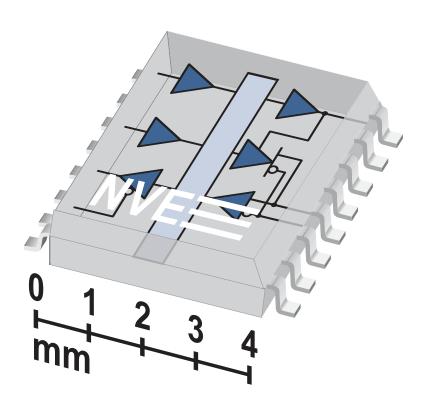


# IsoLoop<sup>®</sup> Isolated OSOP B

# **Isolated QSOP RS-485 Transceiver Evaluation Board**



Board No.: IL3085-1-01

## **About This Evaluation Board**

This Evaluation Board provides a complete isolated RS-485 node using the world's smallest isolated RS-485 transceiver—the IL3085-1E QSOP isolated transceiver.

The evaluation board provides screw terminal and RJ45 connections, and demonstrates best layout practices including separate ground planes.

Termination, pull-up, and pull-down resistors can be changed to accommodate different fanouts and termination methods.

Isolation reduces noise, eliminates ground loops, and improves safety.

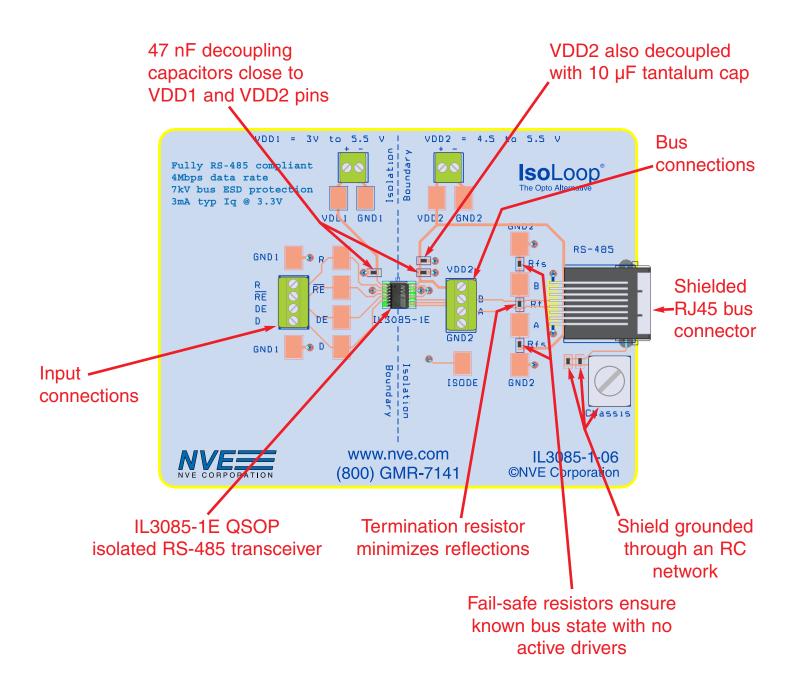
IL3000-Series transceivers deliver an exceptional 2.3 V differential output into a 54  $\Omega$  load and data rates to 40 Mbps. The device is also compatible with 3.3 V input supplies for interface to standard microcontrollers without additional level shifting.

### **IL3085-1E Specification Highlights**

- 16-pin QSOP package
- 4 Mbps
- 3 V to 5.5 V power supplies
- Low quiescent supply current
- 2500  $V_{RMS}$  1 minute isolation
- 50 kV/ $\mu$ s transient immunity
- 15 kV bus ESD protection
- Low EMC footprint
- Thermal shutdown protection
- -40°C to +85°C temperature range
- Meets or exceeds ANSI RS-485 and ISO 8482:1987(E)
- VDE V 0884-11 certified; UL 1577 recognized

Visit www.IsoLoop.com for datasheets and illustrative applications.

