I_D=8\text{A}$	6.8	9.2	13	$\text{m}\Omega$
$g_{\text{FS}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=10\text{A}$		65		S
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.58	1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				2.5	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=10\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	1000	1255	1510	$\text{pF}$
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance		150	220	290	$\text{pF}$
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		100	168	235	$\text{pF}$
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		2.5		$\text{K}\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=10\text{V}, I_D=10\text{A}$	10	12.5	15	nC
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate Source Charge			5.5		nC
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate Drain Charge			6.5		nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=10\text{V}, R_L=1\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		1.1		$\mu\text{s}$
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			2.6		$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			7		$\mu\text{s}$
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			7.4		$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=10\text{A}, dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	8.5	11	13.5	ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=10\text{A}, dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	12	15	18	nC

A. The value of  $R_{\text{QJA}}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The Power dissipation  $P_{\text{DSM}}$  is based on  $R_{\text{QJA}}$  and the maximum allowed junction temperature of  $150^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ , using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

D. The  $R_{\text{QJA}}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\text{QJC}}$  and case to ambient.

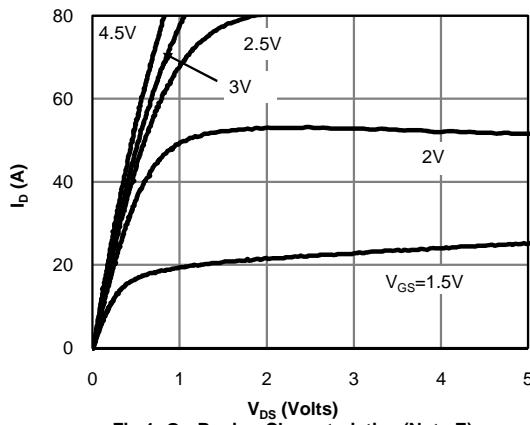
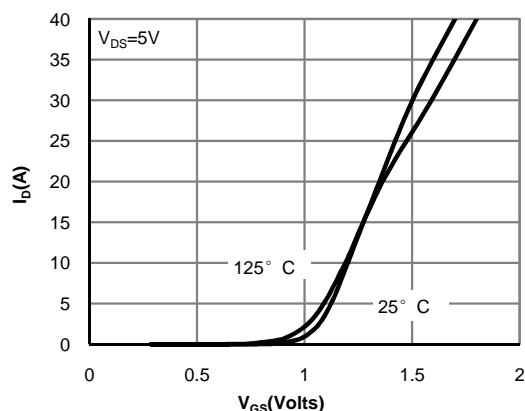
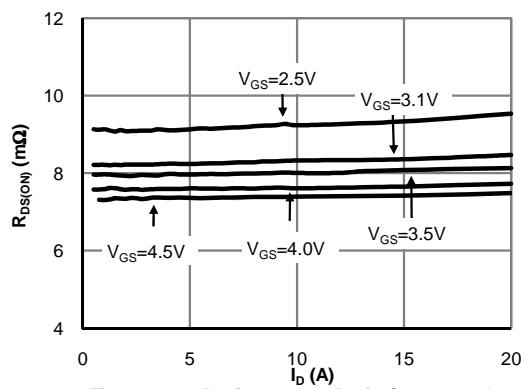
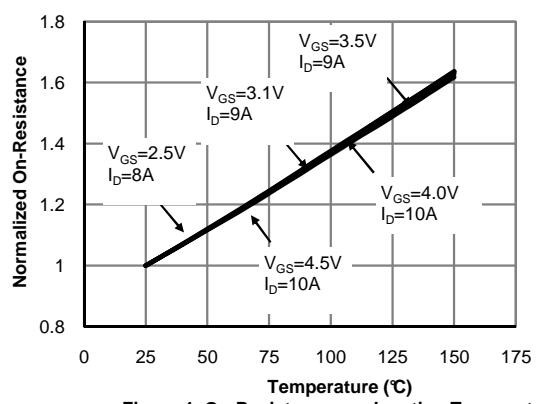
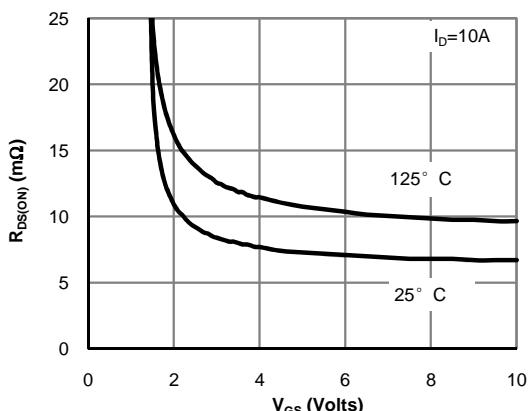
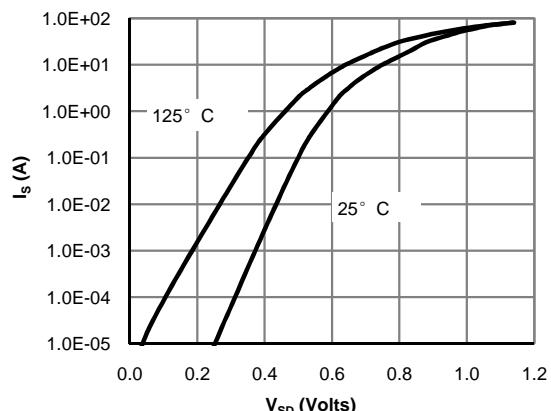
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

