

# IRF7805PbF

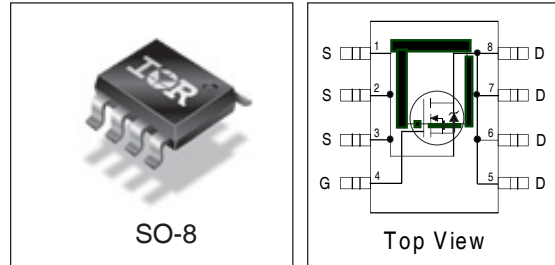
## HEXFET® Chip-Set for DC-DC Converters

- N Channel Application Specific MOSFETs
- Ideal for Mobile DC-DC Converters
- Low Conduction Losses
- Low Switching Losses
- Lead-Free

### Description

This new device employs advanced HEXFET Power MOSFET technology to achieve an unprecedented balance of on-resistance and gate charge. The reduced conduction and switching losses make this device ideal for high efficiency DC-DC Converters that power the latest generation of mobile microprocessors.

The IRF7805PbF offers maximum efficiency for mobile CPU core DC-DC converters.



### Device Features

	IRF7805PbF
$V_{DS}$	30V
$R_{DS(on)}$	11m $\Omega$
$Q_g$	31nC
$Q_{sw}$	11.5nC
$Q_{oss}$	36nC

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$V_{DS}$	Drain-to-Source Voltage	30	V
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	$\pm 12$	
$I_D @ T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$ ③	13	A
$I_D @ T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$ ③	10	
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current ①	100	
$P_D @ T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Power Dissipation ③	2.5	W
$P_D @ T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$	Power Dissipation ③	1.6	
	Linear Derating Factor	0.02	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$T_J$	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range		

### Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JL}$	Junction-to-Drain Lead ⑤	—	20	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient ③⑤	—	50	

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## Static @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage <sup>⑥</sup>	30	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance <sup>⑥</sup>	—	9.2	11	m $\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 4.5V, I_D = 7.0A$ <sup>②</sup>
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage <sup>⑥</sup>	1.0	—	3.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu A$
$I_{DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	70	$\mu A$	$V_{DS} = 30V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	10		$V_{DS} = 24V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	150		$V_{DS} = 24V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{DS} = 12V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -12V$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge <sup>⑥</sup>	—	22	31	nC	$V_{GS} = 5.0V$ $V_{DS} = 16V$ $I_D = 7.0A$
$Q_{gs1}$	Pre-V <sub>th</sub> Gate-to-Source Charge	—	3.7	—		
$Q_{gs2}$	Post-V <sub>th</sub> Gate-to-Source Charge	—	1.4	—		
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain Charge	—	6.8	—		
$Q_{sw}$	Switch Charge ( $Q_{gs2} + Q_{gd}$ ) <sup>⑥</sup>	—	8.2	11.5		
$Q_{oss}$	Output Charge <sup>⑥</sup>	—	3.0	3.6	nC	$V_{DS} = 16V, V_{GS} = 0V$
$R_G$	Gate Resistance	0.5	—	1.7	$\Omega$	
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	16	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 16V, V_{GS} = 4.5V$ <sup>③</sup> $I_D = 7.0A$ $R_G = 2\Omega$ Resistive Load
$t_r$	Rise Time	—	20	—		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	38	—		
$t_f$	Fall Time	—	16	—		

## Diode Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode) <sup>①</sup>	—	—	2.5	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
$I_{SM}$	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	106		
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage <sup>⑥</sup>	—	—	1.2	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 7.0A, V_{GS} = 0V$
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge <sup>④</sup>	—	88	—	nC	$di/dt = 700A/\mu s$ $V_{DS} = 16V, V_{GS} = 0V, I_S = 7.0A$
$Q_{rr(s)}$	Reverse Recovery Charge (with Parallel Schottky) <sup>④</sup>	—	55	—	nC	$di/dt = 700A/\mu s$ (with 10BQ040) $V_{DS} = 16V, V_{GS} = 0V, I_S = 7.0A$

### Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ② Pulse width  $\leq 300 \mu s$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- ③ When mounted on 1 inch square copper board,  $t < 10$  sec.
- ④ Typ = measured -  $Q_{oss}$
- ⑤  $R_{\theta}$  is measured at  $T_J$  of approximately  $90^\circ\text{C}$ .
- ⑥ Devices are 100% tested to these parameters.