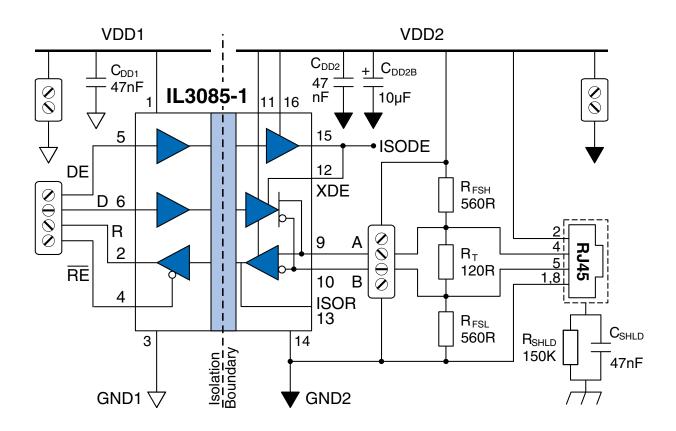
# **Evaluation Board Layout**



### **Quick Start**

- Connect  $V_{DD1}$  to a 3.3 V power supply and  $V_{DD2}$  to a 5 V supply.
- Tie "DE" high and "RE" low to ensure the input and output data are enabled.
- Connect a signal generator to the "D" input.
- Look for the complementary "A" and "B" outputs on an oscilloscope.

# **Circuit Diagram**



IL3085-1E <b>pin</b>	Symbol	Description
1	VDD1	Input power supply
2	R	Output data from bus
3	GND1	Input power supply ground return
4	$\overline{\text{RE}}$	Read data enable (R=high impedance if RE is high)
5	DE	Drive enable
6	D	Data input to bus
7	NC	No internal connection
8	NC	No internal connection
9	A	Non-inverting bus line
10	В	Inverting bus line
11	VDD2X	Output transceiver power supply (connected to pin 16 in the PCA)
12	XDE	Transceiver Device Enable (connected to pin 15 in the PCA)
13	ISOR	Isolated R output (normally not connected)
14	GND2	Output power supply ground return
15	ISODE	Isolated DE output (connected to pin 12 in the PCA)
16	VDD2I	Output power supply (connected to pin 11 in the PCA)

# Cables, Connectors, and Bus Topology

### Cable Length

IL3000-Series transceivers are intended for networks up to 4,000 feet (1,200 m), although the maximum data rate decreases as cable length increases.

### **Cables and Connectors**

Twisted pair cable helps cancel common mode noise. In noisy environments, use Shielded Twisted Pair (STP) CAT5 or CAT6 cables and shielded connectors. With shielded cables, one of the connectors should be tied to earth ground (not digital ground). For demanding applications, the other connector shield should be connected via an R-C network (typically 47 nF in parallel with  $150 \text{ k}\Omega$ ) to earth ground to damp AC noise induced in the shield.

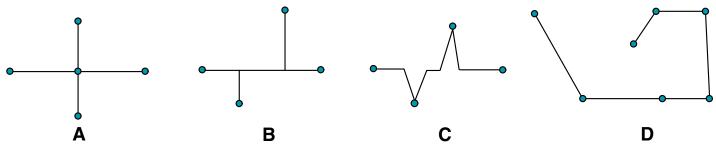
### **Connector Board Layout Best Practices**

Although not always necessary, the following connector layout precautions are best practices:

- The connector, termination resistor, and transceiver should be as close together as possible.
- Two wires from the same differential pair should be adjacent on the connector.
- A differential microstrip on the board reduces reflections if long traces are necessary.
- Use 47 nF decoupling capacitors as close as possible to transceiver  $V_{DD}$  pins, plus 10  $\mu$ F on  $V_{DD2}$ .
- Provide ground planes for both power supplies.

### **Network Topologies and Spurs**

Configurations C and D below are examples of ideal configurations where the nodes are in a continuous line, although not necessarily straight:



Configurations A and B have long spurs that can cause reflections. Short spurs from the bus to intermediate nodes are generally necessary, however. If so, stub lengths should be less than one-sixth the electrical signal length, which is defined as:

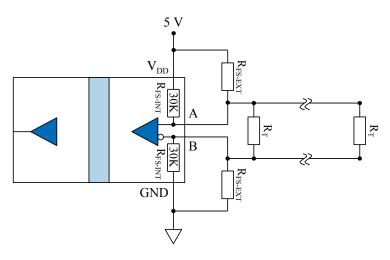
### Electrical Length = $t_r$ / (Propagation Delay)

For typical values of 10 nanoseconds rise time and 78% propagation velocity, we get an electrical signal length of 2.3 meters. Thus the maximum stub length is one-sixth of the electrical length, or 39 cm.

# **Biasing and Termination**

### **Inherent Fail-Safe Biasing**

"Fail-safe biasing" forces a logic high state on "R" in response to an open-circuit condition between the bus "A" and "B" lines, or when no drivers are active on the bus. IL3000-Series Isolated Transceivers include internal pull-up and pull-down resistors of approximately 30 k $\Omega$  in the receiver section ( $R_{FS-INT}$  in the figure at right). These internal resistors ensure fail-safe operation if there are no termination



resistors and up to four RS-485 worst-case Unit Loads of 12 k $\Omega$ .