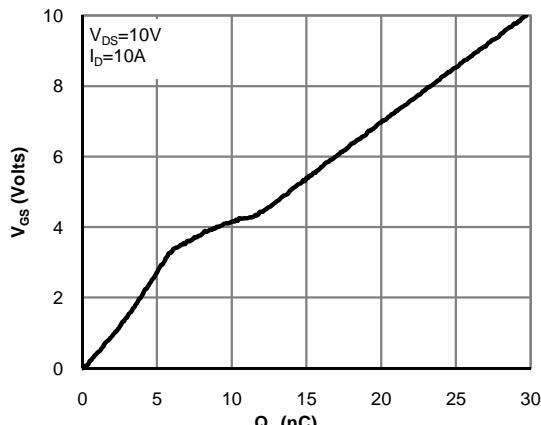
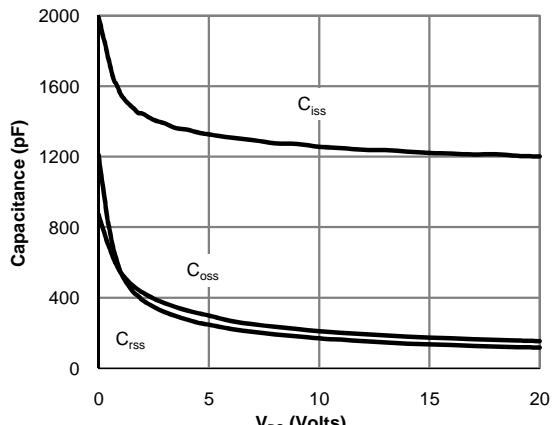
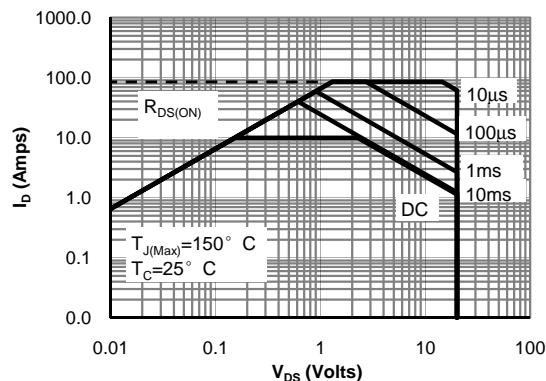
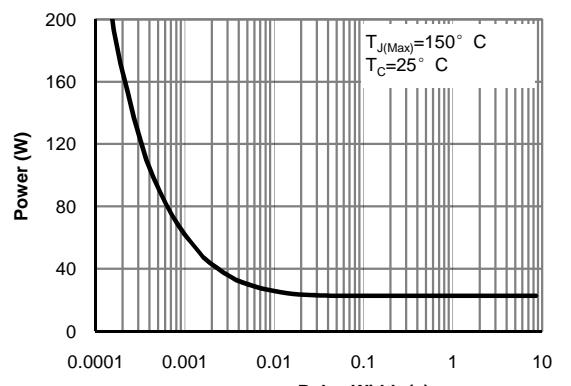
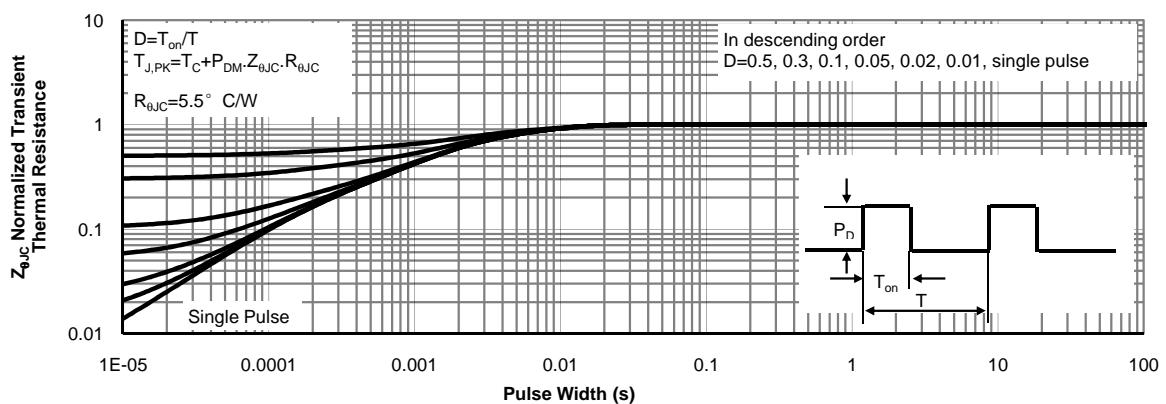
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