## Typical Characteristics

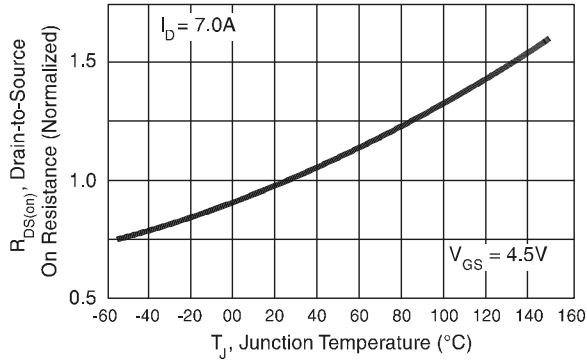


Fig 1. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

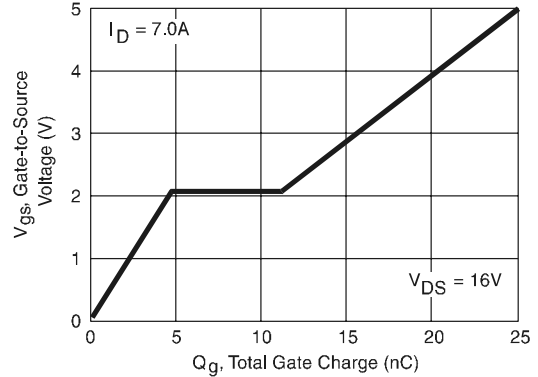


Fig 2. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

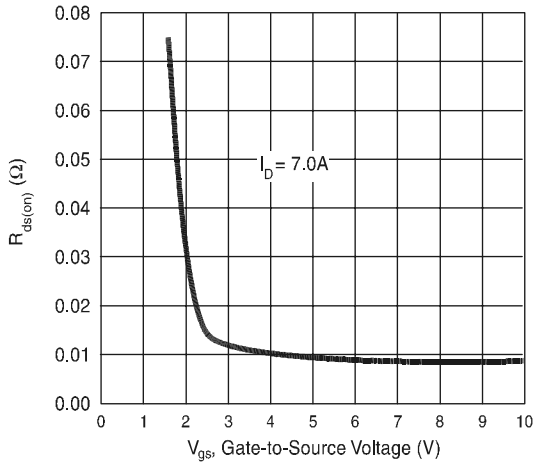


Fig 3. Typical  $R_{DS(on)}$  vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

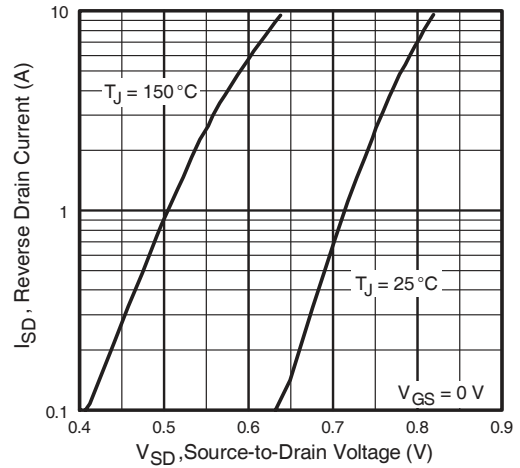


Fig 4. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

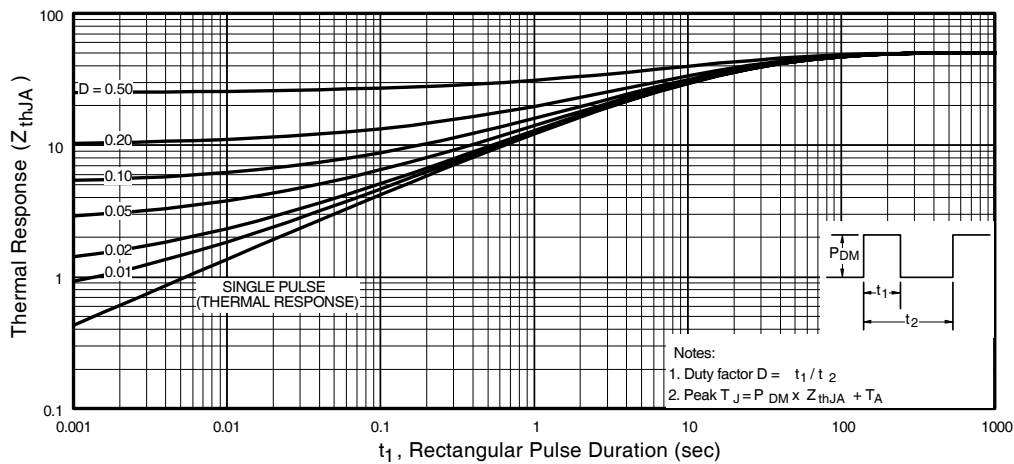
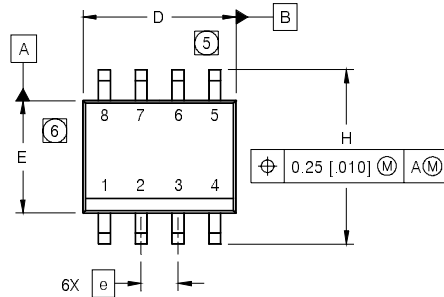