### **Terminate Most Networks**

Below 1 Mbps or less than 1,000 feet (300 m), some networks can be unterminated, but reflections cause errors in faster or longer networks. Reflections are minimized by terminating both ends of the bus (but not every node). Two 120  $\Omega$  termination resistors are generally used to match a 60  $\Omega$  cable impedance.

### **External Fail-Safe Biasing Resistors**

With termination, the differential voltage across the conductor pair will be close to zero with no active drivers. In this case, the idle bus is indeterminate and susceptible to noise. External fail-safe biasing resistors ( $R_{FS-EXT}$ ) at one end of the bus ensure fail-safe operation with a terminated bus. Biasing should provide at least 200 mV across the conductor pair to meet the RS-485 input sensitivity specification.

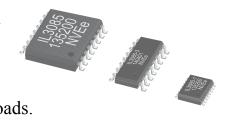
The more loads on the bus, the lower the required values of the biasing resistors. The evaluation board has a 120  $\Omega$  termination resistor and 560  $\Omega$  biasing resistors for fail-safe operation for up to four Unit Loads.

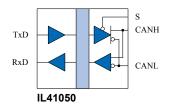
The following table shows other examples:

R <sub>FS-EXT</sub>	$R_T$	Loading	Nominal V <sub>A-B</sub> (inactive)
Internal Only	None	Four unit loads (12 k $\Omega$ ea.)	238 mV
Internal Only	120 Ω	Four unit loads (12 k $\Omega$ ea.)	5 mV
560 Ω	120 Ω	Four unit loads (12 k $\Omega$ ea.)	254 mV
510 Ω	120 Ω	32 unit loads (12 k $\Omega$ ea.)	247 mV

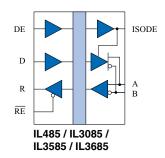
## **Isolated Network Transceivers**

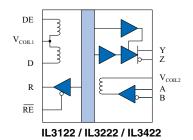
NVE offers a wide choice of isolated RS-422, RS-485, and CAN network transceivers. Models provide high speed, 15 kV ESD protection, handshake channels, and fractional loads.

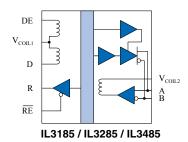


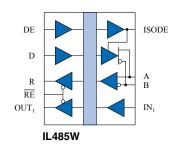


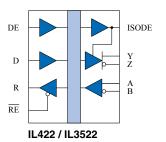
Versions are available in 0.15-inch and 0.3-inch SOIC packages, as well as ultraminiature QSOPs, making these the most compact solutions in the world while still meeting safety standard creepage and clearance requirements.











					<b>Bus ESD</b>		
Model	Bus	Inputs	Mbps	Nodes	(kV)	<b>Key Features</b>	Available Packages
IL41050	CAN	Digital	1	110	4	ISO 11898	0.15" SOIC16; 0.3" SOIC16; QSOP16
IL3122	RS-422	Passive	5	32	15	Low Cost	0.15" SOIC16; 0.3" SOIC16
IL3185	RS-485	Passive	5	32	15	Low Cost	0.15" SOIC16; 0.3" SOIC16
IL3222	RS-422	Passive	5	256	15	Fractional Load	0.15" SOIC16; 0.3" SOIC16
IL3285	RS-485	Passive	5	256	15	Fractional Load	0.15" SOIC16; 0.3" SOIC16
IL3422	RS-422	Passive	20	32	15	High Speed	0.15" SOIC16; 0.3" SOIC16
IL3485	RS-485	Passive	20	32	15	High Speed	0.15" SOIC16; 0.3" SOIC16
IL422	RS-422	Digital	25	32	15	Legacy Standard	0.3" SOIC16
IL485	RS-485	Digital	35	32	2	Legacy Standard	0.3" SOIC16
IL485W	RS-485	Digital	35	32	2	RS-485 + Handshake	0.3" SOIC16
IL3085	RS-485	Digital	4	32	15	Low Cost	0.15" SOIC16; 0.3" SOIC16; QSOP16
IL3522	RS-422	Digital	40	50	15	Very High Speed	0.3" SOIC16
IL3585	RS-485	Digital	40	50	15	Very High Speed	0.15" SOIC16; 0.3" SOIC16
IL3685	RS-485	Digital	40	50	15	PROFIBUS	0.15" SOIC16; 0.3" SOIC16; QSOP16



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Manual No.: ISB-CB-012

December 2016