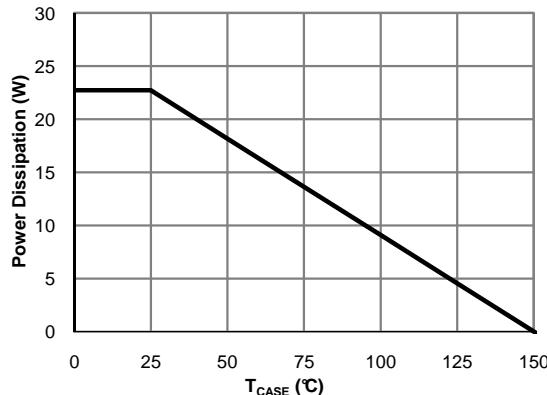
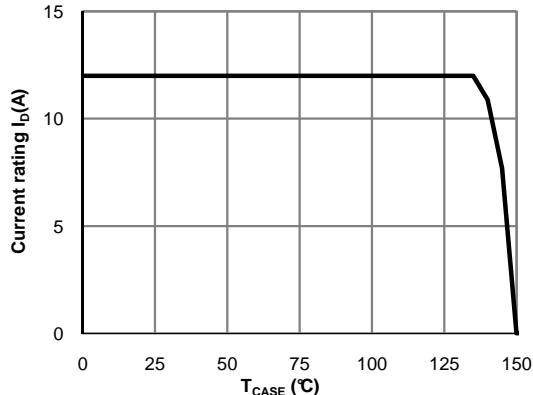
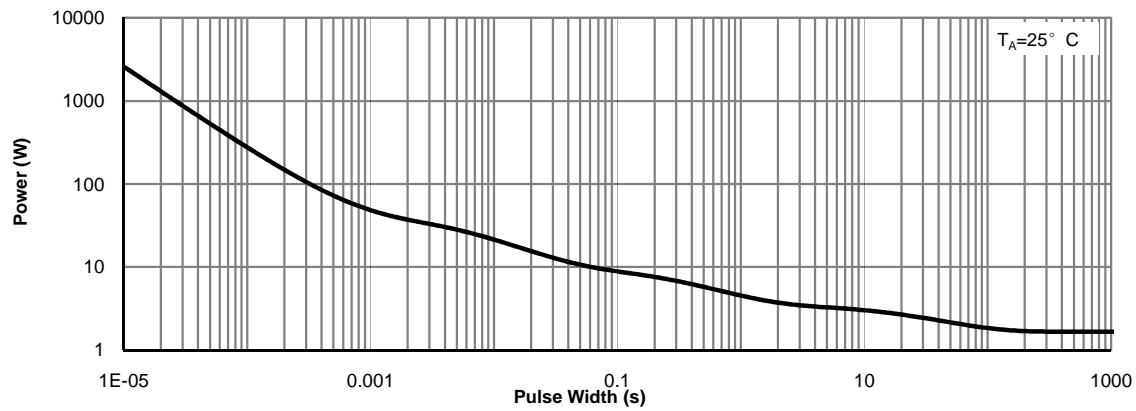
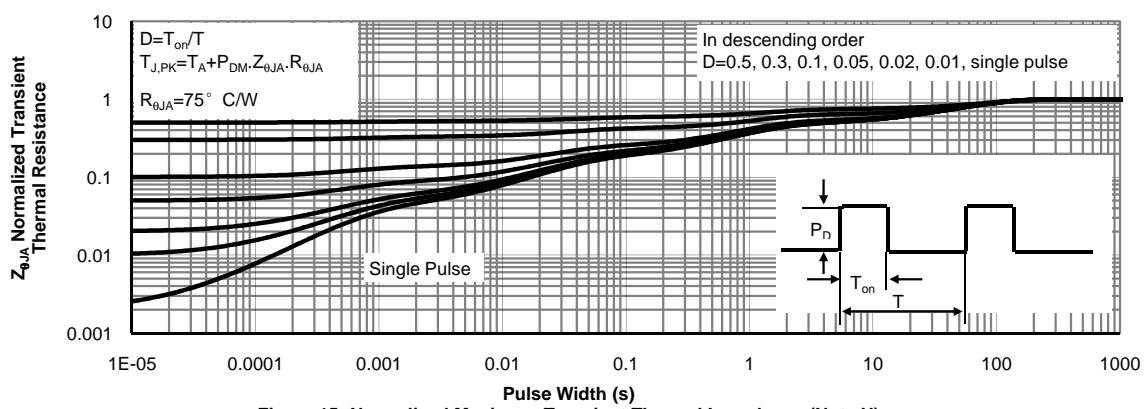
G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