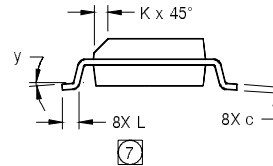
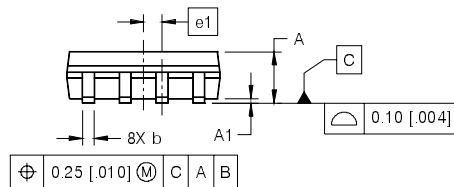
Figure 5. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

# IRF7805PbF

## SO-8 Package Details



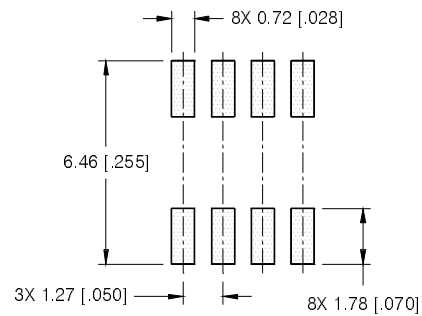
DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.0532	.0688	1.35	1.75
A1	.0040	.0098	0.10	0.25
b	.013	.020	0.33	0.51
c	.0075	.0098	0.19	0.25
D	.189	.1968	4.80	5.00
E	.1497	.1574	3.80	4.00
e	.050 BASIC		1.27 BASIC	
e1	.025 BASIC		0.635 BASIC	
H	.2284	.2440	5.80	6.20
K	.0099	.0196	0.25	0.50
L	.016	.050	0.40	1.27
y	0°	8°	0°	8°



### NOTES:

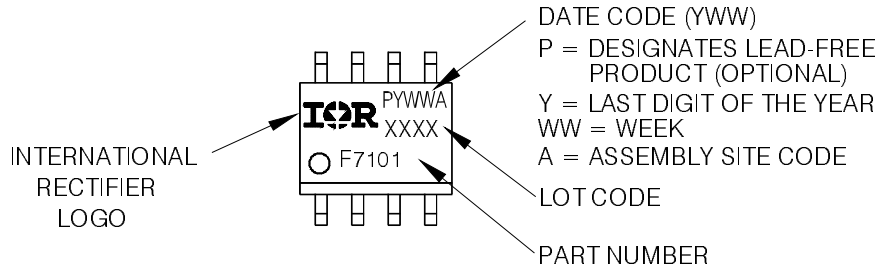
1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER
3. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
4. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE MS-012AA.
5. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSIONS. MOLD PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED 0.15 [0.006].
6. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSIONS. MOLD PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED 0.25 [0.010].
7. DIMENSION IS THE LENGTH OF LEAD FOR SOLDERING TO A SUBSTRATE.

### FOOTPRINT



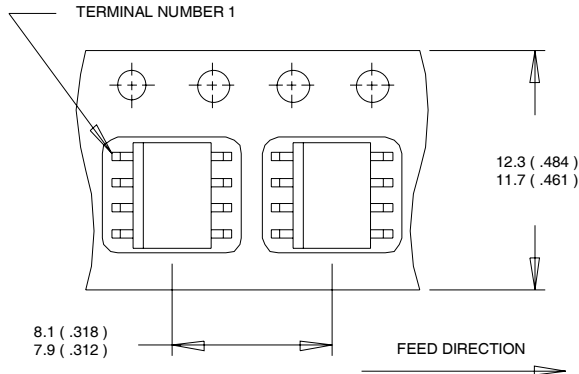
## SO-8 Part Marking

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF7101 (MOSFET)

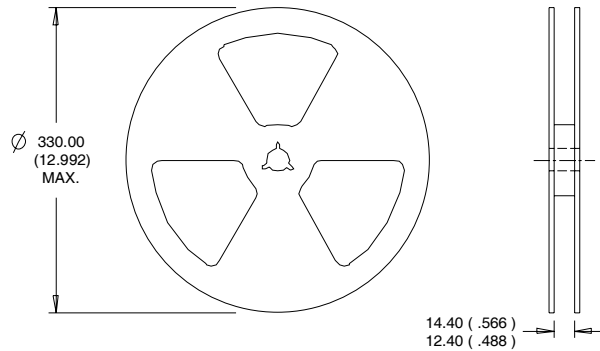


Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

## SO-8 Tape and Reel



- NOTES:
1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
  2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS(INCHES).
  3. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.



- NOTES :
1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
  2. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.

**Note:** For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>