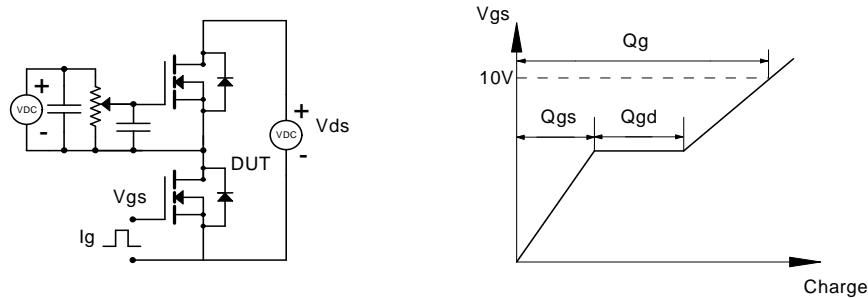
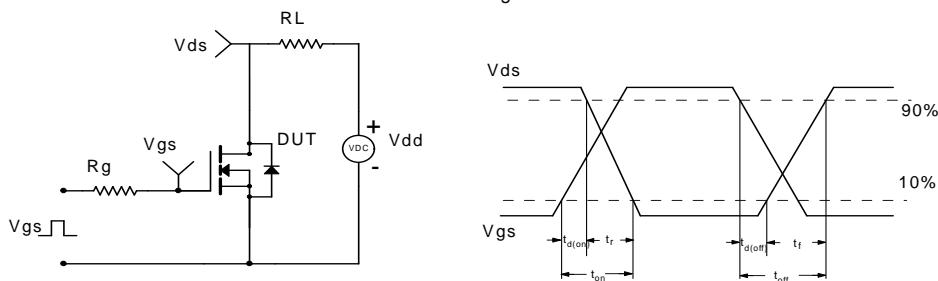
H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

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**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)**

**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)**

**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)**

**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)**

**Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)**

**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)**

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics**

**Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics**

**Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)**

**Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Cooling-Area (Note F)**

**Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)**

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note F)**

**Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F)**

**Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)**

**Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)**


**Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform**

**Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms**

**Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms**
